EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

of the County of Milwaukee



2016

Annual Report

of the Pension Board

as of and for the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

CITIZEN MEMBERS Dr. Brian Daugherty, Chairman Patricia Van Kampen Linda Bedford Michael Harper Daniel Byrne

RETIREE MEMBER

David Zepecki

Director, Retirement Plan Services Marian Ninneman 901 North 9th Street, Room 210-C Milwaukee, Wisconsin 53233 Telephone: (414) 278-4207 ers@milwaukecountywi.gov

EMPLOYEE MEMBERS

Laurie Braun, Vice Chairman Norb Gedemer Vera Westphal Aimee Funck

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Employees' Retirement System of the County of Milwaukee

2016 Annual Report of the Pension Board

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EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (ERS)

Milwaukee County

Pension Board

Dr. Brian Daugherty Chairperson

Laurie Braun Vice Chairperson

Linda Bedford Aimee Eunck Norb Gedemer Michael Harper David Zepecki Patricia Van Kampen Vera Westphal Daniel Byrne

Marian Ninneman, Director Retirement Plan Services

ERS Members:

We are pleased to present the 2016 Annual Report of your Pension Board. The Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") experienced a positive investment return for the year of 6.9%. Net plan position held in trust for pension benefits decreased \$44,469 million. This decrease was mainly due to investment returns below requirement and an increase in pension benefit payments. Total net position at the end of the year was \$1.67 billion. The management discussion and analysis, the financial statements, and the footnotes provide detailed information regarding ERS performance. The description of ERS included in this report highlights major plan provisions. County Ordinances, labor agreements, Pension Board Rules, and Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements prevail over the contents of this report. If you have any questions, please call (414) 278-4207.

Members who retire or otherwise leave County service have several options available with respect to pension benefits. To make informed decisions before terminating employment, members should fully understand and carefully consider the various options available.

Members considering retirement within the next few years are reminded to watch for announcements from the County for retirement information programs. Please call the Retirement office at (414) 278-4207 for further information regarding these programs. If you would like to meet with a Retirement Specialist to discuss retirement, please schedule an appointment by calling (414) 278-4207.

Remember to keep your beneficiary designations current by informing the Retirement office of any changes. Retired members should notify the Retirement office in writing of any address changes to insure benefit payments and year-end Form 1099-R statements are properly mailed.

Respectfully,

The Pension Board



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of the Pension Board of the Employees' Retirement System of the County of Milwaukee Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statements of fiduciary net position of the Employees' Retirement System of the County of Milwaukee (the "Retirement System"), as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, the statements of changes in fiduciary net position for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Retirement System's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control over financial reporting relevant to the Retirement System's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Retirement System's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the fiduciary net position of the Retirement System as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the changes in fiduciary net position of the Retirement System for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Schedules of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Contributions, and Investment Returns, and the notes to the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Retirement System's basic financial statements. The Letter from the Pension Board, Ten-year Historical Trend and related information on pages 31 through 34 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Baker Tilly Virchaw Krause, UP

Milwaukee, Wisconsin July 27, 2017

Management's Discussion & Analysis (Unaudited) (In Thousands of Dollars)

Management is pleased to provide this overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Employees' Retirement System of the County of Milwaukee ("ERS", or the "Retirement System") for the year ended December 31, 2016. Readers are encouraged to consider the information presented in conjunction with the Financial Statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

- Fiduciary net position for ERS decreased (\$44,469) as of 12/31/16 vs. 12/31/15 following an decrease of (\$106,428) as of 12/31/15 vs. 12/31/14. Real Estate and Private Equity have experienced positive returns in 2016. Fixed Income, Domestic Equity, Long-Short, and International Equity experienced a negative return in 2015. For the year 2016, the pension fund experienced an overall positive return of 6.9%.
- The rate of return on total assets of the pension fund, net of fees, was 6.9%, 2.4%, and 5.5%, for the years ended December 31, 2016, 2015, and 2014, respectively.
- Receivables decreased by (\$284) as of 12/31/16 vs. 12/31/15 due primarily to a decrease in receivables from sales of
 investments. Receivables decreased by (\$24,172) as of 12/31/15 vs. 12/31/14 due primarily to the County of Milwaukee
 paying 2015 contributions in 2015 instead of 2016, as well as lower pending investment sales.
- Other assets decreased (\$5,462) as of 12/31/16 vs. 12/31/15 and decreased (\$11,963) as of 12/31/15 vs. 12/31/14 due largely to changes in securities lending collateral of (\$4,656) and (\$11,142), respectively.
- Liabilities decreased (\$3,430) from 2016 to 2015. This decrease was due to a slight decrease in securities lending—collateral. Liabilities decreased (\$10,605) from 2015 to 2014, due to an decrease in securities lending—collateral.
- ERS buys and sells financial futures contracts to improve the performance of the fund. ERS purchases contracts that approximate the amount of cash held by US equity managers and cash used to pay benefits and expenses.

ADDITIONS AND DEDUCTIONS TO FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

- Total additions increased \$85,248 in 2016 vs. 2015 and decreased (\$37,926) in 2015 vs. 2014. The 2016 increase is primarily the result of increases in investment income and decreases in investment expense, as well as an increase in contributions from the County of Milwaukee. The 2015 decrease was primarily the result of decreases in investment income, which was partially offset by an increase in contributions from the County of Milwaukee.
- Benefits payments increased \$23,652 in 2016 and increased \$11,248 in 2015. The increase in 2016 was due to an increase in monthly benefits of \$4,878, an increase of \$4,623 in Lump Sum payments, and \$14,151 in VCP Lump Sum payments. The increase in 2015 was due to an increase in lump sum payments of \$7,216 and an increase in monthly benefits of \$4,032.
- 2016 saw a 5.5% increase in retirements from 2015. 2015 saw a 10.4% increase in retirements from 2014. There were no significant changes to benefits in 2015 that would explain this increase.
- Pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 67, as of December 31, 2016, and December 31, 2015, the ERS funded ratio was 74.09% and 75.84% respectively. The funding ratio gives an indication of how well the liabilities of the pension plan are funded. The higher the funding ratio, the better the plan is funded. The ratio increases due to investment gains and pension contributions, and declines due to investment losses, increases in plan benefits, large pension payouts, and underpayment by the County of pension annual required contributions.

The Board of Trustees of ERS ("The Board") has the responsibility for the overall performance of the Retirement System. The Board's principal means to achieve this goal is by (a) determining an asset allocation policy which is expected to provide the long-term rate of return sufficient to fund benefits while minimizing the risk of loss through diversification, (b) selecting an appropriate number of investment managers to manage the assets within an asset class and monitoring the performance of such investment managers relative to specified benchmarks, and (c) implementing cost containment measures intended to reduce the investment fees and costs associated with investing the Retirement System's assets. The Board is the fiduciary of the Retirement System and is responsible for carrying out the investment functions solely in the interest of the members and benefit recipients.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Retirement System's financial statements. The financial section is comprised of four components: (1) financial statements, (2) notes to the financial statements, (3) required supplementary information, and (4) other supplementary schedules.

Financial Statements – There are two financial statements presented for the plan. The Statements of Fiduciary Net Position as of December 31, 2016 and 2015 indicates the fiduciary net position available to pay future benefits and gives a snapshot of the financial assets available for pension benefits at a particular point in time. The Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 provides a view of additions and deductions to the plan for the years presented.

Notes to financial statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

Required supplementary information – The required supplementary information consists of a Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of Employer Contributions, Schedule of Investment Returns, and related notes concerning the funding status of the plan. These schedules provide historical trend information, that contribute to understanding the changes in the funded status of the plan over time.

Management's Discussion & Analysis (Unaudited) (In Thousands of Dollars)

Other supplementary schedules – The additional schedules (Ten-Year Historical Trend Information, Fiduciary Net Position at Fair Value, Actual County and Participant Contributions, Active Membership Statistics, Retirements and Survivors Statistics) are presented for the purpose of additional analysis.

COMPARATIVE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS					
				2016 vs	. 2015
Retirement System's Fiduciary Net Position	12/31/2016	12/31/2015	12/31/2014	Difference	% Change
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$58,343	\$75,932	\$76,430	(\$17,589)	(23.2%)
Receivables	8,081	8,366	32,538	(285)	(3.4%)
Investments, at fair value	1,610,342	1,634,905	1,715,304	(24,563)	(1.5%)
Other assets	36,739	42,201	54,164	(5,462)	(12.9%)
Total Assets	1,713,505	1,761,404	1,878,436	(47,899)	(2.7%)
Liabilities					
Security lending obligations	34,203	38,859	50,000	(4,656)	(12.0%)
Other liabilities	7,619	6,393	5 <i>,</i> 856	1,226	19.2%
Total Liabilities	41,822	45,252	55,856	(3,430)	(7.6%)
Net position restricted for pensions	\$1,671,683	\$1,716,152	\$1,822,580	(\$44,469)	(2.6%)
				2016 vs	2015
Retirement System's Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	12/31/2016	12/31/2015	12/31/2014	Difference	% Change
Additions	12,01,2010	12/01/2010	12/01/2014	Difference	<u>// chunge</u>
Employer contributions	\$50,625	\$39,081	\$19,005	\$11,545	29.5%
Member contributions	12,144	9,325	10,052	2,819	30.2%
Investment income	110,336	39,451	96,726	70,885	179.7%
Total Additions	173,105	87,857	125,783	85,249	97.0%
Deductions	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·		<u> </u>	
Benefit payments	(211,164)	(187,512)	(176,264)	(\$23,652)	(12.6%)
Administrative expenses	(4,912)	(5,465)	(5,067)	552	10.1%
Withdrawals	(1,498)	(1,308)	(1,102)	(190)	(14.5%)
Total Deductions	(217,574)	(194,285)	(182,433)	(23,290)	(12.0%)
Net increase (decrease) in net position	(44,469)	(106,428)	(56,650)	61,959	58.2%
Net position restricted for pensions:					
Beginning of year	1,716,152	1,822,580	1,879,230	(106,428)	(5.8%)
End of year	\$1,671,683	\$1,716,152	\$1,822,580	(\$44,469)	(2.6%)

Requests for financial information:

The financial report is designed to provide the Board, our membership, taxpayers, investment managers, and creditors with a general overview of ERS' finances and to demonstrate ERS' accountability for the funds under its stewardship. Please address any questions about this report or requests for additional financial information to:

Milwaukee County ERS 901 N. 9th Street Room 210C Milwaukee, WI 53233

Email: ers@milwaukeecountywi.gov

EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE COUNTY OF MILWAUKEE STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

AS OF:

ASSETS	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
ASSE 15		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ 58,342,501	\$ 75,932,273
RECEIVABLES		
Due from sale of investments	628,945	5,205,067
Accrued interest and dividends	1,413,835	1,681,293
County of Milwaukee	4,414,873	-
Plan Members	940,083	675,808
Miscellaneous receivables	 684,021	803,928
TOTAL RECEIVABLES	 8,081,757	 8,366,096
INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE		
Domestic common and preferred stocks	485,244,749	578,057,529
Futures	(171,817)	158,689
Long/Short hedge funds	148,310,784	177,426,363
Fixed income	267,441,880	291,782,236
International common and preferred stocks	266,029,194	146,364,857
Real estate and REIT's	171,919,953	198,099,895
Infrastructure	149,511,052	151,437,209
Private equity	 122,055,655	 91,577,424
TOTAL INVESTMENTS	 1,610,341,450	 1,634,904,202
OTHER ASSETS		
Software development costs, net (See Note 2)	2,535,808	3,342,468
Securities lending - collateral (See Note 6)	 34,203,175	38,858,835
TOTAL OTHER ASSETS	 36,738,983	42,201,303
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,713,504,691	\$ 1,761,403,874
LIABILITIES		
Securities lending - collateral (See Note 6)	34,203,175	38,858,835
Miscellaneous payables	4,708,963	3,835,490
Payable for securities purchased	1,472,683	1,265,582
Payable to OBRA retirement plan	 1,437,539	1,292,204
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 41,822,360	45,252,111
LET DOGITION DESTRICTER		
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS	\$ 1,671,682,331	\$ 1,716,151,763

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE COUNTY OF MILWAUKEE STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED:

	Dece	<u>mber 31, 2016</u>	Dec	ember 31, 2015
ADDITIONS:				
CONTRIBUTIONS	¢	50 (25 (72	¢	20,000,502
County of Milwaukee	\$	50,625,672	\$	39,080,593
Plan participants		12,143,510		9,324,866
TOTAL CONTRIBUTIONS		62,769,182		48,405,459
INVESTMENT INCOME				
Net appreciation in fair value		88,313,917		13,024,958
Interest and dividends		11,755,419		15,170,444
Securities lending income		269,690		118,464
Other income		12,725,409		14,626,993
TOTAL INVESTMENT INCOME		113,064,435		42,940,859
Less: Securities lending rebates and fees, net		(147,027)		(50,029)
Less: Investment expense		(2,581,408)		(3,439,534)
Net investment income		110,336,000		39,451,296
TOTAL ADDITIONS		173,105,182		87,856,755
DEDUCTIONS:				
Benefits paid to retirees & beneficiaries		(211,163,822)		(187,512,204)
Administrative expenses		(4,912,501)		(5,465,123)
Withdrawal of membership accounts		(1,498,291)		(1,307,360)
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		(217,574,614)		(194,284,687)
NET DECREASE IN NET POSITION		(44,469,432)		(106,427,932)
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSIONS				
Beginning of year		1,716,151,763		1,822,579,695
End of year	\$	1,671,682,331	\$	1,716,151,763

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

Employees' Retirement System of the County of Milwaukee Notes to the Financial Statements For the Years Ended December 31, 2016 and 2015

(1) Description of Retirement System -

The following brief description of the provisions of the Employees' Retirement System of the County of Milwaukee ("ERS" or the "Retirement System") is provided for financial statement purposes only. Members should refer to Section 201.24 of the General Ordinances of Milwaukee County and their respective bargaining agreements for more complete information.

The Retirement System is a single-employer defined benefit plan that was created to encourage qualified personnel to enter and remain in the service of the County of Milwaukee (the "County") by providing for a system of retirement, disability and death benefits to or on behalf of its employees. Under Chapter 201 of the Laws of Wisconsin for 1937, the County was mandated to create the Retirement System as a separate legal entity. The County did so by passing Section 201.24 of the General Ordinances of Milwaukee County. The authority to manage and control the Retirement System is vested in the Pension Board of ERS (the "Board"). The Board consists of a maximum of ten members – three members appointed by the County Executive (subject to confirmation by the County Board of Supervisors), three employee members elected by active employee members, two members appointed by the County Board chairperson, one employee member appointed by the Milwaukee Deputy Sheriffs' Association, and one retiree member elected by retirees.

The Board created two (2) committees to assist in the administration of the Board's duties. The Investment Committee reviews the investment portfolio on a periodic basis, endorses strategies, and submits investment recommendations to the full Board. The Audit Committee reviews legal issues, Ordinance adherence, and submits recommendations to the full Board regarding the annual audit and the Annual Report of the Pension Board. The Pension Board, with the assistance of its actuarial professionals, determines and recommends how much the County should contribute to ERS based on what the Pension Board believes is necessary to properly fund the current and future payment of benefits. The Pension Board oversees the tax qualification of ERS and oversees the administration of ERS in accordance with adopted County Ordinances (the "Ordinances"), any amendments to the Ordinances, and ERS Rules. The Pension Board oversees the benefit payment process from ERS to determine whether these payments are made in accordance with the Ordinances and ERS Rules.

Pension Plan membership, which is open to new members, consisted of the following:

	As of December 31		
Members	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	
Inactive plan members currently receiving benefits	7,991	7,979	
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	1,387	1,370	
Current employees	3,619	3,680	
Total participants	12,997	13,029	

Membership data above is as of January 1, 2016, the date of the actuary report used to determine the total pension liability for each year, and reasonably approximates membership data through December 31, 2016.

Contributions –

The Retirement System had been substantially noncontributory. However, starting in 2011, certain members began making mandatory contributions. Most full-time, regularly-appointed employees were required to make contributions starting in 2012. The employee contributions varied from 6.5% of compensation to 7.4% for 2016, and 5.0% of compensation to 5.3% for 2015. In 2017, the employee contribution percentages will range from 6.5% to 8.1% of compensation. These percentages may change from year to year based on an analysis performed by the Retirement System's actuary.

Employees who terminate County employment and are not eligible for an immediate pension payment may request a refund of all accumulated contributions made, with simple interest at 5% per annum. Effective December 19, 2013, employees, who terminate employment with the County, must request a refund of accumulated contributions within one hundred eighty (180) days of terminating County employment. Prior to December 19, 2013, terminated employees had sixty (60) days to request a refund of their contributions. The Retirement System will send an employee who terminates a written notice of the refund option. Any employee receiving this refund will forfeit his or her service credit and will no longer be a member of ERS.

Contributions due from the County to the Retirement System consist of actuarially determined amounts sufficient to fund the annual service cost and interest on and amortization of the net pension liability less the expected contributions from the participants. In 2012, the County of Milwaukee started receiving contributions from the State of Wisconsin for members who were transferred from Milwaukee County to the State of Wisconsin for future service. As a result of the agreement between the State and the County, non-vested members of the Retirement System were able to continue to accrue pension benefits with ERS, while they were employed with the State. Once the member is vested, they are transferred to the state retirement plan. The state employees were required to contribute 6.5% of their wages to ERS in 2016 and 5.1% of their wages to ERS in 2015, and the state contributed the same percentages to the County for 2016 and 2015.

The County makes contributions to the Retirement System based upon Actuarially Determined Contributions and legal requirements, at the discretion of the County Board. Data used in the determination of the contribution is based upon the prior fiscal year's demographics. The actual contribution made to the pension plan is set during the County's budget process and may differ from the Actuarially Determined Contribution as a result of changes in plan provisions implemented subsequent to establishment of the Actuarially Determined Contribution and budgetary restraints. During the year, the Retirement System accrues those contributions that the County has included in its current year's budget. The County contribution for 2016 and 2015, respectively.

The Actuarially Determined Contribution is calculated by the Retirement System's actuary, hired by the Pension Board, using census data, following plan guidelines, and compared to current net assets. The objective is to calculate a contribution that allows the Retirement System to fulfill its obligations to its members.

Benefits -

The normal retirement benefit is a monthly pension for the life of the member beginning at normal retirement age. The pension amount is determined by the following formula:

Multiplier x Creditable Service x Final Average Salary

For most members, the normal retirement age is either 60 or 64 depending on ERS enrollment date and collective bargaining agreement. A few labor agreements also require a minimum of 5 years creditable service in addition to the age requirement. For deputy sheriff members, the normal retirement age is 57 or age 55 with 15 years of creditable service. Depending on enrollment date and collective bargaining agreement, some active members are eligible to retire when their age added to their years of creditable service equals 75 (the "Rule of 75"). The multiplier is determined by Ordinance, collective bargaining agreements, and ERS enrollment date. At this time, the multiplier percentage can be 1.5%, 1.6%, 2% or 2.5%. A member's three or five consecutive years of highest earnings are used to calculate their final average salary as defined by the Ordinance and labor agreements. Annually after retirement, the monthly benefit is increased by 2% of the benefit paid for the first full month of retirement, subject to IRS limits. By Ordinance, the maximum benefit (excluding post-retirement increases) payable to a member cannot exceed the sum of 80% of the member's final average monthly salary.

For some members, depending on enrollment date and collective bargaining agreement, the member may elect to receive a backdrop benefit. This benefit permits an employee to receive a lump-sum payment plus a monthly pension benefit upon retirement. The lump-sum payment is the total of the monthly pension amounts, adjusted for post retirement increases that a member would be entitled to from a prior date ("backdrop date") to the date that the member terminates employment plus compounded interest. The backdrop date must be at least one calendar year prior to the termination date and the member must have been eligible to retire as of that date. The member will be entitled to a post retirement increase based on the backdrop date once the member terminates employment.

In 2012, the County Board passed an ordinance limiting the amount of backdrop benefit for most eligible employees who choose a backdrop date after April 1, 2013. If the member chooses a backdrop date after April 1, 2013, then the monthly backdrop benefit is calculated using the member's final average salary, service credit, and applicable multipliers as of April 1, 2013. This plan change does not apply to Elected Officials, Skilled Trades, Machinists, Federated Nurses, and Firefighters.

A member who meets the requirements for an accidental disability retirement benefit is entitled to an amount computed in the same manner as a normal pension but not less than 60% of the member's final average salary for accidental disability (75% for a represented deputy sheriff). The ordinary disability pension will not be less than 25% of the member's final average salary. A total of 15 years of creditable service is required to apply for ordinary disability.

Most members are immediately vested upon attaining age 60 or 64. A vested member is eligible for a deferred pension beginning as of the member's normal retirement date.

A member who is 55 years of age and has 15 years of credited service may elect to receive early reduced retirement benefits. The member would be entitled to a benefit equal to the normal retirement benefit with a lifetime reduction of 5% for each year prior to the normal retirement date.

Upon the death of a member (generally after 1 year of service and depending on collective bargaining agreements), a spouse with a dependent child as defined by Ordinance will receive 40% of the deceased member's salary, reduced by Social Security benefits payable to the spouse. An additional 10% of salary, reduced by Social Security benefits, is paid for each dependent child. Generally, the total benefit, including Social Security benefits, cannot exceed 90% of the prior salary level of the member. At age 60, the spouse will receive 50% of the normal retirement benefit based on the member's projected service to age 60. If there is no spouse or child, the death benefit payable to a designated beneficiary is equal to 50% of the deceased member's final average salary, but not to exceed \$2,000.

A member who becomes eligible for normal retirement, but continues to work may elect a Protective Survivorship Option ("PSO") designating a person to receive a pension (100% option) in the event of their death while in active service. Previously there had been a 50% option for PSOs; however, on December 17, 2015 the County Board of Supervisors amended Ordinance section 201.24(7.1) and removed that option. The PSO election must be filed in writing on an approved form. In the absence of an election, a surviving spouse will be paid a 100% survivorship pension.

Currently, members may choose among several benefit payment options when retiring. The available pension options

are:

-Maximum Option

Benefit payable for the member's lifetime and ceases upon member's death.

-25% Joint & Survivor

This option is an actuarially reduced pension benefit that is payable over the life of the member. Upon the member's death, 25% of the pension benefit is payable over the life of a named beneficiary, if living;

-50% Joint & Survivor

This option is an actuarially reduced pension benefit that is payable over the life of the member. Upon the member's death, 50% of the pension benefit is payable over the life of a named beneficiary, if living;

-<u>75% Joint & Survivor</u>

This option is an actuarially reduced pension benefit that is payable over the life of the member. Upon the member's death, 75% of the pension benefit is payable over the life of a named beneficiary, if living;

-100% Joint & Survivor

This option is an actuarially reduced pension benefit that is payable over the life of the member. Upon the member's death, 100% of the pension benefit is payable over the life of a named beneficiary, if living;

-10 Year Certain and Life

This option is an actuarially reduced pension benefit payable over the member's life but is guaranteed for a period of 10 years. In the event the member should die within 10 years after the retirement date, the benefit continues to the named beneficiary for the balance of the 10 years.

Benefits of \$211.2 million and \$187.5 million were paid in 2016 and 2015, respectively, including periodic pension payments of \$186.8 million and \$167.7 million, respectively, and backdrop lump sum pension payments of \$24.4 million and \$19.8 million in 2016 and 2015, respectively.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting –

The accompanying financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed and expenses are recorded when the corresponding liabilities are incurred. Benefits payments to members are recognized in the period in which the payment was due to the member.

Reporting Entity -

As defined by accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"), the financial reporting entity consists of a primary government, as well as its component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. Based upon required criteria, the Retirement System has no component units and is not a component unit of any other government. These basic financial statements cover all of the defined benefits and operations administered by the Board for the ERS and the OBRA 1990 Retirement System of the County of Milwaukee.

Contributions –

The Retirement System records employee contributions as earned. Contributions earned but not yet received from the County are reflected as contributions receivable.

Investments -

Investments, primarily stocks, bonds, certain government loans and mortgage-backed certificates, are stated at quoted fair value. Temporary cash investments are valued at cost, which approximates fair value. Investments in venture capital partnerships, real estate, long/short hedge and infrastructure are valued at estimated fair value, as provided by the Retirement System's investment managers. Investment transactions are recorded on the trade date. Dividends and interest are recorded as earned. Realized gains and losses are computed based on the average cost method. Unrealized gains and losses in the fair value of investments held during the period.

Investment securities, in general, are exposed to various risks, such as interest, credit, and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect amounts reported in the Statements of Fiduciary Net Position.

A summary of cash and investments at cost is as follows:

	<u>As of December 31,</u>					
		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		
Fixed income	\$	255,365,152	\$	274,055,616		
Domestic common and preferred stocks		363,650,268		484,163,339		
International common and preferred stocks		255,951,570		137,307,675		
Long/Short hedge funds		124,368,363		149,382,663		
Infrastructure		124,447,956		127,978,997		
Real estate and REIT's		119,591,302		132,788,941		
Private equity		114,136,781		88,515,515		
Cash & cash equivalents		55,393,514		72,788,470		
Total investments at cost	\$	1,412,904,906	\$	1,466,981,217		

Valuation of International Securities -

Securities and other assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollar amounts on the date of valuation. Purchases and sales of securities and income items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollar amounts on the respective dates of such transactions.

Software Development Costs -

Capitalized software development costs represent direct costs related to the development and implementation of software programs utilized in the Retirement System. The amounts are being amortized over ten years using the straight-line method. Amortization expense is included in Administrative Expenses in the accompanying Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

	As of December 31,					
	(in thousands of dollars)					
	<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>			
Software development costs						
Beginning balance	\$	8,473	\$	8,470		
Acquisitions		17		3		
Ending Balance	\$	8,490	\$	8,473		
Accumulated amortization						
Beginning balance	\$	5,131	\$	4,306		
Amortization expense		823		825		
Ending Balance	\$	5,954	\$	5,131		
Software development costs, net	\$	2,536	\$	3,342		

Expenses -

Administrative expenses incurred by the County related to the Retirement System are payable by the Retirement System to the County. Such expenses totaled \$1,554,742 and \$1,204,225 in 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Rate of Return -

For the year ended December 31, 2016, and December 31, 2015, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 6.9 percent and 2.2 percent, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Use of Estimates -

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Contingencies –

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") pronouncements are met. Claims and judgments are recorded as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred.

New Accounting Standards -

In February 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 72— *Fair Value Measure and Application*. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. It defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This Standard was implemented January 1, 2016.

Statement No. 79, *Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants.* This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. Specifically, it establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. This Statement establishes additional note disclosure requirements for qualifying external investment pools that measure all of their investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes and for governments that participate in those pools. This Standard was implemented January 1, 2016.

Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues (an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73).* The objective of this Standard is to improve consistency in the application of pension accounting and financial reporting requirements. The requirements of this Statement will improve financial reporting by enhancing consistency in the application of financial reporting requirements to certain pension issues. When it becomes effective, application of this standard may restate a portion of these financial statements.

3) Fair Value Measurements

The GASB Board issued Statement 72 to update the existing standards on fair value (primarily Statement 31). A review of existing standards by the Board, found opportunities to improve the measurement of resources available to governments, and to increase comparability and accountability. Statement 72 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2015.

Three input categories are used to assist in the process:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities, most reliable.
- Level 2: Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in
 - markets that are not active, or other than quoted prices that are observable.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs, least reliable.

U.S. treasury securities, equity securities, real estate investment trusts, and exchange traded funds classified as Level 1 are valued using active market pricing. These investments trade in robust markets where buyers and sellers can transact quickly and easily, making these investments highly liquid in nature. Additionally, futures contracts are considered in Level 1 valuations. These are defined as future contracts traded on an organized exchange based on an agreement to buy or sell at a fixed price on a future date.

Debt and debt derivative securities classified in Level 2 (including corporate securities, asset backed securities, foreign securities, SWAPS, etc.) are valued using either a bid evaluation or a matrix pricing technique. Bid evaluations may include market quotations, yields, maturities, call features and ratings. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Index linked debt securities are valued by multiplying the external market price feed by the applicable day's index ratio. Level 2 debt securities also have nonproprietary information from multiple independent sources that are readily available to market participants who are known to be actively involved in the market.

U.S. equity, international equity and equity derivative securities classified in Level 2 are securities whose values are derived daily from associated traded securities. They include pooled investments that give access to diversified portfolios of equity securities whose performance is tracked as a change in the total market cap of the associated fund. These investments can be purchased and sold daily based on the funds closing net asset value.

The system assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability. When inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation.

Valuation techniques should be applied consistently, though a change might be appropriate in certain circumstances. There were no changes to the methodologies during the years ended December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

- Real estate investments consist of three core open-end real estate funds and two value-added open-end real estate funds that primarily invest in U.S. commercial real estate. The fair values of these investments have been determined using the NAV per share of the System's ownership interest in partners' capital. These investments are eligible for redemption on a quarterly basis with notice periods ranging from 45 90 days.
- Short Hedge fund investments consist of two open-end global long/short equity hedge fund of funds portfolios that primarily invests both long and short in publicly traded global equities. The fair values of these investments have been determined using the NAV per share of the investments. These investments are eligible for redemption on a quarterly basis with a notice period of 45 days.
- *Private equity fund investments* consist of four private equity fund of funds investing primarily in leveraged buyout funds, venture capital funds, special situation funds and secondary funds. The fair values of these investments have been determined using the NAV per share of the investments. These investments are not eligible for redemption.
- Infrastructure investments consist of two core open-end infrastructure funds that primarily invest in global infrastructure assets. The fair values of these investments have been determined using the NAV per share of the investments. These investments are eligible for redemption on a quarterly basis with a notice period of 90 days.

Fair Value Disclosure Requirements

		Fair Value Measurements Using:							
	12/31/2016	Identical Assets		Significant Other Observable inputs (Level 2)		tive Markets for Other Observable dentical Assets inputs		Unc	gnificant observable inputs Level 3)
Investments by fair value level:									
Equity Securities									
- Common Stocks	\$ 389,406,903	\$	337,369,807	\$	52,037,096	\$	-		
- Domestic Stock Funds	95,837,846		-		95,837,846		-		
- International Stock Funds	 266,029,194		-		266,029,194		-		
TOTAL EQUITY SECURITIES	 751,273,943		337,369,807		413,904,136		-		
Fixed Income Securities									
- Corporate Bonds	166,819,788		-		166,819,788		-		
- Corporate Bond Funds	 100,622,092		-		100,622,092		-		
TOTAL FIXED INCOME SECURITIES	 267,441,880		-		267,441,880		-		
<u>Futures</u>									
- Futures Contracts	 (171,817)		(171,817)		-		-		
TOTAL FUTURES	 (171,817)		(171,817)		-		-		
TOTAL INVESTMENTS BY FAIR VALUE LEVEL	\$ 1,018,544,006	\$	337,197,990	\$	681,346,016	\$	-		

Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV):

Alternative Investments	N	et Asset Value	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period
- Hedge Funds					
ABS INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT	\$	64,290,525	\$-	Quarterly	45 Days
PARAMETRIC DEF EQUITY FUND LLC		84,020,259	-	Monthly	5 Days
TOTAL ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENTS		148,310,784			
Private Equity					
- Venture Capital					
ADAMS STREET		67,083,177	44,338,655	Illiquid	
MESIROW FINANCIAL		11,251,540	18,750,000	Illiquid	
PROGRESSIVE INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT		25,924	-	Illiquid	
SIGULER GUFF		43,695,014	37,800,000	Illiquid	
- Infrastructure					
IFM INFRASTRUCTURE		74,644,141	-	Quarterly	90 Days
JP MORGAN INFRASTRUCTURE		74,866,911	-	Semi-Annually	90 Days
TOTAL PRIVATE EQUITY		271,566,707			
Real Estate					
- Real Estate					
AMERICAN REALTY ADVISORS		40,353,840	-	Quarterly	30 Days
MORGAN STANLEY PRIME PROPERTY FUND		90,337,497	-	Quarterly	90 Days
UBS TRUMBULL R/E		41,228,616	-	Quarterly	60 Days
TOTAL REAL ESTATE		171,919,953			
TOTAL INVESTMENTS MEASURED AT NAV		591,797,444			
TOTAL INVESTMENTS MEASURED					
AT FAIR VALUE	\$	1,610,341,450			

Fair Value Disclosure Requirements

		<u>Fair Valu</u>	ue Mo	easurements Usi	ng:	
12/31/2015	Activ	ve Markets for	Significant Other Observable inputs (Level 2)		Unobserv input	vable s
\$ 481,335,329	\$	306,847,888	\$	174,487,441	\$	-
96,722,200		-		96,722,200		-
 146,364,857		-		146,364,857		-
 724,422,386		306,847,888		417,574,498		
239,853,137		-		239,853,137		-
 51,929,099		_		51,929,099		-
 291,782,236		-		291,782,236		-
 158,689		158,689		-		
 158,689		158,689		_		-
\$ 1,016,363,311	\$	307,006,577	\$	709,356,734	\$	-
\$	\$ 481,335,329 96,722,200 146,364,857 724,422,386 239,853,137 51,929,099 291,782,236 158,689 158,689	Activ Ide 12/31/2015 \$ 481,335,329 96,722,200 146,364,857 724,422,386 239,853,137 51,929,099 291,782,236 158,689 158,689	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) \$ 481,335,329 96,722,200 146,364,857 724,422,386 \$ 306,847,888 96,722,200 - 146,364,857 - 239,853,137 51,929,099 - 291,782,236 239,853,137 51,929,099 291,782,236 - - - - - - - - 158,689 158,689 158,689 158,689	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets Oth Oth 12/31/2015 (Level 1) 0 \$ 481,335,329 \$ 306,847,888 \$ 96,722,200 \$ 146,364,857 - - 724,422,386 306,847,888 \$ 239,853,137 - - 51,929,099 - - 291,782,236 - - 158,689 158,689 -	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) Significant Other Observable inputs (Level 2) \$ 481,335,329 96,722,200 \$ 306,847,888 \$ 174,487,441 96,722,200 - 96,722,200 146,364,857 - 146,364,857 724,422,386 306,847,888 417,574,498 239,853,137 - 239,853,137 51,929,099 - 51,929,099 291,782,236 - 291,782,236 158,689 158,689 - 158,689 158,689 -	Active Markets for Identical Assets Other Observable inputs Unobserv input (Level 2) \$ 481,335,329 \$ 306,847,888 \$ 174,487,441 \$ 96,722,200 96,722,200 - 96,722,200 146,364,857 - 146,364,857 724,422,386 306,847,888 417,574,498 239,853,137 - 239,853,137 51,929,099 - 51,929,099 291,782,236 - 291,782,236 158,689 158,689 -

Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV):

Alternative Investments	Net Asset Value	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period
- Hedge Funds				
ABS INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT	\$ 92,146,13	- 1 \$	Quarterly	45 Days
PARAMETRIC DEF EQUITY FUND LLC	85,280,23		Monthly	, 5 Days
TOTAL ALTERNATIVE INVESTMENTS	177,426,36		/	/ -
Private Equity	,	_		
- Venture Capital				
ADAMS STREET	57,767,45	9 55,194,155	Illiquid	
MESIROW FINANCIAL	5,864,98	23,850,000	Illiquid	
PROGRESSIVE INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT	25,92	- 4	Illiquid	
SIGULER GUFF	27,919,06	12,400,000	Illiquid	
- Infrastructure				
IFM INFRASTRUCTURE	72,325,10	- 6	Quarterly	90 Days
JP MORGAN INFRASTRUCTURE	79,112,10	- 3	Semi-Annually	90 Days
TOTAL PRIVATE EQUITY	243,014,63	3		
Real Estate				
- Real Estate				
AMERICAN REALTY ADVISORS	39,985,83	- 0	Quarterly	30 Days
MORGAN STANLEY PRIME PROPERTY FUND	138,261,15	- 4	Quarterly	90 Days
UBS TRUMBULL R/E	19,852,91	<u> </u>	Quarterly	60 Days
TOTAL REAL ESTATE	198,099,89	<u>15</u>		
TOTAL INVESTMENTS MEASURED AT NAV	618,540,89	1		
TOTAL INVESTMENTS MEASURED				
AT FAIR VALUE	\$ 1,634,904,20	2		

(4) Income Taxes -

Management has submitted to the Internal Revenue Service, as part of a Voluntary Compliance Program, any compliance issues that have been discovered through a self-administered review where the provisions contained in the Internal Revenue Code, the County Pension Ordinances or Pension Rules differ from actual practice. Management has received a response from the Internal Revenue Service regarding what action will be required to bring the pension system into compliance in all of its practices in order to maintain its tax-qualified status, and completed the corrections required by December 31, 2016, at a cost of \$14,150,844. The majority of the cost resulted from a correction to the mortality tables used to calculate joint and survivor benefits for members who retired between 2001 and 2008. Management has submitted a supplemental report to the IRS in 2014 that details any new compliance issues, and is still in process.

(5) Contributions Required and Contributions Made -

The Retirement System's funding policy provides for periodic County contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are sufficient to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Payroll contribution rates are determined using the Aggregate Entry Age Normal method of funding. The Retirement System also uses the level percentage of payroll method to amortize the unfunded liability over a 30 year period. The significant actuarial assumptions used to compute the contribution requirements are the same as those used to compute the pension benefit obligation.

County contributions totaling \$50,625,672 and \$39,080,593 were recorded in 2016 and 2015, respectively. The 2016 and 2015 contributions were \$298,214 below and \$9,448,365 below the Funding Contribution Amount ("FCA"), respectively. The County contributions do not include contributions made by the members. Member contributions were \$12,143,510 for the year ended December 31, 2016 and \$9,324,866 for the year ended December 31, 2015. The increase was due to the increase in the employee contribution percentages from 6.5%-7.9% of pensionable compensation in 2016 from 5.0%-5.3% in 2015. See the Schedule of Contributions in the Required Supplementary Information.

The 2016 and 2015 contributions reflected in the accompanying statements were actuarially determined as of January 1, 2015 and 2014. These amounts were included in the County's 2016 and 2015 budgets. The Retirement System's financial statements as of December 31, 2016 reflects the unpaid portion of the 2016 contributions as a contribution receivable. The 2015 contributions were paid in 2015, thus a contribution receivable is not recorded.

(6) Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosure -

As provided by state legislative act and County Ordinance, the Board has exclusive control and management responsibility of the Retirement System's funds and full power to invest the funds. In exercising its fiduciary responsibility, the Board is governed by the "prudent person" rule in establishing investment policy. The "prudent person" rule, requires the exercise of that degree of judgment, skill and care under the circumstances then prevailing which persons of prudence, discretion and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not in regard to speculation, but in regard to permanent disposition of their funds, considering the probable income as well as the probable safety of the principal. The Board has adopted a Statement of Investment Policy to formally document investment objectives and responsibilities. This policy establishes guidelines for permissible investments of the Retirement System. The Retirement System's investments are subject to various risks. Among them are credit risk, concentration of credit risk, custodial credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk. Each of these risks is discussed in more detail below.

Concentration of Credit Risk –

Concentration of credit risk is a risk of loss that may be attributed to the magnitude of the Retirement System's investment in a single issuer, generally investments in any one issuer that represents five (5) percent or more of total investments. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this definition. The Retirement System has no investments in one issuer other than U.S. Government securities and mutual funds that exceed five (5) percent of the total investments.

Credit Risk -

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The credit risk of a debt instrument is measured by nationally recognized statistical rating agencies such as Moody's Investors Services ("Moody's"), Standard and Poor's ("S & P") and Fitch Ratings ("Fitch's"). With the exception of the Mellon Capital Management Aggregate Bond portfolio, bonds purchased and owned in each portfolio must have a minimum quality rating of "Baa3" (Moody's) or "BBB-"(S & P or Fitch's). The average quality of each portfolio must be "A" or better. The fixed income securities for the Mellon Capital Management Aggregate Bond portfolio should have a minimum quality rating of "A", with the exception of 15% of the portfolio which may have a minimum quality rating of "BBB". Moody's quality rating of "BAA3" or above is considered investment grade. Of the \$5.6 million not rated by Moody's as of December 31, 2016, \$4.8 million was rated by S & P as investment grade ("BBB-" or higher). As of December 31, 2016, \$0.7 million was not rated by S & P or Moody's. Of the \$7.2 million not rated by Moody's as of December 31, 2015, \$5.9 million is rated by S & P as investment grade ("BBB-" or higher). As of December 31, 2015, \$1.1 million was not rated by S & P or Moody's. The credit quality ratings of investments in fixed income securities by Moody's as of December 31, 2015, \$1.2 million as not rated by S & P or Moody's.

Marchile Overlite Detioner	12/31/2016	12/31/2015
Moody's Quality Ratings	Fair Value	Fair Value
AAA	\$67,627	\$108,043
AA1	716	1,265
AA2	2,263	3,592
AA3	2,542	2,429
A1	4,442	5,798
Α2	4,352	7,562
A3	7,134	9,535
BAA1	10,745	11,287
BAA2	6,884	7,994
BAA3	4,378	4,260
BA1	1,184	509
BA2	969	845
BA3	343	359
B1	1,158	786
B2	529	686
B3	111	170
CAA1	71	49
CAA2	122	150
CAA3	143	135
CA	239	322
NR	5,583	7,195
Total Credit Risk Fixed Income Securities	\$121,535	\$172,971
U.S. Government and Agencies	45,285	66,882
Units of Participation (Not Rated)	100,622	51,929
Total Investment in Fixed Income	\$267,442	\$291,782

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits and Investments –

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event a financial institution or counterparty fails, the Retirement System will not be able to recover the value of its deposits, investments or securities. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the Retirement System's name and are held by the counterparty.

No formal policy exists on custodial risk. However, substantially all assets of the Retirement System are held in its name. The Retirement System did not own any repurchase agreements as of December 31, 2016 or December 31, 2015.

As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, all deposits with banks are fully insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation or the State Deposit Guarantee Fund.

The following table presents the Retirement System's total cash, deposits and cash equivalents as of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015: (amounts are in thousands of dollars)

Schedule of Cash and Cash Equivalent Investments									
	<u>12/31/16</u> <u>12/31/15</u>								
	Carrying	Bank	Carrying	Bank					
	<u>Value</u>	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Balance</u>					
Cash held by various investment managers	\$54,822	\$54,822	\$72,934	\$72,934					
Deposits with banks	3,521	3,944	2,998	3,609					
Total Deposits	\$58,343	\$58,766	\$75,932	\$76,543					
Total Deposits	Ş58,343	Ş58,766	\$75,932	\$76,54					

The difference between the carrying value and bank balances are due to outstanding checks and deposits not yet processed by the bank.

Foreign Currency Risk -

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in currency exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit.

This footnote is a required disclosure when the Retirement System directly owns investments denominated in a foreign currency. As of December 31, 2016, and 2015, the Retirement System directly owned less than \$5,200 dollars and \$350 dollars in investments denominated in foreign currencies, respectively.

Interest Rate Risk -

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. Duration is a measure of an investment's sensitivity to changes in interest rates. The higher the duration, the greater the changes in fair value when interest rates change. The Option-Adjusted Duration for a security is the percentage price sensitivity to interest rates changes of 100 basis points (or 1.0%), as of December 31, 2016 and 2015. For example, an Option-Adjusted Duration of 5.20 means that the price of the security should fall approximately 5.20% for a 1.0% rise in the level of interest rates. Conversely, the price of a security should rise approximately 5.20% for a 1.0% fall in the level of interest rates. Interest rate changes will affect securities with negative durations in the opposite direction. The Option-Adjusted Duration method of measuring duration takes into effect the embedded options on cash flows.

The Retirement System does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing exposure to losses arising from increasing interest rates with the exception of the cash equivalent portfolio. The investment policy limits the duration of individual securities held in the cash equivalent portfolio to 2.5 years. In addition, the duration of the entire cash equivalent portfolio should be between 1 and 2 years.

As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, the Retirement System had the following Option-Adjusted Durations for the fixed income investments: (amounts are in thousands of dollars)

	12/31	/16	12/31/15		
		Option Adjusted	Option Adjust		
Fixed Income Sector	Fair Value*	Duration	Fair Value*	Duration	
ABS-Car Loan	\$ 2,933	1.29	\$ 1,611	0.90	
ABS-Credit Cards	1,025	1.93	1,535	2.23	
ABS-Home Equity	144	0.00	235	0.02	
Aerospace & Defense	284	5.82	59	9.66	
Agency for Int'l. Devel. Backed Debt	351	7.90	339	8.90	
Automobiles & Components	576	10.11	356	6.96	
Banking & Finance	9,398	5.13	14,211	4.34	
Canadian Government Bonds	340	3.18	630	4.00	
Capital Goods	738	9.88	892	8.22	
Chemicals	660	9.06	1,156	7.46	
CMBS - Conduit	1,010	0.05	4,061	0.89	
Commercial Services & Supp.	202	13.03	121	5.66	
Communications	1,917	7.88	2,497	7.31	
FHLMC Multiclass	10,382	3.05	17,501	2.28	
FHLMC Pools	5,408	2.09	7,424	2.22	
FNMA Pools	15,750	2.53	38,941	3.64	
FNMA REMIC	19,461	1.91	25,181	1.31	
Food Beverage & Tobacco	683	5.67	418	4.63	
Food Products	772	6.96	633	7.18	
GNMA Multi Family Pools	504	2.86	756	2.39	
GNMA REMIC	5,907	2.42	7,529	2.07	
GNMA Single Family Pools	1,304	3.10	1,642	3.07	
Health Care	1,796	7.87	1,683	9.11	
Household Products	118	3.28	76	2.46	
Industrial	289	4.36	454	3.47	
Insurance	1,035	7.53	1,069	7.28	
Interest Only US Agencies	223	11.37		-	
Materials	12	7.50	-	-	
Mining	233	3.39	511	4.41	
Non-US Corporate Bonds	464	8.79	799	7.59	
Oil & Gas	5,241	6.95	5,241	6.22	
Principal Only US Agencies	5,379	5.51	5,283	5.00	
Private Placements - ABS	1,056	0.38		-	
Private Placements - MBS	1,172	2.46	1,454	3.25	
Pvt Placements-More than 1 yr	4,263	5.49	5,466	5.82	
PVT Placements-Interest Only	,	1.67	386	2.35	
REITS	1,523	5.88	1,023	4.72	
Retail	1,400	9.81	901	9.33	
Supranational Issues	-	-	186	0.04	
Taxable Municipals	895	15.36	881	15.31	
Technology	1,669	6.56	1,483	4.94	
Transportation	1,568	7.14	1,697	7.46	
U.S. Agencies	944	14.03	917	14.00	
U.S. Governments Interest Only	14,395	10.48	32,737	5.83	
U.S. Governments	29,655	6.01	32,877	6.56	
Utility-Electric	3,850	6.08	4,660	6.23	
Utility-Gas	358	4.82	633	3.80	
Utility-Other	147	8.62	-	-	
Utility-Telephone	2,383	9.70	3,241	9.81	
Whole Loan - CMO	5,105	1.20	6,850	2.70	
Whole Loan - Re-securitization	304	0.02	359	0.01	
Yankee Bonds	1,291	7.84	1,258	7.81	
Other*	100,622	7.04	51,929	7.01	

* For 2016, this represents \$50,198 in units of participation, \$246 in FNMA REMIC, \$1,058 in Utilities, \$875 in Whole Loans, and \$48,245 in Cash transfer to be invested. For 2015, this represents \$50,340 units of participation, \$207 in FHLMC Multiclass, \$289 in Private Placements, \$258 in Transportation, and \$835 in Utility - Electric.

Securities Lending -

Section 201.24 (9.1) of the General Ordinances of Milwaukee County and Board policies permit ERS to lend its securities to broker-dealers and other entities with a simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future. ERS participates in such a securities lending program through its custodian, the Bank of New York Mellon, acting as ERS's securities lending agent. ERS requires collateral from the borrower in the form of cash or securities. Collateral for domestic issues is set at 102% of the fair value of the securities loaned at the time of the initial transaction. If the value falls to 100% of the fair value of the securities loaned, additional collateral is obtained to reestablish collateral at 102% of the fair value of securities is maintained at a level of 105% of the fair value of securities loaned at all times. The securities lending program guidelines attempt to preserve capital while earning a moderate rate of return. Earnings from securities lending, after all fees are paid, are split on a percentage basis with the custodian. For 2016 and 2015, the net investment income realized from security lending was \$122,663 and \$68,435 respectively.

ERS also invested in several commingled funds managed by Mellon Capital Management that participated in securities lending programs. The earnings and losses attributable to the commingled funds' securities lending programs are combined with the commingled funds' performance and are not reported separately in ERS's financial statements.

	As of December 31							
		20	016			20)15	
	S	ecurities			S	ecurities		
Securities Lent for Cash Collateral		Lent	C	ollateral		Lent	C	ollateral
Fixed income	\$	18,827	\$	19,243	\$	12,556	\$	12,833
Domestic stocks		14,642		14,960		25,441		26,026
Subtotal		33,469		34,203		37,997		38,859
Securities Lent for Securities Collateral								
Fixed income		3,084		3,149		5,965		6,091
Domestic stocks		829		846		828		845
Subtotal		3,913		3,995		6,793		6,936
Grand Total	\$	37,382	\$	38,198	\$	44,790	\$	45,795
Percent Collateral to Securities Loaned				102.18%			_	102.24%

Securities loaned and the collateral held were as follows: (amounts are in thousands of dollars)

The collateral received from securities lending transactions are recorded as assets at quoted fair value as of the financial statement date. The Retirement System records an identical amount as a liability, representing the obligation of the Retirement System to return the collateral at the time the borrower of the Retirement System's securities return those securities.

The collateral received from securities lending transactions includes cash (in thousands) of approximately \$34,203 and \$38,859 and U.S. Treasury securities, Domestic stocks, and REIT's of approximately \$3,995 and \$6,936 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. Under the terms of the securities lending agreement, the Retirement System has the right to sell or pledge the cash collateral. The non-cash collateral in the amounts of approximately \$3,995 and \$6,936 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively, is controlled by the custodian and, correspondingly, not reflected in the Statements of Fiduciary Net Position.

At year-end, the Retirement System has no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts the Retirement System owes the borrowers exceed the amounts the borrowers owe the Retirement System. The contract with the Retirement System's custodian requires it to indemnify the Retirement System if a borrower fails to return the securities (and if the collateral is inadequate to replace the securities lent) or fails to pay the Retirement System for income distributions by the securities' issuers while the securities are on loan.

(7) Financial Instruments with Off-Balance Sheet Risks -

A currency forward is a contractual agreement between two parties to pay or receive amounts of foreign currency at a future date in exchange for another currency at an agreed-upon exchange rate. Forward commitments are entered into with the foreign exchange department of a bank located in a major money market. These transactions are entered into in order to hedge risks from exposure to foreign currency rate fluctuations. Recognition of realized gain or loss depends on whether the currency exchange rate has moved favorably or unfavorably to the contract holder upon termination of the contract. Prior to termination of the contract, the Retirement System records the amount receivable or payable at fair value, with the unrealized gain or loss reported as a component of net appreciation in fair value. All contracts are short-term in duration and mature within 90 days.

The Retirement System did not hold any financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk as of December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015.

ERS invests in financial futures contracts in order to improve the performance of the fund. The Retirement System purchases contracts that approximate the amount of cash held by US equity investment managers and cash used to pay benefits and expenses. Financial futures contracts are agreements to buy or sell a specified amount at a specified delivery or maturity date for an agreed upon price.

The market values of the futures contracts vary from the original contract price. A gain or loss is recognized and paid to or received from the clearinghouse. Financial futures represent an off balance sheet obligation, as there are no balance sheet assets or liabilities associated with those contracts. The cash or securities to meet these obligations are held in the investment portfolio. All contracts are short-term in duration and mature within 90 days.

ERS is subject to credit risk in the event of non-performance by counter parties to financial futures and forward contracts. ERS generally only enters into transactions with credit-worthy institutions. The Retirement System is exposed to market risk, the risk that future changes in market conditions may make an instrument less valuable. Exposure to market risk is managed in accordance with risk limits set by ERS management and by buying or selling futures or forward contracts. The cash or securities to meet these obligations are held in the investment portfolio.

	As of Dec	ember 31		As of De	cember 31
	2016	2015		2016	2015
			Cash Used to Pay Benefits		
US Equity Managers			and Expenses		
Cash Held			<u>Cash Held</u>	\$ 28,225	\$ 52,419
US Equity Investment Managers	\$ 17,298	\$ 19,797			
			Futures Purchased		
			Barclays AGG (Fixed Income)	4,562	20,309
Futures Purchased			S&P 500 (US Equity)	16,101	12,619
S&P 500 (US Equity)	5,031	21,168	MSCI EAFE (International Equity)	2,513	10,274
Futures Above\(Below) Cash	(12,267)	1,371	Total Futures Purchased	23,176	43,202
			Futures Above\(Below) Cash	(5,049)	(9,217)
Market Value	\$ (172)	\$ 159	Market Value		
			Total Market Value	\$ (172)	\$ 159

The futures contracts held by the Retirement System are as follows: (amounts are in thousands of dollars)

(8) Commitments and Contingencies -

The Retirement System is involved in litigation and certain other disputes arising during the normal course of operations. Management does not believe the settlement of such matters will have a material impact on the Retirement System's financial statements.

(9) OBRA 1990 Retirement System of the County of Milwaukee -

The County established the OBRA 1990 Retirement System of the County of Milwaukee ("OBRA") to cover seasonal and certain temporary employees who are not enrolled in the Retirement System. Assets of the OBRA system are commingled for investment purposes with the assets of the Retirement System. The assets of the Retirement System are legally available to pay benefits of either the ERS or OBRA and all assets have been commingled. The Retirement System and OBRA are considered a single plan for financial reporting purposes.

Net assets identified for OBRA benefits as of December 31, 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position						
	(Unaudited)					
Assets	<u>2016</u> <u>2015</u>					
Cash	\$	77,617	\$	15,072		
Assets held by Retirement System		1,437,539		1,292,204		
Other Assets		-		8,083		
Total assets		1,515,156		1,315,360		
Liabilities						
Taxes Payable		(1,570)		(4,815)		
Net position held in trust for pension benefits	\$	1,513,586	\$	1,310,545		

Changes in plan net position available for benefits for OBRA for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, were as follows:

Statements of Change in Fiduciary Net Position					
	(Unaudited)				
	<u>2016</u> <u>2015</u>			<u>2015</u>	
Contributions from the County	\$	819,000	\$	440,000	
Investment income		87,752		34,314	
Investment and administrative expenses		(459,362)		(520,844)	
Benefits paid		(244,349)		(206,452)	
Net increase (decrease) in net position restricted for pensions	\$	203,041	\$	(252,983)	

As of December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively, there were 6,370 and 5,507 participants with vested benefits in OBRA. The total pension liability of OBRA at December 31, 2016 and 2015, was \$4,605,852 and \$4,028,407, respectively, leaving net assets available less than the total pension liability of (\$3,092,266) and (\$2,717,862), respectively. These amounts are not reflected in the required supplementary information tables that follow the notes to the financial statements.

(10) Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of the Retirement System and OBRA at December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015 were as follows:

ERS		
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Total pension liability	\$ 2,256,308,243	\$ 2,262,851,177
Plan fiduciary net position	 (1,671,682,331)	 (1,716,151,763)
Net pension liability	\$ 584,625,912	\$ 546,699,414
Plan fiduciary net pension as a		
percentage of the total pension liability	74.08%	75.84%

OBRA			
	<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>
Total pension liability	\$	4,605,852	\$ 4,028,407
Plan fiduciary net position		(1,513,586)	 (1,310,545)
Net pension liability	\$	3,092,266	\$ 2,717,862
Plan fiduciary net pension as a			
percentage of the total pension liability		32.86%	32.53%

Actuarial assumptions—The last actuarial valuation was performed as of December 31, 2016, and was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	12/31/2016
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal—Level Percentage of Pay
Asset valuation method	10-year smoothed market
Amortization methods	For pension expense; the difference between expected and actual liability experience and changes of assumptions are amortized over the average of the expected remaining service lives of all members. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized over a closed period of five years.
Inflation Assumption	3.00%
Mortality Table	Healthy pensioners: The sex-distinct UP-1994 Mortality Table with Projection scale AA to 2012 and then fully generational thereafter using scale AA. Active members: 70% of the rates applicable to healthy pensioners.
Experience study	The actuarial assumptions used for ERS were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2007 through December 31, 2011. The actuarial assumptions used for OBRA were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2006 through December 31, 2011.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of position plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term Expected
Asset Class	Policy	Real Rate of Return *
Fixed income	18.0%	0.80%
Domestic common and preferred stocks	25.0%	5.10%
International common and preferred stocks	20.0%	5.30%
Long/Short hedge funds	8.5%	3.10%
Infrastructure	8.5%	5.30%
Real estate and REIT's	10.0%	5.50%
Private equity	10.0%	8.90%
Cash & cash equivalents	0.0%	0.00%
	100.0%	
* Provided by Marguette Associates		

Discount rate — The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the Retirement System's contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy. Based on those assumptions, the Retirement System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate — The following presents the net pension liability of the Retirement System, calculated using the discount rate of 8.0 percent, as well as what the Retirement System and OBRA's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.0 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.0 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease <u>(7.0%)</u>	Current Discount <u>(8.0%)</u>	1% Increase <u>(9.0%)</u>
ERS' net pension liability	\$ 804,877,246	\$ 584,625,912	\$ 397,329,789
OBRA's net pension liability	\$ 4,071,976	\$ 3,092,266	\$ 2,360,877

11) Subsequent Events

The Retirement System has evaluated subsequent events occurring through June 22, 2017, the date the financial statements were available to be issued for events requiring recording or disclosure in the Retirement System's financial statements. Management feels that no material events occurred that would require disclosure, except for the following.

In February 2017, the Director or Retirement Plan Services resigned. An interim Director was appointed by the County Executive until another Director can be found.

In February 2017, the Pension Board adopted the following resolution:

• The Pension Board refers the proposed Ordinance amendments to sections 201.24 (4.2) and (4.5) of the Milwaukee County Code of General Ordinances amending the Employees' Retirement System of the County of Milwaukee ("ERS") to update the early retirement age to account for the change in normal retirement age to 64 to the County Board for consideration and review of the issue.

In March 2017, the Pension Board adopted the following changes:

- The Pension Board voted unanimously to direct Retirement Plan Services, in coordination with Corporation Counsel's office and external counsel, to provide electronically to the members of the Pension Board, the job arrangement letter for the agreed-upon procedures anticipated to be performed by Baker Tilly and hereby authorizes the outgoing Chair, the current Vice Chair or the incoming Chair to execute such document with Baker Tilly subject to review by counsel, the Chair and Vice Chair and the Interim Director of Retirement Plan Services.
- The Pension Board voted unanimously to approve a contract ratification to allow ERS to continue to utilize Vertas for any movement of funds as recommended by Marquette Associates.
- The Pension Board voted unanimously to approve rescheduling the annual meeting to May 24, 2017 at the Italian Community Center, immediately following the Pension Board's regular business meeting.
- Provide Henderson Geneva notice to terminate and liquidate ERS's investment in its mid-cap growth portfolio and place the liquidated assets into a Vanguard EFT fund.

In April 2017, the Pension Board adopted the following changes:

• Provide JP Morgan notice to terminate and transfer ERS's investment in its corporate bond funds to Galliard using Vertas as the transition manager.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

<u>ERS</u>			<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>
otal pe	nsion liability						
	Service cost	\$	16,094,324	\$	15,740,283	\$	15,299,45
	Interest		173,972,802		171,661,372		172,040,282
	Changes in benefit terms Differences between expected and actual experience		- 16,052,053		- 41,648,688		(17,331,161
	Changes in assumptions Benefit payments including refunds of member contributions		- (212,662,113)		- (188,819,565)		(177,366,124
let chai	nge in total pension liability		(6,542,934)		40,230,778		(7,357,552
otal pe	nsion liability—beginning		2,262,851,177		2,222,620,399		2,229,977,95
otal pe	nsion liability—ending	\$	2,256,308,243	\$	2,262,851,177	\$	2,222,620,39
Plan fidu	uciary net position						
	Contributions—employer	\$	50,625,672	\$	39,080,593	\$	19,005,39
	Contributions-member		12,143,510		9,324,866		10,051,60
	Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of		110,336,000		39,451,296		96,725,83
	member contributions		(212,662,113)		(188,819,564)		(177,366,124
	Administrative expenses		(4,912,501)		(5,465,123)		(5,066,956
	Other		-		-		
	nge in plan fiduciary net pension		(44,469,432)		(106,427,932)		(56,650,243
-	an fiduciary net position—beginning		1,716,151,763		1,822,579,695		1,879,229,93
otal pla	an fiduciary net position—ending	Ş	1,671,682,331	Ş	1,716,151,763	Ş	1,822,579,69
Vet pen	sion liability—ending	\$	584,625,912	\$	546,699,414	\$	400,040,70
	luciary net position as a percentage of pension liability		74.09%		75.84%		82.009
Covered	-employee payroll	\$	194,871,557	\$	191,432,915	\$	188,605,49
	sion liability as a percentage of						
let pen							212.109

(See independent auditor's report and notes to required supplemental information)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Last 3 Fiscal Years

Last 3 Fiscal Ye	ars					
OBRA		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>
Total pension liability						
Service cost	\$	95,763	\$	111,283	\$	97,190
Interest		320,348		298,507		297,724
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		405,683		103,770		(233,437)
Changes in assumptions		-		-		-
Benefit payments including refunds of member contributions		(244,349)		(206,452)		(126,636)
Net change in total pension liability		577,445		307,108		34,841
Total pension liability—beginning		4,028,407		3,721,299		3,686,458
Total pension liability—ending	\$	4,605,852	\$	4,028,407	\$	3,721,299
Plan fiduciary net position						
Contributions—employer	\$	819,000	\$	440,000	\$	440,000
Contributions—member		-		-		-
Net investment income		87,752		37,449		98,786
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(244,349)		(206,452)		(126,636)
Administrative expenses		(459,362)		(520,844)		(454,752)
Other		-		-		-
Net change in plan fiduciary net pension		203,041		(249,847)		(42,602)
Total plan fiduciary net position—beginning		1,310,545		1,560,392		1,602,994
Total plan fiduciary net position—ending	\$	1,513,586	\$	1,310,545	\$	1,560,392
Net pension liability—ending	\$	3,092,266	\$	2,717,862	\$	2,160,907
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of		32.86%		32.53%		41.93%
total pension liability						
Covered-employee payroll	\$	3,926,027	\$	3,925,214	\$	3,477,968
Net pension liability as a percentage of						
covered-employee payroll		78.76%		69.24%		62.13%
The plan implemented GASB Statement No. 67 in the fiscal year 2014. In	form	ation calculat	ed uti	lizing GASB 67	,	
prior to fiscal year 2014 is not available.		and a substant				
(See independent auditor's report and notes to requine	red s	upplemental	inforn	nation)		
,						

SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS Last 10 Fiscal Years

ERS					
FYE December 31	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)	\$63,067,396	\$57,853,824	\$ 29,564,925	\$ 32,136,934	\$ 28,406,232
Contributions related to ADC	62,769,182	48,405,459	29,057,000	30,952,781	27,407,519
Contribution deficiency/(excess)	298,214	9,448,365	507,925	1,184,153	998,713
Covered Employee Payroll	194,871,557	191,432,915	188,605,492	189,131,711	190,747,973
Contributions as a percentage	32.21%	25.29%	15.41%	16.37%	14.37%
of Covered Employee Payroll					
FYE December 31	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)	\$ 29,621,216	\$ 29,529,322	\$ 30,355,535	\$ 53,063,610	\$ 52,395,263
Contributions related to ADC	31,494,090	31,290,863	457,789,154	34,840,886	49,291,072
Contribution deficiency/(excess)	(1,872,874)	(1,761,541)	(427,433,619)	18,222,724	3,104,191
Covered Employee Payroll	221,647,443	237,040,117	233,820,179	227,364,398	223,005,093
Contributions as a percentage	14.21%	13.20%	195.79%	15.32%	22.10%
of Covered Employee Payroll					
OBRA					
FYE December 31	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)	\$826,567	\$ 770,384	\$ 373,500	\$ 388,625	\$ 446,452
Contributions related to ADC	819,000	440,000	440,000	360,000	880,000
Contribution deficiency/(excess)	7,567	330,384	(66,500)	28,625	(433,548)
Covered Employee Payroll	3,926,027	3,925,214	3,477,968	7,735,644	8,939,076
Contributions as a percentage	20.86%	11.21%	12.65%	4.65%	9.84%
of Covered Employee Payroll					
FYE December 31	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)	\$ 807,028	\$ 716,439	\$ 660,925	\$ 557,813	\$ 485,553
Contributions related to ADC	2,022,000	786,000	660,925	522,000	529,000
Contribution deficiency/(excess)	(1,214,972)	(69,561)	-	35,815	(43,447)
Covered Employee Payroll	8,936,146	6,901,021	8,498,484	8,284,312	7,057,342
Contributions as a percentage	22.63%	11.39%	7.78%	6.30%	7.50%
of Covered Employee Payroll					

FRS

Notes to Schedules Valuation date: Actuarially Determined Contributions (ADC) are calculated as of the January 1 of the fiscal year in which the contribution is made. That is, the contribution calculated for fiscal year ending December 31, 2016 is from the January 1, 2016 actuarial valuation. The contributions related to the ADC are a combination of employee contributions made during the fiscal year and the lump sum employer contribution made for the year.

The methods and assumptions used to calculate the Actuarially Determined Contributions are in the respective January 1 actuarial valuation reports. Prior to fiscal year ending December 31, 2014 the ADC shown is calculated based upon GASB No 25.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS									
Last 3 Fiscal Years									
			Annual						
			Money-Weighted						
			Rate of Return,						
	Total Inve	estment	Net of Investment						
Fiscal Year	Plan As	Expense							
2016	\$ 1,610,	,341,450	6.9% *						
2015	\$ 1,634,	,904,202	2.2% *						
2014	\$ 1,715,	,303,583	5.3% *						
* Calculated by I	Aarquette As	sociates, Inc.							
The plan implem	ented GASB S	Statement No	. 67 in the fiscal year 2014.						
Information calculated utilizing GASB 67 prior to fiscal year 2014 is									
not available.									

(See independent auditors' report and notes to required supplementary information)

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION As of and for the year ended December 31, 2016

1. This information presented is the required supplementary schedules, for pension funding purposes, was based on the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation is as follows:

Valuation date	1/1/2016
Actuarial cost method	Aggregate Entry Age Normal
Asset valuation method	10-year smoothed market
Amortization methods:	
Contribution variance	Level dollar, closed
Administrative expenses	Level dollar, closed
All other unfunded liability	Level percent of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization periods:	
Contribution variance	5 years
Administrative expenses	10 years
All other unfunded liability	30 years
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	8.00%
Projected salary increases	3.50%
Post-retirement benefit increases	2%, simple

- 2. The total pension liability contained in the Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios was provided by the Retirement System and OBRA's actuary, Conduent. The net pension liability is measured as the total pension liability less the amount of the fiduciary net position of the Retirement System and OBRA.
- 3. The required employer contributions and percent of those contributions actually made are presented in the Schedule of Contributions.

(See independent auditors' report and notes to required supplementary information)

TEN-YEAR HISTORICAL TREND INFORMATION

REVENUES BY SOURCE AND EXPENSES BY TYPE (UNAUDITED)

Revenues by Source									
Fiscal	Fiscal Participant County Investment								
Year	Contributions(1a)	Contributions (1b)	Income (Loss)(2)	<u>Total</u>					
2016	\$ 12,143,510	\$ 50,625,672	\$ 112,917,408	\$ 175,686,590					
2015	9,324,866	39,080,593	42,890,830	91,296,289					
2014	10,051,605	19,005,395	99,655,955	128,712,955					
2013	8,954,525	21,998,256	260,834,765	291,787,546					
2012	9,040,652	18,410,496	186,091,377	213,542,525					
2011	3,313,807	28,275,594	11,186,780	42,776,181					
2010	75,584	32,893,562	210,905,464	243,874,610					
2009	131,766	457,789,154	319,997,171	777,918,091					
2008	140,209	34,840,886	(352,108,625)	(317,127,530)					
2007	344,782	49,291,072	106,442,068	156,077,922					

Expenses by Type

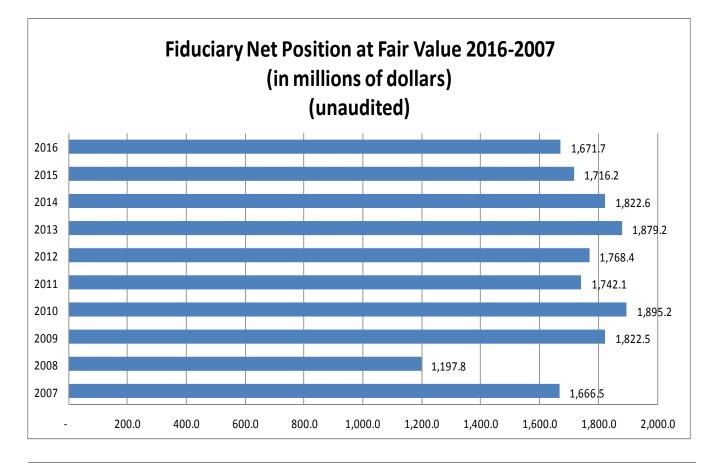
Fiscal			tment and inistrative		
<u>Year</u>	<u>Benefits(3)</u>	Exp	<u>enses (4)</u>	<u>Withdrawals</u>	<u>Total</u>
2016	\$ 211,163,822	\$	7,493,909	\$ 1,498,291	\$ 220,156,022
2015	187,512,204		8,904,657	1,307,360	197,724,221
2014	176,263,605		7,997,073	1,102,520	185,363,198
2013	172,583,835		7,963,552	444,848	180,992,235
2012	178,557,030		8,445,509	212,245	187,214,784
2011	187,460,030		8,305,984	70,123	195,836,137
2010	162,664,454		8,445,062	138,136	171,247,652
2009	145,306,937		7,846,655	38,583	153,192,175
2008	144,160,665		7,385,443	23,557	151,569,665
2007	139,990,962		7,715,976	56,626	147,763,564

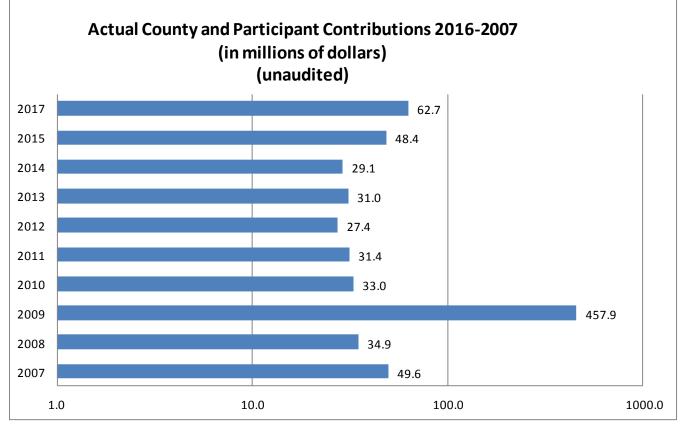
FOOTNOTES ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS

- (1a) Participant contributions are calculated by the actuary and are a percentage of the employees' pensionable compensation.
- (1b) County contributions are set during the County's budget process and are made at the discretion of the County Board.
- (2) Includes interest and dividends, net appreciation (depreciation) of fair value, net security lending income and other income.
- (3) Included in the benefits for 2016, 2015, 2014, 2013, 2012, 2011, 2010, 2009, 2008, and 2007 are back drop lump-sum payments of \$24.4, \$19.8, \$12.6, \$11.7, \$21.7, \$38.8, \$20.3, \$8.7, \$11.2, and \$10.5 million, respectively.

(4) There was a significant decrease in investment and administrative expenses of \$222,067 from the past ten years ago due mainly to decreases in investment fees. Previous increases in the following expenses:

- outside consultants of \$815, with most of this increase occurring in 2008, 2009, and 2015 to support retirement systems;
- outside legal fees of \$646, due to buy-in/buy-back issues, RFP preparation, tax issues, and various other legal matters in 2015;
- salaries and wages of \$143 due primarily to the increase in benefits and staff;
- computer system expenses of \$1,428. The plan started using its new computer system as of 1/1/09. Amortization of \$825 and hosting expenses of \$295, and maintenance costs of \$295 caused most of this increase.





ACTIVE MEMBERSHIP STATISTICS (unaudited)									
· · · · · ·	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>							
Members as of January 1	5,006 *	5,050 *							
Changes During the Year:									
New enrollments	488	477							
Nonvested terminations	(317)	(291)							
Retirements	(286)	(235)							
Deaths in active service	(5)	(13)							
Withdrawals	(29)	0							
Data adjustments	25	18							
Members as of December 31	4,882 *	5,006 *							
*									
* The total includes vested inactive members of 1,394 a year and end of the year, respectively.	ind 1,387 as of beginr	ning of the							

	RETIREME	NTS ANI	D SURVI	VORS S	ΓΑΤΙSΤΙΟ	S (unau	dited)			
		Retirements Granted								
					Option				Survivors	
	Maximum	Defund	1000/	750/	5.00/	250/	10	Othor	& Benefi-	Tatal
January 1, 2016		Refund		75%	50%	25%	10-yr.	Other	ciaries	Total
January 1, 2016 Changes During the Year:	3,288	304	1,445	261	990	503	240	46	914	7,991
Adjustments (actuary)*	(19)	(8)	17	(1)	5	(3)	-	(1)	5	(5)
Retirements	125	2	75	15	27	18	24	-	75	361
Benefits Expired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(35)	(35)
Pensioner deaths	(91)	(22)	(37)	(4)	(41)	(6)	(5)	-	(43)	(249)
December 31, 2016	3,303	276	1,500	271	981	512	259	45	916	8,063

*Adjustments as a result of reclassifications made to beginning balances by the actuary

CONSULTANTS as of December 31, 2016

Legal Advisors

Milwaukee County Corporation Counsel Paul Bargren

Reinhart, Boerner, Van Deuren S.C. Steven D. Huff, Secretary of the Pension Board *Milwaukee, Wisconsin*

Actuary

Conduent Chicago, Illinois

Disbursing Agent County Treasurer

Custodian/Securities Agent BNY Mellon Asset Servicing

Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

Medical Board

Managed Medical Review Organization, Inc. Novi, Michigan

Investment Consultant

Marquette Associates, Inc. *Chicago, Illinois*

Cash Equitization Manager

BNY Mellon BETA Management San Francisco, California

Infrastructure Managers

IFM Investment Advisor New York, New York

JP Morgan Investment Management New York, New York

Long/Short Managers ABS Investment Management Greenwich, Connecticut

Parametric Minneapolis, Minnesota

Fixed-Income Investment Managers

JP Morgan Investment Management Columbus, Ohio

Mellon Capital Management Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

U.S. Equity Investment Managers

Artisan Partners Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Mesirow Fiduciary Management Chicago, Illinois

Geneva Capital Management Ltd. *Milwaukee, Wisconsin*

Robeco Investment Management Boston, Massachusetts

Silvercrest Asset Management Group New York, New York

Mellon Capital Management Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

Northern Trust Investments *Chicago, Illinois*

International Investment Managers

Segall Bryant & Hamill Oaks, Pennsylvania

Northern Trust Investments Chicago, Illinois

OFI Global Asset Management New York, New York

Real Estate Investment Managers

American Realty Advisors Glendale, California

Morgan Stanley Real Estate New York, New York

UBS Realty Investors, LLC Hartford, Connecticut

Private Equity Managers

Adams Street Partners Chicago, Illinois

Progress Investment Management Company San Francisco, California

Siguler Guff & Company, LLC New York, New York

Mesirow Financial Equity Management Chicago, Illinois

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