City of Austin Employees' Retirement System

ACTUARIAL VALUATION December 31, 2002 June 3, 2003

Ms. Rhonda Plentl Interim Pension Director City of Austin Employees' Retirement System 418 E. Highland Mall Blvd. Austin, TX 78752

Dear Ms. Plentl:

Subject: Actuarial Valuation as of December 31, 2002

We are pleased to present our report on the actuarial valuation of the City of Austin Employees' Retirement System. Based upon this actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2002, it is our opinion that these results reasonably reflect the funding status of the System.

As you know, the employee and employer contribution rates are set by statute. It is expected that these contribution rates will remain level as a percentage of payroll. The funding objective of the plan is for the contribution rates to be sufficient to cover the normal cost of the plan and to amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years. Due to the significant asset losses caused by the continued downturn in the financial markets the plan's contribution rate is not sufficient to amortize the System's unfunded liabilities, therefore the funding objective is not being met.

In addition to the actuarial valuation results, various accounting and statistical tables are also included which should help you compare the results of this plan year with prior years. The information presented in the trend data schedules of this report has been prepared by Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company. The information for years 1993 through 2000 was prepared by Watson Wyatt & Company. Information in these schedules prior to 1993 was determined by another actuarial firm.

Member data for retired, active and inactive participants was supplied as of December 31, 2002, by the City of Austin Employees' Retirement System staff. We have not subjected this data to any auditing procedures, but have examined the data for reasonableness and consistency with the prior year's data. Asset information was also supplied by the City of Austin Employees' Retirement System staff.

We would like to thank you and your staff for their assistance in providing all necessary information to complete this valuation. Their courteous help is very much appreciated.

Ms. Rhonda Plentl June 3, 2003 Page 2

We look forward to discussing this actuarial valuation report with you at your convenience. Please do not hesitate to let us know if you have any questions or need additional information.

Sincerely,

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Lewis Ward Consultant

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W. Michael Carter, F.S.A. Senior Consultant

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Enclosure

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Ms. Rhonda Plentl June 3, 2003 Page 2

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Lewis Ward

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Section

Page

i

	Transmittal Letter	
	Table of Contents	
A	Executive Summary	1
В	Introduction	2
С	Funded Status of the Plan	3
D	Change in Assets	4
E	Actuarial Gains and Losses	5
F	Historical Comparisons and Statistical Summaries	6
G	GASB No. 25 Disclosure	7
H	Summary and Closing Comments	8
I	Actuarial Tables	9
J	Statistical Tables	41

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The key results from the valuation of the City of Austin Employees' Retirement System as of December 31, 2002, may be summarized as follows:

]	December 31, 2002			December 31, 2001		
			(1)			(2)		
٠	Members							
	— Actives			7,647		7,713		
	— Retirees and beneficiaries			2,783		2,592		
	— Vested - terminated			604		612		
	— Total			11,034		10,917		
٠	Covered payroll	\$		322,007,672	\$	316,793,390		
•	Normal cost — As % of payroll	\$		47,612,726 14.79%	\$	46,850,186 14.79%		
٠	Actuarial accrued liability	\$		1,440,198,646	\$	1,360,269,609		
٠	Present actuarial value of assets	\$		1,250,851,348	\$	1,311,288,668		
٠	Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$		189,347,298	\$	48,980,941		
•	Estimated yield on assets — actuarial value basis — market value basis			-3.48% -9.84%		8.13% -6.36%		
٠	Contribution rate							
	— Employee — Employer			8.00%		8.00%		
•		ፍ		8.00%	¢	8.00%		
•	Benefit and refund payments Amortization period of unfunded	\$		75,244,037	\$	70,004,506		
•	actuarial accrued liability			Infinite		17 Years		
•	GASB No. 25 disclosure							
	- UAAL as a % of Payroll			58.8%		15.5%		
	— GASB funded ratio			86.9%		96.4%		

INTRODUCTION

This December 31, 2002, actuarial valuation of the City of Austin Employees' Retirement System has been prepared by Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company. The primary purpose of the valuation is to value the liabilities of the System as of December 31, 2002, determine the funding period of any unfunded liability for the plan year beginning January 1, 2003, and to provide certain required disclosure information. We are pleased to have the privilege of working for the Board, and look forward to discussing the results with you at your convenience.

The last actuarial valuation of the City of Austin Employees' Retirement System was prepared as of December 31, 2001 by Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company. Valuations are prepared annually as of December 31st.

This valuation reflects the assumption changes adopted by the Board in October of 2002, as a result of the 2002 Experience Study. In addition we are recommending that the Board adopt a new assumption for the interest crediting rate on employee contributions. We are recommending that this assumption be lowered from 8% to 6%. We are also recommending that the Board adopt a temporary modification to the salary increase assumption to reflect the freeze in general wage increases in 2003 and 2004.

Section C of this report provides the current funded status of the plan and reviews the valuation results. Assets are discussed in Section D, while Section E contains an analysis of the actuarial gains and losses during the past year.

Section F discusses some of the historical comparisons and statistical summaries for the plan. Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 25 (GASB No. 25) information in the report is discussed in Section G, and Section H provides a summary of the valuation results along with other comments.

Various tables supporting the report are contained in Sections I and J, including any change in benefit provisions since the last valuation.

FUNDED STATUS OF THE PLAN

The funded status of the plan is shown in Table 1, Table 2, and Table 3. Table 1 summarizes the various cost items from the current year's and prior year's actuarial valuations, while Table 2 provides an allocation of the normal cost by its various components. Table 3 shows the components of the actuarial liability.

Reviewing the composition of normal cost of the System, Table 2 indicates that the employer normal cost as of December 31, 2002, is 14.79% of pay. This compares with 14.79% of pay as of the last valuation of December 31, 2001. This normal cost is developed based on the entry-age-normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. As may be seen in Item 1, the normal cost for the retirement benefits is 10.17% of pay. The normal cost for the vested termination benefits is 2.98% and 1.00% for refunds of nonvested terminated employees. The normal cost for disability benefits is 0.31%, and the normal cost for death benefits is 0.33%.

Table 1 illustrates a number of the key actuarial items for the 2002 valuation. As mentioned above, the employer normal cost rate is 14.79% of covered payroll. The actuarial accrued liability is \$1,440 million as shown in Item 5 and as detailed in Table 3. The actuarial value of assets equals \$1,251 million, as shown in Item 6. Item 7 of Table 1 shows that the plan has a \$189.3. million unfunded liability (i.e. liabilities exceed plan assets) as of the valuation date. As of the last valuation (December 31, 2001), the System was underfunded by \$49.0 million.

The average age for active plan participants is 42.2 years, and average service is 8.3 years. This compares with an average age of 41.8 years and an average service of 8.1 years at the prior valuation one year ago. Average covered pay is \$42,109, which is 2.5% greater than the average one year ago of \$41,073 (see Table 10).

The City and the employees are both currently contributing 8% of payroll. Combining the employees' contribution with the City contribution, the System has 16% of payroll to fund benefits. The current normal cost of the plan is 14.79%, which means that the System is receiving contributions in excess of the normal cost equal to 1.21% of pay (16.00% less 14.79%). These excess contributions are available to amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liability. If all assumptions are exactly met then the current unfunded liabilities will never be fully amortized.

CHANGE IN ASSETS

Table 4 and Table 5 show the development of the actuarial value of assets. Item 6 of Table 4 shows the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2002, is \$1,250.9 million.

Table 4 develops the actuarial value of assets under the actuarial asset valuation method adopted by the Board in conjunction with the change to reporting the System's disclosure information under GASB No. 25. This method begins with the market value of assets and is modified by the "Excess (Shortfall)" between expected investment return and actual income. Only 20% of this Excess (Shortfall) is recognized in the valuation immediately following the year in which the Excess (Shortfall) occurs. The remaining 80% of the Excess (Shortfall) is deferred until future years, with an additional 20% recognized in each subsequent year until 100% of the difference is recognized in the fifth year.

The total deferral of all Excess (Shortfall) investment income for the year (shown in Item 2e) is (\$288.8) million. Table 5 shows the development of the Excess (Shortfall) of investment income for the past four years.

As shown in Item 4 of Table 4, the preliminary actuarial value of assets was equal to \$1,331 million. However, the asset valuation method employs a market value of assets corridor. The corridor prevents the actuarial value of assets from being less than 80% or more than 120% of the market value of assets. As of December 31, 2002 the preliminary actuarial value of assets was greater than 120% of the market value of assets and hence the actuarial value of assets was set to 120% of the market value of assets or \$1,251 million as shown in Item 6 of Table 4.

An analysis of the change in the System's market value of assets for the last two plan years and an estimate of the return on assets for the System are included in Table 6. The estimated average annual rate of return for the year ending December 31, 2002, assuming that income, revenue, and expenditures are evenly distributed throughout the year is -9.84% on a market value of assets basis. The rate of return for the year ending December 31, 2002, on an actuarial value basis was -3.48%. This compares with the actuarial assumed investment return of 7.75%.

Table 7 shows the development of the gain/(loss) on the actuarial value of assets for the prior plan year. As may be seen in Item 8, the System had an asset loss of \$146.6 million in 2002. This compares to the \$1.3 million gain in 2001.

ACTUARIAL GAINS AND LOSSES

An important part of the change in unfunded actuarial accrued liability from year to year is due to the impact of actuarial gains and losses of the System. This section summarizes the combined asset and liability experience changes since the prior valuation on December 31, 2001.

As can be seen in Item 7 of Table 8, the expected value of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as of December 31, 2002, is an underfunded position of \$40.9 million, before recognition of any assumption changes. This expected value reflects an assumed investment return assumption of 8.0% (the previous valuation's assumption) on the beginning of year unfunded actuarial accrued liability, normal cost, and contributions during 2002.

Since the actual unfunded actuarial accrued liability as of December 31, 2002 is \$189.3 million, it represents a total net loss for the period of \$(148.4) million, as shown in Item 9 of Table 8. That is, the funded status is less than expected. The net actuarial loss includes an asset loss of \$(146.6) million as shown in Table 7 and a loss on the liability side equal to \$(1.8) million. The liability loss may be allocated as follows: \$13.3 million gain due to plan assumption changes and a \$(15.1) million loss due to the liability experience of the System. The liability experience included losses due to lower than expected turnover.

As noted above, the liabilities of the plan decreased due to a combination of the assumption changes that were adopted by the Board in October 2002 and the changes being recommended with this valuation. These new changes include:

- A change in the assumed interest rate credited on employee contributions from 8% to 6%,
- Assuming no general salary increases in 2003 and 2004.

Please see Table 15 for a more detailed description of the plan provisions.

HISTORICAL COMPARISONS AND STATISTICAL SUMMARIES

Various statistical data on the System is shown in the tables contained in Section J. In addition, Tables 9 through 12 of Section I contain certain actuarial trend information which may be of interest. Table 9 relates the size of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) to three different measurements. In Columns 3 and 4 the UAAL is related to the covered payroll of the System. Columns 5 and 6 relate the UAAL to the actuarial value of assets, while Columns 7 and 8 relate the UAAL to the total actuarial liabilities of the System.

Tables 10 through 12 provide information which should be included in your annual report. Table 10 provides a schedule of active member valuation data. Table 11 provides a schedule of retirants and beneficiaries added to and removed from payments rolls. Solvency test results are presented in Table 12.

GASB NO. 25 DISCLOSURE

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 25 which provides the manner in which the actuarial condition of a public sector retirement plan is to be disclosed. COA-ERS was required to comply with GASB No. 25 beginning January 1, 1997.

The required schedule of funding progress is shown in Table 13a. Table 13b is the schedule of annual required contributions required by GASB No. 25. Table 13c provides notes to the required supplementary information.

Assets used for GASB No. 25 disclosure are based on the actuarial value used for this valuation. Plan liabilities are based on the Entry Age Normal (EAN) funding method which is the same method used for determining plan liabilities for valuation purposes, as required by GASB No. 25.

SUMMARY AND CLOSING COMMENTS

It is our opinion that the results of this valuation provide a reasonable reflection of the funded status of the System. Due to the significant asset losses that have occurred the last several years the System's contributions are not currently sufficient to amortize the unfunded liability of the System. In the absence of significant actuarial gains the current contribution rates will not be sufficient to support the current benefit structure of the Plan.

The overall funded position of the System decreased from the prior valuation mainly due to the significant losses in the actuarial value of assets.

It should also be noted that while the System's funded position has worsened considerably since the prior valuation, the large asset losses (on a market value basis) of the last three calendar years have only been partially recognized. In the absence of any other actuarial gains or a substantial turn around in the financial markets, the funded position of the System will continue to decrease over the next several years.

As noted above, in the absence of significant actuarial gains either the contribution rates to the Plan will need to increase or the benefits promised under the Plan will need to be reduced to a level that can be supported by the contribution rates.

ACTUARIAL TABLES

Table Number	Content of Tables	Page
1	Summary of Cost Items	10
2	Analysis of Normal Cost by Component	11
3	Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits and Calculation of Actuarial Accrued Liability	12
4	Development of Actuarial Value of Assets	13
5	Calculation of Excess Investment Income for Actuarial Value of Assets	14
6	Change in Net Assets	15
7	Actual Versus Expected Actuarial Assets	16
8	Actuarial Gain or Loss as of December 31, 2002	17
9	Relative Size of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	18
10	Schedule of Active Member Valuation Data	19
11	Schedule of Retirants & Beneficiaries Added to and Removed from Rolls	20
12	Solvency Test	21
13a	Schedule of Funding Progress	22
13b	Schedule of Employer Contributions	23
13c	Notes to Required Supplemental Information	24
14	Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions	25
15	Summary of Benefit Provisions	31
16	Definition of Terms	39

SUMMARY OF COST ITEMS

			December 31, 2002			December 31, 2001		
			Cost Item	Cost as % of Pay		Cost Item	Cost as % of Pay	
		_	(1)	(2)		(3)	(4)	
1.	Participants a. Active b. Terminated vested c. Retired participants and beneficiaries d. Disabled e. Total		7,647 604 2,730 <u>53</u> 11,034			7,713 612 2,544 <u>48</u> 10,917		
2.	Covered Payroll	\$	322,007,672		\$	316,793,390		
3.	Averages for Active Participants a. Average age b. Average years of service c. Average pay	\$	42.2 8.3 42,109		\$	41.8 8.1 41,073		
4.	Employer Normal Cost	\$	47,612,726	14.79%	\$	46,850,186	14.79%	
5.	 Actuarial Accrued Liability a. Active participants b. Terminated vested participants c. Refunds of terminated nonvested participants d. Retired participants and beneficiaries e. Disabled participants f. Total 	\$	685,562,117 30,467,231 5,981,712 709,512,896 <u>8,674,690</u> 1,440,198,646	447.26%	\$	680,469,181 20,253,337 5,239,973 647,419,670 <u>6,887,448</u> 1,360,269,609	429.39%	
6.	Present Actuarial Assets		1,250,851,348	388.45%		1,311,288,668	413.93%	
7.	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	\$	189,347,298	58.80%		48,980,941	15.46%	
8.	Relative Size of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability a. As percent of actuarial assets b. As percent of covered payroll		15.14% 58.80%			3.74% 15.46%		

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ANALYSIS OF NORMAL COST BY COMPONENT

	Cost as % Pay				
Benefit Component	December 31, 2002	December 31, 2001			
(1)	(2)	(3)			
1. Retirement Benefits	10.17%	10.21%			
2. Vested Termination Benefits	2.98%	3.01%			
3. Refunds of Nonvested Terminations	1.00%	1.01%			
4. Disability Benefits	0.31%	0.31%			
5. Death Benefits	0.33%	_0.25%			
6. Normal Cost	14.79%	14.79%			

ACTUARIAL PRESENT VALUE OF FUTURE BENEFITS AND CALCULATION OF ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY

				De	ecember 31, 2002 (1)	De	cember 31, 2001 (2)
A.	Pre	sent `	Value of Future Benefits				
	1. Active participants		rive participants				
		a.	Retirement benefits	\$	860,722,035	\$	887,380,955
		b.	Deferred termination benefits		129,745,573		119,212,438
		c.	Refund of nonvested terminations		8,129,874		8,641,010
		d.	Disability benefits		15,347,795		15,533,601
		e.	Death benefits		17,103,806		11,335,830
		f.	Total	\$	1,031,049,083	\$	1,042,103,834
	2.	Ret	ired participants				
		a.	Service retirements and beneficiaries	\$	709,512,896	\$	647,419,670
		b.	Disability retirements		8,674,690		6,887,448
		c.	Total	\$	718,187,586	\$	654,307,118
	3. Inactive participants		ctive participants				
		a.	Vested terminations with deferred benefits	\$	30,467,231	\$	20,253,337
		b.	Nonvested terminations with refunds payable	<u> </u>	5,981,712		5,239,973
		c.	Total	\$	36,448,943	\$	25,493,310
	4.		al actuarial present value of future defits	\$	1,785,685,612	\$	1,721,904,262
B.	Pre	sent `	Value of Future Pay	\$	2,335,949,736	\$	2,445,129,500
C.	No	mal	Cost Rate		14.79%		14.79%
D.	Present Value of Future Normal Costs (Item B x Item C)			\$	345,486,966	\$	361,634,653
E.	Act	uaria	l Accrued Liability for Active Members				
	1.	Pre	sent value of future benefits (Item A.1.f.)	\$	1,031,049,083	\$	1,042,103,834
	2.		ss present value of future normal costs m D)		(345,486,966)	<u> </u>	(361,634,653)
	3.	Act	tuarial accrued liability	\$	685,562,117	\$	680,469,181
F.	Tot (Ite	al Ao m A.	ctuarial Accrued Liability 2.c + Item A.3.c + Item E.3)	\$	1,440,198,646	\$	1,360,269,609

DEVELOPMENT OF ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS

	Item	Valuation as of December 31, 2002		
	(1)	(2)		
1.	Excess (shortfall) of investment income for current year and previous three years (see Table 5):			
	a. Current year	\$ (205,130,274)		
	b. Current year -1	(181,365,035)		
	c. Current year -2	(126,149,883)		
	d. Current year -3	173,068,633		
2.	Deferral of excess (shortfall) of investment income for:			
	a. Current year (80% deferral)	\$ (164,104,219)		
	b. Current year -1 (60% deferral)	(108,819,021)		
	c. Current year -2 (40% deferral)	(50,459,953)		
	d. Current year -3 (20% deferral)	34,613,727		
	e. Total deferred for year	\$ (288,769,466)		
3.	Market value of plan assets, end of year	\$1,042,376,123		
4.	4. Preliminary actuarial value of plan assets, end of year (Item 3 - Item 2.e.) \$			
5.	Actuarial value of assets corridor			
	a. 80% of market value of assets, end of year	\$ 833,900,898		
	b. 120% of market value of assets, end of year	\$1,250,851,348		
6.	Final actuarial value of plan assets, end of year (Item 4, but not less than Item 5.a., or greater than Item 5.b.)	\$1,250,851,348		

CALCULATION OF EXCESS INVESTMENT INCOME FOR ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS

		Plan Year Ending December 31,						
	Item	2002	2001	2000	1999			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(3)	(4)			
1.	Net Investment Income							
	a. Interest and Dividends	\$ 32,348,029	\$ 39,315,709	\$ 40,567,011	\$ 35,910,288			
	b. Realized and unrealized gains and losses*	(145,341,052)	(118,202,326)	(61,082,591)	223,452,672			
	c. Administrative expenses	(1,641,675)	(1,305,222)	(1,212,179)	(1,133,372)			
	d. Total	(114,634,698)	(80,191,839)	(21,727,759)	258,229,588			
2.	Market value of assets, beginning of year	1,172,088,538	1,271,215,828	1,312,254,779	1,070,440,982			
3.	Contributions during year	60,166,320	51,069,055	44,945,823	38,276,509			
4.	Benefits and refunds paid during year	(75,244,037)	(70,004,506)	(64,257,015)	(54,692,300)			
5.	Expected net investment income at 8%	7.75%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%			
	a. Market value of assets, beginning of year	90,836,862	101,697,266	104,980,382	85,635,279			
	b. Contributions	2,331,445	2,042,762	1,797,833	1,531,060			
	c. Benefits and refunds	(2,672,731)	(2,566,832)	(2,356,091)	(2,005,384)			
	d. Total	90,495,576	101,173,196	104,422,124	85,160,955			
6.	Excess investment income for year (Item 1.d Item 5.d.)	\$ (205,130,274)	\$ (181,365,035)	\$ (126,149,883)	\$ 173,068,633			

*Includes investment expenses

GABRIEL, ROEDER, SMITH & COMPANY

		Valuation Period Ending December 31,		
		2002	2001	
		(1)	(2)	
1.	Assets in plan at beginning of year (A)	\$1,172,088,538	\$1,271,215,828	
2.	Employer contributions	26,372,600	24,831,016	
3.	Employee contributions	33,793,720	26,238,039	
4.	Benefit payments made	71,286,073	66,013,383	
5.	Refunds of contributions	3,957,964	3,991,123	
6.	Expenses paid from trust	1,641,675	1,305,222	
7.	Investment return	(112,993,023)	(78,886,617)	
8.	Assets in plan at end of year (B) $(1 + 2 + 3 - 4 - 5 - 6 + 7)$	\$1,042,376,123	\$1,172,088,538	
9.	Approximate rate of return on average invested assets			
	a. Net investment income $(7 - 6 = \mathbf{I})$	\$ (114,634,698)	\$ (80,191,839)	
	b. Estimated yield based on (2I/(A + B - I))	-9.84%	-6.36%	

ACTUAL VERSUS EXPECTED ACTUARIAL ASSETS

		Plan Year Ending			
	Item	December 31, 2002 December 31, 2001			
	(1)	(2) (3)			
1.	Actuarial assets, beginning of year	\$ 1,311,288,668 \$ 1,230,971,746			
2.	Contributions during year	\$ 60,166,320 \$ 51,069,055			
3.	Benefits paid during year	\$ (71,286,073) \$ (66,013,383)			
4.	Refunds paid during year	\$ (3,957,964) \$ (3,991,123)			
5.	Assumed net investment income at	7.75% 8.00%			
	a. Beginning of year assets	\$ 101,624,872 \$ 98,477,740			
	b. Contributions	2,331,445 2,042,762			
	c. Benefits	(2,532,141) (2,420,491)			
	d. Refunds	(140,590) (146,341)			
	e. Total	\$ 101,283,586 \$ 97,953,670			
6.	Expected actuarial assets, end of year (Sum of Items 1 through 5)	\$ 1,397,494,537 \$ 1,309,989,965			
7.	Actuarial assets, end of year	\$ 1,250,851,348 \$ 1,311,288,668			
8.	Asset gain/(loss) (Item 7 – Item 6)	\$ (146,643,189) \$ 1,298,703			

ACTUARIAL GAIN OR LOSS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2002

CALCULATION OF TOTAL ACTUARIAL GAIN OR LOSS

1.	Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) as of December 31, 2001	\$ 48,980,941				
2.	Normal cost as of December 31, 2001	<u>46,850,187</u>				
3.	Subtotal (1 + 2)	\$ 95,831,128				
4.	Interest at prior valuation's rate of 8.0%	7,666,490				
5.	Contributions during year ending December 31, 2002	(60,166,320)				
6.	Interest on contributions for one-half year	(2,406,653)				
7.	Expected UAAL as of December 31, 2002 $(3+4+5+6)$	\$ 40,924,645				
8.	Actual UAAL as of December 31, 2002	189,347,298				
9.	Actuarial gain/(loss) for the period $(7-8)$	\$ (148,422,653)				
	SOURCE OF GAINS AND LOSSES					
10.	Asset gain/(loss) (See Table 7)	\$ (146,643,189)				
11.	Total liability gain/(loss) for the period (9-10)	(1,779,464)				
12.	Gain/(loss) due to benefit enhancements	0				
13.	Gain/(loss) due to retiree ad hoc increases	0				
14.	Gain/(loss) due to assumption changes	13,289,578				
15.	Liability experience gain/(loss) $(11 - 12 - 13 - 14)$ \$ (15,069,042)					

RELATIVE SIZE OF UNFUNDED ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY

		Relative to Covered Payroll		Relative to Actuarial Value of Present Assets		Relative to Total Actuarial Accrued Liability	
Valuation as of December 31 (1)	Unfunded/ (Overfunded) Actuarial Accrued Liability (2)	Covered Payroll (3)	Percent of Covered Payroll (4)	Present Assets (5)	Percent of Present <u>Assets</u> (6)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (7)	Percent of Actuarial Accrued Liability (8)
1990	\$(38,568,183)	\$171,738,189	(22.5)%	\$410,546,517	(9.6)%	\$362,978,334	(10.6)%
1991	\$(66,275,489)	\$194,588,280	(34.1)%	\$470,664,195	(14.1)%	\$404,388,706	(16.4)%
1993	\$(37,919,161)	\$235,227,565	(16.1)%	\$579,092,507	(6.5)%	\$541,173,346	(7.0)%
1995	\$(84,343,636)	\$221,001,903	(38.2)%	\$707,317,679	(11.9)%	\$622,974,043	(13.5)%
1997	\$(24,282,232)	\$219,207,826	(11.1)%	\$856,422,516	(2.8)%	\$832,140,284	(2.9)%
1998	\$(74,816,812)	\$219,326,742	(34.1)%	\$952,634,480	(7.9)%	\$877,817,668	(8.5)%
1999	\$(60,632,797)	\$244,538,110	(24.8)%	\$1,105,121,657	(5.5)%	\$1,044,488,860	(5.8)%
2000	\$(18,353,201)	\$268,635,564	(6.8)%	\$1,230,971,746	(1.5)%	\$1,212,618,545	(1.5)%
2001	\$48,980,941	\$316,793,390	15.5%	\$1,311,288,668	3.7 %	\$1,360,269,609	3.6 %
2002	\$189,347,298	\$322,007,672	58.8%	\$1,250,851,348	15.1 %	\$1,440,198,646	13.1 %

Year Ending December 31	Active Participants	Covered Payroll	Average Salary	Percent Increase
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
1990	6,626	\$171,738,189	\$25,918	4.9%*
1991	6,968	\$194,588,280	\$27,926	7.7%
1993	7,761	\$235,227,565	\$30,309	4.2%*
1995	7,190	\$221,001,903	\$30,737	0.7%*
1997	6,798	\$219,207,826	\$32,246	2.4%*
1998	6,311	\$219,326,742	\$34,753	7.8%
1999	6,512	\$244,538,110	\$37,552	8.1%
2000	6,894	\$268,635,564	\$38,967	3.8%
2001	7,713	\$316,793,390	\$41,073	5.4%
2002	7,647	\$322,007,672	\$42,109	2.5%

SCHEDULE OF ACTIVE MEMBER VALUATION DATA

* Average annual increase/(decrease) over two-year period.

SCHEDULE OF RETIRANTS AND BENEFICIARIES ADDED TO AND REMOVED FROM ROLLS

	Added to Rolls		Removed from Rolls		Rolls – End of Year			
Year Ending December 31	Number	Annual Allowances	Number	Annual Allowances	Number	Annual Allowances	% Increase in Annual Allowances	Average Annual Allowances
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
1995	279	4,787,640	88	\$1,214,255	1,654	27,032,976	16.4%*	16,344
1997	328	7,714,560	105	1,192,120	1,877	38,989,044	20.1%*	20,772
1998	243	5,409,180	25	830,604	2,095	43,567,620	5.7%	20,796
1999	259	10,757,697	57	1,152,275	2,297	53,097,238	21.9%	23,116
2000	241	5,552,629	75	1,403,412	2463	60,817,825	14.5%	24,693
2001	224	5,278,490	95	2,046,233	2,592	65,647,094	7.9%	25,327
2002	309	7,754,803	118	2,534,050	2,783	70,700,850	7.7%	25,186

* Average annual increase/(decrease) over two-year period.

SOLVENCY TEST

	Aggre						
	Active and Inactive		Active and Inactive Members		Portions of	of Accrued Liab by Reported As	
Valuation Date	Members Contributions	Retirants and Beneficiaries	(Employer Financed Portion)	Reported Assets	(5)/(2)	(5)/[(2)+(3)]	(5)/ [(2)+(3)+(4)]
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
December 31, 1995	169,715,854	281,857,452	171,400,737	707,317,679	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
December 31, 1997	157,311,099	385,407,128	289,422,057	856,422,516	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
December 31, 1998	178,757,374	442,732,833	256,327,461	952,634,480	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
December 31, 1999	230,542,295	536,835,240	277,111,325	1,105,121,657	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
December 31, 2000	221,908,346	629,257,941	361,452,258	1,230,971,746	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
December 31, 2001	248,579,180	654,307,118	457,383,311	1,311,288,668	100.0%	100.0%	96.4%
December 31, 2002	265,812,595	718,187,586	456,198,465	1,250,851,348	100.0%	100.0%	86.9%

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS
(As required by GASB #25)

Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (3) - (2)	Funded Ratio (2)/(3)	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as % of Payroll (4) / (6)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
12-31-1990	\$410.5	\$363.0	\$(38.6)	113.1%	\$171.7	(22.5)%
12-31-1991	470.7	404.4	(66.3)	116.4%	194.6	(34.1)%
12-31-1993	579.1	541.2	(37.9)	107.0%	235.2	(16.1)%
12-31-1995	707.3	623.0	(84.3)	113.5%	221.0	(38.2)%
12-31-1997	856.4	832.1	(24.3)	102.9%	219.2	(11.1)%
12-31-1998	952.6	877.8	(74.8)	108.5%	219.3	(34.1)%
12-31-1999	1,105.1	1,044.5	(60.6)	105.8%	244.5	(24.8)%
12-31-2000	1,231.0	1,212.6	(18.4)	101.5%	268.6	(6.8)%
12-31-2001	1,311.3	1,360.3	49.0	96.4%	316.8	15.5%
12-31-2002	1,250.9	1,440.2	189.3	86.9%	322.0	58.8%

Note: Dollar amounts in millions.

	Annual	
Fiscal	Required	Percentage
Year	Contribution	Contributed
(1)	(2)	(3)
1992	\$14,266,156	100.0%
1993	\$15,653,339	100.0%
1994	\$17,005,695	100.0%
1995	\$16,983,178	100.0%
1996	\$15,738,068	100.0%
1997	\$15,313,819	100.0%
1998	\$16,126,014	100.0%
1999	\$18,224,558	100.0%
2000	\$21,531,859	100.0%
2001	\$24,831,016	100.0%
2002	\$26,372,600	100.0%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS (as required by GASB #25)

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation Date	December 31, 2002	
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal	
Amortization method Level Percent of Pa		
Payroll growth rate for amortization	3.50%	
Remaining amortization period	Infinite	
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market	
Actuarial assumptions:		
Investment rate of return*	7.75%	
Projected salary increases	4.00% to 14.00%	
*Includes inflation at	3.50%	
Cost-of-living adjustments	None assumed	

A. ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

1. Investment Return Rate

7.75% per annum, compounded annually.

2. Mortality

a. Nondisabled

Rate of Decrement: 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table for males and females. No age setbacks.

b. Disabled

Mortality tables from Revenue Ruling 96-7 for males and females disabled after December 31, 1994. No age setbacks.

	Rates of Mortality						
		Nondi	isabled				
	Rate of L	Decrement	Post-Re	tirement	Disa	ıbled	
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
20	.000507	.000284	.000507	.000284	.024583	.009650	
25	.000661	.000291	.000661	.000291	.027457	.011974	
30	.000801	.000351	.000801	.000351	.030661	.014843	
35	.000851	.000478	.000851	.000478	.034184	.017654	
40	.001072	.000709	.001072	.000709	.038373	.020579	
45	.001578	.000973	.001578	.000973	.043033	.023988	
50	.002579	.001428	.002579	.001428	.048004	.027961	
55	.004425	.002294	.004425	.002294	.053120	.032594	
60	.007976	.004439	.007976	.004439	.058118	.037993	
65	.014535	.008636	.014535	.008636	.063669	.044287	
70	.023730	.013730	.023730	.013730	.073284	.051331	

3. <u>Retirement Rates</u>: The following rates of retirement are assumed for members eligible to retire.

Age	Rates of Retirement			
	Males	Females		
45 & under	35.0%	35.0%		
46	35.0%	27.5%		
47	35.0%	27.5%		
48	40.0%	27.5%		
49	45.0%	27.5%		
50	45.0%	27.5%		
51	45.0%	35.0%		
52	45.0%	35.0%		
53	45.0%	35.0%		
54	40.0%	35.0%		
55	40.0%	35.0%		
56	35.0%	30.0%		
57	35.0%	30.0%		
58	35.0%	35.0%		
59	35.0%	35.0%		
60	35.0%	40.0%		
61	35.0%	15.0%		
62	50.0%	42.5%		
63	30.0%	35.0%		
64	30.0%	25.0%		
65	45.0%	35.0%		
66	25.0%	25.0%		
67	25.0%	25.0%		
68	20.0%	25.0%		
69	20.0%	25.0%		
70 & older	100.0%	100.0%		

4. Rates of Decrement Due to Withdrawal

Males						
			Years of	Service		
Age	0	1	2	3	4	5+
25	0.2214	0.1936	0.1860	0.1568	0.1402	0.0923
30	0.2013	0.1760	0.1691	0.1425	0.1274	0.0839
35	0.1915	0.1674	0.1491	0.1171	0.1002	0.0680
40	0.1736	0.1518	0.1296	0.1008	0.0883	0.0529
45	0.1570	0.1372	0.1158	0.0925	0.0844	0.0385
50	0.1444	0.1263	0.1100	0.0912	0.0837	0.0268
55	0.1368	0.1196	0.1123	0.0958	0.0835	0.0208
60	0.1406	0.1229	0.1216	0.1053	0.0835	0.0233

	Females					
			Years of	f Service		
Age	0	1	2	3	4	5+
25	0.2181	0.2038	0.1956	0.1873	0.1281	0.1256
30	0.2118	0.1980	0.1899	0.1818	0.1233	0.1130
35	0.2105	0.1968	0.1837	0.1567	0.1079	0.0827
40	0.1939	0.1812	0.1649	0.1394	0.0990	0.0649
45	0.1728	0.1615	0.1495	0.1309	0.0990	0.0594
50	0.1454	0.1359	0.1341	0.1251	0.1004	0.0546
55	0.1399	0.1333	0.1269	0.1168	0.1067	0.0560
60	0.1478	0.1408	0.1340	0.1289	0.1238	0.0596

5. Disability Rates*

Sample rates are shown below:

	Rates of Decrement Due to Disability
Age	All Participants
20	.00014
25	.00019
30	.00031
35	.00052
40	.00092
45	.00209
50	.00379
55	.00490
60	.00911

* Rates are for disability due to all causes, occupational disability rates are assumed to be 10% of the all causes rates.

6. Rates of Salary Increase

Years of Service	Promotional Rate of Increase	Total Annual Rate of Increase Including 3.50% Inflation Component and 0.50% Productivity Component
0	10.00%	14.00%
1	8.50%	12.50%
2	6.75%	10.75%
3	4.25%	8.25%
4	3.75%	7.75%
5	2.25%	6.25%
6	1.75%	5.75%
7	1.50%	5.50%
8	1.50%	5.50%
9	1.50%	5.50%
10	1.00%	5.00%
11 - 19	0.75%	4.75%
20 or more	0.00%	4.00%

7. DROP Participation:

It was assumed that 20% of retiring active members would elect a "Back-end" DROP.

8. Married Percentage:

100% of the active members are assumed to be married. Spouses are assumed to be the same age as the member.

9. Normal Form of Payment:

It is assumed that all retiring members will elect the Life only form of payment.

10. Interest Crediting Rate on Employee Contributions:

It is assumed that the interest credit rate on employee contributions will be 6.0%.

B. ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS

The actuarial value of assets is equal to the market value of assets less a five-year phase in of the Excess (Shortfall) between expected investment return and actual income with the resulting value not being less than 80% or more than 120% of the market value of assets.

C. ACTUARIAL FUNDING METHOD

The funding period required to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is determined using the entry-age normal actuarial cost method. This method assigns the System's total actuarial present value of future benefits to various periods. The actuarial accrued liability is assigned to years prior to the valuation, the normal cost is assigned to the year following the valuation. The remaining costs are assigned to future years.

The normal cost is determined on an individual basis. The actuarial accrued liability is the difference between the total present value of future benefits and the actuarial present value of future normal costs. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is the excess of the actuarial accrued liability over the actuarial value of assets.

D. CHANGES IN ASSUMPTIONS SINCE LAST VALUATION

The following changes in assumptions were made since the previous valuation:

- The investment return assumption was lowered from 8.00% to 7.75%.
- The disabled mortality tables were changed to the more modern tables described in A.2.b.
- A separate set of retirement rates were adopted for female members of the System. These rates are generally lower than the corresponding male rates.
- The inflation component of the salary increase assumption was lowered from 4.0% to 3.5% thereby decreasing all of the individual salary increase assumptions by 0.5%.
- The DROP election assumption was decreased from 100% to 20%.
- The interest crediting rate on member contributions was decreased from 8.0% to 6.0%.

SUMMARY OF BENEFIT PROVISIONS OF THE RETIREMENT PLAN AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2002

A. <u>EFFECTIVE DATE</u>

January 1, 1941.

B. ELIGIBILITY AND PARTICIPATION

Any regular and permanent employee of the City of Austin, excluding all civil service commissioned police officers and firefighters, the Mayor and members of the City Council and all part-time employees who work less than 75 percent of a normal work week.

C. MEMBERSHIP SERVICE

The period of time during which an eligible employee pays into and keeps on deposit the contribution prescribed to be paid by the employee into the System.

D. AVERAGE FINAL COMPENSATION

The average of the monthly compensation up to \$16,666 (\$12,500 for persons who first become members after 1995), for the 36 calendar months of highest compensation during the last 120 months prior to termination.

E. MEMBER AND EMPLOYEE CONTRIBUTION RATES:

The City currently contributes 8.00% of pay for each active member. Each active member contributes 8.00% of pay. These contributions are made under a pre-tax 401(h) pick-up arrangement.

F. <u>RETIREMENT BENEFITS</u>

Normal Retirement

<u>Eligibility</u>: A participant may retire upon attaining age 62, or 23 years of service, or attaining age 55 with 20 years of service.

Monthly Benefit: 3.00% of average final compensation times years of Membership Service.

a. <u>Payment Form</u>: Benefits are paid as a monthly life annuity to the participant, with a provision that should the participant die prior to receiving monthly payments whose sum is greater than or equal to the participant's accumulated employee contributions, then the participant's beneficiary shall receive a lump sum equal to the excess of the participant's accumulated employee contributions with interest over the sum of the monthly payments received.

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2. Early Retirement

a. <u>Eligibility</u>: Currently there are no reduced retirement benefits under the plan. See Normal Retirement.

3. Optional Forms of Payment

- a. Joint and contingent annuity with either 100%, 66 2/3%, or 50% of the reduced retirement income payable for the life of the contingent annuitant upon the death of the retiring participant, with the provision that, should the contingent annuitant predecease the participant, the monthly annuity will revert to the amount that would have been payable under the normal form of payment,
- b. Period certain and life annuity with 15 years of payments guaranteed, or
- c. Life annuity with modified cash refund.
- d. Deferred Retirement Option Program. A member may elect to retroactively participate in the System's DROP (ie. a Back End DROP). The member would receive a lump sum payment equal to 90% of the sum of the monthly annuities the participant would have received if the member had retired at the DROP entry date. No COLA's are included but changes in the benefit multiplier are reflected.

G. DISABILITY RETIREMENT

- 1. <u>Eligibility</u>: If the employee is terminated by reason of a total and permanent disability which prevents the employee from engaging in any substantial gainful employment with the City. If the employee has less than ten years of service the disability must be job related.
- 2. <u>Monthly Benefit</u>: Same as Normal Retirement benefit using pay and service at date of disability.
- 3. Form of Payment: Same as Normal Retirement above.

H. VESTING OF BENEFITS

1. <u>Vesting</u>

An employee is vested according to the following schedule:

Years of	Vested
Vesting Service	Percentage
Less than 5	0%
5 or more	100%

2. Benefits Upon Vesting

A vested participant is entitled to the retirement benefit payable at normal retirement earned to the date of participant's termination multiplied by his/her vested percentage, or a refund of the employee's accumulated employee contributions with interest.

I. DEATH IN SERVICE

- 1. Eligibility: All active members.
- 2. Benefit: The amount of the benefit payable to the beneficiary is:
 - a. Employee eligible for retirement at date of death:

The surviving spouse if any may elect to receive an annuity equal to the monthly benefit as if the member had retired under the Joint and 100% Contingent Option at the end of the month in which the member died. If there is no surviving spouse then the beneficiary may elect to receive a 15 years certain and life annuity. The surviving spouse or beneficiary instead of electing the annuity may elect to receive a benefit equal to twice the member's accumulated employee contributions with interest.

b. Employee not eligible for retirement at date of death:

A benefit equal to twice the member's accumulated employee contributions with interest.

J. RETIREE LUMP-SUM DEATH BENEFIT

Upon death of a retired member a \$10,000 lump-sum death benefit is payable. This benefit is also payable upon the death of an active member eligible for retirement whose surviving spouse or beneficiary elects to receive an annuity.

K. COST-OF-LIVING ADJUSTMENT (COLA)

On January 1 of each year the Board may approve a cost-of-living increase for those retirees who retired on or before December 31 of the previous year. The maximum increase which can be approved is 6%. The amount of the increase is set by the Board. The increase is prorated for any benefit which has been in effect for less than a year, with the proration being 1/12 for each monthly payment received during the prior year.

L. <u>13th CHECK</u>

Once each year the Board may approve a 13^{th} check to be paid to those members currently in payment status. The additional check would be equal to a percentage of the member's monthly annuity with a maximum percentage of 100%.

M. LEGISLATED PLAN CHANGES ENACTED BY 1995 LEGISLATURE

1. 2.3% Multiplier

The benefit multiplier was increased from 2.2% per year of service to 2.3% per year of service effective October 1995.

2. 2.3% Retiree Gross-up

Effective October 1995, current retirees received an increase in their benefit amount to bring their retirement benefit amount up to what it would be currently if they had retired under the 2.3% multiplier.

3. \$10,000 Retiree Lump-Sum Death Benefit

The Lump-sum death benefit payable upon the death of a retiree was increased from \$2,000 to \$10,000.

4. Plan Participation Begins at Date of Hire

The six-month service requirement for participation was eliminated. Current active members were granted service for the six-month period between their date of hire and their date of participation.

N. LEGISLATED PLAN CHANGES ENACTED BY 1997 LEGISLATURE

1. <u>2.6% Multiplier</u>

The benefit multiplier was increased from 2.3% per year of service to 2.6% per year of service effective October 1997.

2. <u>2.6% Retiree Gross-up</u>

Effective October 1997, current retirees received an increase in their benefit amount to bring their retirement benefit amount up to what it would be currently if they had retired under the 2.6% multiplier.

3. Military Service Purchase

Increase the number of months of military service that may be purchased from 24 to 48.

4. <u>Noncontributory Service Purchase</u>

Allow an employee to purchase noncontributory service for the following periods of time: (1) while employee was on workers' compensation leave, (2) while employee was on an authorized leave of absence, and (3) while employee performed service for the employer in a position for which the service was not otherwise creditable. The employee pays the full actuarial cost of the service purchase.

5. Employer Purchase of Unreduced Retirement Eligibility

Allow the employer to purchase the amount of service required to qualify an employee for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 55. To be eligible for the purchase, the employee must never have been a highly compensated employee within the meaning of IRC Section 414(q). The cost of the service purchase is the full actuarial cost of both the benefit and the retirement eligibility.

O. LEGISLATED PLAN CHANGES ENACTED BY 1999 LEGISLATURE

1. 2.7% Multiplier

The benefit multiplier was increased from 2.6% per year of service to 2.7% per year of service effective October 1999.

2. <u>2.7% Retiree Gross-up</u>

Effective October 1999, current retirees received an increase in their benefit amount to bring their retirement benefit amount up to what it would be currently if they had retired under the 2.7% multiplier.

3. 23 & Out Provision

The service requirement at which a participant may retire with an unreduced retirement benefit was decreased from 25 years of credited service to 23 years of credited service.

4. Pop-Up Provisions for Joint Payment Options

The optional forms of payment which extend coverage to a joint annuitant were amended so that, should the contingent annuitant predecease the participant, the monthly annuity will revert to the amount that would have been payable under the normal form of payment.

5. <u>13th Check</u>

The Board was given the ability to make an additional payment to members in payment status in the form of a 13^{th} check. The additional payment would be a percentage of the current monthly payment with a maximum percentage of 100%.

P. BENEFIT ENHANCEMENTS ENACTED BY THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES IN 2000

1. 2.98% Multiplier

The benefit multiplier was increased from 2.7% per year of service to 2.98% per year of service effective April 2000.

2. 2.98% Retiree Gross-up

Effective April 2000, current retirees received an increase in their benefit amount to bring their retirement benefit amount up to what it would be currently if they had retired under the 2.98% multiplier.

Q. BENEFIT ENHANCEMENTS ENACTED BY THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES IN 2001

1. 3.00%Multiplier

The benefit multiplier was increased from 2.98% per year of service to 3.00% per year of service effective January 2002.

2. 3.00% Retirees Gross-up.

Effective January 2002, current retirees received an increase in their benefit amount to bring their retirement benefit amount up to what it would be currently if they had retired under the 3.00% multiplier.

3. Deferred Retirement Option Program

A "Back End" DROP was added as an optional form of retirement effective in 2002. The retiring member may elect to retroactively participate in a DROP. The member would receive a lump sum payment equal to 90% of the sum of the monthly annuities the participant would have received if the member had retired at the DROP entry date. No COLA's are included but changes in the benefit multiplier are reflected.

4. Purchase of Permissive Service Credit

A member may purchase up to five years of permissive service credit. The purchase price charged to the member is the anticipated actuarial cost to the System for the additional service.

5. Conversion of Unused Sick Leave

At retirement an employee may elect to purchase creditable service for unused sick leave. The purchase price is equal to 16.0% of the employee's highest annual rate of pay multiplied by the number of years of service conversion. An employee must already be eligible for retirement to purchase the service.

R. BENEFIT ENHANCEMENTS ENACTED BY THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES IN 2002

None

DEFINITION OF TERMS

1. Actuarial Cost Method

A method for determining the actuarial present value of future benefits and allocating such value to time periods in the form of a normal cost and an actuarial accrued liability.

2. Present Value of Future Benefits

This is computed by projecting the total future benefit cash flow from the System, using actuarial assumptions, and then discounting the cash flow to the valuation date.

3. Normal Cost

Computed differently under different actuarial cost methods, the normal cost generally represents the value of the portion of the participant's anticipated retirement, termination, and/or death and disability benefits accrued during a year.

4. Actuarial Accrued Liability

Computed differently under different actuarial cost methods. Generally actuarial accrued liability represents the value of the portion of the participant's anticipated retirement, termination, and/or death and disability benefits accrued as of the valuation date.

5. Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method

A method under which a participant's actuarial present value of future benefits is allocated on a level basis over the earnings of the participant between his/her entry into the System and his/her assumed exit.

6. Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability

The difference between total actuarial present value of future benefits over the sum of the tangible assets of the System and the actuarial present value of the members' future normal costs. The System is underfunded if the difference is positive and overfunded if the difference is negative.

7. Actuarial Value of Assets

The value of cash, investments, and other property belonging to the System, as valued by the actuary for purposes of the actuarial valuation.

DEFINITION OF TERMS (Continued)

8. Actuarial Gain or Loss

From one valuation to the next, if the experience of the plan differs from that anticipated by the actuarial assumptions, an actuarial gain or loss occurs. For example, an actuarial gain would occur if the assets in the trust had a yield of 12% based on actuarial value, while the assumed yield on the actuarial value of assets was 7.75%.

STATISTICAL TABLES

Table Number	Content of Tables	Page
17	Distribution of Active Participants by Age and Service	42
18	Distribution of Active Participants by Service and Current Rate of Pay	43
19	Average Benefit Payment Amounts	44
20	Distribution of Retired Members by Type of Benefit	45
21	Schedule of Participating Employers	46
22	Benefit Expenses by Type	47

Attained Age	0	_1	_2		_4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35 & Over	Number of Employees	Average Annual Salary
Under 25	66	70	52	22	5	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	219	25,556
25-29	145	161	124	90	55	81	2	0	0	0	0	0	658	30,828
30-34	138	159	154	127	94	231	64	2	0	0	0	0	969	35,076
35-39	91	113	133	84	85	325	169	113	8	0	0	0	1,121	40,178
40-44	98	129	126	97	84	319	244	297	105	2	0	0	1,501	44,466
45-49	73	100	106	70	72	251	237	242	145	25	0	0	1,321	46,888
50-54	46	65	73	73	43	181	191	175	118	40	8	0	1,013	48,518
55-59	33	41	47	33	32	94	118	103	63	17	8	1	590	47,236
60-64	8	17	16	13	11	41	46	30	14	4	0	1	201	45,777
65 & Over	0	3	5	3	2	9	17	7	3	3	2	0	54	40,663
All Ages	698	858	836	612	483	1,536	1,088	969	456	91	18	2	7,647	42,109

DISTRIBUTION OF ALL ACTIVE PARTICIPANTS BY AGE AND LENGTH OF SERVICE AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2001

Completed Years of Service	Number of Employees	Total Average Salary
0	698	\$33,986
1	858	34,453
2	836	37,817
3	612	37,210
4	483	39,673
5-9	1,536	42,124
10-14	1,088	47,697
15-19	969	50,576
20-24	456	51,128
25-29	91	56,743
30-34	18	54,090
35+	2	59,654
All Years	7,647	\$42,109

DISTRIBUTION OF ALL ACTIVE PARTICIPANTS BY SERVICE AND CURRENT RATE OF PAY AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2002

AVERAGE BENEFIT PAYMENT AMOUNT

Year Ending	Average Monthly Benefit Payment			
December 31, 1993	\$1,148			
December 31, 1995	\$1,362			
December 31, 1997	\$1,731			
December 31, 1998	\$1,733			
December 31, 1999	\$1,926			
December 31, 2000	\$2,058			
December 31, 2001	\$2,111			
December 31, 2002	\$2,099			

DISTRIBUTION OF RETIRED MEMBERS BY TYPE OF BENEFIT

Benefit Type	Number of Participants*
Life Only	734
100% Joint & Survivor	655
50% Joint & Survivor	159
66 2/3% Joint & Survivor	193
Level Income	247
66 2/3% Joint & Survivor Level Income	185
15 Year Certain & Life	70
Joint & 100% Survivor Level Income	199

*The counts reflect only current retired members. Beneficiaries and disabled retirees are not included.

SCHEDULE OF PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS

The City of Austin and the Austin Employees' Retirement System are the only participating employers in the plan.

Year Ending	Retiree Annuities*	Refunds	Death Benefits		
December 31, 1993	\$16,438,998	\$3,277,066	\$ 708,755		
December 31, 1994	\$20,715,787	\$4,340,500	\$ 575,988		
December 31, 1995	\$23,205,043	\$7,991,565	\$ 486,267		
December 31, 1996	\$28,179,046	\$7,854,935	\$ 822,568		
December 31, 1997	\$32,515,281	\$6,123,471	\$1,224,799		
December 31, 1998	\$42,093,743	\$6,423,115	\$ 814,121		
December 31, 1999	\$48,073,639	\$4,867,018	\$1,751,643		
December 31, 2000	\$58,111,905	\$4,945,186	\$1,184,034		
December 31, 2001	\$64,597,837	\$3,991,123	\$1,415,546		
December 31, 2002	\$70,360,017	\$3,957,964	\$928,730		

BENEFIT EXPENSES BY TYPE

*Includes lump sum payments due to DROP and PLSO elections.