

SOUTH DAKOTA RETIREMENT SYSTEM

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

A Pension Trust Fund of the State of South Dakota for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

### SDRS MISSION STATEMENT

To plan, implement and administer income replacement programs, and to encourage additional savings for retirement, all of which offer SDRS members and their families the resources and the opportunity to achieve financial security at retirement, death or disability by providing an outstanding, appropriate and equitable level of benefits.

The Board of Trustees believes this mission is achievable with the resources available in a progressive working environment, by sound and efficient management, through superior investment performance and by exercising the fiduciary responsibility associated with the proper stewardship of member assets.

### FISCAL YEAR 2013 HIGHLIGHTS

Total membership 77,103

Active contributing members 38,594

Inactive non-contributing members 15,182

> Benefit recipients 23,327

Net position restricted for pension benefits

Actuarial value of assets

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) \$8,803,761,326

Investment return—Gross of fees 19.53% 19.02%

Investment return—Net of fees

Benefits and refunds paid

Benefits paid \$ 397,620,115 Refunds paid 25,160,994

> \$ 422,781,109 Total

\$9,085,706,708

\$8,803,761,326

Contributions

Member \$ 101,678,721 **Employer** 100,376,481

> Total \$ 202,055,202

> > 100.0%

Funding period N/A

Actuarial value funded ratio

(actuarial value of assets/AAL)

Market value funded ratio 103.2% (market value of assets/AAL)



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A Pension Trust Fund of the State of South Dakota for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

Prepared by the SDRS Finance and Audit Departments

South Dakota Retirement System 222 East Capitol, Suite 8, P.O. Box 1098 Pierre, South Dakota 57501-1098



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## South Dakota Retirement System

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2012

Executive Director/CEO



## **Public Pension Coordinating Council**

# Recognition Award for Funding 2013

Presented to

## South Dakota Retirement System

In recognition of meeting professional standards for plan funding as set forth in the Public Pension Standards.

Presented by the Public Pension Coordinating Council, a confederation of

National Association of State Retirement Administrators (NASRA) National Conference on Public Employee Retirement Systems (NCPERS) National Council on Teacher Retirement (NCTR)

> Alan H. Winkle Program Administrator

alan Helinkle

## INTRODUCTION



Member's Letter Letter of Transmittal Board of Trustees Organizational Chart

#### To Our Members:

December 19, 2013

During fiscal year 2013, the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) Board of Trustees continued to focus on conservative fiscal operations, prudent benefit designs, and long-term sustainability. Based on the results of the actuarial valuation at year-end, the Board of Trustees took an unprecedented action to completely payoff the plan's unfunded liabilities. For the first time in its history, SDRS is fully funded on both a market value basis and an actuarial value basis at 103.2 percent and 100.0 percent, respectively. This exceptional achievement was realized as a result of the conservative oversight of the Board of Trustees, the outstanding long-term success of the South Dakota Investment Council, and through the on-going support of the Executive and Legislative branches of state government and the SDRS membership. SDRS continues to be one of the most financially sound public employee retirement systems in the nation.

The SDRS Trust Fund, which is managed by the South Dakota Investment Council, produced a time-weighted investment return of 19.5 percent (gross of fees) for fiscal year 2013, exceeding the investment benchmark by more than 5 percent and generating nearly \$1 billion in earnings above expectations. Beginning in fiscal year 2014, new governmental pension accounting and reporting standards will require SDRS to report investment returns net of expenses, including the inflows and outflows of the Trust Fund. The results of this new methodology, called money-weighted return, will be disclosed in the SDRS financial statements along with the time-weighted returns.

SDRS continues to be a financial engine for South Dakota. Citizens in cities and counties across our state benefit from SDRS. During the past year, over \$400 million in benefit payments were made to SDRS members and their beneficiaries. (See the Statistical Summary of this report for more details.)

SDRS continues to expand on the services provided to our membership. SDRS Retirement Planners counsel members throughout their careers and into retirement. Our seminars and workshops provide SDRS members with access to outstanding educational programs that help to prepare them for the retirement transition. In 2013, SDRS implemented financial and retirement planning workshops designed specifically for women and members in the early and mid-stages of their careers. Moving into 2014, SDRS will be introducing a pre-retirement planning workshop and a retiree forum. Through efforts such as these, SDRS strives to educate members on the overall importance of holistic retirement planning.

SDRS also continues to expand on our member communications. The *My SDRS* section of the SDRS website continues to provide secure, up-to-date information to assist members in their retirement planning efforts. An email communication service has allowed SDRS to provide subscribing members with timely updates on SDRS-related issues and legislative activities. This past year, SDRS implemented a Facebook page to engage members through social media by providing an additional opportunity to stay up-to-date on topics of importance.

As SDRS embarks on its 40<sup>th</sup> year, the financial integrity of the system and the services provided to our members will continue to be the main priorities of the SDRS Board of Trustees and staff. Thank you for your continued support in our efforts to maintain a sound system for our members and their families.

Sincerely,

Elmer Brinkman

Chair, SDRS Board of Trustees

Robert A. Wylie

Executive Director/Administrator

South Dakota Retirement System
222 East Capitol Suite 8
PO Box 1098
Pierre, South Dakota 57501-1098
Toll-Free (888) 605-SDRS
Telephone (605) 773-3731
Fax (605) 773-3949
www.sdrs.sd.gov



December 19, 2013

Board of Trustees South Dakota Retirement System Pierre, SD 57501

To the Members of the SDRS Board of Trustees:

We are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with SDRS. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of SDRS' operations.

#### Plan History

SDRS was established July 1, 1974, as a multi-employer public employee retirement system. The plan provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to over 77,000 members. The system's benefit provisions have been improved numerous times throughout this period to meet the needs of our members as shown on pages 13-15.

#### Investments

The SDRS trust fund is managed by the South Dakota Investment Council. The most important overall objective of the Investment Council is to prudently manage the SDRS assets to achieve and exceed the returns that the broad capital markets provide over the long term.

The total time-weighted investment return before deducting investment expenses for the SDRS trust fund was 19.5 percent for fiscal year (FY) 2013. The Investment Council's benchmark return was 12.7 percent for the same period. The money-weighted investment return for the SDRS trust fund after deducting investment expenses was 19.0 percent.

#### Funding and Actuarial Measures

In the 2013 actuarial valuation, two important actuarial measures were calculated to evaluate the actuarial soundness and funding progress of SDRS. They are the funded ratio and the funding period.

The actuarial accrued liability (AAL) is the present value of all benefits currently being paid and expected to be paid in the future to all members, less the present value of future normal cost contributions. Each year, an actuarial value funded ratio and a market value funded ratio are calculated. A ratio in excess of 100 percent indicates that accrued benefits are fully funded.



The Funding Period measures the length of time the fixed contributions will amortize any unfunded liabilities and meet the on-going benefit costs, interest charges, and expenses of the system. A shorter funding period results in a more favorable actuarial measure.

In 2013, the South Dakota Retirement System Board of Trustees took action to transfer funds from the cushion to the actuarial value of assets in order to eliminate the system's unfunded AAL. As a result, the unfunded AAL as of June 30, 2013 is \$0 and no funding period is applicable. SDRS is fully funded with an actuarial value funded ratio of 100.0 percent and a market value funded ratio of 103.2 percent.

Since its inception, SDRS has been funded by statutorily fixed member and employer contribution rates that historically met the actuarially determined requirements of the system. With the unfunded AAL eliminated, the portion of contributions previously assigned to pay down the unfunded AAL can now be used to build the cushion to protect the system against future unfavorable experience and enhance the system's sustainability.

#### **Major Initiatives**

SDRS staff continues to focus its efforts on educating our members of the important benefit base provided by SDRS, as well as Social Security, in achieving financial security, the many challenges retirees face, and ways to extend and enhance financial security throughout retirement. Our outreach efforts continue to expand. SDRS Retirement Planners met with nearly 3,400 members in one-on-one counseling sessions, group events, and requested visits throughout the state during fiscal year 2013. In our endeavors to provide outstanding educational programs, SDRS implemented workshops designed specifically for women and those members who are in the early and middle of their careers. In 2014, SDRS will offer a new pre-retirement planning workshop as well as a retiree forum.

SDRS also created a Facebook page to engage members through social media. While our newsletter and website continue to be the main sources for the most current SDRS information, these avenues provide additional methods of communication to our membership.

#### Accounting System and Internal Control

This report has been prepared to conform to the reporting standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The accrual basis of accounting is used to record assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned, without regard to the date of collection, and expenses are recorded when the corresponding liabilities are incurred, regardless of when payment is made. Administrative expenditure authority is granted annually by the South Dakota Legislature.

The system's internal accounting controls, which are reviewed by external auditors on an annual basis, are designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the safekeeping of assets and the reliability of financial records. The concept of reasonable assurance is based on the assumption that the cost of internal accounting controls should not exceed the benefits expected to be derived from the implementation.

This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) and should be read in conjunction with it. The SDRS MD&A can be found immediately following the Auditor's Opinion.

### **Professional Services**

The Board of Trustees retains independent consultants to perform professional services that are essential to the system's effective and efficient operation. Actuarial services are provided by Buck Consultants. The annual financial audit is conducted by the accounting firm of Eide Bailly with the participation of the South Dakota Department of Legislative Audit. SDRS investments are managed by the South Dakota Investment Council.

#### Certificate of Achievement/Public Pension Standards Award

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the South Dakota Retirement System for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such financial report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. This is the 18<sup>th</sup> year that SDRS has received a Certificate of Achievement. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The Public Pension Coordinating Council awarded the Recognition Award for Funding to the South Dakota Retirement System in recognition of meeting the professional standards for plan funding. This is the 10<sup>th</sup> year that SDRS received an award from the Public Pension Coordinating Council.

### Acknowledgments and Comments

The preparation of this report reflects the combined efforts of the SDRS staff under the direction of the Board of Trustees. It is intended to provide complete and reliable information to members of SDRS, the Governor, the South Dakota State Legislature, and the citizens of South Dakota.

Respectfully submitted,

Robert A. Wylie

Executive Director/Administrator

Jane Roberts

Chief Financial Officer



History of Benefit	Improvements	
Benefit Category	Status in 1974	Benefit Improvements
Benefit Formula  * Class A Standard	1.0%	1982 - 1.1% 1986 - 1.2% 1989 - 1.25% 1991 - 1.30% 1994 - 1.30%/1.40% (for applicable years) 1997 - 1.40% prior to 1997/1.30% thereafter 1998 - 1.475% prior to 1998/1.30% thereafter 1999 - 1.55% prior to 2000/1.30% thereafter 2000 - 1.625% prior to 2002/1.30% thereafter 2002 - 1.625% prior to 2002/1.55% thereafter 2008 - 1.7% prior to 2008/1.55% thereafter
Alternate	2.0%	1999 - 2.25% prior to 2000/2.0% thereafter 2000 - 2.325 % prior to 2002/2.0% thereafter 2002 - 2.325 % prior to 2002/2.25% thereafter 2008 - 2.4% prior to 2008/2.25% thereafter, less other public benefits
* Class B Public Safety	2.0%	1994 - 2.0%/2.10% (for applicable years) 1997 - 2.10% prior to 1997/2.0% thereafter 1998 - 2.175% prior to 1998/2.0% thereafter 1999 - 2.25% prior to 2000/2.0% thereafter 2000 - 2.325% prior to 2002/2.0% thereafter 2008 - 2.4% prior to 2008/2.0% thereafter
* Class B Judicial	3.333% / 2.0%	1994 - 3.333%/3.433% (for applicable years) 2.0%/2.10% (for applicable years) 1997 - 3.433% prior to 1997/3.333% thereafter 2.10% prior to 1997/2.0% thereafter 1998 - 3.508% prior to 1998/3.333% thereafter 2.175% prior to 1998/2.0% thereafter 1999 - 3.583% prior to 2000/3.333% thereafter 2.25% prior to 2000/2.0% thereafter 2.000 - 3.658% prior to 2002/2.0333% thereafter 2.325% prior to 2002/2.0% thereafter 2.325% prior to 2002/2.0% thereafter 2.325% prior to 2008/3.333% thereafter 2.4% prior to 2008/3.333% thereafter
Class A Retiree Benefit Formula	Variable	Standard - Alternate  1982 - 1.0% - 2.0%  1987 - 1.05% - 2.0%  1988 - 1.1% - 2.0%  1989 - 1.25% - 2.0%  1991 - 1.30% - 2.0%  1994 - 1.30%/1.40% (for applicable years) - 2.0%  1997 - 1.40% prior to 1997/1.30% thereafter - 2.0%  1998 - 1.475% prior to 1998/1.30% thereafter - 2.0%  1999 - 1.55% prior to 2000/1.30% thereafter  2.25% prior to 2000/2.0% thereafter  2.000 - 1.625% prior to 2002/1.30% thereafter  2.325% prior to 2002/1.30% thereafter  2.325% prior to 2002/2.0% thereafter  2.325% prior to 2002/2.2% thereafter  2.325% prior to 2002/2.25% thereafter  2.325% prior to 2002/2.25% thereafter
Improvement Factor	2% Simple	1978 - 2.0% compound (indexed) 1982 - 3.0% compound (indexed) 1988 - 3.0% compound 1993 - 3.1% compound 1998 - 3.1% compound 1998 - 3.1% compound and prorated for partial years 2010 - 2.1% to 3.1% compound, dependent on funded status of System and CPI

History of Benef	it Improvements (c	ontinued)
<b>Benefit Category</b>	Status in 1974	Benefit Improvements
* Class A	Early Retirement: Age 55 with 6% per year reduction	1978 - Reduction decreased to 3% per year 1986 - Rule of 85 (age 60) 1989 - Removed "at work" limitation 1991 - Rule of 85 (age 58) 1993 - Rule of 85 (age 55)
* Class B Public Safety	Early Retirement: Age 45 with 6% per year reduction	1978 - Reduction decreased to 3% per year 1982 - Early retirement age for new members: age 50 1989 - Early retirement: age 45 for all Class B Public Safety members 1991 - Age 50/25 years of service 1998 - Rule of 75 (age 45)
* Class B Judicial	Early retirement: Age 55 with 6% per year reduction	1978 - Reduction decreased to 3% per year 1990 - Rule of 80 (age 55)
Optional Spouse Coverage (no new enrollees after July 1, 2010)	1.0% of compensation	1978 - 0.8% of compensation 2004 - 1.2% of compensation 2010 - 1.5% of compensation
Final Average Compensation Caps	Last quarter cap 125% of any previous quarter; four quarter average cap 115% of any previous quarter	2004 - Last quarter cap = 115% four quarter average cap = 110% 2005 - Last quarter cap = 105% four quarter average cap = 105%
Special Pay Plan	Termination pay made directly to member with SS, SDRS, and income taxes deducted	2004 - Termination pay of \$600 or more without SS, SDRS, or income tax deductions for a terminating employee of a participating unit who is 55 or older goes to SPP
Purchasing Uncredited Service		
* Class A	Buy at 10% of compensation	1989 - Buy at 7.5% of compensation 2002 - Buy at 9% of compensation 2004 - Buy at rate dependent on age and varying from 12% to 30% of compensation
* Class B Public Safety	Buy at 12% of compensation	1978 - Buy at 16% of compensation 1982 - Current members maximum of 20% of compensation; new members 16% of compensation 1989 - Buy at 12% of compensation 2004 - Buy at rate dependent on age and varying from 16% to 40% of compensation
* Class B Judicial	Buy at 12% of compensation	1978 - Buy at 16% of compensation 1982 - Buy at maximum 20% of compensation 1989 - Buy at 13.5% of compensation 2004 - Buy at rate dependent on age and varying from 18% to 45% of compensation
Contribution Rate	50/	0000 00/
* Class A * Class B Public Safety	5% 6%	2002 - 6% 1978 - 8% 1982 - For current member increasing 1/8 of 1% to maximum of 10%; for new members 8% 1989 - 8% for all members
* Class B Judicial	6%	1978 - 8% 1982 - 1/8 of 1% to maximum of 10% 1989 - capped at 9%
Eligibility Requirements		
* Vested Retirement Benefits	- Five years of credited service that includes purchased service	1998 - Three years of credited service including purchased service 2004 - Three years of contributory service, does not include purchased service
* Disability Benefits	- Five years of credited service unless disabled in an accident at work, then no specific amount of credited service is required	1998 - Three years of credited service including purchased service 2004 - Three years of contributory service since reentry into SDRS unless disabled in an accident at work, then no specific amount of contributory service is required



<b>Benefit Category</b>	Status in 1974	Benefit Improvements
Normal Retirement Age for Class B Public Safety	Age 55	1982 - New members age 60 1989 - Age 55 for all members
Refund of Accumulated Contributions	Member contributions only	1986 - Guaranteed refund of the balance of all employer/member contributions if member dies after retirement  1995 - Portable Retirement Option (PRO) - For PRO members withdrawing prior to retirement, a refund of all or a percentage of employer/member contributions based on years of service  1998 - Portable Retirement Option (PRO) - For all members withdrawing prior to retirement, a refund of all or a percentage of employer/member contributions based on years of service  2010 - For members withdrawing prior to retirement, a refun of all member contributions and a percentage of employer contributions based on years of service and final contribution date
Interest on Accumulated Contributions	5% on member contributions only	1986 - No greater than 90% of the 91-day T-bill rate; 5% minimum, 10% maximum 2004 - No greater than 90% of the 91-day T-bill rate; maximum, the actuarially assumed rate of investment return, currently 7.75%; minimum, none
Retire/return to work		
* Normal or Special Early Retirement	- Benefits, including the COLA, paid during reemployment without adjustment - Rehired member treated as continuing member - Add-on benefit paid at reretirement considers all periods of employment	2004 - Benefits paid during reemployment but COLA eliminated (except for Class B Public Safety member who is rehired as Class A member) - Rehired member treated as new member - Add-on benefit paid at re-retirement considers reemployment period only - Retired/Rehires prior to July 1, 2004 grandfathered under current law 2010 - 3 continuous months minimum termination period - 15% benefit reduction during reemployment - Continued COLA elimination during reemployment - No 2nd SDRS benefit accrual - Member contributions to SRP/Employer contribution to SDRS
* Early Retirement	Benefits, Including the COLA suspended during reemployment     Rehired member treated as continuing member     Add-on benefit paid at reretirement considers all periods of employment	<ul> <li>2004 - Benefits, including the COLA, suspended during reemployment</li> <li>- Rehired member treated as new member</li> <li>- Add-on benefit paid at re-retirement considers reemployment period only</li> <li>2010 - Benefits, including the COLA, suspended during reemployment</li> <li>- No 2nd SDRS benefit accrual</li> <li>- Member contributions to SRP/Employer contribution to SDRS</li> </ul>
Compensation Basis for Benefit Calculations	Retirement benefit based on final average compensation (three-year average)     Disability and survivor benefits (for members who die before retirement) based on highest one-year pay	2004 - All SDRS benefits (retirement, disability, and survivor) based on final average compensation

## **BOARD OF TRUSTEES**

Chair

Elmer Represents county commissioners Brinkman Board service began in June 1991 Commissioner Codington County Watertown

Represents judicial members Justice Board service began in June 1995 Steven Zinter South Dakota Supreme Court Pierre Vice Chair

Karl Represents municipal employees Alberts Board service began in July 2011 Finance Officer City of Aberdeen

Aberdeen

Steven Represents teachers

Caron Board service began in July 2009 Public school teacher Aberdeen Central

Aberdeen Matt Represents South Dakota Investment Council Clark Board service began in January 2005 State Investment Officer

Non-voting ex-officio board member Sioux Falls

Jason Governor's appointee

Dilges Board service began in November 2004 Commissioner Bureau of Finance and Management Pierre

Jilena Represents classified employees Faith Board service began in September 2012 **Human Resources Generalist** South Dakota State University **Brookings** 

Laurie Represents state employees Gustafson Board service began in July 2005 Labor law compliance officer Department of Transportation Pierre

James O. Represents retirees

Hansen Board service began in July 1993 Retired administrator

Pierre

James Represents public safety members Johns Board service began in July 2006 Captain

City of Rapid City Black Hawk

Represents Board of Regents employees Louise Board service began in July 1990 Loban Assistant Director of Human Resources South Dakota State University Volga

> Represents teachers Bonnie Board service began in July 2010 Mehlbrech Public school teacher Sioux Falls Schools Sioux Falls

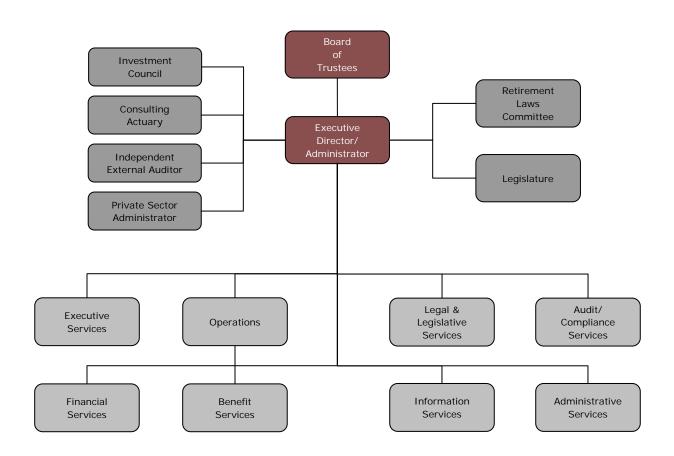
Represents school boards David Board service began in September 2010 Merrill Member Plankinton School Board Plankinton

Represents elected municipal officials Kent Board service began in July 2010 Osborne City Commissioner City of Vermillion Vermillion

Represents county employees Kathy "K.J." Board service began in July 1997 Peterson Chief deputy auditor Pennington County Rapid City

Represents state employees Eric Board service began in July 2004 Stroeder Engineering supervisor Department of Transportation Glenham

Governor's appointee Sandra Board service began in May 1995 Zinter Commissioner South Dakota Bureau of **Human Resources** Pierre



#### **Administration**

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR/ Robert A. Wylie ADMINISTRATOR

EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT Dawn Smith

#### **Management Group**

DIRECTOR OF OPERATIONS Damian Prunty

GENERAL COUNSEL Jacquelyn Storm

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER Jane Roberts

BENEFITS/MEMBER SERVICES Travis W. Almond

**MANAGER** 

INTERNAL AUDIT/ Susan Jahraus

COMPLIANCE MANAGER

ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES Lisa A. Vander Maten

MANAGER

#### Advisors, Auditors, and Administrators

CONSULTING ACTUARY Buck Consultants, Inc.

Denver, CO

EXTERNAL AUDITOR Eide Bailly LLP

Boise, ID

PRIVATE SECTOR Nationwide Retirement Solutions

ADMINISTRATOR Columbus, OH

RETIREMENT CONSULTANT R. Paul Schrader

Denver, CO

INFORMATION SERVICES/ S. Lee Huset (BIT)

COMPUTER SUPPORT Pierre, SD

Donelle Samuelson (BIT)

Pierre, SD

Scott Schroeder (BIT)

Pierre, SD

## FINANCIAL SUMMARY



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Management's Discussion and Analysis
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#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Trustees South Dakota Retirement System Pierre, South Dakota

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), which comprise the statement of plan net position as of June 30, 2013, and the related statement of changes in plan net position, for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective statement of the plan net position of the South Dakota Retirement System, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective statement of changes in plan net position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, the financial statements include investments valued at \$2,704,546,343 (29.8% of net position) whose carrying values have been estimated by management in the absence of readily determinable fair values. Management's estimates are based on information provided by the fund managers or the general partners.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information on pages 21-24 and 34 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the SDRS's basic financial statements as a whole.

The additional supplementary information accompanying financial information listed as supplemental schedules in the table of contents are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying financial information listed as supplemental schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 07, 2013, on our consideration of the SDRS's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering SDRS's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sally LLP November 07, 2013

Boise, Idaho

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section presents management's discussion and analysis of the South Dakota Retirement System's (SDRS or the System) financial position and performance as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013. This section is intended to supplement the SDRS financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the remainder of the SDRS financial statements.

- The plan net position of SDRS increased by \$1.2 billion during fiscal year 2013. This increase was primarily due to the investment performance of 19.53 percent, which was significantly above the assumed rate of 7.25 percent.
- SDRS funded ratio increased to 100.0 percent in 2013 from 92.6 percent in 2012.
- SDRS paid \$397.6 million to benefit recipients in fiscal year 2013 compared to \$371.4 million in 2012. SDRS received \$202.1 million in member and employer contributions in fiscal year 2013 compared to \$199.4 million in 2012.

The basic financial statements consist of:

#### **Financial Statements**

The System presents the statement of the plan net position as of June 30, 2013, and the statement of changes in plan net position for the year then ended. These statements reflect resources available for the payment of benefits as of the year-end and sources and uses of those funds during the year.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements and provide additional detailed information and schedules. Information in the notes provides disclosures concerning SDRS's organization, contributions and reserves, investments, the use of derivatives and securities lending, and other information.

#### **Supplemental Information**

In addition to this discussion and analysis, the supplemental information also consists of two schedules of trend data and related notes concerning the funded status of SDRS and employer contributions.

Other supplementary schedules include detailed information on administrative expenses incurred by SDRS and a breakout of investment manager fees.

SDRS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system. SDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits for employees of the state of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The benefits are funded through member and employer contributions and investment income.

SDRS benefits are based on the members' final average compensation, their years of credited service, and a benefit multiplier and are payable for life with a 60 percent survivor benefit.

**Financial Highlights** 

Overview of the Financial Statements and Accompanying Information

**Financial Analysis** 

#### Summary of Plan Net Position June 30, 2013 and 2012

A summary of the plan net position is shown below:

Assets	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,347,578	\$ 4,334,563
Receivables	51,026,767	24,808,359
Investments, at fair value	9,122,724,043	7,868,732,360
Other assets	26,442	22,720
Due from brokers—futures transactions	1,870,102	
Total assets	\$9,181,994,932	\$7,897,898,002
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 2,232,483	\$ 2,087,340
Securities sold, but not yet purchased	55,977,321	46,263,220
Unsettled investment purchases	38,078,420	6,711,319
Due to brokers—futures transactions		311,882
Total liabilities	\$ 96,288,224	\$ 55,373,761
Net position restricted for pension benefits	\$9 085 706 708	\$7 842 524 241

#### **Funded Ratio**

The funded ratio is an actuarial measure of funding progress and soundness for SDRS based on the actuarial accrued liability measurement of liabilities. The ratio is equal to the actuarial value of assets divided by the actuarial accrued liabilities. A ratio in excess of 100 percent would indicate that the actuarial accrued liability is fully funded.

The actuarial value of assets is equal to the net actuarial value of assets plus the reserve of funding of long-term benefit goals. The net actuarial value of assets is credited each year with the assumed rate of investment return and debited or credited with the SDRS liability gain or loss for the year. The resulting actuarial value of assists is constrained to a range of 80 percent to 120 percent of the market value of assets, and the reserve for funding of long-term benefit goals is adjusted if these limits apply.

The actuarial accrued liability is the present value of all benefits currently being paid and expected to be paid in the future, to all members, less the present value of future normal cost contributions.

#### **Actuarial Accrued Liability Funded Ratio**

	2013	2012	Change
Funded ratio	100.0%	92.6%	7.4%

## Change in Plan Net Position

Additions to the plan net position include member and employer contributions and net investment income. The fixed member and employer contribution rates are established by law. On an annual basis, an independent actuarial valuation of SDRS is made to determine the adequacy of the fixed contribution rates to pay the normal cost of benefits, expenses, and amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. In addition to the fixed contributions, members and employers may make additional contributions to purchase uncredited prior service. These purchase or acquisition payments are also included as contributions. As the SDRS membership ages, the number and amount of purchases have grown.



Income from investments is the other primary source of revenue for SDRS. The actuarial assumed investment rate is 7.25 percent at June 30, 2013. The investment returns were 19.53 percent for 2013 and 1.91 percent for 2012.

Deductions from plan net position are primarily benefit payments. During 2013, SDRS paid \$397.6 million to benefit recipients or 7.1 percent more than 2012. The increase is due to added recipients and the annual 3.1 percent cost-of-living adjustment. Refunds of accumulated contributions during 2013 decreased 3.0 percent. Administrative costs of SDRS represent less than 0.04 percent of plan net position.

A summary of the changes in plan net position is shown below:

	2013		2012	% Change
\$	101,678,721	\$	100,484,113	1.2%
	100,376,481		98,866,649	1.5
	1,467,497,091		107,541,250	59.8
	1,669,552,293		306,892,012	50.4
	397,620,115		371,417,148	7.1
	25,160,994		25,942,146	(3.0)
	3,588,717		3,277,973	9.5
	426,369,826		400,637,267	<u>6.4</u>
	1,243,182,467		(93,745,255)	69.8
	7,842,524,241		7,936,269,496	(1.2)
9	59,085,706,708	\$	7,842,524,241	<u>15.9%</u>
		\$ 101,678,721 100,376,481 1,467,497,091 1,669,552,293 397,620,115 25,160,994 3,588,717 426,369,826 1,243,182,467	\$ 101,678,721 \$ 100,376,481	\$ 101,678,721 \$ 100,484,113 100,376,481 98,866,649 1,467,497,091 107,541,250 1,669,552,293 306,892,012 397,620,115 371,417,148 25,160,994 25,942,146 3,588,717 3,277,973 426,369,826 400,637,267 1,243,182,467 (93,745,255) 7,842,524,241 7,936,269,496

SDRS investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council. The South Dakota Investment Office is the primary investment manager, but the Investment Council may utilize the services of external money managers.

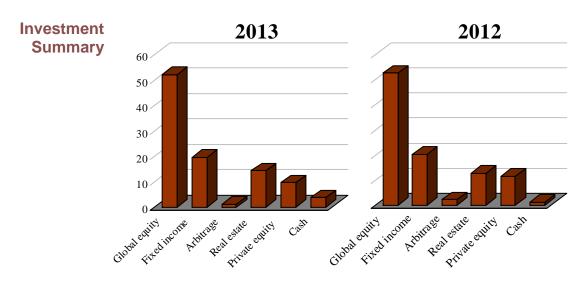
Investment performance during 2013 and 2012 was 19.53 percent and 1.91 percent, respectively.

The Investment Council is governed by the prudent-man standard, as defined in South Dakota Codified Law §4-5-27:

§4-5-27. Prudent-man standard required in investments. Any investments under the provisions of §4-5-12 to §4-5-39, inclusive, shall be made with the exercise of that degree of judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercise in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived.

Investments

Though monthly benefit payments exceed monthly contributions, the SDRS is not subject to sudden, substantial, and unexpected withdrawals. As a result, it is not necessary to maintain a high percentage of assets in short-term investments unless that is deemed to be the best investment strategy. This allows the SDRS trust fund to be fully invested in a diversified portfolio of securities.



#### **Plan Status**

While the markets have not always made it possible to achieve the long-term assumptions, the System's funding remains solid. The reserve for long-term benefit goals has provided a process for both improving benefits and protecting the System in down markets.

## Requests for Information

Requests for information about SDRS may be directed to the South Dakota Retirement System at P.O. Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501. You may also contact SDRS online at www.sdrs.sd.gov.

## BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Assets Cash and cash	equivalents	\$6,347,578	Statement of Plan Net Position June 30, 2013
Receivables:			Julie 30, 2013
	Employer	2,223,068	
	Employee	2,594,082	
	Benefits	61,924	
	Unsettled investment sales	27,806,373	
	Accrued interest and dividends	18,341,320	
Tot	al receivables	51,026,767	
Inve	estments, at fair value:		
	Fixed income	1,958,995,995	
	Equities	5,020,038,052	
	Real estate	1,284,334,590	
	Private equity	<u>859,355,406</u>	
Tot	al investments, at fair value	9,122,724,043	
Due	e from brokers—futures transactions	<u>1,870,102</u>	
Property, at co	St (net of accumulated depreciation of \$10,643)	<u>5,258</u>	
Other assets		<u>21,184</u>	
<b>Total assets</b>		9,181,994,932	
Liabilities			
Accounts paya	ble and accrued expenses	2,232,483	
Securities sold	, but not yet purchased, at fair value	55,977,321	
Unsettled inve	stment purchases	38,078,420	
<b>Total liabilities</b>		96,288,224	
Net position rest	tricted for pension benefits	<u>\$9,085,706,708</u>	

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

#### Statement of Changes in Plan Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2013

#### Additions

Contributions:	
Employee	\$101,678,721
Employer	100,376,481
Total contributions	\$202,055,202
Investment income:	
From investing activities:	
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	1,278,299,836
Interest	74,193,432
Dividends	126,514,828
Real estate	23,274,159
Investment activity income	1,502,282,255
Less investment activity expenses	(35,665,820)
Net investment activity income	1,466,616,435
From security lending activities:	
Security lending income	1,258,076
Security lending expenses	(377,420)
, a g . F	880,656
Total additions	1,669,552,293
Deductions	
Benefits	397,620,115
Refunds of contributions	25,160,994
Administrative expenses	3,588,717
Total deductions	426,369,826
Total actacions	<u>_120,307,020</u>
Net change in plan net position	1,243,182,467
Net position restricted for pension benefits	
Beginning of year	7,842,524,241
End of year	<u>\$9,085,706,708</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.



#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### 1. General Description of the System

The South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS or the System) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS) established to provide retirement benefits for employees of the state of South Dakota (the State) and its political subdivisions. Members of SDRS include full-time employees of public schools, the State, the Board of Regents, city and county governments, and other public entities. Public schools, cities, and counties may choose not to include certain full-time employees in the System.

SDRS is considered a part of the State financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. Authority for establishing, administering, and amending plan provisions is found in South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 3-12

The South Dakota Retirement System Board of Trustees (the Board) is the governing authority of SDRS. The Board consists of 14 elected representatives from participating groups, two appointees of the governor, and an ex-officio nonvoting representative of the South Dakota Investment Council. The elected representatives of the Board are two teacher members; two State employee members; a participating municipality member; a participating county member; a participating classified employee member; a justice, judge, or magistrate judge; a current contributing Class B member other than a justice, judge, or magistrate judge; a county commissioner of a participating county; a school district board member; an elected municipal official of a participating municipality; a retiree; and a faculty or administrative member employed by the Board of Regents. The two Governor's appointees consist of one head of a principal department established pursuant to SDCL 1-32-2, or one head of a bureau under the office of executive management and one individual from the private or public sector.

SDRS is a hybrid defined benefit plan designed with several defined contribution plan type provisions. The system includes two classes of members: Class A-general members and Class B-public safety and judicial members. Members and their employers make matching contributions, which are defined in State statute. SDRS may expend up to 3 percent of the annual contributions for administrative expenses subject to approval by the executive and legislative branches of the State.

SDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of contributory service. Class A members and Class B judicial members who retire after age 65 with three years of service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 55 for Class A members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 85 or after age 55 for Class B judicial members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 80. Class B public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age

55 with three years of contributory service. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 45 for Class B public safety members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 75. All retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level.

The annual increase in the amount of the SDRS benefits payable on each July 1st is indexed to CPI and based on the SDRS funded status:

- If the SDRS market value funded ratio is 100 percent or more—3.1 percent COLA
- If the SDRS market value funded ration is 80.0 percent to 99.9 percent, index with the CPI
  - \* 90.0 to 99.9 percent funded—2.1 percent minimum and 2.8 percent maximum COLA
  - 80.0 to 90.0 percent funded—2.1 percent minimum and 2.4 percent maximum COLA
- If the SDRS market value funded ratio is less than 80 percent—2.1 percent COLA

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment.

SDRS is a qualified defined benefit retirement plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and is exempt from federal income taxes. SDRS last received a favorable determination letter dated July 3, 2012, in which the Internal Revenue Service stated that the System, as then designated, was in compliance with the applicable requirements of the Internal Revenue Code. SDRS believes that the system currently is designed and being operated in compliance with the applicable requirements of the Internal Revenue Code, and therefore, SDRS continues to be tax-exempt as of June 30, 2013. Therefore, no provision for income taxes has been included in SDRS' financial statements.

SDRS is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. SDRS participates in the various programs administered by the State. These risk management programs are funded through assessments charged to participating entities. The risk management programs include (1) coverage for risks associated with automobile liability and general tort liability (including public officials' errors and omissions liability, medical malpractice liability, law enforcement liability, and products liability) through the State's Public Entity Pool for Liability Fund, (2) coverage of employee medical claims through the State's health insurance program, (3) coverage for unemployment benefits through the State's Unemployment Insurance Fund, and, (4) coverage for workers' compensation benefits through the State's Workers' Compensation Fund. Financial information relative to the self-insurance funds administered by the State is presented in the State of South Dakota Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As of June 30, 2013, the number of participating governmental employers is as follows:

School districts	166
State of South Dakota	1
Board of Regents	1
Municipalities	154
Counties	64
Boards and commissions	<u>88</u>
Total employers	<u>474</u>

At June 30, 2013, SDRS membership consists of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits:	
Class A (general employees)	21,946
E I J	
Class B (public safety and judicial employees)	<u>1,381</u>
Total retirees and beneficiaries	23,327
Terminated members entitled to benefits	
but not yet receiving them:	
Class A (general employees)	14,525
Class B (public safety and judicial employees)	657
Total terminated members	15,182
Current active members:	
Vested:	
Class A (general employees)	28,649
Class B (public safety and judicial employees)	2,091
Non-vested:	
Class A (general employees)	7,189
Class B (public safety and judicial employees)	665
Total current active members	38,594
Grand total	77,103

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (a) Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental accounting for a pension trust fund. Employee and employer contributions are recognized when due pursuant to formal commitment, as well as statutory requirements. Pension benefit payments are due the first day of the month following the retirement of a member, and the first of each month thereafter. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

#### (b) Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. The fair value of investments in securities is determined based on last reported prices for those securities traded on national and international stock exchanges. In general, fixed income securities not traded on a national or international exchange are valued based on comparable securities of issuers with similar yield and risk. The value of foreign securities in foreign currency amounts is

expressed in U.S. dollars at the closing daily rate of exchange. Purchases and sales are recorded as of the trade date.

Alternative investments consist of investments in a variety of markets and industries through partnerships, corporate entities, co-investments, and other investment vehicles. For alternative investments where no readily ascertainable market value exists, management, in consultation with their investment advisors, values these investments in good faith based upon the investment's current financial statements or other information provided by the underlying investment advisor. For all of these alternative investments, SDRS has determined that net asset value reported by the underlying fund approximates the fair value of the investment. These fair value estimates are, by their nature, subjective and based on judgment. These alternative investments were valued at \$2,704,546,343 (29.8% of net position) at June 30, 2013. The estimated fair value of these investments may differ significantly from values that would have been used had a ready market existed.

Foreign exchange rate gains and losses are included with the net appreciation in fair value in investments. Futures contracts are market to market based on quoted futures prices with changes in fair value reflected in the current period.

Interest is accrued in the period in which it is earned and dividend income is recorded on the ex-dividend date.

#### (c) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the plan administrator to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and changes therein. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 3. Contributions and Reserves

#### (a) Contributions

Covered employees are required by statute to contribute a percentage of their salary to SDRS as follows:

Class A members—6 percent of salary Class B Judicial members—9 percent of salary Class B Public Safety members—8 percent of salary

All participating employers are required to contribute an amount equal to the members' contributions. Members may make an additional contribution of 1.5 percent of compensation for optional spouse coverage (closed to new enrollees after July 1, 2010).



SDRS is funded by fixed member and employer contributions at a rate established by South Dakota law. On an annual basis, an independent actuarial valuation of SDRS is performed to determine the adequacy of the fixed contributions to pay the normal costs, expenses, and amortize the frozen unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL). The June 30, 2013, actuarial valuation of the plan determined that the System is fully funded and that the statutorily required employer contributions meet the requirements for the annual required contributions of the employers under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans; and the statutorily required employer contributions are sufficient to pay the employer normal cost and expenses. Annual required contributions of the employers equal to the statutorily required contributions have been listed below pursuant to GASB Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers.

Year ending June 30	<b>Employer</b>	% Contributed
2013	\$100,376,481	100
2012	98,866,649	100
2011	98,624,737	100
2010	96,914,192	100
2009	94,244,915	91

Contributions during fiscal year 2013 totaling \$202,055,202 (\$101,678,721 employee and \$100,376,481 employer) were made in accordance with statutory rates. These contributions represent 100 percent of current year covered payroll for all participating units. The employee contributions exceed the employer contributions because of optional spouse coverage contributions and employee service purchase payments.

SDRS allows participating entities to pay their deferred contributions for funding of accrued benefits over periods of up to 20 years and members to pay for the purchase of certain prior service over periods of up to 10 years. Interest is charged at rates of 5 percent to 8 percent.

Future payments will be received as follows:

Year ending June 30	<b>Employees</b>
2014	\$231,192
2015	56,410
2016	43,734
2017	30,976
2018	7,605
Later	6,144
Deferred contributions receivable	
at June 30, 2013	<u>\$376,061</u>

#### (b) Reserves

The reserve for funding of long-term benefit goals is designed to fund benefit improvements and provide the plan with protection against adverse experience. The reserve for funding of long-term benefits goals is equal to the cumulative amounts credited or debited annually based on the immediate recognition of actuarial investment losses, the five-year recognition of actuarial investment gains, and the five-year recognition of SDRS

liability gains or losses, less reductions described below. If benefit improvements are enacted into law and funded from the reserve for funding of long-term benefit goals, the reserve for funding of long-term benefit goals is reduced by the present value of all benefits for those improvements. The reserve for funding of long-term benefit goals may also be reduced to offset unfavorable experience or to meet the funding objectives of SDRS as established by the Board of Trustees. As of June 30, 2013, the balance in the reserve for funding of long-term benefit goals is \$1,106 million). The reserve will increase by net gains of \$1,303 million that will be recognized in the reserve for funding of long-term benefit goals over the next four years.

#### 4. Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 100.0 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$8.8 billion, and the actuarial value of assets was \$8.8 billion, resulting in an UAAL of \$0. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$1.6 billion, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 0.0 percent.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements on page 34, present multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

In the June 30, 2013, actuarial valuation, the entry age frozen UAAL method was used. The actuarial assumptions included (a) investment rate of return of 7.25 percent for four years and 7.5 percent thereafter, and (b) projected salary increases ranging from 3.75 percent to 5.83 percent. Both (a) and (b) include the inflation component of 3.25 percent. The actuarial value of assets was determined by increasing or decreasing prior year assets with net actual cash flow (increasing by contributions and decreasing by benefit payments and expenses) and crediting it with the assumed rate of investment return. The actuarial value of assets is also debited/credited with liability gains/losses for the year and constrained to a range of 80 percent to 120 percent of market value of assets. In addition, for the June 30, 2013 valuation, \$634 million was transferred from the cushion to the actuarial value of assets to eliminate the UAAL in accordance with the Board of Trustees funding policy objectives. As a result, the UAAL is \$0 as of June 30, 2013.

#### 5. Cash and Investments

Cash and Deposits

Cash and cash equivalents are held by the State Treasurer and were invested in the State's pooled investment fund. Investments in the State's pooled investment fund consist primarily of short-term U.S. Treasury and Agency obligations, short-term US Corporate securities, bank certificates of deposit, and money market funds.

The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are held in the possession of an outside party. SDRS has no formal deposit policy specific to custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2013, SDRS has bank balances in various foreign currencies. These deposits are not collateralized or covered by depository insurance. As a result, \$11,463,635 was exposed to custodial credit risk, which is recorded in investments in the statement of plan net position.

#### Investments

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). Below is a detail of the investment balances and amounts managed by the respective fund managers:

	Cost	Fair Value
State of South Dakota Investment Council	\$5,147,977,583	\$6,120,819,618
Sanders Capital	27,811,527	33,619,962
Blackstone Real Estate Partners	859,629,666	1,138,390,846
Rockport RE IV	15,509,890	19,183,471
Starwood RE IX	10,446,662	12,329,122
Cargill North American Real Estate Partners	45,403,232	29,543,771
CINVIN	88,046,337	98,477,588
Pinebridge	7,104,045	4,806,821
CVI Global Value Fund	85,430,213	95,414,971
CVI Specialized Ventures Fund	5,739,053	4,219,638
TCW Opp MBS Strategy	400,270,767	447,837,677
PIMCO Distressed Mtg Fund II	145,993	116,245
Blackstone Credit Liquidity	2,431,587	1,360,337
Sanders All Asset Value	17,206,955	19,693,158
Silver Lake Partners LP	113,015,546	125,841,530
KKR Associates	42,507,636	42,500,790
Cypress Merchant Banking Partners LP	5,815,153	4,711,980
Capital International	31,394,546	31,651,050
Apollo Real Estate Advisors LP	27,975,441	17,144,353
Bridgewater Pure Alpha Fund II	36,510,303	72,183,617
Dimensional Fund Advisors, Inc.	8,918,381	44,964,081
Blackstone Private Equity	216,325,450	264,217,264
Doughty Hanson & Co. Private Equity IV	66,295,329	86,422,923
Brandes Global Mid-Cap	42,787,090	47,228,870
Doughty Hanson & Co. European Real Estate	34,466,858	19,609,719
CVC	57,465,992	68,283,859
Carlyle	40,666,530	58,353,533
Riverstone	46,174,492	57,289,887
GE Asset Management	92,730,000	91,575,887
Elevation Partners	12,113,359	13,122,570
Crossroads Investment Advisors LP	5,175,182	3,213,149
Lonestar Real Estate	44,195,123	48,133,308
DLJ Merchant Banking Partners LP	388,412	351,448
Total investments	7,638,074,333	9,122,724,043
Securities sold, but not yet purchased	(46,243,682)	(55,977,321)
Total	\$7,591,830,651	\$9,066,746,722

#### (a) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The SDRS's investment grade fixed income portfolio's duration must fall between 70 percent and 130 percent of the duration of the Citigroup Broad Investment Grade (BIG) Index. The SDRS's internally managed high-yield fixed income portfolio's

duration must fall between 85 percent and 115 percent of the Citigroup High-Yield Cash Pay Capped Index durations. Modified duration estimates the sensitivity of a bond's price to interest rate changes. The durations of the various investment types are listed in the following table:

<u>Investment type</u>	Fair value	<b>Duration</b>
U.S. Treasuries	\$128,778,875	6.46
U.S. Treasury strips	43,759,723	9.99
U.S. Treasury Bills	21,998,033	0.22
U.S. agencies	57,189,922	4.57
U.S. Treasury Inflation		
Protected Securities	1,788,964	1.54
Investment grade corporates	362,652,463	4.12
High-yield corporates	173,142,638	3.61
Agency Mortgage-backed		
securities	319,135,372	4.97
Nonagency mortgage-backed		
securities	432,959,133	0.58
Total	<u>\$1,541,405,123</u>	3.56

The SDRS fixed income portfolios invest in mortgage-backed securities. These securities are sensitive to prepayments by mortgagees, which is likely in declining interest rate environments, thereby reducing the value of these securities. The SDIC invests in mortgage-backed securities to diversify the portfolio and increase the return while minimizing the extent of risk.

#### (b) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations to SDRS. SDIC sets the investment policy annually for the SDRS. This policy establishes the average percentage invested in each asset category and the fund allocation range that each asset category can vary during the fiscal year. As of June 30, 2013, the portfolios held the following investments, excluding those issued by or explicitly guaranteed by the U. S. government, which are not considered to have credit risk. The investments are grouped as rated by Moody's Investors Service.

Moody's rating	<u>Fair value</u>
Aaa	\$455,191,398
Aa	65,109,899
A	109,951,973
Baa	185,672,773
Ba	63,826,051
В	112,753,649
Caa	177,326,685
Ca	134,336,808
Not rated	111,006,279
Total	\$1.415.175.515

#### (c) Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be attributed to the magnitude of SDRS' investment in a single issuer. SDRS does not have guidelines to limit its investments in any particular investment. SDRS does not have investments in any one issuer which represent 5 percent or more of the total fair value of investment as of June 30, 2013 (excluding



those issued by or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government).

#### (d) Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely impact the fair value of an investment. SDRS's exposure to foreign currency risk derives from its positions in foreign currency and foreign-currency-denominated equity and fixed income investments. SDRS does not hedge foreign currency back to U.S. dollars (to match the unhedged benchmark), but does allow hedging under certain circumstances, when deemed appropriate. The portfolio's exposure to foreign currency risk at June 30, 2013, is as follows (in U.S. dollar fair value):

Currency	Equities	Fixed income	Cash	<u>Total</u>
Australian Dollar	\$10,120,137	_	\$238,414	\$10,358,551
Brazilian Real	1,868,540	_	_	1,868,540
British Pound	268,094,206	_	4,921,610	273,015,816
Canadian Dollar	65,137,338	_	348,679	65,486,017
Danish Krone	8,309,828	_	29,487	8,339,315
Euro	312,773,012	_	2,951,241	315,724,253
Hong Kong Dollar	2,936,526	_	48,988	2,985,514
Hungarian Forint	862,698	_	70,679	933,377
Japanese Yen	181,140,594	_	1,777,749	182,918,343
Korean Won	30,820,966	_	1,749	30,822,715
Norwegian Krone	1,463,303	_	1,061,893	2,525,196
Singapore Dollar	675,895	_	4,258	680,153
Swedish Krona	478,789	_	_	478,789
Swiss Franc	247,808,331		8,887	247,817,218
Total fair value	\$1,132,490,163		<u>\$11,463,634</u>	\$1,143,953,797

Investments with limited partnerships and certain global equity investments with external managers, which are not included in the table above, may expose SDRS's portfolio to additional foreign currency risk. The total fair value of investments in real estate and private equity limited partnerships as of June 30, 2013, was \$2,143,689,981. The total fair value of global equity, hedge fund, and distressed and high-yield fixed income investments managed by external managers was \$217,388,801, \$91,876,775, and \$101,111,191 respectively.

#### (e) Return on Investments

During fiscal year 2013, SDRS's investments (including investments bought and sold, as well as held during the year) appreciated in value by \$1,278,299,836.

The calculation of realized gains and losses is independent of a calculation of the net change in the fair value of investments. Realized gains and losses on investments that had been held in more than one fiscal year and sold in the current year were included as a change in the fair value of investments reported in the prior years and current year.

#### **Change in Fair Value of Investments**

Appreciation in fair value of investments:	
Equities	\$758,352,700
Fixed income	28,978,913
Real estate	149,734,376
Private equity	21,322,708
Commodities	(273,090)
Change in accrued income	471,140
Total increase in fair value	958,856,747
Realized gain (loss) on investments:	
Equities	151,296,168
Fixed income	71,670,839
Real estate	13,702,791
Private equity	83,439,851
Commodities	665,596
Total net realized gains	320,775,245
Futures—change in unrealized gain (loss)	1,913,939
Futures—realized gain (loss)	_(2,966,477)
Net loss on futures	(1,052,538)
Net appreciation in investments	\$1,278,309,454

#### (f) Securities Lending

State statutes and the SDRS policies permit the use of investments for securities lending transactions. These transactions involve the lending of corporate debt, foreign equity securities, and domestic equity securities to brokerdealers for collateral in the form of securities, with the simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future. The SDRS's securities custodian is an agent in lending securities and shall accept only U.S. government securities or its agencies as collateral for any loan or loaned securities. The collateral required must equal 102 percent of fair value plus accrued interest for corporate debt securities, 102 percent of fair value of U.S. equity securities, and 105 percent of fair value for foreign securities except in the case of loans of foreign securities, which are denominated and payable in U.S. dollars, in which event the collateral required is 102 percent of fair value. The earnings generated from the collateral investments result in the gross earnings from lending activities, which is then split on a percentage basis with the lending agent.

The fair value of securities on loan as of June 30, 2013 was \$43,777,748 and the collateral held on the same date was \$46,309,192. The SDRS has no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts the SDRS owes the borrowers exceed the amounts the borrowers owe the SDRS. The contract with the lending agent requires the agent to indemnify the SDRS if the borrowers fail to return the loaned securities and the collateral is inadequate to replace the securities lent..

All securities loans can be terminated on demand by either the SDRS or the borrower. The SDRS does not have the ability to pledge or sell collateral securities unless the borrower defaults; therefore, no asset and corresponding liability for the collateral value of securities received has been established on the statement of plan net position. Regarding restrictions on loans, the securities lending agreement does limit the total value of securities that can be out on loan on any given day.

#### (g) Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. SDRS securities lending policies are detailed in the preceding Securities Lending section. As of June 30, 2013, the SDRS does not have custodial credit risk with regard to the security lending collateral.

#### 6. Derivatives

Derivatives are generally defined as contracts whose values depend on, or derive from, the value of an underlying asset, reference rate, or index. SDRS is exposed to various derivative products through the investment management of the SDIC and its external managers. All of the SDRS' derivatives are classified as investment derivatives.

#### **Futures Contracts**

A futures contract is a contract to buy or sell units of an index or financial instrument at a specified future date at a price agreed upon when the contract is originated. The SDIC purchases and sells futures contracts as a means of adjusting the SDRS portfolio mix at a lower transaction cost than the transactions, which would otherwise occur in the underlying portfolios. During fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, S&P 500 futures and 10-year U.S. Treasury note futures were utilized. Upon entering into such a contract, the SDRS pledges to the broker cash or U.S. government securities equal to the minimum initial margin requirement of the futures exchange. Additionally, SDRS receives or pays a daily variation margin, which is an amount of cash equal to the daily fluctuation in value of the contract. The pending variation margin at June 30, 2013 of \$1,870,102 is presented in the statement of plan net position as "Due from brokers—futures transactions." The change in fair value of the futures contracts is presented in the statement of changes in plan net position as "Net appreciation in fair value of investments." The net change in fair value from futures contracts for fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, was \$1,052,538. Futures contract positions at June 30, 2013, were as follows:

	Open	Number of	Notional	Fair	
Description	position	contracts	contract size	value	
U.S. Treasury note due	_		100,000 par value 6%, 10		
September 2013	Long	1,525	year U.S. Treasury note	\$193,007,813	
S&P 500 Index due					
September 2013	Short	(1,090)		\$(435,809,250)	

#### Foreign Currency Forward Contracts

The SDIC enters into foreign exchange forward contracts for SDRS to manage foreign currency exposure, as permitted by portfolio policies. The fair values of the contracts are presented in the Statement of Plan Net Position as Investments, at fair value—Equities. The change in fair value of the forward contracts is presented in the Statement of Changes in Plan Net Position as "Net appreciation in fair value of investments." The net change in fair value from foreign

currency forward contracts for fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, was \$3,197,930. At June 30, 2013, the foreign currency forward contracts outstanding were as follows:

				Fair value
Description	Notional amount	Currency	Maturity date	(US dollars)
Forward sale	(1,943,536)	CHF	7/25/2013	\$12,753
Forward sale	(19,770,519)	CHF	8/2/2013	316,745
Forward sale	(20,777,375)	EUR	9/20/2013	355,975
Forward sale	(115,000,000)	JPY	8/8/2013	1,721
Forward purchase	129,400,000	CNY	7/24/2014	548,163
Forward purchase	128,050,000	CNY	7/28/2014	330,883
Forward purchase	117,237,600	CNY	9/10/2015	359,684
Forward purchase	150,250,000	CNY	3/30/2015	(1,337,837)
Forward purchase	158,375,000	CNY	11/30/2016	(473,115)

#### (a) Credit Risk

SDRS is exposed to credit risk on derivative instruments that are in asset positions. The SDIC attempts to minimize credit risk by entering into derivatives contracts with major financial institutions. At June 30, 2013, the net fair value of foreign currency forward contracts was \$1,925,924. This represents the maximum loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if all counterparties failed to perform as contracted. The credit ratings of the counterparties are as follows:

Moody's credit rating	<u>counterparties</u>	Fair value
A1	1	\$(1,913,172)
Aa3	1	(12,753)

#### (b) Foreign Currency Risk

SDRS is exposed to foreign currency risk on its foreign currency forward contracts because they are denominated in foreign currencies. The net fair value of the foreign currency forward contracts in U.S. dollars is \$114,972.

#### 7. Compensated Absences

Annual leave is earned by all SDRS employees. Upon termination, SDRS employees are eligible to receive compensation for their accrued annual leave balances. At June 30, 2013, a liability existed for accumulated annual leave calculated at the employees' June 30, 2013, pay rate in the amount of \$135,413. Employees who have been continuously employed by SDRS and the State for at least seven years prior to the date of their retirement, voluntary resignation, or death will receive payment for one-fourth of their accumulated sick leave balance with such payment not to exceed the sum of 12 weeks of the employee's annual compensation. For employees who have not been employed for seven continuous years, an accrued liability is calculated assuming the likelihood that they will meet the seven-year threshold in the future. At June 30, 2013, a liability existed for accumulated and accrued sick leave, calculated at the employees' June 30, 2013, pay rate in the amount of \$160,110.

	2013	2012	% change
Total compensated absences	\$295,523	\$270,438	9.27%

The total leave liability for the current year is on the statement of plan net position available for benefits in accounts payable and accrued expenses.



#### 8. Operating Leases

The SDRS has entered into an agreement to lease office space effective September 2012 and has a term of ten years. A schedule of minimum office rental payments as of June 30, 2013, is as follows for the fiscal year ending June 30:

2014	\$	104,471
2015		104,471
2016		104,471
2017		104,471
2018		104,471
2019		104,471
2020		104,471
2021		104,471
2022	_	104,471
Total remaining minimum payments	\$	940,239

#### 9. Supplemental Retirement Plan

SDRS offers a deferred compensation plan known as the Supplemental Retirement Plan (SRP), created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. SRP is available to all public employees and permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseen emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the SRP, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, property, or rights are at all times held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants until made available to a participant or the participant's beneficiary.

Of the \$209,543,260 net position restricted for plan benefits at June 30, 2013, \$129,643,753 was held in trust for employees of the State, while the remaining \$79,899,507 represents the assets held in trust for employees of other jurisdictions. In order to avoid duplication in reporting, the SDRS total of \$801,756 is included in the State total and the State's comprehensive annual financial report for the year ended June 30, 2013.

#### 10. Special Pay Plan

The Special Pay Plan (SPP) was established in July 2004 as a qualified plan pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) under the administrative responsibility of the SDRS Board of Trustees. South Dakota state government and the South Dakota Board of Regents are participating units and every state political subdivision may become a participating unit in the plan. The SPP mandates that qualifying employees (over age 55 and \$600 or more in special pay) of participating units defer 100 percent of their special lump-sum termination

pay to the plan. The participating unit transfers the deferred pay to the fund. This deferred pay is available to a participant immediately after termination, upon later retirement, or to beneficiaries or an estate upon the participant's death.

Of the \$31,668,746 net position restricted for plan benefits at June 30, 2013, \$18,067,484 was held in trust for employees of the State, while the remaining \$13,601,262 represents the assets held in trust for employees of other jurisdictions.

#### 11. Plan Termination

SDRS is administered in accordance with South Dakota statutes. The statues provide for full vesting in accrued benefits upon termination of the plan (SDCL 3-12-72.2).

#### 12. Commitments

At June 30, 2013, SDRS had uncalled capital commitments to private equity limited partnerships totaling approximately \$620,736,309 and to real estate limited partnerships totaling approximately \$300,455,932. The commitments may be called at the discretion of the general partner or may never be called.

#### 13. Litigation

Deutsche Bank and Wilmington Trust Company have filed a number of actions around the country against selling shareholders, and those actions are all now consolidated in a Multi District Panel proceeding in the Southern District of New York (In re: Tribune Company Fraudulent Conveyance Litigation, Case No. 11-MD-2296). A separate adversary proceeding which was pending in Delaware has been consolidated into this action as well (The Official Committee of Unsecured Creditors of Tribune Company, on behalf of Tribune Company vs. Dennis J. Fitzsimmons, et al., Case No. 1:12-cv-02652). SDRS is a defendant as a result of selling Tribune Stock in connection with a leveraged buyout of the Tribune Company in 2007. Through this lawsuit the creditors of Tribune Company are attempting to claw-back funds received in connection with the sale of the stock, which, in the case of SDRS, is approximately four million dollars. SDRS contends that it has persuasive arguments favoring dismissal and its counsel is vigorously working on this. The pending legal action does not represent an immediate negative contingency.

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## Schedule of Funding Progress

#### (Dollar amounts in millions)

Actuarial valuation date	(a)  Actuarial value of assets	(b) Actuarial accrued liability— entry age [AAL]	Unfunded actuarial accrued liability [UAAL] (b-a)	Funded ratio (a/b)	(c) Covered payroll	UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll [(b-a)/c]
6/30/2007	\$6,526.5	6,718.8	192.3	97.1%	\$1,297.3	14.8%
6/30/2008	6,784.3	6,976.8	192.5	97.2	1,363.9	14.1
6/30/2009	6,778.5	7,387.4	608.9	91.8	1,450.7	42.0
6/30/2010	7,119.9	7,393.3	273.4	96.3	1,491.1	18.3
6/30/2011	7,433.8	7,712.6	278.8	96.4	1,490.5	18.7
6/30/2012	7,828.0	8,453.0	625.0	92.6	1,503.0	41.6
6/30/2013	8,803.7	8,803.7	_	100.0	1,519.7	_

#### Schedule of Employer Contributions Last Six Years

For the year ended June 30	Annual required contributions	Percentage contributed
2008	\$89,766,090	100%
2009	94,244,915	91
2010	96,914,192	100
2011	98,624,738	100
2012	98,866,649	100
2013	100.376.481	100

#### Notes to Trend Data

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date 6/30/2013

Actuarial cost method Entry age with frozen

unfunded actuarial accrued liability

Amortization method Level percentage-closed

**Remaining amortization period** 0 years

Asset valuation method Assets credited with assumed rate of investment

return, debited/credited with liability gain/loss for the year, and constrained to a range of 80

percent to 120 percent of market

Actuarial assumptions: Investment rate of return<sup>1</sup>

7.25% through 6/30/2017

7.50% thereafter

Projected salary increase<sup>1</sup>

3.75% to 5.83%

based on age, with average of 4.8% Cost-of-living adjustments

2.70%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes inflation at 3.25 percent.

## OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Personal services	Accrual Basis
Salary and per diem	\$1,528,499
Employee benefits	455,428
Total personal services	1,983,927

Schedule of Administrative Expenses for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Operating expenses	
Travel	<u>59,485</u>
Contractual services:	
Audit	117,320
Finance	13,108
Valuations	77,730
Consulting	224,888
Studies	19,367
Special studies	82,673
Legal	11,610
Communications	4,290

#### **Total administrative expenses**

Total contractual services

Supplies and materials

Total operating expenses

Medical Operations

Capital assets

### 1,604,790 **\$3,588,717**

\$35,665,820

15,040

644,116

,210,142

320,541

	Management
Investment managers	expenses
State of South Dakota Investment Council	\$5,713,364
Pinebridge	179,652
Apollo Real Estate Advisors LP	357,347
Blackstone Distressed Securities and Credit Liquidity	(21,577)
Blackstone Private Equity	418,641
Blackstone Real Estate Partners	6,271,824
Brandes Investment Partners	388,187
Capital International	1,277,005
Cargill North American Real Estate Partners	739,869
Carlyle	604,908
CINVIN	2,731,550
Crossroads Investment Advisors LP	161,185
CVC	765,250
CVI	1,818,082
Cypress Merchant Banking Partners LP	62,096
Dimensional Fund Advisors, Inc.	204,949
Doughty Hanson & Co. European Real Estate	725,267
Doughty Hanson & Co. Private Equity IV	898,904
Elevation Partners	185,367
GE Asset Management China	1,130,174
GE Asset Management Commodities	259,941
KKR Associates	160,687
Lonestar Real Estate	1,681,012
Oaktree Loan Fund 2x	59,031
PIMCO Distressed Mtg Fund II	919,479
Riverstone	1,510,027
Rockpoint RE IV	2,113,018
Sanders All Asset Value	225,766
Sanders Capital	204,192
Starwood RE IX	1,052,645
Silver Lake Partners LP	1,370,643
TCW	1,497,335

Total investment activity expenses

Schedule of Investment Activity Expenses for the Year Ended June 30, 2013

## **ACTUARIAL SUMMARY**



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Plan Summary

# **buck**consultants

## A Xerox Company

November 5, 2013

Board of Trustees South Dakota Retirement System Post Office Box 1098 Pierre, SD 57501-1098

This report summarizes the results of Buck Consultants, LLC's annual Actuarial Valuation of the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) as of June 30, 2013. Actuarial valuations of SDRS are performed annually.

This Actuarial Valuation is based on financial and Member data provided by SDRS and summarized in this report. The actuary did not verify the data submitted, but did perform tests for consistency and reasonableness.

All Members of Participating Units of SDRS and all benefits in effect on July 1, 2013 have been considered in this Actuarial Valuation. SDRS benefit provisions considered, Member data, and Trust Fund information are summarized in the Appendices in this report.

The assumptions and methods used to determine the Annual Required Contributions of the Employers to SDRS as outlined in this report and all supporting schedules meet the parameters and requirements for disclosure of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans. Buck Consultants, LLC is solely responsible for the actuarial data presented in this report.

SDRS is funded by Employer and Member Contribution Rates as established by South Dakota law. The funding objective for SDRS is that these statutory rates continue to be sufficient to fund the System benefits as a level as a percent of Member Compensation. The SDRS Board of Trustees has also established funding policy objectives that the System be fully funded, resulting in no Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability and that the statutorily required contributions meet or exceed the amount required to pay the Normal Costs of SDRS, System Expenses, and amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability as a level percent of Member Compensation over a period not to exceed 20 years if the System is not fully funded.

As noted below, the fully funded objectives are currently being met and are projected to continue to be met.

Our calculations and analysis indicate that the System is meeting its funding objectives and is in actuarial balance. The combined statutory Employer/Member Contributions exceed the amount required to pay the current Normal Costs and Expenses of the System. As of June 30, 2013, the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability is \$0. The contractual Employer Contribution Rates to SDRS meet the requirements of the Annual Required Contributions of the Employers of GASB Statement No. 25.

The SDRS Board of Trustees measures and compares the funding progress of SDRS on several bases. The Actuarial Value Funded Ratio is 100.0% and the Market Value Funded Ratio is 103.2% as of June 30, 2013.

Based on Member data and asset information provided by SDRS, we have prepared the Schedule of Funding Progress and Schedule of Employer Contributions in accordance with GASB No. 25 parameters that are included in the Financial section of the CAFR.

The undersigned are Enrolled Actuaries, Associates of the Society of Actuaries and Members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained in this report. This report has been prepared in accordance with all Applicable Standards of Practice. We are available to answer any questions on the material contained in the report, or to provide explanations or further details as may be appropriate.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from current measurements presented in this report due to plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic and demographic assumptions, increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements, and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of this report, an analysis of the potential range of such future measurements has not been performed.

SDRS is meeting its actuarial funding policy.

Respectfully submitted,

David H. Slishinsky, ASA, EA, MAAA, FCA

Principal and Consulting Actuary

Tabor Center, 1200 17th Street, Suite 1200 • Denver, CO 80202 720.359.7700 • 720.359.7701 (fax)

Douglas J. Fiddler, ASA, EA, MAAA Director, Retirement Actuary

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An actuarial valuation of SDRS is performed as of June 30 each year. Prior to 1996, in odd-numbered years, an update was made which considered expected changes in the actuarial measures due to the assumed experience of the system as well as the effect of any changes in value of assets, actuarial valuation methods, or benefit provisions.

In the 2013 actuarial valuation, two important actuarial measures have been calculated in evaluating the actuarial soundness and funding progress of SDRS. They are:

- funded ratio
- funding period

### Actuarial Accrued Liability

The actuarial accrued liability (AAL) is the present value of all benefits currently being paid and expected to be paid in the future, to all members, less the present value of future normal cost contributions. Two measurements of the funded ratio are calculated each year. The actuarial value funded ratio is a required accounting disclosure and is equal to the actuarial value of assets divided by the AAL. The market value funded ratio is equal to the market value of assets divided by the AAL. A ratio in excess of 100 percent indicates that accrued benefits are fully funded.

The funding period measures the length of time required to amortize unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities as well as pay the on-going normal costs, interest charges and expenses with the current contributions. The shorter the funding period the more favorable the actuarial measure. In accordance with the Board of Trustees' funding policy objectives, a transfer of \$634 million was made as of June 30, 2013 from the cushion to the actuarial value of assets in order to eliminate the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. As a result, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is \$0 as of June 30, 2013 and no funding period is applicable.

# Measures of Actuarial Soundness

	2013 actuarial valuation	2012 actuarial valuation
Actuarial value funded ratio (actuarial value of assets/AAL)	100.0%	92.6%
Market value funded ratio (market value of assets/AAL)	103.2%	92.8%
Funding period	N/A	29 years

### Actuarial Investment Return Gains/Losses

For the year ended June 30, 2013

The time-weighted annualized investment performance based on the market value of assets of the system for the most recent year was 19.53 percent prior to consideration of investment expenses. The money-weighted annualized investment performance based on the market value of assets for the period was 18.98 percent after deducting investment expenses, significantly greater than the assumed rate of 7.25 percent for fiscal year 2013. This resulted in an actuarial investment gain of \$908 million. The actuarial value of assets was credited with the assumed rate of return of 7.25 percent for the one-year period ending June 30, 2013, and increased by the total liability loss of \$7 million. The reserve for funding of long-term benefits goals was decreased from a balance of negative \$982 million as of June 30, 2012, to a balance of negative \$1,106 million as of June 30, 2013, as a result of investment returns above expectations for fiscal year 2013 and a transfer from the cushion to the actuarial value of assets. Net gains to be allocated to the reserve in the next four fiscal years total \$1,303 million as of June 30, 2013.



	Amount of liability gain (loss)	Percentage of present value of all benefits
Gain due to compensation increases	\$38M	0.38%
(Loss) due to decrements	(43M)	(0.43)%
(Loss) due to rehired and new members	(24M)	(0.24)%
Gain due to COLA for continuing inactives	28M	0.28%
Miscellaneous (Loss)	<u>(6M)</u>	(0.06)%
Total system (loss)	\$(7M)	(0.07)%

# Actuarial Liability Gains/Losses

For the year ended June 30, 2013

Significant actuarial assumptions used include: a) a rate of return on the present and future assets of 7.25 percent a year for 5 years beginning July 1, 2012, increasing to 7.50 percent thereafter, compounded annually plus prefunding of improvement factor (COLA); b) projected Social Security cost-of-living increases of 3.25 percent and wage inflation of 3.75 percent per year compounded annually; c) pre-retirement and post-retirement COLA increases of 2.7 percent per year compounded annually; d) active member salary increases that average 4.8 percent per year compounded annually; e) 80 percent of active members and 75 percent of retired and terminated members are assumed to be married; f) the male spouse is assumed to be three years older than the female spouse; g) mortality rates for active and non-disabled pensioners are based upon the 1995 Buck Mortality Table, male rates set-back 1 year; and h) at termination of employment, members will elect the more valuable of the accumulated contributions or the deferred vested benefit payable at retirement.

A detailed experience analysis was conducted in 2011 and 2012, and appropriate modifications in the demographic assumptions regarding assumed rates of member termination, retirement, and disability were made effective with the June 30, 2012, actuarial valuation.

Also as a result of the experience analysis in 2012, and further study and debate of the SDRS Board of Trustees, changes were made to the economic actuarial assumptions effective for the June 30, 2012, actuarial valuation.

These changes, combined with the demographic assumption changes, increased the unfunded actuarial accrued liability by \$266 million and created a liability increase of \$366 million to the system based on the present value of all benefits.

Effective for the June 30, 2012 valuation, the frozen unfunded actuarial accrued liability was eliminated through a transfer from the cushion and reserve for funding of long-term benefit goals to the actuarial value of assets. The entry age actuarial cost method will be used in future years to determine the normal cost. The frozen unfunded actuarial accrued liability will remain at \$0 unless and until it is increased to recognize a change in plan provisions or actuarial assumptions or to recognize a decrease in actuarial value of assets required to remain in the 20 percent corridor around market value of assets. Under this method, experience gains or losses (i.e., decreases or increases in liabilities attributable to deviations in experience from the actuarial assumptions) related to past service adjust the actuarial value of assets and gains and losses related to future service adjust the normal cost.

The actuarial value of assets is credited each year with the assumed rate of investment return plus non-investment cash flow and reduced by liability gains and increased by liability losses for the year.

# Actuarial Assumptions

The reserve for funding of long-term benefit goals was first implemented as of the year ended June 30, 1995, to fund benefit improvements and provide the system with protection against adverse experience. When implemented, actuarial investment gains (returns above the assumed investment return assumption) and actuarial investment losses (returns below the assumed investment return assumption) were recognized at the rate of 20 percent per year over a five-year period. Effective June 30, 1998, liability gains and losses were reflected in the same manner as investment gains and losses. The reserve was modified again as of June 30, 2001, to immediately recognize actuarial investment losses while still spreading the recognition of actuarial investment gains over five-year periods.

The reserve for funding of long-term benefit goals (if positive), was included in the actuarial value of assets, the actuarial accrued liability and the present value of all benefits from June 30, 1995, through June 30, 2003. Effective June 30, 2004, the reserve was no longer added to the actuarial assets or liabilities. This change was made to more accurately reflect the funded status of the system.

### Summary of Actuarial Assumption and Method Changes

The SDRS Board of Trustees approved a change in the actuarial value of assets. A transfer of \$634 million was made as of June 30, 2013 from the cushion to the actuarial value of assets in order to eliminate the frozen unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The SDRS Board of Trustees also revised its funding policy objectives. The revised objectives include an actuarial value funded ratio of 100 percent and a market value funded ratio of at least 100 percent. With the transfer to the actuarial value of assets from the cushion (and adjustment to the reserve), SDRS currently meets these objectives. As a result, statutorily required employer and member contributions meet all actuarially required contributions and will contribute to the cushion and reserve in future years.

#### Cushion

The cushion is the excess of the market value of assets over the actuarial value of assets. The cushion represents funds not currently required to maintain the actuarial soundness of SDRS and available to protect the system against future unfavorable experience.



SDRS gains and losses are allocated to the reserve for funding of long-term benefit goals. The amounts currently in the reserve and remaining to be allocated in the next four years are an important indicator of the system's recent cumulative experience. The reserve for funding of long-term benefit goals is also a source of funds to provide future benefit improvements or to protect the system against future unfavorable experience.

Reserve for Funding of Long-term Benefit Goals

Balance as of June 30, 2012	\$(981,549,491)
Fiscal year 2013 experience	180,285,935
Amortization of prior gain and losses	329,607,015
Less transfer from cushion and reserve to actuarial value of assets to eliminate frozen unfunded actuarial accrued liability	(634,406,970)
Balance as of June 30, 2012	\$(1,106,053,511)
Net gains to be allocated to reserve in next four years	<u>\$1,303,115,302</u>

### **Sample Separation Rates**

# Actuarial Assumption Tables

#### **Annual Rate per 100 Members**

#### Disablement

	Mo	rtality	Disabled	Class A-	Teachers	Class A-N	on-Teachers	Class B-P	ublic Safety
Age	Male	Female	Mortality	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
25	0.07	0.02	0.68	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.04	0.08	0.10
30	0.06	0.02	1.06	0.02	0.02	0.05	0.04	0.08	0.11
35	0.07	0.04	1.14	0.02	0.02	0.05	0.04	0.10	0.12
40	0.09	0.06	1.35	0.03	0.03	0.06	0.05	0.12	0.15
45	0.13	0.09	2.00	0.04	0.04	0.09	0.08	0.16	0.22
50	0.20	0.14	3.16	0.06	0.05	0.13	0.08	0.24	0.23
55	0.31	0.21	3.78	0.10	0.08	0.22	0.13	0.40	0.38
60	0.56	0.32	4.25	0.21	0.16	0.46	0.28	0.84	0.80
65	1.09	0.66	5.12	0.43	0.31	0.94	0.54	1.71	1.55

#### **Annual Turnover Rate per 100 Members**

Select Rates During First 5 Years of Employment

#### **Annual Turnover Rate per 100 Members**

Ultimate Rates After First 5 Years of Employment

		ss A- chers		ss A- 'eachers	Class B- Public Safety			ss A- chers		ss A- eachers	Class B- Public Safety
Service	Male	Female	Male	Female		Age	Male	Female	Male	Female	
1	22.50	25.00	17.50	21.00	18.00	25	16.80	15.80	9.90	10.80	11.00
2	17.50	17.50	14.00	18.00	12.50	30	11.20	11.20	8.20	9.10	9.50
3	15.00	15.00	11.00	15.00	11.00	35	8.50	8.50	7.10	7.60	7.30
4	12.50	12.50	9.00	12.50	10.00	40	6.47	6.60	5.90	6.70	5.30
5	10.00	10.00	7.00	9.50	10.00	45	4.75	4.55	5.20	5.90	4.50
						50	4.25	4.25	4.70	5.20	4.50
						55	4.25	4.25	4.50	5.00	4.50

### Actuarial **Assumption Tables** (continued)

# Retirement Age Class A

Annual rate per 100 members eligible to retire

		Class A-7		Class A-Non-Teachers				
	Reduced Retirement		Unreduced Retirement			luced ement	Unreduced Retirement	
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
55	7.0	6.5	17.5	13.5	5.0	4.0	17.5	12.5
56	7.0	6.5	12.5	12.5	5.0	4.0	8.0	8.0
57	7.0	6.5	12.5	12.5	5.0	4.0	8.0	8.0
58	7.0	6.5	12.5	12.5	5.0	4.0	8.0	8.0
59	7.0	7.5	12.5	17.5	5.0	6.0	12.0	11.0
60	9.0	8.5	12.5	17.5	6.0	8.0	12.0	11.0
61	12.5	12.0	25.0	22.5	10.0	9.5	17.5	11.0
62	12.5	12.5	25.0	25.0	13.5	12.0	30.0	22.5
63	12.5	12.5	17.5	22.5	13.5	12.0	25.0	17.5
64	17.5	20.0	20.0	22.5	17.5	20.0	25.0	17.5
65			30.0	35.0			40.0	32.5
66			25.0	25.0			25.0	20.0
67			25.0	25.0			25.0	20.0
68			25.0	25.0			25.0	20.0
69			25.0	25.0			25.0	20.0
70			30.0	30.0			30.0	30.0
71			30.0	30.0			30.0	30.0
72			30.0	30.0			30.0	30.0
73			30.0	30.0			30.0	30.0
74			30.0	30.0			30.0	30.0
75			30.0	30.0			30.0	30.0
76			30.0	30.0			30.0	30.0
77			30.0	30.0			30.0	30.0
78			30.0	30.0			30.0	30.0
79			30.0	30.0			30.0	30.0
80			100	100			100	100

# Retirement Age Class B

Annual rate per 100 members eligible to retire

	Class B-Pu	ıblic Safety	Class B-Judicial			
Age	Reduced Retirement	Unreduced Retirement	Reduced Retirement	Unreduced Retirement		
45	6.0	5.0				
46	6.0	5.0				
47	6.0	5.0				
48	6.0	10.0				
49	6.0	10.0				
50	9.0	10.0				
51	9.0	10.0				
52	9.0	10.0				
53	9.0	10.0				
54	11.0	15.0				
55		15.0	8.0	15.0		
56		7.5	8.0	5.0		
57		7.5	2.0	5.0		
58		11.0	2.0	5.0		
59		12.5	2.0	5.0		
60		12.5	2.0	10.0		
61		25.0	2.0	10.0		
62		25.0	2.0	15.0		
63		25.0	2.0	12.7		
64		25.0	2.0	20.0		
65		100		20.0		
66				15.0		
67				15.0		
68				25.0		
69				30.0		
70				100		

### **Compensation Progression** Sample Rates

	Percentage increase in year following indicated
Service	year of service
0	5.83%
5	5.32
10	4.89
15	4.50
20	4.19
25	4.03
30	3.87
31+	3.75



There were no benefit improvements or substantive benefit provision changes during the 2013 fiscal year. The June 30, 2013, actuarial valuation completely reflects all the provisions of the system in effect on June 30, 2013, as outlined in the plan summary section of the report.

### **Benefit Changes**

### **Summary of Key Actuarial Measures**

	2012 actuarial valuation results	System investment and liability experience for year <sup>1</sup>	Membership changes and maturity of system <sup>2</sup>	Actuarial assumption and method changes effective July 1, 2013	2013 actuarial valuation results
Normal cost rate with expense provision	10.279%	_	(0.075)%	_	10.204%
Funding period	29 years	_	_	(29) years	N/A
Frozen unfunded actuarial accrued liability	\$625M	_	\$9M	\$(634)M	\$0
Actuarial accrued liability funded ratio	92.6%	0.2%	_	7.2%	100.0%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> SDRS actuarial investment gains and liability gains and losses are smoothed and allocated directly to the reserve for funding of long-term benefit goals over five years. All SDRS actuarial investment losses are allocated immediately to the reserve.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Future SDRS membership changes will cause minor changes in the normal cost rate.

This section analyzes the ability of the statutorily required, fixed member and employer contributions to fund the obligations of the system. These obligations include both past and future liabilities.

An important measure of actuarial soundness is the adequacy of combined statutorily required member and employer contribution rates<sup>1</sup> to pay the normal cost of the system, system expenses, and amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability<sup>2</sup> (if one exists) over a limited time, including interest on the liability.

This measure of actuarial soundness is currently met. The funding requirements for SDRS for 2013, expressed as a percentage of payroll and total contributions, are based on the 2013 actuarial valuation and are summarized in the chart below.

### **SDRS 2013 Funding Requirements**

	As a percentage of payroll	As a percentage of contributions
Total statutorily required employer and member contribution rate	12.478 <sup>1</sup>	100.0
Normal cost rate at mid-period	9.954	79.8
Expense allowance	.250	2.0
Total funding requirement before amortization of frozen unfunded actuarial accrued liability	10.204	81.8
Contribution rate available to amortize frozen unfunded actuarial accrued liability (if one exists) (12.478%-10.204%)	$2.274^{2}$	18.2

The transfer of \$634 million from the cushion to the actuarial value of assets as of June 30, 2013, eliminated the frozen unfunded actuarial accrued liability as of June 30, 2013. The 2013 actuarial valuation indicates that the total statutorily required employer and member contribution rate of 12.478 percent is sufficient to pay the normal cost and expenses of the system and provides an additional amount that will contribute to the cushion in future years and be available to amortize the frozen unfunded actuarial accrued liability when one exists.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Class A employers and members each statutorily contribute 6 percent of compensation. Class B employers and members each statutorily contribute 8 percent or 9 percent of compensation. Participating members also contribute for the optional spouse coverage and Class A employers contribute 6.2 percent of member's compensation in excess of the Social Security maximum taxable compensation. The total statutory contributions to SDRS as of July 1, 2013, are 12.478 percent of considered compensation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The unfunded frozen actuarial accrued liability is \$0 as of June 30, 2013.



The 2013 actuarial valuation confirms that:

- a. Funding of current benefit levels for active members and expenses requires 82
  percent of the total contributions under the current actuarial assumptions and
  methods
- b. No unfunded actuarial accrued liability exists and the portion of the statutorily fixed contributions available to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is available to increase the cushion and reserve for funding of longterm benefit goals.
- c. Excess investment income has been the most significant element of favorable experience in the past, even considering the actuarial investment losses in fiscal years 2001 through 2003 and 2008 through 2009.
- d. SDRS currently has a cushion of \$282 million.
- e. SDRS currently has a balance of negative \$1,106 million in the reserve for funding of long-tern benefit goals and net gains of \$1,303 million to be allocated to the reserve in the next four years.

The actuarial valuation methodology results in the reduction of volatility in the actuarial measures because:

- a. The expected investment return of 7.25 percent of the actuarial value of assets and liability gains and losses are allocated to the actuarial value of assets.
- b. Twenty percent of actuarial investment gains and liability gains and losses each year are allocated to the reserve for funding of long-term benefit goals for five years. All actuarial investment losses are allocated immediately to the reserve. In periods of sustained gains, the reserve will accumulate sufficient assets for pre-funding benefit improvements. In the event of sustained losses, the reserve will be available to offset negative experience and dampen the volatility of short-term negative experience.
- c. During periods when the frozen unfunded actuarial accrued liability is \$0, contributions over the normal cost and expenses of the system contribute to the cushion, providing additional resources to offset potential unfavorable experience.

The 2013 actuarial valuation indicates that the statutorily required employer-member contribution rates are sufficient to pay the current costs of the system (normal cost plus expenses). As of June 30, 2013, the frozen unfunded actuarial accrued liability is \$0.

The most important indicators of the long-term actuarial soundness of the system are determined by the annual actuarial valuation of the system. The soundness is measured by the relationship of the normal cost to the total contributions available, the amount (if any) of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability, by the length of the funding period when an unfunded actuarial accrued liability exists, by the cushion, the current balance in the reserve for funding of long-term benefit goals, and the net amount remaining to be allocated to the reserve in the future.

The current SDRS benefits combined with the present financing and the \$0 frozen unfunded actuarial accrued liability result in a well-funded system that is providing benefits essentially equal to the resources available.

Actuarial Soundness

SDRS is a consolidated, multiple-employer, cost-sharing retirement system that does not attempt to determine separate or unique funding requirements for entities within SDRS. However, the 2013 actuarial valuation confirmed that the two major employee groups within SDRS with different funding and benefit provisions (Class A and Class B) are generally self-supporting (i.e., the member and employer contributions are funding the normal cost of the benefits provided under these classifications).

SDRS is a well-funded retirement system. The volatility resulting from asset and liability gains and losses has been minimized by the methods adopted for development of the actuarial value of assets. Current member and employer contributions are sufficient to pay the normal costs and expenses and contribute to the cushion and reserve for funding of long-term benefit goals or fund the frozen unfunded actuarial accrued liability when one exists.

### Development of the SDRS Actuarial Value of Assets

As of June 30, 2013

Actuarial value of assets as of June 30, 2012	\$7,827,601,564
Contributions and disbursements Contributions Benefit payments and refunds Administrative expenses	202,055,202 (422,781,109) (3,588,717)
Total	\$(224,314,624)
Expected investment return	\$559,511,978
SDRS liability gain/(loss)	\$(6,555,438)
Preliminary actuarial value of assets as of June 30, 2013	\$8,169,354,356
Transfer from cushion to actuarial value of assets to eliminate unfunded actuarial accrued liability	\$634,406,970
Preliminary actuarial value of assets as of June 30, 2013, with transfer from cushion	\$8,803,761,326
Market value of assets as of June 30, 2013	\$9,085,706,708
Constraining values 80% of market value of assets 120% of market value of assets	\$7,268,565,367 \$10,902,848,050
Actuarial value of assets as of June 30, 2013	\$8,803,761,326



The benefit objectives of SDRS are to meet the needs of short- and long-term members by providing:

- Lifetime income replacement from SDRS resources of at least 55 percent of final average compensation for Class A members with 30 years of credited service
- Lifetime income replacement of at least 85 percent of final average compensation, including income from SDRS, Social Security, and personal savings of at least one times annual compensation at retirement
- Provide limited inflation protection based on the SDRS funded status and annual cost-of-living adjustments
- Early retirement opportunities
- Vesting after three years of contributory service
- Disability and survivor income protection
- A portable retirement option that allows members to elect a refund of both member and employer contributions, plus interest
- Risk-free market interest rate credited on member and employer contributions

The funded ratio and funding period are the primary measures of SDRS' soundness. However, when no frozen unfunded actuarial accrued liability exists, as is the case at June 30, 2013, the funding period is not applicable.

The SDRS objective was to maintain a funded ratio in excess of 95 percent and a funding period of 30 years or less. Effective with the 2013 valuation, the SDRS objective is to maintain an actuarial value funded ratio of 100 percent and a market value funded ratio of at least 100 percent.

The schedule below presents the actuarial accrued liability funded ratio, the market value funded ratio, and the funding period, where applicable, as of each actuarial valuation since 1988.

Valuation date	Actuarial accrued liability	Actuarial value of assets	Market value of assets	Actuarial value funded ratio	Market value funded ratio	Funding period
1988	\$1,078,235,569	\$1,050,836,113	\$1,192,526,624	97.5%	110.6%	6 years
1990	1,404,616,511	1,275,091,534	1,417,163,483	90.8	100.8	46 years
1992	1,714,482,245	1,605,481,514	1,783,732,116	93.6	104.0	16 years
1994	2,108,309,129	1,945,856,251	2,179,759,081	92.3	103.4	38 years
1996	2,539,008,893	2,390,236,436	2,909,982,912	94.1	114.6	30 years
1997	2,956,497,152	2,813,304,611	3,516,630,764	95.2	118.9	23 years
1998	3,471,898,003	3,337,293,439	4,171,616,799	96.1	120.2	22 years
1999	3,997,927,795	3,875,171,467	4,717,115,757	96.9	118.0	21 years
2000	4,611,913,087	4,427,102,390	5,156,294,800	96.0	111.8	20 years
2001	4,688,408,562	4,521,403,578	4,939,705,889	96.4	105.4	20 years
2002	4,576,948,810	4,425,392,396	4,624,866,872	96.7	101.0	20 years
2003	4,818,943,695	4,685,890,770	4,784,187,048	97.2	99.3	20 years
2004	5,051,728,157	4,937,493,861	5,518,225,955	97.7	109.2	20 years
2005	5,571,842,384	5,380,999,357	6,159,934,879	96.6	110.6	20 years
2006	5,859,994,198	5,668,535,060	6,844,629,634	96.7	116.8	20 years
2007	6,718,761,091	6,526,534,941	8,158,168,676	97.1	121.4	20 years
2008	6,976,811,927	6,784,291,685	7,312,107,461	97.2	104.8	20 years
2009	7,387,406,340	6,778,520,575	5,648,767,146	91.8	76.5	$N/A^1$
2010	7,393,250,948	7,119,874,593	6,496,634,989	96.3	87.9	30 years
2011	7,712,556,672	7,433,776,511	7,936,269,496	96.4	102.9	30 years
2012	8,452,840,068	7,827,601,564	7,842,524,241	92.6	92.8	29 years
2013	8,803,761,326	8,803,761,326	9,085,706,708	100.0	103.2	$N/A^2$

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Member and employer contributions were not sufficient to amortize the frozen unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Benefit and Funding Objectives and Historical Summary

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Frozen unfunded actuarial accrued liability is \$0 as of June 30, 2013.

# Summary of Actuarial Accrued Liability and Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability

The schedule below compares total actuarial accrued liabilities to smoothed assets at actuarial value and unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities to payroll over time.

The smoothed assets to total liabilities ratios show the growth of assets compared to the growth of liabilities. The unfunded liabilities to covered payroll ratios are a measure of the ability of SDRS to meet its long-term obligations.

Level or increasing values for the first ratio and level or declining values for the second ratio are an indication of stable or improving funding.

Fiscal year	Actuarial accrued liability	Actuarial value of assets	Actuarial as a % of accrued actuarial liability	Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	Total covered payroll (000,000)	Unfunded liability as a % of payroll
1987-88	\$1,078,235,569	\$1,050,836,113	97.5	\$27,399,456	\$530.0	5.2
1989-90	1,404,616,511	1,275,091,534	90.8	129,524,977	582.7	22.2
1991-92	1,714,482,245	1,605,481,514	93.6	109,000,731	694.3	15.7
1993-94	2,108,309,129	1,945,856,251	92.3	162,452,878	788.6	20.6
1995-96	2,539,008,893	2,390,236,436	94.1	148,772,457	820.1	18.1
1997	2,956,497,152	2,813,304,611	95.2	143,192,541	835.1	17.1
1998	3,471,898,003	3,337,293,439	96.1	134,604,564	875.9	15.4
1999	3,997,927,795	3,875,171,467	96.9	122,756,328	902.5	13.6
2000	4,611,913,087	4,427,102,390	96.0	184,810,697	944.6	19.6
2001	4,688,408,562	4,521,403,578	96.4	167,004,984	1,029.7	16.2
2002	4,576,948,810	4,425,392,396	96.7	151,556,414	1,080.1	14.0
2003	4,818,943,695	4,685,890,770	97.2	133,052,925	1,117.2	11.9
2004	5,051,728,157	4,937,493,861	97.7	114,234,296	1,164.0	9.8
2005	5,571,842,384	5,380,999,357	96.6	190,843,027	1,206.1	15.8
2006	5,859,994,198	5,668,535,060	96.7	191,459,138	1,229.9	15.6
2007	6,718,761,091	6,526,534,941	97.1	192,226,150	1,297.2	14.8
2008	6,976,811,927	6,784,291,685	97.2	192,520,242	1,363.9	14.1
2009	7,387,406,340	6,778,520,575	91.8	608,885,765	1,450.7	42.0
2010	7,393,250,948	7,119,874,593	96.3	273,376,355	1,491.1	18.3
2011	7,712,556,672	7,433,776,511	96.4	278,780,161	1,490.5	18.7
2012	8,452,840,068	7,827,601,564	92.6	625,238,504	1,502.7	41.6
2013	8,803,761,326	8,803,761,326	100.0	0	1,519.7	0.0



The solvency test is a comparison of the adequacy of SDRS smoothed assets to the AAL for: 1) active member contributions; 2) benefits for present benefit recipients; and 3) employer-financed active member benefits.

### **Solvency Test**

1 2	Ac	ctuarial accrued liability	for				
Fiscal	(1) Member	(2) Current retirees and beneficiaries and terminated	(3) Current employees: employer	Actuarial value	lial	of actuarial a bility covered al value of as	by
year	contributions	employees	financed	of assets	(1)	(2)	$(3)^{1}$
1987-88	\$231,163,590	\$397,780,471	\$449,291,508	\$1,050,836,113	100.0	100.0	93.9
1989-90	283,584,495	524,168,024	596,863,992	1,275,091,534	100.0	100.0	78.3
1991-92	350,130,362	685,091,034	679,260,849	1,605,481,514	100.0	100.0	84.0
1993-94	421,403,799	834,896,391	852,008,939	1,945,856,251	100.0	100.0	80.9
1995-96	484,228,278	1,017,938,827	1,036,841,788	2,390,236,436	100.0	100.0	85.7
1997	517,164,580	1,158,342,002	1,280,990,570	2,813,304,611	100.0	100.0	88.8
1998	553,386,759	1,375,461,393	1,543,049,851	3,337,293,439	100.0	100.0	91.3
1999	560,276,444	1,595,941,304	1,841,710,047	3,875,171,467	100.0	100.0	93.3
2000	618,625,484	1,889,571,734	2,103,715,869	4,427,102,390	100.0	100.0	91.2
2001	624,310,539	2,045,346,869	2,018,751,154	4,521,403,578	100.0	100.0	91.7
2002	691,820,949	2,236,330,911	1,648,796,950	4,425,392,396	100.0	100.0	90.8
2003	741,729,358	2,435,411,371	1,641,802,966	4,685,890,770	100.0	100.0	91.9
2004	807,055,387	2,637,073,090	1,607,599,680	4,937,493,861	100.0	100.0	92.9
2005	831,968,303	2,987,636,584	1,752,237,497	5,380,999,357	100.0	100.0	89.1
2006	854,928,129	3,174,042,596	1,831,023,473	5,668,535,060	100.0	100.0	89.5
2007	894,141,271	3,405,374,537	2,419,245,283	6,526,534,941	100.0	100.0	92.1
2008	946,604,328	3,811,968,488	2,218,239,111	6,784,291,685	100.0	100.0	91.3
2009	1,008,833,732	4,041,735,745	2,336,836,863	6,778,520,575	100.0	100.0	73.9
2010	1,042,639,270	4,125,804,303	2,224,807,375	7,119,874,593	100.0	100.0	87.7
2011	1,041,479,674	4,436,638,326	2,234,438,672	7,433,776,511	100.0	100.0	87.5
2012	1,046,798,327	4,909,919,285	2,496,122,456	7,827,601,564	100.0	100.0	75.0
2013	1,053,144,685	5,199,059,332	2,551,557,309	8,803,761,326	100.0	100.0	100.0

#### Covered % increase payroll Valuation # of active Average in average members (000,000)date annual pay pay 500.2 1.9 1987 27,906 17,924 1988 28,411 530.0 18,655 4.1 554.9 1989 28,749 19,302 3.5 1990 29,378 582.7 19,835 2.8 616.8 1.9 1991 30,524 20,207 1992 694.3 21,890 8.3 31,717 731.1 1993 32,512 22,487 2.7 1994 33,301 788.6 23,681 5.3 811.1 1995 33,390 24,292 2.6 1996 32,624 820.1 25,139 3.5 835.1 2.5 1997 32,397 25,776 1998 32,903 875.9 26,620 3.3 902.5 1999 33,664 26,810 0.7 2000 34,180 944.6 27,637 3.1 1,029.7 2001 34,887 29,515 6.8 2002 35,130 1,080.1 30,745 4.2 1,117.2 2003 35,114 31,818 3.5 2004 35,408 1,164.0 32,875 3.3 1,206.1 2005 35,774 33,715 2.6 1,229.9 2006 36,074 34,094 1,297.2 2.0 34,769 2007 37,311 2008 37,707 1,363.9 36,170 4.0 1,450.7 3.9 2009 38,596 37,586 2010 39,014 1,491.1 38,220 1.7 2011 1,490.5 38,725 38,490 1.3 2012 38,207 1,502.7 39,329 1.6 1,519.7 2013 38,594 39,377

# Schedule of Active Member Valuation Data

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  Indicates the percentage of liabilities in this category currently funded after fully funding categories (1) and (2).

Schedule of Retirees and Beneficiaries Added to and Removed from Benefit Payroll The schedule below identifies retirees' and beneficiaries' benefits considered in the current and previous actuarial valuations.

Valuation date	Beginning of year balance	Number added to payroll	Number removed from payroll	End of year balance	Annual pension added to payroll	Annual pension removed from payroll	Annual pension benefit amount	Average annual benefit	% increase in average benefit
2002	15,390	1,051	548	15,893	\$14,781,382	\$4,286,698	\$175,339,813	\$11,033	5.4
2003	15,893	1,112	564	16,441	16,904,111	4,612,777	191,738,495	11,662	5.7
2004	16,441	1,207	619	17,029	19,647,803	4,991,607	211,424,721	12,416	6.5
2005	17,029	1,121	602	17,458	16,955,458	4,970,672	228,469,621	13,020	4.9
2006	17,458	1,130	602	18,076	17,273,416	5,866,751	245,707,324	13,593	4.4
2007	18,076	1,306	663	18,719	20,128,796	5,699,854	265,922,928	14,206	4.5
2008	18,719	1,279	677	19,321	20,931,066	6,957,387	297,672,788	15,407	8.5
2009	19,321	1,295	667	19,949	21,285,086	7,429,345	318,556,151	15,969	3.6
2010	19,949	1,318	706	20,561	20,287,505	8,415,997	335,034,177	16,295	2.0
2011	20,561	1,575	679	21,457	27,164,131	8,006,912	359,385,525	16,749	2.8
2012	21,457	1,663	712	22,408	26,727,462	8,827,261	386,478,319	17,247	3.0
2013	22,408	1,683	764	23,327	27,259,699	9,535,172	410,679,002	17,605	2.1

Summary of Benefit Provision Changes

There were no benefit improvements or substantive benefit provision changes made to SDRS during the 2013 South Dakota Legislative session.



Comparison of Actuarial

**Valuation Results** 

	2012 actuarial	2013 actuarial	%
Active members	valuation	valuation	change
Number	38,207	38,594	1.0
Average age	45.8	45.6	(0.4)
Average credited service	11.5	11.4	(0.9)
Annual prior year's compensation			
of members	\$1,502,652,938	\$1,519,731,367	1.1
Average annual compensation	\$39,329	\$39,377	0.1
Benefit recipients			
RETIRED MEMBERS			
Number <sup>1</sup>	19.133	20.004	4.6
Average age	71.6	71.6	0.0
Total annualized benefits	\$352,284,553	\$374,412,494	6.3
Average annualized benefits	\$18,412	\$18,717	1.7
BENEFICIARIES	\$10,412	\$10,717	1.7
Number <sup>1</sup>	2.975	3,016	1.4
Total annualized benefits	\$30,281,007	\$32,186,807	6.3
Average annualized benefits	10,178	10,672	4.9
DISABILITIES	10,170	10,072	,
Number	300	307	2.3
Total annualized benefits	\$3,912,759	\$4,079,701	4.3
Average annualized benefits	\$13,043	\$13,289	1.9
Tivorago amidanzea benefits	Ψ13,013	Ψ13,20)	1.7
Total benefit recipients			
Number	22,408	23,327	4.1
Total annual benefits	\$386,478,319	\$410,679,002	6.3
Average annual benefits	\$17,247	\$17,605	2.1
<b>7</b>			
Terminated members	0.125	0.262	2.0
Number—vested	8,135	8,363	2.8
Number—non-vested (entitled to accumulated contributions only)	6,618	6,819	3.0
Total terminated members	14,753	15,182	2.9
Total system members	75,368	77,103	2.3
Results of actuarial valuation	10.0000/	0.0540/	(0.7)
Normal cost (without expenses)	10.029%	9.954%	(0.7)
(with expenses)	10.279%	10.204%	(0.7)
Frozen unfunded actuarial accrued	Φ <i>c</i> 25 220 504	Φ0	(100.0)
liability	\$625,238,504	\$0	(100.0)
Market value of assets	\$7,842,524,241	\$9,085,706,708	15.9
Actuarial value of assets	\$7,827,601,564	\$8,803,761,326	12.5
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$8,452,840,068	\$8,803,761,326	4.2
Actuarial value funded ratio	92.6%	100.0%	8.0
Market value funded ratio	92.8%	103.2%	11.2
Transce fund funded fund	22.070	103.270	11.2
Funding period	29 years	N/A	

<sup>1</sup> In addition, there are 43 and 168 members or beneficiaries as of July 1, 2012, and July 1, 2013, respectively, whose benefits are currently suspended, but who are entitled to future benefits.

### South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS)

#### **Effective Date**

SDRS was established effective July 1, 1974. The Supreme and Circuit Court Judicial Retirement System, District County Court and Municipal Court Judges' Retirement Program, South Dakota Teachers' Retirement System, South Dakota Municipal Retirement System, South Dakota Law Enforcement Retirement System, South Dakota Public Employees' Retirement System, and South Dakota Board of Regents Retirement System (effective July 1, 1975) were consolidated into SDRS.

### Type of System

SDRS is a governmental retirement system created by Act of the State of South Dakota. The retirement system is administered by the board of trustees, consisting of two state government members; two teacher members; a participating municipality member; a participating county member; a currently contributing Class B member other than a justice, judge, or magistrate judge; a justice, judge, or magistrate judge; a participating classified employee member; one head of a principal department or one head of a bureau under the office of executive management; an individual appointed by the governor; a county commissioner of a participating county; a school district board member; an elected municipal official of a participating municipality; a faculty or administrative member employed by the Board of Regents; a retiree; and an investment council representative, ex-officio non-voting.

The board of trustees appoints an administrator as the system's chief executive officer.

# **Employers** Included

Employers include the State of South Dakota and its departments, bureaus, boards, or commissions, and any of its governmental or political subdivisions or any public corporation of the State of South Dakota that elects to become a participating unit.

#### **Members**

All of the following permanent full-time employees are included as members in the system:

- All state employees
- All teachers
- All justices, judges, and magistrate judges
- All law enforcement employees of counties and municipalities that are participating with their Class B employees
- All general employees of counties and municipalities that are participating with their Class A employees
- All classified employees of school districts that are participating with their classified employees
- All employees of the Board of Regents
- All state law enforcement officers



Employees of the Department of Labor hired before July 1, 1980, who elected to remain covered under a former retirement plan, and members of the governing body of any participating county, municipality, or other public subdivision are excluded from SDRS membership.

Membership is immediate upon hire and is subdivided into two classes as follow:

- Class A member: all members other than Class B members.
- Class B member: members who are justices, judges, and magistrate judges (Class B Judicial members) and state law enforcement officers, municipal police, municipal firefighters, penitentiary correctional staff, county sheriffs, deputy county sheriffs, conservation officers, parole agents, air rescue firefighters, campus security officers, court services officers, certain park rangers and certain jailers (Class B Public Safety members).

Class A members constitute 93 percent of SDRS membership.

Credited service is the period of employment for an SDRS member which is considered in determining the amount of benefits. It includes the following:

- Years and fractional years for which member contributions were made (contributory service).
- The period of non-contributory service credited prior to July 1, 1974, under the prior retirement systems consolidated under this system.
- For employees of the Board of Regents, the period of service between April 1, 1964, and June 30, 1975, for which purchase was made to Bankers Life and the period of service prior to April 1, 1964, up to a maximum of 20 years, for which purchase was made.
- Periods of non-contributory service credited due to specific legislation since 1974.

Credited service may be purchased for public employment for which members are not entitled to retirement benefits, at a cost reflecting an actuarially determined sliding scale based on age, subject to a minimum of 100 percent of combined member and employer contributions. Credited service purchased after July 1, 2004, shall not be considered contributory service for eligibility purposes.

Credited service is purchased with an after-tax payment unless the member's employer elects to permit purchase on a pre-tax basis under Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Compensation is W-2 wages, plus any amount used to purchase a member's individual retirement plan, plus a member's contribution to SDRS made on a before-tax basis, plus any amount contributed to a Section 125 cafeteria plan, paid during the period of credited service. Compensation does not include lump-sum termination pay. Compensation for members hired after June 30, 1996, is limited as prescribed in Section 401(a)(17) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Service Considered

Compensation

# Final Average Compensation

Final average compensation is the highest average annual compensation earned by a member during 12 consecutive calendar quarters of the last 40 such quarters during periods of credited service. The final average compensation is limited by statutory provisions that prevent extraordinary increases in compensation immediately before retirement.

# Employer Contributions

Employer contributions equal those amounts contributed by members except for the additional contributions noted below.

# Member Contributions

Class A members: 6 percent of compensation Class B Public Safety members: 8 percent of compensation

Class B Judicial members: 9 percent of compensation

Member contributions are made on a pre-tax basis as permitted under Section 414(h) of the Internal Revenue Code.

# Accumulated Contributions

Accumulated contributions are equal to member contributions and 85 percent of employer contributions (or 50 percent of employer contributions for members with less than three years of contributory service) credited with interest on a monthly basis at a rate annually established by the board of trustees, that is no greater than 90 percent of the average 91-day I.S. Treasury Bill rate for the immediately preceding calendar year. Such rate shall have no minimum limitation and shall not be greater than the assumed rate of investment return, which is currently 7.25 percent.

For members who terminated prior to July 1, 2010, the percentage of employer contributions is 100 percent with three or more years of contributory service or 75 percent with less than three years of contributory service.

# Additional Contributions

Effective July 1, 2002, employers contribute 6.2 percent of Class A member's calendar year compensation in excess of the maximum taxable amount for Social Security for the calendar year. These additional contributions are not included in accumulated contributions.

# Other Public Benefits

Eighty percent of the benefits provided as "primary insurance amount or primary Social Security" under the Federal Social Security Act.

### Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA)

The annual increase in the amount of the SDRS benefits payable on each July 1st is indexed to CPI and based on SDRS funded status:

- If the SDRS market value funded ratio is 100 percent or more—3.1 percent COLA
- If the SDRS market value funded ratio is 80 percent to 99.9 percent, index with the CPI
  - \* 90 percent to 99.9 percent funded—2.1 percent minimum and 2.8 percent maximum COLA
  - \* 80 percent to 90 percent funded—2.1 percent minimum and 2.4 percent maximum COLA
- If the SDRS market value funded ratio is less than 80 percent—2.1 percent COLA

All benefits except those depending on the member's accumulated contributions are annually increased by the cost-of-living adjustment.



The normal retirement date is age 65 with three years of contributory service for Class A and Class B Judicial members of the system. Normal retirement date is age 55 with three years of contributory service for Class B Public Safety members.

Normal Retirement Date

Members are entitled to retire with a benefit commencing the first of the month in which they reach normal retirement date and are payable for life, with an automatic 60 percent surviving spouse's benefit paid for the spouse's lifetime.

Normal Retirement Benefit

#### Class A Benefit

The Class A benefit is the larger of that provided by the following standard formula or alternate formula:

#### Standard Formula

#### **Enhanced Benefit**

1.7 percent time final average compensation times years of credited service as a Class A member before July 1, 2008, plus

#### **Base Benefit**

1.55 percent time final average compensation times years of credited service as a Class A member after July 1, 2008.

OR

#### Alternate Formula

#### **Enhanced Benefit**

2.4 percent times final average compensation times years of credited service as a Class A member before July 1, 2008, plus

#### **Base Benefit**

2.25 percent times final average compensation times years of credited service as a Class A member after July 1, 2008, less

80 percent of primary Social Security benefit.

#### Class B Public Safety Benefit

The Class B benefit for Class B Public Safety members is:

#### **Enhanced Benefit**

2.4 percent times final average compensation times years of credited service as a Class B Public Safety member before July 1, 2008, plus

#### **Base Benefit**

2.0 percent times final average compensation times years of credited service as a Class B Public Safety member after July 1, 2008.

#### Class B Judicial Benefit

The Class B benefit for Class B Judicial members is determined by adding the enhanced and base benefit for both the first 15 years of credited service and years of credited service in excess of 15 years, as follows:

#### First 15 Years of Credited Service

#### **Enhanced Benefit**

3.733 percent times final average compensation times the first 15 years of credited service as a Class B Judicial member before July 1, 2008, plus

#### **Base Benefit**

3.333 percent times final average compensation times all other such years of credited service as a Class B Judicial member after July 1, 2008.

**PLUS** 

#### Years of Credited Service in Excess of 15 Years

#### **Enhanced Benefit**

2.4 percent times final average compensation times years of credited service as a Class B Judicial member before July 1, 2008, in excess of 15 years, plus

#### **Base Benefit**

2.0 percent times final average compensation times all other such years of credited service as a Class B Judicial member after July 1, 2008.

All of the above benefits are paid monthly.

SDRS benefits are limited to the maximum benefit under Section 415 of the Internal Revenue Code, except for the portion of benefits attributable to any after-tax contributions made prior to July 1, 1984.

### Delayed Retirement Benefit

The monthly benefit payable upon retirement after normal retirement date is based on credited service and final average compensation to date of actual retirement.

Special Early Retirement Date (Rule of 85, Rule of 80, and Rule of 75)

The special early retirement date for Class A members is the date at which a member's age plus credited service total 85, but not less than age 55. The special early retirement date for Class B Judicial members is the date at which age plus credited service total 80, but not less than age 55. The special early retirement date for Class B Public Safety members is the date at which age plus credited service total 75, but not less than age 45.

Members are entitled to retire at special early retirement date with a benefit equal to the normal retirement benefit based on credited service and final average compensation to date of retirement, with no reduction for early payment.



Any member with at least three years of contributory service can retire in the ten years preceding their normal retirement date. The member will be entitled to receive the normal retirement benefit based on credited service and final average compensation to date of retirement, reduced by 1/4 of 1 percent for each full month by which commencement of payments precedes the earlier of the normal retirement date or the special early retirement date. Benefits commence on the first of the month following retirement (or the date chosen for payment to commence) and 30 days after the application for retirement benefits has been received by SDRS.

Early Retirement Benefit

A terminated member with at least three years of contributory service will be entitled to receive the normal or early retirement benefit payable at either normal or early retirement based on the member's credited service at the time of termination of employment and increased by the cost-of-living adjustment from the date of termination to the date benefits commence.

Vested Benefit and Portable Retirement Option

In lieu of any monthly lifetime retirement benefits under the system, a terminating member may receive a lump-sum of his accumulated contributions under the portable retirement option. Members who are rehired may redeposit their accumulated contributions plus interest within two years of rehire to reinstate their credited service.

Disability Benefit

A contributing member, who becomes disabled with at least three years of contributory service, or was disabled by accidental means while performing the usual duties of his job, is entitled to an immediate monthly disability benefit.

The disability benefit is equal to:

- For the first 36 months, 50 percent of the member's final average compensation, increased 10 percent for each eligible child to a maximum of four children.
- Starting with the 37th month,
  - if the member is receiving disability benefits from Social Security, the greater of:
  - 50 percent of final average compensation plus 10 percent for each eligible child to a maximum of 90 percent less the amount of primary Social Security.
  - 20 percent of final average compensation increased by the COLA
  - the unreduced accrued retirement benefit at date of disability
  - if the member is not receiving disability benefits from Social Security, the greater of:
  - 20 percent of final average compensation increased by the COLA
  - the unreduced accrued retirement benefit at date of disability

The maximum benefit is 100 percent of final average compensation (increased by the cost-of-living adjustment) reduced by earned income and primary Social Security.

The above benefits are payable monthly.

At age 65 (or when there are no eligible children, if later), but not before five years of disability, the benefit payable is converted to the normal retirement benefits based on compensation increased by the cost-of-living adjustment for the period between the date of disability and normal retirement date (projected compensation), and credited service as if employment had continued uninterrupted to normal retirement date (projected credited service).

#### **Survivor Benefits**

### Pre-Normal Retirement Age and Post-Disability Deaths

If an active member with at least one year of contributory service, or a member receiving a disability benefit commencing after July 1, 1974, dies, the surviving spouse having the care of eligible dependent children will receive an immediate benefit equal to 40 percent of the member's final average compensation, increased 10 percent for each child to a maximum of six children. If the surviving eligible dependent children are under the care of a guardian, the benefit payable will be 20 percent of the member's final average compensation for each child (to a maximum of five children).

The above survivor benefits are all payable monthly without improvements and reduced by 75 percent of primary Social Security benefit.

If no benefit is payable as defined above or payment has ceased, and the member's accumulated contributions have not been withdrawn, the spouse is entitled to receive at the spouse's age 65 a benefit equal to 60 percent of the normal retirement benefit that would have been payable to the deceased member at normal retirement date based on projected credited service and projected compensation, and further increased by the cost-of-living adjustment for any time between normal retirement date and payment commencement date.

### Post-Normal Retirement Age and Post-Retirement Deaths

Upon the death of a retiree or any member at or beyond normal retirement age, the surviving spouse is entitled to receive 60 percent of the monthly retirement benefit the member was receiving or was eligible to receive.



#### **Terminated Member**

If a member dies prior to benefit commencement, the accumulated contributions are refunded to the designated beneficiary, children, or estate in a lump sum.

#### Optional Spouse Coverage

Prior to June 30, 2010, a member could have elected to provide an additional benefit payable to the surviving spouse within 365 days after becoming a member, within 90 days following attainment of age 35, or within 90 days after the first anniversary of marriage. This optional coverage may continue until the member's spouse attains age 65, the death or disability of the member, the death of the member's spouse, termination of the member's marriage to his spouse, or the member's termination of employment. The elected additional monthly benefit is equal to 40 percent of the member's final average compensation multiplied by the cost-of-living adjustment for each full year between the date of death or disability of the member to payment commencement. Such benefit is paid upon the member's death from the time there are no eligible children until the spouse dies or attains age 65. The cost of this protection is paid by the member through an additional contribution of 1.5 percent of compensation, which will not be matched by the employer and is not refundable.

#### Accumulated Contributions as Minimum Benefits

If the aggregate benefit payments received by a member and the member's beneficiary (excluding benefits received under the optional spouse coverage benefit provisions) do not equal the sum of the accumulated contributions, then the difference will be paid to the member's designated beneficiary, children, or estate in a lump sum.

The monthly retirement benefits may be modified to an optional form of payment which is the actuarial equivalent of the benefit due under the system. A Social Security level income payment option is available for members who retire before age 62.

Administrative expenses are paid from the system's assets in an amount not to exceed 3 percent of the annual member and employer contributions received by the system.

Retired members' and terminated vested members' benefits have been increased to reflect the benefit formula currently in effect for active members.

This plan summary is effective July 1, 2013.

Optional Forms of Retirement Payments

Administrative Expenses

**Retired Members** 

### INVESTMENT SUMMARY



# Investment Council's Letter Investment Analysis

The Investment Council
Investment Objectives and Policy
Prudent Man Standard
Performance
Real Rates of Return
Investment Managers
Schedule of Investment Management Expenses
and Commissions
Summary of Investment Portfolios
Internal Equity Profile
Bond Profile
Distribution Profile
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Time-Weighted Annualized Rates of Return

### INVESTMENT COUNCIL'S LETTER

#### TO THE SOUTH DAKOTA RETIREMENT SYSTEM BOARD OF TRUSTEES:

This letter summarizes the South Dakota Investment Council fiscal year 2013 investment performance for South Dakota Retirement System assets. Additional topics include investing for the long term, future expectations, and investment objectives. Additional information may be found in the Investment Council's annual report available on the Council's website at sdic.sd.gov.

#### FISCAL YEAR 2013 PERFORMANCE

The fiscal year 2013 investment return was 19.5% before deducting investment management cost. This exceeded the Council's market index-based benchmark return of 12.7% and the median corporate pension fund return of 10.0%, also reported gross of cost. The return net of cost was 19.0% which exceeded the median state fund net return of 12.3%. Global equity was the largest contributor.

Beginning with fiscal year 2014, the Council will deemphasize comparison to corporate plans. In recent years, corporate pension plans have shifted investment allocations toward fixed income and away from stocks due to changes in accounting rules and to minimize impact on corporate balance sheets. Primary focus will also switch to returns net of all investment cost.

Since the financial crisis began, there have been numerous highly consequential years. Returns were favorable in fiscal years 2010, 2011, and 2013 and very painful in 2008 and 2009. Whether any year is good, bad or average, it is important to be mindful that the Council invests for the long term and believes performance should be judged over the long term. Actions taken in any year may impact performance several years down the road. There have been interim periods of underperformance in the Council's history, and there will be more in the future. Long-term success has resulted from adherence to strategies during underperforming periods. History has shown that following large out-performances, opportunities may be sparse for a time. Chasing inferior opportunities tends to backfire. The lesson is to be patient in waiting for worthwhile opportunities.

#### INVESTING FOR THE LONG TERM

The Council has managed SDRS assets since consolidation in 1974. The Council's goal is to add value over the long term versus market indexes and other similar funds. Since inception, investment returns have meaningfully exceeded the Investment Council's market index-based benchmark as well as corporate and state pension fund peer universes.

The Council invests in assets believed to be undervalued from a long-term perspective. The investment valuation process is based on the view that the worth of an asset is the present value of its future cash flows. Internal research efforts focus on estimating future cash flows and assessing the impact of risk on the rate used to discount cash flows to present value.

#### **RETURN EXPECTATIONS**

The Council believes market return expectations should be based on forward-looking long-term cash flows rather than extrapolation of past returns which tend to be inversely related to future results.

As of June 30, 2013, expected returns were 2.5% for bonds and 7.9% for stocks. Low interest rates foreshadow low future bond returns. The expected return for stocks is lower than the historic average, but compares favorably to bonds and near-zero money market yields. The expected long-term return for the overall SDRS portfolio, which is diversified across a number of asset categories, is 6.8% to 7.2% depending on inflation expectations. This excludes any impact of withdrawals from the fund and any value added or detracted relative to index returns.

It is important to note the expected return is the mid-point of a range of possible outcomes. The one standard deviation range, which statistically encompasses the central two-thirds of potential outcomes, is 1.8% to 11.8% per annum for a ten-year horizon and 3.2% to 10.4% for a 20-year horizon.

#### INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES

The Council's overall objective is to prudently manage SDRS assets to achieve and exceed the returns available over the long term from the investment markets. The Council has three specific objectives. The first is to achieve and exceed the actuarial estimated return over the long term to help assure the financial health of SDRS. The other two objectives are to add value over the long term versus the Council's market index-based benchmark and versus peer funds.

The Council values the excellent cooperative relationship with the SDRS Board of Trustees and staff. The Council believes this teamwork and a disciplined focus on long-term investment value will serve us well in the decades to come.

Submitted by:

Matthew L. Clark, CFA State Investment Officer

Matthew-L Clark

# The Investment Council

The SDRS trust fund is invested under the direction of the South Dakota Investment Council. The Council is composed of five members at large with financial backgrounds, the State Treasurer, the Commissioner of School and Public Lands, and the SDRS Executive Director/Administrator. The Council is a policy-making board and attends to matters such as asset allocation, portfolio strategy, and the selection or dismissal of outside investment managers.

The data in the investment section of this report was prepared by the South Dakota Investment Council, using time-weighted rates of return as defined by CFA Institute standards. The South Dakota Retirement System in conjunction with the South Dakota Investment Council and external auditors, Eide Bailly, prepared the investment section of this report.

### Investment Objectives and Policy

The South Dakota Investment Council has three specific objectives for managing the assets of the South Dakota Retirement System. The goal is to assure the continued financial health of SDRS.

Meeting the first objective as follows will assure that this goal is met:

• Achieve and exceed the actuarial rate of return over the long term

The actuarial rate of return is an estimate made by a retirement system's actuary of the investment return achievable over the long term through investing in the capital markets. The return estimate, along with other actuarial estimates relating to issues such as member longevity, salary changes, and turnover, are used by the actuary to assess the funding status and overall health of a retirement system. Achievement of the actuarial return estimate is important to continued financial strength of SDRS. Additional return above the actuarial estimate can strengthen the financial condition and/or provide additional resources to address SDRS benefit goals.

If investment markets do not allow the Council, or the Council simply fails, to achieve the estimated return over the long term, South Dakota law may require benefit reductions, contribution changes, or both. It is important that the actuarial estimated return be a reasonable expectation of what the capital markets can deliver, or it may not be realistic to expect to achieve this objective.

The remaining objectives relate to adding value over the long term versus the index returns of the Council's capital markets benchmark and versus peer funds.

 Achieve favorable total fund performance over the long term relative to a capital markets benchmark reflective of the Council's normal asset allocation policy

This is the most important specific investment objective in judging the Council's delivery of a competitive rate of return. The objective is to achieve and exceed the indexed returns that would be earned if SDRS was invested in the Council's selected capital markets benchmark. The key investment policy decision made by the Council is asset allocation.

The investment council strives to outperform the passive opportunity that exists in each of the asset categories in which SDRS assets are involved.

 Achieve favorable total fund performance over the long term relative to professionally managed multi-billion dollar pension funds

The Council compares its performance to pension fund peers. While there is some variation in liability structure and risk preferences across funds, all pension funds are professionally managed and attempt to produce superior returns for their beneficiaries.



State law requires that the South Dakota Retirement System trust fund be invested according to the Prudent Man Standard. South Dakota Codified Law defines the Prudent Man Standard as follows:

Prudent Man Standard

Any investment under the provisions of SD Codified Law Sections 4-5-12 to 4-5-39, inclusive, shall be made with the exercise of the degree of judgment and care, under circumstances then prevailing, which persons of prudence, discretion, and intelligence exercised in the management of their own affairs, not for speculation but for investment, considering the probable safety of their capital as well as the probable income to be derived.

Though monthly benefit payments exceed monthly contributions, the South Dakota Retirement System is not subject to sudden, substantial, and unexpected withdrawals. As a result, it is not necessary to have a high percentage of assets in short-term investments unless this is deemed to be the best investment strategy. This allows the trust fund to be as fully invested in stocks, bonds, and other alternatives as investment strategy dictates.

The total fund time-weighted gross and net rates of return for FY 2013 were 19.5 percent and 19.0 percent, respectively. The Council's benchmark return for FY 2013 was 12.7 percent. This capital market benchmark was 56 percent global equity, 7 percent private equity, 8 percent real estate, 18 percent fixed income-investment grade, 1 percent fixed income-TIPS, 7 percent fixed income-high yield/distressed debt, 1 percent commodities, and 2 percent cash. The 10-year annualized time-weighted gross and net rates of return were 9.2 percent and 8.7 percent, respectively, versus the benchmark return of 7.3 percent.

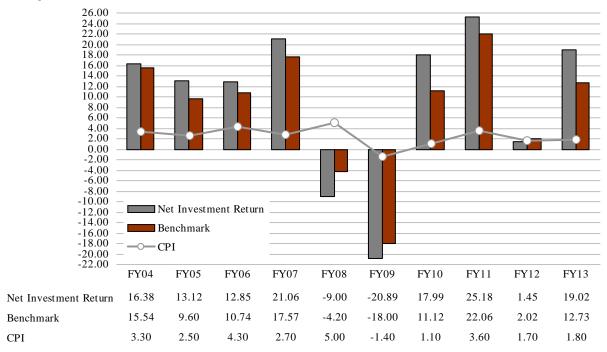
**Performance** 

The liabilities of SDRS are directly related to inflation. The difference between inflation and SDRS' total return over time is a key indicator of the financial strength of the system.

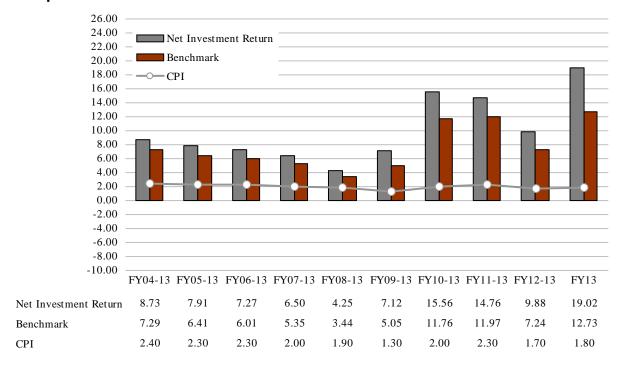
Real Rates of Return

During FY 2013 inflation averaged 1.8 percent while SDRS' total time-weighted net rate of return was 19.02 percent. Over the last 10 years, inflation has averaged 2.4 percent and the annualized time-weighted net rate of return 8.7 percent, creating a real return of 6.3 percent.

# **Investment Performance Compared** to Capital Market Benchmark and Inflation



# **Cumulative Investment Performance Compared** to Capital Market Benchmark and Inflation





<u>-</u>	Management
Investment managers	expenses
State of South Dakota Investment Council	\$5,713,364
Pinebridge	179,652
Apollo Real Estate Advisors LP	357,347
Blackstone Distressed Securities and Credit Liquidity	(21,577)
Blackstone Private Equity	418,641
Blackstone Real Estate Partners	6,271,824
Brandes Investment Partners	388,187
Capital International	1,277,005
Cargill North American Real Estate Partners	739,869
Carlyle	604,908
CINVIN	2,731,550
Crossroads Investment Advisors LP	161,185
CVC	765,250
CVI	1,818,082
Cypress Merchant Banking Partners LP	62,096
Dimensional Fund Advisors, Inc.	204,949
Doughty Hanson & Co. European Real Estate	725,267
Doughty Hanson & Co. Private Equity IV	898,904
Elevation Partners	185,367
GE Asset Management China	1,130,174
GE Asset Management Commodities	259,941
KKR Associates	160,687
Lonestar Real Estate	1,681,012
Oaktree Loan Fund 2x	59.031
PIMCO Distressed Mtg Fund II	919,479
Riverstone	1,510,027
Rockpoint RE IV	2,113,018
Sanders All Asset Value	225,766
Sanders Capital	204.192
Starwood RE IX	1,052,645
Silver Lake Partners LP	1,370,643
TCW	1,497,33 <u>5</u>
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total investment activity expenses	<u>\$35,665,820</u>

Schedule of Investment Management Expenses and Commissions

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

# Summary of Investment Portfolios

As of June 30, 2013	Fair Value	Futures Exposure	Fair Value with Futures	Percent of Fund with Futures
Global Equity				
Internal Global Equity	\$4,367,530,626			
Internal High Quality Equity	201,036,745			
Internal Small/Mid Equity	258,664,265			
Brandes	46,999,793			
Dimensional Fund Advisors	44,964,081			
GE Asset Management	91,575,888			
Sanders Capital	33,639,703			
Equity Index Futures		\$(437,711,300)	\$4,606,699,801	50.
Private Equity Limited Partnerships				
Blackstone Capital Partners	264,217,262			
Capital International	31,651,052			
Carlyle	58,353,534			
Cinven	98,477,586			
Credit Suisse	351,449			
CVC	68,283,857			
Cypress	4,711,982			
Doughty Hanson	86,422,927			
Elevation	13,122,569			
KKR	42,500,790			
Neuberger Berman	3,213,150			
PineBridge	4,806,819			
Riverstone	57,289,887			
Silver Lake	125,952,530		859,355,394	9.
Arbitrage & Aggressive Absolute Return Internal Convertible Arbitrage	114,151,808			
Bridgewater	72,183,617			
Sanders Capital	19,693,158		206,028,583	2.3
Real Estate Limited Partnerships				
AREA Property Partners	17,144,354			
Blackstone Real Estate Partners	1,138,390,843			
Cargill N.A. Real Estate Partners	29,543,770			
Doughty Hanson	19,609,720			
Lone Star	48,133,307			
Rockpoint	19,183,471			
Starwood	12,329,122		1,284,334,587	14.
Fixed Income—Investment Grade/TIPS				
Internal Investment Grade	906,562,476			
Treasury Financial Futures		227,106,050	1,133,668,526	12.
Fixed Income—High Yield/Distressed Deb	t			
Internal High Yield	108,040,119			
Blackstone	1,360,337			
CarVal	99,634,608			
PIMCO	116,244			
TCW	444,188,004		653,339,312	7.
Commodities	0		0	0.
Cash and Cash Equivalents				
Internal Shift Account	122,504,036			
Cash from Futures	,	210,605,250	333,109,286	3.
Total	\$9.076.535.489	02	\$9.076.535.489	100%
10411	DECISE OF BRIDE	<u>\$0</u>		100%



The South Dakota Retirement System's internal global equity portfolio characteristics as of June 30, 2013, are presented below. The SDRS internal global equity portfolio is compared to the 2/3 S&P Global 1200 Index plus 1/3 S&P 500 Index benchmark.

# Internal Equity Profile

### **Distribution by Market Sector**

### **Ten Largest Country Weights**

Market sector	SDRS	Bench		SDRS	Bench
Consumer Discretionary	13.1%	11.7%	United States	73.6%	68.7%
Consumer Staples	9.3	10.7	Great Britain	6.0	6.0
Energy	13.0	10.0	Switzerland	5.3	2.5
Financials	20.6	19.3	Japan	3.9	5.5
Health Care	14.9	11.6	Germany	2.5	2.3
Industrials	7.3	10.5	France	2.4	2.5
Information Technology	14.8	14.0	Canada	2.0	2.6
Materials	3.3	5.0	Netherlands	1.1	0.7
Telecommunications Services	1.4	3.8	South Korea	0.6	0.7
Utilities	1.6	3.4	Ireland	0.5	0.1
Cash equivalents	0.7	0.0			
-			Total	97.9%	91.6%
Total	100.0%	100.0%			

### **Bond Profile**

The South Dakota Retirement System Internal Bond Fund portfolio characteristics for the past 10 years are presented below. The Bond Index is presented for comparative purposes.

South Dakota										
Retirement System	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Yield to maturity	5.44%	4.70%	6.00%	6.00%	5.67%	5.17%	3.65%	2.60%	2.0%	2.4%
Average maturity (years)	7.50	5.80	5.47	6.14	6.60	5.20	5.41	5.00	5.4	5.0
Duration (years)	5.78	4.10	4.65	5.00	5.38	4.10	4.04	4.40	4.7	4.9
Bond Index										
Yield to maturity	4.68%	4.51%	5.81%	5.69%	4.99%	3.82%	2.63%	2.6%	1.8%	2.3%
Average maturity (years)	7.47	6.21	7.28	7.39	7.80	6.27	5.96	6.50	6.3	6.9
Duration (years)	4.77	4.67	5.06	5.12	5.36	4.88	4.55	4.80	5.0	5.3

### **Distribution Profile**

The South Dakota Retirement System's internal investment grade (IG) and high yield (HY) bond portfolio characteristics as of June 30, 2013, are presented below:

Distribution	on by Dura	ation	Distribution by	by Quality		
	IG	HY		10		
0 to 2 years	7.5%	22.9%	U.S. Gov't/Aaa	63.8%		
2 to 3 years	11.8	13.9	Aa	7.2		
3 to 4 years	21.0	12.6	A	11.3		
4 to 5 years	18.7	17.3	Baa	17.7		
5 to 6 years	8.3	20.4	Ba	0.0		
6 to 8 years	20.7	9.2	В	0.0		
Above 8 years	<u>12.0</u>	<u>3.7</u>	Caa and lower	<u>0.0</u>		
Total	100.0%	100.0%	Total	100.0%		

Distributio	n by Cou	pon	Distribution b	y Se
	IG	HY		IG
0.00% - 4.00%	64.9%	5.2%	Cash/cash equivalents	3.0%
4.01% - 5.00%	16.4	0.0	U.S. Treasuries	19.0
5.01% - 6.00%	13.8	4.8	Agency Debentures/FDIC	6.3
6.01% - 7.00%	3.9	15.5	Agency Mortgage-	
7.01% - 8.00%	0.0	32.4	Backed Securities	34.5
8.01% - 9.00%	1.0	22.4	<b>Investment Grade Corporates</b>	37.2
9.01% and over	<u>0.0</u>	<u>19.7</u>	High Yield Corporates	0.0
Total	100.0%	100.0%	Total	100.0%



The allocation of assets to various categories such as stocks, bonds, real estate, and others, has the largest impact on investment outcomes. The Investment Council establishes a benchmark asset allocation which considers expected returns and risk as well as the likelihood of achieving the investment objectives for SDRS over the long term.

**Asset Allocation** 

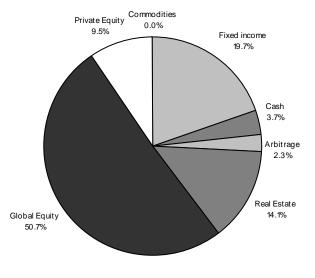
Asset category risk is measured by standard deviation, which is a measure of volatility. The degree that categories diversify each other is measured by correlation. Overall portfolio risk is a function of the standard deviation of the individual asset categories and the correlation among them. Fund liquidity is also monitored. Conventional statistical measures of standard deviation and correlation are helpful for understanding risk in normal times but understate real-world frequency and magnitude of severe market declines. The expected long-term return as of June 30, 2013, was 6.8 percent. This excludes any potential value added or detracted relative to index returns resulting from managing the fund. The rate of inflation embedded in the expected return was 2.5 percent. Standard deviation was estimated to be 15.8 percent after adjustments to capture real-world frequency of adverse events. These statistics indicate a 66 percent chance the return for any year would be between (9.0) percent and 22.6 percent.

An additional risk measure is the amount of equity-like risk in the overall fund. It can be difficult to understand overall fund risk given multiple asset categories that can each behave uniquely. The current equity-like risk measure focuses on the sensitivity of each asset category to a severe stock market decline. The analysis is done separately for inflation and deflation-related stock market declines. The sensitivities are aggregated based on the percentage invested in each category to determine the overall fund equity-like risk. The equity-like risk level is adjusted in response to valuation attractiveness.

SDRS' asset allocation and underlying asset performance have continued to generate an attractive risk versus return profile. Ongoing analysis dealing with both the risk and return potential inherent in the Investment Council's asset allocation is an important element of continuing successful asset management for SDRS.

# Asset Allocation as of June 30, 2013

	6/30/11	6/30/12	6/30/13
Global equities	51.1%	50.1%	50.7%
Fixed income	20.5%	21.6%	19.7%
Cash	0.4%	0.1%	3.7%
Arbitrage	3.2%	2.5%	2.3%
Real estate	12.8%	14.4%	14.1%
Private equity	11.6%	11.0%	9.5%
Commodities	0.4%	0.3%	_



# SDRS Rates of Return

#### Annual Returns

#### **Annualized Returns**

Fiscal Year	Time Weighted Gross of Fees	Time Weighted Net of Fees	Capital Markets Benchmark	Money Weighted Net of Fees		Time Weighted Net of Fees
2013	19.53%	19.02%	12.73%	19.01%	FY13	19.02%
012	1.9%	1.45%	2.02%	1.37%	FY12-13	9.88%
011	25.8%	25.18%	22.06%	25.27%	FY11-13	14.76%
010	18.7%	17.99%	11.12%	18.20%	FY10-13	15.56%
009	(20.36)%	(20.89)%	(18.00)%	(21.05)%	FY09-13	7.12%
98	(8.65)%	(9.00)%	(4.20)%	(8.93)%	FY08-13	4.25%
)7	21.39%	21.06%	17.57%	21.07%	FY07-13	6.50%
06	13.1%	12.85%	10.74%	12.86%	FY06-13	7.27%
05	13.3%	13.12%	9.60%	13.12%	FY05-13	7.91%
4	16.6%	16.38%	15.54%	16.35%	FY04-13	8.73%

Time-Weighted Rate of Return is the rate of investment growth earned on a unit of assets held continuously for the entire period measured and is used to compare returns against other investment managers and indexes.

Money-Weighted Rate of Return considers the changing amounts actually invested during a period and weights the amount of pension plan investment by the proportion of time they are available to earn a return during that period. The rate of return is then calculated by solving, through an iterative process, for the rate that equates (1) the sum of the weighted external cash flows into and out of pension plan investments to (2) the ending fair value of the pension plan investment.

Capital Markets Benchmark is the asset allocation policy approved by the Investment Council applied to the appropriate index returns.

### Real Estate and Private Equity Limited Partnership Investments

The South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC) has invested a portion of the South Dakota Retirement System trust in real estate and private equity limited partnerships since the mid-1990's. These partnerships are typically organized with experienced real estate or private equity firms serving as the general partner. Outside investors, such as SDRS, are then sought to provide financing for the partnership in exchange for a share of ownership as limited partners.

Although these investments are illiquid and have higher fees, the SDIC believes they offer diversification and opportunity for added value net-of-fees over public market investments. The funding of these investments is made over several years as the partnerships call money from investors to buy assets and later return it when assets are sold. According to industry standards, the return analysis for these investments requires use of a since inception internal rate of return (SI-IRR).

As of June 30, 2013, 14.1 percent of the SDRS portfolio was invested in real estate limited partnerships and 9.5 percent was invested in private equity limited partnerships. From December 1994 through June 2013, the net-of-fees SI-IRR for the composite of SDRS real estate limited partnership investments was 21.4 percent. The annualized rate of return for the related benchmark real estate index for the same period of time was 10.9 percent. From November 1995 through June 2013, the net-of-fees SI-IRR for the composite private estate limited partnership investments was 8.0 percent. This can be compared to a similarly calculated IRR for the S&P 500 index of 4.5 percent for the same period.

The Real Estate limited partnerships composite return has significantly exceeded SDIC expectations. The Private Equity limited partnerships composite return has also somewhat exceeded SDIC expectations. The South Dakota Investment Council will continue its ongoing evaluation of RE and PE limited partnerships.

See the South Dakota Investment Council Annual Report on the SDIC website, www.sdic.sd.gov, for more details on this topic.

# STATISTICAL SUMMARY



### **Membership Profile**

Public Entities Participating in SDRS
SDRS Benefits Paid
Membership by Age
Membership by County of Residence
Membership by Group
Benefit Recipients by Group
Historical Views

### Public Entities Participating in SDRS

All teachers, higher education personnel, and legislative, executive, and judicial employees are required to participate in SDRS. Counties, municipalities, and other public entities, however, have the option of participating, and school districts may choose whether or not to include their classified employees.

The following schedules list SDRS participating entities by group, the number of active members in each group, and each group's percentage of the 38,594 total active members as of June 30, 2013.

#### **School Districts**

Membership: 17,342

Percentage of total active members: 45.0% Units: 166

Aberdeen Dakota Valley Herreid Mobridge-Pollock Stickney Agar-Blunt-Onida Dell Rapids Highmore-Harrold Montrose Summit Alcester-Hudson DeSmet Hill City Mt. Vernon Tea Area Andes Central Deubrook Area Hitchcock-Tulare Newell Three Rivers New Underwood Arlington Deuel Hot Springs Timber Lake North Central Coop Armour Doland Hoven Todd County Northeast Ed Serv Avon Douglas Howard Tripp-Delmont Baltic Dupree Huron Northwest Area Tri-Valley Belle Fourche Eagle Butte Ipswich Northwestern Vermillion Bennett County East Dakota Ed Irene-Wakonda Oahe Special Ed Viborg-Hurley Beresford Edgemont Oelrichs Wagner Iroquois Edmunds Central James Valley Ed Oldham-Ramona Big Stone City Wall Elk Mountain Warner Bison Coop Parker Black Hills Special Elk Point-Jefferson Jones County Parkston Watertown Serv Coop Kadoka Area Elkton Pierre Waubay Bon Homme Estelline Kimball Plankinton Waverly Lake Area Multi Platte-Geddes **Bowdle** Ethan Webster Area Brandon Valley Eureka Lake Preston Prairie Lakes Ed Wessington Springs Coop Bridgewater-Emery Faith Langford Area West Central Rapid City Britton-Hecla Faulkton Lead-Deadwood White Lake Brookings Flandreau Lemmon Redfield White River Burke Florence Lennox Rosholt Willow Lake Canistota Frederick Area Leola Rutland Wilmot Canton Freeman Sanborn Central Winner Lvman Castlewood Garretson Madison Central Scotland Wolsey-Wessington Gayville-Volin Centerville Marion Selby Area Woonsocket McCook Central Chamberlain Gettysburg Shannon County Yankton Grant-Deuel McIntosh Chester Area Sioux Falls Children's Hosp & Gregory McLaughlin Sioux Valley Schools Groton Area Meade County Sisseton Clark Haakon Menno Smee Colman-Egan Mid-Central Multi South Central Coop Hamlin South Central Colome Hanson Service Coop Cornbelt Coop Harding County Milbank South East Area Corsica Harrisburg Miller Spearfish Mitchell Stanley County Custer Henry

# Legislative, Executive, and Judicial Agencies

Membership: 8,074

Percentage of total active members: 20.9% Units: 1

Executive Management Agriculture Commerce and Regulation Corrections Dept. of Public Safety Education & Cultural Affairs Game, Fish and Parks Governor's Office Health Human Services

Labor

Lottery
Military and Veterans Affairs
Revenue & Regulation
Social Services
Tourism & State Development
Transportation
Vocational Rehabilitation
Enviro. and Natural Resources
Attorney General
Public Utilities Commission

School and Public Lands Secretary of State State Auditor State Treasurer Legislative Audit Legislative Research Council Unified Judicial System SD Investment Council SD Retirement System

# Institutions of Higher Education

Membership: 4,500

Percentage of total active members: 11.7% Units: 1 Board of Regents Central Office University of South Dakota South Dakota State University South Dakota School of Mines and Technology Northern State University Black Hills State University Dakota State University South Dakota School for the Visually Impaired South Dakota School for the Deaf



Aberdeen Alcester Arlington Armour Aurora Avon Baltic Belle Fourche Beresford Big Stone City Bison Box Elder Brandon Bridgewater Britton Brookings Bruce Bryant Buffalo Burke Canistota Canton Carthage Castlewood Centerville Chamberlain

Chancellor Clark Clear Lake Colman Colton Conde Corsica Crooks Custer Dallas Deadwood Dell Rapids DeSmet Dupree Eagle Butte Edgemont Elk Point Elkton Estelline

Ethan

Eureka

Faulkton

Flandreau

Ft Pierre

Freeman

Clav

Codington

Faith

Garretson Gary Gettysburg Gregory Groton Harrisburg Hartford Hayti Hecla Hermosa Herreid Highmore Hill City Hot Springs Hoven Howard Hudson Humboldt Hurley

Huron

Irene

Ipswich

Jefferson

Kadoka

Kennebec

Keystone

Kimball Lake Andes Lake Norden Lake Preston Langford Lead Lemmon Lennox Leola Madison Marion Martin McLaughlin Menno Midland Milbank Miller Mitchell Mobridge Mt. Vernon Murdo New Effington

New Underwood

North Sioux City

Newell

Oacoma

Tripp Tyndall Parker Parkston Valley Springs Philip Veblen Vermillion Pickstown Pierre Viborg Plankinton Volga Platte Wagner Pollock Wakonda Presho Wall Pukwana Warner Rapid City Watertown Redfield Waubay Roscoe Webster Salem Wessington Scotland Springs White Selby Sisseton White Lake Spearfish White River Springfield Whitewood Stickney Wilmot Winner Sturgis Summerset Woonsocket Tabor Worthing Yankton Tea

Onida

**Municipalities** Membership: 4,069

Percentage of total active members: 10.5% **Units: 154** 

Aurora Beadle Bennett Bon Homme Brookings Brown Brule Butte Campbell Charles Mix Clark

Corson Custer Davison Day Deuel Dewey Douglas Edmunds Fall River-

Shannon Faulk Grant Gregory Haakon Hamlin Hand Hanson Harding Hughes Hutchinson

Hyde Jackson Jerauld Jones Kingsburv Lake Lawrence Lincoln Lyman Marshall McCook

McPherson Spink Springdale Meade Mellette Township Stanley Miner Minnehaha Sully Moody Tripp Pennington Turner Perkins Union Potter Walworth Roberts Yankton Sanborn Ziebach

Timber Lake

Counties

Membership: 3,876

Percentage of total active members: 10.0%

Units: 64

Aberdeen Housing Assoc School Boards B-Y Water Dist Beadle County Cons Belle Fourche Irrigation Black Hawk Water Dist Black Hills Council of Local Govt **Brookings County Cons Dist** Brown -Marshall Cons Brule-Buffalo Cons Burke Housing & Redev Butte-Meade Sanitary Dist Campbell County Cons Dist Canton Housing and Redev Central Plains Water Central SD Enhancement Dist Charles Mix Cons Dist Clark County Cons Codington County Cons

Dakota Dunes Improvement Dakota Valley Fire Davison Cons Dist Day County Cons Deuel County Cons East Dakota Water Dev **Edmunds County Cons** Fall River Water Faulk County Cons Faulkton Area Med Center First District Assoc of Local Gov Grant County Cons Haakon County Cons Dist Hamlin County Cons Hanson-McCook Reg Library Harding County Cons Heartland Consumer Power Hill City Ambulance Hill City Fire Protection Hot Springs Housing Hutchinson County Cons Dist Hyde County Cons Dist James River Water Dev Dist Jerauld Cons Dist Kingsbury County Cons Lake Madison Sanitary Dist Lead-Deadwood Sanitary Dist Lemmon Housing Authority Lennox Housing Lincoln County Cons Marshall County Cons Marshall County Hospital McCook Lake Sanitary Dist McPherson County Cons Dist Meade County Housing & Redev Mellette County Cons Dist Metro Communications Milbank Housing Miller Housing & Redev Mina Lake Water Dist Miner County Cons

Minnehaha County Cons Mitchell Housing N.E. Council of Govt Pennington County Housing Dev Perkins County Cons Pierre Housing & Redev Planning & Dev Dist III Potter County Cons Dist Randall Community Water Rapid Valley Sanitary Dist Redfield Housing School Admin. Of SD Sioux Falls Airport Authority Sisseton Housing South Brown County Cons SD Assoc of County Commissioners SD High School Activities Assoc SD Housing Authority SD Municipal League SD Pharmacists Assoc. SD Science & Technology Auth Southeastern Council of Gov. Southern Missouri Recycle Spink County Cons Dist State Bar of SD Tri-County Conservation Walworth County Cons

Watertown Housing

**Other Public Entities** 

Membership: 733

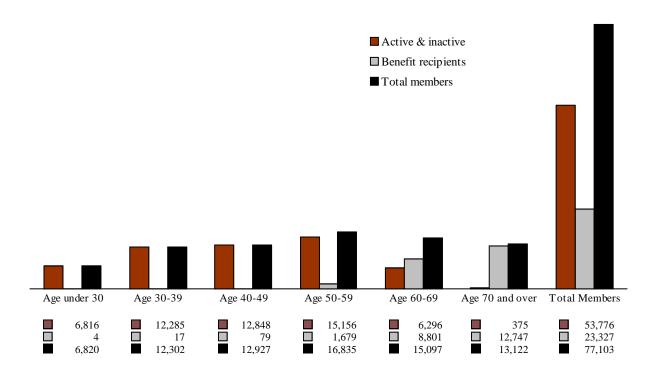
Percentage of total active members: 1.9%

Units: 88

SDRS Benefits Paid SDRS Benefits Paid by	County	FY 2013 members receiving benefits	Annualized benefits	County	FY 2013 members receiving benefits	Annualized benefits
County of Residence	<b>A</b>	100	1 275 762	IIJ.	52	£46,000
ocanty of recoldence	Aurora Beadle	108 475	1,375,763 7,629,879	Hyde	53	546,998
	Bennett	39	555,322	Jackson Jerauld	47 56	787,991 662,509
	Bon Homme		3,863,664	Jones	36	567,803
	Brookings	1,214	26,316,020	Kingsbury	149	2,035,956
	Brown	1,021	18,413,386	Lake	365	6,699,912
	Brule	120	1,835,603	Lawrence	742	14,158,310
	Buffalo	3	33,129	Lincoln	306	5,002,661
	Butte	253	3,465,700	Lyman	71	1,183,979
	Campbell	52	655,163	Marshall	150	2,243,139
	Charles Mix	234	3,549,096	McCook	114	1,758,000
	Clark	119	1,376,817	McPherson	60	642,303
	Clay	569	12,215,213	Meade	505	8,264,250
	Codington	687	13,323,793	Mellette	46	494,036
	Corson	35	530,630	Miner	65	1,018,680
	Custer	301	4,864,301	Minnehaha	2,817	60,020,862
	Davison	512	9,193,709	Moody	159	2,143,852
	Day	208	2,879,860	Pennington	2,620	51,507,791
	Deuel	99	1,125,646	Perkins	84	1,105,066
	Dewey	70	1,061,164	Potter	101	1,496,696
	Douglas	74	1,029,259	Roberts	228	3,292,842
	Edmunds	97	1,464,356	Sanborn	65	930,840
	Fall River	278	3,204,368	Shannon	14	226,560
	Faulk	111	1,252,486	Spink	384	5,004,558
	Grant	178	2,733,854	Stanley	159	3,495,468
	Gregory	137	1,853,141	Sully	47	560,834
	Haakon	49	612,724	Todd	62	945,477
	Hamlin	151	2,021,064	Tripp	176	2,467,643
	Hand	99	1,393,705	Turner	201	2,658,423
	Hanson	43	531,298	Union	271	4,391,309
	Harding	20	233,662	Walworth	203	3,193,262
	Hughes	1,234	27,590,975	Yankton	732	12,300,777
	Hutchinson	222	3,429,300	Ziebach	14	182,936
		Total	l benefits paya	ble by county	20,186	\$363,605,773
SDRS Benefits Paid Outside of South Dakota	State	Members receiving benefits	Annualized benefits	State	Members receiving benefits	Annualized benefits
	A	211	5 501 050 l	Manuals D. 1. 4	1 4 ~	1.064.011
	Arizona	311	5,581,053	North Dakota	145	1,964,911
	California	84	1,352,852	Texas	178	2,680,764
	Colorado	169	2,346,620	Wisconsin	99	1,460,613
	Florida	120	2,161,435	Wyoming	105	1,157,041
	Iowa Minnosoto	211	2,926,102	Other states		
	Minnesota	432	6,598,507	Other states and foreign	011	13 802 006
	Montana Nebraska	76 300	1,230,724	U	911	13,803,006
		300	3,809,601	countries		
		Total benefits pa	yable outside	South Dakota	3,141	\$47,073,229
		Total benefit red	enefit payable	<u>23,327</u>	<u>\$410,679,002</u>	



### **Membership by Age**



County	Total members	County	Total members	County	Total members	Membership by County of Residence
Aurora	295	Faulk	342	Mellette	196	
Beadle	1,363	Grant	499	Miner	208	Active, Inactive, and
Bennett	163	Gregory	410	Minnehaha	10,509	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Bon Homme	807	Haakon	194	Moody	455	Retired Members
Brookings	4,237	Hamlin	539	Pennington	8,134	
Brown	3,287	Hand	243	Perkins	241	
Brule	424	Hanson	196	Potter	256	
Buffalo	6	Harding	105	Roberts	669	
Butte	831	Hughes	4,518	Sanborn	219	
Campbell	139	Hutchinson	608	Shannon	132	
Charles Mix	738	Hyde	149	Spink	1,197	
Clark	306	Jackson	176	Stanley	611	
Clay	1,943	Jerauld	177	Sully	167	
Codington	2,195	Jones	119	Todd	408	
Corson	171	Kingsbury	548	Tripp	566	
Custer	845	Lake	1,157	Turner	632	
Davison	1,374	Lawrence	2,398	Union	987	
Day	516	Lincoln	1,456	Walworth	599	
Deuel	349	Lyman	288	Yankton	2,358	
Dewey	397	Marshall	424	Ziebach	115	
Douglas	234	McCook	411	Out of state/		
Edmunds	284	McPherson	183	Other	9,703	
Fall River	834	Meade	1,863			
	ı		membership	77,103		

Membership	Acti	ve membe	ers	Inacti	ive meml	oers	
by Group		Non-	Total		Non-	Total	Total
Board of Regents	Vested	vested	active	Vested	vested	inactive	members
Female		368	1,371	470	240	710	2,081
Male	,	387	1,527	467	233	700	2,227
Total		755	2,898	937	473	1,410	4,308
Total	2,143	133	2,070	731	773	1,410	4,500
County General							
Female		344	1,608	315	261	576	2,184
Male		291	1,405	217	198	415	1,820
Total		635	3,013	532	459	991	4,004
Total	2,370	033	3,013	332	137	,,,1	1,001
County Public Safety							
Female		58	184	11	31	42	226
Male		172	679	77	76	153	832
Total		230	863	88	107	195	1,058
							,
Judicial							
Female		4	14	1	0	1	15
Male		3	42	3	0	3	45
Total		7	56	4	0	4	60
Municipal General							
Female	1,055	346	1,401	298	383	681	2,082
Male		358	1,841	279	243	522	2,363
Total	2,538	704	3,242	577	626	1,203	4,445
Municipal Public Safety							
Female	35	13	48	2	14	16	64
Male	607	172	779	77	74	151	930
Total	642	185	827	79	88	167	994
<b>5</b> 6							
Public School &							
Board of Regents Classified				4 40.0			0.004
Female	,	1,501	6,299	1,693	1,934	3,627	9,926
Male		649	2,368	406	730	1,136	3,504
Total	6,517	2,150	8,667	2,099	2,664	4,763	13,430
St 4 G							
State General		002	2.000	707	0.65	1 651	5.620
Female	,	993	3,988	786	865	1,651	5,639
Male		579	3,042	522	413	935	3,977
Total	5,458	1,572	7,030	1,308	1,278	2,586	9,616
State Public							
Safety and Penitentiary							
Female		51	210	14	61	75	285
Male		184	778	65	142	207	985
Total		235	988	79	203	282	1,270
Total	155	233	700	1)	203	202	1,270
Teachers							
Female		1,002	8,165	1,951	689	2,640	10,805
Male		379	2,845	709	232	941	3,786
Total		1,381	11,010	2,660	921	3,581	14,591
Total	7,027	1,501	11,010	2,000	721	3,501	17,371
Grand Total							
Female		4,680	23,288	5,541	4,478	10,019	33,307
Male	,	3,174	15,306	2,822	2,341	5,163	20,469
Total		7,854	38,594	8,363	6,819	15,182	53,776
Total	50,7-10	.,06-1	33,32	0,000	0,019	12/10/	



Benefit Recipients by Group				Disability benefits		yor its		Total benefits	
<b>Board of Regents</b>	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	
Male	996	968	7	4	18	13	1,021	985	
Female	440	406	7	7	230	229	677	642	
Total	1,436	1,374	14	11	248	242	1,698	1,627	
<b>County General</b>									
Male	673	644	24	25	43	46	740	715	
Female	794	749	14	14	276	281	1,084	1,044	
Total	1,467	1,393	38	39	319	327	1,824	1,759	
County Public Safety									
Male	196	183	7	5	2	2	205	190	
Female	29	23	2	3	29	27	60	53	
Total	225	206	9	8	31	29	265	243	
Judicial									
Male	42	40	0	0	0	0	42	40	
Female	6	4	0	0	18	15	24	19	
Total	48	44	0	0	18	15	66	59	
Municipal General									
Male	717	679	27	26	31	35	775	740	
Female	503	471	15	14	263	270	773 781	755	
Total	1,220	1,150	42	40	294	305	1,556	1,495	
Total	1,220	1,130	42	40	294	303	1,330	1,493	
<b>Municipal Public Safety</b>									
Male	444	430	9	11	0	0	453	441	
Female	10	9	0	0	82	78	92	87	
Total	454	439	9	11	82	78	545	528	
Public School &									
<b>Board of Regents Classified</b>			•	•	4.50				
Male	993	939	29	30	159	153	1,181	1,122	
Female	2,766	2,623	37	36	315	313	3,118	2,972	
Total	3,759	3,562	66	66	474	466	4,299	4,094	
State General									
Male	1,859	1,811	31	23	123	111	2,013	1,945	
Female	1,837	1,746	45	49	652	652	2,534	2,447	
Total	3,696	3,557	76	72	775	763	4,547	4,392	
Total	3,070	3,331	70	12	773	703	7,577	4,372	
State Public									
Safety and Penitentiary									
Male	391	367	6	6	2	2	399	375	
Female	41	33	4	5	55	50	100	88	
Total	432	400	10	11	57	52	499	463	
gen a									
Teachers	2 2 4 7	2 21 1	0	10	257	254	0.611	0.577	
Male	2,347	2,311	8	12	256	254	2,611	2,577	
Female Total	4,920 7,267	4,698 7,009	35 43	30 42	462 718	443 697	5,417 8,028	5,171 7,748	
Total	7,207	7,009	45	42	/18	097	0,020	7,748	
<b>Grand Total</b>									
Male	8,658	8,372	148	142	634	616	9,440	9,130	
Female	11,346	10,762	159	158	2,382	2,358	13,887	13,278	
Total	20,004	19,134	307	300	3,016	2,974	23,327	22,408	

### Average Benefits Payments Last 10 Fiscal Years

<b>1</b> 7	f credited	
Y PARS A	i creamed	CALAINA

			Years of	f credited s	ervice		
Retirement effective dates	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30+
Period 7/1/2003—6/30/2004 Average monthly benefit Average final average salary Number of retired members	757 26,563 41	452 26,159 99	615 27,981 99	897 30,539 105	1,286 33,381 119	1,973 39,403 185	2,714 45,930 294
Period 7/1/2004—6/30/2005 Average monthly benefit Average final average salary Number of retired members	1,397 35,696 60	538 29,434 107	651 28,721 110	888 31,397 101	1,476 37,459 118	1,884 39,472 174	2,748 48,086 272
Period 7/1/2005—6/30/2006 Average monthly benefit Average final average salary Number of retired members	743 27,869 43	550 31,382 131	858 35,882 127	922 31,482 106	1,392 37,098 139	1,940 41,452 166	2,789 48,863 250
Period 7/1/2006—6/30/2007 Average monthly benefit Average final average salary Number of retired members	1,256 35,644 55	473 30,282 160	620 32,042 137	976 34,194 151	1,516 40,863 147	1,946 41,666 175	2,725 48,330 319
Period 7/1/2007—6/30/2008 Average monthly benefit Average final average salary Number of retired members	812 34,087 56	640 31,758 137	622 31,048 123	905 35,318 134	1,335 37,144 164	1,968 43,770 184	2,741 49,329 308
Period 7/1/2008—6/30/2009 Average monthly benefit Average final average salary Number of retired members	556 33,520 50	696 35,083 180	746 35,457 136	1,019 38,381 143	1,492 41,543 175	1,994 46,246 186	2,637 48,688 291
Period 7/1/2009—6/30/2010 Average monthly benefit Average final average salary Number of retired members	563 31,782 83	558 31,647 227	682 33,854 141	1,010 39,245 150	1,476 44,464 170	1,994 46,812 183	2,683 50,377 278
Period 7/1/2010—6/30/2011 Average monthly benefit Average final average salary Number of retired members	460 34,708 63	761 39,038 155	726 37,032 159	1,051 41,887 152	1,490 44,039 194	1,960 46,463 188	2,278 52,846 357
Period 7/1/2011—6/30/2012 Average monthly benefit Average final average salary Number of retired members	531 34,604 101	521 35,033 241	663 35,652 211	1,092 40,892 163	1,456 43,466 213	1,797 44,076 207	2,805 53,602 370
Period 7/1/2012—6/30/2013 Average monthly benefit Average final average salary Number of retired members	570 37,141 89	531 36,802 237	791 40,340 199	1,014 40,122 172	1,510 44,113 204	1,929 47,834 229	2,592 50,276 329



### **Historical Views**

# **Benefit Recipients** and Benefits Paid

Group	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
<b>Board of Regents</b>	1,390	1,432	1,464	1,539	1,627	1,698
County general	1,569	1,609	1.639	1,697	1,759	1,824
County public safety	186	198	207	227	243	265
Judicial	55	58	57	57	59	66
Municipal general	1,265	1,316	1,382	1,434	1,495	1,556
Municipal public safety	465	473	499	516	528	545
Public school & Board of Regents classified	3,340	3,492	3,658	3,815	4,094	4,299
State general	3,971	4,077	4,162	4,293	4,392	4,547
State public safety & penitentiary	372	393	411	442	463	499
Teachers	6,708	6,901	7,082	7,437	7,748	8,028
Total benefit recipients	19,321	19,949	20,561	21,457	22,408	23,327
Total benefits paid during period Average benefits paid during period	\$273,236,767 \$14,142	\$306,769,037 \$15,378	\$325,951,211 \$15,853	\$345,942,871 \$16,123	\$371,417,148 \$16,575	\$397,620,115 \$17,045

## Active and Inactive Members

Group	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
<b>Board of Regents</b>	3,759	3,886	3,984	4,055	4,150	4,308
County general	4,011	3,943	3,930	3,934	3,971	4,004
County public safety	866	943	971	990	1,012	1,058
Judicial	58	59	60	60	61	60
Municipal general	4,235	4,308	4,310	4,328	4,426	4,445
Municipal public safety	921	936	951	949	983	994
Public school & Board of Regents classified	12,996	13,123	13,111	13,181	13,200	13,430
State general	9,496	9,510	9,447	9,415	9,468	9,616
State public safety & penitentiary	1,132	1,160	1,158	1,157	1,221	1,270
Teachers	14,639	14,714	14,749	14,622	14,468	14,591
Total active and inactive members	52,113	52.582	52,671	52,691	52,960	53,776

#### Benefit and Expenses by Type

Expenses by	rype						
		Benefits					
				Member	Survivor	Total	
	Retirement	Disability	Survivor	refund	refund	benefits &	Administrative
	benefits	benefits	benefits	benefits	benefits	refunds	expenses
Fiscal year 2003	161,214,537	4,126,182	15,934,568	19,338,147	N/A	200,613,434	2,796,941
Fiscal year 2004	177,038,538	4,129,953	17,285,919	21,414,639	N/A	219,869,049	2,493,039
Fiscal year 2005	194,749,213	4,081,290	18,719,704	20,840,323	N/A	238,390,530	2,772,121
Fiscal year 2006	210,773,603	4,269,897	19,782,375	25,069,548	N/A	259,895,423	2,697,571
Fiscal year 2007	228,311,937	4,070,439	21,162,743	28,777,398	N/A	282,322,518	3,033,519
Fiscal year 2008	246,422,506	4,133,578	22,680,683	28,203,655	N/A	301,440,421	3,352,380
Fiscal year 2009	277,258,613	4,116,984	25,393,440	24,225,249	N/A	330,994,286	3,428,853
Fiscal year 2010	294,880,495	4,182,082	26,888,634	29,148,085	N/A	355,099,296	3,402,075
Fiscal year 2011	313,157,736	4,383,174	28,401,961	25,824,829	N/A	371,767,700	3,575,854
Fiscal year 2012	337,290,588	4,084,918	30,041,642	25,942,146	N/A	397,359,294	3,277,973
Fiscal year 2013	360,995,817	4,351,009	32,273,289	22,407,180	2,753,814	422,781,109	3,588,717

## Changes in Net Assets

Last 10 Fiscal Years

Additions	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Member										
contributions	104 655 550	00 150 600	02.464.525	0 < 022 702	01.050.500	05.455.510	00 245 125	100 170 020	100 404 110	101 (50 501
contributions	104,655,550	89,158,629	82,464,727	86,932,782	91,978,502	95,457,518	98,347,135	100,179,938	100,484,113	101,678,721
Employer										
Employer contributions	74.054.406	55 45 4 0 c5	00 020 220	05 061 560	00.766.000	04.244.015	06014102	00 (04 500	00000000	100.05 101
contributions	74,854,496	77,474,967	80,829,338	85,361,762	89,766,090	94,244,915	96,914,192	98,624,738	98,866,649	100,376,481
Investment income (	loss)									
(net of expenses)		716.237.979	783 993 684	1 426 600 535	(723 013 005)	(1,518,619,609)	1 011 107 887	1 616 173 385	107 541 250	1,466,616,435
	770,050,515	710,237,777	703,773,001	1,120,000,555	(723,013,003)	(1,510,017,007)	1,011,107,007	1,010,175,505	107,511,250	1,100,010,133
Total additions (ded	uctions)									
to plan net assets	956,400,995	882.871.575	947.287.749	1,598,895,079	(541,268,413)	(1,328,917,176)	1.206.369.214	1.814.978.061	306.892.012	1,669,552,293
-	, ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, ,	,,,	(- ,, -,	( )	, , ,	-,,,,,,,,,,	,	-,,
Deductions										
Benefit payments	198,454,410	217,550,207	234.825.875	253,545,120	273,236,767	306,769,037	325,951,211	345.942.871	371,417,148	397,620,115
	, . , .	. , ,	. , ,		, ,	, ,		,- ,	· , · , · ,	271,020,220
Refunds	21,414,639	20,840,323	25,069,548	28,777,398	28,203,655	24,225,249	29,148,085	25,824,829	25,942,146	25,160,994
Administrative										
expenses	2,493,039	2,772,121	2.697.571	3,033,519	3,352,380	3,428,853	3,402,075	3,575,854	3,277,973	3,588,717
	, , , , , , , ,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,,,,,,,		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	., .,				,,
Total deductions										
from plan net assets	222,362,088	241,162,651	262,592,994	285,356,037	304,792,802	334,423,139	358,501,371	375,343,554	400.637.267	426,369,826
	, , ,	, - ,	, ,		- , - ,	, .,	, ,- ,-		,,	,,
Change in net assets	734.038.907	641.708.924	684,694,755	1.313.539.042	(846.061.215)	(1.663.340.315)	847.867.843	1.439.634.507	(93.745.255)	1.243.182.467



#### 2013 Percentage of **Participating** Coveredtotal government employees Rank system State of South Dakota 8,074 1 21% Board of Regents 2 4,500 12% Sioux Falls Schools\* 2,910 3 7% 4 Rapid City Schools 1,868 5% City of Rapid City 740 5 2% Watertown Schools 659 6 2% City of Brookings and Hospital 625 7 2% Pennington County 599 1% Minnehaha County 507 9 1% Aberdeen Schools 488 10 1% All Other 17,624 46% 38,594 <u>100%</u> Total (474 governments)

# Principal Participating Employers

<sup>\*</sup> Sioux Falls schools enrolled their classified employees in SDRS in 2006.

2003	Participating government	Covered employees	Rank	Percentage of total system
	State of South Dakota	7,682	1	22%
	Board of Regents	3,794	2	11%
	Rapid City Schools	1,756	3	5%
	Sioux Falls Schools	1,553	4	4%
	City of Rapid City	646	5	2%
	Watertown Schools	593	6	2%
City of	Brookings and Hospital	538	7	2%
	Todd County Schools	486	8	1%
	Pennington County	474	9	1%
	Minnehaha County	467	10	1%
	All Other	17,125		49%
T	otal (465 governments)	<u>35,114</u>		<u>100%</u>



### Retired Members By Type and Amount of Benefit

As of June 30, 2013

Amount of monthly benefit	Normal	Early Unreduced	Early Reduced	Disability	Survivor of Active Member	Spouse Option	Survivor of Retired Member	Level Income Unreduced	Level Income Reduced
\$1—\$250	604	130	1,196	21	30	0	519	1	82
\$251—\$500	682	166	1,508	55	66	0	537	5	153
\$501—\$750	544	183	1,204	56	58	5	380	18	124
\$751—\$1,000	426	235	834	24	40	8	297	42	118
\$1,001—\$1,250	349	439	595	35	35	21	259	97	79
\$1,251—\$1,500	260	506	385	32	35	19	170	165	100
\$1,501—\$1,750	203	591	263	30	26	11	144	219	92
\$1,751—\$2,000	167	695	167	17	18	7	88	214	60
Over \$2,000	721	3,793	326	37	48	17	178	1,160	103
	<u>3,956</u>	<u>6,738</u>	<u>6,478</u>	<u>307</u>	<u>356</u>	<u>88</u>	<u>2,572</u>	<u>1,921</u>	<u>911</u>



### For more information on the South Dakota Retirement System, please contact:

South Dakota Retirement System P.O. Box 1098 Pierre, South Dakota 57501-1098

Phone: (605) 773-3731 Fax: (605) 773-3949

Toll-Free: (888) 605-SDRS (7377)

Website: www.sdrs.sd.gov

A comprehensive brochure explaining the system's provisions is available online or upon request.



SOUTH DAKOTA RETIREMENT SYSTEM
222 East Capitol, Suite 8
P.O. Box 1098
Pierre, SD 57501-1098 Toll-Free (888) 605-SDRS Local (605) 773-3731