Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

South Carolina Retirement Systems
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015
Pension trust funds of the State of South Carolina



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Introductory Section





LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

December 4, 2015

The Honorable Nikki R. Haley, Governor State of South Carolina Members of the S.C. State Fiscal Accountability Authority S.C. Public Employee Benefit Authority Board

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We are pleased to present the *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* (CAFR) of the South Carolina Retirement Systems (Systems) as administered by the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA), for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Section 9-1-300 of the South Carolina Code of Laws requires that a report be published annually showing the fiscal transactions of the Systems, and the CAFR fulfills that statutory requirement. PEBA is considered a division of the primary government of the state of South Carolina; and therefore, financial information for the Retirement Systems' trust funds is also included in the CAFR of the state of South Carolina. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and reliability of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of PEBA. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of the Systems.

The CAFR was prepared to conform to the principles of governmental accounting and reporting set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is an organization established under the Financial Accounting Foundation and establishes and approves governmental standards. GASB is recognized as the official source of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for state and local governments.

Financial transactions of the Systems are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Sufficient internal accounting controls exist to provide reasonable assurance regarding the safekeeping of assets and fair presentation of the financial statements and supporting schedules, with consideration that the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits.

The financial statements presented in this CAFR have been independently audited by CliftonLarsonAllen, LLP, under the direction of the State Auditor's Office. CliftonLarsonAllen issued an unmodified opinion, which means that based upon the financial audit; they concluded that the financial statements were fairly presented in all material respects and are free from material misstatement, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards, as part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Systems' financial statements are free of material misstatement, CliftonLarsonAllen also considered internal controls over financial reporting and compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and other matters. Although independent auditors cannot guarantee the accuracy of the statements, they do have a reasonable basis for the opinion they rendered. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first

component of the financial section of this report. Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), which can also be found in the financial section starting on Page 29, provides a narrative introduction to and analysis of the financial statements. This letter of transmittal is meant to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Systems

PEBA is responsible for administering the South Carolina Retirement Systems' five defined benefit pension plans. A defined benefit plan is a retirement plan in which contributions are made to fund a level of retirement income at a future retirement date. Specified monthly service retirement benefits, as well as disability benefits and death benefits are provided to eligible members and/or their surviving beneficiaries. The plans' terms specify the amount of pension benefits to be provided at a future date or after a certain period of time. Monthly benefits are specified as a function of a formula that is based on years of creditable service, average final compensation, and age. PEBA's administrative and reporting structure is outlined in the Introductory Section of this report.

This report contains information on the following defined benefit pension trust funds:

- The South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS) was established July 1, 1945, to provide retirement and
 other benefits for teachers and employees of the state and its political subdivisions. SCRS covers
 employees of state agencies, public school districts, higher education institutions, other participating
 local subdivisions of government and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly
 at or after the 2012 general election.
- The Police Officers Retirement System (PORS) was established July 1, 1962, to provide retirement and
 other benefits to police officers and firefighters. PORS also covers peace officers, coroners, probate
 judges and magistrates.
- The Retirement System for Members of the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina (GARS) was
 established January 1, 1966, to provide retirement and other benefits to members of the General
 Assembly. Retirement reform legislation closed the GARS plan to individuals newly elected to the South
 Carolina General Assembly at or after the 2012 general election.
- The Retirement System for Judges and Solicitors of the State of South Carolina (JSRS) was established July 1, 1979, to provide retirement and other benefits to state judges, solicitors. JSRS also covers circuit public defenders.
- The South Carolina National Guard Supplemental Retirement Plan (SCNG) was established July 1, 1975, to provide supplemental retirement benefits to members who served in the South Carolina National Guard.

Fiscal Year 2015 Highlights

Fiscal Year 2015 ended PEBA's third fiscal year of operations as an agency, having been created effective July 1, 2012, by the South Carolina General Assembly along with legislative retirement reform. The agency is governed by an 11-member Board of Directors. PEBA is responsible for administration of the various Retirement Systems and retirement programs of the state of South Carolina, including the State Optional Retirement Program and the S.C. Deferred Compensation Program, as well as the state's employee insurance programs.

Administrative Activities

PEBA has been under the leadership of its Board of Directors since its creation in 2012. Since that time, there have been various interim executive directors leading the newly formed agency; however, in July 2014, PEBA's Board of Directors appointed Peggy G. Boykin, CPA, as the agency's first permanent executive director.

A major focus during fiscal year 2015 was the review and assessment of the reasonableness and adequacy of PEBA's organizational structure as it related to administration of the retirement and insurance programs. In an effort to streamline the flow of communication, merge common core business functions, and maintain sufficient staffing, the agency was restructured and many positions that had previously been left vacant were filled. PEBA's management continues to develop formal training and education programs and policies, with a high priority on succession planning. Operational consolidation was necessary in some areas to eliminate overlapping responsibilities. As a result, the previously separate Insurance Benefits and Retirement Benefits operational functions were consolidated under the management of the Chief Financial Officer position. Organizational changes were designed to make PEBA function more efficiently, effectively, and most importantly, responsively to its stakeholder groups. This goal was also the mitigating factor behind the creation of the new Employer Services Unit. This new unit is still being fully developed with three major goals:

- Educating employers on PEBA functions, services and legislation; and providing employers with the essential tools and resources to effectively meet their PEBA related responsibilities;
- Ensuring our diverse group of employers receive high quality customer services across PEBA functions;
 and
- Advocating for operational and technical improvements to PEBA functions to benefit our employers.

Along with reviewing the agency's structure, PEBA also developed Characteristics of High Performance, which were designed to define and promote an organizational culture of high performance. Town Hall style meetings were conducted in which these characteristics were introduced and promoted to staff. Management explained how these characteristics should guide staff performance of individuals and our agency and this forum was an opportunity for staff to offer comments and feedback.

During the year, PEBA put forth significant effort to introduce and promote a unique identity for the agency, the first few years of the agency's existence having been focused primarily on identifying operational efficiencies and realignment opportunities. PEBA introduced a distinctive graphic element and tagline as tools to help educate stakeholders about the agency and reflect the consolidation of the administration of the state's public employee insurance and retirement benefits programs. The new identity elements are part of a broader educational campaign to inform stakeholders of PEBA's existence as a state agency and to clarify that the agency is responsible for both the state's employee insurance programs and the retirement systems. PEBA believes these efforts are a necessary part of telling the agency's story in the wake of many years of the insurance and retirement programs having been administered by separate divisions of state government. The new identity elements have been incorporated into this year's CAFR. Additionally, a style guide and document and other templates were developed and issued to staff to help ensure that PEBA presents a consistent look and feel across all communications channels. As part of this update, PEBA staff recommended and the Board approved including the new graphic element on collateral that is produced by the agency's various insurance and retirement vendors. Along with this identify awareness effort, PEBA staff began a strategic review and an oversight initiative of all external vendors' marketing and communications plans and contractual responsibilities.

PEBA participated in Cost Effectiveness Measurement (CEM), Inc.'s benchmarking survey for the Retirement Systems for fiscal year 2014. These pension administration benchmarking results were communicated to the Board and management in March 2015. Benefits of the program include measuring and managing

administration costs and member service as well as receiving insight into current trends and best practices. Results indicated that the Retirement Systems' annual administrative cost per active member and annuitant was \$31 which was a 12.4 percent decrease over the past fiscal year and \$47 below the peer median of \$78. The Retirement Systems' cost per member was lower in all pension administration categories and was the 4th lowest overall cost in CEM's universe. Primary reasons for the differences in total cost were lower costs per full time equivalent (FTE) position and lower costs for back office activities. PEBA also experienced a decreased allocation of FTE's to pension administration responsibilities during FY2014. Additionally, the survey results reported that the Retirement Systems' total service score of 76 was below the peer median of 80. Service scores are based on turnaround times, availability, choices, content and quality. Trends in pension administration include improved electronic communication and transactions, targeting and segmentation of membership and retirement preparedness. Recommendations for improving service scores are being evaluated.

Public Policy Activities

Beginning in October 2014, Funston Advisory Services (FAS), with oversight from the South Carolina Office of the State Inspector General (SIG), conducted a fiduciary performance audit of PEBA. The purpose of the audit was to critically evaluate the fiduciary roles and responsibilities of PEBA and staff; the relationship with other fiduciaries of the Retirement Systems; and the operational policies and practices of PEBA. The goal of the audit was to identify areas of strengths and weaknesses, provide comparison with leading practices of other retirement plans and make recommendations for improvement.

The final report, which was issued on January 16, 2015, contained 113 recommended improvements. Of the recommendations presented, 102 can be addressed by PEBA directly; however, legislative changes by the General Assembly will be needed for the remaining 11. During the audit, FAS found that PEBA has been keeping its service promise while maintaining strong cost controls:

- 97 percent or higher customer satisfaction rating for the Call Center and Visitor Center for the previous two fiscal years; and
- PEBA staff are competent, dedicated and service oriented.

After the final FAS report was issued, PEBA staff incorporated the audit recommendations into PEBA's strategic actions plans for the organization. The Board of Directors adopted the action plans during its March 2015 retreat. As of June 30, 2015, PEBA had completed 47 of the recommendations. Completed tasks include:

- Confirming that State Optional Retirement Program and Deferred Compensation investment advisors acknowledge their compliance with the Securities and Exchange Commission;
- Prioritizing strategic planning as a focus for the PEBA Board of Directors;
- Updating the PEBA Board of Directors' Bylaws and Committee Charters to include formalizing a process
 for calling a committee meeting and developing an agenda, developing a Board Orientation Manual and
 process for new board members, and creating a framework for evaluating the Executive Director; and
- Enhancing the PEBA Board's Education Policy to include an expanded framework on ethical standards and fiduciary training and adding an outside, non-vendor training requirement.

In summary, PEBA's efforts to continue implementation of recommendations from FAS' fiduciary audit report, include a slate to complete 28 of the tasks in fiscal year 2016; 11 in fiscal year 2017; and six in fiscal year 2018.

During fiscal year 2015, PEBA staff continued to work closely with the external actuary and participating employers to provide education and information to participating employers in order for them to implement the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68. Staff surveyed employers to

obtain information about their audit and financial statements and to ensure PEBA has appropriate contact information for the senior level finance contact for each employer. The first GASB 68 Special Audit as of the June 30, 2014, Measurement Date was completed by our external audit firm for which an unmodified opinion was issued. Staff also continued to enhance PEBA's online GASB resource center by adding the following to the public website:

- Pension Disclosure Memorandum for June 30, 2014, Measurement Date;
- A four-part Online Educational Series on GASB 67/68;
- June 30, 2014, Accounting Valuation Report;
- Contribution Reconciliation Template for Employers; and
- Q&A Document with Frequently Asked Questions.

Operational System Improvements

During fiscal year 2015, PEBA began a broad operational assessment to evaluate its business processes and procedures for consolidating the Insurance and Retirement information technology systems. One of the goals of the assessment is to increase the availability of online services for employers and members. PEBA will also ensure that its information technology resources are deployed in the safest and most secure manner feasible. The initial assessment is scheduled to be completed by June 2016 and will include a roadmap and recommendations for implementation moving forward.

PEBA also unveiled a new feature on our secure Electronic Employer Services (EES) website that allows participating employers to initiate and submit retirement enrollment elections for newly hired employees through EES. The online enrollment should eliminate most paper forms and processes.

Summary of Financial Condition Actuarial Results

The main funding objective of the pension trust funds is to meet future benefit obligations of retirees and beneficiaries through employee and employer contributions and investment earnings. Each year, the external consulting actuaries determine the actuarial soundness of the plans based on long term obligations and the sufficiency of current contribution levels to fund the liabilities of each plan over a reasonable time frame. As of the July 1, 2014 valuations, funding levels of all the plans are such that annual expected contributions are sufficient to maintain a funding period that does not exceed 30 years; however, because the market value of assets is less than the actuarial value of assets, there are currently deferred investment losses that will either be offset by future investment gains or be recognized as investment losses in future years. The changes in the levels of funding do not affect the availability of funds or resources for future use and actuarial projections indicate that unfunded liabilities should be amortized and funded within acceptable funding guidelines.

The July 1, 2014, actuarial valuations, adopted by the PEBA Board and subsequently provided to the S.C. State Fiscal Accountability Authority, determined the actuarial status of each plan and concluded that the employee and employer contribution requirements for fiscal year 2017 will remain unchanged from the rates scheduled to be in effect for fiscal year 2016.

The funded ratios of the five plans as of July 1, 2014, range from a low of 38.7 percent for SCNG to a high of 69.5 percent for PORS. The funded ratio for SCRS, which represents the largest membership of the five plans, increased from 62.5 percent to 62.7 percent while PORS went up from 69.2 percent to 69.5 percent. Changes in funded ratios were primarily due to increased contribution levels and the recognition of investment gains and

losses which are recognized using a five-year smoothing method. Based on the current funding policy and absent future unfavorable experience, the funded ratio (on an actuarial value of asset basis) is expected to remain relatively constant for the next several years then begin to gradually improve. The funded ratio of SCNG continues to be very low because at one time, the plan was not funded on an actuarially sound basis. However, since 2006 when the General Assembly transferred administrative responsibility to the Retirement Division, their commitment to ensure the SCNG plan would be sufficiently funded prospectively has been maintained and the funded ratio has steadily improved. Each year recurring funds are set aside in the state's annual budget to fund SCNG over an amortization period that does not exceed 30 years, so continued future improvement in the funded ratio is expected.

As of July 1, 2014, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability for SCRS increased from \$15.4 billion to \$16.0 billion and PORS increased from \$1.74 billion to \$1.80 billion. The largest source of increase was the result of continual recognition of deferred investment losses in the actuarial value of assets. Absent significant favorable investment experience, those deferred losses will continue to be reflected, or smoothed, in the actuarial value of assets over the next few years. Other non-investment related experience activity such as mortality, salary experience, payroll growth and turnover, which are considered normal within the course of plan experience, contributed to other actuarial gains and losses, as actual experience cannot be precisely predicted and will never exactly match the estimated assumptions.

Actuarial smoothing techniques which defer investment gains and losses help to dampen the short-term volatility inherent in investment markets by allowing only a portion of investment gains and losses to be recognized each year. Although actual investment returns for fiscal year 2014 were greater than the assumed rate of return, using smoothing techniques, all of the Systems recognized a net actuarial loss on investment returns for the valuation year. For SCRS, the smoothing methodology resulted in a net amount of \$1.2 billion in excess investment losses being deferred as of the July 1, 2014 valuation.

For additional financial information, refer to management's discussion and analysis, financial statements and schedules included in the financial section and the actuarial section of this report. It is important to note that the actuarial valuations determine the funding of the pension plans; however, under new standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statements 67 and 68 completely disconnect the funding of pensions from the accounting and reporting of pensions.

Investment Performance

As of June 30, 2015, the custodial bank reported that assets of the pension trust funds, invested and managed by the Retirement System Investment Commission (RSIC), were valued at \$29.2 billion. The plans are in a negative cash flow position as benefit payments in the amount of \$3.5 billon (on a cash flow basis) significantly exceeded the receipt of only \$2.4 billion in contributions (on a cash flow basis). This resulting negative net cash outflow of \$1.1 billion in net benefit obligations during the year represents approximately 3.6 percent of the portfolio's assets.

Capital markets during the fiscal year were challenging for the Plan as broad US equity indices showed modest gains, domestic fixed income showed mixed results, and international and emerging markets, both equity and fixed income, were generally negative. Real estate and private equity asset classes posted strong positive returns. The RSIC Plan assets earned a return of 1.60 percent net of fees on a time-weighted calculation basis for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, compared to the Policy benchmark's return of 1.21 percent. This is sixth consecutive year that the fund has experienced a positive annual return. The three-year annualized net of fees

return was 8.81 percent as of the fiscal year end compared to the Policy benchmark return of 7.74 percent. The Plan's actuarial assumed rate of return is 7.50 percent.

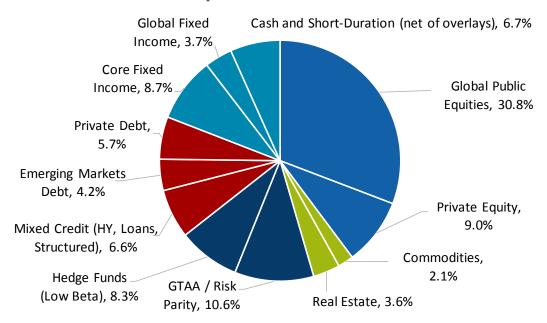
The plan assets are invested by the Commission in a manner consistent with a long-term investment time horizon. While the financial markets continue to experience significant volatility, the assets of the Retirement Systems are invested in a broadly diversified manner in an effort to mitigate risk. Although member benefits accrued and payable under the Retirement Systems' defined benefit plans are not dependent on individual member account balances, investment returns are a critical overall funding component.

An optimally diversified investment portfolio is designed to generate long-term returns sufficient to ensure the program's financial stability. While the Systems' investment performance was historically constrained by state constitution and state statute, the Commission has implemented a fully diversified asset allocation policy. With the help of the retained investment consultant, Aon Hewitt Investment Consulting, the RSIC manages investments across an asset allocation designed to generate attractive long-term risk-adjusted returns at a prudent level of risk.

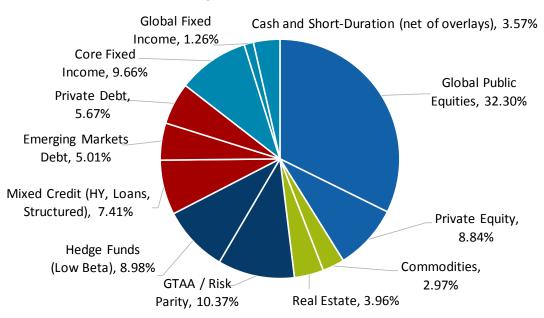
The RSIC provided the charts on pages 16-17, which summarize the diversification progress of managing the asset allocation of the Retirement Systems' trust funds for the prior and most recent fiscal year and the RSIC's target allocation in effect as of fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

Investment performance, in comparison to the actuarial assumed rate of investment return, is one of the most significant factors in the actuarial valuations. As mentioned above, the actuarial asset valuation method utilized dampens year-to-year fluctuations, smooths the effect of volatility in the market and helps provide a consistent estimate for the actuarial value of assets. Detailed investment results for fiscal year 2015 can be found within both the financial and investment sections of this report.

Portfolio Exposure as of June 30, 2014



Portfolio Exposure as of June 30, 2015

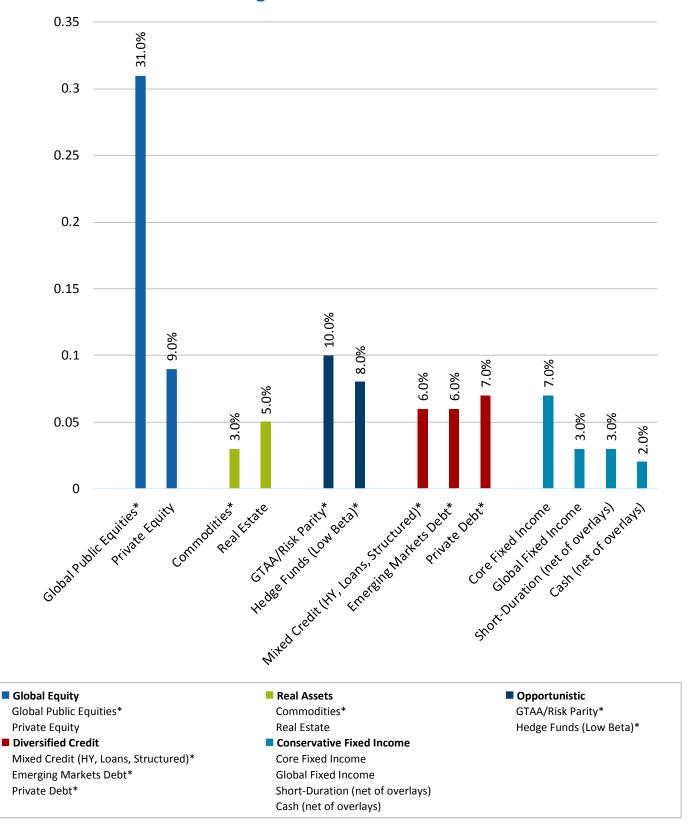




Note: Values rounded for presentation purposes. Portfolio exposure includes both adjustments made by managers that invest across asset classes and exposure from the RSICs derivative overlay program.

^{*}Asset classes in which hedge funds can be used, up to a maximum of 15% across the entire portfolio.

Target Asset Allocation



Note: Target Asset Allocation in effect since July 1, 2013 - adopted and amended by the Commission on September 26, 2013. *Asset classes in which hedge funds can be used, up to a maximum of 15% across the entire portfolio.

Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the South Carolina Retirement Systems for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. This was the 28th consecutive year that the Retirement Systems has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Public Pension Standards Award

The South Carolina Retirement Systems received the Public Pension Coordinating Council's Public Pension Standards Award in 2015 for the 12th consecutive year in recognition of meeting professional plan design and administration standards. The Public Pension Coordinating Council is a confederation of the National Association of State Retirement Administrators, the National Conference on Public Employee Retirement Systems, and the National Council on Teacher Retirement.

Acknowledgments

The compilation of this report reflects the combined efforts of the staff of PEBA functioning under your leadership. The report is intended to provide comprehensive and reliable information about the Retirement Systems, to demonstrate compliance with legal provisions, and to allow for the evaluation of responsible stewardship of the trust funds of the Retirement Systems.

We express our gratitude to the members of the S.C. State Fiscal Accountability Authority, PEBA's Board of Directors, the S.C. General Assembly, the RSIC, the staff, the consultants, and the many people who have worked so diligently to assure the continued successful operation of the Retirement Systems for the members we serve.

Respectfully submitted,

Peggy G. Boykin, CPA

Executive Director

Travis J. Turner, CPA, CISA

Chief Financial Officer

Tammy B. Nichols, CPA

Retirement Finance Director





Governing Board and Administration as of Issuance

S.C. Public Employee Benefit Authority Board of Directors

Arthur M. Bjontegard, *Chairman* Stephen Osborne

Frank W. Fusco Joe W. "Rocky" Pearce, Jr.

Stephen M. Heisler Audie Penn
Stacy Kubu John A. Sowards
Sheriff Leon Lott David J. Tigges

Steve A. Matthews

Retirement System Investment Commission¹

Edward N. Giobbe, MBA, *Chairman* Reynolds Williams, J.D., CFP

Dr. Rebecca M. Gunnlaugsson, Vice Chairman Peggy G. Boykin, CPA

Allen R. Gillespie, CFA Michael Hitchcock, Chief Executive Officer

Curtis M. Loftis, Jr., State Treasurer Geoffrey Berg, CFA, Acting Chief Investment Officer

Andrew Chernick, CPA, Managing Director of Operations and Operational Due Diligence

Investment Consultant

Aon Hewitt Investment Consulting, Inc.

Custodial Bank

Dr. Ron P. Wilder

BNY Mellon Asset Servicing

Consulting Actuaries

Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company

S.C. Public Employee Benefit Authority Executive Management

Peggy G. Boykin, CPA Executive Director
Sarah Niegsch Corbett, CPA Chief Operating Officer
Travis J. Turner, CPA Chief Financial Officer
John E. Page, CIA, CISA Director of Internal Audit

Stephen Van Camp, J.D. General Counsel

Robin E. Tester Healthcare Policy Director Gwen Bynoe Governmental Affairs

Heather Muller Board Liaison

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Heather H. Young

Retirement Systems Finance

Retirement Systems Finance

Retirement Systems Finance

Communications Director

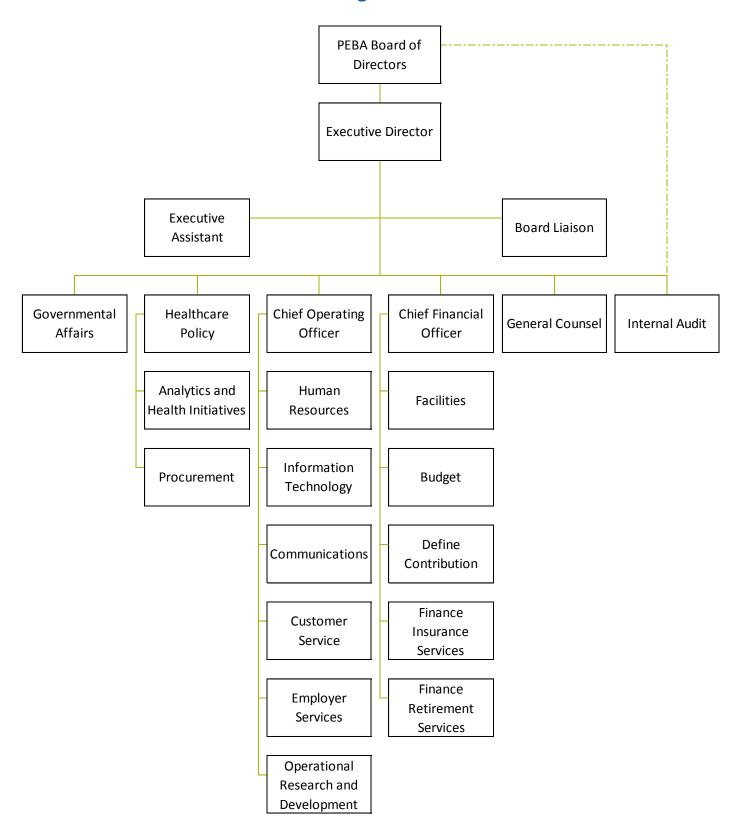
Communications Manager

Communications Manager

Communications Manager

Teefer to Pages 104-108 for a list of investment managers and fees.

S.C. PEBA Organizational Chart



Organizational Description

The structural organization of the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA) is depicted in the organizational chart on Page 22. A brief description of the primary functions performed by each department follows:

Governmental Affairs

Serves as liaison to the SC General Assembly. Provides research and assistance to legislative staff in the provisions of retirement and health benefits, both in the service of constituents and legislation governing the agency.

Healthcare Policy

Directs healthcare policy for the public employee insurance benefits package. Oversees the research, analysis, and pricing of the State Health Plan. Directs contract and plan compliance in offering the most cost effective options while providing maximum benefit within regulatory requirements.

Chief Operating Officer

Provides leadership and oversight of internal operations and administrative functions to include customer service, employer services, information technology, communications and human resources. Directs operational research and development and the development and implementation of agency strategic plans.

Chief Financial Officer

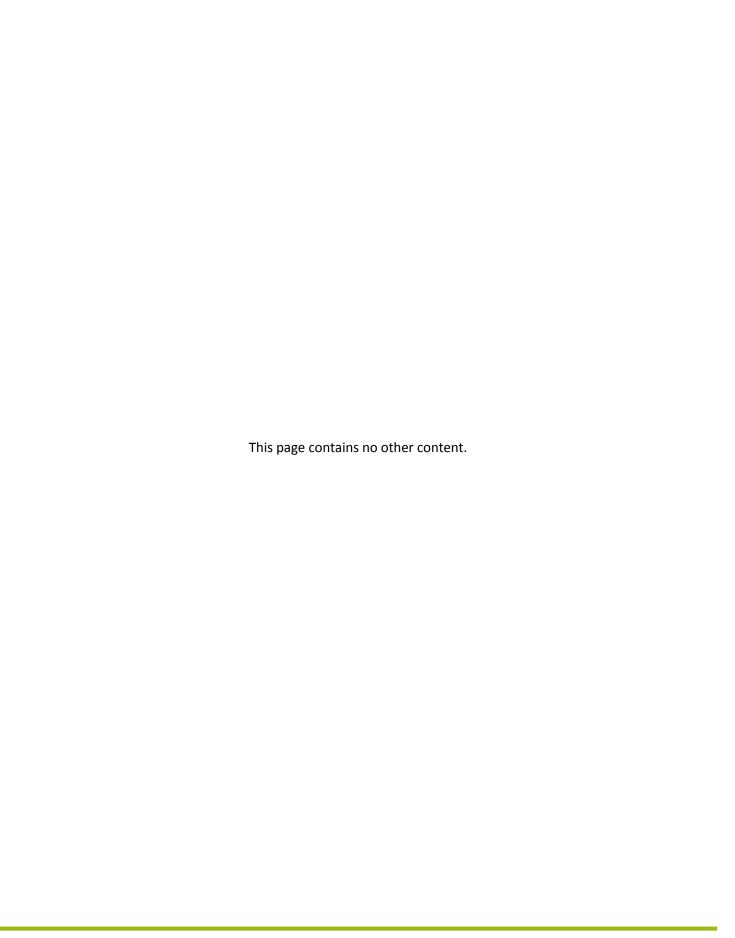
Directs the financial activity and financial reporting of the retirement plans and insurance benefits offered to public employees. Provides oversight and leadership to the financial operations of insurance benefits and Other Post Employment Benefit trusts, five defined benefit plans, a defined contribution plan and the deferred compensation program.

General Counsel

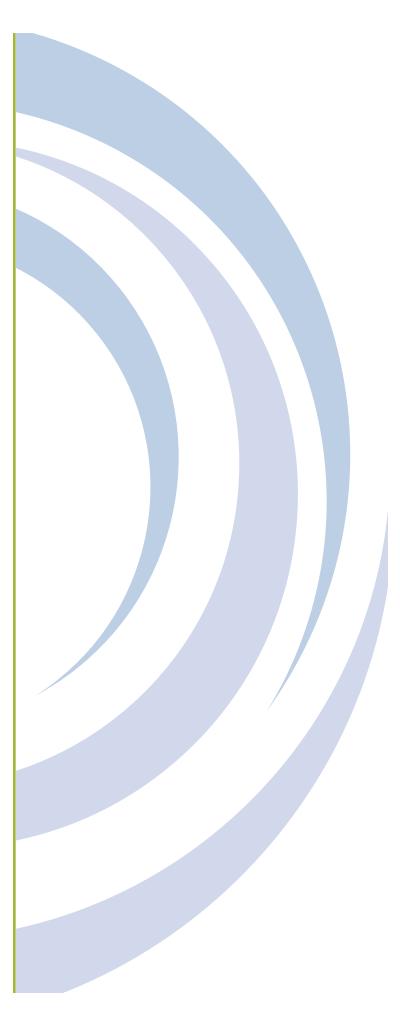
Provides consultation to agency leadership and staff concerning the operation and compliance of governmental employee retirement and insurance benefit plans. Represents the agency in matters at the administrative, trial and appellate levels, and coordinates associated outside legal counsel.

Internal Audit

Responsible to the Board of Directors for providing independent analysis and assurance of agency processes, policies and internal controls.



Financial Section





CliftonLarsonAllen LLP www.CLAconnect.com

Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Nikki R. Haley, Governor
Mr. George L. Kennedy, CPA, State Auditor
and
Board of Directors
South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority
Columbia, South Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the South Carolina Retirement Systems (the Systems), as administered by the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority, which comprise the statement of fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2015, and the related statement of changes in fiduciary net position for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Systems as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the Systems' 2014 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated November 21, 2014. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.



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Emphasis of Matter

The financial statements include alternative investments valued at \$9.0 billion (31% percent of total net position). As explained in Note 1, their fair values have been estimated by management in the absence of readily determinable fair values. Management's estimates are based on information provided by the fund managers or the general partners. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedules of changes in employers' net pension liability, employers' net pension liability, employers' contributions and investment returns and related notes, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the Systems' financial statements. The other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The introductory, investment, actuarial and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 15, 2015 on our consideration of the Systems' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Systems' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Baltimore, Maryland October 15, 2015

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section presents management's discussion and analysis of the financial position and performance for the year ended June 30, 2015, for the South Carolina Retirement Systems' pension trust funds (Systems), and is offered as an introduction and analytical overview. This narrative is intended as a supplement and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and other information presented in the *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

The Systems' financial statements provide information about the activities of the five defined benefit pension plans administered, which are listed below, in addition to comparative summary information about the activities of the Systems as a whole:

- South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS) A member contributory multiple-employer plan covering teachers, as well as state and municipal employees;
- Police Officers Retirement System (PORS) A member contributory multiple-employer plan covering state and local law enforcement personnel and firefighters;
- The Retirement System for Members of the General Assembly (GARS) A member contributory plan
 providing benefits to members of the South Carolina General Assembly, which is closed to persons first
 elected to the South Carolina General Assembly at or after the general election in November 2012;
- The Retirement System for Judges and Solicitors (JSRS) A member contributory plan covering Judges,
 Solicitors and Public Defenders; and
- South Carolina National Guard Supplemental Retirement Plan (SCNG) A non-contributory supplemental benefit plan for members of the South Carolina National Guard.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Systems represents the collective retirement funds that are held in a group trust for the plans and are protected by the state's constitution. PEBA, which was created July 1, 2012, administers the various retirement systems and retirement programs managed by its Retirement Division. PEBA has an 11-member Board of Directors, appointed by the Governor and General Assembly leadership, which serves as co-trustee and co-fiduciary of the systems and the trust funds. By law, the Budget and Control Board, which consists of five elected officials, also reviews certain PEBA Board decisions regarding the funding of the Systems and serves as a co-trustee of the Systems in conducting that review. In accordance with the South Carolina Restructuring Act of 2014 (Act 121), the Budget and Control Board ceased operations on June 30, 2015. Effective July 1, 2015, the functions and responsibilities referenced above are transferred to the State Fiscal Accountability Authority. PEBA is considered a division of the primary government of the state of South Carolina and therefore, retirement trust fund financial information is also included in the comprehensive annual financial report of the state. Financial statements prepared on behalf of the Systems, include the following information, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, with combined total comparative information for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014:

- Statement of Fiduciary Net Position
- Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
- Notes to the Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information
- Other Supplementary Information

The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position presents the Systems' assets and liabilities and the resulting net position restricted for pensions. This statement reflects a year-end snapshot of the Systems' investments, at fair value, along with cash and short-term investments, receivables and other assets and liabilities.

The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position presents information showing how the Systems' net position restricted for pensions changed during the year. This statement includes additions for contributions by members and employers and investment earnings and deductions for annuity payments, refunded contributions, death benefit payments and administrative expenses.

Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of the basic financial statements and provide additional information that is necessary in order to gain a comprehensive understanding of data reported in the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information presents schedules pertaining to employers' net pension liability, changes in employers' net pension liability, employers' contributions, and the money-weighted rate of return on investments. These schedules are intended to provide additional information useful in evaluating the condition of the systems.

Other Supplementary Information includes Schedules of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position by system, as well as schedules of administrative expenses, professional and consultant fees and investment expenses.

Financial Highlights

- Total fiduciary net position for all five defined benefit plans of the Systems combined, decreased by \$622 million or just over two percent during fiscal year 2015. The net position of the plans is impacted by contributions to the plans, investment returns, and benefit payments out of the system. It is important to note that growth in fiduciary net position depends on both investment performance and contributions from employers and employees. The plans are in a net cash outflow position with benefit payments exceeding contributions, therefore, investment performance must first make up this gap before fiduciary net position can grow. The decrease in net position from \$29.9 billion to \$29.3 billion was primarily attributable to reduced investment performance and the net cash outflow situation.
- For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the net of fee investment performance return provided by the custodial bank, BNY Mellon was 1.60 percent. This return reflects performance of the Systems, at the aggregate for the pooled investments of the consolidated pension trust funds, after the deduction of manager fees and/or expenses. This fiscal year's performance was well below the prior year's return of 15.29 percent and will be recognized as an actuarial loss as it was less than the 7.5 percent actuarial investment rate of return assumed for the plans. For the actuarial valuation prepared for funding purposes, gains and losses from investment performance are recognized using smoothing methods which help mitigate sharply fluctuating market returns over a long-term period. The smoothing methodology offsets both deferred investment gains and losses against each other and is intended to produce an actuarial asset value that is fairly consistent with market value during periods of ordinary investment returns. Smoothing avoids overreaction to inherently volatile conditions that would otherwise overweight the effects of a single year of performance that would most likely be reversed in subsequent years. Actuarial smoothing is intended to result in more stable contribution rates and a more level funded status, and is also a valuable methodology for governmental entities because it permits budgetary planning over more than one fiscal year.
- The rise over the prior fiscal year in the amount of employee and employer contributions collected is largely attributable to increased contribution rates. Employee contribution rates for SCRS and PORS rose

from 7.50 to 8.00 percent and 7.84 to 8.41 percent, respectively, effective July 1, 2014. Base employer contributions rates for SCRS and PORS also increased proportionately, effective July 1, 2014, from 10.45 to 10.75 percent and 12.44 to 13.01 percent, respectively. Act 278 amended state statute to provide a schedule of minimum employee and employer contributions beginning FY2013 and further provided that if those rates are insufficient, the board may increase the rates, in equal percentage amounts for employee and employer contributions, as necessary to maintain an amortization schedule of no more than 30 years. Based on the 2014 valuation results, no contribution increase is required in order to maintain a 30-year funding period in either SCRS or PORS effective July 1, 2016. The PEBA Board adopted the recommended rates, which were subsequently presented to the State Fiscal Accountability Authority (formerly referred to as the Budget and Control Board).

- The total number of retired members and beneficiaries receiving monthly annuity benefits from the Systems increased from approximately 153,000 to just under 157,000 annuitants during the year. Additionally, eligible SCRS & PORS annuitant payees received an annual benefit adjustment equal to the lesser of 1 percent or \$500 on July 1, 2014. The increase in the number of new annuitants added to the payroll during the year coupled with the retiree benefit adjustment resulted in an overall increase of 5 percent in the dollar amount of annuity benefits paid to annuitants compared to the prior the year.
- The Teacher and Employee Retention Incentive (TERI) program is a deferred retirement option program under SCRS that initially allowed retired members to accumulate annuity benefits on a deferred basis for up to 60 months while continuing employment. Retirement reform legislation will close the TERI program to all participants effective June 30, 2018, so SCRS members who entered the TERI program after July 1, 2013, will not be eligible to participate in TERI for the full 60 months. Current TERI participants are required to pay the same pre-tax member contribution rate on compensation earned, in the same manner as active members. TERI participants do not earn additional service credit or interest on their TERI account but are eligible to receive benefit increases in the same manner as other annuitant payees. At the end of the member's TERI participation and upon termination from employment, funds are distributed from the accumulated TERI account. The number of members actively participating in TERI decreased slightly from 9,644 at fiscal year-end 2014 to 9,327 at fiscal year-end 2015. While the overall number of members participating in the program decreased from the prior year, the average payout of the accumulated balance of TERI annuity benefits to participants at termination from employment was greater than the average payout in the prior period resulting in an overall increase in deferred retirement benefits expense during the fiscal year.
- The Systems' investment portfolio continues to participate in a securities lending program, managed by BNY Mellon (Securities Lending Program), whereby securities are loaned for the purpose of generating additional income. BNY Mellon is responsible for making loans of securities on a collateralized basis from the Systems' investment portfolio to various third party broker-dealers and financial institutions. The gross securities lending revenue for the fiscal year was \$1.98 million, an increase from \$1.73 million in the prior year. As reported by BNY Mellon, at June 30, 2015, the fair value of securities on loan was \$179.61 million, the fair value of the invested cash collateral was \$70.18 million, and the securities lending obligations were \$117.72 million. The reported difference in the value of the invested cash collateral and the securities lending obligations in the securities lending program is reflected within "Other Liabilities" on the Retirement Systems' Statement of Fiduciary Net Position, consistent with information reported on accounting statements provided by BNY Mellon as the custodial bank.
- The Retirement System Investment Commission (Commission as the governing body, RSIC as the agency), created by the General Assembly in 2005 as co-fiduciary for the Systems, has exclusive authority to invest and manage the retirement trust funds' assets. The Commission operates pursuant to

- statutory provisions and under governance policies that allow for a diverse asset allocation and which afford the RSIC and its chief investment officer discretion and flexibility to quickly react to changes in market conditions. The investment portfolio is structured to focus on ensuring the long-term stability of the plans, seeking superior returns at acceptable levels of risk.
- The Commission is responsible for establishing and maintaining a target asset allocation that manages risk, ensures liquidity, and affords flexibility to quickly react to changes in market conditions. The Policy Asset Allocation effective as of July 1, 2013 was reaffirmed by the Commission for the fiscal year beginning on July 1, 2014 and no modifications were made. Variances from the target among asset classes are the result of over or underweights reflected in the Commission's asset allocation strategies as well as volatility experienced in the financial markets. During the fiscal year, new managers were added to the Global Equity, Diversified Credit, Real Estate, and Core Fixed Income asset classes.
- The Office of the State Treasurer has a contract with the Bank of New York Mellon (BNYM) to serve as custodian of the funds of the Retirement Systems. Under a provision of the most recent contract for custody services and in an effort to improve transparency, BNYM began directly invoicing the trust funds on a quarterly basis for both custody and other ancillary services utilized. PEBA and the RSIC jointly verify that invoices accurately reflect services rendered and are appropriate for the period before amounts are paid. The trust funds' securities lending revenue account is the initial source from which such costs are paid to the custodial agent.
- All investment manager fees, whether directly invoiced or deducted from the fund NAV, are classified and reported as investment expense in the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The RSIC provides the netted fee information to PEBA on an annual basis so that amounts can be reclassified and reported in the financial statements. There is no industry standard for reporting pension plan investment fees and expenses, therefore, in order to compare investment expense as reported by the Systems with investment management costs reported by other public pension plans, an understanding of the actual fees and expenses included in any comparative reports is necessary. The fiscal year 2015 invoiced and netted investment fees and expenses total is \$348.2 million which is 23% less than the fiscal year 2014 total of \$454.5 million largely due to lower performance fees (including carried interest allocations) as a result of generally lower market returns.
- PEBA is still a relatively new entity having been created July 1, 2012, as the governing body responsible for administration of the state's retirement plans and employee insurance programs. In September 2014, the South Carolina Office of the State Inspector General (SIG) engaged Funston Advisory Services LLC to conduct a fiduciary performance audit of the PEBA. The purpose of the audit was to critically evaluate fiduciary roles and responsibilities, relationships and policies and to identify areas of strengths and weaknesses, along with improvement recommendations. Funston's report which was issued on January 16, 2015, articulated and prioritized recommendations and also included an analysis of potential costs or benefits associated with implementation. The costs of this fiduciary performance audit contributed to an increase over the prior year in Administrative expenses in the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.
- During the year PEBA solicited proposals to conduct a comprehensive assessment of the operational information technology systems and a contract was awarded to Linea Solutions Inc. in December 2014. The project includes three phases: 1) Operational Information Technology Systems Assessment, 2) Future Operational Information Technology System and 3) Operational Information Technology Systems Modernization Plan. Project work commenced immediately and associated expenses paid to Linea during the fiscal year are included in Administrative expenses in the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

- The Systems implemented the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 67, as approved by GASB in June 2012, in its financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. Effective for fiscal periods ending after June 15, 2015, participating employers who issue Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) based financial statements are required to implement GASB Statement 68. To help ensure employers were provided with information for their individual external financial audits, PEBA took the initiative to expend resources to obtain an additional audit opinion that their auditors could rely upon in conducting their audits. During the fiscal period, the State Auditor's Office engaged CliftonLarsonAllen LLP to conduct a separate audit of the Schedules of Employer Allocations, Schedules of Pension Amounts by Employer and Related Notes for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, as well as the census data that was used in the development of the schedules. The resulting audit report was made available by PEBA in June 2015 through its public website on a special webpage devoted to participating employers designed to provide various resources to assist in complying with GASB 68. Participating employers were notified of the availability of the report via direct email and PEBA's employer news feed. During fiscal year 2015, PEBA staff presented at various conferences and workshops around the state on the topic of GASB 67 and 68. In addition, staff worked with PEBA's Communication department to provide information regarding GASB 68 to key stakeholders, including significant updates to the participating employer resource center page. Administrative expenses experienced an increase as a result of the additional actuarial consultant and external audit work associated with providing participating employers with information necessary to comply with the requirements of GASB 68. Details regarding administrative expenses of the plans can be found in the Schedule of Administrative Expenses within the Other Supplementary Information section.
- The firm of Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company (GRS) is on retainer as the Systems' consulting actuary for the defined benefit retirement plans. South Carolina state statute requires that the actuary complete a valuation of the Systems annually and conduct an experience investigation at least once in each five-year period. GRS last completed an actuarial experience study on the Systems as of July 1, 2010, and the most recent annual valuation reports were issued as of July 1, 2014. The next experience study is scheduled to begin immediately after fiscal year end and will include a review of experience for the 5 year period ending June 30, 2015. As a result of the experience study, the actuary may recommend adjustments to its current actuarial assumptions, which include the assumed annual rate of return. The current rate, as established by the General Assembly in accordance state statute, is 7.5 percent.
- In addition to the deferred retirement options available in SCRS and JSRS, all of the plans (excluding SCNG) include certain provisions that allow retired members to continue covered employment while also receiving a monthly retirement benefit. South Carolina's public employee defined benefit plans have historically provided extremely lenient return-to-work provisions for retired members of SCRS and PORS who return to work for a covered employer after retirement, or after ending their TERI participation (SCRS only). For members who return to work for a covered employer after retirement, the employer must pay the corresponding employer contribution for that particular plan, and under SCRS, PORS and JSRS, retired members are also required to pay the same employee contribution as an active member in the same position. TERI participants receive the full monthly retirement benefit, with no limit on the amount of wages they may earn from employment. Collectively among the plans, the most recent actuarial valuation study reported that close to 27,000 retirees continue covered employment while receiving monthly retirement benefits either directly or as a TERI participant, thereby making up approximately 10 percent of the total public workforce covered by the Systems. Because historically lenient return-to-work provisions, coupled with demographic changes of the membership, caused concern over the long-term stability of the plans, retirement reform legislation also addressed retiree

- return-to-work provisions. Generally, SCRS and PORS members who retired after January 1, 2013, and had not yet reached age 62 (SCRS) or age 57 (PORS) at retirement are subject to an annual earnings limit of \$10,000 on wages earned from covered employment.
- Qualified Excess Benefit Arrangement (QEBA) trust funds are maintained for each of the plans administered by the Retirement Division of PEBA. A QEBA is intended to be a qualified governmental excess benefit arrangement within the meaning of Section 415(m)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and provides the part of a participant's retirement benefit that would have been paid by the Systems had there been no limitations under Code Section 415(b). The QEBA plans are separate and apart from the funds comprising the retirement funds and are not commingled with assets of those funds. The QEBA is not prefunded; therefore, no assets or income are accumulated to pay future benefits. The amount of required contributions necessary to pay benefits under the plans is determined and deposited to the trust funds on an as-needed basis. Employer contributions to fund the excess benefits are not credited or commingled with contributions paid into and accumulated in the retirement funds.
- The GARS is closed to persons first elected to the South Carolina General Assembly at or after the general election in November 2012. Members so elected to the Senate or House of Representatives now have the option to join SCRS, the State Optional Retirement Program (State ORP), which is a defined contribution plan, or opt out altogether. As a result of the plan closure, employee contributions to the GARS plan should decrease over time, while employer contributions may experience a general increase over time.

Condensed Financial Information

The Systems' financial stability and long-term ability to sufficiently fund retirement benefits payable to members in future years is viable because funds are accumulated and invested on a regular and systematic basis. The five defined benefit funds provide lifetime annuity benefits to vested eligible members who serve as employees of state, public school, higher education institution, local and municipal government, state legislative, judicial, and South Carolina National Guard employers.

The Systems' principal sources of revenue are employee contributions, employer contributions and investment earnings. Required annual contributions for the SCNG are funded through an annual state appropriation. Expenses of the Systems consist primarily of payments of monthly annuities to retired members or their beneficiaries, and refunds of member contributions and interest that are paid subsequent to termination of employment. The defined benefit plans include an incidental death benefit for both active and retired members and an accidental death plan for members of the PORS.

PEBA sponsors the State ORP, which is a defined contribution alternative plan that is administered by four different vendors. The State ORP is available to newly hired employees of state agencies, institutions of higher education and public school districts. Membership in either SCRS or State ORP is also available to individuals first elected to the General Assembly at or after the general election in November 2012. In addition, PEBA is responsible for an optional Deferred Compensation Program (401k and 457 plans) administered by a third party record keeper. Both State ORP and Deferred Compensation assets are outside the group trust fund of the Systems and are not invested or managed by the RSIC. Summary comparative financial statements of the pension trust funds are presented on the following page.

Fiduciary Net Position

As of June 30 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

					li	ncrease /	% Increase /
Assets		2015		2014		Decrease)	(Decrease)
Cash & cash equivalents, receivables,							
and prepaid expenses	\$	3,622,210	\$	4,063,173	\$	(440,963)	-10.85%
Investments, at fair value		27,093,961		26,754,819		339,142	1.27%
Securities lending cash collateral invested		70,177		72,645		(2,468)	-3.40%
Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation		3,005		2,912		93	3.19%
Total Assets		30,789,353	_	30,893,549		(104,196)	-0.34%
Liabilities							
Deferred retirement benefits		68,104		56,901		11,203	19.69%
Obligations under securities lending		70,177		72,645		(2,468)	-3.40%
Other accounts payable		1,345,382		836,292		509,090	60.87%
Total Liabilities		1,483,663		965,838		517,825	53.61%
Total Fiduciary Net Position Restricted for Pensions	\$	29,305,690	\$	29,927,711	\$	(622,021)	-2.08%

Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Years Ended June 30 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

			In	crease /	% Increase /
Additions	 2015	2014	(D	ecrease)	(Decrease)
Employee contributions	\$ 826,483	\$ 751,467	\$	75,016	9.98%
Employer contributions	1,203,313	1,132,128		71,185	6.29%
State-appropriated contributions	4,591	4,586		5	0.11%
Net Investment income	435,886	4,083,023	((3,647,137)	-89.32%
Other income	1,883	 3,083		(1,200)	-38.92%
Total Additions	 2,472,156	 5,974,287	((3,502,131)	-58.62%
Deductions					
Annuity benefits	2,943,355	2,803,084		140,271	5.00%
Refunds	112,557	106,475		6,082	5.71%
Death benefits	22,319	21,680		639	2.95%
Administrative & other expenses	15,946	 16,150		(204)	-1.26%
Total Deductions	3,094,177	 2,947,389		146,788	4.98%
Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position	(622,021)	3,026,898	((3,648,919)	-120.55%
Beginning Fiduciary Net Position	 29,927,711	 26,900,813		3,026,898	11.25%
Ending Fiduciary Net Position Restricted for Pensions	\$ 29,305,690	\$ 29,927,711	\$	(622,021)	-2.08%

Analysis of the Plan's Financial Position and Results of Operations

On a combined basis, the defined benefit plans' fiduciary net position was valued at \$29.3 billion at June 30, 2015, representing just over a 2 percent decrease in net position from the previous fiscal year-end. Reduced investment earnings as well as increased benefit expenses were the primary drivers of the change in fiduciary net position for the fiscal year.

During fiscal year 2015, the total dollar amount of contributions added to the plans increased slightly corresponding with the increase in employer and employee contribution rates. Monthly retirement benefits paid to annuitants increased 5 percent compared with the previous fiscal year. As previously referenced, the increase was attributable to a benefit adjustment granted to eligible SCRS and PORS annuity recipients effective July 1, 2014, along with a significant increase in the number of new annuitants added to the payroll during the year.

The fund experienced a positive return for the sixth consecutive year led by several strategies that substantially exceeded their benchmarks. The plan's net-of-fee return for the fiscal year 2015 was 1.60 percent beating the policy benchmark return of 1.21 percent but falling short of the actuarial assumed rate of return of 7.50 percent by 590 basis points. Real Estate was the strongest performing asset class with a fiscal year return of 19.32 percent beating its 14.20 percent performing benchmark by 512 basis points. Low Beta Hedge Funds were another strong performing asset class on both an absolute and relative basis returning 8.62 percent and outperforming its benchmark by 631 basis points. Private Equity was a strong performer with a 9.71 percent return but underperformed relative to its benchmark return of 12.63 percent.

Other strategies with positive returns that outperformed their benchmarks included: Private Debt with a 4.87 percent return versus 4.04 percent, Total Global Public Equity with a 1.91 percent return versus 0.71 percent, and Short Duration with a 1.12 percent return relative to a benchmark of return of 0.93 percent. Core Fixed Income returned a positive 1.62 percent but underperformed its benchmark by 24 basis points. Although having a negative return of 1.72 percent, GTAA outperformed its benchmark return of negative 3.85 percent by 213 basis points. Negatively performing asset classes, both on an absolute and relative to benchmark basis, were Global Fixed Income returning a negative 3.41 percent versus its benchmark return of a positive 2.96 percent, Emerging Markets Debt returning a negative 7.88 percent versus negative 7.72 percent, and Mixed Credit with a negative 1.88 percent return versus a positive benchmark return of 1.25 percent. Commodities was the weakest performing asset class with a negative 24.02 percent return versus its benchmark which returned a negative 23.71 percent.

Actuarial Valuations and Funding Progress

Actuarial valuations are performed annually by an external consulting actuary for all five defined benefit plans to ensure applicable contribution rates satisfy the funding parameters specified in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. Under these provisions, contribution requirements must be sufficient to maintain an amortization period for the financing of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over a period that does not exceed 30 years. Additionally, the Board is prohibited from decreasing the applicable contribution rate until the funded ratio is at least 90 percent. Over time, and provided there are no future benefit enhancements, the funded ratio of each system is expected to increase and eventually attain 100 percent. The primary sources of revenue to fund benefits include investment income, member contributions and employer contributions.

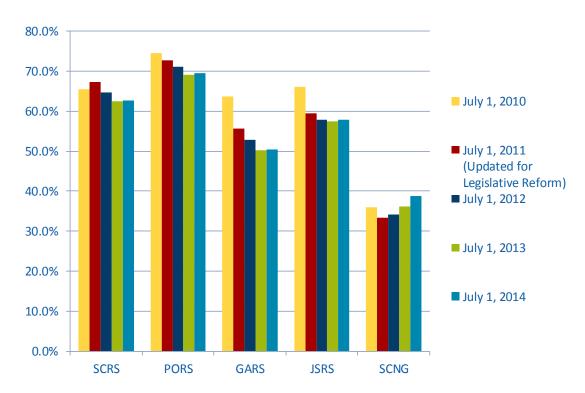
Investment performance for purposes of developing the actuarially determined contribution rate is recognized using smoothing method that recognizes 20 percent of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets each year, based upon the assumed valuation rate of return. This asset

valuation method mitigates the short term impact of market volatility and allows changes in market conditions to be recognized (smoothed) over a longer period of time. In contrast, in the actuarial valuation performed for the purpose of providing accounting information under GASB Statement No. 67, plan fiduciary net position is determined on a market value basis. Since the percentage of plan fiduciary net position to the total pension liability in the actuarial valuation prepared for accounting purposes uses the market value of assets rather than the actuarial value of assets, there can be significant short-term volatility in the proportion.

For the actuarial valuations prepared for funding purposes, the funded ratio (the ratio of the actuarial assets to the actuarial accrued liability) is a standard of measure of a plan's funded status. It provides an indication as to whether sufficient assets are accumulated to pay benefits when due; the greater the level of funding, the larger the ratio of assets to liabilities. The funding progress of a retirement system should be reviewed over a multi-year period, such as five to ten years, to identify trends in the system's funded status. The most recent actuarial valuations prepared for funding purposes as of July 1, 2014, showed a slight increase in funded status for all five plans. The changes in the levels of funding do not affect the availability of funds or resources for future use and actuarial projections indicate that unfunded liabilities should be amortized and funded within acceptable funding guidelines. The actuarial funded ratios of the five plans are presented in the following graph. Percentages for GASB 67 reporting purposes can be found in the Schedule of Employers' Net Pension Liability beginning on Page 74.

Actuarial Funded Ratios

(Actuarial assets as a percentage of actuarial accrued liabilities)



Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Retirement Systems' finances for all interested parties. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to the South Carolina PEBA, Attn: Retirement Systems Finance, P.O. Box 11960, Columbia, SC 29211-1960. Inquiries may also be made at www.peba.sc.gov or by calling 803.737.6800.

South Carolina Retirement Systems Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

June 30, 2015
With comparative totals for June 30, 2014
(Amounts expressed in thousands)

	SCRS	PORS	GARS	JSRS	SCNG	TOTAL	2014 TOTAL
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,473,892	\$ 396,286	\$ 4,744	\$ 16,640	\$ 4,115	\$ 2,895,677	\$ 2,974,017
Receivables							
Due from other systems		169		4		173	1,218
Employee and employer contributions	198,636	22,325	104	789	16	221,870	195,502
Accrued investment income	41,887	6,593	51	239	35	48,805	37,517
Unsettled investment sales	386,193	60,784	473	2,204	326	449,980	850,751
Other investment receivables	2,261	356	2	13	2	2,634	1,821
Total receivables	628,977	90,227	630	3,249	379	723,462	1,086,809
Investments, at fair value							
Short-term securities	657,551	103,494	804	3,753	555	766,157	835,867
Debt							
Domestic Fixed Income	5,246,660	825,787	6,417	29,942	4,431	6,113,237	5,724,526
International Fixed Income	1,607,359	252,987	1,966	9,173	1,357	1,872,842	2,479,437
Public Equity							
Domestic Equity	1,729,331	272,185	2,115	9,869	1,461	2,014,961	2,528,760
International Equity	4,399,301	692,419	5,381	25,106	3,715	5,125,922	3,810,656
Global Tactical Asset Allocation	1,909,410	300,528	2,336	10,896	1,613	2,224,783	2,119,233
Alternatives	7,703,664	1,212,502	9,423	43,964	6,506	8,976,059	9,256,340
Total investments	23,253,276	3,659,902	28,442	132,703	19,638	27,093,961	26,754,819
Securities lending cash collateral invested	60,229	9,479	74	344	51	70,177	72,645
Prepaid expenses	2,641	409	4	15	2	3,071	2,347
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	2,693	291	7	13	1	3,005	2,912
Total assets	26,421,708	4,156,594	33,901	152,964	24,186	30,789,353	30,893,549
LIABILITIES							
Due to other systems	173					173	1,218
Accounts payable - unsettled investment purchases	1,028,515	161,881	1,258	5,870	869	1,198,393	711,656
Investment fees payable	7,270	1,144	9	41	6	8,470	9,300
Obligations under securities lending	60,229	9,479	74	344	51	70,177	72,645
Deferred retirement benefits	68,104	68,104				68,104	56,901
Due to Employee Insurance Program	58,868	1,788				60,656	54,231
Benefits payable	3,608	344	2		6	3,960	3,855
Other liabilities	63,113	10,133	76	356	52	73,730	56,032
Total liabilities	1,289,880	184,769	1,419	6,611	984	1,483,663	965,838
Net Position Restricted for Pensions	\$ 25,131,828	\$ 3,971,825	\$ 32,482	\$ 146,353	\$ 23,202	\$29,305,690	\$29,927,711

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{ notes are an integral part of these financial statements}.$

South Carolina Retirement Systems Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Year Ended June 30, 2015
With comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2014
(Amounts expressed in thousands)

	SCRS	PORS	GARS	JSRS	SCNG	SCNG TOTAL	
Additions							
Contributions							
Employee	\$ 716,107	\$ 106,854	\$ 369	\$ 3,153	\$ -	\$ 826,483	\$ 751,467
Employer	1,022,478	166,451	4,275	10,109		1,203,313	1,132,128
State appropriated					4,591	4,591	4,586
Total contributions	1,738,585	273,305	4,644	13,262	4,591	2,034,387	1,888,181
Investment Income							
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	390,742	61,552	503	2,263	332	455,392	4,200,705
Interest and dividend income	291,619	45,614	375	1,713	241	339,562	348,733
Investment expense	(309,909)	(48,726)	(380)	(1,770)	(261)	(361,046)	(468,145)
Net income from investing activities	372,452	58,440	498	2,206	312	433,908	4,081,293
From securities lending activities:							
Securities lending income	144	22		1		167	63
Securities lending borrower rebates	1,556	243	2	9	1	1,811	1,667
Net income from securities lending activities	1,700	265	2	10	1	1,978	1,730
Total net investment income	374,152	58,705	500	2,216	313	435,886	4,083,023
Supplemental retirement benefits funded by the State	507	22				529	613
Transfers of contributions from other Systems	7	1,061		286		1,354	2,470
Total additions	2,113,251	333,093	5,144	15,764	4,904	2,472,156	5,974,287
Deductions							
Refunds of contributions to members	95,104	17,453				112,557	106,475
Transfers of contributions to other Systems	1,336		18			1,354	2,470
Regular retirement benefits	2,378,317	323,252	6,639	16,832	4,249	2,729,289	2,631,872
Deferred retirement benefits	211,982					211,982	168,999
Supplemental retirement benefits	507	22				529	616
Death Benefits	20,144	2,150	21	4		22,319	21,680
Accidental death benefits		1,555				1,555	1,597
Depreciation	227	29	1	1		258	227
Administrative expenses	12,327	1,909	17	70	11	14,334	13,453
Total deductions	2,719,944	346,370	6,696	16,907	4,260	3,094,177	2,947,389
Net increase (decrease) in Net Position	(606,693)	(13,277)	(1,552)	(1,143)	644	(622,021)	3,026,898
Net Position Restricted for Pensions							
Beginning of year	25,738,521	3,985,102	34,034	147,496	22,558	29,927,711	26,900,813
End of year	\$25,131,828	\$ 3,971,825	\$ 32,482	\$ 146,353	\$ 23,202	\$29,305,690	\$29,927,711

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

South Carolina Retirement Systems

Notes to Financial Statements

I. Basis of Presentation and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Description of the Entity

The South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA) was created by the S.C. General Assembly effective July 1, 2012. PEBA is a state agency responsible for the administration and management of the state's employee insurance programs and retirement systems.

The governing board of the authority is a board of directors consisting of 11 members. The membership composition is as follows:

- three non-representative members appointed by the Governor;
- two members appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, one a nonrepresentative member and one a representative member who is either an active or retired member of the South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System (PORS);
- two members appointed by the Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, one a non-representative member and one a representative member who is a retired member of the South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS);
- two members appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, one a nonrepresentative member and one a representative member who must be a state employee who is an active contributing member of SCRS;
- two members appointed by the Chairman of the House Ways and Means Committee, one a non-representative member and one a representative member who is an active contributing member of SCRS employed by a public school district.

Non-representative members of the PEBA board may not belong to the classes of employees and retirees from which representative members must be appointed. Individuals appointed to the PEBA board must possesses certain qualifications.

Members of the PEBA board serve for terms of two years and until their successors are appointed and qualify. Vacancies on the PEBA Board must be filled within 60 days in the manner of the original appointment for the unexpired portion of the term. Terms commence on July first of even numbered years.

The financial statements of the South Carolina Retirement Systems (Systems) presented herein contain the following funds:

Pension Trust Funds

- South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS)
- South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System (PORS)
- Retirement System for Members of the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina (GARS)
- Retirement System for Judges and Solicitors of the State of South Carolina (JSRS)
- South Carolina National Guard
 Supplemental Retirement Plan (SCNG)

Each pension trust fund operates on an autonomous basis; funds may not be utilized for any purpose other than for the benefit of each plan's participants.

The Systems are part of the state of South Carolina's primary government and are included in the *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the State of South Carolina*. In making this determination, factors of financial accountability, governance and fiduciary responsibility of the state were considered.

Plan Descriptions

The South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS), a cost—sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, was established effective July 1, 1945, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-1-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for public school districts and employees of the state and political subdivisions thereof.

The South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System (PORS), a cost—sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, was established effective July 1, 1962, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-11-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for police officers and firemen of the state and its political subdivisions.

The Retirement System for Members of the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina (GARS), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan, was created effective January 1, 1966, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-9-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws to provide retirement allowances and

other benefits for members of the General Assembly. Retirement reform legislation closed the plan to individuals newly elected to the Senate or House of Representatives after the general election of 2012.

The Retirement System for Judges and Solicitors of the State of South Carolina (JSRS), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan, was created effective July 1, 1979, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-8-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for judges, solicitors, circuit public defenders of the state and administrative law court judges.

The South Carolina National Guard Supplemental Retirement Plan (SCNG), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan, was created effective July 1, 1975, and is governed by the provisions of Section 9-10-30 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing supplemental retirement benefits to certain members who served in the South Carolina National Guard.

A summary of information related to participating employers and members for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, follows (dollars amounts expressed in thousands):

	State ¹	School	Other	Total
SCRS	24	447		720
Number of Employers	34	117	577	728
Annual Covered Payroll for Active Members	\$2,258,102	\$3,298,977	\$2,108,048	\$7,665,127
Average Number of:				
Active Contributing Members	49,963	83,891	53,532	187,386
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	48,603	62,727	23,304	134,634
Terminated members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits ²				160,259
Total SCRS Membership				482,279
PORS				
Number of Employers	30	57	325	412
Annual Covered Payroll for Active Members	\$375,187	\$311	\$737,165	\$1,112,663
Average Number of:				
Active Contributing Members	9,445	2	17,135	26,582
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	8,138	19	8,653	16,810
Terminated members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits ²				12,705
Total PORS Membership				56,097
GARS				
Number of Employers	1			1
Annual Covered Payroll for Active Members	\$2,383			\$2,383
Average Number of:				
Active Members (170 positions)	106			106
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	362			362
Terminated members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	55			55
Total GARS Membership	523			523
JSRS				
Number of Employers	1			1
Annual Covered Payroll for Active Members	\$18,138			\$18,138
Average Number of:	, ,			
Active Members (153 positions)	137			137
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	206			206
Terminated members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	2			2
Total JSRS Membership	345			345
SCNG				
Number of Employers	1			1
Annual Covered Payroll for Active Members ³	N/A			N/A
•	N/A			IV/A
Average Number of:	40.46=			42.46=
Active Members	12,167			12,167
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Terminated members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	4,648 2,068			4,648 2,068
Total SCNG Membership	18,883			18,883
Total Scive Membership	10,005			10,003

¹ Although each state agency reports separately, the State is considered the primary government and therefore, all state agencies are included as a single employer. Quasi-State Agencies and Institutions of Higher Education are counted as separate employers and included within the "State" category.

² Employee Class not determinable from data.

³ Annual covered payroll is not applicable for SCNG because it is a non-contributory plan.

Membership

Membership requirements are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. A brief summary of the requirements under each system is presented below.

SCRS

Generally, all employees of covered employers are required to participate in and contribute to the system as a condition of employment. This plan covers general employees and teachers and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election. A member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. A member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.

State ORP

As an alternative to membership in SCRS, newly hired state, public school, and higher education employees and individuals newly elected to the S.C. General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election have the option to participate in the State Optional Retirement Program (State ORP), which is a defined contribution plan. State ORP participants direct the investment of their funds into a plan administered by one of four investment providers. The Retirement Systems assumes no liability for State ORP benefits. Rather, the benefits are the liability of the investment providers. For this reason, State ORP programs are not considered part of the Systems for financial statement purposes.

Contributions to the State ORP are at the same rates as SCRS. A direct remittance is required from the employers to the investment providers for the employee contribution (8.0 percent) and a portion of the employer contribution (5 percent). A direct remittance is also required to the SCRS for a portion of the employer contribution (5.75 percent) and a death benefit contribution (.15 percent), which is retained by the SCRS. The activity for the State ORP is as follows:

State ORP Activity

Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Dollar amounts expressed in thousands)

Active Contributing Participants	26,415
Annual Covered Payroll	\$1,265,823
Employer Contributions Retained	\$72,785
by SCRS	
Death Benefit Contributions	\$1,899
Retained by SCRS	
Employee Contributions to	\$101,266
Investment Providers	
Employer Contributions to	\$63,291
Investment Providers	

PORS

To be eligible for PORS membership, an employee must be required by the terms of his employment, by election or appointment, to preserve public order, protect life and property, and detect crimes in the state; to prevent and control property destruction by fire; be a coroner in a full-time permanent position; or be a peace officer employed by the Department of Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice, or the Department of Mental Health. Probate judges and coroners may elect membership in PORS. Magistrates are required to participate in PORS for service as a magistrate. PORS members, other than magistrates and probate judges, must also earn at least \$2,000 per year and devote at least 1,600 hours per year to this work, unless exempted by statute. A member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. A member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.

GARS

Members of the Senate and the House of Representatives who were first elected to office prior to November 2012 are required to participate in and contribute to the system upon taking office as a member of the S.C. General Assembly; however, the GARS plan is closed to individuals newly elected to the Senate or the House of

Representatives on or after the general election of 2012.

JSRS

All solicitors, circuit public defenders, judges of a Circuit, Family or Administrative Law Court and justices of the Court of Appeals and Supreme Court are required to participate in and contribute to the system upon taking office.

SCNG

Membership consists of individuals who serve in the South Carolina National Guard.

Pension Benefits

Benefit terms are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. PEBA does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms without a change in the code of laws. Key elements of the benefit calculation include the benefit multiplier, years of service, and average final compensation/current annual salary. A brief summary of benefit terms for each system is presented below.

SCRS

A Class II member who has separated from service with at least five years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 65 or with 28 years credited service regardless of age. A member may elect early retirement with reduced pension benefits payable at age 55 with 25 years of service credit. A Class III member who has separated from service with at least eight years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension subject to the Rule of 90 requirement that the total of the member's age and the member's creditable service equals at least 90 years. Both Class II and Class III members are eligible to receive a reduced deferred annuity at age 60 if they satisfy the five- or eight-year earned service requirement, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program.

The annual retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every

July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase. Members who retire under the early retirement provisions at age 55 with 25 years of service are not eligible for the benefit adjustment until the second July 1 after reaching age 60 or the second July 1 after the date they would have had 28 years of service credit had they not retired.

PORS

A Class II member who has separated from service with at least five years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 25 years of service regardless of age. A Class III member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 27 years of service regardless of age. Both Class II and Class III members are eligible to receive a deferred annuity at age 55 with five or eight years earned service, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program. Accidental death benefits are also provided upon the death of an active member working for a covered employer whose death was a natural and proximate result of an injury incurred while in the performance of duty.

The retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase.

GARS

A member is eligible for a monthly pension at age 60 or with 30 years credited service. A member who has attained age 70 or has 30 years of service is eligible to retire and draw an annuity while continuing to serve in the General Assembly. A member is eligible to receive a deferred annuity with eight years of service. An incidental death benefit is also provided to members. Retirees receive increases in benefits based upon increases in the current salary of their respective active

positions. GARS is closed to new members and persons newly elected to the General Assembly must elect membership in SCRS or State ORP or may elect non-membership.

JSRS

A pension benefit is payable at age 70 with 15 years' service, age 65 with 20 years' service, 25 years' service regardless of age for a judge or 24 years of service for a solicitor or a circuit public defender regardless of age. A judge is vested in the system after attaining 10 years of earned service in the position of judge, and a solicitor or a circuit public defender is vested in the system after attaining eight years of earned service. A member who has reached maximum eligibility is eligible to retire and draw an annuity while continuing to serve. An incidental death benefit is also provided to members. Retirees receive increases in benefits based upon increases in the current salary of their respective active positions.

SCNG

A monthly pension is payable at age 60 provided the member was honorably discharged from active duty with at least 20 years of total creditable military service. Of the 20 years total creditable military service, at least 15 must have been served in the South Carolina National Guard. Additionally, the final 10 years of military service must have been served in the South Carolina National Guard. No cost-of-living increases are provided to SCNG retirees.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Fund Structure

The Systems' accounts are maintained in accordance with the principles of fund accounting. This is the procedure whereby resources for various purposes are classified for accounting and reporting purposes into funds that are in accordance with specified activities or objectives. Separate pension trust funds (fiduciary fund type) are used to account for the activities of the five public employee retirement systems administered by PEBA.

Basis of Accounting

All funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Benefit and refund expenses are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Administrative Expenses

Administrative expenses are the responsibility of the PEBA and all accounting and corresponding disclosures relating to administrative expenses of the pension trust funds are included in the financial statements of the Systems.

Administrative expenses for the Retirement Division of PEBA are funded by investment earnings and are allocated to each of the pension trust funds based on its respective portion of total assets in order to pay for actual expenses incurred during the year. Administrative expenses of the Systems include the Retirement Division's portion of PEBA employee salaries and associated employee benefits, disability reviews, fiduciary liability insurance and other professional service fees.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Systems classifies cash on deposit in financial institutions and cash on deposit in the state's internal cash management pool as cash and cash equivalents. The Systems also classifies certain short-term highly liquid securities as cash equivalents if the date of maturity is three months or less from the date of acquisition. Forward contracts, foreign currencies, and cash held in the strategic partnership accounts are also classified as cash and cash equivalents.

Contributions

Employee, employer, and state-appropriated contributions are recognized in the period in which they are due, pursuant to formal commitments as well as statutory requirements. Substantially all contributions receivable are collected within 30 days of year-end.

Investments

The Retirement System Investment Commission (Commission as the governing body, RSIC as the agency), created by the General Assembly in 2005 as co-fiduciary for the Retirement Systems, has exclusive authority for investing and managing all assets held in trust for the South Carolina Retirement Systems. Funds of the Systems are invested subject to the terms, conditions, limitations, and restrictions imposed by Section 16, Article X of the South Carolina Constitution and Section 9-1-1310 (B) and Title 9 Chapter 16 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. The funds and assets of the various state retirement systems are not funds of the State, but are instead held in trust as provided in Section 9-16-20.

The RSIC is structured as a separate state agency reporting to a body of appointed Commissioners. The Commission is a seven-member board that includes the State Treasurer, the Executive Director of PEBA, and a retired member of the Systems. The Commission employs an Executive Director (ED) who serves as the agency head of the RSIC, reporting directly to the Commission, with functions and duties assigned by the Commission. The ED is the central source of authority and accountability for administrative decisions. In addition, the Commission employs a chief investment officer (CIO) who reports to the ED for day to day oversight and strategic planning objectives and who serves as the central source of authority and accountability for all investment decisions delegated to him or her by the Commission and state law. The Commission also engages an external investment consultant, who is accountable to the Commission to work collaboratively with RSIC staff to fulfill the duties of investing the Systems' portfolio.

Administrative costs of the RSIC are paid from the earnings of the Systems, and its budget is funded entirely from the trust fund. Costs include Commissioner, investment and administrative staff compensation, as well as other contractual services and other operating expenses. The allocation of those administrative costs is based upon a proration

of such costs in proportion to the assets that each system bears to the total assets of all of the systems for the most recently completed fiscal year.

The Commission has adopted a Statement of Investment Objectives and Policies (SIOP) in order to establish investment and performance objectives, policies and guidelines, roles, responsibilities, and delegation of authority for the investment and management of assets of the Systems. The SIOP is reviewed by the Commission at least annually to determine its continued applicability. The SIOP provides the framework pursuant to which the CIO and staff develop the Annual Investment Plan (AIP), which provides a formal plan for investing the Systems' assets to achieve the Commission's investment objectives and mission. As required by Section 9-16-320, the AIP must be submitted to the Commission no later than April 1 of each year, and the Commission must meet no later than May 1 of each year to adopt the proposed AIP for the following fiscal year. The Commission may amend the SIOP and AIP during the fiscal year as it deems appropriate.

The Commission manages Systems' assets with a long-term horizon and seeks to earn the most appropriate risk-adjusted return in consideration of the specific goals, needs and circumstances of the Systems and in the exclusive interest of members of the Systems. Among the decisions the Commission can make, asset allocation has the most significant impact on the portfolio's return and risk profile and is reviewed annually as part of the development of the AIP. Based on the Commission's determination of the appropriate risk tolerance for the Portfolio and its long-term return expectations, it has authorized the following Policy Asset Allocation, including target allocations and ranges for each asset class that became effective as of July 1, 2013 and were reaffirmed by the Commission for the fiscal year beginning on July 1, 2014.

Asset Class	Policy Allocation	Minimum	Maximum
Global Equity	40.0%	30.0%	45.0%
Global Public Equities ¹	31.0%	25.0%	37.0%
Private Equity	9.0%	6.0%	12.0%
Real Assets	8.0%		
Commodities ¹	3.0%	0.0%	6.0%
Real Estate	5.0%	2.0%	8.0%
Opportunistic	18.0%		
GTAA / Risk Parity ¹	10.0%	7.0%	13.0%
Hedge Funds (low beta)¹	8.0%	5.0%	11.0%
Diversified Credit	19.0%		
Mixed Credit (HY, Loans, Structured) ¹	6.0%	3.0%	9.0%
Emerging Markets Debt ¹	6.0%	3.0%	9.0%
Private Debt ¹	7.0%	4.0%	10.0%
Conservative Fixed Income	15.0%	10.0%	25.0%
Core Fixed Income	7.0%	4.0%	10.0%
Global Fixed Income	3.0%	0.0%	6.0%
Short-Duration (net of overlays)	3.0%	0.0%	6.0%
Cash (net of overlays)	2.0%	0.0%	5.0%

¹Asset classes in which hedge funds can be used, up to a maximum of 15 percent across the entire portfolio.

At June 30, 2015, the Systems held no investments (other than those issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government) in any one organization that represent 5 percent or more of the plans' fiduciary net position.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the annual money weighted rate of return on plan investments was 1.59 percent. The money weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expenses, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

As a fiduciary acting on behalf of the Systems, the Commission enters into individual agreements with various investment managers to invest plan assets seeking superior long-term results at an acceptable level of risk. As of June 30, 2015, legal agreements were in place with 114 investment managers.

The Office of the State Treasurer has a contract with BNY Mellon to serve as custodian of the funds of

the Retirement Systems. Assets also include investments not custodied at BNY Mellon, such as funds held in partnerships, commingled accounts or private market asset classes. Additionally, as an accommodation under the global custody agreement between the South Carolina State Treasurer and BNY Mellon, the custodial bank provides consolidated recordkeeping services which are reflected on account statements for securities not held in the custodian's vault or for which the custodian or its nominee is not the registered owner (non-custody securities).

For financial statement purposes, investments of the pension trust funds are reported at fair value in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. Short term securities categorized as cash or cash equivalents are reported at fair value. The Systems hold domestic and global equity securities which are traded on organized exchanges. Equity securities which are held by the custodian are valued by the custodian using the last reported price on a tradedate basis. The Systems hold domestic and global fixed income securities. The custodian values those fixed income assets which are held in custody based upon prices received from external pricing sources and in accordance with the custodian's pricing policy. Commingled funds, which may contain equity and/or fixed income securities are priced based upon the manager's pricing policy and a Net Asset Value (NAV) value is provided to the custodian. Private market investments typically utilize a limited partnership structure and private equity funds normally invest in companies that are not publicly traded on a stock exchange. The fair values of alternative investments including private equity, private debt, hedge funds, real estate and commodities, for which daily market values are not readily ascertainable, are valued in good faith based on the most recent financial information available for the underlying companies and reported by the investment managers at the measurement date, adjusted for subsequent cash flow activities through June 30, 2015. The issue of valuation of investments is a joint responsibility of PEBA and RSIC. Staff from both offices serve on a joint valuation committee

which oversees and reviews the valuations provided by the custodian and/or the external investment managers. The estimated fair value of these investments may differ from values that would have been used had a liquid public market existed.

Investments are combined in a commingled investment pool, with each system owning a percentage of the pool and receiving proportionate investment income in accordance with their respective ownership percentage. Investment income includes realized and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value of investments, interest income earned, dividend income earned, less investment expense, plus income from securities lending activities, less deductions for securities lending expenses.

While some investment managers submit invoices for their investment management fees, a significant number of investment managers provide account valuations on a net of fee basis. For greater transparency, the RSIC makes a good faith attempt to account for netted fee amounts that are not necessarily readily separable. Through a concerted effort with Conifer Financial Services, administrator for the RSIC, the collection, aggregation, and reasonability testing enables RSIC to provide the Retirement Division of PEBA with a collection of investment fees and expenses that would not otherwise be disclosed. The RSIC provides the netted fee information to PEBA on an annual basis so that amounts can be reclassified and reported in the financial statements on the Investment expense line of the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The netted investment expenses include amounts for investment management fees,

II. Contributions and Reserves

Contributions to each of the Plans are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. The board may increase the percentage rate in SCRS and PORS employer and employee contributions on the basis of the actuarial valuations, but any such increase may not result in a differential between the employee and employer contribution rate that

performance fees (including carried interest allocations), and other investment expenses such as organizational expenses in limited partnership structures. The total netted fee amounts reported also reflect the impact of any offsets which have the effect of reducing this total. There is no industry standard for reporting pension plan investment fees and expenses, therefore, in order to compare investment expense as reported by the Systems with investment management costs reported by other public pension plans, an understanding of the actual fees and expenses included in any comparative reports is necessary. Additionally, investment plan composition directly influences the fee structure of a plan and adjustments for differences in plan asset allocation are necessary before conclusions can be reached from such comparisons.

Capital Assets

Capital Assets are valued at historical cost or at estimated historical cost if actual historical cost data is not available. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not significantly add to the value of an asset or materially extend the asset's useful life are not capitalized. An individual asset is capitalized and reported if it has an estimated useful life of at least two years and a historical cost as follows: more than \$5 thousand for machinery and equipment; more than \$100 thousand for buildings. All land and non-depreciable land improvements are capitalized and reported, regardless of cost. Depreciation is recorded using the straight line method over the useful life of 40 years for the building and a useful life of 2 to 25 years for equipment. Land is not depreciated.

exceeds 2.9 percent of earnable compensation for SCRS and 5 percent for PORS. An increase in the contribution rates adopted by the board may not provide for an increase of more than one-half of one percent in any one year. If the scheduled employee and employer contributions provided in statute or the rates last adopted by the board are

insufficient to maintain a thirty year amortization schedule of the unfunded liabilities of the plans, the board shall increase the contribution rates in equal percentage amounts for the employer and employee as necessary to maintain the thirty-year amortization period; this increase is not limited to one-half of one percent per year.

After June 30, 2015, if the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the Systems for funding purposes shows a ratio of the actuarial value of system assets to the actuarial accrued liability of the system (the funded ratio) that is equal to or greater than ninety percent, then the board, effective on the following July first, may decrease the then current contribution rates upon making a finding that the decrease will not result in a funded ratio of less than ninety percent. Any decrease in contribution rates must maintain the 2.9 and 5 percent differentials between the SCRS and PORS employer and employee contribution rates respectively. If contribution rates are decreased pursuant to this provision, and the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the system shows a funded ratio of less than ninety percent, then effective on the following July first, and annually thereafter as necessary, the board shall increase the then current contribution rates until a subsequent annual actuarial valuation of the system shows a funded ratio that is equal to or greater than 90 percent.

Following are the employee and employer contribution rates applicable for fiscal year 2015:

System	Employee Rate	Employer Rate
SCRS	8.0%	10.90% ¹
PORS	8.41%	13.41%²
GARS	11%	\$4,275,000 ³
JSRS	10%	47.97% ¹
SCNG	Non-contributory	\$4,590,798

¹ Includes incidental death benefit contribution rate of 0.15%

Employer contributions for the GARS and SCNG are determined by the Systems' actuary on an annual basis. SCNG employer contributions are provided annually by state appropriations.

In accordance with South Carolina State Statute, an additional employer contribution surcharge of 5.0 percent of covered payroll was added to the contribution rate applicable to state and local governments, and public school entities covered by the state's retiree health and dental insurance benefits. This assessment is for the purpose of providing retiree health and dental insurance coverage and is not a part of the actuarially established contribution rates for retirement funding purposes. Functioning as a collecting agent, SCRS and PORS collected (amounts expressed in thousands) \$375,841 and \$20,142 respectively in retiree insurance surcharges (\$63,062 of which was applicable to the State ORP) and remitted these funds to the South Carolina Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund.

The Fiduciary Net Position of each plan is required to be reserved in the following accounts:

The **Employer Fund** is credited with all employer retirement contributions and investment earnings of the Employee and Employer Funds. Upon retirement, all member account balances and contributions are transferred to the Employer Fund as all annuities and administrative expenses of the Systems are paid from this fund. Annual state appropriations to the SCNG are also credited to the Employer Fund to provide funding for the payment of annuities and administrative expenses.

The **Employee Fund** is credited with all contributions made by active members of the Systems. Interest is credited to each active member's individual account at an annual rate of 4 percent by transferring funds from the Employer Fund to the Employee Fund. At termination of employment prior to retirement, employee contributions and accumulated interest may be refunded from this fund to the member. At retirement, employee contributions and interest

² Includes incidental death benefit and accidental death benefit contribution rate of 0.20% each

³ Includes incidental death benefit contributions as determined by the Systems' actuary

are transferred from the Employee Fund to the Employer Fund for subsequent payment of benefits.

The **Death Benefit Fund**, an incidental death program within SCRS and PORS, is the fund to which participating employers contribute for the purpose of providing a death benefit to active and retired members of the Systems. Employer contributions and investment earnings are credited to this fund. Death benefit payments and administrative expenses are paid from this fund. The assets in the Death Benefits Fund are not held separately in a dedicated trust for the sole purpose of paying death benefits to beneficiaries of deceased members. These benefits are considered allowable within the defined benefit plans and are held within the pension trust funds.

The **Accidental Death Fund** (PORS only) is the fund to which participating employers contribute for the

purpose of providing annuity benefits to beneficiaries of members of PORS killed in the actual performance of their duties. This fund and its benefits are independent of any other retirement benefit available to the beneficiary. Employer contributions and investment earnings are credited to this fund. Monthly survivor annuities and administrative expenses are paid from this fund.

The Qualified Excess Benefit Arrangement (QEBA) Fund is the fund from which annuity benefits are paid when a benefit recipient exceeds IRC Section 415(b) limits on the amount an individual may receive annually from a qualified defined benefit pension plan. Employer contributions are credited to this fund on an as-needed basis in an amount equivalent to the amount of funds necessary to pay benefits out of the QEBA fund due to IRC Section 415(b) limitations. Accordingly, the QEBA fund currently has no reserve balance.

Balances in the respective reserves at June 30, 2015, were as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	SCRS	PORS	GARS	JSRS	SCNG	Total
Employee Fund	\$ 7,054,277	\$ 905,768	\$ 7,295	\$ 24,650	\$ -	\$ 7,991,990
Employer Fund	17,952,972	2,978,028	25,187	121,703	23,202	21,101,092
Death Benefit Fund	124,579	37,699				162,278
Accidental Death Fund		50,330				50,330
QEBA Fund						
Totals	\$ 25,131,828	\$ 3,971,825	\$ 32,482	\$ 146,353	\$ 23,202	\$ 29,305,690

III. Deposits and Investments

Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures

The tables presented on Pages 52-55 include disclosures of credit and interest rate risk in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 40 and are designed to inform financial statement users about investment risks which could affect the Systems' ability to meet its obligations. These tables classify investments by risk type, while the financial statements disclose investments by asset class. The table amounts were

provided by the custodian bank and agree to the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position.

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Systems' deposits may not be recovered. As prescribed by South Carolina state statute, the State Treasurer is the custodian of all deposits and is responsible for securing all deposits held by banks. These deposits are secured by deposit insurance, surety bonds, collateral securities, or letters of credit to protect the state against loss in the event of insolvency or liquidation of the institution or for any other cause. Deposits are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000 or collateralized with securities held by the state or its agent in the South Carolina State Treasurer's name as custodian.

The Systems' deposits at June 30, 2015, were as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Carrying
	Amount
SCRS	\$19,607
PORS	3,318
GARS	57
JSRS	78
SCNG	52
Total	\$23,112

Actual bank balances at June 30, 2015, totaled \$40,724 (amount expressed in thousands).

Investments

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the Systems will not be able to recover the value of the investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investing for the Systems is governed by Section 16, Article X of the South Carolina Constitution and Section 9-1-1310(B) and Title 9 Section 16 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. Funds held in trust for the Retirement Systems may be invested and reinvested in a variety of instruments including, but not limited to, fixed income instruments of the United States, foreign fixed income obligations, swaps, forward contracts, futures and options, domestic and international equity securities, private equity, real estate, and fund of funds.

The table on the following page presents the fair value of investments as of June 30, 2015.

Statement of Invested Assets

June 30, 2015

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

Investment Type	Fair Value	Investment Type	Fair Value
Short Term Investments		Fixed Income Allocation	
Short Term Investment Funds (U.S. Regu	· ·	Domestic Fixed Income	
Repurchase Agreements	292,196	U.S. Government	
Commercial Paper	347,702	U.S. Government Treasuries ¹	\$ 1,398,246
U. S. Treasury Bills	113,902	U.S. Government Agencies	619,405
Discount Notes	22,798	Mortgage Backed	
Corporate Bond	873	Government National Mortgage Association	85,544
Strategic Partnership Short Duration	585,171	Federal National Mortgage Association	155,837
Options - Cash	(420)	Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association	32,737
Futures - Cash	(630)	Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association (Multiclass	762
Total Short Term Investments	\$ 2,693,062	Collateralized Mortgage Obligations	6,137
Equity Allocation		Municipals	41,989
Domestic Equity		Corporate	
Common Stocks	\$ 1,905,267	Corporate Bonds	2,597,434
Real Estate Investment Trusts	67,504	Mixed Credit	502,629
Preferred	58,697	Convertible Bonds	797
Convertible Preferred	1,309	Asset Backed Securities	95,145
Futures - Domestic Equity	(16,834)	Private Placements	568,952
Swaps - Domestic Equity	(982)	Yankee Bonds	2,917
Global Equity	5,136,944	Options - Domestic Fixed Income	(98)
Real Estate Investment Trusts	5,537	Futures - Domestic Fixed Income	(362)
Preferred	982	Swaps - Domestic Fixed Income	5,166
Futures - Global Equity	(17,541)	Global Fixed Income	-,
Total Equity	\$ 7,140,883	International Asset Backed	3,597
Global Tactical Asset Allocation		International Commingled Funds	369,114
Commingled Funds Balanced	\$ 2,224,783	International Corporate Bonds	6,613
	\$ 2,224,783	International Emerging Debt	847,552
Alternatives	Ψ 2/22 1/1 00	International Government Bonds	637,045
Hedge Funds	\$ 3,441,671	International Private Placements	10,922
Private Debt	1,653,586	Options - Global Fixed Income	(220)
Private Equity Limited Partnerships	2,693,843	Futures - Global Fixed Income	(858)
Real Estate	1,186,959	Swaps - Global Fixed Income	(923)
Total Alternative Investments	\$ 8,976,059	Total Fixed Income	\$ 7,986,079
Т	Total Invested Assets	\$29,020,866	
Invested Securitie	es Lending Collateral	\$ 70,177	
	-) to the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
Total Invested Assets			\$29,020,866
Short Term Investments classified as (Cash & Cash Fauivalor	nts on Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
Short Term Investment Funds (U.S. Re		its on statement of riducially Net Position	(1 221 //70)
	guiateuj		(1,331,470)
Repurchase Agreements			(292,196
Commercial Paper			(303,416
Corporate Bond			(873
Options - Cash			420
Futures - Cash			630

¹ U.S. Government Treasuries includes Notes, Bonds, and Treasury Inflation Protected Securities (TIPS).

Total Investments on Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

\$27,093,961

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. While the RSIC has no formal interest rate risk policy, interest rate risk is observed within the portfolio using effective duration (option adjusted duration), which is a measure of the price sensitivity of a bond or a portfolio of bonds to interest rate movements given a 100 basis point change in interest rates. Effective duration takes into account that expected cash flows will fluctuate as interest rates change and provides a measure of risk that changes proportionately with market rates. Investment guidelines may specify the degree of interest rate risk taken versus the benchmark within each fixed income portfolio. Disclosures for interest rate risk at June 30, 2015, are noted below (amounts expressed in thousands).

Investment Type	Fair Value Total	Fair Value Duration Not Available	Fair Value Duration Available	Effective Duration (option adjusted duration)
Short Term Investments	Total	Available	Available	duration
Short Term Investment Funds (U.S. Regulated)	\$ 1,331,470	\$ -	\$ 1,331,470	0.08
Repurchase Agreements	292,196	Y	292,196	0.08
Invested Securities Lending Collateral	70,177	70,177	232,130	0.08
_	347,702	70,177	247 702	0.04
Commercial Paper	113,902		347,702	
U. S. Treasury Bills	22,798		113,902	0.26
Discount Notes	22,798 873		22,798	0.11
Corporate Bond			873	0.17
Strategic Partnership Short Duration	585,171	(0.0)	585,171	1.32
Options - Cash	(420)	(319)	(101)	(3.12)
Futures - Cash	(630)		(630)	0.26
Total Short Term Investments	2,763,239	69,858	2,693,381	
Equity Allocation				
Preferred	59,679	6,293	53,386	7.13
Total Equity Investments	59,679	6,293	53,386	
Fixed Income Allocation				
U. S. Government				
U.S. Government Treasuries	1,398,246		1,398,246	6.96
U. S. Government Agencies	619,405	159,834	459,571	4.05
Mortgage Backed				
Government National Mortgage Association	85,544		85,544	3.23
Federal National Mortgage Association	155,837	214	155,623	3.53
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	32,737		32,737	3.64
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association (FHLMC Multiclass)	762		762	0.64
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations	6,137		6,137	3.45
Municipals	41,989	566	41,423	9.91
Corporate				
Corporate Bonds	2,597,434	441,453	2,155,981	3.50
Mixed Credit	502,629		502,629	2.45
Convertible Bonds	797		797	1.91
Asset Backed Securities	95,145	5,012	90,133	0.62
Private Placements	568,952	162,543	406,409	3.39
Yankee Bonds	2,917	, , ,	2,917	10.41
Options - Domestic Fixed Income	(98)	(294)	196	(422.25)
Futures - Domestic Fixed Income	(362)	(23.)	(362)	14.96
Swaps - Domestic Fixed Income	5,166	(28)	5,194	20.04
Global Fixed Income	-,	()	3,134	20.04
International Asset Backed Securities	3,597		3,597	0.07
International Commingled Funds	369,114		369,114	5.20
International Corporate Bonds	6,613	1,899	4,714	2.07
International Emerging Debt	847,552	376,624	470,928	5.40
5 5	637,045	18,187	•	
International Government Bonds	10,922	1,828	618,858	7.47
International Private Placements	,	•	9,094	7.15
Options - Global Fixed Income	(220)	(169)	(51)	603.44
Futures - Global Fixed Income	(858)		(858)	8.96
Swaps - Global Fixed Income	(923)		(923)	9.64
Total Fixed Income	\$ 7,986,079	\$ 1,167,669	\$ 6,818,410	
Total Invested Assets	\$ 10,808,997	\$ 1,243,820	\$ 9,565,177	

Credit Risk of Debt Securities

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the Systems. As a matter of practice, there are no overarching limitations for credit risk exposures within the overall fixed income portfolio. Each individual portfolio within fixed income is managed in accordance with investment guidelines that are specific as to permissible credit quality ranges, exposure levels within individual quality tiers, and average credit quality. Within high yield portfolios, a quality rating of lower than C is not permissible in any of the fixed income guidelines except in those circumstances of downgrades subsequent to purchase, in which case the investment manager is responsible for communicating the downgrade to the Commission's consultant and staff. The Systems' fixed income investments at June 30, 2015, were rated by Moody's and are presented below (amounts expressed in thousands).

Investment Type and Fair Value	AAA	AA	Α	BAA	ВА	В	CAA	CA	NR ¹
Short Term Investments									
Short Term Investment Funds (U. S. Regulated)	\$1,331,470	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Repurchase Agreements									292,196
Invested Securities Lending Collateral									70,177
Commercial Paper		122,971		224,731					
Discount Notes	22,798								
Corporate Bond				873					
Strategic Partnership Short Duration									585,171
Options - Cash									(420)
Futures - Cash									(630)
Equity Investments									
Preferred			589	19,620	12,684	1,959			23,846
Fixed Income Allocation ²									
Mortgage Backed									
Federal National Mortgage Association	155,837								
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association (Multiclass)	762								
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association	32,737								
Collateralized Mortgage Association	6,137								
Municipals		24,836	13,954						3,199
Corporate									
Corporate Bonds	39,138	55,376	420,001	653,269	401,862	318,519	71,452	1,629	636,188
Mixed Credit									502,629
Convertible Bonds									797
Asset Backed Securities	31,877	91	11,275	15,688	3,500		2,714	4,857	25,143
Private Placements	43,317	17,229	70,215	37,136	53,767	85,638	49,384		212,267
Yankee Bonds			697	2,221					
Options - Domestic Fixed Income									(98)
Futures - Domestic Fixed Income									(362)
Swaps - Domestic Fixed Income									5,166
Global Fixed Income									
International Asset Backed	3,395								202
International Commingled Funds									369,114
International Corporate Bonds	507	3,212							2,894
International Emerging Debt					131,904				715,648
International Government Bonds	16,083		103,362	345,114	117,368		21,302	9,434	24,382
International Private Placements	747			1,583		3,213			5,379
Options - Global Fixed Income				,		,			(220)
Futures - Global Fixed Income									(858)
Swaps - Global Fixed Income									(923)
Totals	\$1,684,805	\$ 223,715	\$620,093	\$1,300,235	\$ 721,085	\$409,329	\$144,852	\$ 15,920	\$3,470,887

 $^{^{1}}$ NR represents securities that were either not rated or had a withdrawn rating.

² U.S. Treasury Bills, Notes and Bonds, Agencies and Government National Mortgage Association securities with a fair value of \$2.2 billion are not included because they are not subject to credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk – Investments

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investment in a single issuer. The Systems' policy for reducing this risk is to comply with the Statement of Investment Objectives and Policies as amended and adopted by the Commission which states that "except that no limitations on issues and issuers shall apply to obligations of the U.S. Government and Federal Agencies, the domestic fixed income portfolio shall contain no more than 6 percent exposure to any single issuer." As of June 30, 2015, there is no single issuer exposure within the portfolio that comprises 5 percent or more of the overall portfolio. Therefore, there is no concentration of credit risk.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely impact the fair value of an investment. The Systems participates in foreign markets to diversify assets, reduce risk and enhance returns. Exposure to foreign investments has, to date, been achieved synthetically using financial futures, forwards and swaps. Currency forwards are used to manage currency fluctuations and are permitted by investment policy. Policy, however, forbids speculating in forwards and other derivatives.

The table below presents the Systems' exposure to foreign currency risk in U.S. dollars at June 30, 2015, (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Cash & Cash		Cash & Cash Forward		Futures	Private Priva		Pre	ferred	Fixed	
Currency	Equ	ivalents	Co	ntracts	Contracts	Equity	Debt	Sec	urities	Income	Equity
Australian Dollar	\$	1,337	\$	85,985	\$ (1,629)	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 27,107
Brazil Real				(967)						5,309	
Canadian Dollar		(948)		114,884	(1,413)						64,579
Colombian Peso										3,501	
Danish Krone											15,749
Euro Currency		(9,755)		664,494	569	162,805	3,170		982	28,863	143,685
Hong Kong Dollar		1,328		56,993	(1,694)						26,052
Hungarian Forint		21		(21)						2,540	
Indian Rupee				1,211							
Indonesian Rupiah		71								4,499	
Israeli Shekel				(6)							3,104
Japanese Yen		6,567		358,745	(5,417)					12	118,611
Malaysian Ringgit										5,178	
Mexican New Peso		1,702		(540)						4,214	
New Turkish Lira										5,065	
New Zealand Dollar											335
Nigerian Naira										780	
Norwegian Krone		28									657
Peruvian Nuevo Sol										668	
Polish Zloty										5,095	
Pound Sterling		(4,430)		345,255	(8,162)					2,894	104,820
Romanian Leu										1,084	
Russian Ruble (New)										2,673	
S African Comm Rand										5,249	
Singapore Dollar		30									1,996
South Korean Won				(3,131)							
Swedish Krona		(1,116)		49,483	(847)						15,405
Swiss Franc		10									40,557
Thailand Baht										3,754	
	\$	(5,155)	\$1,	,672,385	\$ (18,593)	\$162,805	\$3,170	\$	982	\$81,378	\$562,657

Derivatives

Derivatives are financial instruments for which the value is derived from underlying assets or data. All of the Systems' derivatives are considered investments. Excluding futures, derivatives generally take the form of contracts in which two parties agree to make payments at a later date based on the value of specific assets or indices. Through certain collective trust funds, the Systems may invest in various derivative financial instruments such as futures and options thereon; forward foreign currency contracts; options; interest rate, currency, equity, index, credit default, and total return swaps; interest-only strips; and CMOs to enhance the performance and reduce volatility. To comply with the requirements of multiple exchanges, cash and securities in the amount of \$7 and \$156 million, respectively, were held in trust by the clearing brokers on June 30, 2015. The Systems' derivatives, consisting of futures, options, forward contracts and swaps are presented in the tables on Pages 57-63. Investments in limited partnerships and commingled funds may include derivatives that are not shown in the derivative totals.

Derivatives directly managed by the Investment Commission are used primarily to facilitate changes to the asset allocation of the total plan and for their low cost of implementation. The Commission uses derivatives for several reasons:

- Asset Allocation: In many cases, synthetic exposures (using derivatives) are placeholders until managers are hired and funded. In time, the Commission may substitute traditional managers for much of the synthetic exposure currently in the portfolio. Efficient Market Theory dictates that in some asset classes, synthetics are the best way to achieve exposure.
- Risk Management: Derivatives allow investors the ability to swiftly and efficiently increase or decrease exposures in order to manage portfolio risk.
- Cost: A synthetic (derivative) solution is often the least expensive way to gain exposure to an asset class or to manage portfolio risk. Derivatives are more beneficial in each of the three major measures of cost: commission costs, market impact of trading, and opportunity costs.

Futures

Futures are contractual obligations that require the buyer (seller) to buy (sell) assets at a predetermined date at a predetermined price. These contracts are standardized and trade on an organized exchange with gains and losses settled daily thereby significantly reducing credit and default risk. Gains and losses are included in the net appreciation/ (depreciation) in the fair value of investments total of the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

The tables below present classification information on the Systems' derivatives at June 30, 2015, (amounts expressed in thousands):

	Changes in Fair Value					
	Classification	Gain/(Loss)				
Futures Contracts	Net appreciation/(depreciation)	\$ (55,421)				
Forward Contracts	Net appreciation/(depreciation)	(14,940)				
Swaps	Net appreciation/(depreciation)	4,173				
Options	Net appreciation/(depreciation)	147				

	Fair Value						
	Forward Co	ntracts	Fu	tures	Options	Swaps	
Cash and Cash Equivalent	\$	8,336	\$	(630)	\$ (420)	\$ -	
Domestic Fixed Income				(362)	(98)	5,166	
International Fixed Income				(858)	(220)	(923)	
Domestic Equity			(1	L6,834)		(982)	
International Equity			(1	17,541)			
Alternatives							
<u>.</u>	\$	8,336	\$ (3	36,225)	\$ (738)	\$3,261	

At June 30, 2015, the Systems had the following exposure via futures contracts (dollar amounts expressed in thousands):

Futures Contracts	Expiration	Long/Short	Quantity	Notional Value ¹
90 day Eurodollar Future (CME)	March 2017	Short	(157)	\$ (38,640)
90 day Eurodollar Future (CME)	March 2018	Short	(139)	(33,998)
90 day Eurodollar Future (CME)	June 2017	Short	(265)	(65,100)
90 day Eurodollar Future (CME)	September 2015	Long	185	46,081
90 day Eurodollar Future (CME)	September 2016	Short	(113)	(27,925)
90 day Eurodollar Future (CME)	December 2016	Long	388	95,671
90 day Eurodollar Future (CME)	December 2016	Short	(1,248)	(307,726)
90 day Eurodollar Future (CME)	December 2017	Short	(388)	(95,021)
Total Cash & Cash Equivalents			_	(426,658)
S&P 500 Emini Ind Future (CME)	September 2015	Long	10,288	1,056,784
Total Large Cap Equity			_	1,056,784
SPI 200 Index Futures (SFE)	September 2015	Long	815	84,518
S&P/TSE 60 Index Future (MSE)	September 2015	Long	847	114,507
DAX Index Future (EUX)	September 2015	Long	502	153,836
IBEX 35 Index Future (MFM)	July 2015	Long	419	50,302
CAC40 EURO Index Future (EOP)	July 2015	Long	2,946	157,114
S&P/MIB Index Future (MIL)	September 2015	Long	296	37,223
Amsterdam Index Future (EOE)	July 2015	Long	468	49,230
DJ EURO STOXX Index 50 Future (EUX)	September 2015	Long	4,245	162,515
FTSE 100 Index Future (LIF)	September 2015	Long	3,088	315,381
HANG SENG Index Future (HKG)	July 2015	Long	325	54,926
TOPIX Index Future (TSE)	September 2015	Long	2,245	299,144
OMXS30 Index Future (SSE)	July 2015	Long	2,554	47,456
Total Global Equity			_	1,526,152
US Treasury Bond Future (CBT)	September 2015	Short	(116)	(17,498)
US Treasury Bond Future (CBT)	September 2015	Long	240	36,202
US 10 Year Treasury Note Future (CBT)	September 2015	Long	219	27,631
US 10 Year Treasury Note Future (CBT)	September 2015	Long	29	3,659
US 10 Year Treasury Note Future (CBT)	September 2015	Short	(289)	(36,464)
US 5 Year Treasury Note Future (CBT)	September 2015	Long	239	28,503
US 5 Year Treasury Note Future (CBT)	September 2015	Short	(86)	(10,256)
US 5 Year Treasury Note Future (CBT)	September 2015	Long	85	10,137
US 2 Year Treasury Note Future (CBT)	September 2015	Long	180	39,409
US 2 Year Treasury Note Future (CBT)	September 2015	Long	194	42,474
US Ultra Bond (CBT)	September 2015	Short	(5)	(770)
Total Domestic Fixed Income			_	123,027
EURO-BOBL Future (EUX)	September 2015	Long	57	8,230
EURO-BOBL Future (EUX)	September 2015	Long	156	22,523
EURO-SCHATZ Future (EUX)	September 2015	Long	75	9,299
EURO-BUND Future (EUX)	September 2015	Long	572	96,873
EURO-BUND Future (EUX)	September 2015	Long	319	54,025
EURO-BUND Future (EUX)	September 2015	Short	(22)	(3,726)
EURO BTP Future (EUX)	September 2015	Long	27	3,917
UK Long GILT Future (LIF)	September 2015	Long	139	25,299
Japan 10 Year Bond Future (TSE)	September 2015	Long	77	92,483
Total Global Fixed Income	,	5	_	308,923
Total				\$ 2,588,228

¹ Notional value is the nominal or face amount that is used to calculate payments made on derivative instruments (futures, forwards, swaps and options). This amount generally does not change hands and is thus referred to as notional. The notional amount represents the economic equivalent to an investment in the physical securities represented by the derivative contract.

Forwards

Forwards are contractual obligations that require the delivery of assets at a fixed price on a predetermined date. These contracts are "over-thecounter" (OTC) instruments, meaning they are not traded on an organized exchange. Currency forwards gains and losses are included in the net appreciation/(depreciation) in the fair value of investments total of the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.

At June 30, 2015, the Systems had the following forward exposures, listed by counterparty (amounts expressed in thousands):

Broker	Notional Value	Fair Value	Counterparty Exposure
Australia & New Zealand Banking Group Ltd	l \$ 615	\$ -	0.03%
Bank of America	303,513	(1,274)	11.89%
Barclays London	4,803	29	0.19%
BNP Paribas	22,928	(170)	0.90%
Bank of New York Mellon	311,266	1,849	12.19%
Brown Brothers Harriman	82		0.00%
Citibank NA	29,119	(468)	1.14%
Commonwealth Bank of Australia	305,995	1,695	11.98%
Credit Suisse International London	2,261	28	0.09%
Deutsche Bank London	12,049	(46)	0.47%
Goldman Sachs	79,860	2,307	3.13%
HSBC Securities	405,092	1,322	15.87%
JP Morgan Chase Bank	407,427	3,579	15.96%
Morgan Stanley Capital Services	124,444	(9)	4.87%
National Australia Bank Ltd	305,899	1,790	11.98%
Royal Bank of Canada	101	(2)	0.00%
Standard Chartered Bank	1,090		0.04%
State Street Corp	127,000	(661)	4.97%
UBS AG	109,907	(1,633)	4.30%
	\$ 2,553,451	\$ 8,336	100.00%

Swaps

The Systems has entered into various swap agreements to manage plan exposure. Swaps are OTC agreements to exchange a series of cash flows according to specified terms. The underlying asset can be an interest rate, an exchange rate, a commodity price or any other index.

Total return swaps are primarily used to efficiently achieve a target asset allocation. Exposures to an asset class are typically gained by paying a reference rate such as LIBOR, plus or minus a spread, in exchange for the risk and returns of a desired market index. Similarly, exposures can be reduced by receiving a reference rate in exchange for the economic risks and returns of an index.

Counterparty risk, or default risk, is the risk that a party will not honor its contractual obligations. The Systems seeks to actively manage its counterparty risk by thorough analysis and evaluation of all potential counterparties by investment staff and the independent overlay manager. Risk is further minimized through diversification among counterparties with high credit ratings and collateralizing unrealized gains and losses. The Systems currently does not participate in a master netting agreement. Unrealized gains and losses are not netted across instrument types and are included in the net appreciation/(depreciation) in the fair value of investments total of the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The table below reflects the counterparty credit ratings at June 30, 2015, for currency forwards, and swap agreements, and options (amounts in thousands):

Quality rating	Forwards		Swaps	O	otions	Total
Aa1	\$ 5,299	Ş	3,640	\$	(68)	\$ 8,871
Aa2	1,790					1,790
Aa3	5,507		(2,853)		(121)	2,533
A1	(2,940)	379		(159)	(2,720)
A2	(1,274)	(2,302)		35	(3,541)
A3	(46)	8			(38)
Ba1			(21)		24	3
NR		_			(449)	 (449)
Total subject to credit risk	\$ 8,336	Ş	(1,149)	\$	(738)	\$ 6,449
Centrally cleared:						
Chicago Mercantile Exchange Inc			3,398			3,398
Intercontinental Exchange Holdings			312			312
LCH.Clearnet Ltd			700			700
Total not subject to credit risk		Ş	4,410			\$ 4,410
Total	\$ 8,336		3,261	\$	(738)	\$ 10,859

At June 30, 2015, the Systems held swaps as shown in the tables below (amounts expressed in thousands):

				Maturity	Current	Gain/(Loss)
Counterparty	Total Return Swaps	SCRS Pays	SCRS Receives	Date	Notional	Since Trade
Bank of America	Russell 2000 Total Return (Short)	Russell 2000 Total Index Return	3 Month US LIBOR - 61 bps	8/11/2015	\$ (209,873)	\$ (9,874)
Bank of America	Russell 2000 Total Return (Short)	Russell 2000 Total Index Return	3 Month US LIBOR - 61 bps	8/10/2015	(209,617)	(9,618)
Barclays	Barclays Commodity Strategy 1709	43.3 bps	BXCS1709 Commodity Index	8/28/2015	235,707	(64,293)
BNP Paribas	S&P 500 Total Return	3 Month LIBOR + 21 bps	S&P 500 Total Return Index	8/11/2015	201,055	1,056
BNP Paribas	S&P 500 Total Return	3 Month LIBOR + 21 bps	S&P 500 Total Return Index	8/10/2015	201,119	1,119
JP Morgan	J.P. Morgan Enhanced Beta + Filtered Seasonal	46.9 bps	JMABEBSP Index	8/28/2015	244,804	(5,196)
JP Morgan	J.P. Morgan Palmetto Equinox TR	3 Month T-Bill + 46.9 bps	JMABEQXT Index	5/31/2016	126,646	1,646
Societe Generale	Societe Generale Custom Index	19 bps	SGCOP26E Index	3/31/2016	260,339	10,339
					\$ 850,180	\$ (74,821)

					Current	Fair
Counterparty	Fixed Income Swaps	SCRS Pays	SCRS Receives	Maturity Date	Notional	Value ¹
Bank of America NA	Credit Default Swaps	Variable Rate	Fixed Rate	various	\$ 4,782	\$ 32
Barclays Bank PLC	Credit Default Swaps	Fixed / Variable Rate	Fixed / Variable Rate	various	(1,182)	(12)
Deutsche Bank AG/London	Credit Default Swaps	Variable Rate	Fixed Rate	various	1,082	8
Goldman Sachs International	Credit Default Swaps	Variable Rate	Fixed Rate	12/20/2017	82	1
Intercontinental Exchange	Credit Default Swaps	Variable Rate	Fixed Rate	6/20/2020	21,900	312
JPMorgan Chase Bank NA	Credit Default Swaps	Variable Rate	Fixed Rate	various	1,027	114
Morgan Stanley Capital Services LL	C Credit Default Swaps	Variable Rate	Fixed / Variable Rate	various	3,600	378
Royal Bank of Scotland PLC	Credit Default Swaps	Fixed Rate	Variable Rate	various	(1,700)	(21)
Chicago Mercantile Exchange Inc	Interest Rate Swaps	Fixed / Variable Rate	Fixed / Variable Rate	various	262,064	3,398
LCH.Clearnet Ltd	Interest Rate Swaps	Fixed Rate	Fixed / Variable Rate	various	114,400	700
					\$406,055	\$4,910

¹ Fair value is the amount reasonably expected to be received if the underlying positions were liquidated on the following business day.

Options

Options are exchange traded agreements between two parties for a future transaction on an underlying asset at a reference or strike price. The buyer of an option has the right, but not the obligation, to transact. The seller of an option has the obligation to transact if forced by the buyer. The price of an option is derived by taking the difference in the underlying asset and the strike price plus a premium for the remaining time until expiration. At June 30, 2015, the Systems had the following option positions (amounts expressed in thousands):

Option Contracts	Underlying Security	Expiration	Quantity	Fair Value
Put Dec 15 098.000 ED 12/14/15	90DAY EURODOLLAR FUT DEC 15	December	566	\$ 4
Put Dec 15 099.000 ED 12/14/15	90DAY EURODOLLAR FUTURE DEC 15	December	566	11
Put Dec 15 098.500 ED 12/11/15	90DAY EURODOLLAR FUTURE DEC 15	December	(1,133)	(7)
Call Jul 15 065.000 ED 07/15/15	INR/USD SPOT OPTION 2015	July	(1,300,000)	(1)
Call Jul 15 064.500 ED 07/14/15	INR/USD SPOT OPTION 2015	July	(10,600,000)	(12)
Put Jul 15 061.500 ED 07/15/15	INR/USD SPOT OPTION 2015	July	(1,300,000)	-
Call Jul 15 123.550 ED 07/28/15	JPY/USD SPOT OPTION 2015	July	(5,063,000)	(28)
Call Jul 15 123.150 ED 07/29/15	JPY/USD SPOT OPTION 2015	July	(5,163,000)	(35)
Call Jul 15 123.150 ED 07/29/15	JPY/USD SPOT OPTION 2015	July	(1,537,000)	(11)
Call Jul 15 123.400 ED 07/28/15	JPY/USD SPOT OPTION 2015	July	(1,237,000)	(7)
Put Jul 15 117.000 ED 07/02/15	JPY/USD SPOT OPTION 2015	July	(3,600,000)	(21)
Call Jul 15 001.140 ED 07/23/15	USD/EUR SPOT OPTION 2015	July	(5,877,000)	(40)
Call Jul 15 001.140 ED 07/21/15	USD/EUR SPOT OPTION 2015	July	(3,600,000)	(21)
Call Jul 15 001.145 ED 07/30/15	USD/EUR SPOT OPTION 2015	July	(5,823,000)	(34)
Put Aug 15 001.090 ED 08/06/15	USD/EUR SPOT OPTION 2015	August	(1,900,000)	(18)
Put Jul 15 001.101 ED 07/28/15	USD/EUR SPOT OPTION 2015	July	(4,141,000)	(47)
Put Jul 15 001.109 ED 07/30/15	USD/EUR SPOT OPTION 2015	July	(5,705,000)	(85)
Put Jul 15 001.104 ED 07/28/15	USD/EUR SPOT OPTION 2015	July	(859,000)	(11)
Put Jul 15 001.110 ED 07/29/15	USD/EUR SPOT OPTION 2015	July	(3,795,000)	(57)
Total Cash & Cash Equivalents				(420)
Call Jul 15 001.750 ED 07/30/15	IRS P USD 10Y 100BPS R 1.750%	July	2,800,000	-
Put May 16 002.580 ED 05/23/16	IRS P USD 10Y 283BPS P 2.58%	May	12,500,000	459
Put May 16 002.580 ED 05/12/16	IRS P USD 10Y 320 BPS P 2.58%	May	5,400,000	194
Call Jan 16 001.100 ED 01/29/16	IRS P USD 2Y 100BPS R 1.100%	January	60,600,000	135
Call Jan 18 002.100 ED 1/30/18	IRS P USD 2Y 14BPS R 2.1%	January	11,200,000	89
Call Jul 15 001.150 ED 07/2015	IRS P USD 3Y 46BPS R 1.15% 201	July	11,300,000	6
Call Jan 16 001.500 ED 01/29/16	IRS P USD 5Y 100BPS R 1.500%	January	5,600,000	17
Call Jan 16 000.800 ED 1/19/16	IRS P US0003M R 0.80% 01/21/17	January	33,300,000	35
Call Jan 16 001.100 ED 1/19/16	IRS P US0003M R 1.10% 01/21/18	January	11,300,000	25
Put Sep 15 003.450 ED 09/21/15	IRS R US0003M P 3.45% CBK	September	4,400,000	29
Put Sep 15 003.450 ED 09/21/15	IRS R US0003M P 3.45% 09/23/45	September	8,400,000	55
Call Jan 16 001.750 ED 01/29/16	IRS R 1.750% P US0003M 2/02/26	January	5,600,000	14

Option positions continued on next page

Options Contracts	Underlying Security	Expiration	Quantity	Fair Value
Put Jul 15 003.500 ED 07/07/15	COMMIT TO PUR FNMA SF MTG OTC	July	(3,000,000)	(10)
Put Jul 15 101.769531 ED 07/07/15	COMMIT TO PUR FNMA SF MTG OTC	July	(3,000,000)	(10)
Put Jul 15 101.90625 ED 07/07/15	COMMIT TO PUR FNMA SF MTG OTC	July	(1,000,000)	(3)
Put Jul 15 102.277343	COMMIT TO PUR FNMA SF MTG 3	July	(3,000,000)	(11)
Call Jan 16 000.660 ED 01/19/16	IRS P USD 1Y 10BPS R .66%	January	(11,100,000)	(6)
Call Jan 16 000.650 ED 01/19/16	IRS P USD 1Y 11BPS R .65%	January	(22,200,000)	(12)
Call Jan 16 000.500 ED 01/19/16	IRS P USD 1Y 6BPS R .5%	January	(22,200,000)	(5)
Call Jan 16 000.520 ED 011916	IRS P USD 1Y 6BPS R .52%	January	(11,100,000)	(3)
Call Jan 16 001.330 ED 01/29/16	IRS P USD 10Y 100BPS R 1.330%	January	(5,600,000)	(3)
Call Jul 15 001.430 ED 07/30/15	IRS P USD 10Y 100BPS R 1.430%	July	(2,800,000)	
Call Jan 16 001.540 ED 01/29/16	IRS P USD 10Y 100BPS R 1.540%	January	(5,600,000)	(7)
Call Jul 15 001.590 ED 07/30/15	IRS P USD 10Y 100BPS R 1.590%	July	(2,800,000)	
Call Jan 16 000.730 ED 01/29/16	IRS P USD 2Y 100 BPS R .730%	January	(60,600,000)	(30)
Call Jan 16 000.915 ED 01/29/16	IRS P USD 2Y 100 BPS R .915%	January	(60,600,000)	(69)
Call Jan 18 001.600 ED 01/30/18	IRS P USD 2Y 100BPS R1.600%	January	(11,200,000)	(51)
Call Jan 16 000.700 ED 01/19/16	IRS P USD 2Y 16BPS R .7%	January	(11,300,000)	(5)
Call Jan 16 000.900 ED 0/11/916	IRS P USD 2Y 27BPS R .9%	January	(11,300,000)	(12)
Call Jul 15 000.850 ED 07/20/15	IRS P USD 3Y 17BPS R .85%	July	(11,300,000)	
Call Jul 15 001.000 ED 07/20/15	IRS P USD 3Y 30BPS R 1%	July	(11,300,000)	(1)
Call Jan 16 001.100 ED 01/29/16	IRS P USD 5Y 100BPS R 1.100%	January	(5,600,000)	(4)
Call Jan 16 001.300 ED 01/29/16	IRS P USD 5Y 100BPS R 1.300%	January	(5,600,000)	(9)
Call Jan 18 001.100 ED 0/13/018	IRS P USD2Y 100BPS R 1.100%	January	(11,200,000)	(25)
Call Aug 15 002.350 ED 08/03/15	IRS P US0003M R 2.35% 08052025	August	(12,800,000)	(67)
Put Aug 15 002.750 ED 08/03/15	IRS P US0003M R 2.75% 08052025	August	(12,800,000)	(35)
Put May 16 002.500 ED 05/23/16	IRS P 2Y 32 BPS R 2.5%	May	(118,800,000)	(387)
Put May 16 002.500 ED 05/12/16	IRS P 2Y 34BPS R 2.5%	May	(51,100,000)	(160)
Put Sep 15 002.500 ED 09/21/15	IRS R US0003M P 2.5% 9/23/20	September	(35,000,000)	(31)
Put Sep 15 002.500 ED 09/21/15	IRS_P US0003M R 3ML 2.5% CBK	September	(20,200,000)	(18)
Call Aug 15 127.00 ED 07/24/15	US 10YR TREAS NTS FUT SEP 15	July	(127)	(64)
Call Aug 15 126.500 ED 07/24/15	US 10YR TREAS NTS FUT SEP 15	July	(63)	(43)
Put Aug 15 125.000 ED 07/24/15	US 10YR TREAS NTS FUT SEP 15	July	(76)	(29)
Put Aug 15 125.500 ED 07/24/15	US 10YR TREAS NTS FUT SEP 15	July	(44)	(23)
Call Jul 15 127.500 ED 07/24/15	US 10YR TREAS NTS FUTURE (CBT)	July	(64)	(23)
Total Domestic Fixed Income				(98)
Call Aug 15 155.000 ED 07/24/15	EURO-BUND FUTURE AUG 15	July	(87)	(40)
Call Aug 15 154.500 ED 7/24/15	EURO-BUND FUTURE SEP 15	July	(114)	(66)
Call Aug 15 154.000 ED 07/24/15	EURO-BUND FUTURE SEP 15	July	(71)	(51)
Call Aug 15 153.500 ED 07/24/15	EURO-BUND FUTURE SEP 15	July	(42)	(37)
Put Aug 15 000.950 ED 08/19/15	CDS SP UL ITRAXX 23	August	(6,700,000)	(14)
Put Aug 15 000.950 ED 08/19/15	CDS SP UL ITRAXX 23 06/20/2020	August	(6,200,000)	(12)
Total Global Fixed Income				(220)
Total			-	\$ (738)

Alternative Investments

The Alternative Investment category includes the following asset classes: private equity, hedge funds, private debt, real estate, and commodities.

Private equity, private debt, and real estate investments are typically structured as limited partnerships. In this structure, the Systems is one of several limited partners, while the investment manager serves as the general partner. Investing in such limited partnerships legally obligates the Systems to invest the committed amount until the investment is fully funded or the contractual investment period has expired. Hedge fund and commodities investments are typically on subscription basis with a single, initial investment with no further commitment.

The Systems established several strategic partnerships to gain access to deal flow, to receive favorable economics, and to efficiently take advantage of market opportunities. Investments within the strategic partnership accounts may include allocations to any asset class including those considered alternative investments. Assets of Strategic Partnerships are reported within their respective asset class totals.

The Commission's intent is to access superior risk-adjusted returns through investing in alternative investment asset classes. Due to their low correlation to traditional asset classes, alternative investments diversify the portfolio and help reduce the risk associated with volatility of returns.

Commitments

The Commission, on behalf of the Systems, has entered into contractual agreements with numerous alternative investment managers and is committed for future funding of private equity, private debt and real estate investments. At June 30, 2015, the Systems' commitments, including commitments within Strategic Partnerships, are shown in the following table (amounts expressed in thousands):

			Amount		R	emaining
		Total	Funded to		ι	Jnfunded
	Co	mmitment		Date	Co	mmitment
Limited Partnerships USD						
Private Equity	\$	4,064,917	\$	3,165,794	\$	899,123
Private Debt		3,482,452		2,616,280		866,172
Real Estate		2,000,577		1,399,992		600,585
Real Assets		30,000		26,179		3,821
Totals	\$	9,577,946	\$	7,208,245	\$	2,369,701
Limited Partnerships Euros						
•	_	275 750	_	164.000	_	110 041
Private Equity	€	275,750	€	164,909	€	110,841
Private Debt		75,917		75,917		
Totals	€	351,667	€	240,826	€	110,841

Securities Lending

The Systems' investment portfolio currently participates in a securities lending program, managed by BNY Mellon ("Securities Lending Program"), whereby securities are loaned for the purpose of generating additional income. BNY Mellon is responsible for making loans of securities on a collateralized basis from the Systems' investment portfolio to various third party brokerdealers and financial institutions. The market value of the required cash collateral must initially meet or exceed 102.0 percent of the market value of the securities loaned, providing a margin against a decline in the market value of collateral. If the collateral value falls below 100.0 percent, the borrower must post additional collateral. In conjunction with generating revenue, the collateral pool seeks to maintain a net asset value (NAV) of \$1.00, which is determined by dividing the market value of the assets by the cost of those assets.

There are no restrictions on the amount of securities that may be loaned and conservative investment guidelines continue to be maintained within the Securities Lending Program. The reinvestment of the cash collateral is restricted to short duration, very low risk securities and is monitored by RSIC on an ongoing basis. The types of securities available for loan during the year ended June 30, 2015 included U.S. Government securities, U.S. Government agencies, corporate bonds and equities. The contractual agreement between the State Treasurer as custodian and BNY Mellon provides indemnification in the event the borrower fails to return the securities lent or fails to pay the Systems income distribution by the securities' issuers while the securities are on loan. Cash and

U.S. Government securities are received as collateral for these loans. Collateral securities cannot be pledged or sold without a borrower default. Cash collateral received is invested, and accordingly, investments made with cash collateral are reported as an asset. A corresponding liability is recorded as the Systems must return the cash collateral to the borrower upon the expiration of the loan.

At June 30, 2015, the fair value of securities on loan was \$179.61 million. The fair value of the invested cash collateral was \$70.18 million, securities lending obligations were \$117.72 million with the difference reported within "Other Liabilities" on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. The gross securities lending revenue for the fiscal year was \$1.98 million, an increase from \$1.73 million in the prior year. Since November 2008, gains and losses from the Securities Lending Program have been excluded from the Total Plan performance calculations.

With regard to counterparty credit risk, the Systems' cash collateral invested is held by the counterparty and is uninsured. All securities loaned can be terminated on demand by either the Systems or the borrower. At year end the average number of days the loans were outstanding was one day. The average weighted maturity of investments made with cash collateral was one day. At June 30, 2015, there had been no losses resulting from borrower defaults and the Systems had no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts the Systems owed the borrowers exceeded the amounts the borrowers owed the Systems.

The following table presents the fair value (amounts expressed in thousands) of the underlying securities and the total collateral received for securities on loan at June 30, 2015:

Securities lent for cash collateral	
U.S. Government securities \$12,660 \$ 1,993 \$ 15 \$ 72 \$ 11 \$ 14,751 \$ 4,	775
Corporate bonds 52,564 8,273 64 300 44 61,245 55,	513
Common stock 33,102 5,210 41 189 28 38,570 58,	409
Total \$98,326 \$15,476 \$120 \$561 \$83 \$114,566 \$118,	597
 	
Securities lent for non-cash collateral	
Corporate bonds \$22,666 \$ 3,567 \$ 28 \$ 130 \$ 19 \$ 26,410 \$ 14,	657
Common stock 33,160 5,220 40 189 28 38,637 4,	046
Total \$55,826 \$ 8,787 \$ 68 \$ 319 \$ 47 \$ 65,047 \$ 18,	703
Cash collateral invested as follows	
Repurchase agreements \$60,229 \$ 9,479 \$ 74 \$ 344 \$ 51 \$ 70,177 \$ 72,	645
Total \$60,229 \$ 9,479 \$ 74 \$ 344 \$ 51 \$ 70,177 \$ 72,	645
Securities received as collateral	
U.S. Government securities \$57,192 \$ 9,002 \$ 70 \$ 327 \$ 48 \$ 66,639 \$ 19,	311
Total \$57,192 \$ 9,002 \$ 70 \$ 327 \$ 48 \$ 66,639 \$ 19,	311

IV. Transfers between Systems

Transfers between systems are statutorily authorized internal transfers of contributions and service credit from one retirement system to another retirement system that result from members voluntarily initiating the transfer when certain conditions are met.

Transfers made within the Systems administered by PEBA during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, were as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

Transfers											
from:		Transfers to:									
	SCR	S	PORS	GA	RS	JSRS	SCN		Total		
SCRS	\$	-	\$1,061	\$	-	\$275	\$	-	\$1,336		
PORS									-		
GARS	•	7				11			18		
JSRS									-		
SCNG									-		
Total	\$:	7	\$1,061	\$	-	\$286	\$	-	\$1,354		

The following schedule reflects amounts due to or due from other systems as of June 30, 2015, (amounts expressed in thousands):

Due from:						Du	e to	:				
	SCF	RS	P	ORS	GA				SCI	NG	Т	otal
SCRS	\$	-	\$	169	\$	-	\$	4	\$	-	\$	173
PORS												-
GARS												-
JSRS												-
SCNG												-
Total	\$	-	\$	169	\$	-	\$	4	\$	-	\$	173

V. Related Party Transactions

The pension plans provide pension and other benefits to employees of all state agencies. Revenues attributed to these agencies are recorded in the financial statements as employee and employer contributions and constitute approximately 33 percent of combined contribution revenues. In addition, the Systems receives custodial and related services from the Office of South Carolina State Treasurer.

At June 30, 2015, liabilities of approximately \$60.7 million were due to other state departments and agencies, and contributions receivable of

approximately \$47 million were due from other state departments and agencies.

The SCNG Supplemental Retirement Plan received state-appropriated contributions in the amount of \$4.6 million during the fiscal year.

The Retirement System Investment Commission is a separate state agency; however, the administrative costs of the Commission are funded by transfers from the Systems' trust funds. Transfers in the amount of approximately \$11 million were made to the Commission during the fiscal year.

VI. Deferred Retirement Option Plans

The Teacher and Employee Retention Incentive (TERI) program, implemented effective January 1, 2001, is a deferred retirement option plan available to active SCRS members eligible for service retirement on or after January 1, 2001. When a member enters TERI, the member's status changes from an active member to a retiree even though the employee continues to work at his regular job and earn his regular salary for a period of up to five years. TERI participants continue to contribute at the same rate as active members. No additional service credit is earned during this period and participants are ineligible for disability retirement benefits. During the TERI participation period, the retiree's monthly benefits are accumulated in the trust account. Upon termination of employment at the end of the TERI period, funds are distributed and the retiree may elect a payment method to either roll over his funds into a qualified retirement plan or to receive a single-sum distribution (or a combination thereof). No interest is paid on the participant funds accumulated in the TERI account. Retirement reform legislation closes the TERI program to all members effective June 30, 2018.

A total of 9,327 members were actively participating in the TERI program at June 30, 2015.

The activity for this program is reflected in the following schedule:

TERI Benefits Held in Trust

Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

July 1 Benefits Held in Trust	\$ 570,167
Additions	276,352
TERI Distributions	(200,780)
June 30 Benefits Held in Trust	\$ 645,739

A deferred retirement option plan also exists under the Retirement System for Judges and Solicitors (JSRS). A member who has not yet reached the age of 60 years, but who is eligible to retire and receive the maximum monthly benefit, may retire and continue to serve as a judge, a solicitor, or a circuit public defender. The member's normal monthly retirement benefit is deferred and placed in the system's trust fund on behalf of the member. Upon reaching the age of 60 years, the balance of the member's deferred retirement benefit is distributed to the member. As of June 30, 2015, there were no benefits held in trust in JSRS.

VII. Capital Assets

Capital assets at June 30, 2015, consist of the following amounts (expressed in thousands).

	Beginning Balances 7/1/2014		Additions		Deletions	Ending Balances 6/30/2015	
Asset Class (at Cost)							
Land	\$	582	\$	-	\$ -	\$	582
Building		4,749					4,749
Equipment		1,706		351			2,057
Total Capital Assets		7,037		351			7,388
Accumulated Depreciation							
Building		2,585		119			2,704
Equipment		1,540		139			1,679
Total Accumulated Depreciation		4,125		258			4,383
Capital Assets, Net	\$	2,912	\$	93	\$ -	\$	3,005

VIII. Compensated Absences

As state employees, most full-time permanent employees of SC PEBA's Retirement Division earn 15 days of annual leave and 15 days of sick leave per year during their first ten years of service. After ten years of service is complete, most employees earn an additional 1.25 days of annual leave for each year of service over ten until they reach a maximum of 30 days per year. Sick leave earnings remain at 15 days per year regardless of years of service. Employees may carry forward up to 45 days of annual leave and 180 days of sick leave from one calendar year to the next. Upon termination of employment, employees are eligible to receive payment for up to 45 days of accumulated unused annual leave at the pay rate then in effect. Employees are not eligible to receive payment for accumulated unused sick leave upon termination. As of June 30, 2015, the total amount accrued for unused annual leave for PEBA's Retirement Division

employees was \$843,389, and the associated liability is included in Other Liabilities on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position.

IX. Participation in Pension Plans

Generally, all employees of PEBA are required to participate in the South Carolina Retirement System or the Optional Retirement Program as a condition of employment. Additional information related to membership, benefits, and contribution requirements is contained within these notes to the financial statements.

Employer contributions for Retirement Division staff are paid by PEBA and are allocated to the pension trust funds along with all other administrative expenses. Administrative expenses of the Systems are funded by investment earnings. For the year ended June 30, 2015, PEBA's actual contributions to the South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS) for Retirement Division staff were \$859,527.

X. Net Pension Liability

The total pension liability of each defined benefit pension plan summarized below was determined based on the most recent actuarial valuation, which was conducted using membership data as of July 1, 2014, projected forward to the end of the fiscal year, and financial information as of June 30, 2015, using generally accepted actuarial procedures. Information included in the following schedule is based on the certification provided by our consulting actuary, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith and Company. A Schedule of the Employers' Net Pension Liability is intended to provide information about whether the plan fiduciary net positions are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability. This schedule as well as a Schedule of Changes in Employers' Net Pension Liability is presented in the Required Supplementary Information (RSI) section.

The net pension liability (i.e. the Systems' total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB No. 67 less the fiduciary net position) as of June 30, 2015, is as follows (dollar amounts expressed in thousands):

	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Employers' Net Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the Total Pension Liability
SCRS	\$ 44,097,310	\$ 25,131,828	\$ 18,965,482	57.0%
PORS	6,151,321	3,971,825	2,179,496	64.6%
GARS	73,766	32,482	41,284	44.0%
JSRS	272,624	146,353	126,271	53.7%
SCNG	63,064	23,202	39,862	36.8%

Actuarial valuations of the ongoing plan involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and future salary increases. Amounts determined regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. South Carolina state statute requires that an actuarial experience study be completed at least once in each five-year period. The last experience study was performed in 2011, and the next experience study is scheduled to be conducted in 2016.

The following table provides a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods used in the July 1, 2014, valuations for each of the individual plans administered by PEBA.

	SCRS	PORS	GARS	JSRS	SCNG
Actuarial cost method	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age	Entry age
	normal	normal	normal	normal	normal
Actuarial assumptions:					
Investment rate of return ¹	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%
Projected salary increases	3.5% to 12.5%	4.0% to 10.0%	None	$3\%^{1}$	None
	(varies by service) ¹	(varies by service) ¹			
Benefit adjustments	lesser of 1% or \$500	lesser of 1% or \$500	None	3%	None
	annually	annually			

¹Includes inflation at 2.75%

The post-retiree mortality assumption is dependent upon the member's job category and gender. These base rates are adjusted for future improvement in mortality using published Scale AA projected from the year 2000.

Former Job Class	Males	Females		
Educators and Judges	RP-2000 Males (with White Collar	RP-2000 Females (with White Collar		
Educators and Judges	adjustment) multiplied by 110%	adjustment) multiplied by 95%		
General Employees and				
Members of the General	RP-2000 Males multiplied by 100%	RP-2000 Females multiplied by 90%		
Assembly				
Public Safety, Firefighters	RP-2000 Males (with Blue Collar	RP-2000 Females (with Blue Collar		
and members of the South	adjustment) multiplied by 115%	adjustment) multiplied by 115%		
Carolina National Guard	aujustinent, multiplied by 113%	aujustinenti multipilea by 115%		

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is based upon the 30 year capital market outlook at the end of the fourth quarter 2013. The long-term expected rate of returns represent assumptions developed using an arithmetic building block approach, reflecting observable inflation and interest rate information available in the fixed income markets as well as Consensus Economics forecasts. Long-term assumptions for other asset classes are based on historical results, current market characteristics, and professional judgment. The expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted for fiscal year 2015. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and is summarized in the table below. For actuarial purposes, the 7.50 percent assumed annual investment rate of return used in the calculation of the total pension liability includes a 4.75 percent real rate of return and a 2.75 percent inflation component.

		Expected	Long Term Expected
	Target Asset	Arithmetic Real	Portfolio Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	of Return
Short Term	5.0%		
Cash	2.0%	0.019	0.04%
Short Duration	3.0%	0.020	0.06%
Domestic Fixed Income	13.0%		
Core Fixed Income	7.0%	0.027	0.19%
Mixed Credit	6.0%	0.038	0.23%
Global Fixed Income	9.0%		
Global Fixed Income	3.0%	0.028	0.08%
Emerging Markets Debt	6.0%	0.051	0.31%
Global Public Equity	31.0%	0.071	2.20%
Global Tactical Asset Allocation	10.0%	0.049	0.49%
Alternatives	32.0%		
Hedge Funds (Low Beta)	8.0%	0.043	0.34%
Private Debt	7.0%	0.099	0.69%
Private Equity	9.0%	0.099	0.89%
Real Estate (Broad Market)	5.0%	0.060	0.30%
Commodities	3.0%	0.059	0.18%
Total Expected Real Return	100.0%		6.00%
Inflation for Actuarial Purposes			2.75%
Total Expected Nominal Return			8.75%

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers in SCRS and PORS will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on provisions in the South Carolina Code of Laws. The contributions required for JSRS, GARS, and the SCNG are based on PEBA's current funding policy. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

In accordance with GASB 67 regarding the disclosure of the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate, the following table presents the net pension liability of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the employers' net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00 percent lower (6.50 percent) or 1.00 percent higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

	1% Decrease (6.50%)		Current Discount Rate (7.50%)			1% Increase (8.50%)		
SCRS	\$	23,910,054	\$	18,965,482	\$	14,821,303		
PORS		2,968,983		2,179,496		1,473,738		
GARS		47,751		41,284		35,359		
JSRS		155,815		126,271		98,926		
SCNG		47,681		39,862		32,891		

XI. Death Benefit Program

In addition to monthly pension benefits provided through the Systems, a death benefit program is available to employers. For participating employers, incidental death benefits are provided for both active and retired members. These benefits are funded through separate death benefit programs within SCRS and PORS on a cost-sharing, multipleemployer basis. The assets in the death benefits fund are not held separately in a dedicated trust for the sole purpose of paying death benefits to beneficiaries of deceased members. These benefits are considered allowable within the defined benefit plans and are held within the pension trust funds. Coverage is provided to eligible active and retired working members as well as non-working retirees under the governing statute. Funding for the plans is collected as a percent of covered payroll as determined by the Systems' actuary and approved

by the governing board. The current employer contribution rates for the programs are 0.15 percent and 0.20 percent of payroll for SCRS and PORS respectively. These contributions fund both the active and retiree death benefits.

Active Death Benefits

Upon the death of an SCRS or PORS contributing member in service who had at least one full year of membership or who died as a result of an injury arising in the course of performing his duties regardless of length of membership, an incidental death benefit equal to the annual earnable compensation of the member at the time of death is payable apart and separate from the payment of pension benefits.

Retiree Death Benefits

Retired members of SCRS and PORS whose last employer prior to retirement is covered by the program, and who met applicable service credit requirements, are also protected under the statesponsored death benefit program. Upon the death of a retired member, the beneficiary of a nonworking retiree will receive a benefit payment of \$2,000, \$4,000 or \$6,000 based on the member's total creditable service at the time of retirement.

Members who work after retirement by either participating in the TERI program or by returning to covered employment as a working retiree are

XII. Litigation

In addition to the litigation mentioned below, controversies or disputes between the South Carolina Retirement Systems and its members arising out of the provisions of Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws (Retirement provisions) are resolved through the "South Carolina Retirement Systems Claims Procedures Act" established by S.C. Code Ann. §9-21-10 et seq. Claims brought pursuant to the Claims Procedures Act generally involve matters pertinent to the individual member or beneficiary. Claims may not be brought on behalf of a class under the Claims Procedures Act.

Gail M. Hutto et al. v. The South Carolina Retirement System et al., C/A No. 4:10-cv-02018-JMC, is a putative class action suit that was filed in federal district court in August 2010. In this matter, Plaintiffs asserted that the provisions of Act No. 153 of 2005 of the South Carolina General Assembly requiring working retirees in the South Carolina Retirement System ("SCRS") and the South Carolina Police Officers' Retirement System ("PORS") to make contributions to the systems are unconstitutional and illegal. As of June 30, 2012, the Retirement Systems had collected approximately \$121 million in the form of retirement contributions from members of those retirement systems who retired and returned to work on or after July 1, 2005, and contributions have continued to be collected from those retired

eligible for an increased level of death benefits. Beneficiaries of working retirees are provided with a death benefit equal to the amount of the member's annual earnable compensation in lieu of the standard \$2,000, \$4,000 or \$6,000 retired member benefit.

All benefits provided by the Systems are included in the actuarial valuation, including the incidental death benefit program for SCRS, PORS, GARS and JSRS. The July 1, 2014, actuarial valuations reflect the inclusion of the assets and liabilities of the incidental death benefit program and accidental death benefits for PORS.

members who have returned to covered employment. Defendants filed a motion to dismiss this matter on a number of grounds, including Eleventh Amendment immunity, abstention, and failure to state a claim upon which relief may be granted. By an Order and Decision dated September 27, 2012, the federal district court granted Defendants' motion and dismissed Plaintiffs' suit, finding that Defendants are immune from suit under the Eleventh Amendment. Plaintiffs filed a motion for reconsideration. The district court denied Plaintiffs' motion, and Plaintiffs appealed to the Fourth Circuit Court of Appeals. On December 5, 2014, the Fourth Circuit ruled in favor of the Defendants. No further appeal was taken by Plaintiffs. On March 19, 2015, the same Plaintiffs re-filed their claims in state court, alleging violation of their federal constitutional rights. Defendants have filed a motion to dismiss the action, which is currently pending before the circuit court. PEBA is vigorously contesting this litigation and believes that the likelihood of an unfavorable outcome is remote in light of prior decisions of the South Carolina Supreme Court.

Anderson County v. Joey Preston and the South Carolina Retirement System, Case No. 2009-CP-04-4482, is a civil action that was filed in the Tenth Judicial Circuit Court of Common Pleas. Defendant Joey Preston ("Preston") is a retired member of the South Carolina Retirement System who was employed by Plaintiff. In its complaint, Plaintiff sought to rescind a severance agreement entered into between Plaintiff and Preston, in which, among other things, Plaintiff agreed to pay, and did pay, approximately \$355,000.00 to the System to purchase retirement service credit on behalf of Preston. Plaintiff named the South Carolina Retirement System as a defendant in this matter as a stakeholder of a portion of the disputed severance funds and sought a return of the \$355,000.00 paid to the System. As a result of the service purchase, Preston was able to retire and begin drawing a retirement benefit. The South Carolina Retirement System is defending this case to ensure that, regardless of the outcome of Plaintiff's claims related to the severance agreement, the System does not suffer any monetary loss as a result of the service purchase. By an Order dated May 3, 2013, the circuit court ruled against Plaintiff Anderson County on all claims, including claims for the return of monies paid to the South Carolina Retirement System. Plaintiff appealed to the South Carolina Court of Appeals. The case has been briefed and argued at

the court of appeals and the parties are awaiting a decision.

Marc S. Kirschner, as Litigation Trustee for the Tribune Litigation Trust v. Dennis J. Fitzsimmons, et al., United States District Court Southern District of New York, Case No. 1:11-cv-02652. This case is a bankruptcy litigation matter filed on December 20, 2011, and has been stayed since shortly after it was filed. The Plaintiff attempted to serve a summons on the South Carolina Retirement System in August 2013. SCRS is a defendant as a result of selling Tribune Company stock in connection with a leveraged buyout of the Tribune Company in 2007. Through this lawsuit the creditors of the Tribune Company are attempting to claw-back funds received by SCRS in connection with the sale of the stock. The plaintiff has asserted a claim of approximately two million dollars against SCRS. The South Carolina Retirement System Investment Commission contests the amount the plaintiff alleges SCRS received, contends that there are persuasive arguments favoring dismissal, and has engaged counsel to represent SCRS in this matter.

Schedule of Changes in the Employers' Net Pension Liability¹

Years Ended June 30 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

	sc	CRS	PORS
	2015	2014	2015 2014
Total pension liability			
Service Cost	\$ 744,197	\$ 739,021	\$ 154,102 \$ 149,606
Interest	3,148,090	3,021,004	435,329 417,950
Benefit Changes			
Difference between actual and expected experience	(44,636)	638,745	6,771 64,336
Assumption Changes			
Benefit Payments	(2,705,547)	(2,571,049)	(344,410) (331,783)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	1,142,104	1,827,721	251,792 300,109
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	42,955,206	41,127,485	5,899,529 5,599,420
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 44,097,310	\$ 42,955,206	\$6,151,321 \$5,899,529
Plan Fiduciary Net Position			
Contributions - Employer	\$ 1,022,478	\$ 962,798	\$ 166,451 \$ 155,608
Contributions - Member	716,107	652,631	106,854 96,004
Refunds of contributions to members	(95,104)	(90,250)	(17,453) (16,184)
Retirement benefits	(2,590,299)	(2,461,559)	(323,252) (311,593)
Death benefits	(20,144)	(19,240)	(3,705) (4,007)
Net Investment Income	374,152	3,517,324	58,705 538,386
Administrative Expense	(12,554)	(11,765)	(1,938) (1,820)
Net transfers to affiliated systems	(1,329)	(2,470)	1,061 2,260
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(606,693)	2,547,469	(13,277) 458,654
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	25,738,521	23,191,052	3,985,102 3,526,448
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 25,131,828	\$ 25,738,521	\$3,971,825 \$3,985,102
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 18,965,482	\$ 17,216,685	\$2,179,496 \$1,914,427

¹ Schedules are intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of Changes in the Employers' Net Pension Liability¹

Years Ended June 30 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

	GA	RS	JSF	RS	SCNG		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Total pension liability							
Service Cost	\$ 553	\$ 572	\$ 5,760	\$ 5,571	\$ 690	\$ 697	
Interest	5,380	5,437	19,440	18,857	4,481	4,417	
Benefit Changes			666				
Difference between actual & expected experience	(294)	(2,585)	(1,138)	(3,240)	612	(262)	
Assumption Changes							
Benefit Payments	(6,660)	(6,861)	(16,836)	(16,684)	(4,249)	(4,248)	
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	(1,021)	(3,437)	7,892	4,504	1,534	604	
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	74,787	78,224	264,732	260,228	61,530	60,926	
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 73,766	\$ 74,787	\$ 272,624	\$ 264,732	\$ 63,064	\$ 61,530	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Contributions - Employer	\$ 4,275	\$ 4,063	\$ 10,109	\$ 9,659	\$ 4,591	\$ 4,586	
Contributions - Member	369	384	3,153	2,448			
Refunds of contributions to members		(41)					
Retirement benefits	(6,639)	(6,799)	(16,832)	(16,675)	(4,249)	(4,248)	
Death benefits	(21)	(20)	(4)	(10)			
Net Investment Income	500	4,545	2,216	19,962	313	2,806	
Administrative Expense	(18)	(17)	(71)	(68)	(11)	(10)	
Net transfers to affiliated systems	(18)	15	286	195			
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(1,552)	2,130	(1,143)	15,511	644	3,134	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	34,034	31,904	147,496	131,985	22,558	19,424	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 32,482	\$ 34,034	\$ 146,353 \$ 147,496		\$ 23,202	\$ 22,558	
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 41,284	\$ 40,753	\$ 126,271	\$ 117,236	\$ 39,862	\$ 38,972	

¹ Schedules are intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of Employers' Net Pension Liability¹

(Dollar amounts expressed in thousands)

	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Employers' Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	Projected Covered Employee Payroll ²	Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll
SCRS						
6/30/2015	\$44,097,310	\$ 25,131,828	\$ 18,965,482	57.0%	\$ 7,539,996	251.5%
6/30/2014	42,955,206	25,738,521	17,216,685	59.9%	7,434,820	231.6%
PORS						
6/30/2015	6,151,321	3,971,825	2,179,496	64.6%	1,076,885	202.4%
6/30/2014	5,899,529	3,985,102	1,914,427	67.5%	1,033,189	185.3%
GARS						
6/30/2015	73,766	32,482	41,284	44.0%	2,601	1,587.5%
6/30/2014	74,787	34,034	40,753	45.5%	2,688	1,516.2%
JSRS						
6/30/2015	272,624	146,353	126,271	53.7%	20,815	606.6%
6/30/2014	264,732	147,496	117,236	55.7%	20,407	574.5%
SCNG						
6/30/2015	63,064	23,202	39,862	36.8%	Not Applicable ³	Not Applicable ³
6/30/2014	61,530	22,558	38,972	36.7%	Not Applicable ³	Not Applicable ³

¹ Schedules are intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

² Projected covered employee payroll is based on the actuarial valuation associated with the measurement date and includes payroll for members earning but not yet receiving benefits.

³ The contributions and benefits associated with the SCNG are not determined as a function of payroll.

Schedule of Employers' Contributions

(Dollar amounts expressed in thousands)

				Projected	
	Actuarially	Amount of	Difference Between Actuarially	Covered-	Percentage of
	Determined	Contributions	Determined Contributions ² and	Employee	Contributions to Covered-
	Contributions ¹	Recognized	Contributions Recognized	Payroll ³	Employee Payroll
SCRS					
6/30/2015	\$ 1,022,478	\$ 1,022,478	\$ -	\$ 7,539,996	13.6%
6/30/2014	962,798	962,798		7,434,820	12.9%
6/30/2013	948,157	948,157		7,356,231	12.9%
6/30/2012	824,652	824,652		7,687,558	10.7%
6/30/2011	808,343	808,343		7,769,820	10.4%
6/30/2010	818,523	818,523		7,761,808	10.5%
6/30/2009	827,502	827,502		7,559,172	10.9%
6/30/2008	774,269	774,269		7,093,181	10.9%
6/30/2007	644,350	644,350		6,733,379	9.6%
6/30/2006	577,468	577,468		6,356,489	9.1%
PORS					
6/30/2015	166,451	166,451		1,076,885	15.5%
6/30/2014	155,608	155,608		1,033,189	15.1%
6/30/2013	143,389	143,389		1,019,241	14.1%
6/30/2012	134,299	134,299		1,087,587	12.3%
6/30/2011	129,314	129,314		1,076,467	12.0%
6/30/2010	123,163	123,163		1,084,154	11.4%
6/30/2009	124,148	124,148		1,060,747	11.7%
6/30/2008	114,095	114,095		992,849	11.5%
6/30/2007	106,753	106,753		931,815	11.5%
6/30/2006	100,281	100,281		850,610	11.8%
GARS ⁴					
6/30/2015	4,275	4,275		2,601	164.4%
6/30/2014	4,063	4,063		2,688	151.2%
6/30/2013	2,831	2,831		3,854	73.5%
6/30/2012	2,532	2,532		3,854	65.7%
6/30/2011	2,414	2,414		3,854	62.6%
6/30/2010	2,598	2,598		3,854	67.4%
6/30/2009	2,495	2,495		3,854	64.7%
6/30/2008	2,440	2,440		3,854	63.3%
6/30/2007	2,358	2,358		3,854	61.2%
6/30/2006	2,171	2,171		3,854	56.3%

Schedule of Employers' Contributions continued on next page

Schedule of Employers' Contributions (cont.)

(Dollar amounts expressed in thousands)

	Actuarially	Amount of	Difference Between Actuarially	Projected Covered-	Percentage of
	Determined	Contributions	Determined Contributions ² and	Employee	Contributions to Covered-
	Contributions ¹	Recognized	Contributions Recognized	Payroll ³	Employee Payroll
JSRS					
6/30/2015	\$ 10,109	\$ 10,109	\$ -	\$ 20,815	48.6%
6/30/2014	9,659	9,659		20,407	47.3%
6/30/2013	8,667	8,667		19,221	45.1%
6/30/2012	8,414	8,414		18,661	45.1%
6/30/2011	8,414	8,414		18,661	45.1%
6/30/2010	8,414	8,414		18,661	45.1%
6/30/2009	8,414	8,414		18,661	45.1%
6/30/2008	7,613	7,613		16,407	46.4%
6/30/2007	6,706	6,706		15,929	42.1%
6/30/2006	6,511	6,511		15,464	42.1%
SCNG ⁵					
6/30/2015	4,591	4,591		N/A	N/A
6/30/2014	4,586	4,586		N/A	N/A
6/30/2013	4,539	4,539		N/A	N/A
6/30/2012	3,937	3,937		N/A	N/A
6/30/2011	3,905	3,905		N/A	N/A
6/30/2010	3,945	3,945		N/A	N/A
6/30/2009	4,052	4,052		N/A	N/A
6/30/2008	3,923	3,923		N/A	N/A
6/30/2007	3,948	3,948		N/A	N/A
6/30/2006	3,942	3,942		N/A	N/A

¹ The actuarially determined contribution rate for SCRS and PORS is determined in accordance with the SC State Code of Laws. The contribution rate for JSRS is based on the funding policy maintained by the SC Public Employee Benefit Authority.

² The actuarially determined contributions are based on the funding policy maintained by the SC Public Employee Benefit Authority.

³ Projected covered employee payroll is based on the actuarial valuation associated with the measurement date and includes payroll for members earning but not yet receiving benefits.

 $^{^4}$ GARS was closed to new members beginning with the 2012 general election.

⁵ Benefits for members in the SCNG are not a function of pay. For years prior to June 30, 2010, the Annual Pension Cost (APC) for SCNG includes both the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) and the discounted present value of the balance of the Net Pension Obligation (NPO). For fiscal years ended June 30, 2010 forward, the APC was calculated as part of the actuarial valuation and includes on the ARC.

Schedule of Investment Returns¹

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Annual Money Weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense
2014	15.30%
2015	1.59

¹Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The following table provides a summary of the actuarial methods and significant assumptions used in calculations of the actuarially determined contributions for each of the individual plans administered by PEBA.

Summary of Actuarial Methods and Significant Assumptions

	SCRS	PORS	GARS	JSRS	SCNG
Valuation date	07/01/14	07/01/14	07/01/14	07/01/14	07/01/14
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal	Entry age normal	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percent open	Level percent open	Level dollar closed	Level percent open	Level dollar closed
Amortization period	30 years	27 years	13 years	28 years	18 years
Asset Valuation method	5-year smoothed	5-year smoothed	5-year smoothed	5-year smoothed	5-year smoothed
	market	market	market	market	market
Actuarial assumptions:					
Inflation rate	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%
Projected salary increases	3.5% to 12.5%	4.0% to 10.0%	None	$3.0\%^{1}$	None
	(varies by service) ¹	(varies by service)1			
Investment rate of return	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%
Benefit adjustments	lesser of 1% or \$500 annually	lesser of 1% or \$500 annually	None	3.0%	None

¹Includes inflation at 2.75%.

SCRS Pension Trust Fund Year Ended June 30, 2015

With comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

Employee contributions	Additions	EMPLOYEE FUND	EMPLOYER FUND	DEATH BENEFIT FUND	QEBA FUND	TOTALS	TOTALS 2014
State department employees \$ 190,275 \$ 27,688 \$ - \$ 5.7 \$ 17,963 \$ 19,980 Public school employees 271,265 40,209 - 186,670 168,687 Employer contributions 311,470 186,670 168,867 State department employees 331,205 5,233 485 336,923 313,005 Public school employees 430,903 6,663 485 336,923 233,746 Other political subdivision employees 634,003 1,089,664 14,433 485 1,738,585 1,615,432 Total contributions 634,003 1,089,664 14,433 485 1,738,585 1,615,432 Investment Income 388,792 1,950 390,742 3,618,445 Interest and dividend income 303,3622 1,547 291,619 300,260 Investment expense 308,3622 1,547 309,909 402,2871 Income from investing activities 370,597 1,555 372,452 3,515,348 From securities lending activities 1,549 7 1,55							
Public school employees		¢ 100 275	¢ 27.600	ċ	ċ	¢ 217.062	\$ 107.060
Cher political subdivision employees 172,463 14,207 186,670 168,867				- ب	, -	. ,	
State department employees 331,205 5,233 485 336,923 313,405 431,406 415,643 430,400 430,403 6,263 437,166 415,643 430,400 430,403 6,263 437,166 415,643 430,400 430,403 485 2,343 485 233,746 7014	· ·						
State department employees 331,205 5,233 485 336,923 413,040 Public school employees 430,903 6,263 437,166 415,643 Other political subdivision employees 245,452 2,937 248,389 233,746 Total contributions 634,003 1,089,664 14,433 485 1,738,585 1,615,429 Investment Income 88,792 1,950 390,742 3,618,445 Interest and dividend income 290,167 1,452 291,619 300,260 Investment expense (308,362) (1,547) 309,999 (402,871) Income from investing activities 370,597 1,855 372,452 3,515,834 From securities lending activities 1,549 7 1,556 1,436 Net income from securities lending activities 1,692 8 1,700 1,436 Net income from securities lending activities 1,692 8 1,700 1,436 Net income from securities lending activities 1,692 8 1,700 1,436		172,405	14,207			100,070	100,007
Public school employees			221 205	E 222	10E	226 022	212 400
Other political subdivision employees 245,452 2,937 248,389 233,746 Total contributions 634,003 1,089,664 1,433 485 1,738,585 1,615,429 Investment Income 388,792 1,950 390,742 3,618,445 Interest and dividend income 290,167 1,452 291,619 300,260 Income from investing activities 370,597 1,855 372,452 3,515,834 From securities lending activities 370,597 1,855 372,452 3,515,834 From securities lending activities 1,549 7 1,556 1,436 Securities lending income 143 1 1,44 54 Securities lending activities 1,599 7 1,556 1,430 Net income from securities lending activities 1,699 8 1,700 1,490 Total active stending activities 1,599 1,863 374,152 3,517,324 Securities lending activities 5 1,99 7 1,556 1,436 Total active stending			•	•	403	•	•
Total contributions	· ·						
Investment Income		624 002			100		
Net appreciation in fair value of investments 388,792 1,950 390,742 3,618,445 Interest and dividend income 290,167 1,452 291,619 300,260 1,000 300,000 372,452 3,515,834 372,452 3,515,834 372,452 3,515,834 372,452 3,515,834 372,452 3,515,834 372,452 3,515,834 372,452 3,515,834 3,600 3,6		034,003	1,069,004	14,455	463	1,730,303	1,015,429
Interest and dividend income 290,167 1,452 291,619 300,260 1			200 702	1.050		200 742	2 610 115
Investment expense (308,362 (1,547) (309,909) (402,871) Income from investing activities 370,597 1,855 372,452 3,515,834 From securities lending activities Securities lending income			•	•		•	
Income from investing activities 370,597 1,855 372,452 3,515,834 From securities lending activities Securities lending income 143 1 144 54 Securities lending borrower rebates 1,549 7 1,556 1,436 Net income from securities lending activities 1,692 8 1,700 1,490 Total net investment income 372,289 1,863 374,152 3,517,324 Supplemental retirement benefits funded by the State 507 507 587 Transfers of contributions from other Systems 7 0 7 7 Total additions 7 1,462,460 16,296 485 2,113,251 5,133,340 Deductions 8 1,400 1,462,460 16,296 485 2,113,251 5,133,340 Deductions 8 1,400 1,462,460			•			•	
From securities lending activities: 143 1 144 54 Securities lending income 1,549 7 1,556 1,436 Net income from securities lending activities 1,692 8 1,700 1,490 Total net investment income 372,289 1,863 374,152 3,517,324 Supplemental retirement benefits funded by the State Transfers of contributions from other Systems 7 0 7 507 587 Total additions 634,010 1,462,460 16,296 485 2,113,251 5,133,340 Deductions Refunds of contributions to other Systems 95,104 16,296 485 2,113,251 5,133,340 Deductions Refunds of contributions to other Systems 95,104 16,296 485 2,113,251 5,133,340 Deductions Refunds of contributions to other Systems 95,104 16,296 485 2,113,251 5,133,340 Deferred retirement benefits 2,377,832 485 2,378,317 2,293,335							
Securities lending income 143 1 144 54 Securities lending borrower rebates 1,549 7 1,556 1,436 Net income from securities lending activities 1,692 8 1,700 1,490 Total net investment income 372,289 1,863 374,152 3,517,324 Supplemental retirement benefits funded by the State 507 507 587 Transfers of contributions from other Systems 7 7 7 7 Total additions 634,010 1,462,460 16,296 485 2,113,251 5,133,340 Deductions 8 8 485 2,113,251 5,133,340 Transfers of contributions to members 95,104 16,296 485 2,113,251 5,133,340 Transfers of contributions to other Systems 925 411 1 1,366 2,470 Regular retirement benefits 2,377,832 485 2,378,317 2,293,335 Deferred retirement benefits 507 507 507 500 Death Benefits			370,397	1,033		372,432	3,313,634
Securities lending borrower rebates 1,549 7 1,556 1,436 Net income from securities lending activities 1,692 8 1,700 1,490 Total net investment income 372,289 1,863 374,152 3,517,324 Supplemental retirement benefits funded by the State Transfers of contributions from other Systems 7 507 587 Transfers of contributions from other Systems 7 1,462,460 16,296 485 2,113,251 5,133,340 Deductions Refunds of contributions to members 95,104 95,104 90,250 Transfers of contributions to other Systems 925 411 1,336 2,470 Regular retirement benefits 2,377,832 485 2,378,317 2,293,335 Deferred retirement benefits 507 507 500 500 500 Death Benefits 20,144 20,144 19,240 20,144 19,240 20,144 19,240 20,144 19,240 20,144 19,240 20,144 12,27 200 20,144 12,27			1/12	1		144	ΕΛ
Net income from securities lending activities 1,692 8 1,700 1,490 Total net investment income 372,289 1,863 374,152 3,517,324 Supplemental retirement benefits funded by the State Transfers of contributions from other Systems 7 507 587 Total additions 634,010 1,462,460 16,296 485 2,113,251 5,133,340 Deductions Refunds of contributions to members 95,104 95,104 90,250 Transfers of contributions to other Systems 925 411 1,336 2,470 Regular retirement benefits 2,377,832 485 2,378,317 2,293,335 Deferred retirement benefits 507 507 590 Supplemental retirement benefits 507 507 590 Death Benefits 20,144 20,144 19,240 Depreciation 226 1 227 200 Administrative expenses 12,256 71 12,327 11,565 Total deductions 96,029 2,603,214 20	_						
Total net investment income 372,289 1,863 374,152 3,517,324 Supplemental retirement benefits funded by the State Transfers of contributions from other Systems 7 507 587 Total additions 634,010 1,462,460 16,296 485 2,113,251 5,133,340 Deductions Refunds of contributions to members 95,104 95,104 90,250 Transfers of contributions to other Systems 925 411 1,336 2,470 Regular retirement benefits 2,377,832 485 2,378,317 2,293,335 Deferred retirement benefits 507 507 590 Death Benefits 507 507 590 Death Benefits 20,144 20,144 20,144 19,240 Depreciation 226 1 227 200 Administrative expenses 12,256 71 12,327 11,565 Total deductions 96,029 2,603,214 20,216 485 2,719,944 2,588,871 Interfund transfers according to statutory requi	_						
Supplemental retirement benefits funded by the State Transfers of contributions from other Systems 7							
Transfers of contributions from other Systems 7 8 2 2,78,317 2,29,335 2 1 2,27,335 2 4 8 2,378,317 2,293,335 2 1 2,27 2 3 2 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2				1,005			
Total additions 634,010 1,462,460 16,296 485 2,113,251 5,133,340 Deductions Refunds of contributions to members 95,104 95,104 90,250 Transfers of contributions to other Systems 925 411 1,336 2,470 Regular retirement benefits 2,377,832 485 2,378,317 2,293,335 Deferred retirement benefits 507 507 500 Supplemental retirement benefits 507 507 500 Death Benefits 20,144 20,144 19,240 Depreciation 226 1 227 200 Administrative expenses 12,256 71 12,327 11,565 Total deductions 96,029 2,603,214 20,216 485 2,719,944 2,585,871 Interfund transfers according to statutory requirements (431,637) 431,637 431,637 431,637 431,637 431,637 431,637 431,637 431,637 431,637 431,637 431,637 431,637 431,637 431,637	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		507				387
Deductions Refunds of contributions to members 95,104 95,104 90,250 Transfers of contributions to other Systems 925 411 1,336 2,470 Regular retirement benefits 2,377,832 485 2,378,317 2,293,335 Deferred retirement benefits 211,982 211,982 168,221 Supplemental retirement benefits 507 507 590 Death Benefits 20,144 20,144 19,240 Depreciation 226 1 227 200 Administrative expenses 12,256 71 12,327 11,565 Total deductions 96,029 2,603,214 20,216 485 2,719,944 2,585,871 Interfund transfers according to statutory requirements Contributions by members at retirement (431,637) 431,637 431,637 431,637 431,637 431,637 431,637 431,637 431,637 431,637 431,637 431,637 431,637 431,637 431,637 431,637 431,637 431,637 431,637 431,637 431,6	·		1 462 460	16 206	405		
Refunds of contributions to members 95,104 95,104 90,250 Transfers of contributions to other Systems 925 411 1,336 2,470 Regular retirement benefits 2,377,832 485 2,378,317 2,293,335 Deferred retirement benefits 211,982 211,982 168,221 Supplemental retirement benefits 507 507 590 Death Benefits 20,144 20,144 19,240 Depreciation 226 1 227 200 Administrative expenses 12,256 71 12,327 11,565 Total deductions 96,029 2,603,214 20,216 485 2,719,944 2,585,871 Interfund transfers according to statutory requirements (431,637) 431,637	Total additions	034,010	1,402,400	10,290	403	2,113,231	3,133,340
Transfers of contributions to other Systems 925 411 1,336 2,470 Regular retirement benefits 2,377,832 485 2,378,317 2,293,335 Deferred retirement benefits 211,982 211,982 168,221 Supplemental retirement benefits 507 507 590 Death Benefits 20,144 20,144 19,240 Depreciation 226 1 227 200 Administrative expenses 12,256 71 12,327 11,565 Total deductions 96,029 2,603,214 20,216 485 2,719,944 2,585,871 Interfund transfers according to statutory requirements Contributions by members at retirement (431,637) 431,637 431,637 431,637 431,637 10,000	Deductions						
Regular retirement benefits 2,377,832 485 2,378,317 2,293,335 Deferred retirement benefits 211,982 211,982 168,221 Supplemental retirement benefits 507 507 590 Death Benefits 20,144 20,144 19,240 Depreciation 226 1 227 200 Administrative expenses 12,256 71 12,327 11,565 Total deductions 96,029 2,603,214 20,216 485 2,719,944 2,585,871 Interfund transfers according to statutory requirements Contributions by members at retirement (431,637) 431,637	Refunds of contributions to members	95,104				95,104	90,250
Deferred retirement benefits 211,982 211,982 168,221 Supplemental retirement benefits 507 507 590 Death Benefits 20,144 20,144 19,240 Depreciation 226 1 227 200 Administrative expenses 12,256 71 12,327 11,565 Total deductions 96,029 2,603,214 20,216 485 2,719,944 2,585,871 Interfund transfers according to statutory requirements Contributions by members at retirement (431,637) 431,637 <td>Transfers of contributions to other Systems</td> <td>925</td> <td>411</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1,336</td> <td>2,470</td>	Transfers of contributions to other Systems	925	411			1,336	2,470
Supplemental retirement benefits 507 590 Death Benefits 20,144 20,144 19,240 Depreciation 226 1 227 200 Administrative expenses 12,256 71 12,327 11,565 Total deductions 96,029 2,603,214 20,216 485 2,719,944 2,585,871 Interfund transfers according to statutory requirements Contributions by members at retirement Interest credited to members' accounts 431,637 <td>Regular retirement benefits</td> <td></td> <td>2,377,832</td> <td></td> <td>485</td> <td>2,378,317</td> <td>2,293,335</td>	Regular retirement benefits		2,377,832		485	2,378,317	2,293,335
Death Benefits 20,144 20,144 19,240 Depreciation 226 1 227 200 Administrative expenses 12,256 71 12,327 11,565 Total deductions 96,029 2,603,214 20,216 485 2,719,944 2,585,871 Interfund transfers according to statutory requirements Contributions by members at retirement (431,637) 431,637 431,637 431,637 110,031 100,031<	Deferred retirement benefits		211,982			211,982	168,221
Depreciation 226 1 227 200 Administrative expenses 12,256 71 12,327 11,565 Total deductions 96,029 2,603,214 20,216 485 2,719,944 2,585,871 Interfund transfers according to statutory requirements Contributions by members at retirement (431,637) 431,637 431,637 431,637 110,000 100,00	Supplemental retirement benefits		507			507	590
Administrative expenses 12,256 71 12,327 11,565 Total deductions 96,029 2,603,214 20,216 485 2,719,944 2,585,871 Interfund transfers according to statutory requirements Contributions by members at retirement Interest credited to members' accounts (431,637) 431,637	Death Benefits			20,144		20,144	19,240
Total deductions 96,029 2,603,214 20,216 485 2,719,944 2,585,871 Interfund transfers according to statutory requirements Contributions by members at retirement Interest credited to members' accounts (431,637) 431,637 </td <td>Depreciation</td> <td></td> <td>226</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td>227</td> <td>200</td>	Depreciation		226	1		227	200
Interfund transfers according to statutory requirements	Administrative expenses		12,256	71		12,327	11,565
Contributions by members at retirement Interest credited to members' accounts (431,637) 431,637 (230,606) (230,606) 431,637 (230,606) <td>Total deductions</td> <td>96,029</td> <td>2,603,214</td> <td>20,216</td> <td>485</td> <td>2,719,944</td> <td>2,585,871</td>	Total deductions	96,029	2,603,214	20,216	485	2,719,944	2,585,871
Contributions by members at retirement Interest credited to members' accounts (431,637) 431,637 (230,606) (230,606) 431,637 (230,606) <td>late of and two perfects are adding to statute or a surface of the statute of the</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	late of and two perfects are adding to statute or a surface of the statute of the						
Interest credited to members' accounts 230,606 (230,606) (230,606) — <td></td> <td>(424 627)</td> <td>424 627</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		(424 627)	424 627				
Net interfund transfers (201,031) 201,031 201,031 Company of the position of year (201,031) 201,031 (3,920) - (606,693) 2,547,469 Net position restricted for Pensions 8eginning of year 6,717,327 18,892,695 128,499 25,738,521 23,191,052	•						
Net increase (decrease) 336,950 (939,723) (3,920) - (606,693) 2,547,469 Net position restricted for Pensions Beginning of year 6,717,327 18,892,695 128,499 25,738,521 23,191,052				-		-	
Net position restricted for Pensions Beginning of year 6,717,327 18,892,695 128,499 25,738,521 23,191,052	Net Interfund transfers	(201,031)	201,031				
Beginning of year 6,717,327 18,892,695 128,499 25,738,521 23,191,052	Net increase (decrease)	336,950	(939,723)	(3,920)	-	(606,693)	2,547,469
	Net position restricted for Pensions						
End of year \$7,054,277 \$17,952,972 \$124,579 \$ - \$25,131,828 \$25,738,521	Beginning of year	6,717,327	18,892,695	128,499		25,738,521	
	End of year	\$7,054,277	\$17,952,972	\$124,579	\$ -	\$25,131,828	\$25,738,521

PORS Pension Trust Fund Year Ended June 30, 2015

With comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2014

Public school employees	Additions	EMPLOYEE FUND	EMPLOYER FUND	DEATH BENEFIT FUND	ACCIDENTAL DEATH FUND	QEBA FUND	TOTALS	TOTALS 2014
Public school employees	Employee contributions							
Company	State department employees	\$ 32,340	\$ 2,033	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 34,373	\$ 31,499
State department employees S2,060 798 \$799 2 \$3,659 \$2,000 \$1,000	Public school employees	35	333				368	322
State department employees	Other political subdivision employees	63,799	8,314				72,113	64,183
Public school employées	• •							
Total contributions 109.056 1.626 1.535 112.217 104.847 Total contributions 96.174 172.353 2.433 2.343 2 273.305 251.612 Investment Income	· · · ·		•		-	2	,	,
Total contributions	• •			_	-			
Nest appreciation in fair value of investments 60,441 478 633 61,552 554,222 Interest and dividend income 44,638 420 556 45,614 46,097 Investment expense (47,674) (453) (599) (48,726) (62,162) Income from investing activities 57,405 445 590 58,440 538,157 From securities lending activities 22 2 2 2 2 Securities lending income 22 3 243 220 Net income from securities lending activities 260 2 3 265 279 Total net investment income 57,665 447 593 58,705 538,386 Supplemental retirement benefits funded by the State 22 3 22 3 Transfers of contributions from other Systems 650 411 2 2 3 32,936 Transfers of contributions from other Systems 650 411 2 2 3 33,093 792,284 Deductions 74,453 22 2 2 333,093 792,284 Deductions 86,244 230,451 2,880 2,936 2 333,093 792,284 Deductions 17,453 323,250 2 2 323,252 311,593 Supplemental retirement benefits 22 2 2 2 2 Deductions 20 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 Deductions 20 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	,							
Net appreciation in fair value of investments in the properties of the properti	Total contributions	96,174	172,353	2,433	2,343	2	273,305	251,612
Net appreciation in fair value of investments in the properties of the properti	Investment Income							
Investment expense (47,674) (453) (599) (48,726) (62,162) (1600m from investing activities 57,405 445 590 58,440 538,157 577 577 58,440 538,157 577 58,440 538,157 577 58,440 538,157 577 58,440 538,157 577 58,440 538,157 577 58,440 538,157 577 58,440	Net appreciation in fair value of investments		60,441	478	633		61,552	554,222
Income from investing activities S7,405	Interest and dividend income		44,638	420	556		45,614	46,097
Prom securities lending activities: Securities lending income 22 23 23 243 220 Net income from securities lending borrower rebates 238 2 3 243 220 Net income from securities lending activities 260 2 3 265 229 Total net investment income 57,665 447 593 58,705 538,386 Supplemental retirement benefits funded by the State 22 22 26 Transfers of contributions from other Systems 650 411	Investment expense		(47,674)	(453)	(599)		(48,726)	(62,162)
Securities lending income 22 3 243 220 Securities lending borrower rebates 238 2 3 243 220 Net income from securities lending activities 260 2 3 265 229 Total net investment income 57,665 447 593 58,705 538,386 Supplemental retirement benefits funded by the State 22 2 2 2 2 Transfers of contributions from other Systems 650 411	Income from investing activities		57,405	445	590		58,440	538,157
Securities lending borrower rebates 238 2 3 243 220 Net income from securities lending activities 260 2 3 265 229 Total net investment income 57,665 447 593 58,705 538,386 Supplemental retirement benefits funded by the State 22 2 2 2 Transfers of contributions from other Systems 650 411	From securities lending activities:							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Net income from securities lending activities 260 2 3 265 229 Total net investment income 57,665 447 593 58,705 538,386 Supplemental retirement benefits funded by the State 22 2 22 26 Transfers of contributions from other Systems 650 411 4 1,061 2,260 Total additions 96,824 230,451 2,880 2,936 2 333,093 792,284 Deductions Refunds of contributions to members 17,453 2,880 2,936 2 333,093 792,284 Deductions Supplemental retirement benefits 323,250 2 323,252 311,593 Supplemental retirement benefits 2 2 22 2 2 Death Benefits (6) 2,156 2,156 2,150 2,410 Accidental death benefits 29 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Securities lending income		22				22	9
Total net investment income 57,665 447 593 58,705 538,386 Supplemental retirement benefits funded by the State 22 22 26 Transfers of contributions from other Systems 650 411 1,061 2,260 Total additions 96,824 230,451 2,880 2,936 2 333,093 792,284 Deductions Refunds of contributions to members 17,453 8 2,936 2 333,093 792,284 Begular retirement benefits 323,250 2 323,252 311,593 Supplemental retirement benefits 22 2 22 22 26 Death Benefits (6) 2,156 2,150 2,410 2,410 2,410 2,410 2,410 2,55 1,555 1,555 1,555 1,555 1,555 1,597 2,10 2,150 2,410 2,240 2,7 1,909 2,75 2,75 2,75 2,75 1,70 2,7 1,909 1,795 1,70 2,7	Securities lending borrower rebates		238					220
Supplemental retirement benefits funded by the State	Net income from securities lending activities		260	2	3		265	229
Transfers of contributions from other Systems 650 411 2,260 2 333,093 792,284 Deductions Refunds of contributions to members 17,453 2,880 2,936 2 333,093 792,284 Deductions Refunds of contributions to members 17,453 16,184 Regular retirement benefits 323,250 2 323,252 311,593 Supplemental retirement benefits 22 2 26 Death Benefits (6) 2,156 2,150 2,410 Accidental death benefits 29 1,555 1,555 1,597 Depreciation 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 20 27 1,909 1,795	Total net investment income		57,665	447	593		58,705	538,386
Deductions 96,824 230,451 2,880 2,936 2 333,093 792,284 Deductions Refunds of contributions to members 17,453 16,184 17,453 16,184 Regular retirement benefits 323,250 2 323,252 311,593 Supplemental retirement benefits 22 2 22 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Supplemental retirement benefits funded by the Stat	e	22				22	26
Deductions Refunds of contributions to members 17,453 16,184 Regular retirement benefits 323,250 2 323,252 311,593 Supplemental retirement benefits 22 2 22 26 Death Benefits (6) 2,156 2,150 2,410 Accidental death benefits 1,555 1,555 1,597 Depreciation 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 1,795 1,790 1,795 Total deductions 17,453 325,157 2,176 1,582 2 346,370 333,630 Interfund transfers according to statutory requirements (54,432) 54,432 1,582 2 346,370 333,630 Interest credited to members' accounts 30,446 (30,446) 4	Transfers of contributions from other Systems	650	411				1,061	2,260
Refunds of contributions to members 17,453 16,184 Regular retirement benefits 323,250 2 323,252 311,593 Supplemental retirement benefits 22 2 22 26 Death Benefits (6) 2,156 2,150 2,410 Accidental death benefits 29 1,555 1,555 1,597 Depreciation 29 27 1,909 1,795 Administrative expenses 1,862 20 27 1,909 1,795 Total deductions 17,453 325,157 2,176 1,582 2 346,370 333,630 Interfund transfers according to statutory requirements Contributions by members at retirement (54,432) 54,432 <t< td=""><td>Total additions</td><td>96,824</td><td>230,451</td><td>2,880</td><td>2,936</td><td>2</td><td>333,093</td><td>792,284</td></t<>	Total additions	96,824	230,451	2,880	2,936	2	333,093	792,284
Refunds of contributions to members 17,453 16,184 Regular retirement benefits 323,250 2 323,252 311,593 Supplemental retirement benefits 22 2 22 26 Death Benefits (6) 2,156 2,150 2,410 Accidental death benefits 1,555 1,555 1,557 1,597 Depreciation 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 27 1,909 1,795 Total deductions 17,453 325,157 2,176 1,582 2 346,370 333,630 Interfund transfers according to statutory requirements Contributions by members at retirement (54,432) 54,432	Doductions							
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Supplemental retirement benefits 22 22 26 Death Benefits (6) 2,156 2,150 2,410 Accidental death benefits 1,555 1,555 1,597 Depreciation 29 29 29 29 Administrative expenses 1,862 20 27 1,909 1,795 Total deductions 17,453 325,157 2,176 1,582 2 346,370 333,630 Interfund transfers according to statutory requirements (54,432) 54,432 -		17,433	323 250			2	•	
Death Benefits (6) 2,156 2,150 2,410 Accidental death benefits 1,555 1,555 1,597 Depreciation 29 29 29 25 Administrative expenses 1,862 20 27 1,909 1,795 Total deductions 17,453 325,157 2,176 1,582 2 346,370 333,630 Interfund transfers according to statutory requirements Contributions by members at retirement (54,432) 54,432 5	•					_	,	,
Accidental death benefits Depreciation 29 Administrative expenses 1,862 20 27 1,909 1,795 Total deductions 17,453 25,157 2,176 1,582 2 346,370 333,630 Interfund transfers according to statutory requirements Contributions by members at retirement 1,54,432 1,162 1,582 2 346,370 333,630 Interfund transfers according to statutory requirements Contributions by members at retirement 2,54,432 3,0446 3,0446 3,0446 Net interfund transfers 2,3986 23,986 Net increase (decrease) 55,385 1,597 1,595 1,595 1,597 1,909 1,795 1,582 2 346,370 333,630 1,582 2 3,46,370 333,630 1,582 2 3,4432 3,946 3,946 3,946 3,986 3,985,102 3,526,448 Net position restricted for Pensions Beginning of year 850,383 3,048,748 36,995 48,976 3,985,102 3,526,448	• •			2.156				
Depreciation 29 27 1,909 1,795 Administrative expenses 1,862 20 27 1,909 1,795 Total deductions 17,453 325,157 2,176 1,582 2 346,370 333,630 Interfund transfers according to statutory requirements (54,432) 54,432			(0)	_,	1.555		,	,
Administrative expenses 1,862 20 27 1,909 1,795 Total deductions 17,453 325,157 2,176 1,582 2 346,370 333,630 Interfund transfers according to statutory requirements Contributions by members at retirement (54,432) 54,432 Interest credited to members' accounts 30,446 (30,446) Net interfund transfers (23,986) 23,986 Net increase (decrease) 55,385 (70,720) 704 1,354 (13,277) 458,654 Net position restricted for Pensions 850,383 3,048,748 36,995 48,976 3,985,102 3,526,448			29		_,		,	,
Total deductions 17,453 325,157 2,176 1,582 2 346,370 333,630 Interfund transfers according to statutory requirements Contributions by members at retirement (54,432) 54,432	•			20	27			
Interfund transfers according to statutory requirements Contributions by members at retirement (54,432) 54,432 Interest credited to members' accounts 30,446 (30,446) Net interfund transfers (23,986) 23,986 Net increase (decrease) 55,385 (70,720) 704 1,354 (13,277) 458,654 Net position restricted for Pensions Beginning of year 850,383 3,048,748 36,995 48,976 3,985,102 3,526,448	·	17,453				2	346,370	333,630
Contributions by members at retirement Interest credited to members' accounts (54,432) 54,432 (30,446) Second or contribution by members at retirement interest credited to members' accounts (30,446) Contribution second or contribution interest credited to members' accounts (23,986) 23,986 Contribution retirement (30,446) Contribution retireme								
Interest credited to members' accounts 30,446 (30,446)	, ,	(54.422)	E4 422					
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Net increase (decrease) 55,385 (70,720) 704 1,354 (13,277) 458,654 Net position restricted for Pensions Beginning of year 850,383 3,048,748 36,995 48,976 3,985,102 3,526,448								
Net position restricted for Pensions Beginning of year 850,383 3,048,748 36,995 48,976 3,985,102 3,526,448				704	1 254		(12.277)	450 CE4
Beginning of year <u>850,383</u> <u>3,048,748</u> <u>36,995</u> <u>48,976</u> <u>3,985,102</u> <u>3,526,448</u>	ivet increase (decrease)	JJ,385	(70,720)	704	1,354		(13,2//)	438,034
	Net position restricted for Pensions							
End of year \$ 905,768 \$ 2,978,028 \$ 37,699 \$ 50,330 \$ - \$ 3,971,825 \$ 3,985,102	Beginning of year	850,383	3,048,748	36,995	48,976		3,985,102	3,526,448
	End of year	\$ 905,768	\$2,978,028	\$ 37,699	\$ 50,330	\$ -	\$3,971,825	\$3,985,102

GARS Pension Trust Fund Year Ended June 30, 2015

With comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

	EMPLOYEE I		EM	EMPLOYER				OTAL
	FUI	FUND		FUND		OTAL		2014
Additions Contributions								
Employee contributions - State departments	\$	369	\$	-	\$	369	\$	384
Employer contributions - State departments				4,275		4,275		4,063
Total contributions		369		4,275		4,644		4,447
Investment Income								
Net appreciation in fair value of investments				503		503		4,654
Interest and dividend income				375		375		397
Investment expense				(380)		(380)		(508)
Net income from investing activities				498		498		4,543
From securities lending activities:								
Securities lending income								
Securities lending borrower rebates				2		2		2
Net income from securities lending activities				2		2		2
Total net investment income				500		500		4,545
Transfers of contributions from other Systems								15
Total additions		369		4,775		5,144		9,007
Deductions				_				
Refunds of contributions to members								41
Transfers of contributions to other systems		18				18		,_
Regular retirement benefits				6,639		6,639		6,799
Death benefits				21		21		20
Depreciation				1		1		1
Administrative expenses				17		17		16
Total deductions		18		6,678		6,696		6,877
Interfund transfers according to statutory requirements								
Contributions by members at retirement		(639)		639				
Interest credited to members' accounts		225		(225)				
Net interfund transfers		(414)		414				
Net increase (decrease)		(63)		(1,489)		(1,552)		2,130
Net position Restricted for Pensions								
Beginning of year		7,358		26,676		34,034		31,904
End of year	\$	7,295	\$	25,187	\$	32,482	\$	34,034
		-						

JSRS Pension Trust Fund Year Ended June 30, 2015

With comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2014

	EMPLOYEE FUND		EMPLOYER FUND		QEBA FUND		TOTALS	1	TOTALS 2014
Additions									
Contributions									
Employee contributions - State departments	\$	2,893	\$	260	\$	-	\$ 3,153	\$	2,448
Employer contributions - State departments				9,995		114	10,109		9,659
Total contributions		2,893		10,255		114	13,262		12,107
Investment Income									
Net appreciation in fair value of investments				2,263			2,263		20,491
Interest and dividend income				1,713			1,713		1,739
Investment expense				(1,770)			(1,770)		(2,276)
Net income from investing activities				2,206			2,206		19,954
From securities lending activities:									
Securities lending income				1			1		
Securities lending borrower rebates				9			9		8
Net income from securities lending activities				10			10_		8
Total net investment income				2,216			2,216		19,962
Transfers of contributions from other Systems		286					286		195
Total additions		3,179		12,471		114	15,764		32,264
Deductions									
Regular retirement benefits				16,718		114	16,832		15,897
Deferred retirement benefits									778
Death benefits				4			4		10
Depreciation				1			1		1
Administrative expenses				70			70		67
Total deductions				16,793		114	16,907		16,753
Interfund transfers according to statutory requiremen	ts								
Contributions by members at retirement		(2,341)		2,341					
Interest credited to members' accounts		886		(886)					
Net interfund transfers		(1,455)		1,455					
Net increase (decrease)		1,724		(2,867)			(1,143)		15,511
Net position restricted for Pensions									
Beginning of year		22,926		24,570			147,496		131,985
End of year	\$	24,650	\$ 1	21,703	\$	-	\$ 146,353	\$	147,496

SCNG Pension Trust Fund Year Ended June 30, 2015

With comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

	Tot	als 2015	Tot	als 2014
Additions				
Contributions				
State appropriated contributions	\$	4,591	\$	4,586
Total contributions		4,591		4,586
Investment Income				
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		332		2,893
Interest income		241		240
Investment expense		(261)		(328)
Income from investing activities		312		2,805
From securities lending activities:				
Securities lending income				
Securities lending borrower rebates		1		1
Net income from securities lending activities		1		1
Total net investment income		313		2,806
Total additions		4,904		7,392
Deductions				
Regular retirement benefits		4,249		4,248
Administrative expenses		11		10
Total deductions		4,260		4,258
Net increase		644		3,134
Net position restricted for Pensions				
Beginning of year		22,558		19,424
End of year	\$	23,202	\$	22,558

South Carolina Retirement Systems Schedule of Administrative Expenses

Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

	SCRS PORS		G	ARS JSRS		SCNG		TOTAL			
Personal Services											
Salaries and Wages	\$	7,022	\$ 1,087	\$	10	\$	40	\$	6	\$	8,165
Employee Benefits		2,326	360		3		13		2		2,704
Contractual Services											
Information Technology		492	76		1		2		1		572
Medical & Health Services		310	48		1		2				361
Financial Audit		138	22				1		1		162
Actuarial Services		197	30		1		1				229
Other Professional Services		733	113		1		4		1		852
Legal Services		147	23				1				171
Operating Expenses											
Facilities Management		230	36				1				267
Telephone		116	18				1				135
Insurance		148	23				1				172
Postage		117	18				1				136
Supplies		179	28				1				208
Other Miscellaneous Expenses		172	 27				1				200
Total Administrative Expenses	\$	12,327	\$ 1,909	\$	17	\$	70	\$	11	\$	14,334

South Carolina Retirement Systems¹ Schedule of Professional and Consultant Fees

Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

Professional / Consultant Type	Nature of Service Provided	Amounts Paid	
Information Technology (IT)			
Data Network Solutions	IT Maintenance & Support	\$	52
Hewlett Packard	IT Maintenance & Support		23
SHI International	IT Maintenance & Support		15
Software AG Inc.	IT Enterprise License Maintenance		85
Spartantec Inc	IT Services Software & License		16
SunGard Availability Service	IT Disaster Recovery		45
Tapfin	Application Development Resources		211
Legal			
Ice Miller	IRC Consulting Services		27
Poyner Spruill LLP	Legal Services		113
Sowell Gray Stepp & Lafitte	Legal Services		31
Management			
CEM Benchmarking, Inc.	Benchmarking Service		45
CliftonLarsonAllen, LLP	Audit		162
Funston Advisory Services LLC ²	Fiduciary Audit		340
Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company	Actuary Services		229
Linea Solutions Inc.	Operational Consulting Service		108
Summit Strategies Inc	Optional Retirement Plan Consultants		130
TeamIA Inc	Imaging Maintenance/Auditing		134
University Specialty Clinic	Disability Review		123
Vocational Rehabilitation	Disability Review		238
		\$	2,127

 $^{^{1}}$ A Schedule of Investment Managers and Fees can be found in the Investment Section of this report.

² Payment to Funston Advisory Services LLC was made through the Office of the State Inspector General.

South Carolina Retirement Systems Schedule of Investment Fees and Expenses

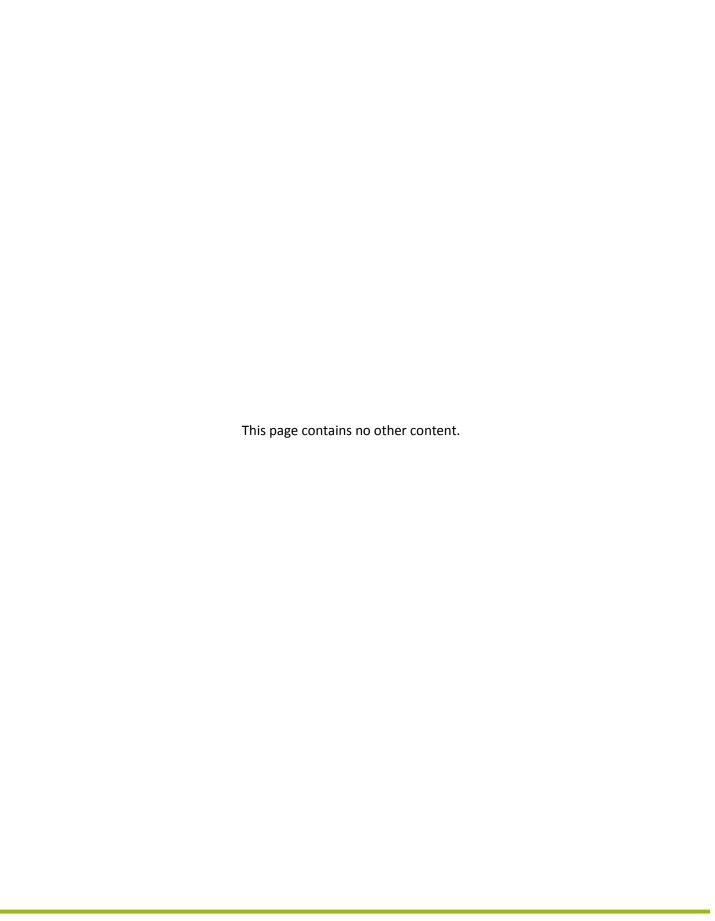
Year Ended June 30, 2015 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

	SCRS	PORS	GARS	JSRS	SCNG	TOTALS ¹
Short Term:	\$ 2,145	\$ 337	\$ 3	\$ 12	\$ 2	\$ 2,499
Domestic Fixed Income:						
Core Fixed Income	2,921	458	4	17	2	3,402
Mixed Credit	4,983	783	6	28	4	5,804
Global Fixed Income:						
Global Fixed Income	2,478	388	3	14	2	2,885
Emerging Market Debt	2,498	393	3	14	2	2,910
Domestic Equity:	7,654	1,199	9	44	6	8,912
Global Equity:						
Global Equity	779	122	1	4	1	907
Developed International Equity	3,081	484	4	18	2	3,589
Emerging Markets Equity	6,985	1,095	9	40	6	8,135
Global Tactical Asset Allocation:	12,332	1,938	15	71	11	14,367
Alternatives:						
Hedge Funds (Global Public Equity, Low Beta, Mixed Credit)	100,672	15,845	123	575	85	117,300
Private Debt	30,446	4,792	37	174	26	35,475
Private Equity	53,532	8,426	65	306	45	62,374
Real Estate	58,343	9,182	72	333	49	67,979
Strategic Partnerships ²	9,227	1,452	11	53	8	10,751
Beta Overlay	803	126	1	4	1	935
Total Investment Manager Fees	298,879	47,020	366	1,707	252	348,224
Bank Fees and Investment Expenses ³	11,030	1,706	14	63	9	12,822
Total Investment Management Fees	309,909	48,726	380	1,770	261	361,046
Securities Lending Expenses:						
Borrower Rebates	\$ (1,556)	\$ (243)	\$ (2)	\$ (9)	\$ (1)	\$ (1,811)
Total Securities Lending Expenses	\$ (1,556)	\$ (243)	\$ (2)	\$ (9)	\$ (1)	\$ (1,811)

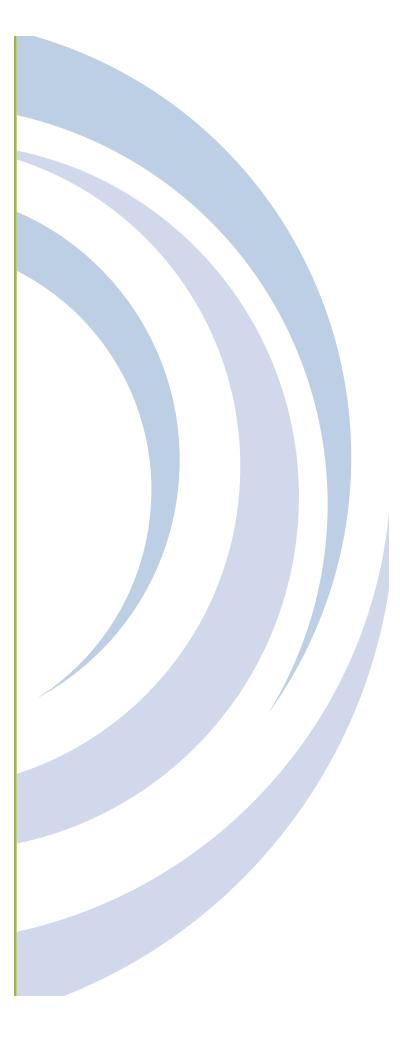
¹ All investment manager fees, whether directly invoiced (\$35,155) or deducted from the fund on a net basis (\$313,069) are classified and reported as Investment Expense. Investment expenses include amounts for investment management fees, performance fees (including carried interest allocations), other expenses such as organizational expenses in limited partnership structures as well as offsets which may have the effect of reducing the total.

² Represents management and other fees at the Strategic Partnership level, not fees at the underlying investment level included in each applicable asset class.

³ Includes miscellaneous investment expenses, commissions on futures, bank fees and RSIC administrative expenses.



Investment Section





November 11, 2015

The Honorable Nikki Haley, Governor State Fiscal Accountability Authority Members of the General Assembly of South Carolina

RE: FYE 2015 Report

Dear Governor and Members:

As the investment consultant for the Retirement System Investment Commission (RSIC), Aon Hewitt Investment Consulting (AHIC) is pleased to submit this summary of the investment structure and performance of the South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS) investment portfolio for the fiscal year ended (FYE) June 30, 2015.

The 2014-15 fiscal year was characterized by the continued dominance of U.S. equities as the sharp rally of the U.S. dollar held back local market gains of non-U.S. assets. Numerous factors contributed to the U.S. dollar rally. The sharp fall of both the Euro and the Yen was largely driven by the loosening of monetary policy by the European Central Bank and the Bank of Japan. In contrast, the U.S. Federal Reserve ended its quantitative easing program in October 2014, which was the first step away from its historically loose monetary policy. Other factors driving U.S. dollar gains more broadly included strong relative growth trends in the U.S., attractive U.S. sovereign yields, and country-specific situations such as falling commodity prices and heightened geopolitical risks.

Throughout the fiscal year, the Commission and its staff worked hard to further several long-term initiatives, including:

- Reviewing asset allocation to improve expected portfolio return and mitigate risk
- Refining investment strategy to lower costs, where possible

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, the SCRS investment portfolio returned 1.6% on a net-of-fee basis. This return exceeded that of the Policy Index by 0.4 percentage points. Over the trailing three-and five-year periods ending June 30, 2015, the SCRS portfolio returns were 8.8% and 8.9%, respectively, which also exceeded the returns of the Policy Index. All returns are reported on a time-weighted return basis.

As of June 30, 2015, the SCRS investment portfolio totaled \$29.2 billion. This represented a decrease of \$0.6 billion from its value on June 30, 2014 due to net outflows of \$1.1 billion and investment gains of \$0.5 billion. The portfolio's asset allocation at fiscal year-end was as follows:

Global Public Equity	32.3%
GTAA ¹ /Risk Parity	10.4
Core Fixed Income	9.6
Low Beta Hedge Funds	9.0
Private Equity	8.8
Mixed Credit	7.4
Private Debt	5.7
Emerging Market Debt	5.0
Real Estate	3.9
Cash and Short Duration (net of overlays)	3.6
Commodities	3.0
Global Fixed Income	1.3
Total	100.0%

The investment portfolio's June 30, 2015 asset allocation was within statutory limits and was consistent with the targets and ranges set forth in the Annual Investment Plan and in the Statement of Investment Objectives and Policy. AHIC will continue to work with the RSIC to monitor the structure and portfolio in an effort to optimize the portfolio's risk/return profile.

We at AHIC are honored to serve as the investment consultant to the RSIC. We look forward to working with the Commissioners and Investment Staff to further enhance the investment portfolio's ability to meet its obligations.

Sincerely,

Suzanne M. Bernard, CFA, CAIA

Sujanne M. Bernard

Partner

Aon Hewitt Investment Consulting

¹ Global Tactical Asset Allocation

The investment performance information provided in the Investment Section of the *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report* is provided by the Systems' custodian, BNY Mellon, and is independently calculated using a time weighted rate of return.

South Carolina Retirement System Summary of Investment Growth

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

		%	Net Income	%
Year Ended	Fair Value of	Increase/Decrease	(Loss) from	Increase/Decrease
June 30,	Investments ¹	for Year	Investments	for Year
2015	\$ 25,707,561	0.65%	\$ 372,452	(89.41%)
2014	25,540,648	7.48%	3,515,834	59.84%
2013	23,762,666	7.50%	2,199,550	1,934.60%
2012	22,105,265	(4.85%)	108,107	(96.99%)
2011	23,232,653	17.26%	3,596,902	37.67%
2010	19,812,203	8.62%	2,612,663	154.95%
2009	18,240,380	(21.05%)	(4,754,668)	(641.53%)
2008	23,103,046	(6.77%)	(641,196)	(121.38%)
2007	24,779,857	8.97%	2,999,209	164.33%
2006	22,741,048	0.99%	1,134,639	(24.20%)

Police Officers Retirement System Summary of Investment Growth

			%	Net Income		%	
Year Ended	Fair Value of		Fair Value of Increase/Decrease		oss) from	Increase/Decrease	
June 30,	In	vestments ¹	for Year	Inv	estments	for Year	
2015	\$	4,052,870	2.69%	\$	58,440	(89.14%)	
2014		3,946,522	9.44%		538,157	63.05%	
2013		3,606,143	9.29%		330,061	1,839.14%	
2012		3,299,647	(2.58%)		17,021	(96.72%)	
2011		3,386,895	19.93%		519,363	43.25%	
2010		2,824,156	11.33%		362,566	156.79%	
2009		2,536,671	(18.18%)		(638,389)	(647.40%)	
2008		3,100,417	(4.83%)		(85,415)	(122.80%)	
2007		3,257,632	11.66%		374,623	167.99%	
2006		2,917,468	4.31%		139,785	(20.51%)	

¹ Fair Value also includes investment categories classified as cash equivalents for financial statement purposes. Investments made with cash collateral received in the securities lending program are excluded.

General Assembly Retirement System Summary of Investment Growth

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

Year Ended June	Fair	Value of	% Increase/Decrease		ss) from	% Increase/Decrease
30,	Inve	stments ¹	for Year	Inve	estments	for Year
2015	\$	33,129	(1.61%)	\$	498	(89.04%)
2014		33,671	3.56%		4,543	45.75%
2013		32,515	2.11%		3,117	1,733.53%
2012		31,843	(10.27%)		170	(97.01%)
2011		35,488	8.65%		5,680	22.36%
2010		32,662	2.79%		4,642	149.34%
2009		31,777	(27.02%)		(9,409)	(728.26%)
2008		43,544	(9.27%)		(1,136)	(119.09%)
2007		47,992	5.98%		5,950	185.23%
2006		45,282	(2.20%)		2,086	(35.58%)

Judges and Solicitors Retirement System Summary of Investment Growth

Year Ended June 30,	Fair Value of Investments ¹		% Increase/Decrease for Year	Net Income (Loss) from Investments		% Increase/Decrease for Year
2015	\$	149,265	2.20%	\$	2,206	(88.94%)
2014		146,095	8.25%		19,954	58.03%
2013		134,963	7.75%		12,627	1,527.19%
2012		125,255	(3.91%)		776	(96.14%)
2011		130,357	17.65%		20,086	37.14%
2010		110,798	9.44%		14,646	154.77%
2009		101,244	(19.64%)		(26,741)	(693.27%)
2008		125,987	(7.00%)		(3,371)	(121.05%)
2007		135,482	10.93%		16,017	178.00%
2006		122,128	3.24%		5,761	(29.30%)

¹ Fair Value also includes investment categories classified as cash equivalents for financial statement purposes. Investments made with cash collateral received in the securities lending program are excluded.

South Carolina National Guard Supplemental Retirement Plan Summary of Investment Growth

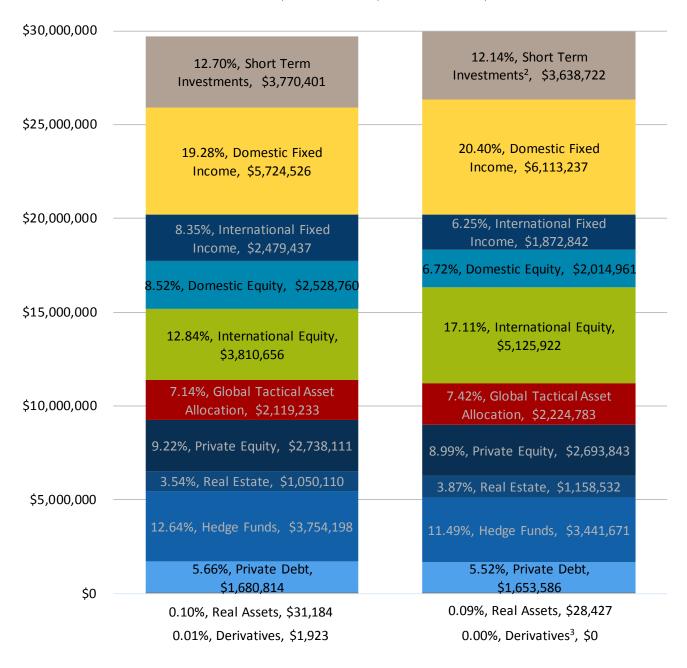
Year Ended June 30,	 Value of estments ¹	% Increase/Decrease for Year	(Lo	Income ss) from estments	% Increase/Decrease for Year
2015	\$ 23,701	5.73%	\$	312	(88.87%)
2014	22,417	12.63%		2,805	67.46%
2013	19,904	12.69%		1,675	1,701.08%
2012	17,662	(1.13%)		93	(96.33%)
2011	17,864	19.04%		2,531	35.71%
2010	15,007	16.25%		1,865	146.39%
2009	12,909	(17.39%)		(4,020)	(1,055.17%)
2008	15,627	(0.55%)		(348)	(117.38%)
2007	15,714	23.83%		2,002	2,149.44%
2006 ²	12,690			89	

¹ Fair Value also includes investment categories classified as cash equivalents for financial statement purposes. Investments made with cash collateral received in the securities lending program are excluded.

² The South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority assumed administrative responsibilities for the South Carolina National Guard Supplemental Retirement Plan January 1, 2006; therefore, prior year data is not presented.

South Carolina Retirement Systems Schedule of Investment Allocation¹

Fair Value of Investments as of June 30, 2015 (Dollar amounts expressed in thousands)



FY 2014 FY 2015

¹Data provided in this chart is derived from the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and for financial statement purposes, allocations are made based on the manager's style. Actual underlying holdings would result in a different allocation.

²Short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less were classified as cash equivalents for financial statement purposes. The short-term total includes cash of \$945,660 (in thousands). Investments made with cash collateral received in the securities lending program are excluded.

³ For accounting purposes, derivatives such as futures, options and swaps are reflected in the asset class to which they pertain.

South Carolina Retirement System Summary of Fair Value of Investments¹

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

					% of Fair
		Fair	Value	9	Value at
	0	6/30/2014	0	6/30/2015	06/30/15
Short-term Investments	\$	3,236,054	\$	3,111,836	12.10%
Debt					
Domestic Fixed Income		4,926,250		5,246,660	20.41%
International Fixed Income		2,133,683		1,607,359	6.25%
Public Equity					
Domestic Equity		2,176,128		1,729,331	6.73%
International Equity		3,279,266		4,399,301	17.11%
Global Tactical Asset Allocation		1,823,709		1,909,410	7.43%
Alternatives		7,965,558		7,703,664	29.97%
Total Investments		25,540,648	\$	25,707,561	100.00%

Police Officers Retirement System Summary of Fair Value of Investments¹

					% of Fair
		Fair '	Value	1	Value at
	06	5/30/2014	06	5/30/2015	06/30/15
Short-term Investments	\$	504,129	\$	496,462	12.25%
Debt					
Domestic Fixed Income		760,296		825,787	20.37%
International Fixed Income		329,303		252,987	6.24%
Public Equity					
Domestic Equity		335,854		272,185	6.72%
International Equity		506,108		692,419	17.08%
Global Tactical Asset Allocation		281,463		300,528	7.42%
Alternatives		1,229,369		1,212,502	29.92%
Total Investments	\$	3,946,522	\$	4,052,870	100.00%

¹Fair Value excludes investments made with cash collateral received in the securities lending program. Assets of the Systems are pooled for investment purposes; however, percentages vary slightly between systems due to cash flow differences, which primarily impact the short-term investment category.

General Assembly Retirement System Summary of Fair Value of Investments¹

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

					% of Fair
		Fair \	/alue		Value at
	06,	/30/2014	06/	30/2015	06/30/15
Short-term Investments	\$ 5,716		\$	5,491	16.58%
Debt					
Domestic Fixed Income		6,174		6,417	19.37%
International Fixed Income		2,675	1,966		5.93%
Public Equity					
Domestic Equity		2,727		2,115	6.39%
International Equity		4,110		5,381	16.24%
Global Tactical Asset Allocation		2,286		2,336	7.05%
Alternatives	9,983			9,423	28.44%
Total Investments	\$	33,671	\$ 33,129		100.00%

Judges and Solicitors Retirement System Summary of Fair Value of Investments¹

					% of Fair
		Fair \	Value		Value at
	06	06/30/2014		/30/2015	06/30/15
Short-term Investments	\$ 20,206		\$	20,315	13.61%
Debt					
Domestic Fixed Income		27,804		29,942	20.06%
International Fixed Income		12,043	9,173		6.15%
Public Equity					
Domestic Equity		12,283		9,869	6.61%
International Equity		18,508		25,106	16.82%
Global Tactical Asset Allocation		10,293		10,896	7.30%
Alternatives		44,958		43,964	29.45%
Total Investments	\$	146,095	\$ 149,265		100.00%

¹Fair Value excludes investments made with cash collateral received in the securities lending program. Assets of the Systems are pooled for investment purposes; however, percentages vary slightly between systems due to cash flow differences, which primarily impact the short-term investment category.

South Carolina National Guard Supplemental Retirement Plan Summary of Fair Value of Investments¹

		Fair \	% of Fair Value at		
	06,	/30/2014	06/	30/2015	06/30/15
Short-term Investments	\$ 4,296		\$	4,618	19.48%
Debt					
Domestic Fixed Income		4,002		4,431	18.70%
International Fixed Income		1,733		1,357	5.73%
Public Equity					
Domestic Equity		1,768		1,461	6.16%
International Equity		2,664		3,715	15.67%
Global Tactical Asset Allocation		1,482		1,613	6.81%
Alternatives		6,472	6,506		27.45%
Total Investments	\$	22,417	\$ 23,701		100.00%

¹Fair Value excludes investments made with cash collateral received in the securities lending program. Assets of the Systems are pooled for investment purposes; however, percentages vary slightly between systems due to cash flow differences, which primarily impact the short-term investment category.

South Carolina Retirement Systems List of Largest Assets Held

As of June 30, 2015

128,309,556 Blackrock MSCI World Index \$1,760,710,872 \$2,77,123,432 \$2,153,537 \$1,00,48,117 \$1,487,031 \$2,2052 \$2,292,176 \$2,001 \$353,100,864 \$5,507,577 \$431,800 \$2,015,094 \$298,216 \$41; \$4,910,972 \$453,573 \$450,000 \$282,101 \$2,7733 \$3,100,864 \$35,575,577 \$431,800 \$2,015,094 \$298,216 \$41; \$453,573 \$450,000 \$2,773 \$3,121,835 \$5,213,142 \$40,512 \$189,021 \$29,793 \$3,100,864 \$3,121,835 \$3,213,143 \$40,512 \$189,021 \$29,821 \$41; \$3,112 \$10,115 \$1		in the following index funds:											
22,921,176	<u>Units</u>	Description		<u>SCRS</u>	PORS		GARS		<u>JSRS</u>		SCNG		Fair Value
A 910,972 MSCI EAFE Index NL Fund (FD12) 333,100,864 55,575,577 431,880 2,015,094 298,216 431,680 70 70 70 70 70 70 70			\$1					\$1		\$1		\$ 2	2,051,522,98
A63,573 MSCI CAD Index NL Fund (CA-12) 33,121,835 5,213,142 40,512 189,021 27,973 33,		•					•				-		612,981,01
Total Tota		• • •					-				-		411,421,63
Name	463,573	MSCI CAD Index NL Fund (CA-12)				12	40,512		189,021		27,973		38,592,48
Units Description SCRS PORS GARS JSRS SCNG Fair				Total								\$ 3	3,114,518,11
222,937 Apple Inc	Top Ten Equity	Holdings											
155,537 CVS Health Corp 14,000,323 2,203,552 17,124 79,898 11,824 16 127,097 UnitedHealth Group Inc 13,307,816 2,094,556 16,6277 75,946 11,129 11,299 124,683 Gilead Sciences Inc 12,528,573 1,971,099 15,324 71,499 10,581 1285,174 Altria Group Inc 11,970,692 1,884,102 14,641 68,315 10,110 13 285,174 Altria Group Inc 11,970,692 1,884,102 14,641 68,315 10,110 13 283,579 Wells Fargo & Co 11,515,669 1,812,485 14,085 65,718 9,726 61,500 Costar Group Inc 11,141,120 1,735,535 13,627 63,581 9,409 12 281,811 Microsoft Corp 10,678,256 1,680,682 13,061 60,939 9,018 13 111,199 Home Depot Inc 10,605,811 1,669,279 12,972 60,526 8,957 11 88,000 Jack Henry & Associates Inc 10,439,358 1,643,081 12,768 59,576 8,817 12 5 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 1	<u>Units</u>	Description		<u>SCRS</u>	PORS		GARS		<u>JSRS</u>		SCNG		Fair Value
127,097 UnitedHealth Group Inc 13,307,816 2,094,556 16,277 75,946 11,239 15 124,683 Gilead Sciences Inc 12,528,573 1,971,909 15,324 71,499 10,581 12 238,579 Wells Fargo & Co 11,515,669 1,812,485 14,085 65,718 9,726 13 64,500 Costar Group Inc 11,141,120 1,753,533 13,627 63,581 9,409 12 281,811 Microsoft Corp 10,678,256 1,680,682 13,061 60,939 9,018 13 111,199 Home Depot Inc 10,605,811 1,669,279 12,972 60,526 8,957 11 188,000 Jack Henry & Associates Inc 10,439,358 1,643,081 12,768 59,576 8,817 12 8 5,5600,000 IShares Emerging Markets Local Currency \$ 210,029,898 \$ 33,057,220 \$ 256,889 \$ 1,198,610 \$ 177,383 \$ 244 Bond ETF 1,200,000 IShares IP Morgan USD Emerging Market 113,206,046 17,817,831 138,463 646,050 95,610 13: Bond ETF 1,22950,000 Commit To Purchase FNMA 4.000% due 111,797,722 17,596,170 136,741 638,013 94,420 130 103,400,000 US Treasury Note 2.750% 92,132,578 14,501,016 112,688 525,787 77,812 100 84,915,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% 64,831,240 10,203,978 79,296 369,982 54,754 75,000,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% 64,831,240 10,203,978 79,296 369,982 54,754 75,000,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% 64,138,415 10,094,933 78,448 366,028 54,169 72,000,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% 64,138,415 10,094,933 78,448 366,028 54,169 72,000,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% 64,138,415 10,094,933 78,448 366,028 54,169 72,000,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% 64,138,415 10,094,933 78,448 366,028 54,754 75,000,000 US Treasury Rond 2.500% 64,138,415 10,094,933 78,448 366,028 54,169 72,000,000 US Treasury Rond 2.500% 64,138,415 10,094,933 78,448 366,028 54,169 72,000,000 US Treasury Rond 2.500% 64,138,415 10,094,933 78,448 366,028 54,169 72,000,000 US Treasury Rond 2.500% 64,138,415 10,094,933 78,448 366,028 54,169 72,000,000 US Treasury Rond 2.500% 64,138,415 10,094,933 78,448 366,028 54,169 72,000,000 US Treasury Rond 2.500% 64,138,415 10,094,933 78,448 366,028 54,169 72,000,000 US Treasury Rond 2.500% 64,138,415 10,094,933 78,448 366,028 54,169 72,000,000 US Treasury Rond 2.500% 64,188,415 10,094,933 78,448 366,028 54,169 72,0	222,937	Apple Inc	\$	23,998,159	\$ 3,777,14	10	\$ 29,352	\$	136,954	\$	20,268	\$	27,961,87
124,683 Gilead Sciences Inc 285,174 Altria Group Inc 11,970,692 1,884,102 14,641 68,315 10,110 12 238,579 Wells Fargo & Co 11,515,669 1,812,485 14,085 65,718 9,726 13 64,500 Costar Group Inc 11,141,120 1,753,533 13,627 63,581 9,409 11 281,811 Microsoft Corp 10,678,256 1,680,682 13,061 60,939 9,018 11 111,199 Home Depot Inc 10,605,811 1,669,279 12,972 60,526 8,957 12 188,000 Jack Henry & Associates Inc 10,439,358 1,643,081 12,768 59,576 8,817 12 188,000 Escription 10,439,358 1,643,081 12,768 59,576 8,817 12 10,500,000 Ishares IP Morgan USD Emerging Market 113,206,046 17,817,831 138,463 646,050 95,610 13: 103,400,000 US Treasury Note 2.750% 92,132,578 14,501,016 112,688 525,787 77,812 10: 103,400,000 US Treasury Note 2.50% 64,338,145 10,094,933 78,448 366,028 54,169 72 due 02/15/2024 75,000,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% 64,318,415 10,094,933 78,448 366,028 54,169 72 due 09/15/2017 56,500,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% 58,698,036 9,238,655 71,794 334,981 49,574 66,800,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% 58,698,036 9,238,655 71,794 334,981 49,574 66,800,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% 58,698,036 9,238,655 71,794 334,981 49,574 66,800,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% 58,698,036 9,238,655 71,794 334,981 49,574 66,200,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% 58,698,036 9,238,655 71,794 334,981 49,574 66,800,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% 58,698,036 9,238,655 71,794 334,981 49,574 66,800,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% 58,698,036 9,238,655 71,794 334,981 49,574 66,800,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% 58,698,036 9,238,655 71,794 334,981 49,574 66,800,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% 58,698,036 9,238,655 71,794 334,981 49,574 66,201,201,201,201,201,201,201,201,201,201	155,537	CVS Health Corp		14,000,323	2,203,55	52	17,124		79,898		11,824		16,312,72
285,174 Altria Group Inc 285,174 Altria Group Inc 238,579 Wells Fargo & Co 11,515,669 1,812,485 14,085 65,718 9,726 12 281,811 Microsoft Corp 10,678,256 1,680,682 13,061 60,939 9,018 12 281,811 Microsoft Corp 10,678,256 1,680,682 13,061 60,939 9,018 12 111,199 Home Depot Inc 10,605,811 1,669,279 12,972 60,526 8,957 12 188,000 Jack Henry & Associates Inc 10,439,358 1,643,081 12,768 59,576 8,817 12 Total Total Total Fop Ten Fixed Income Holdings Par Value Societies Inc Scription	127,097	UnitedHealth Group Inc		13,307,816	2,094,55	56	16,277		75,946		11,239		15,505,83
238,579 Wells Fargo & Co 64,500 Costar Group Inc 11,141,120 1,753,533 13,627 63,581 9,726 12 64,500 Costar Group Inc 11,141,120 1,753,533 13,627 63,581 9,409 12 281,811 Microsoft Corp 10,678,256 1,680,682 13,061 60,939 9,018 12 111,199 Home Depot Inc 10,605,811 1,669,279 12,972 60,526 8,957 12 188,000 Jack Henry & Associates Inc 10,439,358 1,643,081 12,768 59,576 8,817 12 Total	124,683	Gilead Sciences Inc		12,528,573	1,971,90)9	15,324		71,499		10,581		14,597,88
64,500 Costar Group Inc 11,141,120 1,753,533 13,627 63,581 9,409 12,281,811 Microsoft Corp 10,678,256 1,680,682 13,061 60,939 9,018 12,111,199 Home Depot Inc 10,605,811 1,669,279 12,972 60,526 8,957 12,188,000 Jack Henry & Associates Inc 10,439,358 1,643,081 12,768 59,576 8,817 12	285,174	Altria Group Inc		11,970,692	1,884,10)2	14,641		68,315		10,110		13,947,86
64,500 Costar Group Inc 11,141,120 1,753,533 13,627 63,581 9,409 12,281,811 Microsoft Corp 10,678,256 1,680,682 13,061 60,939 9,018 12,111,199 Home Depot Inc 10,605,811 1,669,279 12,972 60,526 8,957 12,188,000 Jack Henry & Associates Inc 10,439,358 1,643,081 12,768 59,576 8,817 12	238,579	Wells Fargo & Co		11,515,669	1,812,48	35	14,085		65,718		9,726		13,417,68
111,199 Home Depot Inc 188,000 Jack Henry & Associates Inc 10,439,358 1,643,081 12,768 59,576 8,817 12 Total Total Total Par Value Spar Value Spand ETF 1,200,000 Ishares IP Morgan USD Emerging Market Bond ETF 1,200,000 US Treasury Note 2.750% 92,132,578 14,501,016 112,688 525,787 77,812 103,400,000 US Treasury Note 2.00% 64,138,415 10,094,933 78,448 366,028 54,169 76,600,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% due 09/15/2017 68,000,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% due 09/15/2017 68,000,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% 58,698,036 9,238,655 71,794 334,981 49,574 66,231,568 US Treasury Note 2.125% due 09/15/2017 68,000,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% 58,698,036 9,238,655 71,794 334,981 49,574 66,231,568 US Treasury Note 1.000% due 09/15/2017 68,000,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% 38,695,221 6,090,354 47,328 220,828 32,681 44,4730,000 US Treasury Note 2.125% 38,551,336 6,067,707 47,152 220,007 32,559 44,4730,000 US Treasury Note 2.125% 38,551,336 6,067,707 47,152 220,007 32,559 44,4730,000 US Treasury Note 2.125% 38,551,336 6,067,707 47,152 220,007 32,559 44,4730,000 US Treasury Note 2.125% 38,551,336 6,067,707 47,152 220,007 32,559 44,4730,000 US Treasury Note 2.125% 38,551,336 6,067,707 47,152 220,007 32,559 44,4730,000 US Treasury Note 2.125% 38,551,336 6,067,707 47,152 220,007 32,559 44,4730,000 US Treasury Note 2.125% 38,551,336 6,067,707 47,152 220,007 32,559 44,4730,000 US Treasury Note 2.125% 38,551,336 6,067,707 47,152 220,007 32,559 44,4730,000 US Treasury Note 2.125% 38,551,336 6,067,707 47,152 220,007 32,559 44,4730,000 US Treasury Note 2.125% 38,551,336 6,067,707 47,152 220,007 32,559 44,4730,000 US Treasury Note 2.125% 38,551,336 6,067,707 47,152 220,007 32,559 44,4730,000 US Treasury Note 2.125% 38,551,336 6,067,707 47,152 220,007 32,559 44,4730,000 US Treasury Note 2.125% 38,551,336 6,067,707 47,152 220,007 32,559 44,4730,000 US Treasury Note 2.125% 38,551,336 6,067,707 47,152 220,007 32,559 44,4730,000 US Treasury Note 2.125% 38,551,336 6,067,707 47,152 220,007 32,559 44,4730,000 US Treasury Note 2.125% 38,551,336 6,067		•					-		-		-		12,981,27
111,199 Home Depot Inc 188,000 Jack Henry & Associates Inc 10,439,358 1,643,081 12,768 59,576 8,817 12 Total Tot	· ·	•					•		-		-		12,441,95
188,000 Jack Henry & Associates Inc 10,439,358 1,643,081 12,768 59,576 8,817 12.	•	•					•		•		•		12,357,54
Total Secretary Port Prized Income Holdings Par Value Description SCRS PORS GARS JSRS SCNG Fair Science Scie	•	•					•		•		•		12,163,60
Par Value Description SCRS PORS GARS JSRS SCNG Fair	100,000	Jack Helli y & Associates inc) <u> </u>	12,700		33,370		0,017	_	151,688,22
\$ 5,600,000 iShares Emerging Markets Local Currency \$ 210,029,898 \$ 33,057,220 \$ 256,889 \$ 1,198,610 \$ 177,383 \$ 244 Bond ETF 1,200,000 iShares JP Morgan USD Emerging Market 113,206,046 17,817,831 138,463 646,050 95,610 133 Bond ETF 122,950,000 Commit To Purchase FNMA 4.000% due 07/10/2045 103,400,000 US Treasury Note 2.750% 92,132,578 14,501,016 112,688 525,787 77,812 107 due 02/15/2024 75,000,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% 64,831,240 10,203,978 79,296 369,982 54,754 75 due 08/31/2016 84,915,000 US Treasury Bond 2.500% 64,138,415 10,094,933 78,448 366,028 54,169 74 due 02/15/2045 68,000,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% 58,698,036 9,238,655 71,794 334,981 49,574 68 due 09/15/2017 56,500,000 Federal Farm Credit Bank 1.125% due 48,683,877 7,662,498 59,546 277,832 41,117 56 12/18/2017 46,231,568 US Treasury - CPI Inflation 0.125% due 38,695,221 6,090,354 47,328 220,828 32,681 45 07/15/2024 44,730,000 US Treasury Note 2.125% 38,551,336 6,067,707 47,152 220,007 32,559 444	-												
Bond ETF 1,200,000 iShares JP Morgan USD Emerging Market 113,206,046 17,817,831 138,463 646,050 95,610 133 Bond ETF 122,950,000 Commit To Purchase FNMA 4.000% due 07/01/2045 136,741 638,013 94,420 136 07/01/2045 103,400,000 US Treasury Note 2.750% 92,132,578 14,501,016 112,688 525,787 77,812 103 due 02/15/2024 75,000,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% 64,831,240 10,203,978 79,296 369,982 54,754 75 due 08/31/2016 36,000,000 US Treasury Bond 2.500% 64,138,415 10,094,933 78,448 366,028 54,169 74 due 02/15/2045 58,698,036 9,238,655 71,794 334,981 49,574 68 due 09/15/2017 56,500,000 Federal Farm Credit Bank 1.125% due 48,683,877 7,662,498 59,546 277,832 41,117 56 12/18/2017 46,231,568 US Treasury - CPI Inflation 0.125% due 38,695,221 6,090,354 47,328 220,828 32,681 45 07/15/2024 44,730,000 US Treasury Note 2.125% 38,551,336 6,067,707 47,152 220,007 32,559 44													Fair Value
Bond ETF 122,950,000	\$ 5,600,000	,	\$	210,029,898	\$ 33,057,22	20	\$ 256,889	\$	1,198,610	\$	177,383	\$	244,720,00
07/01/2045 103,400,000 US Treasury Note 2.750% 92,132,578 14,501,016 112,688 525,787 77,812 107, due 02/15/2024 75,000,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% 64,831,240 10,203,978 79,296 369,982 54,754 75, due 08/31/2016 84,915,000 US Treasury Bond 2.500% 64,138,415 10,094,933 78,448 366,028 54,169 74, due 02/15/2045 68,000,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% 58,698,036 9,238,655 71,794 334,981 49,574 68, due 09/15/2017 56,500,000 Federal Farm Credit Bank 1.125% due 48,683,877 7,662,498 59,546 277,832 41,117 56, 12/18/2017 46,231,568 US Treasury - CPI Inflation 0.125% due 38,695,221 6,090,354 47,328 220,828 32,681 45, 07/15/2024 44,730,000 US Treasury Note 2.125% 38,551,336 6,067,707 47,152 220,007 32,559 44	1,200,000	5 5		113,206,046	17,817,83	31	138,463		646,050		95,610		131,904,00
due 02/15/2024 75,000,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% 64,831,240 10,203,978 79,296 369,982 54,754 75 due 08/31/2016 84,915,000 US Treasury Bond 2.500% 64,138,415 10,094,933 78,448 366,028 54,169 74 due 02/15/2045 68,000,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% 58,698,036 9,238,655 71,794 334,981 49,574 68 due 09/15/2017 56,500,000 Federal Farm Credit Bank 1.125% due 48,683,877 7,662,498 59,546 277,832 41,117 56 12/18/2017 46,231,568 US Treasury - CPI Inflation 0.125% due 38,695,221 6,090,354 47,328 220,828 32,681 45 07/15/2024 44,730,000 US Treasury Note 2.125% 38,551,336 6,067,707 47,152 220,007 32,559 44	122,950,000			111,797,722	17,596,17	70	136,741		638,013		94,420		130,263,06
due 08/31/2016 84,915,000 US Treasury Bond 2.500% 64,138,415 10,094,933 78,448 366,028 54,169 74 due 02/15/2045 68,000,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% 58,698,036 9,238,655 71,794 334,981 49,574 68 due 09/15/2017 56,500,000 Federal Farm Credit Bank 1.125% due 48,683,877 7,662,498 59,546 277,832 41,117 56 12/18/2017 46,231,568 US Treasury - CPI Inflation 0.125% due 38,695,221 6,090,354 47,328 220,828 32,681 45 07/15/2024 44,730,000 US Treasury Note 2.125% 38,551,336 6,067,707 47,152 220,007 32,559 44	103,400,000	•		92,132,578	14,501,01	16	112,688		525,787		77,812		107,349,88
due 02/15/2045 68,000,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% 58,698,036 9,238,655 71,794 334,981 49,574 68 due 09/15/2017 56,500,000 Federal Farm Credit Bank 1.125% due 48,683,877 7,662,498 59,546 277,832 41,117 56 12/18/2017 46,231,568 US Treasury - CPI Inflation 0.125% due 38,695,221 6,090,354 47,328 220,828 32,681 45 07/15/2024 44,730,000 US Treasury Note 2.125% 38,551,336 6,067,707 47,152 220,007 32,559 44	75,000,000	•		64,831,240	10,203,97	78	79,296		369,982		54,754		75,539,25
68,000,000 US Treasury Note 1.000% 58,698,036 9,238,655 71,794 334,981 49,574 68 due 09/15/2017 56,500,000 Federal Farm Credit Bank 1.125% due 48,683,877 7,662,498 59,546 277,832 41,117 56 12/18/2017 46,231,568 US Treasury - CPI Inflation 0.125% due 38,695,221 6,090,354 47,328 220,828 32,681 45 07/15/2024 44,730,000 US Treasury Note 2.125% 38,551,336 6,067,707 47,152 220,007 32,559 44	84,915,000	•		64,138,415	10,094,93	33	78,448		366,028		54,169		74,731,99
56,500,000 Federal Farm Credit Bank 1.125% due 48,683,877 7,662,498 59,546 277,832 41,117 56 12/18/2017 46,231,568 US Treasury - CPI Inflation 0.125% due 38,695,221 6,090,354 47,328 220,828 32,681 45 07/15/2024 44,730,000 US Treasury Note 2.125% 38,551,336 6,067,707 47,152 220,007 32,559 44	68,000,000	•		58,698,036	9,238,65	55	71,794		334,981		49,574		68,393,04
46,231,568 US Treasury - CPI Inflation 0.125% due 38,695,221 6,090,354 47,328 220,828 32,681 45 07/15/2024 44,730,000 US Treasury Note 2.125% 38,551,336 6,067,707 47,152 220,007 32,559 44	56,500,000	Federal Farm Credit Bank 1.125% due		48,683,877	7,662,49	98	59,546		277,832		41,117		56,724,87
44,730,000 US Treasury Note 2.125% 38,551,336 6,067,707 47,152 220,007 32,559 44	46,231,568	US Treasury - CPI Inflation 0.125% due		38,695,221	6,090,35	54	47,328		220,828		32,681		45,086,41
due 06/30/2022	44,730,000	US Treasury Note 2.125%		38,551,336	6,067,70	07	47,152		220,007		32,559		44,918,76

Note: A complete list of portfolio holdings is available upon request.

Total

\$ 979,631,273

South Carolina Retirement Systems Schedule of Investment Results Combined Investment Portfolio

Schedule of Investments	FYE 2015	3 Years	5 Years
South Carolina Plan Return (Net of Fees) ¹	1.60%	8.81%	8.87%
South Carolina Policy Benchmark ²	1.21%	7.74%	8.05%
Global Public Equity	1.91%	14.94%	13.03%
MSCI All-Country World Index Net	0.71%	13.01%	11.93%
Private Equity	9.71%	15.82%	14.39%
80% Russell 3000 / 20% MSCI EAFE + 300 Bps on a 3-month lag	12.63%	17.98%	16.02%
Commodity ^{1,3}	n/a	n/a	n/a
Bloomberg Commodity Index	-23.71%	-8.76%	-3.91%
Real Estate	19.32%	18.97%	12.81%
NCREIF Open-end Diversified Core (ODCE) Index 75 Bps	14.20%	13.41%	15.27%
HF (Low Beta)	8.62%	n/a	n/a
HFRI Fund weighted Composite Index	2.31%	6.38%	5.13%
GTAA	-1.72%	5.62%	8.62%
50% MSCI World / 50% S&P/Citi WGBI	-3.85%	5.69%	7.12%
Private Debt	4.87%	11.86%	9.78%
S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan + 150 Bps on a 3-month lag	4.04%	6.41%	6.56%
Mixed Credit	-1.88%	5.65%	6.74%
1/3 Barclays U.S. High Yield - 2% Issuer Cap, 1/3 S&P/LSTA Leveraged			
Loan and 1/3 Barclays MBS Indices	1.25%	4.54%	5.67%
EM Debt	-7.88%	0.16%	3.20%
50% JPM EMBI USD / 50% JPM GBIEM Local	-7.72%	0.22%	3.89%
Core Fixed Income	1.62%	2.05%	3.64%
Barclays US Aggregate Bond Index	1.86%	1.83%	3.35%
Global Fixed Income	-3.41%	2.28%	4.29%
Barclays Global Aggregate Bond Index (Hedged)	2.96%	3.27%	3.71%
Short Duration	1.12%	1.40%	1.72%
Barclays 1-3 Year Government/Credit Index	0.93%	0.94%	1.17%
Cash ⁴	0.02%	0.06%	0.08%
Merrill Lynch 3-Month T-Bill	0.02%	0.06%	0.08%

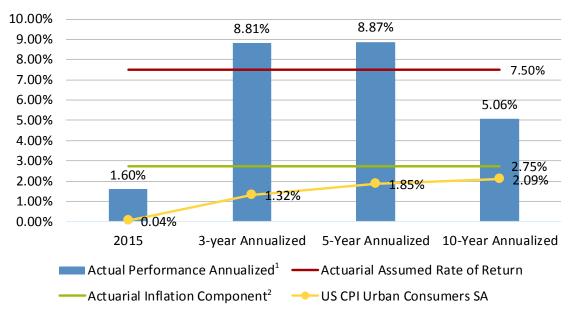
¹ Plan returns are from BNY Mellon and are time-weighted, total return calculations, net of fees and expenses. All returns are expressed in U.S. Dollars. Periods greater than one year are annualized. Returns generated from synthetic exposure through the Overlay Program are reflected in the total Plan return but are not included in the asset class segment returns.

² The South Carolina Policy Benchmark is set annually by the RSIC and has changed over time. The presented returns are a blend of these past policies.

³ Commodity exposure is captured in the overlay program synthetically.

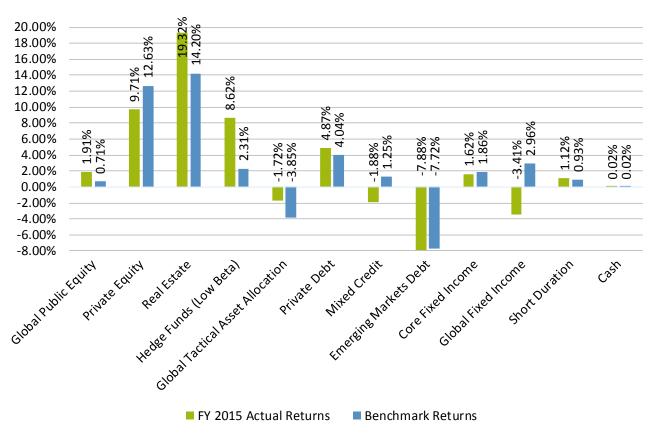
⁴ Cash returns are estimated using the Merrill Lynch 3-Month T-Bill.

South Carolina Retirement Systems Investment Performance Summary



¹Plan returns are from BNY Mellon and are time-weighted, total return calculations, net of fees and expenses. All returns are expressed in U.S. Dollars. Periods greater than one year are annualized.

Fiscal Year 2015 Investment Performance by Market Segment



²The actuarial assumed rate of return is 7.50 percent starting with returns after July 1, 2011, and is composed of an assumed 2. 75 percent Inflation rate and a 4.75 percent real rate of return, net of investment and administrative expenses.

South Carolina Retirement Systems Schedule of Investment Fees and Commissions

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Un	ir Value of Assets der Management t June 30, 2015 ¹	R	eported Fees ²
Investment Managers' Fees		\$	29,925,776,151	\$	348,224,409
Other Investment Service Fees					
Bank Fees and Investment Expenses					12,821,969
				\$	361,046,377
	Number of Shares		2	Avera	age Commissions
Brokerage Firm	Traded		Commissions ³		per Share
Goldman Sachs & Co.	8,211,164	\$	1,349,428		0.1643

Brokerage Firm	Traded	Commissions	per Share
Goldman Sachs & Co.	8,211,164	\$ 1,349	,428 0.1643
Instinet Europe Limited	29,380,731	281	,002 0.0096
Pershing LLC	26,269,307,281	264	,612 0.0000
Merrill Lynch Pierce Fenner Smith Inc.	14,498,130	239	,051 0.0165
Investment Technology Group	15,911,154	207	,551 0.0130
UBS Securities LLC	12,202,521	202	,100 0.0166
Morgan Stanley & Co., Inc.	24,778,505	148	,307 0.0060
Credit Suisse	12,002,242	115	,780 0.0097
Deutsche Bank International Equities	12,123,296	101	,395 0.0084
UBS Warburg	10,798,148	86	,771 0.0080
Deutsche Bank Securities Inc.	2,668,202	83	,812 0.0314
RCB Capital Markets LLC	3,252,254	71	,347 0.0219
Merrill Lynch Gilts LTD	7,142,039	63	,933 0.0090
Knight Equity Markets LP	1,152,700	57	,262 0.0497
Jefferies & Co., Inc.	2,725,540	56	,150 0.0206
BNY Convergex	1,364,118	54	,862 0.0402
Stifel Nicolaus	1,371,858	53	,610 0.0391
All others ⁴	87,686,729	993	,955 0.0113
	26,516,576,612	\$ 4,430	,928 0.0002

¹ Assets under management include categories classified as cash and cash equivalents for financial statement purposes.

² A portion of investment expenses are directly invoiced by the manager; however, a significant number of investment managers provide account valuations on a net of fee basis. The RSIC makes a good faith attempt to account for fees that are not necessarily readily separable. Conifer Financial Services, administrator for the RSIC, provides support to the RSIC for the collection, aggregation and reasonability testing so that the RSIC can provide the Retirement Division of PEBA with investment fees and expenses that would not be disclosed otherwise. These amounts include management fees, performance fees (carried interest) and other expenses such as organizational expenses in limited partnership structures.

³ Commissions paid to brokers are considered a part of the investment asset cost and are therefore not reported as expenses of the System.

⁴ Other brokers include 102 additional brokers each receiving less that \$50,000 in total commissions.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

		Fair Value of Assets Under	Manager						Total
		Management	Fees	Managamant	Doufoussess	0	the au		stment
Chulo	Investment Meneral	at 6/30/2015 ¹	Directly Invoiced	Management			ther		anager
Style Short Dur	Investment Manager	at 6/30/2015	invoiced	Fees	Fees		ees		ees
		¢ 100.039		\$ 502		ċ	448	ċ	OEO
	pollo Partnership Short Duration	\$ 190,028		\$ 502		\$	448	\$	950
	oldman Sachs Partnership Short Duration	395,143	1 540						1 540
_	enn Limited Term HY	425,071	1,549						1,549
	c Fixed Income								
	xed Income	1 407 205	1 222						1 222
	ackrock Financial Management, Inc.	1,407,385	1,332						1,332
	mison, Eaton & Wood	1 211 277	316						316
	acific Investment Management Co.	1,211,277	1,754						1,754
	ussell IG Transition	165,579							
Mixed		270.672		2 400			640		2.427
	pollo Partnership Mixed Credit	279,673		2,489			648		3,137
	SO Partnership Mixed Credit	8,014					106		106
	uggenheim	449,014	276						276
	oomis Sayles HY	214,942	1,057						1,057
	enn HY	265,402	1,228						1,228
	nebridge	396,190							
	xed Income								
Global	Fixed Income								
Lo	oomis Sayles GFI	369,114	1,146						1,146
Mo	ondrian GFI		674						674
W	AMCO GFI		1,065						1,065
Emergi	ng Market Debt								
Go	oldman Sachs Partnership Emerging Market Debt	255,972		1,122					1,122
Mo	ondrian Investment Group, Inc.	214,956	1,257						1,257
Ru	ussell EMD Transition	552,355	509						509
Ru	ussell EMD Transition Local	51,096	22						22
Domestic	c Equity:								
Int	tegrity Small V	336,094	1,886						1,886
Ру	ramis Small C	315,856	2,013				(81)		1,932
Ru	ussell - Large Cap Transitions	56	845						845
Tir	mesSquare SMID G	561,263	4,249						4,249
Global Ed	quity								
Global	Equity								
AC	QR	685,992	138						138
Bla	ackrock Global Equity	2,051,523	404						404
Int	tech	690,479	254						254
Sta	ate Street Global Equity	1,062,995	111						111
	ped International Equity	•							
	hnston Fund		590						590
Lig	ghthouse Partnership Developed International Equity	464,569		2,749			195		2,944
_	ussell Global Equity Transition	2,907	55						55

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

Style	Investment Manager	Fair Value of Assets Under Management at 6/30/2015 ¹	Manager Fees Directly Invoiced	Management Fees	Performance Fees	Other Fees	Total Investment Manager Fees
Eme	erging Market Equity						
	Aberdeen	236,781	1,975				1,975
	LSV Asset Management	249,155		2,584			2,584
	Schroders	246,650	1,878				1,878
	William Blair	268,151	1,698				1,698
Globa	l Tactical Asset Allocation						
	Bridgewater Associates, Inc.	1,009,390		2,970		439	3,409
	Grantham, Mayo, Van Otterloo & Co. LLC	973,268	5,493	3,370			8,863
	Entrust Partnership Global Tactical Asset Allocation	242,125		1,017	(378)	1,456	2,095
Alterr	natives:						
Hed	ge Funds (Global Public Equity, Low Beta, Mixed Credit	:)					
	Apollo Partnership Hedge Funds	6,539				162	162
	Blackstone Partnership Hedge Funds	101					
	Blackstone SAF II	188,143		1,434			1,434
	Bridgewater Associates, Inc.	443,575		10,402	10,784	428	21,614
	Bridgewater Associates, Inc.	108,384		2,390	4,491	124	7,005
	Caspian SC Holdings LP	221,730		2,273	(1,566)		707
	DE Shaw - DE Shaw Composite	392,443		9,240	16,473		25,713
	GAM PA	9,365				29	29
	Goldman Sachs Partnership Hedge Funds	77,147		1,080		245	1,325
	Grosvenor Partnership Hedge Funds	376,735		3,245	84	554	3,883
	GSO Partnership Hedge Funds	93,383		1,230	(1,009)	265	486
	Lighthouse Partnership Hedge Funds	1,384,174		25,900	23,059	3,655	52,614
	Loomis Sayles Credit L/S			86	(160)		(74)
	Morgan Stanley Partnership Hedge Funds	139,953		1,066	(65)	180	1,181
	Reservoir Strategic Partners Fund L.P.	81,184		956	85	180	1,221
Priv	ate Debt						
	Angelo Gordon VI	9,392		179	(1,805)	38	(1,588)
	Apollo Partnership Private Debt	67,488		1,347	3,828	667	5,842
	Avenue Europe I (Parallel II)	3,340			315	84	399
	Avenue Europe II	55,685		1,038	1,465	285	2,788
	Avenue Spec VI	74,704		448	(8,116)	256	(7,412)
	Crescent Mezz V	29,942		287	1,404		1,691
	Crescent Mezz VI	65,943		1,166	707	463	2,336
	DE Shaw Direct Capital	24,088		299			299
	Gateway Energy	28,020		28	66	384	478
	Goldman Sachs Mezz V	12,962		780	886		1,666
	Goldman Sachs Partnership Private Debt	164,226		1,616	1,461	1,668	4,745
	Golub PEARLS	77,891		480	357	190	1,027
	GSO Partnership Private Debt	634,271		4,093	3,267	2,786	10,146
	KKR Lending Partners II	43,384			502	693	1,195

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

Style	Investment Manager	Fair Value of Assets Under Management at 6/30/2015 ¹	Manager Fees Directly Invoiced	Management Fees	Fees	Other Fees	Total Investment Manager Fees
	Morgan Stanley Partnership Private Debt	43,531		503	508	186	1,197
	Northstar Mezz V	28,420		498		15	513
	Sankaty COP IV	42,660		1,077	51	61	1,189
	Sankaty COP V	40,464		361	(32)	94	423
	Selene I	1,723		156	1,200	489	1,845
	Selene II	72,632		1,154	520	2,058	3,732
	SJC DL II	32,460			481	68	549
	WL Ross - WLR Whole Loans	65,324		167	2,121	127	2,415
	WL Ross Partnership Private Debt	35,035					
Priv	ate Equity						
	Advent - Advent International GPE VII	36,091		615			615
	Apax Europe VII	28,248		25	5,981	30	6,036
	Apax Europe VIII	25,353		908	1,054	456	2,418
	Apollo Partnership Private Equity	212,651		2,141	(5,345)	1,368	(1,836)
	Aquiline Financial Services I	71,163		639	(1,008)	(14)	(383)
	Aquiline Financial Services II	132,776		1,587	2,938	138	4,663
	Azalea Co-Investment	23					
	BC European Cap IX	19,662		391	943	58	1,392
	Bridgepoint Europe IV	48,462		375		138	513
	Bridgepoint Europe V	(343)					
	Brookfield Capital IV	(161)					
	Carousel Capital III	6,832		18	695		713
	Carousel Capital IV	21,252		233	1,433	1	1,667
	CD&R VIII	86,704					
	Crestview II	85,254		340	1,142	59	1,541
	Crestview III	9,071		481		721	1,202
	Goldman Sachs Partnership Private Equity	63,218		863	944	242	2,049
	Industry Ventures V	51,915		2,101	4,961		7,062
	Industry Ventures VI	31,109		312			312
	Industry Ventures VII	17,372		500	304	163	967
	Lexington Capital VII	60,679		1,265	567	118	1,950
	Lexington Middle Market II	32,812		420	185	23	628
	Morgan Stanley Partnership Private Equity	341,057		3,186	2,215	611	6,012
	Neuberger Berman II	24,642		349	154	50	553
	Oaktree EOF III	34,769		585	1,754		2,339
	Pantheon Europe V	41,434		514		34	548
	Pantheon USA VII	101,960		937		1	938
	Paul Capital IX	29,692		831			831
	Reservoir Capital Partners (Cayman) L.P.	58,642		521	1,543	23	2,087
	Square 1 Venture 1	35,682		254	351	41	646
	Truebridge Capital I	52,023		340	633	63	1,036
	Truebridge Capital II	62,766		444	763	107	1,314

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

		Fair Value of Assets Under	Manager				Total
		Management	Fees Directly	Managamant	Performance	Other	Investment
Style	Investment Manager	at 6/30/2015 ¹	Invoiced	Fees	Fees	Fees	Manager Fees
<u> </u>	Warburg Pincus X	76,496	voiceu	2,054	216	213	2,483
	Warburg Pincus XI	38,625		1,113	1,820	274	3,207
	Welsh Carson Anderson & Stowe XI	43,579		299	1,881	77	2,257
	WL Ross Partnership Private Equity	195,744		119	4,541	78	4,738
	Various Private Equity Managers ³	436,707		979	834	63	1,876
Real E		430,707		373	054	03	1,070
ilcui L	American Timberlands Fund	27,936		450	(598)		(148)
	Apollo Partnership Real Estate	91,465		1,317	2,449	971	4,737
	Blackstone Real Estate VII	139,223		4,232	6,147	3,1	10,379
	Brookfield REF III	24,367		613	3,2		613
	Brookfield REF IV	9,097		45		42	87
	Brookfield SREP LP	74,313		2,561	1,934		4,495
	Brookfield SREP II LP	(49)		_,	_,		,,,,,,,
	Carlyle VI	74,156		681	5,060		5,741
	Goldman Sachs Partnership Real Estate	10,748		349	677	1,342	2,368
	Greystar VII	192,752		832	8,771	(3)	9,600
	Lone Star II	13,611		652	2,261	73	2,986
	Morgan Stanley Partnership Real Estate	97,645		1,061	1,968	585	3,614
	Oaktree ROF V	64,558		921	2,981		3,902
	Oaktree ROF VI	83,853		1,123	3,508		4,631
	Och-Ziff II	40,121	446		2,293	266	3,005
	Pembrook Capital Management - PCI Investors Fund II	23,569		427	581	2,529	3,537
	TA Realty X	81,073		923	1,342		2,265
	Torchlight III	13,295		268	1,662	197	2,127
	Torchlight IV	64,882		695	1,713	608	3,016
	U. S. REIF	12,068					
	WL Ross Partnership Real Estate	48,276		928	(5)	101	1,024
Strate	gic Partnerships ⁴						
	Apollo	89,616				360	360
	Entrust	50,228					
	Goldman Sachs	173,409		538		1,449	1,987
	Grosvenor	71,137				98	98
	GSO	37,844					
	Lighthouse	252,586		4,708		1,390	6,098
	Morgan Stanley	49,958		48		633	681
	WL Ross	114,989		1,014		513	1,527
Beta (Overlay						
	Russell Investment Group	641,339	935				935

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

Manager Fees Deducted on a Net of Fee Basis² **Fair Value of Total** Manager **Assets Under** Investment **Fees** Management Directly Management Performance Other Manager at 6/30/2015¹ Style **Investment Manager** Invoiced **Fees Fees** Fees **Internally Managed Assets** Core Fixed Income 496,157 **Short Duration** 1,280,224 **SCRS Liquidity** 348,022 **Cash Accounts** 715,544 SCRS Emerging Markets Debt ETF 376,624 SCRS Distribution In Kind 2,273 Total Fair Value of Assets and Manager Fees \$ 29,925,776 \$ 35,155 141,907 135,227 \$35,935 \$ 348,224 Adjustments, Cash, Receivables and Payables (736, 238)Net Asset Value as reported by the Custodial Bank \$ 29,189,538

¹The "Fair Value" of assets under management includes categories classified as cash equivalents for financial statement purposes and excludes cash, receivables and payables; therefore, these adjustments are necessary to reconcile to "Net Asset Values" reported by the Custodial Bank and the Retirement System Investment Commission.

²Investment manager fees, whether directly invoiced (\$35,155,508) or deducted from the fund on a net basis (\$313,068,901) are classified and reported as Investment Expense. The RSIC makes a good faith attempt to account for fees that are not necessarily readily separable. Conifer Financial Services, administrator for the RSIC, provides support to the RSIC for the collection, aggregation and reasonability testing so that the RSIC can provide the Retirement Division of PEBA with investment fees and expenses that would not be disclosed otherwise. These amounts include management fees, performance fees (carried interest) and other expenses such as organizational expenses in limited partnership structures.

³Represents the aggregation of five managers, each with total investment manager fees of less than \$250,000, and one manager that has a non-disclosure agreement.

⁴Represents management and other fees at the Strategic Partnership level, and not fees at the underlying investment level which are included in each applicable asset class. Fair Value represents cash balances at the Strategic Partnership level.

Actuarial Section





5605 N. MacArthur Blvd. Suite 870 Irving, TX 75038-2631 469.524.0000 phone 469.524.0003 fax www.gabrielroeder.com

November 4, 2015

South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority South Carolina Retirement Systems P.O. Box 11960 Columbia, SC 29211-1960

Subject: Statement of Certification for the Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2014

Dear Members of the Board:

Actuarial valuations are prepared annually as of July 1, the first day of the plan year, for each of the five retirement systems (i.e. the South Carolina Retirement System, the Police Officers Retirement System, the Judges and Solicitors Retirement System, the General Assembly Retirement System, and the South Carolina National Guard Supplemental Retirement Plan). These reports describe the current actuarial condition of the South Carolina Retirement Systems and document the calculated employer contribution rates as well as the changes in these contribution rates.

Financing Objectives and Funding Policy

The employer and member contribution rates for the South Carolina Retirement System and the Police Officers Retirement System are determined in accordance with South Carolina Code. As specified by the Code, in the event the scheduled employer and member contribution rates are insufficient to maintain a thirty-year amortization period for financing the unfunded liability of the System, the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (the Board) shall increase the employer and member contribution rates in equal amounts as necessary to maintain a funding period that does not exceed thirty years.

The Board also certifies the employer contribution rates annually for the Judges and Solicitors Retirement System, the General Assembly Retirement System, and the South Carolina National Guard Supplemental Retirement Plan. The Board's principle objectives to determine the appropriate funding requirements for these systems include:

- Establish a contribution rate that remains relatively level over time.
- To set rates so that the measures of the System's funding progress, which include the unfunded actuarial accrued liability, funded ratio, and funding period, will be maintained or improved.
- To set a contribution rate that will result in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) to be amortized over a period from the current valuation date that does not exceed 30 years.

To accomplish this, the employer contribution rate will be at least equal to the sum of the employer normal cost rate (which pays the current year's cost) and an amortization rate which results in the UAAL being funded over a period that does not exceed 30 years in installments. These installments increase at the assumed rate of growth in payroll for each System.

South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority November 4, 2015 Page 112

If new legislation is enacted between the valuation date and the date the contribution rates become effective, the Board may adjust the calculated rates before certifying them, in order to reflect this new legislation. Such adjustments are based on information supplied by the actuary.

Progress toward Realization of Financing Objectives

The funded ratio (the ratio of the actuarial value of assets to the actuarial accrued liability) is a standard measure of a plan's funded status. In the absence of benefit improvements, it should increase over time, until it reaches at least 100%. For all systems on a combined basis, the funded ratio slightly increased from 63.2% in 2013 to 63.5% in 2014.

Assumptions and Methods

The Board, in consultation with the actuary, sets the actuarial assumptions and methods used in the valuation. South Carolina State Code requires the Board to have the actuary perform an experience study every five years. The last experience study was performed in 2011. The recommended assumptions as a result of this experience study were adopted by the Budget and Control Board in November 2011. All the assumptions and methods adopted by the Budget and Control Board satisfy the requirements in the Actuarial Standards of Practice that are applicable for actuarial valuations of public retirement systems. The next experience study will be conducted using the plan's experience for the five-year period ending June 30, 2015, and presented to the Board in early 2016.

It is our opinion that the actuarial assumptions used to perform this valuation are internally consistent and reasonably reflect the anticipated future experience of the System.

The results of the actuarial valuation are dependent on the actuarial assumptions used. Actual results can, and almost certainly will, differ as actual experience deviates from the assumptions. Even seemingly minor changes in the assumptions can materially change the liabilities, calculated contribution rate, and funding periods. The actuarial calculations are intended to provide information for rational decision making.

The benefit structure is outlined in this section of the annual report. GRS prepared the following schedules in the actuarial section: Actuarial Balance Sheet, Results of the Valuation as of July 1, 2014, Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods, Development of the Actuarial Value of Assets, Solvency Test, and the Reconciliation of the UAAL. GRS also prepared the following trend information in the actuarial section for years on and after July 1, 2011: Summary of Historical Active Membership, Schedule of Retirants Added to and Removed from Rolls, and the Schedule of Funding Progress.

South Carolina PEBA relied upon the data prepared by GRS and included in the actuarial valuations for each system to prepare the following schedules and graphs found in the actuarial section: *Summary of Active Membership Data*, *Summary of Membership Data* and *Funding Progress and Funding Ratios*. In addition, GRS prepared the following schedules in the financial section in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67: *Net Pension Liability Schedule, Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis, Schedule of Changes in the Employers' Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Employers' Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of Employers' Contributions.*

Gabriel Roeder Smith & Company

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Data

Member data for retired, active and inactive members was supplied as of July 1, 2014, by the PEBA staff. The staff also supplied asset information as of July 1, 2014 (and as of June 30, 2015 for purposes of calculating information in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67). We did not audit this data, but we did apply a number of tests to the data, and we concluded that it was reasonable and consistent with the prior year's data. GRS is not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of the information provided to us by the Systems.

Certification

We certify that the information presented herein is accurate and fairly portrays the actuarial position of the Retirement Systems as of July 1, 2014. All of our work conforms with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices, and in conformity with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board. In our opinion, our calculations also comply with the requirements of South Carolina Code of Laws and, where applicable, the Internal Revenue Code, ERISA, and the Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

The undersigned are independent actuaries and consultants. Mr. Newton and Mr. White are Enrolled Actuaries and Members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries. Both are experienced in performing valuations for large public retirement systems.

Sincerely,

Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Co.

Joseph P. Newton, FSA, MAAA, EA

Senior Consultant

Daniel J. White, FSA, MAAA, EA

Senior Consultant

South Carolina Retirement System Actuarial Balance Sheet

			July 1, 2014	July 1, 2013
1.	Ass	ets		
	a.	Current assets (actuarial value)		
		i. Employee annuity savings fund	\$ 6,717,327	\$ 6,491,895
		ii. Employer annuity accumulation fund	20,193,413	19,261,173
		iii. Total current assets	\$26,910,740	\$25,753,068
	b.	Present value of future member contributions	\$ 5,040,382	\$ 4,970,944
	c.	Present value of future employer contributions		
		i. Normal contributions	\$ 818,004	\$ 906,655
		ii. Accrued liability contributions	15,978,874	15,442,994
		iii. Total future employer contributions	\$16,796,878	\$16,349,649
	d.	Total assets	\$48,748,000	\$47,073,661
2.	Lial	pilities		
	a.	Employee annuity savings fund		
		i. Past member contributions	\$ 6,717,327	\$ 6,491,895
		ii. Present value of future member contributions	5,040,382	4,970,944
		iii. Total contributions to employee annuity		
		savings fund	\$11,757,709	\$11,462,839
	b.	Employer annuity accumulation fund		
		i. Benefits currently in payment	\$27,942,644	\$ 26,548,472
		ii. Benefits to be provided to other members	9,047,647	9,062,350
		iii. Total benefits payable from employer	***************************************	***************************************
		annuity accumulation fund	\$36,990,291	\$35,610,822
	c.	Total liabilities	\$48,748,000	\$47,073,661

Police Officers Retirement System Actuarial Balance Sheet

			July 1, 2014	July 1, 2013
1.	Ass	ets		
	a.	Current assets (actuarial value)		
		i. Employee annuity savings fund	\$ 850,383	\$ 793,414
		ii. Employer annuity accumulation fund	3,254,925	3,128,627
		iii. Total current assets	\$ 4,105,308	\$ 3,922,041
	b.	Present value of future member contributions	\$ 702,264	\$ 696,270
	c.	Present value of future employer contributions		
		i. Normal contributions	\$ 436,423	\$ 411,046
		ii. Accrued liability contributions	1,800,520	1,741,715
		iii. Total future employer contributions	\$ 2,236,943	\$ 2,152,761
	d.	Total assets	\$ 7,044,515	\$ 6,771,072
2.	Lia	bilities		
	a.	Employee annuity savings fund		
		i. Past member contributions	\$ 850,383	\$ 793,414
		ii. Present value of future member contributions	702,264	696,270
		iii. Total contributions to employee annuity	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
		savings fund	\$ 1,552,647	\$ 1,489,684
	b.	Employer annuity accumulation fund		
		i. Benefits currently in payment	\$ 3,490,161	\$ 3,385,496
		ii. Benefits to be provided to other members	2,001,707	1,895,892
		iii. Total benefits payable from employer		
		annuity accumulation fund	\$ 5,491,868	\$ 5,281,388
	c.	Total liabilities	\$ 7,044,515	\$ 6,771,072

General Assembly Retirement System Actuarial Balance Sheet

			Jul	y 1, 2014	Jul	y 1, 2013
1.	Ass	ets				
	a.	Current Assets (Actuarial Value)				
		i. Employee annuity savings fund	\$	7,358	\$	7,164
		ii. Employer annuity accumulation fund		30,288	***************************************	30,869
		iii. Total current assets	\$	37,646	\$	38,033
	b.	Present Value of Future Member Contributions ¹	\$	1,841	\$	1,957
	c.	Present Value of Future Employer Contributions				
		i. Normal contributions	\$	1,350	\$	1,477
		ii. Accrued liability contributions		36,868		37,606
		iii. Total future employer contributions	\$	38,218	\$	39,083
	d.	Total Assets	\$	77,705	\$	79,073
2.	Lial	pilities				
	a.	Employee Annuity Savings Fund				
		i. Past member contributions	\$	7,358	\$	7,164
		ii. Present value of future member contributions ¹		1,841		1,957
		iii. Total contributions to employee annuity				
		savings fund	\$	9,199	\$	9,121
	b.	Employer Annuity Accumulation Fund				
		i. Benefits currently in payment	\$	58,099	\$	59,592
		ii. Benefits to be provided to other members		10,407		10,360
		iii. Total benefits payable from employer			***************************************	
		annuity accumulation fund	\$	68,506	\$	69,952
	c.	Total Liabilities	\$	77,705	\$	79,073

¹ Includes expected contributions from special contributors.

Judges and Solicitors Retirement System Actuarial Balance Sheet

			Ju	ly 1, 2014	Ju	ly 1, 2013
1.	Ass	ets				
	a.	Current Assets (Actuarial Value)				
		i. Employee annuity savings fund	\$	22,926	\$	21,369
		ii. Employer annuity accumulation fund	***************************************	129,913	************	126,279
		iii. Total current assets	\$	152,839	\$	147,648
	b.	Present Value of Future Member Contributions	\$	14,257	\$	13,640
	c.	Present Value of Future Employer Contributions				
		i. Normal contributions	\$	24,043	\$	22,411
		ii. Accrued liability contributions	***************************************	111,454	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	109,340
		iii. Total future employer contributions	\$	135,497	\$	131,751
	d.	Total Assets	\$	302,593	\$	293,039
2.	Lial	pilities				
	a.	Employee Annuity Savings Fund				
		i. Past member contributions	\$	22,926	\$	21,369
		ii. Present value of future member contributions		14,257		13,640
		iii. Total contributions to employee annuity				
		savings fund	\$	37,183	\$	35,009
	b.	Employer Annuity Accumulation Fund				
		i. Benefits currently in payment	\$	184,625	\$	178,526
		ii. Benefits to be provided to other members		80,785		79,504
		iii. Total benefits payable from employer				
		annuity accumulation fund	\$	265,410	\$	258,030
	c.	Total Liabilities	\$	302,593	\$	293,039

South Carolina National Guard Supplemental Retirement Plan Actuarial Balance Sheet

			July 1, 2014		July 1, 2013	
1.	Ass	ets				
	a.	Current Assets (Actuarial Value)	\$	24,029	\$	22,208
	b.	Present Value of Future Member Contributions		0		0
	c.	Present Value of Future Employer Contributions				
		i. Normal contributions	\$	6,160	\$	6,100
		ii. Accrued liability contributions		38,071		39,368
		iii. Total future employer contributions	\$	44,231	\$	45,468
	d.	Total Assets	\$	68,260	\$	67,676
2.	Lial	bilities				
	a.	Benefits to be Paid to Retired Members	\$	33,739	\$	33,590
	b.	Benefits to be Paid to Former Members				
		Entitled to Deferred Pensions		11,158		11,742
	c.	Benefits to be Paid to Current Active Members	***************************************	23,363		22,344
	d.	Total Liabilities	\$	68,260	\$	67,676

South Carolina Retirement System Results of the Valuation as of July 1, 2014

		J	uly 1, 2014
1.	Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits		
	a. Present retired members and beneficiaries	\$	27,942,644
	b. Present active and inactive members		20,805,356
	c. Total actuarial present value	\$	48,748,000
2.	Present Value of Future Normal Contributions		
	a. Employee	\$	5,040,382
	b. Employer		818,004
	c. Total future normal contributions	\$	5,858,386
3.	Actuarial Liability	\$	42,889,614
4.	Current Actuarial Value of Assets	\$	26,910,740
5.	Unfunded Actuarial Liability	\$	15,978,874
6.	UAAL Amortization Rates Based on an Employer Contribution Rate of 11.06% ¹		
	a. Active members		9.35%
	b. TERI members (including employee contributions)		19.22%
	c. ORP members		6.06%
	d. Re-employed members (including employee contributions)		19.22%
7.	Unfunded Actuarial Liability Liquidation Period		30 years

¹The employer contribution rate includes the cost of incidental death benefits.

Police Officers Retirement System Results of the Valuation as of July 1, 2014

		Ju	ıly 1, 2014
1.	Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits		
	a. Present retired members and beneficiaries	\$	3,490,161
	b. Present active and inactive members		3,554,354
	c. Total actuarial present value	\$	7,044,515
2.	Present Value of Future Normal Contributions		
	a. Member	\$	702,264
	b. Employer		436,423
	c. Total future normal contributions	\$	1,138,687
3.	Actuarial Liability	\$	5,905,828
4.	Current Actuarial Value of Assets	\$	4,105,308
5.	Unfunded Actuarial Liability	\$	1,800,520
6.	Unfunded Actuarial Liability Rate in Effect for FY 2017 ¹		8.17%
7.	Unfunded Actuarial Liability Liquidation Period		27 years

¹ The employer contribution rate includes the cost of accidental and incidental death benefits.

General Assembly Retirement System Results of the Valuation as of July 1, 2014

		Jul	y 1, 2014
1.	Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits		
	a. Present retired members and beneficiaries	\$	58,099
	b. Present active and inactive members		19,606
	c. Total actuarial present value	\$	77,705
2.	Present Value of Future Normal Contributions		
	a. Employee	\$	1,841
	b. Employer	***************************************	1,350
	c. Total future normal contributions	\$	3,191
3.	Actuarial Liability	\$	74,514
4.	Current Actuarial Value of Assets	\$	37,646
5.	Unfunded Actuarial Liability	\$	36,868
6.	Unfunded Actuarial Liability Liquidation Period		
	from the Valuation Date		13 years

Judges and Solicitors Retirement System Results of the Valuation as of July 1, 2014

		Ju	ly 1, 2014
1.	Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits		
	a. Present retired members and beneficiaries	\$	184,625
	b. Present active and inactive members		117,968
	c. Total actuarial present value	\$	302,593
2.	Present Value of Future Normal Contributions		
	a. Employee	\$	14,257
	b. Employer		24,043
	c. Total future normal contributions	\$	38,300
3.	Actuarial Liability	\$	264,293
4.	Current Actuarial Value of Assets	\$	152,839
5.	Unfunded Actuarial Liability	\$	111,454
6.	UAAL Amortization Rates Based on a 47.97% Employer Contribution Rate ¹		
	a. Active members		30.30%
	 DROP and Retired-in-Place Members (including employee contributions) 		57.97%
7.	Unfunded Actuarial Liability Liquidation Period		28 Years

¹ The employer contribution rate includes the cost of incidental death benefits.

South Carolina National Guard Supplemental Retirement Plan Results of the Valuation as of July 1, 2014

		Jul	y 1, 2014
1.	Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits		
	a. Present Retired Members and Beneficiaries	\$	33,739
	b. Present Active and Inactive Members		34,521
	c. Total Actuarial Present Value	\$	68,260
2.	Present Value of Future Normal Contributions		
	a. Employee	\$	0
	b. Employer		6,160
	c. Total Future Normal Contributions	\$	6,160
3.	Actuarial Liability	\$	62,100
4.	Current Actuarial Value of Assets	\$	24,029
5.	Unfunded Actuarial Liability	\$	38,071
6.	Unfunded Actuarial Liability Liquidation Period (blended)		18 years

South Carolina Retirement System

Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Based on recommendations from the consulting actuary, the Budget and Control Board and the PEBA Board are responsible for adopting all actuarial methods and assumptions used in the annual actuarial valuations, except for the investment rate of return. Retirement reform legislation enacted in 2012 set the rate at 7.5 percent effective July 1, 2012 and requires that the assumed annual rate of return on investments be established by the General Assembly. South Carolina State Statute also requires that an experience analysis that reviews the economic and demographic assumptions be performed every five years. As a result of the most recently completed experience analysis for the five year period ended June 30, 2010, the Boards adopted a number of changes in the actuarial assumptions which were adopted and utilized beginning with the July 1, 2011 annual valuations. In addition, the rates of retirement and disability incidence were subsequently modified as of July 1, 2012 to better model expected future mortality experience as a result of the pension reform bill enacted in 2012.

The following presents a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods used in the valuation of the South Carolina Retirement System for funding purposes and financial reporting purposes.

Investment Rate of Return

Assumed annual rate of 7.5 percent net of investment and administrative expenses composed of a 2.75 percent inflation component and a 4.75 percent real rate of return, net of investment and administration expenses.

Rates of Annual Salary Increase

Rates of annual salary increase are assumed to vary for the first 19 years of service due to expected merit and promotional increases which differs by employee group. Beginning with the 20th year of service, the assumed annual rate of increase is 3.5 percent for both groups and for all future years of service.

The 3.5 percent rate of the increase is composed of a 2.75 percent inflation component and a 0.75 percent real rate of wage increase (productivity) component.

Active Male and Female Salary Increase Rate

Active Maie and Female Salary mercase Kare						
	General Em	ployees	Teach	ers		
Years of Service	Annual Promotional/Longevity Rates of Increase	Total Annual Rate of Increase Including 3.5% Wage Inflation	Annual Promotional/Longevity Rates of Increase	Total Annual Rate of Increase Including 3.5% Wage Inflation		
0	2.50%	6.00%	4.00%	7.50%		
1	2.50%	6.00%	9.00%	12.50%		
2	2.00%	5.50%	3.00%	6.50%		
3	1.50%	5.00%	2.75%	6.25%		
4	1.25%	4.75%	2.50%	6.00%		
5	1.00%	4.50%	2.25%	5.75%		
6	0.75%	4.25%	2.00%	5.50%		
7	0.50%	4.00%	1.75%	5.25%		
8	0.50%	4.00%	1.75%	5.25%		
9	0.25%	3.75%	1.50%	5.00%		
10	0.25%	3.75%	1.50%	5.00%		
11	0.25%	3.75%	1.50%	5.00%		
12	0.25%	3.75%	1.25%	4.75%		
13	0.25%	3.75%	1.00%	4.50%		
14	0.00%	3.50%	1.00%	4.50%		
15	0.00%	3.50%	1.00%	4.50%		
16	0.00%	3.50%	0.75%	4.25%		
17	0.00%	3.50%	0.50%	4.00%		
18	0.00%	3.50%	0.25%	3.75%		
19	0.00%	3.50%	0.25%	3.75%		
20+	0.00%	3.50%	0.00%	3.50%		

Active Member Decrement Rates

a. Assumed rate of Service Retirement or TERI entry are shown in the following tables. The first table is for members who attain age 65 before attaining 28 years of service. The second table is based on service and is for Class Two members who attain 28 years of service before age 65. The retirement rates shown in the table below for Class Two members commencing a reduced retirement are also applicable to Class Three members who are at least age 60, but have not satisfied the age and service requirements for an unreduced benefit.

Annual Age Based Retirement Rates

Members				Class	Two				Class
		General E	mployees			Teac	hers		Three
Age	Red	uced	Nor	mal ¹	Red	uced	Nor	mal ¹	Rule of
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	90
55	4%	4%	0%	0%	2%	2%	0%	0%	20%
56	4%	4%	0%	0%	2%	2%	0%	0%	20%
57	4%	4%	0%	0%	2%	2%	0%	0%	20%
58	4%	4%	0%	0%	2%	2%	0%	0%	20%
59	4%	4%	0%	0%	2%	2%	0%	0%	20%
60	5%	7%	0%	0%	5%	6%	0%	0%	20%
61	5%	7%	0%	0%	6%	6%	0%	0%	20%
62	14%	13%	0%	0%	12%	11%	0%	0%	20%
63	10%	13%	0%	0%	12%	10%	0%	0%	20%
64	10%	13%	0%	0%	9%	10%	0%	0%	20%
65	0%	0%	20%	22%	0%	0%	20%	25%	20%
66	0%	0%	20%	22%	0%	0%	20%	25%	20%
67	0%	0%	17%	19%	0%	0%	20%	20%	20%
68	0%	0%	17%	19%	0%	0%	20%	20%	20%
69	0%	0%	17%	19%	0%	0%	20%	20%	20%
70	0%	0%	17%	19%	0%	0%	20%	20%	20%
71	0%	0%	17%	19%	0%	0%	20%	20%	20%
72	0%	0%	17%	19%	0%	0%	20%	20%	20%
73	0%	0%	17%	19%	0%	0%	20%	20%	20%
74	0%	0%	17%	19%	0%	0%	20%	20%	20%
75	0%	0%	100%	100%	0%	0%	100%	100%	100%

¹Retirement rate is 50% at the later of age 62 or when the member is first eligible for a normal retirement benefit (i.e. the first age the member is eligible to concurrently commence benefits and continue employment).

Annual Service Based Retirement Rates¹

Class Two Members								
Years of	General E	mployees	Teac	hers				
Service	Male	Female	Male	Female				
28	15%	18%	8%	5%				
29	10%	10%	7%	8%				
30	10%	10%	8%	9%				
31	10%	10%	8%	9%				
32	10%	10%	9%	10%				
33	18%	20%	10%	11%				
34	18%	20%	11%	12%				
35	18%	20%	12%	18%				
36	20%	20%	13%	18%				
37	20%	20%	14%	18%				
38	20%	20%	18%	18%				
39	20%	20%	17%	19%				
40	100%	100%	17%	20%				
41	100%	100%	100%	100%				
42	100%	100%	100%	100%				
43	100%	100%	100%	100%				
44	100%	100%	100%	100%				
45	100%	100%	100%	100%				
46	100%	100%	100%	100%				
47	100%	100%	100%	100%				
48	100%	100%	100%	100%				

¹Retirement rate is 50% at the later of age 62 or when the member is first eligible for a normal retirement benefit (i.e. the first age the member is eligible to concurrently commence benefits and continue employment).

b. Assumed rates of disability are shown in the following table.

Disability Rates

Ago	General Er	nployees	Teac	hers
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female
25	0.0504%	0.0464%	0.0419%	0.0458%
30	0.1008%	0.0650%	0.0629%	0.0616%
35	0.1512%	0.1299%	0.0838%	0.0616%
40	0.2520%	0.1670%	0.1572%	0.1074%
45	0.3528%	0.2413%	0.2620%	0.2200%
50	0.5040%	0.4083%	0.4192%	0.3520%
55	0.8064%	0.6496%	0.6812%	0.5720%
60	1.0080%	0.9930%	1.0480%	0.8800%
64	1.2600%	1.3827%	1.3100%	1.1000%

Active Member Mortality
 Rates of active member mortality are based upon a client specific table with applicable multipliers to match the experience.

Active Mortality Rates (Multiplier Applied)

Ago	General Er	nployees	Teac	hers
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female
25	0.0414%	0.0166%	0.0432%	0.0145%
30	0.0488%	0.0211%	0.0511%	0.0185%
35	0.0850%	0.0380%	0.0889%	0.0333%
40	0.1187%	0.0565%	0.1241%	0.0494%
45	0.1659%	0.0899%	0.1734%	0.0787%
50	0.2352%	0.1341%	0.2459%	0.1173%
55	0.3332%	0.2021%	0.3483%	0.1768%
60	0.5366%	0.3145%	0.5610%	0.2752%
64	0.7731%	0.4343%	0.8082%	0.3800%
Multiplier	110%	80%	115%	70%

d. Rates of Withdrawal

Rate of withdrawal for active members prior to eligibility for retirement are for each employee group and differ by gender and service. Sample rates are shown in the following tables.

Withdrawal Rates - Male General Employees

							Year	rs of Sei	rvice						
Age	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
25	0.329	0.247	0.190	0.155	0.134	0.117	0.096	0.078	0.065	0.059	0.066	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
30	0.294	0.221	0.173	0.142	0.124	0.109	0.095	0.082	0.070	0.060	0.053	0.047	0.044	0.042	0.039
35	0.268	0.200	0.155	0.129	0.112	0.101	0.092	0.082	0.072	0.059	0.042	0.047	0.044	0.042	0.039
40	0.246	0.180	0.138	0.114	0.100	0.092	0.086	0.079	0.069	0.055	0.033	0.042	0.042	0.042	0.039
45	0.226	0.164	0.123	0.100	0.088	0.082	0.078	0.073	0.064	0.049	0.027	0.039	0.036	0.034	0.032
50	0.208	0.150	0.111	0.089	0.077	0.072	0.068	0.063	0.055	0.042	0.022	0.029	0.029	0.029	0.029
55	0.194	0.141	0.104	0.081	0.069	0.060	0.054	0.049	0.042	0.033	0.021	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020
60	0.183	0.135	0.100	0.077	0.063	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
						Yea	irs of Se	ervice (0	Continu	ed)					
Age	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	3+
25	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0	000
30	0.036	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0	000
35	0.036	0.034	0.032	0.029	0.027	0.025	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0	000
40	0.036	0.034	0.032	0.029	0.027	0.025	0.023	0.022	0.020	0.018	0.017	0.000	0.000	0.0	000
45	0.029	0.029	0.029	0.029	0.027	0.025	0.023	0.022	0.020	0.018	0.017	0.016	0.014	0.0	000
50	0.029	0.027	0.025	0.023	0.022	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.018	0.017	0.016	0.014	0.0	000
55	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.018	0.017	0.016	0.014	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0	000
60	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0	000

Withdrawal Rates - Female General Employees

							Year	s of Se	rvice						
Age	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
25	0.298	0.246	0.206	0.177	0.156	0.128	0.125	0.116	0.109	0.103	0.094	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
30	0.271	0.224	0.186	0.159	0.140	0.125	0.115	0.106	0.097	0.085	0.069	0.052	0.049	0.045	0.042
35	0.251	0.202	0.166	0.141	0.124	0.113	0.104	0.096	0.086	0.071	0.051	0.052	0.049	0.045	0.042
40	0.233	0.180	0.145	0.123	0.110	0.101	0.093	0.085	0.075	0.059	0.037	0.045	0.045	0.045	0.042
45	0.217	0.162	0.127	0.108	0.097	0.089	0.082	0.075	0.064	0.049	0.028	0.042	0.039	0.036	0.033
50	0.204	0.149	0.115	0.097	0.086	0.079	0.071	0.064	0.054	0.041	0.023	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030
55	0.195	0.143	0.109	0.089	0.078	0.069	0.061	0.053	0.044	0.035	0.024	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020
60	0.187	0.141	0.108	0.085	0.070	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
						Yea	rs of Se	ervice (0	Continu	ed)					
Age	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	3+
25	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0	000
30	0.039	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0	000
35	0.039	0.036	0.033	0.030	0.028	0.025	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0	000
40	0.039	0.036	0.033	0.030	0.028	0.025	0.023	0.022	0.020	0.018	0.017	0.000	0.000	0.0	000
45	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.028	0.025	0.023	0.022	0.020	0.018	0.017	0.016	0.015	0.0	000
50	0.030	0.028	0.025	0.023	0.022	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.018	0.017	0.016	0.015	0.0	000
55	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.018	0.017	0.016	0.015	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0	000
60	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0	000

Withdrawal Rates - Male Teachers

							Year	rs of Sei	rvice						
Age	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
25	0.296	0.203	0.138	0.097	0.072	0.058	0.051	0.051	0.052	0.054	0.056	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
30	0.272	0.192	0.136	0.099	0.078	0.066	0.061	0.058	0.054	0.048	0.039	0.027	0.026	0.025	0.025
35	0.253	0.182	0.132	0.099	0.081	0.071	0.066	0.061	0.054	0.043	0.027	0.027	0.026	0.025	0.025
40	0.237	0.173	0.127	0.098	0.082	0.073	0.068	0.062	0.053	0.039	0.020	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025
45	0.224	0.165	0.123	0.096	0.081	0.073	0.067	0.060	0.050	0.036	0.017	0.025	0.024	0.023	0.023
50	0.214	0.159	0.119	0.094	0.079	0.070	0.063	0.055	0.046	0.034	0.017	0.022	0.022	0.022	0.022
55	0.206	0.155	0.117	0.091	0.074	0.065	0.056	0.048	0.040	0.032	0.022	0.017	0.017	0.017	0.017
60	0.200	0.152	0.114	0.087	0.067	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
						Yea	irs of Se	ervice (0	Continu	ed)					
Age	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	3+
25	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0	000
30	0.024	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0	000
35				0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		
33	0.024	0.023	0.023	0.022	0.021	0.020	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0	000
40	0.024	0.023 0.023	0.023 0.023											0.0	
				0.022	0.021	0.020	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000		000
40	0.024	0.023	0.023	0.022 0.022	0.021 0.021	0.020 0.020	0.000 0.019	0.000 0.018	0.000 0.017	0.000 0.015	0.000 0.014	0.000	0.000	0.0	000
40 45	0.024 0.022	0.023 0.022	0.023 0.022	0.022 0.022 0.022	0.021 0.021 0.021	0.020 0.020 0.020	0.000 0.019 0.019	0.000 0.018 0.018	0.000 0.017 0.017	0.000 0.015 0.015	0.000 0.014 0.014	0.000 0.000 0.012	0.000 0.000 0.009	0.0	000 000 000

Withdrawal Rates – Female Teachers

							Year	rs of Se	rvice						
Age	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
25	0.230	0.161	0.121	0.101	0.089	0.084	0.083	0.080	0.073	0.066	0.060	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
30	0.227	0.166	0.126	0.101	0.088	0.080	0.075	0.070	0.062	0.053	0.043	0.032	0.030	0.028	0.026
35	0.217	0.160	0.121	0.097	0.083	0.075	0.068	0.062	0.054	0.043	0.030	0.032	0.030	0.028	0.026
40	0.204	0.148	0.111	0.088	0.076	0.068	0.062	0.055	0.048	0.037	0.021	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.026
45	0.193	0.136	0.100	0.080	0.068	0.062	0.056	0.050	0.044	0.033	0.016	0.026	0.024	0.023	0.021
50	0.187	0.130	0.094	0.074	0.063	0.057	0.052	0.048	0.042	0.032	0.015	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020
55	0.188	0.131	0.094	0.073	0.063	0.054	0.051	0.047	0.042	0.033	0.019	0.013	0.013	0.013	0.013
60	0.195	0.138	0.099	0.076	0.066	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
						Yea	irs of Se	ervice (Continu	ed)					
Age	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	3+
25	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0	000
30	0.024	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0	000
35	0.024	0.023	0.021	0.020	0.018	0.017	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0	000
40	0.024	0.023	0.021	0.020	0.018	0.017	0.015	0.014	0.013	0.011	0.010	0.000	0.000	0.0	000
45	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.018	0.017	0.015	0.014	0.013	0.011	0.010	0.009	0.008	0.0	000
50	0.020	0.018	0.017	0.015	0.014	0.013	0.013	0.013	0.013	0.011	0.010	0.009	0.008	0.0	000
55	0.013	0.013	0.013	0.013	0.013	0.013	0.011	0.010	0.009	0.008	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0	000
60	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0	000

Post Retirement Mortality

a. Healthy Retirees and Beneficiaries

The valuation assumes fully generational mortality. The base mortality table used is the RP-2000 Mortality Table (Public School District Employees utilize the White Collar adjustment), adjusted by multipliers documented in the table below. Future mortality improvements are assumed each year using Scale AA. The following are sample rates:

Nondisabled Annuitant Mortality Rates before Projection (Multiplier Applied)

	General E	mployees	Teachers				
Age	Males	Females	Males	Females			
50	0.2138%	0.1508%	0.2176%	0.1510%			
55	0.3624%	0.2445%	0.3632%	0.2457%			
60	0.6747%	0.4550%	0.6141%	0.4443%			
65	1.2737%	0.8735%	1.2167%	0.8218%			
70	2.2206%	1.5068%	2.1203%	1.4426%			
75	3.7834%	2.5295%	3.6997%	2.4431%			
80	6.4368%	4.1291%	6.5353%	4.0926%			
85	11.0757%	6.9701%	11.5132%	7.0483%			
90	18.3408%	11.8514%	19.6100%	11.9843%			
Multiplier	100%	90%	110%	95%			

The table on the following page provides the life expectancy for individuals retiring in future years based on the assumption with full generational projection:

Life Expectancy for an Age 65 Retiree in Years

	Year of retirement								
Employee type	2015	2020	2025	2030					
General Employee - Male	19.6	20.0	20.4	20.7					
General Employee - Female	22.3	22.5	22.7	22.9					
Teacher - Male	19.5	19.9	20.3	20.6					
Teacher - Female	22.4	22.6	22.8	22.9					

b. A separate table of mortality rates is used for disabled retirees based on the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table. The following are sample rates:

Disabled Annuitant Mortality Rates (Multiplier Applied)

	General E	mployees	Teachers				
Age	Males	Females	Males	Females			
50	2.4629%	1.2689%	2.1731%	1.2689%			
55	3.0126%	1.8198%	2.6581%	1.8198%			
60	3.5736%	2.4023%	3.1531%	2.4023%			
65	4.2648%	3.0829%	3.7631%	3.0829%			
70	5.3196%	4.1398%	4.6937%	4.1398%			
75	6.9757%	5.7453%	6.1550%	5.7453%			
80	9.2966%	7.9543%	8.2029%	7.9543%			
85	12.0363%	11.0223%	10.6202%	11.0223%			
90	15.5897%	15.4054%	13.7556%	15.4054%			
Multiplier	85%	110%	75%	110%			

Asset Valuation Method

The actuarial value of assets is based on the market value of assets with five-year smoothing applied. This is accomplished by recognizing each year 20 percent of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets, based upon the assumed valuation rate of return.

Expected earnings are determined using the assumed investment rate of return and the beginning of year actuarial value of assets (adjusted for receipts and disbursements during the year). The returns are computed net of administrative and investment expenses.

Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method allocates the System's actuarial present value of future benefits to various periods based upon service. The portion of the present value of future benefits allocated to years of service prior to the valuation date is the actuarial accrued liability, and the portion allocated to years following the valuation date is the present value of future normal costs. The normal cost is determined for each active member as the level percent of payroll necessary to fully fund the expected benefits to be earned over the career of each individual active member. The normal cost is partially funded with active member contributions with the remainder funded by employer contributions.

An unfunded accrued liability exists in the amount equal to the excess of accrued liability over valuation assets. The amortization period of the System is the number of years required to fully amortize the unfunded accrued

liability with the expected amount of employer contributions in excess of the employers' portion of the normal cost.

The calculation of the amortization period takes into account scheduled increases to contribution rates applicable to future years and payroll growth. Also, the calculation of the amortization period reflects additional contributions the System receives with respect to post July 1, 2005, TERI participants, ORP participants and return to work retirees. These contributions are assumed to grow at the same payroll growth rate as for active SCRS employees. It is assumed that amortization payments are made monthly at the end of the month.

Unused Annual Leave

To account for the effect of unused annual leave in Annual Final Compensation (AFC) of Class Two members, the AFC for Class Two members is increased 2.14 percent at their date of retirement.

Unused Sick Leave

To account for the effect of unused sick leave on credited service for Class Two members, the service of active Class Two members who retire is increased three months.

Future Post-Retirement Benefit Adjustments

Benefits are assumed to increase by the lesser of 1 percent annually or \$500 beginning on the July 1 following the receipt of 12 monthly benefit payments. The \$500 limit in the annual increase is not indexed to escalate in future years.

Payroll Growth Rate

The total annual payroll of active members (also applies to TERI, ORP and rehired retiree participants) is assumed to increase at an annual rate of 3.5 percent. This rate represents the underlying expected annual rate of wage inflation and does not anticipate increases in the number of members.

Other Assumptions

- Valuation payroll (used for determining the amortization contribution rate): Prior fiscal year payroll
 projected forward one year using the overall payroll growth rate. This was determined separately for
 TERI, and return to work employees by dividing the actual member contributions received during the
 prior fiscal year by the member contribution rate in effect for that year, and then projecting that
 amount forward one year.
- 2. Individual salaries used to project benefits: Actual salaries from the past fiscal year are used to determine the final average salary as of the valuation date. For future salaries, the salary from the last fiscal year is projected forward with one year's salary scale.
- 3. Pay increase timing: Beginning of (fiscal) year. This is equivalent to assuming that reported salaries represent amounts paid to members during the year ended on the valuation date.
- 4. Percent married: 100 percent of male and 100 percent of female employees are assumed to be
- 5. Age difference: Males are assumed to be three years older than their spouses.
- 6. Percent electing annuity on death (when eligible): All of the spouses of vested, married participants are assumed to elect an immediate life annuity.
- 7. Inactive Population: All non-vested members are assumed to take an immediate refund. Members with a vested benefit are assumed to elect a refund or a deferred benefit commencing at age 65, whichever is more valuable at the valuation date.
- 8. There will be no recoveries once disabled.

- 9. Decrement timing: Decrements of all types are assumed to occur mid-year.
- 10. Eligibility testing: Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and service nearest whole year on the date the decrement is assumed to occur.
- 11. Decrement relativity: Decrement rates are used directly from the experience study, without adjustment for multiple decrement table effects.
- 12. Incidence of Contributions: Contributions are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based upon the computed percent of payroll shown in this report, and the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made.
- 13. Benefit Service: All members are assumed to accrue one year of eligibility service each year.
- 14. All calculations were performed without regard to the compensation limit in IRC Section 401(a)(17) and the benefit limit under IRC Section 415.

Participant Data

Participant data was supplied in electronic text files. There were separate files for (i) active and inactive members and (ii) members and beneficiaries receiving benefits.

The data for active members included birth date, gender, service with the current city and total vesting service, salary and employee contribution account balances. For retired members and beneficiaries, the data included date of birth, gender, spouse's date of birth (where applicable), amount of monthly benefit, date of retirement and form of payment code.

Salary supplied for the current year was based on the annualized earnings for the year preceding the valuation date. Assumptions were made to correct for missing, bad or inconsistent data. These had no material impact on the results presented.

South Carolina Retirement System Development of Actuarial Value of Assets

		J	uly 1, 2014
1.	Actuarial Value of Assets at the Prior Valuation Date	\$	25,753,068
2.	Market Value of Assets at the Prior Valuation Date	\$	22,791,322
3.	Net External Cash Flow During the Year		
	a. Contributions	\$	1,616,016
	b. Disbursements		(2,574,106)
	c. Subtotal	\$	(958,090)
4.	Expected Net Investment Income at 7.50% Earned on:		
	a. Actuarial value of assets at the prior valuation date	\$	1,931,480
	b. Contributions		60,601
	c. Disbursements		(96,529)
	d. Subtotal	\$	1,895,552
5.	Expected Actuarial Value of Assets, End of Year	\$	26,690,530
	(Item 1 + Item 3c + Item 4d)		
6.	Market Value of Assets as of the Current Valuation Date		
	Based on the Prior Year's Accounting Method for TERI	\$	25,225,256
7.	Difference Between Expected Actuarial Assets and		
	Market Value of Assets (Item 6 - Item 5)	\$	(1,465,274)
8.	Excess (Shortfall) Recognized (20% of Item 7)	\$	(293,055)
9.	Actuarial Value of Plan Assets, End of Year, Before Reflecting		
	Asset Accounting Change to Conform with GASB No. 67	\$	26,397,475
	(Item 5 + Item 8)		
	Adjustment to Reflect Asset Accounting Change to Conform with GASB No.	67	
10.	Change in plan assets due to the change in asset accounting		
	method for TERI to conform with GASB No. 67	\$	513,265
11.	Final Actuarial Value of Assets	\$	26,910,740
	(Item 9 + Item 10)		
12.	Ratio of AVA to MVA		104.6%

Police Officers Retirement System

Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Based on recommendations from the consulting actuary, the Budget and Control Board and the PEBA Board are responsible for adopting all actuarial methods and assumptions used in the annual actuarial valuations, except for the investment rate of return. Retirement reform legislation enacted in 2012 set the rate at 7.5 percent effective July 1, 2012 and requires that the assumed annual rate of return on investments be established by the General Assembly. South Carolina State Statute also requires that an experience analysis that reviews the economic and demographic assumptions be performed every five years. As a result of the most recently completed experience analysis for the five year period ended June 30, 2010, the Boards adopted a number of changes in the actuarial assumptions which were adopted and utilized beginning with the July 1, 2011 annual valuations. In addition, the rates of retirement and disability incidence were subsequently modified as of July 1, 2012 to better model expected future mortality experience as a result of the pension reform bill enacted in 2012.

The following presents a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods used in the valuation of the South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System for funding purposes and financial reporting purposes.

Investment Rate of Return

Assumed annual rate of 7.5 percent net of investment and administrative expenses composed of a 2.75 percent inflation component and a 4.75 percent real rate of return, net of investment and administration expenses.

Rates of Annual Salary Increase

Rates of annual salary increase are assumed to vary for the first 11 years of service to include anticipated merit and promotional increases. The assumed annual rate of increase is 4 percent for all members with 12 or more years of service.

The 4 percent rate of increase is composed of a 2.75 percent inflation component and a 1.25 percent real rate of wage increase (productivity) component.

Active Male and Female Salary Increase Rate

	PORS		
Years of Service	Annual Promotional/Longevity Rates of	Total Annual Rate of Increase Including	
	Increase	4.0% Wage Inflation	
0	6.00%	10.00%	
1	5.00%	9.00%	
2	2.00%	6.00%	
3	1.00%	5.00%	
4	0.75%	4.75%	
5	0.50%	4.50%	
6	0.25%	4.25%	
7	0.25%	4.25%	
8	0.25%	4.25%	
9	0.25%	4.25%	
10	0.25%	4.25%	
11	0.25%	4.25%	
12	0.00%	4.00%	
13	0.00%	4.00%	
14	0.00%	4.00%	
15	0.00%	4.00%	
16	0.00%	4.00%	
17	0.00%	4.00%	
18	0.00%	4.00%	
19	0.00%	4.00%	
20+	0.00%	4.00%	

Active Member Decrement Rates

a. Assumed rates of Service Retirement are shown in the following tables. The first table is for members who attain age 55 before attaining 25 years of service (27 years of service for Class Three). The second table is based on service and is for members who attain 25 years of service before age 55.

	Annual Age Based Retirement Rates		Annual Service Based Retirement Rates ¹			
	PORS		Years of Service		PORS	
Age	Male	Female	Class Two	Class Three	Male	Female
55	20%	20%	25	27	18%	18%
56	14%	14%	26	28	13%	13%
57 ²	50%	50%	27	29	11%	11%
58	12%	12%	28	30	11%	11%
59	12%	12%	29	31	11%	11%
60	12%	12%	30	32	11%	11%
61	12%	12%	31	33	11%	11%
62	35%	35%	32	34	11%	11%
63	25%	25%	33	35	11%	11%
64	25%	25%	34	36	11%	11%
65	30%	30%	35	37	11%	11%
66	30%	30%	36	38	11%	11%
67	30%	30%	37	39	11%	11%
68	30%	30%	38	40	11%	11%
69	30%	30%	39	41	11%	11%
70	100%	100%	40	42	100%	100%
71	100%	100%				
72	100%	100%				
73	100%	100%				
74	100%	100%				
75	100%	100%				

¹Retirement rate is 50% at age 57, the first age the member is eligible to concurrently commence benefits and continue employment.

b. Assumed rates of disability are shown in the following table. Twenty-five percent of disabilities are assumed to be duty-related.

Disability Rates

A-7-0	PORS		
Age	Male	Female	
25	0.1376%	0.1376%	
30	0.1835%	0.1835%	
35	0.3441%	0.3441%	
40	0.4588%	0.4588%	
45	0.6882%	0.6882%	
50	0.8603%	0.8603%	
55	0.0000%	0.0000%	
60	0.0000%	0.0000%	
64	0.0000%	0.0000%	

²Age first eligible to concurrently commence benefits and continue employment.

c. Active Member Mortality

Rates of active member mortality are based upon a client specific table with applicable multipliers to match the experience.

Active Mortality Rates (Multiplier Applied)

Ago	PORS		
Age	Male	Female	
25	0.0338%	0.0186%	
30	0.0653%	0.0264%	
35	0.0978%	0.0467%	
40	0.1234%	0.0790%	
45	0.1614%	0.1248%	
50	0.2171%	0.1767%	
55	0.3776%	0.2516%	
60	0.7443%	0.4454%	
64	1.2430%	0.8222%	
Multiplier	90%	90%	

d. Rates of Withdrawal

Rates of withdrawal for active members prior to eligibility for retirement are based upon actual experience from 2002 through 2010. Rates are developed for each employee group and differ by gender and service. Sample rates are shown in the following table.

Annual Withdrawal Rate

	PORS		
Years of Service	Male	Female	
0	0.2500	0.2500	
1	0.1800	0.1800	
2	0.1400	0.1400	
3	0.1200	0.1200	
4	0.1070	0.1070	
5	0.0954	0.0954	
6	0.0850	0.0850	
7	0.0758	0.0758	
8	0.0675	0.0675	
9	0.0602	0.0602	
10	0.0537	0.0537	
11	0.0478	0.0478	
12	0.0426	0.0426	
13	0.0380	0.0380	
14	0.0339	0.0339	
15	0.0302	0.0302	
16	0.0269	0.0269	
17	0.0240	0.0240	
18	0.0214	0.0214	
19	0.0191	0.0191	
20	0.0170	0.0170	
21	0.0151	0.0151	
22	0.0135	0.0135	
23	0.0120	0.0120	

e. Post Retirement Mortality

Healthy retirees and beneficiaries – This valuation assumes full generational mortality. The base mortality table is 115 percent of the RP-2000 Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment. Future mortality improvements are assumed each year using Scale AA. The following are sample rates:

Nondisabled Annuitant Mortality Rates Before Projection (Multiplier applied)

	PORS		
Age	Male	Female	
50	0.2774%	0.2257%	
55	0.4825%	0.3214%	
60	0.9511%	0.5691%	
65	1.7870%	1.1958%	
70	3.0772%	2.1429%	
75	4.9601%	3.5521%	
80	8.1129%	5.6296%	
85	13.2339%	9.5565%	
90	20.9021%	15.7189%	
Multiplier	115%	115%	

Life Expectancy for an Age 65 Retiree in Years

	Year of Retirement			
Member	2015	2020	2025	2030
Male	17.8	18.2	18.6	19.0
Female	19.7	19.9	20.1	20.4

A separate table of mortality rates is used for disabled retirees based on the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table. The following are sample rates:

Disabled Annuitant Mortality Rates (Multiplier applied)

	PORS		
Age	Male	Female	
50	1.7385%	0.6921%	
55	2.1265%	0.9926%	
60	2.5225%	1.3103%	
65	3.0104%	1.6816%	
70	3.7550%	2.2581%	
75	4.9240%	3.1338%	
80	6.5623%	4.3387%	
85	8.4962%	6.0122%	
90	11.0045%	8.4029%	
Multiplier	60%	60%	

Asset Valuation Method

The actuarial value of assets is based on the market value of assets with five-year smoothing applied. This is accomplished by recognizing each year 20 percent of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets, based upon the assumed valuation rate of return.

Expected earnings are determined using the assumed investment rate of return and the beginning of year actuarial value of assets (adjusted for receipts and disbursements during the year). The returns are computed net of administrative and investment expenses.

Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method allocates the plan's actuarial present value of future benefits to various periods based upon service. The portion of the present value of future benefits allocated to years of service prior to the valuation date is the actuarial accrued liability, and the portion allocated to years following the valuation date is the present value of future normal costs. The normal cost is determined for each active member as the level percent of payroll necessary to fully fund the expected benefits to be earned over the career of each individual active member. The normal cost is partially funded with active member contributions with the remainder funded by employer contributions.

An unfunded accrued liability exists in the amount equal to the excess of accrued liability over valuation assets. The amortization period of the System is the number of years required to fully amortize the unfunded accrued liability with the expected amount of employer contributions in excess of the employers' portion of the normal cost.

The calculation of the amortization period takes into account scheduled increases to contribution rates applicable to future years and payroll growth. Also, the calculation of the amortization period reflects additional contributions the System receives with respect to return to work retirees. These contributions are assumed to grow at the same payroll growth rate as for active employees. It is assumed that amortization payments are made monthly at the end of the month.

Unused Annual Leave

To account for the effect of unused annual leave in Average Final Compensation (AFC) of Class Two members, the AFC for Class Two members is increased 3.75 percent at their projected date of termination or retirement.

Unused Sick Leave

To account for the effect of unused sick leave on credited service for Class Two members, the service of active Class Two members who retire is increased three months.

Future Post-Retirement Benefit Adjustments

Benefits are assumed to increase by the lesser of 1 percent annually or \$500 beginning on the July 1 following the receipt of 12 monthly benefit payments. The \$500 limit in the annual increase is not indexed to escalate in future years.

Payroll Growth Rate

The total annual payroll of active members (also applies to rehired retiree participants) is assumed to increase at an annual rate of 3.5 percent.

Other Assumptions

- Valuation payroll (used for determining the amortization contribution rate): Prior fiscal year payroll
 projected forward one year using the overall payroll growth rate. This was determined separately for
 active employees and return to work employees by dividing the actual member contributions received
 during the prior fiscal year by the applicable member contribution rate for that fiscal year, and then
 projecting forward at 3.50 percent.
- 2. Individual salaries used to project benefits: Actual salaries from the past fiscal year are used to determine the final average salary as of the valuation date. For future salaries, the salary from the last fiscal year is projected forward with one year's salary scale.
- 3. Pay increase timing: Beginning of (fiscal) year. This is equivalent to assuming that reported salaries represent amounts paid to members during the year ended on the valuation date.
- 4. Percent married: 100 percent of male and 100 percent of female employees are assumed to be married.
- 5. Age difference: Males are assumed to be four years older than their spouses.
- 6. Percent electing annuity on death (when eligible): All of the spouses of vested, married participants are assumed to elect an immediate life annuity.
- 7. Inactive Population: All non-vested members are assumed to take an immediate refund. Vested members are assumed to take a deferred retirement benefit.
- 8. There will be no recoveries once disabled.
- 9. Decrement timing: Decrements of all types are assumed to occur mid-year.
- 10. Eligibility testing: Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and service nearest whole year on the date the decrement is assumed to occur.
- 11. Decrement relativity: Decrement rates are used directly from the experience study, without adjustment for multiple decrement table effects.
- 12. Incidence of Contributions: Contributions are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year based upon the computed percent of payroll shown in this report, and the actual payroll payable at the time contributions are made.
- 13. Benefit Service: All members are assumed to accrue one year of eligibility service each year.

Participant Data

Participant data was supplied in electronic text files. There were separate files for (i) active and inactive members, and (ii) members and beneficiaries receiving benefits.

The data for active members included birth date, gender, service with the current city and total vesting service, salary and employee contribution account balances. For retired members and beneficiaries, the data included date of birth, gender, spouse's date of birth (where applicable), amount of monthly benefit, date of retirement and form of payment code.

Salary supplied for the current year was based on the annualized earnings for the year preceding the valuation date. Assumptions were made to correct for missing, bad, or inconsistent data. These had no material impact on the results presented.

Police Officers Retirement System Development of Actuarial Value of Assets

		Ju	uly 1, 2014
1.	Actuarial Value of Assets at the Prior Valuation Date	\$	3,922,041
2.	Market Value of Assets at the Prior Valuation Date	\$	3,526,448
3.	Net External Cash Flow During the Year		
	a. Contributions	\$	251,638
	b. Disbursements		(329,550)
	c. Subtotal	\$	(77,912)
4.	Expected Net Investment Income at 7.50% Earned on:		
	a. Actuarial value of assets at the prior valuation date	\$	294,153
	b. Contributions		9,436
	c. Disbursements		(12,358)
	d. Subtotal	\$	291,231
5.	Expected Actuarial Value of Assets, End of Year	\$	4,135,360
	(Item 1 + Item 3c + Item 4d)		
6.	Market Value of Assets as of the Current Valuation Date	\$	3,985,102
7.	Difference Between Expected Actuarial Assets and	\$	(150,258)
	Market Value of Assets (Item 6 - Item 5)		
8.	Excess/(Shortfall) Recognized (20% of Item 7)	\$	(30,052)
9.	Actuarial Value of Plan Assets, End of Year	\$	4,105,308
	(Item 5 + Item 8)		
10.	Asset Gain (Loss) for Year (Item 9 - Item 5)	\$	(30,052)
11.	Asset gain (loss) as % of the actuarial value of assets		(0.73%)
12.	Ratio of AVA to MVA		103.0%

General Assembly Retirement System

Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Based on recommendations from the consulting actuary, the Budget and Control Board and the PEBA Board are responsible for adopting all actuarial methods and assumptions used in the annual actuarial valuations, except for the investment rate of return. Retirement reform legislation enacted in 2012 set the rate at 7.5 percent effective July 1, 2012 and requires that the assumed annual rate of return on investments be established by the General Assembly. South Carolina State Statute also requires that an experience analysis that reviews the economic and demographic assumptions be performed every five years. As a result of the most recently completed experience analysis for the five year period ended June 30, 2010, the Boards adopted a number of changes in the actuarial assumptions which were adopted and utilized beginning with the July 1, 2011 annual valuations. In addition, the rates of retirement and disability incidence were subsequently modified as of July 1, 2012 to better model expected future mortality experience as a result of the pension reform bill enacted in 2012.

The following presents a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods used in the valuation of the Retirement System for Members of the General Assembly of South Carolina.

Investment Rate of Return

Assumed annual rate of 7.5 percent net of investment and administrative expenses composed of a 2.75 percent inflation component and a 4.75 percent real rate of return, net of investment and administration expenses.

Rates of Annual Salary Increase

No increases in salary are assumed.

Active Member Decrement Rates

a. Assumed rates of service retirement are shown in the following table. In addition to the rates in the table below, members with 30 years of service are assumed to immediately commence their retirement benefit. Special contributors are assumed to retire at the earlier of attaining age 60 or attaining 22 years of service.

Age Based Retirement Rates

Age	Assumed Rate
60 & Under	40.00%
61-64	7.00%
65-69	15.00%
70 & older	100.00%

b. An abbreviated table with the assumed rates of disability and mortality while employed is shown on the following page. There is no active employment withdrawal assumption.

Disability Rates Pre-Retirement Mortality

	Disability Rates		Pre-Retireme	ent Mortality
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female
25	0.0575%	0.0525%	0.0414%	0.0166%
30	0.1150%	0.0735%	0.0488%	0.0211%
35	0.1725%	0.1470%	0.0850%	0.0380%
40	0.2875%	0.1890%	0.1187%	0.0565%
45	0.4025%	0.2730%	0.1659%	0.0899%
50	0.5750%	0.4620%	0.2352%	0.1341%
55	0.9200%	0.7350%	0.3332%	0.2021%
60	1.1500%	1.1235%	0.5366%	0.3145%
Multiplier			110%	80%

Note: The multiplier has been applied to the decrement in the illustrative table.

Post Retirement Mortality

a. Healthy retirees and beneficiaries-The RP-2000 Mortality Table projected using the AA projection table with multipliers based on plan experience. The following are sample rates.

Healthy Annuitant Mortality Rates Before Projection

Age	Male	Female
50	0.2138%	0.1508%
55	0.3624%	0.2445%
60	0.6747%	0.4550%
65	1.2737%	0.8735%
70	2.2206%	1.5068%
75	3.7834%	2.5295%
80	6.4368%	4.1291%
85	11.0757%	6.9701%
90	18.3408%	11.8514%
Multiplier	100%	90%

Note: The multiplier has been applied to the decrement in the illustrative table.

The following table provides the life expectancy for individuals retiring in future years based on the assumption with full generational projection.

Life Expectancy for an Age 65 Retiree in Years

	Year of Retirement			
Gender	2015	2020	2025	2030
Male	19.6	20.0	20.4	20.7
Female	22.3	22.5	22.7	22.9

b. A separate table of mortality rates is used for disabled retirees based on the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table. The following are sample rates.

Disabled Annuitant Mortality Rates

Age	Male	Female
50	2.4629%	1.2689%
55	3.0126%	1.8198%
60	3.5736%	2.4023%
65	4.2648%	3.0829%
70	5.3196%	4.1398%
75	6.9757%	5.7453%
80	9.2966%	7.9543%
85	12.0363%	11.0223%
90	15.5897%	15.4054%
Multiplier	85%	110%

Note: The multiplier has been applied to the decrement in the illustrative table.

Asset Valuation Method

The actuarial value of assets is based on the market value of assets with five-year smoothing applied. This is accomplished by recognizing each year 20 percent of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets, based upon the assumed valuation rate of return.

Expected earnings are determined using the assumed investment rate of return and the beginning of year actuarial value of assets (adjusted for receipts and disbursements during the year). The returns are computed net of administrative and investment expenses.

Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method allocates the System's actuarial present value of future benefits to various periods based upon service. The portion of the present value of future benefits allocated to years of service prior to the valuation date is the actuarial accrued liability, and the portion allocated to years following the valuation date is the present value of future normal costs. The normal cost is determined for each active member as the level dollar amount necessary to fully fund the expected benefits to be earned over the career of each individual active member. The normal cost is partially funded with active member contributions with the remainder funded by employer contributions.

An unfunded accrued liability exists in the amount equal to the excess of accrued liability over valuation assets. The amortization period of the System is the number of years required to fully amortize the unfunded accrued liability with the expected amount of employer contributions in excess of the employers' portion of the normal cost.

Future Cost-of-living Increases

No increases are assumed.

Payroll Growth Rate

None assumed.

Other Assumptions

- 1. Percent married: 100 percent of active members are assumed to be married.
- 2. Age difference: Males are assumed to be four years older than their spouses.
- 3. Percent electing annuity on death (when eligible): All of the spouses of vested, married participants are assumed to elect an immediate life annuity.
- 4. Inactive Population: All non-vested members are assumed to take an immediate refund. Members with a vested benefit are assumed to elect a refund or a deferred benefit commencing at age 60, whichever is more valuable at the valuation date.
- 5. It is assumed there will be no recoveries once disabled.
- 6. Decrement timing: Decrements of all types are assumed to occur mid-year.
- 7. Eligibility testing: Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and service nearest whole year on the date the decrement is assumed to occur.
- 8. Benefit Service: All active and special contributing members are assumed to accrue one year of eligibility service each year.

Participant Data

Participant data was supplied in electronic text files. There were separate files for (i) active and inactive members, and (ii) members and beneficiaries receiving benefits.

The data for active members included birth date, gender, service with the current city and total vesting service, salary and employee contribution account balances. For retired members and beneficiaries, the data included date of birth, gender, spouse's date of birth (where applicable), amount of monthly benefit, date of retirement and form of payment code.

Salary supplied for the current year was based on the annualized earnings for the year preceding the valuation date. Assumptions were made to correct for missing, bad, or inconsistent data. These had no material impact on the results presented.

General Assembly Retirement System Development of Actuarial Value of Assets

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

		July	, 1, 2014
1.	Actuarial Value of Assets at the Prior Valuation Date	\$	38,033
2.	Market Value of Assets at the Prior Valuation Date	\$	31,904
3.	Net External Cash Flow During the Year		
	a. Contributions	\$	4,447
	b. Disbursements	***************************************	(6,845)
	c. Subtotal	\$	(2,398)
4.	Expected Net Investment Income at 7.50% Earned on:		
	a. Actuarial value of assets at the prior valuation date	\$	2,852
	b. Contributions		319
	c. Disbursements		(257)
	d. Subtotal	\$	2,914
5.	Expected Actuarial Value of Assets, End of Year (Item 1 + Item 3c + Item 4d)	\$	38,549
6.	Market Value of Assets as of the Current Valuation Date	\$	34,034
7.	Difference Between Expected Actuarial Assets and Market Value of Assets (Item 6 - Item 5)	\$	(4,515)
8.	Excess/(Shortfall) Recognized (20% of Item 7)	\$	(903)
9.	Actuarial Value of Plan Assets, End of Year (Item 5 + Item 8)	\$	37,646
10.	Asset Gain (Loss) for Year (Item 9 - Item 5)	\$	(903)
11.	Asset Gain (Loss) as % of Actual Actuarial Assets		(2.4%)
12.	Ratio of AVA to MVA		110.6%

Judges and Solicitors Retirement System Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Based on recommendations from the consulting actuary, the Budget and Control Board and the PEBA Board are responsible for adopting all actuarial methods and assumptions used in the annual actuarial valuations, except for the investment rate of return. Retirement reform legislation enacted in 2012 set the rate at 7.5 percent effective July 1, 2012 and requires that the assumed annual rate of return on investments be established by the General Assembly. South Carolina State Statute also requires that an experience analysis that reviews the economic and demographic assumptions be performed every five years. As a result of the most recently completed experience analysis for the five year period ended June 30, 2010, the Boards adopted a number of changes in the actuarial assumptions which were adopted and utilized beginning with the July 1, 2011 annual valuations. In addition, the rates of retirement and disability incidence were subsequently modified as of July 1, 2012 to better model expected future experience as a result of the pension reform bill enacted in 2012.

The following presents a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods used in the valuation of the Retirement System for Judges and Solicitors of South.

Investment Rate of Return

Assumed annual rate of 7.5 percent net of investment and administrative expenses composed of a 2.75 percent inflation component and a 4.75 percent real rate of return, net of investment and administration expenses.

Rates of Annual Salary Increase

Rates of salary are assumed to increase at an annual rate of 3 percent.

Active Member Decrement Rates

a. Assumed rates of service retirement are shown in the following table. In addition to the rates in the table below, all participants are assumed to retire upon reaching the mandatory retirement age of 72.

Assumed Rates of Retirement

	Solicitors and Public Defenders					Judges	
Age	Service	RIP Eligible	Not RIP Eligible	Age	Service	RIP Eligible	Not RIP Eligible
70 to 72	15 to 23	12%	12%	70 to 72	15 to 24	12%	12%
65 to 69	20 to 23	40%	40%	65 to 69	20 to 24	40%	40%
Any	24	20%	40%	Any	25	15%	25%
Any	25	15%	25%	Any	26	10%	15%
Any	26	10%	12%	Any	27	10%	15%
Any	27	10%	12%	Any	28	10%	15%
Any	28	10%	12%	Any	29	10%	15%
Any	29	5%	12%	Any	30	5%	15%
Any	30	5%	12%	Any	31	5%	15%
Any	31+	100%	N/A	Any	32+	100%	N/A

b. An abbreviated table with the assumed rates of disability and mortality while employed is shown below. There is no active employment withdrawal assumption.

Disability Rates Pre-Retirement Mortality

	Disabilit	ty Rates	Pre-Retirement Mortality		
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female	
25	0.0400%	0.0520%	0.0432%	0.0145%	
30	0.0600%	0.0700%	0.0511%	0.0185%	
35	0.0800%	0.0700%	0.0889%	0.0333%	
40	0.1500%	0.1220%	0.1241%	0.0494%	
45	0.2500%	0.2500%	0.1734%	0.0787%	
50	0.4000%	0.4000%	0.2459%	0.1173%	
55	0.6500%	0.6500%	0.3483%	0.1768%	
60	1.0000%	1.0000%	0.5610%	0.2752%	
65	1.2500%	1.2500%	0.8082%	0.3800%	
Multiplier	N/A	N/A	115%	70%	

Note: The multiplier has been applied to the decrement in the illustrative table.

Post Retirement Mortality

a. Healthy retirees and beneficiaries – The valuation assumes fully generational mortality. The base mortality table used is the RP-2000 Mortality Table with White Collar adjustment, adjusted by multipliers documented in the table below. Future mortality improvements are assumed each year using Scale AA. The following are sample rates.

Healthy Annuitant Mortality Rates Before Projection

Age	Male	Female
50	0.2176%	0.1510%
55	0.3632%	0.2457%
60	0.6141%	0.4443%
65	1.2167%	0.8218%
70	2.1203%	1.4426%
75	3.6997%	2.4431%
80	6.5353%	4.0926%
85	11.5132%	7.0483%
90	19.6100%	11.9843%
Multiplier	110%	95%

Note: The multiplier has been applied to the decrement in the illustrative table.

The following table provides the life expectancy for individuals retiring in future years based on the assumption with full generational projection.

Life Expectancy for an Age 65 Retiree in Years

	Year of Retirement			
Gender	2015	2020	2025	2030
Male	19.5	19.9	20.3	20.6
Female	22.4	22.6	22.8	22.9

b. A separate table of mortality rates is used for disabled retirees based on the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table. The following are sample rates.

Disabled Annuitant Mortality Rates

	JSRS		
Age	Male	Female	
50	2.173%	1.269%	
55	2.658%	1.820%	
60	3.153%	2.402%	
65	3.763%	3.083%	
70	4.694%	4.140%	
75	6.155%	5.745%	
80	8.203%	7.954%	
85	10.620%	11.022%	
90	13.756%	15.405%	
Multiplier	75%	110%	

Note: The multiplier has been applied to the decrement in the illustrative table.

Asset Valuation Method

The actuarial value of assets is based on the market value of assets with five-year smoothing applied. This is accomplished by recognizing each year 20 percent of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets, based upon the assumed valuation rate of return.

Expected earnings are determined using the assumed investment rate of return and the beginning of year actuarial value of assets (adjusted for receipts and disbursements during the year). The returns are computed net of administrative and investment expenses.

Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method allocates the System's actuarial present value of future benefits to various periods based upon service. The portion of the present value of future benefits allocated to years of service prior to the valuation date is the actuarial accrued liability, and the portion allocated to years following the valuation date is the present value of future normal costs. The normal cost is determined for each active member as the level percent of payroll necessary to fully fund the expected benefits to be earned over the career of each individual active member. The normal cost is partially funded with active member contributions with the remainder funded by employer contributions.

An unfunded accrued liability exists in the amount equal to the excess of accrued liability over valuation assets. The amortization period of the System is the number of years required to fully amortize the unfunded accrued liability with the expected amount of employer contributions in excess of the employers' portion of the normal cost.

The calculation of the amortization period takes into account scheduled increases to contribution rates applicable to future years and payroll growth. Also, the calculation of the amortization period reflects additional contributions the System receives with respect to members in DROP and who are retired-in-place. These contributions are assumed to grow at the same payroll growth rate as for active employees. It is assumed that amortization payments are made monthly at the end of the month.

Future Cost-of-living Increases

Future benefits are assumed to increase at an annual rate of 3 percent.

Payroll Growth Rate

The total annual payroll of active members (including DROP and RIP participants) is assumed to increase at an annual rate of 3 percent. This rate represents the underlying expected annual rate of wage inflation and does not anticipate increases in the number of members.

Other Assumptions

- 1. Percent married: 95 percent of male and female employees are assumed to be married.
- 2. Age difference: Males are assumed to be four years older than their spouses.
- 3. Percent electing annuity on death (when eligible): All of the spouses of vested married participants are assumed to elect an immediate life annuity.
- 4. Inactive Population: All non-vested members are assumed to take an immediate refund. Members with a vested benefit are assumed to elect a deferred benefit commencing at their earliest possible commencement age.
- 5. There will be no recoveries once disabled.
- 6. Decrement timing: Decrements of all types are assumed to occur mid-year.
- 7. Eligibility testing: Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and service nearest whole year on the date the decrement is assumed to occur.
- 8. Benefit Service: All active members are assumed to accrue one year of eligibility service each year.

Participant Data

Participant data was supplied in electronic text files. There were separate files for (i) active and inactive members, and (ii) members and beneficiaries receiving benefits.

The data for active members included birth date, gender, service with the current city and total vesting service, salary and employee contribution account balances. For retired members and beneficiaries, the data included date of birth, gender, spouse's date of birth (where applicable), amount of monthly benefit, date of retirement and form of payment code.

Salary supplied for the current year was based on the annualized earnings for the year preceding the valuation date. Assumptions were made to correct for missing, bad or inconsistent data. These had no material impact on the results presented.

Judges and Solicitors Retirement System Development of Actuarial Value of Assets

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

		Jul	y 1, 2014
1.	Actuarial Value of Assets at the Prior Valuation Date	\$	147,648
2.	Market Value of Assets at the Prior Valuation Date	\$	131,278
3.	Net External Cash Flow During the Year		
	a. Contributions	\$	12,107
	b. Disbursements		(16,490)
	c. Subtotal	\$	(4,383)
4.	Expected Net Investment Income at 7.50% Earned on:		
	a. Actuarial value of assets at the prior valuation date	\$	11,074
	b. Contributions		454
	c. Disbursements	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	(618)
	d. Subtotal	\$	10,910
5.	Expected Actuarial Value of Assets, End of Year	\$	154,175
	(Item 1 + Item 3c + Item 4d)		
6.	Market Value of Assets as of the Current Valuation Date 1	\$	147,496
7.	Difference Between Expected Actuarial Assets and	\$	(6,679)
	Market Value of Assets (Item 6 - Item 5)		
8.	Excess/(Shortfall) Recognized (20% of Item 7)	\$	(1,336)
9.	Actuarial Value of Plan Assets, End of Year,	\$	152,839
	Before Reflection of Restatement of the Market Value		
	(Item 5 + Item 8)		
10.	Asset Gain (Loss) for Year (Item 9 - Item 5)	\$	(1,336)
11.	Asset Gain (Loss) as % of the Actuarial Value of Assets		(0.87%)
12.	Adjustment to the Market and Actuarial Value of Assets		
	Due to the Restatement of the Market Value of Assets		
	to Reflect TERI to Conform with GASB No. 67	\$	0
13.	Market Value of Assets as of the Current Valuation Date ²	\$	147,496
	(Item 6 + Item 12)		
14.	Final Actuarial Value of Assets	\$	152,839
	(Item 9 + Item 12)		
15.	Ratio of AVA to MVA		103.6%

¹ Market value of assets prior to restatement for conformity with GASB No. 67.

² Market value of assets restated to include outstanding balance of TERI to conform with GASB No. 67.

South Carolina National Guard

Supplemental Retirement Plan

Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Based on recommendations from the consulting actuary, the Budget and Control Board and the PEBA Board are responsible for adopting all actuarial methods and assumptions used in the annual actuarial valuations, except for the investment rate of return. Retirement reform legislation enacted in 2012 set the rate at 7.5 percent effective July 1, 2012 and requires that the assumed annual rate of return on investments be established by the General Assembly. South Carolina State Statute also requires that an experience analysis that reviews the economic and demographic assumptions be performed every five years. As a result of the most recently completed experience analysis for the five year period ended June 30, 2010, the Boards adopted a number of changes in the actuarial assumptions which were adopted and utilized beginning with the July 1, 2011 annual valuations. In addition, the rates of retirement and disability incidence were subsequently modified as of July 1, 2012 to better model expected future experience as a result of the pension reform bill enacted in 2012.

The following presents a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods used in the valuation of the South Carolina National Guard Supplemental Retirement Plan.

Investment Rate of Return

Assumed annual rate of 7.5 percent net of investment and administrative expenses composed of a 2.75 percent inflation component and a 4.75 percent real rate of return, net of investment and administration expenses.

Rates of Annual Salary Increase

No increases in salary are assumed. The benefit is not related to pay.

Active Member Decrement Rates

a. Assumed rates of service retirement are shown in the following table. Members who retire prior to age 60 are assumed to defer retirement benefits until age 60.

Age Based Retirement Rates

Age	Rate with 20 or more years of service	Rate with 30 or more years of
		service
39 & Under	10.00%	100.00%
40-49	10.00%	100.00%
50-59	10.00%	100.00%
60 & older	100.00%	100.00%

b. An abbreviated table with the assumed rates of disability and mortality while employed is shown on the following page. There is no active employment withdrawal assumption.

Disability Rates Pre-Retirement Mortality

	Disability Rates		Pre-Retirement Mortality		
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female	
25	0.0854%	0.0854%	0.0338%	0.0186%	
30	0.1100%	0.1100%	0.0653%	0.0264%	
35	0.1474%	0.1474%	0.0978%	0.0467%	
40	0.2201%	0.2201%	0.1234%	0.0790%	
45	0.3595%	0.3595%	0.1614%	0.1248%	
50	0.6059%	0.6059%	0.2171%	0.1767%	
55	1.0089%	1.0089%	0.3776%	0.2516%	
60	1.6269%	1.6269%	0.7443%	0.4454%	
Multiplier			90.0%	90.0%	

Note: The multiplier has been applied to the decrement in the illustrative table.

Post Retirement Mortality

Retirees and beneficiaries – The valuation assumes fully generational mortality. The base mortality table is 115 percent of the RP-2000 Mortality Table with Blue Collar Adjustment. Future mortality improvements are assumed each year using Scale AA .The following are sample rates.

Annuitant Mortality Rates Before Projection (Multiplier Applied)

Age	Male	Female
50	0.2774%	0.2257%
55	0.4825%	0.3214%
60	0.9511%	0.5691%
65	1.7870%	1.1958%
70	3.0772%	2.1429%
75	4.9601%	3.5521%
80	8.1129%	5.6296%
85	13.2339%	9.5565%
90	20.9021%	15.7189%
Multiplier	115%	115%

 ${\it Note: The multiplier has been applied to the decrement in the illustrative table.}$

The following table provides the life expectancy for individuals retiring in future years based on the assumption with full generational projection.

Life Expectancy for an Age 65 Retiree in Years

	Year of Retirement					
Gender	2015	2020	2025	2030		
Male	17.8	18.2	18.6	19.0		
Female	19.7	19.9	20.1	20.4		

Asset Valuation Method

The actuarial value of assets is based on the market value of assets with five-year smoothing applied. This is accomplished by recognizing each year 20 percent of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets, based upon the assumed valuation rate of return.

Expected earnings are determined using the assumed investment rate of return and the beginning of year actuarial value of assets (adjusted for receipts and disbursements during the year). The returns are computed net of administrative and investment expenses.

Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method allocates the System's actuarial present value of future benefits to various periods based upon service. The portion of the present value of future benefits allocated to years of service prior to the valuation date is the actuarial accrued liability, and the portion allocated to years following the valuation date is the present value of future normal costs. The normal cost is determined for each active member as the level dollar amount necessary to fully fund the expected benefits to be earned over the career of each individual active member. The normal cost is partially funded with active member contributions with the remainder funded by employer contributions.

An unfunded accrued liability exists in the amount equal to the excess of accrued liability over valuation assets. The amortization period of the System is the number of years required to fully amortize the unfunded accrued liability with the expected amount of employer contributions in excess of the employers' portion of the normal cost.

Future Cost-of-Living Increases

No increases are assumed.

Payroll Growth Rate

None assumed.

Other Assumptions

- 1. There is not a marriage assumption.
- 2. Decrement timing: Decrements of all types are assumed to occur mid-year.
- 3. Eligibility testing: Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and service nearest whole year on the date the decrement is assumed to occur.

Participant Data

Participant data was supplied in electronic text files. There were separate files for (i) active, and (ii) members and beneficiaries receiving benefits.

The data for active members included birth date, gender, total military service and total South Carolina National Guard service. For retired members and beneficiaries, the data included date of birth, gender, spouse's date of birth (where applicable), amount of monthly benefit, date of retirement and form of payment code.

Assumptions were made to correct for missing, bad or inconsistent data. These had no material impact on the results presented.

South Carolina National Guard Supplemental Retirement Plan Development of Actuarial Value of Assets

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

		Jul	y 1, 2014
1.	Actuarial Value of Assets at the Prior Valuation Date	\$	22,208
2.	Market Value of Assets at the Prior Valuation Date	\$	19,424
3.	Net External Cash Flow During the Year		
	a. Contributions	\$	4,586
	b. Disbursements		(4,248)
	c. Subtotal	\$	338
4.	Expected Net Investment Income at 7.50% Earned on:		
	a. Actuarial value of assets at the prior valuation date	\$	1,666
	b. Contributions		344
	c. Disbursements		(159)
	d. Subtotal	\$	1,851
5.	Expected Actuarial Value of Assets, End of Year (Item 1 + Item 3c + Item 4d)	\$	24,397
6.	Market Value of Assets as of the Current Valuation Date	\$	22,558
7.	Difference Between Expected Actuarial Assets and Market Value of Assets (Item 6 - Item 5)	\$	(1,839)
8.	Excess/(Shortfall) Recognized (20% of Item 7)	\$	(368)
9.	Actuarial Value of Plan Assets, End of Year (Item 5 + Item 8)	\$	24,029
10.	Asset Gain (Loss) for Year (Item 9 - Item 5)	\$	(368)
11.	Asset Gain (Loss) as % of Actual Actuarial Assets		(1.5%)
12.	Ratio of AVA to MVA		106.5%

South Carolina Retirement System Summary of Historical Active Membership

As of July 1, 2014

		Active N	/lembers	Covered Payroll ¹		Average Annual Pay			
July 1	Number of Employers ²	Number	Percent Increase/ Decrease	Amount in Thousands	Percent Increase/ Decrease	Amount	Percent Increase/ Decrease	Average Age	Average Service
2014	810	185,265	0.3%	\$7,539,996	1.4%	\$40,698	1.10%	45	10.2
2013	808	184,690	(0.6%)	7,434,820	1.1%	40,256	1.65%	45	10.2
2012	806	185,748	(1.0%)	7,356,231	(4.3%)	39,603	(3.35%)	45	10.4
2011	803	187,611	(1.4%)	7,687,558	(1.1%)	40,976	0.33%	45	10.5
2010	800	190,239	(1.1%)	7,769,820	(4.7%)	40,842	1.20%	45	10.2
2009	781	192,319	(0.3%)	7,761,808	2.7%	40,359	2.95%	45	10.0
2008	776	192,820	2.6%	7,559,172	6.6%	39,203	3.89%	45	9.7
2007	777	187,968	2.0%	7,093,181	5.3%	37,736	3.28%	45	9.8
2006	763	184,282	1.8%	6,733,379	5.9%	36,538	4.06%	45	9.9
2005	768	181,022	(0.4%)	6,356,489	2.8%	35,114	3.30%	44	9.6

¹Covered payroll does not include payroll attributable to members in State ORP, TERI, or working retirees.

Police Officers Retirement System Summary of Historical Active Membership

As of July 1, 2014

		Active N	Members	Covered Payroll ¹		Average Annual Pay			
July 1	Number of Employers ²	Number	Percent Increase/ Decrease	Amount in Thousands	Percent Increase/ Decrease	Amount	Percent Increase/ Decrease	Average Age	Average Service
2014	310	26,697	1.9%	\$1,076,885	4.2%	\$40,337	2.27%	40	9.5
2013	356	26,194	0.1%	1,033,189	1.4%	39,444	1.31%	40	9.4
2012	325	26,179	(1.8%)	1,019,241	(6.3%)	38,934	(4.60%)	40	9.5
2011	356	26,650	0.3%	1,087,587	1.0%	40,810	0.72%	40	9.6
2010	322	26,568	(0.1%)	1,076,467	(0.7%)	40,517	(0.60%)	40	8.7
2009	318	26,598	0.6%	1,084,154	2.2%	40,761	1.55%	40	8.4
2008	313	26,427	3.0%	1,060,747	6.8%	40,139	3.68%	39	8.2
2007	313	25,645	3.4%	992,849	6.6%	38,715	3.09%	39	8.3
2006	314	24,813	4.3%	931,815	9.5%	37,554	5.05%	40	8.3
2005	314	23,795	0.3%	850,610	3.4%	35,747	3.16%	39	8.2

¹Covered payroll does not include payroll attributable to working retirees.

²Number of employers that cover employees eligible for SCRS benefits and that contributed to the system during the last fiscal year. Although the state is considered the primary government and includes all state agencies as a single employer, for purposes of this schedule, each state agency is reported separately and counted as an employer.

²Number of employers that cover employees eligible for PORS benefits and that contributed to the system during the last fiscal year. Although the state is considered the primary government and includes all state agencies as a single employer, for purposes of this schedule, each state agency is reported separately and counted as an employer.

General Assembly Retirement System Summary of Historical Active Membership

As of July 1, 2014

		Active N	lembers ¹	Covered	Payroll	Average A	Annual Pay		
July 1	Number of Employers ²	Number ¹	Percent Increase/ Decrease	ount in	Percent Increase/ Decrease	Amount	Percent Increase/ Decrease	Average Age	Average Service
2014	2	115	(3.4%)	\$ 2,601	(3.2%)	\$22,617	0.13%	55	12.4
2013	2	119	(30.0%)	2,688	(30.3%)	22,588	(.37%)	54	11.8
2012	2	170	0.0%	3,854	0.0%	22,671	0.00%	53	10.8
2011	2	170	0.0%	3,854	0.0%	22,671	0.00%	53	9.8
2010	2	170	0.0%	3,854	0.0%	22,671	0.00%	52	10.2
2009	2	170	0.0%	3,854	0.0%	22,671	0.00%	51	9.0
2008	2	170	0.0%	3,854	0.0%	22,671	0.00%	52	10.4
2007	2	170	0.0%	3,854	0.0%	22,671	0.00%	52	10.8
2006	2	170	0.0%	3,854	0.0%	22,671	0.01%	51	10.6
2005	2	170	0.0%	3,853	0.4%	22,668	0.38%	51	10.2

¹For valuations prior to 2013 the annual covered payroll included the payroll of filled and unfilled positions.

Judges and Solicitors Retirement System Summary of Historical Active Membership

As of July 1, 2014

	Active Me	embers ¹	Cove	red Payroll	Average Annual Pay			
July 1	Number of Employers ²	Number ¹		nount in	Amount	Percent Increase/ Decrease	Average Age	Average Service
2014	3	153	\$	20,815	\$136,048	2.00%	56	15.1
2013	3	153		20,407	133,381	(0.07%)	56	15.5
2012	3	144		19,221	133,476	3.00%	56	15.1
2011	3	144		18,661	129,590	0.00%	55	14.3
2010	3	144		18,661	129,590	0.00%	55	15.0
2009	3	144		18,661	129,590	0.00%	55	15.4
2008	3	144		18,661	129,590	1.10%	54	15.7
2007	2	128		16,407	128,176	3.00%	55	19.4
2006	2	128		15,929	124,445	3.00%	55	20.1
2005	2	128		15,465	120,820	4.00%	55	19.5

¹Includes filled and unfilled positions and members in DROP or retired-in-place.

²Number of employers that cover employees eligible for GARS benefits and that contributed to the system during the last fiscal year. Although the state is considered the primary government and includes all state agencies as a single employer, for purposes of this schedule, each state agency is reported separately and counted as an employer.

²Number of employers that cover employees eligible for JSRS benefits and that contributed to the system during the last fiscal year. Although the state is considered the primary government and includes all state agencies as a single employer, for purposes of this schedule, each state agency is reported separately and counted as an employer.

South Carolina National Guard Supplemental Retirement Plan Summary of Historical Active Membership

As of July 1, 2014

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July 1	Number of Employers	Number of Members	Annual Payroll ¹	Average Pay ¹	Average Pay ¹	Average Age	Average Service
2014	1	12,221	N/A	N/A	N/A	32	9.7
2013	1	11,997	N/A	N/A	N/A	32	9.5
2012	1	12,041	N/A	N/A	N/A	32	9.2
2011	1	12,271	N/A	N/A	N/A	32	9.3
2010	1	12,445	N/A	N/A	N/A	32	9.0
2009	1	12,599	N/A	N/A	N/A	32	8.7
2008	1	12,559	N/A	N/A	N/A	31	8.0
2007 ²	1	11,076	N/A	N/A	N/A	32	10.0
2006	1	2,502	N/A	N/A	N/A	45	23.0
2005	1	2,864	N/A	N/A	N/A	45	23.0

¹Not applicable as this is a non-contributory plan.

²Effective January 1, 2007, guardsmen who became members of the South Carolina National Guard after June 30, 1993, became eligible for membership.

South Carolina Retirement System Summary of Active Membership Data

As of July 1, 2014

(Dollar amounts expressed in thousands)

Annual

Group	Number ¹	Con	Compensation ²	
State employees	49,260	\$	2,094,856	
Public school employees	82,739		3,157,166	
Other agency employees	53,266		1,950,599	
Total	185,265	\$	7,202,621	

¹In addition, there are 159,908 inactive members with contributions still in the system. The results of the valuation were adjusted to take these members into account. ²Total compensation is the annualized pay for the prior year.

Police Officers Retirement System Summary of Active Membership Data

As of July 1, 2014

(Dollar amounts expressed in thousands)

			Annuai
Group	Number ¹	Con	npensation ²
State employees	9,652	\$	343,901
Public school employees	0		0
Other agency employees	17,045		681,790
Total	26,697	\$	1,025,691

¹In addition, there are 13,185 inactive members with contributions still in the system. The results of the valuation were adjusted to take these members into account. ²Total compensation is the annualized pay for the prior year.

General Assembly Retirement System Summary of Active Membership Data

As of July 1, 2014 (Dollar amounts expressed in thousands)

Annual Number¹ Compensation 115 2,601

Judges and Solicitors Retirement System Summary of Active Membership Data

As of July 1, 2014 (Dollar amounts expressed in thousands)

Annual Number¹ Compensation 153 20,815

¹There are 36 inactive members with contributions still in the system, and there are 16 special contributors. The results of the valuation were adjusted to take these members into account. Numbers shown above include members receiving retirement benefits while continuing in office.

¹The number of active members reflects the number of seats, including 19 participants who are either in the DROP or have retired in place and are receiving retirement benefits while continuing in office. There are two inactive members with contributions still in the system. The results of the valuation were adjusted to take these members into account.

South Carolina Retirement System Summary of Membership Data

				July 1, 2014	July 1, 2013			
1.	Sei	rvice retirees						
	a.	Number		109,150		105,813		
	b.	Total annual benefits	\$ 2	2,315,655,082	\$ 2	2,227,337,459		
	c.	Average annual benefits	\$	21,215	\$	21,050		
	d.	Average age at the valuation date		69.2		68.9		
2.	Dis	sabled retirees						
	a.	Number		13,584		13,329		
	b.	Total annual benefits	\$	185,574,607	\$	180,095,624		
	c.	Average annual benefits	\$	13,661	\$	13,512		
	d.	Average age at the valuation date		62.8		62.4		
3.	Be	neficiaries						
	a.	Number		8,776		8,554		
	b.	Total annual benefits	\$	103,486,720	\$	99,194,071		
	c.	Average annual benefits	\$	11,792	\$	11,596		
	d.	Average age at the valuation date		67.6		67.5		

Police Officers Retirement System Summary of Membership Data

			 July 1, 2014	 July 1, 2013		
1.	Sei	rvice retirees				
	a.	Number	12,485	12,153		
	b.	Total annual benefits	\$ 254,520,214	\$ 247,127,574		
	c.	Average annual benefits	\$ 20,386	\$ 20,335		
	d.	Average age at the valuation date	64.2	63.7		
2.	Dis	abled retirees				
	a.	Number	2,380	2,259		
	b.	Total annual benefits	\$ 48,179,102	\$ 44,953,501		
	c.	Average annual benefits	\$ 20,243	\$ 19,900		
	d.	Average age at the valuation date	54.1	53.9		
3.	Bei	neficiaries				
	a.	Number	1,238	1,205		
	b.	Total annual benefits	\$ 14,938,347	\$ 14,325,696		
	c.	Average annual benefits	\$ 12,067	\$ 11,889		
	d.	Average age at the valuation date	67.8	67.9		

General Assembly Retirement System Summary of Membership Data

			J	uly 1, 2014	July 1, 2013		
1.	Ser	vice retirees					
	a.	Number		275		285	
	b.	Total annual benefits	\$	5,425,601	\$	5,609,504	
	c.	Average annual benefits	\$	19,729	\$	19,682	
	d.	Average age at the valuation date		72.1		71.9	
2.	Dis	abled retirees					
	a.	Number		0		0	
	b.	Total annual benefits	\$	0	\$	0	
	c.	Average annual benefits	\$	0	\$	0	
	d.	Average age at the valuation date		N/A		N/A	
3.	Ber	neficiaries					
	a.	Number		80		78	
	b.	Total annual benefits	\$	1,170,797	\$	1,144,515	
	c.	Average annual benefits	\$	14,635	\$	14,673	
	d.	Average age at the valuation date		77.6		78.3	

Judges and Solicitors Retirement System Summary of Membership Data

				luly 1, 2014	July 1, 2013		
1.	Sei	rvice retirees					
	a.	Number		148		147	
	b.	Total annual benefits	\$	14,784,469	\$	14,359,793	
	c.	Average annual benefits	\$	99,895	\$	97,686	
	d.	Average age at the valuation date		70.3		70.2	
2.	Dis	abled retirees					
	a.	Number ¹		0		1	
	b.	Total annual benefits	\$	0	\$	95,702	
	c.	Average annual benefits	\$	0	\$	95,702	
	d.	Average age at the valuation date		N/A		78.7	
3.	Bei	neficiaries					
	a.	Number		56		53	
	b.	Total annual benefits	\$	1,617,934	\$	1,501,885	
	c.	Average annual benefits	28,892	\$	28,337		
	d.	Average age at the valuation date	69.5				

¹Includes members in DROP and retired-in-place. It does not include unfilled positions.

South Carolina National Guard Supplemental Retirement Plan Summary of Membership Data

			Jı	uly 1, 2014	Ju	uly 1, 2013	
1.	Ac	tive members					
	a.	Males		10,075	9,958		
	b.	Females		2,146		2,039	
	c.	Total members		12,221		11,997	
	d.	Average age		32.1		32.0	
	e.	Average service		9.7		9.5	
2.	Ve	sted inactive members					
	a.	Number		2,130		2,292	
	b.	Total annual deferred benefits	\$	1,670,520	\$	1,801,320	
	c.	Average annual deferred benefits	\$	784	\$	786	
3.	Sei	rvice retirees					
	a.	Number		4,628		4,541	
	b.	Total annual benefits	\$	4,229,880	\$	4,167,540	
	c.	Average annual benefit	\$	914	\$	918	
	d.	Average age		69.7	69.3		

South Carolina Retirement System Schedule of Retirants Added to and Removed from Rolls¹

(Amounts except average allowance expressed in thousands)

	Added	to Rolls ²	Removed	from Rolls ³	Rolls End of the Year			
		Annual	Annual		Annual		Percent Increase in	Average Annual
July 1	Number	Benefits	Number	Benefits	Number	Benefits	Annual Benefits	Benefits
2014	7,084	\$148,060	3,270	\$49,971	131,510	\$2,604,716	3.9%	\$19,806
2013	9,088	204,581	3,319	50,142	127,696	2,506,627	6.6%	19,630
2012	9,523	205,050	2,968	44,099	121,927	2,352,188	7.3%	19,292
2011	6,336	141,242	2,358	31,382	115,372	2,191,236	5.3%	18,993
2010	6,596	151,348	3,216	44,049	111,394	2,081,376	5.4%	18,685
2009	6,190	101,813	2,698	36,834	108,014	1,974,077	3.4%	18,276
2008	6,021	132,856	2,396	30,178	104,522	1,909,098	5.7%	18,265
2007	5,944	130,286	2,252	28,455	100,897	1,806,420	6.0%	17,904
2006	4,621	118,271	2,083	24,099	97,205	1,704,589	5.8%	17,536
2005	7,203	167,748	2,143	23,537	94,667	1,610,417	9.8%	17,011

Police Officers Retirement System Schedule of Retirants Added to and Removed from Rolls

(Amounts except average allowance expressed in thousands)

	Added	to Rolls ²	Removed from Rolls ³		Rolls End	l of the Year			
July 1	Annual Number Benefits		Annual Number Benefits		Number	Annual Benefits	Percent Increase in Annual Benefits	Average Annual Benefits	
2014	818	\$ 16,881	332	\$ 5,650	16,103	\$ 317,638	3.7%	\$19,725	
2013	1,278	27,584	314	5,106	15,617	306,407	7.9%	19,620	
2012	1,566	34,086	271	4,143	14,653	283,929	11.8%	19,377	
2011	1,042	22,580	250	2,970	13,358	253,986	8.4%	19,014	
2010	943	21,877	327	5,000	12,566	234,376	7.8%	18,652	
2009	931	17,937	267	3,879	11,950	217,499	6.9%	18,201	
2008	779	17,458	194	2,691	11,286	203,441	7.8%	18,026	
2007	772	16,474	205	2,745	10,701	188,674	7.8%	17,631	
2006	678	16,880	205	2,691	10,134	174,945	8.8%	17,263	
2005	778	12,576	173	2,147	9,661	160,756	9.8%	16,640	

¹ Includes Teacher and Employee Retention Incentive (TERI) participants.

² Annual benefits added to rolls includes the benefit adjustments provided to continuing retirees.

³ The removed from rolls count does not include members who are replaced by beneficiaries.

General Assembly Retirement System Schedule of Retirants Added to and Removed from Rolls

(Amounts except average allowance expressed in thousands)

	Added to Rolls ²			Removed from Rolls ³		Rolls End	of th	e Year			
July 1	Annual Number Benefits		Annual Number Benefits		Number	Annual Number Benefits		Percent Increase in Annual Benefits	Average Annual Benefits		
2014	12	\$	200	20	\$	358	355	\$	6,596	-2.3%	\$18,581
2013	22		444	17		353	363		6,754	1.4%	18,606
2012	16		251	11		130	358		6,663	1.8%	18,611
2011	12		238	5		108	353		6,542	2.0%	18,534
2010	7		148	14		261	346		6,412	-1.7%	18,532
2009	26		505	15		266	353		6,525	3.8%	18,484
2008	19		337	10		134	342		6,286	3.3%	18,380
2007	18		321	2		13	333		6,083	5.3%	18,267
2006	13		238	8		179	317		5,775	1.0%	18,218
2005	22		486	7		125	312		5,716	6.8%	18,321

Judges and Solicitors Retirement System Schedule of Retirants Added to and Removed from Rolls¹

(Amounts except average allowance expressed in thousands)

	Added	to Rolls ²	Removed	from Rolls ³	Rolls End	of the Year		
July 1			Number	Annual Number Benefits		Annual Benefits	Percent Increase in Annual Benefits	Average Annual Benefits
2014	7	\$ 637	4	\$ 192	204	\$ 16,402	2.8%	\$80,402
2013	10	279	9	42	201	15,957	1.5%	79,388
2012	6	912	4	184	200	15,720	4.9%	78,600
2011	9	827	5	196	198	14,992	4.4%	75,717
2010	18	1,210	8	593	194	14,361	4.5%	74,025
2009	10	903	4	259	184	13,744	4.9%	74,696
2008	6	545	3	156	178	13,100	3.1%	73,596
2007	32	2,690	1	30	175	12,711	26.5%	72,634
2006	4	464	1	28	144	10,051	4.5%	69,799
2005	3	581	1	27	141	9,615	6.1%	68,191

¹Beginning July 1, 2007, includes participants who have retired in place.

²Annual benefits added to rolls includes benefit adjustments for continuing retirees.

³The removed from rolls count does not include members who are replaced by beneficiaries.

South Carolina National Guard Supplemental Retirement Plan Schedule of Retirants Added to and Removed from Rolls

(Amounts except average allowance expressed in thousands)

	Added to Rolls			Removed from Rolls			Rolls End of the Year					
July 1	Annual Number Benefits		Annual Number Benefits		Number		nnual enefits	Percent Increase in Annual Benefits	An	erage inual nefits		
2014	195	\$	165	108	\$	103	4,628	\$	4,230	3.9%	\$	914
2013	244		211	122		116	4,541		4,168	2.3%		918
2012	259		228	92		87	4,419		4,073	3.6%		922
2011	399		351	98		93	4,252		3,932	7.0%		925
2010	267		237	101		99	3,951		3,674	3.9%		930
2009	378		335	85		83	3,785		3,536	7.7%		934
2008	364		331	76		75	3,492		3,284	8.5%		940
2007	362		329	61		58	3,204		3,028	9.8%		945
2006	303		276	90		91	2,903		2,757	7.2%		950
2005	244		214	89		81	2,690		2,572	5.5%		956

Schedule of Funding Progress¹

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

		Actuarial	Actuarial	Unfunded		Annual	
	Valuation	Value of	Accrued	Actuarial Accrued	Funded	Covered	UAAL as %
SCRS	Date	Assets (AVA)	Liability (AAL)	Liability (UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll ²	of Payroll
	2014	\$26,910,740	\$ 42,889,614	\$ 15,978,874	62.7%	\$7,539,996	211.9%
	2013	25,753,068	41,196,062	15,442,994	62.5%	7,434,820	207.7%
	2012	25,540,749	39,457,708	13,916,959	64.7%	7,356,231	189.2%
	2011	25,604,823	38,011,610	12,406,787	67.4%	7,687,558	161.4%
	2010	25,400,331	38,774,029	13,373,698	65.5%	7,769,820	172.1%
	2009	25,183,062	37,150,315	11,967,253	67.8%	7,761,808	154.2%
	2008	24,699,678	35,663,419	10,963,741	69.3%	7,559,172	145.0%
	2007	23,541,438	33,766,678	10,225,240	69.7%	7,093,181	144.2%
	2006	22,293,446	32,018,519	9,725,073	69.6%	6,733,379	144.4%
	2005	21,625,510	30,217,471	8,591,961	71.6%	6,356,489	135.2%
		Actuarial	Actuarial	Unfunded		Annual	
	Valuation	Actuarial	Actuarial	Unfunded	Funded	Annual Covered	IIAAI as %
PORS	Valuation Date	Value of	Accrued	Actuarial Accrued	Funded Ratio	Covered	UAAL as %
PORS	Date	Value of Assets (AVA)	Accrued Liability (AAL)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	Ratio	Covered Payroll ²	of Payroll
PORS	Date 2014	Value of Assets (AVA) \$ 4,105,308	Accrued Liability (AAL) \$ 5,905,828	Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) \$ 1,800,520	Ratio 69.5%	Covered Payroll ² \$1,076,885	of Payroll 167.2%
PORS	2014 2013	Value of Assets (AVA) \$ 4,105,308 3,922,041	Accrued Liability (AAL) \$ 5,905,828 5,663,756	Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) \$ 1,800,520 1,741,715	Ratio 69.5% 69.2%	Covered Payroll ² \$1,076,885 1,033,189	of Payroll 167.2% 168.6%
PORS	2014 2013 2012	Value of Assets (AVA) \$ 4,105,308 3,922,041 3,808,934	Accrued Liability (AAL) \$ 5,905,828 5,663,756 5,357,492	Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) \$ 1,800,520 1,741,715 1,548,558	Ratio 69.5% 69.2% 71.1%	Covered Payroll ² \$1,076,885 1,033,189 1,019,241	of Payroll 167.2% 168.6% 151.9%
PORS	2014 2013	Value of Assets (AVA) \$ 4,105,308 3,922,041 3,808,934 3,728,241	Accrued Liability (AAL) \$ 5,905,828 5,663,756 5,357,492 5,122,501	Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) \$ 1,800,520 1,741,715 1,548,558 1,394,260	Ratio 69.5% 69.2%	Covered Payroll ² \$1,076,885 1,033,189 1,019,241 1,087,587	of Payroll 167.2% 168.6%
PORS	2014 2013 2012 2011 2010	Value of Assets (AVA) \$ 4,105,308 3,922,041 3,808,934 3,728,241 3,612,700	Accrued Liability (AAL) \$ 5,905,828 5,663,756 5,357,492 5,122,501 4,850,457	Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) \$ 1,800,520 1,741,715 1,548,558 1,394,260 1,237,757	Ratio 69.5% 69.2% 71.1% 72.8% 74.5%	Covered Payroll ² \$1,076,885 1,033,189 1,019,241 1,087,587 1,076,467	of Payroll 167.2% 168.6% 151.9% 128.2% 115.0%
PORS	2014 2013 2012 2011	Value of Assets (AVA) \$ 4,105,308 3,922,041 3,808,934 3,728,241 3,612,700 3,482,220	Accrued Liability (AAL) \$ 5,905,828	Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) \$ 1,800,520 1,741,715 1,548,558 1,394,260 1,237,757 1,081,891	Ratio 69.5% 69.2% 71.1% 72.8%	\$1,076,885 1,033,189 1,019,241 1,087,587 1,076,467 1,084,154	of Payroll 167.2% 168.6% 151.9% 128.2% 115.0% 99.8%
PORS	2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009	Value of Assets (AVA) \$ 4,105,308 3,922,041 3,808,934 3,728,241 3,612,700 3,482,220 3,363,136	Accrued Liability (AAL) \$ 5,905,828 5,663,756 5,357,492 5,122,501 4,850,457 4,564,111 4,318,955	Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) \$ 1,800,520 1,741,715 1,548,558 1,394,260 1,237,757 1,081,891 955,819	Ratio 69.5% 69.2% 71.1% 72.8% 74.5% 76.3% 77.9%	Covered Payroll ² \$1,076,885 1,033,189 1,019,241 1,087,587 1,076,467 1,084,154 1,060,747	of Payroll 167.2% 168.6% 151.9% 128.2% 115.0% 99.8% 90.1%
PORS	2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008	Value of Assets (AVA) \$ 4,105,308 3,922,041 3,808,934 3,728,241 3,612,700 3,482,220 3,363,136 3,160,240	Accrued Liability (AAL) \$ 5,905,828	Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) \$ 1,800,520 1,741,715 1,548,558 1,394,260 1,237,757 1,081,891	Ratio 69.5% 69.2% 71.1% 72.8% 74.5% 76.3% 77.9% 84.7%	\$1,076,885 1,033,189 1,019,241 1,087,587 1,076,467 1,084,154	of Payroll 167.2% 168.6% 151.9% 128.2% 115.0% 99.8% 90.1% 57.4%
PORS	2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007	Value of Assets (AVA) \$ 4,105,308 3,922,041 3,808,934 3,728,241 3,612,700 3,482,220 3,363,136	Accrued Liability (AAL) \$ 5,905,828 5,663,756 5,357,492 5,122,501 4,850,457 4,564,111 4,318,955	Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) \$ 1,800,520 1,741,715 1,548,558 1,394,260 1,237,757 1,081,891 955,819 570,304	Ratio 69.5% 69.2% 71.1% 72.8% 74.5% 76.3% 77.9%	\$1,076,885 1,033,189 1,019,241 1,087,587 1,076,467 1,084,154 1,060,747 992,849	of Payroll 167.2% 168.6% 151.9% 128.2% 115.0% 99.8% 90.1%

¹Funding progress for July 1, 2011, valuation adjusted to reflect pension reform legislation in Act 278. ²Covered payroll does not include payroll attributable to members in State ORP, TERI or working retirees.

Note: Effective 7-1-2005, actuarial assumptions were changed to include an increase in member contributions to 6.25 percent of earnings for fiscal year 2006 and 6.50 percent beginning fiscal year 2007; all return-to-work retirees and those TERI participants who joined the system after 7-01-2005 contributing at the same rate as active employees; a reduction in the interest rate credited to accumulated employee contributions from 6 percent to 4 percent; and the addition of a guaranteed COLA equal to the change in CPI, but not to exceed 1 percent, for SCRS retirees beginning the July 1st following a full year of annuity payments.

Effective 7-1-2008, actuarial assumptions for SCRS were changed as a result of a 5 year experience study. Changes in the investment return assumptions were adopted by the Board for the 7-01-2008 valuation for all plans.

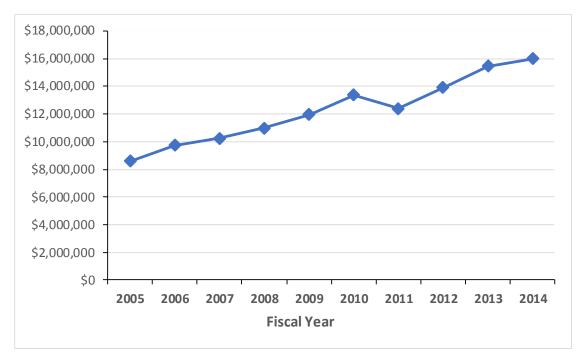
Effective 7-1-2011, actuarial assumptions were changed as a result of a 5 year experience study. The investment return assumption, inflation assumption, rate of salary increases, payroll growth assumption, post-retirement mortality assumption for all groups, retirement rates and termination rates were revised for both SCRS and PORS. The actuarial valuation of asset method was changed from one that recognized the difference between the expected and actual return on the market value of assets over a 10-year period, to a modified 5-year asset smoothing method for both SCRS and PORS. In addition, there were minor changes to the rates of disability incidence for SCRS.

Effective 7-1-2012, disability and retirement rates were updated to more appropriately reflect the anticipated plan experience as a result of the enactment of Act 278. Act 278 became law in June 2012, which resulted in substantial changes to the benefit provisions of both SCRS and PORS.

South Carolina Retirement System Funding Progress with Funded Ratios¹

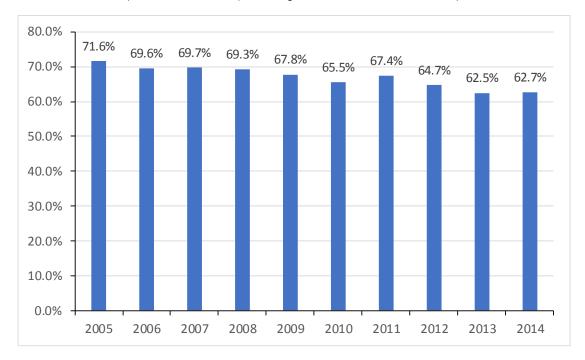
Unfunded Accrued Liabilities

(Amounts expressed in thousands)



Funded Ratios

(Actuarial assets as a percentage of actuarial accrued liabilities)

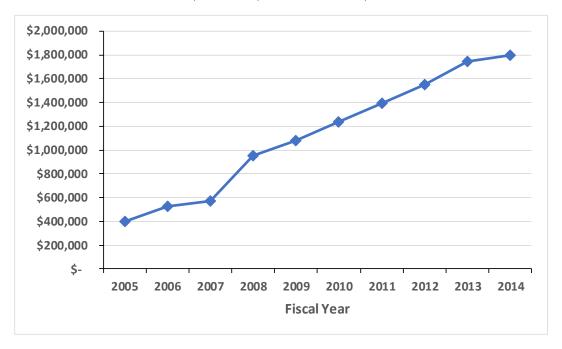


¹A 10-year schedule of actuarially determined and actual contributions can be found in the Required Supplementary Information portion of the Financial Section as part of the Schedule of Employers' Contributions.

Police Officers Retirement System Funding Progress with Funded Ratios¹

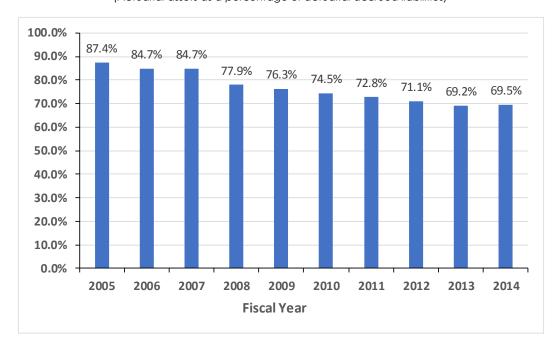
Unfunded Accrued Liabilities

(Amounts expressed in thousands)



Funded Ratios

(Actuarial assets as a percentage of actuarial accrued liabilities)



¹A 10-year schedule of actuarially determined and actual contributions can be found in the Required Supplementary Information portion of the Financial Section as part of the Schedule of Employers' Contributions.

Schedule of Funding Progress

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

		Ad	ctuarial	A	ctuarial	Un	funded		Α	nnual		
	Valuation	V	alue of	Accrued		Actuar	rial Accrued	Funded	Covered		UAAL as %	
GARS	Date	Asse	ets (AVA)	Liabi	ility (AAL)	Liability (UAAL)		Ratio	Pa	ayroll ¹	of Payroll	
	2014	\$ 37,646		\$	74,514	\$	36,868	50.5%	\$	2,601	1,417.5%	
	2013		38,033		75,639		37,606	50.3%		2,688	1,399.0%	
	2012		39,233		74,332		35,099	52.8%		3,854	910.7%	
	2011	41,484		74,604			33,120	55.6%		3,854	859.4%	
	2010		43,712	68,671			24,959	63.7%		3,854	647.6%	
	2009		45,891		68,491		22,600	67.0%		3,854	586.4%	
	2008		47,189		69,122		21,933	68.3%		3,854	569.1%	
	2007		46,925		71,014		24,089	66.1%		3,854	625.0%	
	2006		46,075		69,734		23,659	66.1%		3,854	613.9%	
	2005		46,316		69,161		22,845	67.0%		3,853	592.9%	

¹For valuations prior to 2013, the annual covered payroll included the payroll of filled and unfilled positions.

JSRS	Valuation Date			Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)		Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)		Funded Ratio	Annual Covered Payroll		UAAL as % of Payroll
	2014	\$	152,839	\$	264,293	\$	111,454	57.8%	\$	20,815	535.4%
	2013		147,648		256,988		109,340	57.5%		20,407	535.8%
	2012		145,604		251,729		106,125	57.8%		19,221	552.1%
	2011		144,927		243,514		98,587	59.5%		18,661	528.3%
	2010		142,871		215,823		72,952	66.2%		18,661	390.9%
	2009		141,797		214,363		72,566	66.1%		18,661	388.9%
	2008		138,323		213,406		75,083	64.8%		18,661	402.4%
	2007		132,990		229,388		96,398	58.0%		16,407	587.5%
	2006		124,837		211,384		86,547	59.1%		15,929	543.3%
	2005		118,888		204,847		85,959	58.0%		15,465	555.8%

Note: Effective 7-1-2005, actuarial assumptions were changed to include updated normal retirement rates based on analysis of historical normal retirement experience.

Changes in the investment return assumptions were adopted by the Board for the 7-01-2008 valuation for all plans.

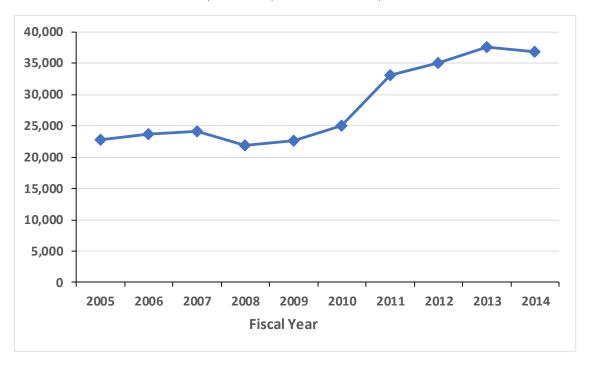
Effective 7-1-2011, actuarial assumptions were changed as a result of a 5 year experience study. The investment return assumption, inflation assumption and the mortality assumption were revised for both GARS and JSRS. The actuarial valuation of asset method was changed from one that recognized the difference between the expected and actual return on the market value of assets over a 10-year period, to a modified 5-year asset smoothing method for both GARS and JSRS.

Effective 7-1-2012, Act 278 became law in June 2012 and increased the member contribution rate from 10 percent of pay to 11 percent of pay effective 1-1-2013 for GARS members. The legislation also closed GARS to new members. Newly elected members of the General Assembly on or after the general election of 2012 shall elect to become members of SCRS, State ORP or non-membership.

General Assembly Retirement System Funding Progress with Funded Ratios¹

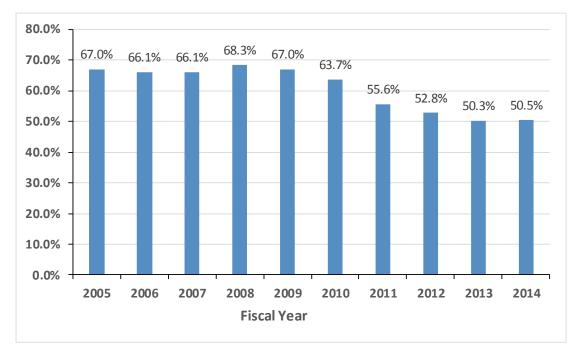
Unfunded Accrued Liabilities

(Amounts expressed in thousands)



Funded Ratios

(Actuarial assets as a percentage of actuarial accrued liabilities)

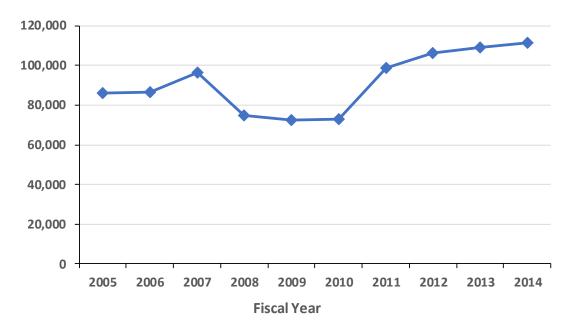


¹ A 10-year schedule of actuarially determined and actual contributions can be found in the Required Supplementary Information portion of the Financial Section as part of the Schedule of Employers' Contributions.

Judges and Solicitors Retirement System Funding Progress with Funded Ratios¹

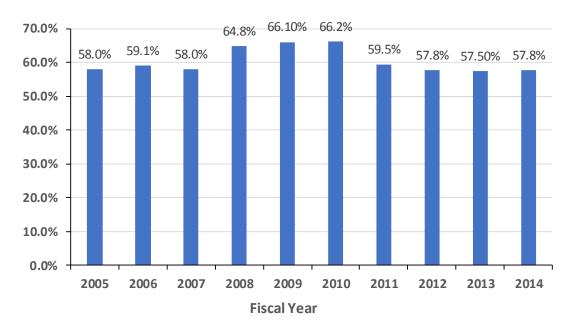
Unfunded Accrued Liabilities

(Amounts expressed in thousands)



Funded Ratios

(Actuarial assets as a percentage of actuarial accrued liabilities)



¹A 10-year schedule of actuarially determined and actual contributions can be found in the Required Supplementary Information portion of the Financial Section as part of the Schedule of Employers' Contributions.

Schedule of Funding Progress

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

SCNG	Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)		Value of Accrued		Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)		Funded Ratio	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as % of Payroll
	2014	\$	24,029	\$	62,100	\$	38,071	38.7%	N/A	N/A
	2013		22,208		61,576		39,368	36.1%	N/A	N/A
	2012		20,814		60,942		40,128	34.2%	N/A	N/A
	2011		20,138		60,388		40,250	33.3%	N/A	N/A
	2010		19,458		54,153		34,695	35.9%	N/A	N/A
	2009		18,600		53,421		34,821	34.8%	N/A	N/A
	2008		17,426		53,534		36,108	32.6%	N/A	N/A
	2007		15,937		55,917		39,980	28.5%	N/A	N/A
	2006		14,046		48,755		34,709	28.8%	N/A	N/A
	2005		12,151		46,985		34,835	25.9%	N/A	N/A

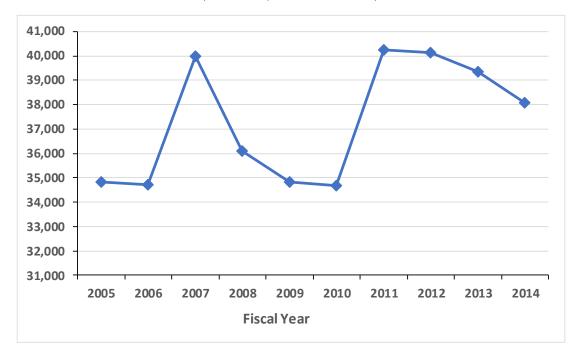
Note: Changes in the investment return assumptions were adopted by the Board for the 7-01-2008 valuation for all plans.

Effective 7-1-2011, actuarial assumptions were changed as a result of a 5 year experience study. The investment return assumption, inflation assumption and the mortality assumption were revised for SCNG. The actuarial valuation of asset method was changed from one that recognized the difference between the expected and actual return on the market value of assets over a 10-year period, to a modified 5-year asset smoothing method for SCNG.

South Carolina National Guard Supplemental Retirement Plan Funding Progress with Funded Ratios¹

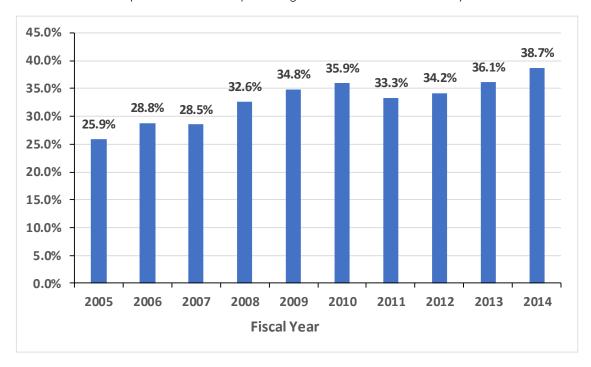
Unfunded Accrued Liabilities

(Amounts expressed in thousands)



Funded Ratios

(Actuarial assets as a percentage of actuarial accrued liabilities)



¹A 10-year schedule of actuarially determined and actual contributions can be found in the Required Supplementary Information portion of the Financial Section as part of the Schedule of Employers' Contributions.

South Carolina Retirement System Reconciliation of UAAL

As of July 1, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

	Amount of Increase/Decrease			
Item				
Beginning of year UAAL	\$	15,442,994		
Interest on UAAL		1,158,225		
Amortization payment		(909,882)		
Assumption/method changes		0		
Asset experience		293,055		
Salary experience		(73,873)		
Other liability experience		68,355		
Legislative changes				
End of year UAAL	\$	15,978,874		

Police Officers Retirement System Reconciliation of UAAL

As of July 1, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

	Amount of Increase/Decrease			
Item				
Beginning of year UAAL	\$	1,741,715		
Interest on UAAL		130,629		
Amortization payment		(96,422)		
Assumption/method changes		0		
Asset experience		30,052		
Salary experience		(8,808)		
Other liability experience		3,354		
Legislative changes		0		
End of year UAAL	\$	1,800,520		

General Assembly Retirement System Reconciliation of UAAL

As of July 1, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

	Amount of			
	Increas	se/Decrease		
Item				
Beginning of year UAAL	\$	37,606		
Interest on UAAL		2,820		
Amortization payment		(3,884)		
Assumption change		0		
Asset experience		903		
Liability experience		(577)		
Legislative changes		0		
End of year UAAL	\$	36,868		

Judges and Solicitors Retirement System Reconciliation of UAAL

As of July 1, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

	Amount of Increase/Decrease			
Item				
Beginning of year UAAL	\$	109,340		
Interest on UAAL		8,201		
Amortization payment	(6,227			
Assumption/method changes	C			
Asset experience		1,336		
COLA		(1,733)		
Salary experience		(2,323)		
Other liability experience	2,860			
Legislative changes	C			
End of year UAAL	\$ 111,454			

South Carolina National Guard Supplemental Retirement Plan Reconciliation of UAAL

As of July 1, 2014 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

	Amount of Increase/Decrease			
Item:				
Beginning of year UAAL	\$	39,368		
Interest on UAAL		2,953		
Amortization payment		(4,200)		
Assumption change		0		
Asset experience		368		
Liability experience		(418)		
Legislative changes		0		
End of year UAAL	\$	38,071		

Solvency Test

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

Actuarial Accrued Liability

Portion of Aggregate Accrued Liabilities Covered by Assets

					Active & Inactive				
			Active		Members				
		-	Member	Retirants &	(Employer	Valuation			ER
SCRS	July 1	Contributions		Beneficiaries	Financed)	Assets	Active	Retirants	Financed
	2014	\$	6,717,327	\$27,942,644	\$8,229,643	\$26,910,740	100%	72.3%	0%
	2013		6,491,895	26,548,472	8,155,695	25,753,068	100%	72.6%	0%
	2012		6,459,192	24,732,406	8,266,110	25,540,749	100%	77.2%	0%
	2011		6,472,646	23,160,658	8,378,306	25,604,823	100%	82.6%	0%
	2010		6,222,854	22,585,243	9,965,932	25,400,331	100%	84.9%	0%
	2009		5,980,022	21,381,561	9,788,732	25,183,062	100%	89.8%	0%
	2008		5,708,022	20,624,862	9,329,937	24,699,678	100%	92.1%	0%
	2007	5,464,756		19,084,672	9,217,250	23,541,438	100%	94.7%	0%
	2006	5,229,175		17,800,254	8,989,090	22,293,446	100%	95.9%	0%
	2005	4,915,423		16,891,954	8,410,094	21,625,510	100%	98.9%	0%
PORS	2014	\$	850,383	\$ 3,490,161	\$1,565,284	\$ 4,105,308	100%	93.3%	0.0%
	2013		793,414	3,385,496	1,484,846	3,922,041	100%	92.4%	0.0%
	2012		773,710	3,118,016	1,465,766	3,808,934	100%	97.3%	0.0%
	2011		786,724	2,784,144	1,551,633	3,728,241	100%	100.0%	10.1%
	2010		758,695	2,577,772	1,513,990	3,612,700	100%	100.0%	18.2%
	2009		726,214	2,348,685	1,489,212	3,482,220	100%	100.0%	27.4%
	2008		697,423	2,183,645	1,437,887	3,363,136	100%	100.0%	33.5%
	2007		658,023	1,818,914	1,253,607	3,160,240	100%	100.0%	54.5%
	2006		622,008	1,668,449	1,175,824	2,935,841	100%	100.0%	54.9%
	2005		585,701	1,530,199	1,058,030	2,774,606	100%	100.0%	62.0%

Note: Effective 7-1-2005, actuarial assumptions were changed to include an increase in member contributions to 6.25 percent of earnings for fiscal year 2006 and 6.50 percent beginning fiscal year 2007; all return-to-work retirees and those TERI participants who joined the system after 7-01-2005, contributing at the same rate as active employees; a reduction in the interest rate credited to accumulated employee contributions from 6 percent to 4 percent; and the addition of a guaranteed COLA equal to the change in CPI, but not to exceed 1 percent, for SCRS retirees beginning the July 1st following a full year of annuity payments.

Effective 7-1-2008, actuarial assumptions for SCRS were changed as a result of a 5 year experience study. Changes in the investment return assumptions were adopted by the Board for the 7-01-2008 valuation for all plans.

July 1, 2011, valuation results were adjusted to reflect pension reform legislation in Act 278.

Solvency Test

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

Actuarial Accrued Liability

Portion of Aggregate Accrued Liabilities Covered by Assets

GARS	July 1	M	Active ember cributions	etirants &	II M (E	ctive & nactive embers mployer nanced)	aluation Assets	Active	Retirants	ER Financed
	2014	\$	7,358	\$ 58,098	\$	9,058	\$ 37,646	100%	52.1%	0%
	2013		7,164	59,592		8,883	38,033	100%	51.8%	0%
	2012		7,267	58,213		8,852	39,233	100%	54.9%	0%
	2011		7,100	58,291		9,213	41,484	100%	59.0%	0%
	2010		7,265	53,486		7,920	43,712	100%	68.1%	0%
	2009		6,822	54,586		7,083	45,891	100%	71.6%	0%
	2008		7,265	53,240		8,617	47,189	100%	75.0%	0%
	2007		7,735	54,115		9,164	46,925	100%	72.4%	0%
	2006		8,094	51,870		9,770	46,075	100%	73.2%	0%
	2005		8,024	51,353		9,784	46,316	100%	74.6%	0%
JSRS	2014	\$	22,926	\$ 184,625	\$	56,742	\$ 152,839	100%	70.4%	0%
	2013		21,369	178,526		57,093	147,648	100%	70.7%	0%
	2012		20,005	177,483		54,241	145,604	100%	70.8%	0%
	2011		18,864	169,841		54,809	144,927	100%	74.2%	0%
	2010		17,816	150,696		47,311	142,871	100%	83.0%	0%
	2009		18,431	144,464		51,468	141,797	100%	85.4%	0%
	2008		17,367	141,510		54,529	138,323	100%	85.5%	0%
	2007		18,999	149,435		60,954	132,990	100%	76.3%	0%
	2006		21,857	112,823		76,704	124,837	100%	91.3%	0%
	2005		20,005	110,876		73,966	118,888	100%	89.2%	0%

Note: Effective 7-1-2005, actuarial assumptions were changed to include updated normal retirement rates based on analysis of historical normal retirement experience.

Changes in the investment return assumptions were adopted by the Board for the 7-01-2008 valuation for all plans.

Solvency Test

(Amounts expressed in thousands)

Actuarial Accrued Liability

Portion of Aggregate Accrued Liabilities Covered by Assets

SCNG				irants & eficiaries	ries Financed)			aluation Assets	Active Retirants		ER Financed
	2014	\$	0	\$ 33,739	\$	28,361	\$	24,029	N/A	71.2%	0%
	2013		0	33,590		27,986		22,208	N/A	66.1%	0%
	2012		0	32,989		27,953		20,814	N/A	63.1%	0%
	2011		0	32,038		28,350		20,138	N/A	62.9%	0%
	2010		0	28,492		25,661		19,458	N/A	68.3%	0%
	2009		0	27,558		25,863		18,600	N/A	67.5%	0%
	2008		0	25,554		27,980		17,426	N/A	68.2%	0%
	2007		0	24,627		31,290		15,937	N/A	64.7%	0%
	2006		0	22,366		26,389		14,046	N/A	62.8%	0%
	2005		0	20,804		26,181		12,151	N/A	58.4%	0%

Note: Changes in the investment return assumptions were adopted by the Board for the 7-01-2008 valuation for all plans.

Summary of Basic Provisions

As of June 30, 2014

SCRS	PORS	GARS	JSRS	SCNG
1. Membership				
All permanent, full-time and part-time employees of covered employers must join unless specifically exempted by statute or are eligible and elect to participate in the State ORP. Individuals first elected to serve in the General Assembly in the general election in November 2012 or after must elect membership in either SCRS or State ORP or elect to be a nonmember.	To be eligible for PORS membership, an employee must be required by the terms of his employment, by election or appointment, to preserve public order, protect life and property, and detect crimes in the state; to prevent and control property destruction by fire; be a coroner or deputy coroner in a full-time permanent position; or be a peace officer employed by the SC Department of Corrections, the SC Department of Juvenile Justice, or the SC Department of Mental Health. Probate judges and coroners may elect membership in PORS. Magistrates are required to participate in PORS for service as a magistrate. PORS members, other than magistrates and probate judges, must also earn at least \$2,000 per year and devote at least 1,600 hours per year to this work, unless exempted by statute.	Generally all persons are required to participate upon taking office as a member of the General Assembly unless exempted by Statue. Closed to new members. Individuals first elected to serve in the General Assembly in the general election in November 2012 or after must elect membership in either SCRS or State ORP or elect to be a nonmember.	All solicitors, circuit public defenders, judges of a Circuit or Family Court, and justices of the Court of Appeals and Supreme Court are required to participate upon taking office unless exempted by statute. Effective July 1, 2014, the definition of judge is expanded to include administrative law judges. Administrative law judges who have not retired are allowed to become members.	Individuals serving in the South Carolina National Guard.
2. Employee Contribut				
Class II 8.0% of earnable compensation	Class I \$21 per month	11% of earnable compensation	10% of earnable compensation	Not applicable as this is a non- contributory plan
Class III	8.41% of earnable			
8.0% of earnable compensation	compensation			
	Class III			
Effective January 1, 2013, earnable compensation does not include pay for nonmandatory overtime.	8.41% of earnable compensation			

SCRS	PORS	GARS	JSRS	SCNG
3. Employer Contribut	tions			
Class II & III	Class I	Annual lump-sum	47.52% of earnable	Annual lump-sum
10.75% of earnable	7.8% of earnable	appropriation	compensation	appropriation
compensation	compensation			
		Death Benefit Program	Death Benefit Program	Death Benefit Program
Death Benefit Program	Class II& III	Included within annual lump-	0.45% of earnable	Not applicable
0.15% of earnable	13.01% of earnable	sum appropriation	compensation	
compensation	compensation			Accidental Death Program
Assidental Death Bream	Dooth Bonofit Brogram	Accidental Death Program	Accidental Death Program Not applicable	Not applicable
Accidental Death Program Not applicable	Death Benefit Program 0.2% of earnable	Not applicable	ног аррисавіе	
Not applicable	compensation			
	Accidental Death Program			
	0.2% of earnable			
	compensation			
4. Requirements for S	ervice Annuity			
Class II	Class II	8 years of service	Members are vested in the	20 years total creditable
5 years earned service	5 years earned service		system with 10 years earned	military service, at least 15 of
		The member is entitled to a	service in position of judge; 8	which must have been served
The member is entitled to a	The member is entitled to a	deferred annuity at age 60.	years earned service in	in the South Carolina National
deferred reduced annuity at	deferred annuity at age 55.		position of solicitor or circuit	Guard. Additionally, the last 10
age 60.			public defender.	years of service must have
al	Class III			been served in the South
Class III	8 years earned service		For vested members who joined prior to 7/1/2004,	Carolina National Guard.
8 years earned service			member is eligible for a	
The member is entitled to a			deferred annuity at age 55. For	
deferred reduced annuity at			members who joined after	
age 60.			6/30/2004, member is eligible	
			for a deferred annuity at age	
			65.	
5. Normal Retirement	Age			
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Age 60	Not applicable
6. Requirements for F	ull Service Retirement			
Class II	Class II	Age 60 or 30 years of service	Age 70 with 15 years of service	Age 60 provided the member
Age 65 or 28 years of credited	Age 55 with 5 years of service	. 70 00 6 1		was honorably discharged
service. The member must	or 25 years of credited service.	Age 70 or 30 years of service	Age 65 with 20 years of service	from active duty with at least
have a minimum of five years of earned service to qualify for	The member must have a minimum of five years of	while continuing to serve in the General Assembly	25 years of service as judge	20 years of total creditable military service. Of that 20
retirement.	earned service to qualify for	the General Assembly	regardless of age	years of service, 15 years, and
retirement.	retirement.		regardless of age	the final 10 years, must have
Class III	retirement.		24 years of service as solicitor	been served in the South
Age 65 or meet the rule of 90	Class III		or circuit public defender	Carolina National Guard.
requirement. This means that	Age 55 or 27 years of credited		regardless of age	
the member's age plus the	service. The member must			
years of service must add up	have a minimum of 8 years of		Age 65 with 4 years earned	
to a total of at least 90.	earned service to qualify for		service as judge or solicitor	
The member must have a	retirement.		and at least 25 years other	
minimum of 8 years of earned			service with the state if a	
service to qualify for			member as of 6/30/2004.	
retirement.				

SCRS	PORS	GARS	JSRS	SCNG
7. Early Retirement				
Class II	Not applicable	Age 60 with 8 years of service	Members are vested in the	Not applicable
Age 60 with 5% reduction for		credit	system with 10 years earned	
each year of age under age 65			service in position of judge; 8	
			years earned service in	
Age 55 with 25 years of			position of solicitor or circuit	
service, reduced 4% for each			public defender.	
year of service under 28.				
			For vested members who	
The member must have a			joined prior to 7/1/2004,	
minimum of five years of			member is eligible for a	
earned service to qualify for			deferred annuity at age 55. For	
early retirement.			members who joined after	
			6/30/2004, member is eligible	
Class III			for a deferred annuity at age	
Age 60 with 5% reduction for			65.	
each year under age 65				
The member must have a				
minimum of eight years of				
earned service to qualify for				
early retirement.				
8. Formula for Normal	l Service Retirement			
Class I	Class I	4.82% of earnable	Annual allowance of 71.3% of	For 20 years of service,
1.45% of Average Final	\$10.97 per month for each	compensation times years of	the current active salary of the	retirees receive a \$50 monthly
Compensation times years of	year of service	credited service	member's position.	benefit. For each year of
credited service			Benefit formula increases by	service beyond the 20 years,
			2.67% for each year of active	up to 30 years of service, the
Class II	Class II		service over 25 years for judges	retiree receives an additional
1.82% of Average Final	2.14% of Average Final		or over 24 years for solicitors or	\$5. The maximum monthly
Compensation (AFC) times	Compensation (AFC) times		circuit public defenders. The	benefit a retiree can receive is
years of credited service	years of credited service		monthly retirement allowance	\$100.
(annual benefit amount). AFC	(annual benefit amount). AFC		may not exceed 90% of the	
is the average annual earnable	is the average annual		current active salary for the	
compensation during 12	compensation during 12		member's position. Upon	
consecutive quarters and	consecutive quarters and		retirement, a member will	
includes an amount for up to	includes an amount for up to		receive an additional benefit	
45 days termination pay at	45 days termination pay for		equal to employee	
retirement for unused annual	unused annual leave.		contributions and accumulated	
leave.			interest remitted after	
			reaching the maximum 90%	
Class III	Class III		benefit.	
1.82% of Average Final	2.14% of Average Final			
Compensation times years of	Compensation times years of			
credited service. AFC is the	credited service. AFC is the			
average annual earnable	average annual earnable			
compensation during 20	compensation during 20			
consecutive quarters and	consecutive quarters and			
termination pay for unused	termination pay for unused			
annual leave at retirement is	annual leave at retirement is			
not included.	not included.			

SCRS	PORS	GARS	JSRS	SCNG
9. Requirements for D	isability Retirement			
Class II Permanent incapacity to perform regular duties of the member's job; 5 years of earned service, unless injury is job related.	Class II Permanent incapacity to perform regular duties of the member's job; 5 years of earned service, unless injury is job related.	5 years of credited service. Must be disabled based on job specific standard.	5 years of credited service. Must be disabled based on job specific standard.	Not applicable
Class III Permanent incapacity to perform the regular duties of the member's job; 8 years of earned service, unless injury is job related	Class III Permanent incapacity to perform regular duties of the member's job; 8 years of earned service, unless injury is job related			
For applications received after 12/31/2013, a member of SCRS will have to be approved for disability benefits from the Social Security Administration in order to be eligible for SCRS disability retirement benefits.				
10. Formula for Disabili	ty Retirement			
The disability retirement benefit based on a projection of service credit to age 65 with an actuarial reduction. Minimum benefit of 15% of AFC at any age. For applications received after 12/31/2013, the calculation of disability retirement benefits changed to eliminate the	The disability retirement benefit is based on a projection of service credit to age 55. Minimum benefit of 15% of AFC at any age. For applications received after 12/31/2013, the calculation of disability retirement benefits was changed to limit the projection of service credit	The disability retirement benefit is based on the greater of the following options: a. Service benefit based upon actual credited service or b. 50% of service benefit based on projection of service to earlier of age 60 or 35 years of service.	The disability retirement benefit is based on the service retirement formula.	Not applicable
•	=			

used in the benefit calculation.

to the service necessary to reach age 55 or 25 years of service credit, whichever is

less.

PORS SCRS GARS JSRS SCNG 11. Benefit Options Formula benefit as calculated Option A Option A **Maximum Benefit Maximum Benefit** (Maximum/Retiree Only) (Maximum/Retiree Only) (Retiree Only) (Retiree/One-Third Spouse) in item 8. Formula benefit as calculated Formula benefit as calculated Formula benefit as calculated Formula as calculated in item in item 8. Non-recovered in item 8. Non-recovered in item 8. Non-recovered 8. Continued annuity of onecontributions paid upon death. contributions paid upon death. contributions paid upon death. third of member's benefit to a spouse beneficiary upon death **Option B Option B** Option 1 of retiree or return of (100% - 100% Joint (100% - 100% Joint Provides a reduced (from the contributions to a designated Retiree/Survivor) Retiree/Survivor) Maximum Benefit) lifetime non-spouse beneficiary. Provides a reduced (from Provides a reduced (from benefit that upon retiree's **Optional Allowance** Option A) lifetime benefit that Option A) lifetime benefit that death continues to retiree's upon retiree's death continues upon retiree's death continues beneficiary. Benefit will not Provides a reduced (from the to retiree's beneficiary. This to retiree's beneficiary. This revert to Maximum if all of the Maximum Benefit) lifetime option is subject to nonoption is subject to nonretiree's beneficiaries annuity that upon the retiree's spousal beneficiary limitations spousal beneficiary limitations predecease the retiree. death will continue at onebased on state statute and an based on state statute and an third of the retiree's annuity to Internal Revenue Code Internal Revenue Code Option 2 a non-spouse beneficiary (or in Provides a reduced (from the formula. formula. equal shares to multiple Maximum Benefit) lifetime beneficiaries). Option C **Option C** benefit that upon retiree's (100% - 50% Joint (100% - 50% Joint death will continue to retiree's Retiree/Survivor) Retiree/Survivor) beneficiary at 50% of the Provides a reduced (from Provides a reduced (from retiree's annuity. Benefit will Option A) lifetime benefit that Option A) lifetime benefit that not revert to Maximum if all of upon retiree's death will upon retiree's death will the retiree's beneficiaries continue to retiree's continue to retiree's predecease the retiree. beneficiary at 50% of the beneficiary at 50% of the retiree's annuity. retiree's annuity. Revert to Maximum (1A or 2A) Note: If a retiree selects Note: If a retiree selects This feature will allow benefits Option B or Option C and all of Option B or Option C and all of to be changed to the the retiree's beneficiaries the retiree's beneficiaries Maximum Benefit if the retiree predecease the retiree, the predecease the retiree, the selects Option 1 or Option 2

and all of the retiree's

retiree.

beneficiaries predecease the

retiree's benefit will revert to

Option A.

retiree's benefit will revert to

Option A.

SCRS	PORS	GARS	JSRS	SCNG
12. Deferred Retiremen	t Option Programs			

Class II TERI is a deferred retirement option program (DROP). Upon meeting normal retirement eligibility, a member can elect to retire and continue working under the TERI program for a maximum of five years, after which employment will cease. During the TERI participation, the retirement annuity is not paid to the TERI retirees, but monthly benefits are accumulated in TERI accounts and are distributed to the members upon termination of employment. For members retiring after June 30, 2005, a payment for annual leave is not included in calculating benefits. Upon termination, however, benefits are increased prospectively to include payment for up to 45 days annual leave paid at termination of employment. No interest is credited to the TERI account. TERI participants who entered the program after June 30, 2005, must continue to contribute at the same rate as active members. No additional service credit is earned during this period and participants are ineligible for disability retirement benefits. The TERI program will end effective June 30, 2018. New enrollees in the TERI program after June 30, 2012, must end their participation within 5 years after their retirement date or June 30, 2018, whichever is earlier.

Not applicable

Not applicable

A JSRS member who has not reached age 60, but is eligible to retire and receive the 90 percent maximum JSRS annuity may retire and continue to serve as a judge, solicitor, or circuit public defender. However, the monthly annuity will be deferred, without interest, until the member reaches age 60. Payout of the deferred annuity will be made when the retired JSRS member reaches the normal retirement age of 60.

Not applicable

Employee and employer contributions must continue to be paid while a member is participating in the JSRS deferred retirement program, but no additional service is earned.

Class III

TERI program is not available.

13. Return to Work Provisions

There is no earning limitation for members who retired prior to 1/1/2013. For members retiring after 1/1/2013, in order to return to work for a covered employer after retirement, the member must first have a complete, bona fide severance or termination of employment. After 30 days of retirement, he may be hired by an employer covered by one of the retirement systems administered by PEBA Retirement Benefits. If the member is under age 62 at retirement and returns to covered employment, he will be subject to a \$10,000 per year earnings limitation. A member can earn up to \$10,000 per year and continue to receive his monthly annuity. If wages earned exceed \$10,000 in a calendar year, the monthly annuity will be suspended for the remainder of that year. The \$10,000 earnings limitation does not apply to a retired member who receives compensation for service as an elected official, service as an appointee of the Governor with confirmation by the Senate, or service by appointment or election by the General Assembly. A retired member may return to covered employment without affecting his monthly annuity if he is a certified teacher and is employed by a school district to teach in the classroom in his area of certification. The \$10,000 earnings limitation does not apply if the State Department of Education determines that no qualified. non-retired member is available for employment in the position, and 1) that a certified teacher is teaching in **Continued on Next Page**

There is no earning limitation for members who retired prior to 1/1/2013. For members retiring after 1/1/2013, in order to return to work for a covered employer after retirement, the member must first have a complete, bona fide severance or termination of employment. After 30 days of retirement, he may be hired by an employer covered by one of the retirement systems administered by PEBA Retirement Benefits. If the member is under age 57 at retirement and returns to covered employment, he will be subject to a \$10,000 per year earnings limitation. A member can earn up to \$10,000 per year and continue to receive his monthly annuity. If wages earned exceed \$10,000 in a calendar year, the monthly annuity will be suspended for the remainder of that year. The \$10,000 earnings limitation does not apply to a retired member who receives compensation for service as an elected official, service as an appointee of the Governor with confirmation by the Senate, or service by appointment or election by the

General Assembly.

An active GARS member who has reached age 70 or has 30 years of service credit may retire and begin receiving a GARS retirement annuity while continuing to serve in office. The retired GARS member will receive a retirement annuity in lieu of a per diem salary and additional line item pay for certain positions. Generally, a retired member of GARS may return to work after retirement with no limit on the dollar amount that may be earned as compensation; however, certain conditions and restrictions may apply to employers covered by SCRS, PORS, GARS and JSRS.

A member who is age 60 and eligible to receive the maximum monthly benefit, may retire and receive a retirement benefit while continuing to serve as a judge, solicitor, or circuit public defender until the end of the calendar year in which the member reaches age 72. Employee and employer contributions must continue to be paid as if the retiree was an active contributing member, but no additional service credit accrues and no additional interest is credited to their retirement account. Prior to July 1, 2014, a retired judge may continue to receive a retirement benefit while employed by a public institution of education. provided the judge does not contribute to or receive service credit in SCRS. This exemption was repealed effective July 1, 2014. Effective July 1, 2014, a retired member who has been retired for 30 days may be rehired by an SCRS or PORS employer and earn up to \$10,000 per year. The earnings limit does not apply to members who retired prior to July 1, 2014, were at least 62 at retirement or are serving as appointed or elected official. Employee and employer contributions must continue to be paid as if the member were active in SCRS or PORS; however, the member cannot be an active member and does not accrue service credit.

Not applicable

SCRS PORS GARS JSRS SCNG

Return to Work Provisions (continued)

a critical academic need area or a geographic need area as defined by the State Board of Education, or 2) that a retired certified school teacher or certified employee is employed in a school or school district that has received a "below average" or "unsatisfactory" academic performance rating pursuant to the Education Accountability Act. After approval is received from the Department of Education, school districts must notify PEBA Retirement Benefits of the member's exemption from the earnings limitation.

14. Post Retirement Increase

Eligible annuitant payees receive an annual benefit adjustment equal to the lesser of 1% or \$500.

Eligible annuitant payees receive an annual benefit adjustment equal to the lesser of 1% or \$500.

Retired member receives benefit based on current salary for member's position. Retired member receives benefit based on current salary for member's position. Post retirement increases are not provided.

15. Accidental Death Program

Not applicable

Provides 50% of earnable compensation at time of accidental death in the line of duty as an annuity to either the surviving spouse, children, or parents. The annuity to surviving children ends upon each child's 18th birthday.

Not applicable

Not applicable

Not applicable

SCRS	PORS	GARS	JSRS	SCNG
16. Death Benefit Progr	am			
Lump-sum payment equal to one year's salary payable to the beneficiary upon the death of an active or working retired contributing member with at least one year of service.	Lump-sum payment equal to one year's salary payable to the beneficiary upon the death of an active member or working retired contributing member with at least one year of service.	Lump-sum payment equal to one year's salary payable to the beneficiary upon the death of an active member with at least one year of service. No service requirement for	Lump-sum payment equal to one year's salary payable to the beneficiary upon the death of an active member with at least one year of service. No service requirement for	Not applicable
No service requirement for death resulting from an injury arising out of the actual performance of duties for an active member.	No service requirements for death resulting from an injury arising out of the actual performance of duties for an	death resulting from an injury arising out of the actual performance of duties for an active member.	death resulting from an injury arising out of the actual performance of duties for an active member.	
Lump-sum payment to retiree's beneficiary of up to \$6,000 based upon years of service at retirement. TERI participants and working retired contributing members are eligible for an increased death benefit payment equal to their annual salary in lieu of the standard retired member benefit.	Lump-sum payment to retiree's beneficiary of up to \$6,000 based upon years of service at retirement. Retired contributing members are eligible for an increased death benefit payment equal to their annual salary in lieu of the standard retired member benefit.	Lump-sum payment to retiree's beneficiary of up to \$3,000 based upon years of service at retirement.	Lump-sum payment to retiree's beneficiary of up to \$3,000 based upon years of service at retirement.	
17. Withdrawal of Emp	•			
Accumulated contributions, plus interest, payable upon request 90 days after termination of all covered employment.	Accumulated contributions, plus interest, payable upon request 90 days after termination of all covered employment.	Accumulated contributions, plus interest, paid as promptly as feasible upon request after termination of all covered employment.	Accumulated contributions, plus interest, paid as promptly as feasible upon request after termination of all covered employment.	Not applicable as this is a non-contributory plan.
Effective July 1, 2012, no interest is accrued on inactive	Effective July 1, 2012, no interest is accrued on inactive	Effective July 1, 2012, no interest is accrued on inactive	Effective July 1, 2012, no interest is accrued on inactive	

accounts.

accounts.

accounts.

accounts.

The individual Entry Age

Normal cost method is used

for the actuarial valuation of

funding purposes. Under this

cost method, the cost of each

the retirement systems for

18. Actuarial Cost Method

The individual Entry Age Normal cost method is used for the actuarial valuation of the retirement systems for funding purposes. Under this cost method, the cost of each member's projected pension benefit is allocated on a level percent of payroll over the member's projected service with the Retirement System. Employers also finance the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a level percentage of pay over a funding period that does not exceed 30 years. This method was selected because it is the method that will produce the most level contributions as a percentage of payroll from year to year. It is also the method that most equitably allocates pension costs among various generations of taxpayers.

The individual Entry Age Normal cost method is also the actuarial cost method used for financial reporting purposes.

19. Funding Policy

Legislative reform was enacted in 2012 and as a result. SC State Statute now establishes the base funding policy for SCRS. Additionally, the State Fiscal Accountability Authority (SFAA) and PEBA Board as trustees and fiduciaries of the plans, have the authority to maintain or adopt further policy changes above the floor, if they should choose to do so.

The individual Entry Age Normal cost method is used for the actuarial valuation of the retirement systems for funding purposes. Under this cost method, the cost of each member's projected pension benefit is allocated on a level percent of payroll over the member's projected service with the Retirement System. Employers also finance the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a level percentage of pay over a funding period that does not exceed 30 years. This method was selected because it is the method that will produce the most level contributions as a percentage of payroll from year to year. It is also the method that most equitably allocates pension costs among various generations of taxpayers.

The individual Entry Age Normal cost method is also the actuarial cost method used for financial reporting purposes.

Legislative reform was enacted

State Statute now establishes

PORS. Additionally, the State

Fiscal Accountability Authority

trustees and fiduciaries of the

policy changes above the floor,

if they should choose to do so.

plans, have the authority to

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the base funding policy for

(SFAA) and PEBA Board as

member's projected pension benefit is allocated on a level percent of payroll over the member's projected service with the Retirement System. Employers also finance the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a level percentage of pay over a funding period that does not exceed 30 years. This method was selected because it is the method that will produce the most level contributions as a percentage of payroll from year to year. It is also the method that most equitably allocates pension costs among various generations of taxpayers. The individual Entry Age

Normal cost method is also the actuarial cost method used for financial reporting purposes.

Board as trustees and

and maintaining funding

The State Fiscal Accountability Authority (SFAA) and PEBA Board as trustees and fiduciaries of the plan are responsible for establishing and maintaining funding policy. The funding policy currently in place was adopted by the Budget and Control Board in April 1996 in an effort to establish and set forth the essential funding goals and methods by which to measure progress toward those goals.

The individual Entry Age Normal cost method is used for the actuarial valuation of the retirement systems for funding purposes. Under this cost method, the cost of each member's projected pension benefit is allocated on a level percent of payroll over the member's projected service with the Retirement System. Employers also finance the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a level percentage of pay over a funding period that does not exceed 30 years. This method was selected because it is the method that will produce the most level contributions as a percentage of payroll from year to year. It is also the method that most equitably allocates pension costs among various generations of taxpayers.

The individual Entry Age Normal cost method is also the actuarial cost method used for financial reporting purposes.

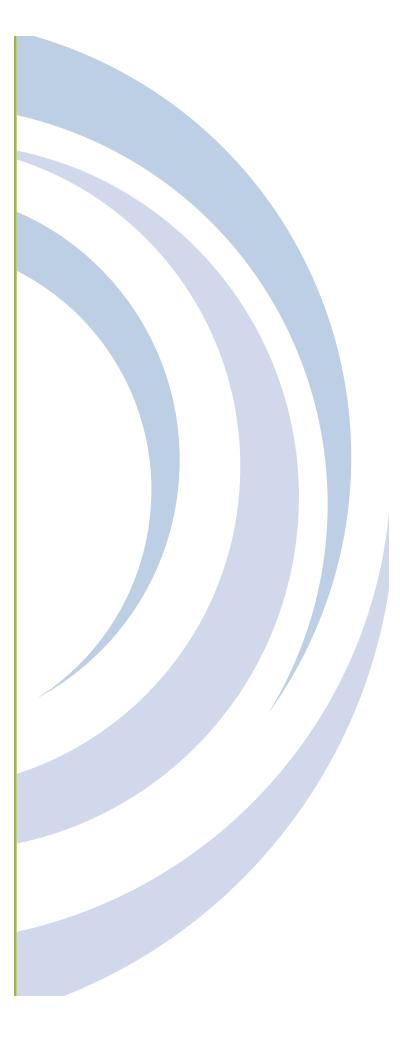
The individual Entry Age Normal cost method is used for the actuarial valuation of the retirement systems for funding purposes. Under this cost method, the cost of each member's projected pension benefit is allocated on a level percent of payroll over the member's projected service with the Retirement System. Employers also finance the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a level percentage of pay over a funding period that does not exceed 30 years. This method was selected because it is the method that will produce the most level contributions as a percentage of payroll from year to year. It is also the method that most equitably allocates pension costs among various generations of taxpayers.

The individual Entry Age Normal cost method is also the actuarial cost method used for financial reporting purposes.

The State Fiscal Accountability Authority (SFAA) and PEBA fiduciaries of the plan are responsible for establishing policy. The funding policy currently in place was adopted by the Budget and Control Board in April 1996 in an effort to establish and set forth the essential funding goals and methods by which to measure progress toward those goals.

The State Fiscal Accountability Authority (SFAA) and PEBA Board as trustees and fiduciaries of the plan are responsible for establishing and maintaining funding policy. The funding policy currently in place was adopted by the Budget and Control Board in April 1996 in an effort to establish and set forth the essential funding goals and methods by which to measure progress toward those goals.

Statistical Section



Statistical Section Summary

The objective of the Statistical Section is to provide financial statement users with additional historical perspective, context, and detail to assist in using information presented in the Financial Statements, Notes to the Financial Statements, and Required Supplementary Information to understand and assess the Systems' economic condition. Information reported in the Systems' statistical section is presented in four main categories: Financial Trends Information, Operating Information, Revenue Capacity Information, and Demographic and Economic Information.

Financial Trends Information

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Revenue Capacity Information	
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Participating Employers - SCRS and PORS	223

Financial Trends Information

Financial Trends Information is intended to assist users in understanding and assessing how the Systems' financial position has changed over time. The 10 year summary of fiduciary net position and 10 year schedules of changes in fiduciary net position as well as the additions by source, deductions by type, and benefit expenses by type for the last 10 fiscal years may be considered useful in determining financial trends.

Trend of Total Fiduciary Net Position Values

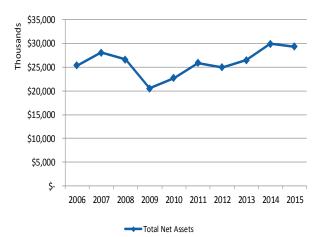
A trend of the total fiduciary net position over the past 10 years reflects an overall increase; however, negative investment returns realized during fiscal year 2008 and 2009 caused a significant decline in the net position of the portfolio. The decrease in the value of the fiduciary net position during fiscal years 2012 and 2015 resulted from negative cash flows in that while investment performance was relatively flat and contributions remained steady, the plan experienced an increase in benefit payments.

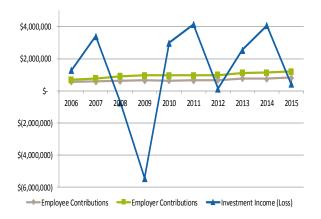
Trend of Total Pension Trust Funds Additions by Source

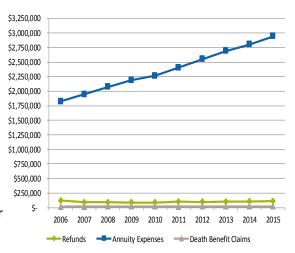
The overall trend in the dollar amount of employee and employer contributions has gradually increased primarily due to increases in contribution rates although changes in the amount of covered payroll have also had an impact. During fiscal year 2015, the amount of employer contributions increased as a result of retirement reform legislation. During fiscal year 2013, employee contributions were inflated due to an influx of members purchasing service, therefore employee contributions collected in 2014 decreased. Investment income is much more volatile due to its dependence on the market.

Trend of Total Pension Trust Funds Deductions by Type

The combined impact of more retired members and benefit adjustments granted to annuitant payees has resulted in a rise in the number of annuitant payees and benefit adjustments that were granted to retirees. Refund expenses spiked during fiscal year 2006 as a result of a negative ruling on litigation in which contributions were required to be refunded to retired participants in the Teacher and Employee Retention Incentive (TERI) program. In addition, slight growth in death benefit claims has occurred over the past couple of years because beneficiaries of working retirees are now eligible for an increased level of benefits.







South Carolina Retirement Systems 10 Year Summary of Fiduciary Net Position

As of June 30 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

	2015	2014	2013 ¹	2012 ²	2011
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents, receivables,					
and prepaid expenses	\$ 3,622,210	\$ 4,063,173	\$ 4,023,274	\$ 3,416,972	\$ 3,977,880
Total Investments, at fair value	27,093,961	26,754,819	24,587,950	23,157,144	23,870,891
Securities lending cash collateral invested	70,177	72,645	106,633	184,025	229,161
Property, net of accumulated depreciation	3,005	 2,912	 3,083	 2,984	 3,103
Total Assets	30,789,353	 30,893,549	 28,720,940	 26,761,125	 28,081,035
Liabilities					
Deferred retirement benefits	68,104	56,901	68,344	386,302	364,005
Obligations under securities lending	70,177	72,645	106,633	184,025	229,161
Other liabilities	1,345,382	 836,292	 1,645,150	 1,211,693	 1,596,020
Total Liabilities	1,483,663	 965,838	 1,820,127	 1,782,020	2,189,186
Total Net Position	\$29,305,690	\$ 29,927,711	\$ 26,900,813	\$ 24,979,105	\$ 25,891,849
	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
	2010	2003	2008		
					2000
Assets					
Assets Cash and cash equivalents, receivables,					2000
	\$ 5,298,443	\$ 3,403,752	\$ 2,835,196	\$ 6,855,459	\$ 2,078,394
Cash and cash equivalents, receivables,	\$ 5,298,443 18,829,568	\$ 3,403,752 17,915,982	\$ 2,835,196 24,697,700	\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents, receivables, and prepaid expenses		\$	\$	\$ 6,855,459	\$ 2,078,394
Cash and cash equivalents, receivables, and prepaid expenses Total Investments, at fair value	18,829,568	\$ 17,915,982	\$ 24,697,700	\$ 6,855,459 22,188,448	\$ 2,078,394 24,114,946
Cash and cash equivalents, receivables, and prepaid expenses Total Investments, at fair value Securities lending cash collateral invested	18,829,568 324,593	\$ 17,915,982 1,845,862	\$ 24,697,700 3,796,183	\$ 6,855,459 22,188,448 5,085,506	\$ 2,078,394 24,114,946 4,372,175
Cash and cash equivalents, receivables, and prepaid expenses Total Investments, at fair value Securities lending cash collateral invested Property, net of accumulated depreciation	18,829,568 324,593 3,221	\$ 17,915,982 1,845,862 3,340	\$ 24,697,700 3,796,183 3,459	\$ 6,855,459 22,188,448 5,085,506 3,577	\$ 2,078,394 24,114,946 4,372,175 3,696
Cash and cash equivalents, receivables, and prepaid expenses Total Investments, at fair value Securities lending cash collateral invested Property, net of accumulated depreciation Total Assets	18,829,568 324,593 3,221	\$ 17,915,982 1,845,862 3,340	\$ 24,697,700 3,796,183 3,459	\$ 6,855,459 22,188,448 5,085,506 3,577	\$ 2,078,394 24,114,946 4,372,175 3,696
Cash and cash equivalents, receivables, and prepaid expenses Total Investments, at fair value Securities lending cash collateral invested Property, net of accumulated depreciation Total Assets Liabilities	18,829,568 324,593 3,221 24,455,825	\$ 17,915,982 1,845,862 3,340 23,168,936	\$ 24,697,700 3,796,183 3,459 31,332,538	\$ 6,855,459 22,188,448 5,085,506 3,577 34,132,990	\$ 2,078,394 24,114,946 4,372,175 3,696 30,569,211
Cash and cash equivalents, receivables, and prepaid expenses Total Investments, at fair value Securities lending cash collateral invested Property, net of accumulated depreciation Total Assets Liabilities Deferred retirement benefits	18,829,568 324,593 3,221 24,455,825	\$ 17,915,982 1,845,862 3,340 23,168,936	\$ 24,697,700 3,796,183 3,459 31,332,538	\$ 6,855,459 22,188,448 5,085,506 3,577 34,132,990	\$ 2,078,394 24,114,946 4,372,175 3,696 30,569,211
Cash and cash equivalents, receivables, and prepaid expenses Total Investments, at fair value Securities lending cash collateral invested Property, net of accumulated depreciation Total Assets Liabilities Deferred retirement benefits Obligations under securities lending	18,829,568 324,593 3,221 24,455,825 323,093 324,593	\$ 17,915,982 1,845,862 3,340 23,168,936 431,503 1,845,862	\$ 24,697,700 3,796,183 3,459 31,332,538 552,260 3,796,183	\$ 6,855,459 22,188,448 5,085,506 3,577 34,132,990 641,750 5,085,506	\$ 2,078,394 24,114,946 4,372,175 3,696 30,569,211 670,527 4,372,175

¹As a result of the implementation of GASB 67, financial statements for fiscal year 2013 have been restated to report a liability only for benefits due but not yet distributed to members who had ended their participation in the DROP program at June 30. Also, in an effort to more closely align with RSIC and HEK, Global asset allocation and certain derivative investments such as swaps, options and futures were reclassified for fiscal year 2013 to conform to the presentation in 2014.

²Certain assets held in strategic partnerships were reclassified for fiscal year 2012 to conform to the change in presentation for fiscal year 2013. In an effort to conform to investment reporting by the RSIC; cash, short duration and high yield investments held in the strategic partnerships that were previously classified as alternatives are now presented in the respective categories of cash and cash equivalents, short term securities and domestic fixed income.

South Carolina Retirement System 10 Year Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

	2015	2014	2013 ¹	2012	2011
Additions					
Employee contributions	\$ 716,107	\$ 652,631	\$ 674,783	\$ 586,818	\$ 562,170
Employer contributions	1,022,478	962,798	948,157	824,652	808,343
Investment income (loss)	374,152	3,517,324	2,195,648	109,307	3,598,069
Other income	514	587	657	733	884
Total Additions	2,113,251	5,133,340	3,819,245	1,521,510	4,969,466
Deductions					
Annuities	2,590,806	2,462,146	2,368,510	2,256,519	2,134,031
Refunds	95,104	90,250	87,212	83,134	84,591
Death Benefit Claims	20,144	19,240	19,133	18,295	16,485
Administrative & other expenses	13,890	14,235	16,629	21,683	20,467
Total Deductions	2,719,944	2,585,871	2,491,484	2,379,631	2,255,574
Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position	(606,693)	2,547,469	1,327,761	(858,121)	2,713,892
Beginning Fiduciary Net Position	25,738,521	23,191,052	21,863,291	22,395,029	19,681,137
Ending Fiduciary Net Position					
Restricted for Pensions	\$25,131,828	\$25,738,521	\$23,191,052	\$21,536,908	\$22,395,029
	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Additions					
Employee contributions	\$ 561,261	\$ 564,872	\$ 540,872	\$ 505,122	\$ 498,458
Employer contributions	818,523	827,502	774,269	644,350	577,468
Investment income (loss)	2,612,663	(4,754,668)	(641,196)	2,999,209	1,134,639
Other income	957	1,233	1,321	1,532	1,741
Total Additions	3,993,404	(3,361,061)	675,266	4,150,213	2,212,306
Deductions					
Annuities	2,014,418	1,956,446	1,853,892	1,747,192	1,639,238
Refunds	75,814	73,882	79,027	77,212	108,569
Death Benefit Claims	19,921	17,908	17,617	15,948	14,875
Administrative & other expenses	19,593	20,371	20,752	18,254	18,545
Total Deductions	2,129,746	2,068,607	1,971,288	1,858,606	1,781,227
Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position	1,863,658	(5,429,668)	(1,296,022)	2,291,607	431,079
Beginning Fiduciary Net Position Ending Fiduciary Net Position	17,817,479	23,247,147	24,543,169	22,251,562	21,820,483
Restricted for Pensions	\$19,681,137	\$17,817,479	\$23,247,147	\$24,543,169	\$22,251,562

¹As a result of the implementation of GASB 67, Annuities reported in fiscal year 2013 have been restated to include only DROP amounts actually distributed to participants as well as amounts due but not yet distributed. Also as a result of the implementation of GASB 67, RSIC administrative expenses previously classified as administrative expenses have been reclassified as investment expenses for fiscal year 2013 to conform to the presentation for fiscal year 2014.

Police Officers Retirement System 10 Year Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

		2015		2014		2013 ¹		2012		2011
Additions										
Employee contributions	\$	106,854	\$	96,004	\$	97,164	\$	84,470	\$	79,334
Employer contributions		166,451		155,608		143,389		134,299		129,314
Investment income (loss)		58,705		538,386		329,467		17,198		519,531
Other income		1,083		2,286		3,043		1,957		1,944
Total Additions		333,093		792,284		573,063		237,924		730,123
Deductions										
Annuities		324,829		313,216		297,631		265,582		244,443
Refunds		17,453		16,184		14,983		15,162		14,902
Death Benefit Claims		2,150		2,410		1,985		1,851		1,984
Administrative & other expenses		1,938		1,820		2,006		2,872		2,735
Total Deductions		346,370		333,630		316,605		285,467		264,064
Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position		(13,277)		458,654		256,458		(47,543)		466,059
Beginning Fiduciary Net Position		3,985,102		3,526,448		3,269,990		3,317,533		2,851,474
Ending Fiduciary Net Position Restricted for Pensions		2 2 2 4 2 2 5	_	2 2 2 5 4 2 2		2.526.440		2 2 6 2 2 2 2		2 24 7 5 2 2
Restricted for Fermions	<u> </u>	3,971,825	<u> </u>	3,985,102	<u> </u>	3,526,448	<u> </u>	3,269,990	<u> </u>	3,317,533
		2010		2009		2008		2007		2006
Additions										
Employee contributions	\$	77,051	\$	77,014	\$	76,907	\$	71,676	\$	69,254
Employer contributions		123,163		124,148		114,862		107,332		101,447
Investment income (loss)		362,566		(638,389)		(85,415)		374,623		139,785
Other income		1,308		1,671		52		55		60
Total Additions		564,088		(435,556)		106,406		553,686		310,546
Deductions										
Annuities		224,977		211,873		195,989		181,388		167,077
Refunds		13,673		13,753		13,754		12,543		13,248
Death Benefit Claims		2,019		1,720		2,068		1,919		1,821
Administrative & other expenses		2,577		2,537		2,505		2,179		1,968
Total Deductions		243,246		229,883		214,316		198,029		184,114
Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position		320,842		(665,439)		(107,910)		355,657		126,432
Beginning Fiduciary Net Position		2,530,632		3,196,071		3,303,981		2,948,324		2,821,892
Ending Fiduciary Net Position		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		-		·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Restricted for Pensions	\$	2,851,474	\$	2,530,632	\$	3,196,071	\$	3,303,981	\$	2,948,324

¹As a result of the implementation of GASB 67, RSIC administrative expenses previously classified as administrative expenses have been reclassified as investment expenses for fiscal year 2013 to conform to the presentation for fiscal year 2014.

General Assembly Retirement System 10 Year Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

		2015		2014		2013 ¹		2012		2011
Additions										
Employee contributions	\$	369	\$	384	\$	1,091	\$	724	\$	624
Employer contributions		4,275		4,063		2,831		2,532		2,414
Investment income (loss)		500		4,545		3,111		172		5,682
Other income		-		15		199				1
Total Additions		5,144		9,007		7,232		3,428		8,721
Deductions										
Annuities		6,639		6,799		6,720		6,570		6,528
Refunds				41		3		31		57
Death Benefit Claims		21		20		16		35		58
Administrative & other expenses		36		17		20		30		179
Total Deductions		6,696		6,877		6,759		6,666		6,822
Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position		(1,552)		2,130		473		(3,238)		1,899
Beginning Fiduciary Net Position		34,034		31,904		31,431		34,669		32,770
Ending Fiduciary Net Position		34,034		31,904		31,431		34,009		32,770
Restricted for Pensions	\$	32,482	\$	34,034	\$	31,904	\$	31,431	\$	34,669
Restricted for Perisions	<u>ې</u>	32,462	<u>ې</u>	34,034	<u> </u>	31,904	<u> </u>	31,431	<u> </u>	34,009
		2010		2009		2008		2007		2006
Additions		2010		2009		2008		2007		2006
Additions Employee contributions	\$	2010 544	\$		\$		\$		\$	
Employee contributions	\$	544	\$	706	\$	733	\$	603	\$	584
Employee contributions Employer contributions	\$	544 2,598	\$	706 2,495	\$	733 2,440	\$	603 2,358	\$	584 2,171
Employee contributions Employer contributions Investment income (loss)	\$	544 2,598 4,642	\$	706 2,495 (9,409)	\$	733	\$	603	\$	584
Employee contributions Employer contributions	\$	544 2,598	\$	706 2,495	\$	733 2,440	\$	603 2,358	\$	584 2,171
Employee contributions Employer contributions Investment income (loss) Other income Total Additions	\$	544 2,598 4,642 36	\$	706 2,495 (9,409) 84	\$	733 2,440 (1,136)	\$	603 2,358 5,950	\$	584 2,171 2,086
Employee contributions Employer contributions Investment income (loss) Other income	\$	544 2,598 4,642 36 7,820	\$	706 2,495 (9,409) 84 (6,124)	\$	733 2,440 (1,136) 2,037	\$	603 2,358 5,950 8,911	\$	584 2,171 2,086 4,841
Employee contributions Employer contributions Investment income (loss) Other income Total Additions Deductions Annuities	\$	544 2,598 4,642 36 7,820	\$	706 2,495 (9,409) 84 (6,124)	\$	733 2,440 (1,136) 2,037	\$	603 2,358 5,950 8,911	\$	584 2,171 2,086
Employee contributions Employer contributions Investment income (loss) Other income Total Additions Deductions	\$	544 2,598 4,642 36 7,820 6,512 4	\$	706 2,495 (9,409) 84 (6,124) 6,416 33	\$	733 2,440 (1,136) 2,037 6,181 102	\$	603 2,358 5,950 8,911 5,935 70	\$	584 2,171 2,086 4,841
Employee contributions Employer contributions Investment income (loss) Other income Total Additions Deductions Annuities Refunds Death Benefit Claims	\$	544 2,598 4,642 36 7,820 6,512 4 6	\$	706 2,495 (9,409) <u>84</u> (6,124) 6,416 33 14	\$	733 2,440 (1,136) 2,037 6,181 102 28	\$	603 2,358 5,950 8,911 5,935 70 5	\$	584 2,171 2,086 4,841 5,726
Employee contributions Employer contributions Investment income (loss) Other income Total Additions Deductions Annuities Refunds Death Benefit Claims Administrative & other expenses	\$	544 2,598 4,642 36 7,820 6,512 4 6 33	\$	706 2,495 (9,409) 84 (6,124) 6,416 33 14 116	\$	733 2,440 (1,136) 2,037 6,181 102 28 64	\$	5,935 70 5,94	\$	584 2,171 2,086 4,841 5,726 17 98
Employee contributions Employer contributions Investment income (loss) Other income Total Additions Deductions Annuities Refunds Death Benefit Claims	\$	544 2,598 4,642 36 7,820 6,512 4 6	\$	706 2,495 (9,409) <u>84</u> (6,124) 6,416 33 14	\$	733 2,440 (1,136) 2,037 6,181 102 28	\$	603 2,358 5,950 8,911 5,935 70 5	\$	584 2,171 2,086 4,841 5,726
Employee contributions Employer contributions Investment income (loss) Other income Total Additions Deductions Annuities Refunds Death Benefit Claims Administrative & other expenses Total Deductions Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position	\$	544 2,598 4,642 36 7,820 6,512 4 6 33 6,555 1,265	\$	706 2,495 (9,409) 84 (6,124) 6,416 33 14 116 6,579 (12,703)	\$	733 2,440 (1,136) 2,037 6,181 102 28 64 6,375 (4,338)	\$	5,935 70 5,94 6,044 2,867	\$	584 2,171 2,086 4,841 5,726 17 98 5,841 (1,000)
Employee contributions Employer contributions Investment income (loss) Other income Total Additions Deductions Annuities Refunds Death Benefit Claims Administrative & other expenses Total Deductions Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position	\$	544 2,598 4,642 36 7,820 6,512 4 6 33 6,555	\$	706 2,495 (9,409) 84 (6,124) 6,416 33 14 116 6,579	\$	733 2,440 (1,136) 2,037 6,181 102 28 64 6,375	\$	5,935 70 5,94 6,044	\$	584 2,171 2,086 4,841 5,726 17 98 5,841
Employee contributions Employer contributions Investment income (loss) Other income Total Additions Deductions Annuities Refunds Death Benefit Claims Administrative & other expenses Total Deductions Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position	\$	544 2,598 4,642 36 7,820 6,512 4 6 33 6,555 1,265	\$	706 2,495 (9,409) 84 (6,124) 6,416 33 14 116 6,579 (12,703)	\$	733 2,440 (1,136) 2,037 6,181 102 28 64 6,375 (4,338)	\$	5,935 70 5,94 6,044 2,867	\$	584 2,171 2,086 4,841 5,726 17 98 5,841 (1,000)

¹As a result of the implementation of GASB 67, RSIC administrative expenses previously classified as administrative expenses have been reclassified as investment expenses for fiscal year 2013 to conform to the presentation for fiscal year 2014.

Judges and Solicitors Retirement System 10 Year Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Year Ended June 30 (Amounts expressed in thousands)

	2015	2014	2013 ¹	2012	2011
Additions					
Employee contributions	\$ 3,153	\$ 2,448	\$ 2,596	\$ 2,299	\$ 2,209
Employer contributions	10,109	9,659	8,667	8,414	8,414
Investment income (loss)	2,216	19,962	12,605	783	20,092
Other income	286	 195	184	261	193
Total Additions	 15,764	 32,264	 24,052	 11,757	 30,908
Deductions					
Annuities	16,832	16,675	15,745	15,171	14,750
Refunds			57	134	
Death Benefit Claims	4	10	134	134	128
Administrative & other expenses	71	 68	 76	111	104
Total Deductions	16,907	16,753	16,012	15,550	14,982
Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position	(1,143)	15,511	8,040	(3,793)	15,926
Beginning Fiduciary Net Position	147,496	131,985	123,945	127,152	111,226
Ending Fiduciary Net Position					
Restricted for Pensions	\$ 146,353	\$ 147,496	\$ 131,985	\$ 123,359	\$ 127,152
	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
A 1 10-1					
Additions					
Employee contributions	\$ 2,343	\$ 2,524	\$ 1,416	\$ 1,784	\$ 1,744
	\$ 2,343 8,414	\$ 2,524 8,414	\$ 1,416 7,613	\$ 1,784 6,706	\$ 1,744 6,511
Employee contributions	\$ •	\$ · ·	\$ -	\$	\$
Employee contributions Employer contributions	\$ 8,414	\$ 8,414	\$ 7,613	\$ 6,706	\$ 6,511
Employee contributions Employer contributions Investment income (loss)	\$ 8,414 14,646	\$ 8,414 (26,741)	\$ 7,613	\$ 6,706	\$ 6,511
Employee contributions Employer contributions Investment income (loss) Other income	\$ 8,414 14,646 114	\$ 8,414 (26,741) 83	\$ 7,613 (3,371)	\$ 6,706 16,017	\$ 6,511 5,761
Employee contributions Employer contributions Investment income (loss) Other income Total Additions	\$ 8,414 14,646 114	\$ 8,414 (26,741) 83	\$ 7,613 (3,371)	\$ 6,706 16,017	\$ 6,511 5,761
Employee contributions Employer contributions Investment income (loss) Other income Total Additions Deductions	\$ 8,414 14,646 114 25,517	\$ 8,414 (26,741) 83 (15,720)	\$ 7,613 (3,371) 5,658	\$ 6,706 16,017 24,507	\$ 6,511 5,761 14,016
Employee contributions Employer contributions Investment income (loss) Other income Total Additions Deductions Annuities	\$ 8,414 14,646 114 25,517	\$ 8,414 (26,741) 83 (15,720)	\$ 7,613 (3,371) 5,658	\$ 6,706 16,017 24,507	\$ 6,511 5,761 14,016
Employee contributions Employer contributions Investment income (loss) Other income Total Additions Deductions Annuities Refunds	\$ 8,414 14,646 114 25,517	\$ 8,414 (26,741) 83 (15,720)	\$ 7,613 (3,371) 5,658 12,848 211	\$ 6,706 16,017 24,507 10,348	\$ 6,511 5,761 14,016 9,677 20
Employee contributions Employer contributions Investment income (loss) Other income Total Additions Deductions Annuities Refunds Death Benefit Claims	\$ 8,414 14,646 114 25,517 14,168	\$ 8,414 (26,741) 83 (15,720) 13,484	\$ 7,613 (3,371) 5,658 12,848 211 256	\$ 6,706 16,017 24,507 10,348	\$ 6,511 5,761 14,016 9,677 20 124
Employee contributions Employer contributions Investment income (loss) Other income Total Additions Deductions Annuities Refunds Death Benefit Claims Administrative & other expenses	\$ 8,414 14,646 114 25,517 14,168 11 101	\$ 8,414 (26,741) 83 (15,720) 13,484 134 104	\$ 7,613 (3,371) 5,658 12,848 211 256 103	\$ 6,706 16,017 24,507 10,348 381 92	\$ 6,511 5,761 14,016 9,677 20 124 83
Employee contributions Employer contributions Investment income (loss) Other income Total Additions Deductions Annuities Refunds Death Benefit Claims Administrative & other expenses Total Deductions	\$ 8,414 14,646 114 25,517 14,168 11 101 14,280	\$ 8,414 (26,741) 83 (15,720) 13,484 134 104 13,722	\$ 7,613 (3,371) 5,658 12,848 211 256 103 13,418	\$ 6,706 16,017 24,507 10,348 381 92 10,821	\$ 9,677 20 124 83 9,904
Employee contributions Employer contributions Investment income (loss) Other income Total Additions Deductions Annuities Refunds Death Benefit Claims Administrative & other expenses Total Deductions Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 8,414 14,646 114 25,517 14,168 11 101 14,280 11,237	\$ 8,414 (26,741) 83 (15,720) 13,484 134 104 13,722 (29,442)	\$ 7,613 (3,371) 5,658 12,848 211 256 103 13,418 (7,760)	\$ 6,706 16,017 24,507 10,348 381 92 10,821 13,686	\$ 9,677 20 124 83 9,904 4,112

¹As a result of the implementation of GASB 67, Annuities reported in fiscal year 2013 have been restated to include only DROP amounts actually distributed to participants as well as amounts due but not yet distributed. Also as a result of the implementation of GASB 67, RSIC administrative expenses previously classified as administrative expenses have been reclassified as investment expenses for fiscal year 2013 to conform to the presentation for fiscal year 2014.

South Carolina National Guard Supplemental Retirement Plan 10 Year Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position¹

	2015	2014		2013 ²	2012	2011
Additions						
State-appropriated contributions	\$ 4,591	\$ 4,586	\$	4,539	\$ 3,937	\$ 3,904
Investment income (loss)	313	2,806		1,671	94	2,533
Other income	 	 			 	
Total Additions	 4,904	 7,392		6,210	 4,031	 6,437
Deductions						
Annuities	4,249	4,248		4,193	4,065	4,011
Administrative & other expenses	11	 10		10	15	13
Total Deductions	4,260	 4,258		4,203	4,080	4,024
Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position	644	3,134		2,007	(49)	2,413
Total Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position	644	3,134		2,007	(49)	2,413
Beginning Fiduciary Net Position	22,558	 19,424		17,417	 17,466	 15,053
Ending Fiduciary Net Position						
Restricted for Pensions	\$ 23,202	\$ 22,558	\$	19,424	\$ 17,417	\$ 17,466
	2010	2009		2008	2007	2006
Additions						
State-appropriated contributions	\$ 4,052	\$ 4,052	\$	3,948	\$ 3,948	\$ -
Investment income (loss)	1,865	(4,020)		(348)	2,002	89
Other income				50	50	300
Total Additions	5,917	 32		3,650	 6,000	389
Deductions						
Annuities	3,624	3,432		3,199	2,926	1,371
Administrative & other expenses	13	15		156	59	204
Total Deductions	3,637	3,447		3,355	2,985	1,575
Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position	2,280	(3,415)		295	 3,015	 (1,186)
Transfer from State Adjutant General's Office						14,064
Total Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position	2,280	(3,415)		295	3,015	12,878
Beginning Fiduciary Net Position	12,773	 16,188		15,893	12,878	
Ending Fiduciary Net Position Restricted for Pensions	\$ 15,053	\$ 12,773	\$	16,188	\$ 15,893	\$ 12,878
	 10,000	 ,	<u> </u>		 10,000	 ,_,

¹The South Carolina Retirement Systems did not assume administrative responsibilities for the South Carolina National Guard Supplemental Retirement Plan until January 1, 2006; therefore, prior year data is not presented.

²As a result of the implementation of GASB 67, RSIC administrative expenses previously classified as administrative expenses have been reclassified as investment expenses for fiscal year 2013 to conform to the presentation for fiscal year 2014.

Pension Trust Funds Additions by Source

Year Ended June 30,	Employee Contributions ¹	Employer Contributions ¹	Investment Income(Loss) ²	Other		Total
Julie 30,	Contributions			Other		Total
2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006	\$ 716,114 652,631 674,783 586,818 562,222 561,261 564,953 540,872 505,122 498,458 \$ 107,504	\$ 1,022,478 962,798 948,157 824,652 808,343 818,523 827,502 774,269 644,350 577,468 Police Officer's Retire	\$ 374,152 3,517,324 2,195,648 109,307 3,598,069 2,612,663 (4,754,668) (641,196) 2,999,209 1,134,639 ment System (PORS) \$ 58,705	\$ 507 587 657 733 832 957 1,152 1,321 1,532 1,741	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	2,113,251 5,133,340 3,819,245 1,521,510 4,969,466 3,993,404 (3,361,061) 675,266 4,150,213 2,212,306
2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006	97,418 99,106 85,701 80,582 77,844 78,018 76,907 71,676 69,254	156,454 144,460 134,991 129,973 123,636 124,769 114,862 107,332 101,447 General Assembly Reti	538,386 329,467 17,198 519,531 362,566 (638,389) (85,415) 374,623 139,785	26 30 34 37 42 46 52 55 60	* * * * * * * * * * *	792,284 573,063 237,924 730,123 564,088 (435,556) 106,406 553,686 310,546
2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006	\$ 369 399 1,286 724 625 580 790 733 603 584	\$ 4,275 4,063 2,835 2,532 2,414 2,598 2,495 2,440 2,358 2,171 Judges and Solicitors Re	\$ 500 4,545 3,111 172 5,682 4,642 (9,409) (1,136) 5,950 2,086	\$ -	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	5,144 9,007 7,232 3,428 8,721 7,820 (6,124) 2,037 8,911 4,841
2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006		\$ 10,109 9,670 8,667 8,414 8,414 8,414 7,613 6,706 6,511	\$ 2,216 19,962 12,605 783 20,092 14,646 (26,741) (3,371) 16,017 5,761	\$ - SCNG)	****	15,764 32,264 24,052 11,757 30,908 25,517 (15,720) 5,658 24,507 14,016
2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006 ³	\$ -	\$ 4,591 4,586 4,539 3,937 3,904 4,052 4,052 3,948 3,948	\$ 313 2,806 1,671 94 2,533 1,865 (4,020) (348) 2,002	\$ - 50 50 300	******	4,904 7,392 6,210 4,031 6,437 5,917 32 3,650 6,000

¹Includes transfers between systems.

²Includes unrealized gains and losses in accordance with GASB Statement 67. As a result of the implementation of GASB 67, RSIC administrative expenses previously classified as administrative expenses have been reclassified as investment expenses for fiscal year 2013 to conform to the presentation for fiscal year 2014. This resulted in a decrease to Total Net Investment Income.

³The Systems administration of this plan began January 1, 2006. Contributions for the fiscal year were received by the previous administrator prior to this time.

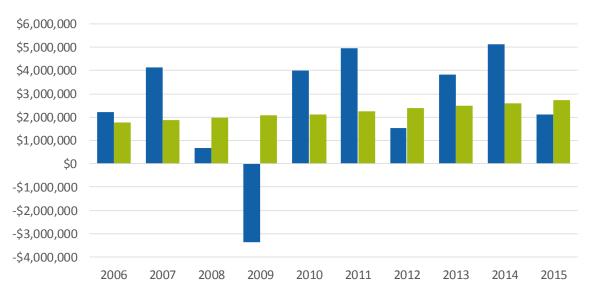
Pension Trust Funds Deductions by Type

Year Ended June 30,	R	efunds	Annuity Expenses	Death Benefit Claims rement System (SCRS	Administrative and Other Expenses ¹		Total
2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006	\$	95,104 90,250 87,212 83,134 84,591 75,814 73,882 79,027 77,212 108,569	\$ 2,590,806 2,462,146 2,368,510 2,256,519 2,134,031 2,014,418 1,956,446 1,853,892 1,747,192 1,639,238	\$ 20,144 19,240 19,133 18,295 16,485 19,921 17,908 17,617 15,948 14,875	\$ 13,890 14,235 16,629 21,683 20,467 19,593 20,371 20,752 18,254 18,545	\$	2,719,944 2,585,871 2,491,484 2,379,631 2,255,574 2,129,746 2,068,607 1,971,288 1,858,606 1,781,227
2015	\$	17,453	\$ 324,829	rement System (PORS \$ 2,150	\$ 1,938	\$	346,370
2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006		16,184 14,983 15,162 14,902 13,673 13,753 13,754 12,543 13,248	313,216 297,631 265,582 244,443 224,977 211,873 195,989 181,388 167,077	2,410 1,985 1,851 1,984 2,019 1,720 2,068 1,919 1,821	1,820 2,006 2,872 2,735 2,577 2,537 2,505 2,179 1,968		333,630 316,605 285,467 264,064 243,246 229,883 214,316 198,029 184,114
2015	ć			tirement System (GAF	•	Ċ	6 606
2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006	\$	41 3 31 57 4 33 102 70	\$ 6,639 6,799 6,720 6,570 6,528 6,512 6,416 6,181 5,935 5,726	\$ 21 20 16 35 58 6 14 28 5	\$ 36 17 20 30 179 33 116 64 34 98	\$	6,696 6,877 6,759 6,666 6,822 6,555 6,579 6,375 6,044 5,841
2015	\$		Judges and Solicitors F \$ 16,832	Retirement System (JS \$ 4	RS) 71	\$	16,907
2013 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006	Ş	57 134 211 20	16,675 15,745 15,171 14,750 14,168 13,484 12,848 10,348 9,677	10 134 134 128 11 134 256 381 124	68 76 111 104 101 104 103 92 83	,	16,907 16,753 16,012 15,550 14,982 14,280 13,722 13,418 10,821 9,904
2015	Ċ	South Card	olina National Guard Su	pplemental Retireme \$ -		Ċ	4.260
2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006	\$	-	\$ 4,249 4,248 4,193 4,065 4,011 3,624 3,432 3,199 2,926 1,371	, -	\$ 11 10 10 15 13 13 15 156 59 204	\$	4,260 4,258 4,203 4,080 4,024 3,637 3,447 3,355 2,985 1,575

¹As a result of the implementation of GASB 67, RSIC administrative expenses previously classified as administrative expenses have been reclassified as investment expenses for fiscal year 2013 to conform to the presentation for fiscal year 2014.

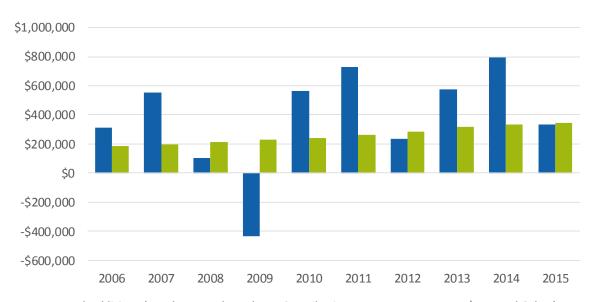
South Carolina Retirement System Pension Trust Funds Additions and Deductions

(Amounts expressed in thousands)



- Total Additions (Employee and Employer Contributions, Investment Income/Loss and Other)
- Total Deductions (Refunds, Annuities, Death Benefits & Administrative and Other Expenses)

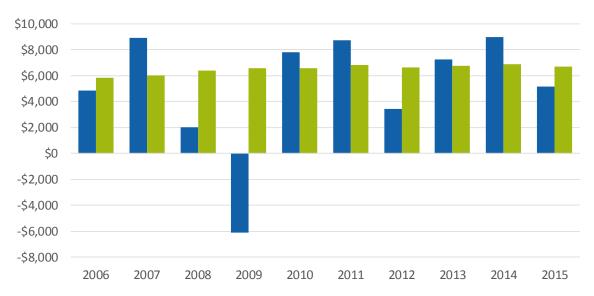
Police Officers Retirement System Pension Trust Funds Additions and Deductions



- Total Additions (Employee and Employer Contributions, Investment Income/Loss and Other)
- Total Deductions (Refunds, Annuities, Death Benefits & Administrative and Other Expenses)

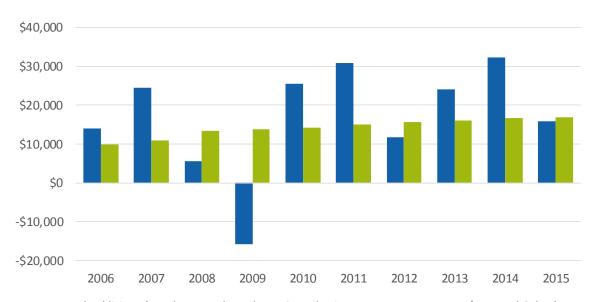
General Assembly Retirement System Pension Trust Funds Additions and Deductions

(Amounts expressed in thousands)



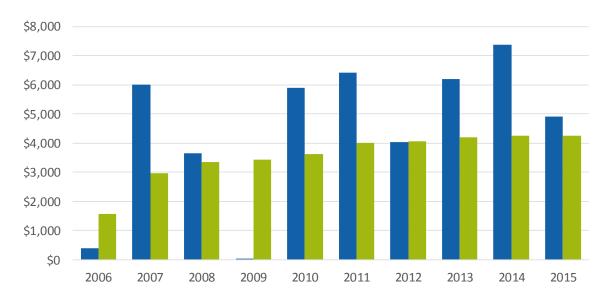
- Total Additions (Employee and Employer Contributions, Investment Income/Loss and Other)
- Total Deductions (Refunds, Annuities, Death Benefits & Administrative and Other Expenses)

Judges and Solicitors Retirement System Pension Trust Funds Additions and Deductions



- Total Additions (Employee and Employer Contributions, Investment Income/Loss and Other)
- Total Deductions (Refunds, Annuities, Death Benefits & Administrative and Other Expenses)

South Carolina National Guard Supplemental Retirement Plan Pension Trust Funds Additions and Deductions



- Total Additions (Employee and Employer Contributions, Investment Income/Loss and Other)
- Total Deductions (Refunds, Annuities, Death Benefits & Administrative and Other Expenses)

Pension Trust Funds Benefit Expenses by Type

Year Ended		Re	funds			Annuit	у Ехреі	nses		Death Ben	efit C	laims		
June 30,	N	1ember	Survivor/	Other	r	Member	Surv	vivor/Other	-	Active	R	etired		Total
				So	uth Ca	rolina Retire	ment S	System (SCRS)						
2015 2014 2013 ¹ 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006	\$	88,952 84,678 81,754 77,707 79,238 70,917 68,762 74,233 71,778 104,728	Ş	6,152 5,572 5,458 5,427 5,353 4,897 5,120 4,794 5,434 3,841	\$	2,480,965 2,356,997 2,267,657 2,160,393 2,043,662 1,929,281 1,873,998 1,776,592 1,674,534 1,570,938		109,841 105,149 100,853 96,126 90,369 85,137 82,448 77,300 72,658 68,300	\$	8,427 8,452 8,245 8,469 7,815 7,495 8,063 7,791 7,509 6,823	\$	11,717 10,788 10,888 9,826 8,670 12,426 9,845 9,826 8,439 8,052	\$	2,706,054 2,571,636 2,474,855 2,357,948 2,235,107 2,110,153 2,048,236 1,950,536 1,840,352 1,762,682
				Pol	lice Of	ficer's Retire	ment S	System (PORS)						
2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006	\$	16,603 15,551 14,246 14,618 14,518 13,300 13,243 13,438 12,063 12,613	\$	850 633 737 544 384 373 510 316 480 639	\$	306,383 295,566 280,699 249,123 228,739 210,242 197,529 182,229 168,785 155,241	\$	18,446 17,650 16,932 16,459 15,704 14,735 14,344 13,760 12,603 11,832	\$	976 1,192 1,020 872 912 1,086 936 1,174 1,178 1,015	\$	1,174 1,218 965 979 1,072 933 784 894 741 806	\$	344,432 331,810 314,599 282,595 261,329 240,669 227,346 211,811 195,850 182,146
				Gene	eral As	sembly Retii	rement	System (GARS)						
2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006	\$	41 7 45 33 55 70	\$	3 24 12 4	\$	5,443 5,587 5,554 5,389 5,359 5,296 5,187 5,016 4,767 4,598	\$	1,196 1,212 1,166 1,181 1,169 1,216 1,229 1,165 1,168 1,128	\$	- 22 45 22	\$	21 20 16 13 13 6 14 6 5	\$	6,660 6,860 6,739 6,636 6,643 6,522 6,463 6,311 6,010 5,743
				Judge	es and !	Solicitors Re	tireme	nt System (JSRS)						
2015 2014 2013 ¹ 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006	\$	- 57 83	\$ South (51 211 20	\$	14,996 14,839 13,997 13,322 12,864 12,213 11,668 11,094 8,747 8,311	\$	1,836 1,836 1,748 1,849 1,886 1,955 1,816 1,754 1,601 1,366	\$ Plan ()	131 130 127 - 130 252 371 122	\$	4 10 3 4 1 11 4 4 10 2	\$	16,836 16,685 15,936 15,439 14,878 14,179 13,618 13,315 10,729 9,821
2015	c			-arollila iv							c		Ċ	4.240
2015 2014 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006 ²	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,248 4,247 4,192 4,064 4,010 3,623 3,431 3,198 2,925 1,370	÷	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,249 4,248 4,193 4,065 4,011 3,624 3,432 3,199 2,926 1,371

¹As a result of the implementation of GASB 67, Annuities reported in fiscal year 2013 have been restated to include only DROP amounts actually distributed to participants as well as amounts due but not yet distributed.

²The South Carolina Retirement Systems assumed administration of the South Carolina National Guard Supplemental Retirement Plan effective January 1, 2006; therefore, comparative totals for prior fiscal years are not presented.

Operating Information

Operating Information is intended to provide contextual information about the Systems' operations and resources to assist readers in using financial statement information to comprehend and evaluate the Systems' fiscal state. Schedules containing operating information include retired members by type of benefit and retired members by years of service, and principal participating employers for the current fiscal year and 10 years prior.

Although retirement types include service, disability and beneficiary payees, members retiring at normal retirement based on age and service represent the majority of the systems' annuitant payees. Various payment options are available at retirement; however, the majority of members elect to receive benefits under the maximum benefit level.

From fiscal year 2006 to fiscal year 2015, there was an overall increase in both the number of participating employers and the total number of covered employees for both SCRS and PORS; however, there was actually a decrease in the number of covered employees for some specific employers. This decrease stemmed from the economic recession experienced in the US between 2007 and 2009 which resulted in a reduction in hiring and an increase in retirements due to various incentives offered. Additionally, the Retirement Systems' TERI program and previous liberal return to work provisions, caused more working retired members to fill positions that were previously occupied by active employees. Retirement reform legislation tightened return to work provisions prospectively by closing the TERI program to all members effective June 30, 2018 and implementing an earnings limit for certain members retiring after January 1, 2013.

South Carolina Retirement System **Retired Members by Type of Benefit**

As of June 30, 2015

	Number of												
Monthly	Annuitant												
Benefit ¹	Payees	Type 1	Type 2	Type 3	Type 4	Type 5	Opt 0	Opt 1	Opt 2	Opt 3	Opt 4	Opt 5	Opt 6
\$ 1-\$ 500	26,197	19,683	237	2,492	2,772	1,013	18,154	134	1,552	509	289	3,995	1,564
\$ 501 - \$1,000	24,823	17,008	750	1,862	4,507	696	17,272	115	1,097	399	562	3,523	1,855
\$1,001 - \$1,500	19,006	13,670	1,185	1,101	2,758	292	12,276	87	671	220	1,020	2,902	1,830
\$1,501 -\$ 2,000	16,360	12,871	1,121	698	1,527	143	9,535	70	430	194	1,602	2,756	1,773
\$2,001 - \$2,500	18,042	15,770	865	413	941	53	10,502	76	246	148	1,552	3,238	2,280
\$2,501 - \$3,000	14,582	13,455	364	224	514	25	9,923	43	201	97	595	2,086	1,637
\$3,001 - \$3,500	6,787	6,278	125	151	220	13	4,273	28	141	81	306	1,105	853
\$3,501 - \$4,000	3,751	3,500	62	91	96	2	2,273	8	102	57	170	588	553
\$4,001 -\$4,500	2,167	2,043	29	54	39	2	1,305	11	53	49	81	363	305
\$4,501 -\$5,000	1,167	1,102	20	24	19	2	632	8	39	29	28	225	206
Over \$5,000	2,132	2,038	19	56	18	1	981	10	90	76	26	498	451
Totals	135,014	107,418	4,777	7,166	13,411	2,242	87,126	590	4,622	1,859	6,231	21,279	13,307

Type 1: Normal Retirement for Age and Service

Type 2: Early Retirement Type 3: Beneficiary Payment² Type 4: Disability Payment

Number of

Type 5: Beneficiary Payment, Disability Payment

Option 0: Maximum Benefit

Option 1: 10 Year Beneficiary Protection Option 2: Survivor Benefit, Full Payment Option 3: Survivor Benefit, Half Payment Option 4: Social Security Option

Option 5: Survivor Benefit, Full Payment, Revert to Maximum Option 6: Survivor Benefit, Half Payment, Revert to Maximum

Police Officers Retirement System Retired Members by Type of Benefit

As of June 30, 2015

	Number of												
Monthly	Annuitant												
Benefit ¹	Payees	Type 1	Type 2	Type 3	Type 4	Type 5	Opt 0	Opt 1	Opt 2	Opt 3	Opt 4	Opt 5	Opt 6
\$ 1-\$ 500	2,675	1,740	344	385	126	80	1,567	140	68	119		577	204
\$ 501 - \$1,000	3,072	1,937	217	374	441	103	1,849	171	60	142		565	285
\$1,001 - \$1,500	2,689	1,625	213	259	542	50	1,514	104	65	185		505	316
\$1,501 -\$ 2,000	2,708	1,771	223	137	556	21	1,541	66	34	229		492	346
\$2,001 - \$2,500	2,344	1,720	116	73	425	10	1,405	40	16	139		409	335
\$2,501 - \$3,000	1,560	1,240	55	36	226	3	956	22	18	92		258	214
\$3,001 - \$3,500	799	665	17	20	95	2	535	12	14	28		106	104
\$3,501 - \$4,000	465	406	7	3	49		331	4	7	11		47	65
\$4,001 -\$4,500	240	218	1	6	15		155	6	1	4		33	41
\$4,501 -\$5,000	128	123	1		4		81		8	6		8	25
Over \$5,000	171	166		3	2		118	4	4	3		7	35
Totals	16,851	11,611	1,194	1,296	2,481	269	10,052	569	295	958		3,007	1,970

Type 1: Normal Retirement for Age and Service

Type 2: Early Retirement Type 3: Beneficiary Payment² Type 4: Disability Payment

Type 5: Beneficiary Payment, Disability Payment

Option 0: Maximum Benefit

Option 1: Survivor Benefit, Full Payment Option 2: Survivor Benefit, Half Payment

Option 3: Social Security Option

Option 4: Accidental Death Survivor Benefit

Option 5: Survivor Benefit, Full Payment, Revert to Maximum Option 6: Survivor Benefit, Half Payment, Revert to Maximum

1Monthly benefit amounts represent current payment levels for all annuitant payees receiving monthly benefits, including any applicable benefit adjustments.

²Beneficiary payments include payments to alternate payees in accordance with Qualified Domestic Relations orders.

General Assembly Retirement System Retired Members by Type of Benefit

As of June 30, 2015

	Number											
Monthly	of Annuitant											
Benefit ¹	<u>Payees</u>	Type 1	Type 2	Type 3	Type 4	Type 5	Opt 0	<u>Opt 1</u>	Opt 2	Opt 3 Opt 4	<u>Opt 5</u>	Opt 6
\$ 1-\$500	30	8	4	18			8	8	5		4	5
\$ 501 - \$1,000		41	5				26	19	5		14	7
\$1,001 - \$1,500	71	44	6	21			21	23	10		7	10
\$1,501 -\$ 2,000	105	74	23	8			43	29	12		14	7
\$2,001 - \$2,500	44	30	6	8			18	11	4		9	2
\$2,501 - \$3,000	25	22	1	2			10	5	2		6	2
\$3,001 - \$3,500	11	7	1	3			5	4	1		1	
\$3,501 - \$4,000	3	2		1				3				
\$4,001 -\$4,500	2	2					2					
\$4,501 -\$5,000												
Over \$5,000												
Totals	362	230	46	86			133	102	39		55	33

Type 1: Normal Retirement for Age and Service

Type 2: Early Retirement
Type 3: Beneficiary Payment

Number

Mirrockow

Option 0: Maximum Benefit

Option 1: Survivor Benefit, Full Payment Option 2: Survivor Benefit, Half Payment

Option 5: Survivor Benefit, Full Payment, Revert to Maximum Option 6: Survivor Benefit, Half Payment, Revert to Maximum

Judges and Solicitors Retirement System Retired Members by Type of Benefit

As of June 30, 2015

	Number											
Monthly	of Annuitant											
Benefit ¹	<u>Payees</u>	Type 1	Type 2	Type 3 Type 4	Type 5	Opt 0	<u>Opt 1</u>	Opt 2	Opt 3	<u>Opt 4</u>	Opt 5 O	<u>pt 6</u>
\$ 1-\$ 500	1	1				1						
\$ 501 - \$1,000	10			10			10					
\$1,001 - \$1,500												
\$1,501 -\$ 2,000	4			4		2	2					
\$2,001 - \$2,500	2			2		2						
\$2,501 - \$3,000	29			28	1	28	1					
\$3,001 - \$3,500	15	1		14		14	1					
\$3,501 - \$4,000	3	2		1		2	1					
\$4,001 -\$4,500	3	3				3						
\$4,501 -\$5,000	2	2				2						
Over \$5,000	138	137		1		133	5					
Totals	207	146		60	1	187	20					

Type 1: Normal Retirement for Age and Service

Type 3: Beneficiary Payment²

Type 5: Beneficiary Payment, Disability Payment

Option 0: Maximum Benefit with Spouse Beneficiary
Option 1: Reduced Benefit with Non-Spouse Beneficiary

¹Monthly benefit amounts represent current payment levels for all annuitant payees receiving monthly benefits, including any applicable benefit adjustments.

²Beneficiary payments include payments to alternate payees in accordance with Qualified Domestic Relations orders.

South Carolina National Guard Supplemental Retirement Plan Retired Members by Type of Benefit

As of June 30, 2015

	Number												
Monthly	of Annuitant												
Benefit ¹	<u>Payees</u>	Type 1	Type 2	Type 3	Type 4	Type 5	Opt 0	<u>Opt 1</u>	Opt 2	Opt 3	Opt 4	Opt 5	Opt 6
\$ 1-\$500	4,664	4,664					4,664						
\$ 501 - \$1,000													
\$1,001 - \$1,500													
\$1,501 -\$ 2,000													
\$2,001 - \$2,500													
\$2,501 - \$3,000													
\$3,001 - \$3,500													
\$3,501 - \$4,000													
\$4,001 -\$4,500													
\$4,501 -\$5,000													
Over \$5,000													
Totals	4,664	4,664					4,664						

Type 1: Normal Retirement for Age and Service Option 0: Maximum Benefit

-

¹Monthly benefit amounts represent current payment levels for all annuitant payees receiving monthly benefits, including any applicable benefit adjustments.

South Carolina Retirement System Retired Members by Years of Service

	Years of Credited Service									
	0 to 5	5+ to 10	10+ to 15	15+ to 20	20+ to 25	25+ to 30	30 Plus	Avgs/Tot		
Period 07/01/2005 to 06/30/2006 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members	\$ 201.50	\$ 340.24	\$ 554.41	\$ 869.84	\$ 1,223.86	\$ 1,857.70	\$ 2,252.11	\$ 1,195.93		
	\$27,567.45	\$26,822.05	\$29,713.99	\$34,233.90	\$38,519.83	\$45,527.08	\$48,203.82	\$37,566.13		
	85	705	694	642	447	1,692	199	4,464		
Period 07/01/2006 to 06/30/2007 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members	\$ 197.53	\$ 338.01	\$ 614.32	\$ 889.42	\$ 1,180.29	\$ 1,981.95	\$ 2,516.61	\$ 1,332.17		
	\$27,519.51	\$28,298.57	\$34,062.55	\$36,554.81	\$38,276.60	\$48,965.20	\$54,061.35	\$41,167.19		
	108	841	847	702	554	2,483	294	5,829		
Period 07/01/2007 to 06/30/2008 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members	\$ 176.70	\$ 363.63	\$ 595.88	\$ 909.11	\$ 1,245.15	\$ 2,043.38	\$ 2,679.92	\$ 1,402.77		
	\$31,761.84	\$30,201.39	\$33,050.24	\$36,763.05	\$40,219.11	\$50,516.64	\$58,801.46	\$42,826.60		
	120	794	878	675	568	2,478	404	5,917		
Period 07/01/2008 to 06/30/2009 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members	\$ 185.70	\$ 367.45	\$ 618.21	\$ 945.25	\$ 1,302.51	\$ 2,164.92	\$ 2,970.18	\$ 1,461.68		
	\$28,729.29	\$30,154.09	\$34,626.66	\$38,205.49	\$42,049.14	\$53,625.28	\$65,133.55	\$44,749.97		
	121	786	892	689	645	2,197	451	5,781		
Period 07/01/2009 to 06/30/2010 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members	\$ 208.16	\$ 383.06	\$ 644.85	\$ 980.66	\$ 1,343.64	\$ 2,220.44	\$ 2,908.79	\$ 1,485.54		
	\$31,836.52	\$30,557.99	\$35,746.52	\$40,111.25	\$43,257.40	\$55,240.76	\$63,116.06	\$45,746.23		
	123	826	1,023	750	729	2,123	597	6,171		
Period 07/01/2010 to 06/30/2011 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members	\$ 194.32	\$ 377.33	\$ 657.18	\$ 1,009.75	\$ 1,368.15	\$ 2,282.23	\$ 2,887.04	\$ 1,444.24		
	\$30,558.57	\$31,038.09	\$35,787.73	\$40,245.04	\$43,924.56	\$56,695.69	\$62,604.36	\$45,455.16		
	147	905	1,102	845	757	1,901	588	6,245		
Period 07/01/2011 to 06/30/2012 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members	\$ 157.11	\$ 383.45	\$ 676.15	\$ 1,059.57	\$ 1,355.92	\$ 2,311.64	\$ 2,876.79	\$ 1,635.31		
	\$33,826.07	\$33,007.00	\$37,627.88	\$43,407.96	\$44,127.54	\$57,444.81	\$61,458.63	\$48,726.24		
	170	1,027	1,369	1,006	1,047	3,291	1,205	9,115		
Period 07/01/2012 to 06/30/2013 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members	\$ 163.89	\$ 374.60	\$ 667.84	\$ 1,018.66	\$ 1,401.96	\$ 2,306.58	\$ 2,939.66	\$ 1,669.04		
	\$33,379.05	\$32,996.08	\$36,694.21	\$41,770.64	\$45,076.25	\$56,821.68	\$62,171.33	\$48,723.46		
	126	1,058	1,206	937	832	3,366	1,143	8,668		
Period 07/01/2013 to 06/30/2014 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members	\$ 171.09	\$ 412.03	\$ 698.81	\$ 1,044.34	\$ 1,434.34	\$ 2,189.74	\$ 3,086.40	\$ 1,468.98		
	\$38,653.04	\$37,681.60	\$39,284.66	\$43,487.99	\$46,299.67	\$54,634.21	\$65,080.05	\$47,624.77		
	109	962	1,044	1,005	753	2,157	532	6,562		
Period 07/01/2014 to 06/30/2015 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members	\$ 106.08	\$ 348.64	\$ 616.18	\$ 950.86	\$ 1,383.17	\$ 2,166.72	\$ 2,875.69	\$ 1,368.92		
	\$32,703.47	\$34,991.00	\$37,361.07	\$41,671.72	\$46,806.79	\$54,194.32	\$59,892.09	\$45,746.15		
	107	903	1,004	873	781	2,003	377	6,048		
Ten year Averages Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members	\$ 175.71	\$ 370.26	\$ 640.51	\$ 976.93	\$ 1,336.97	\$ 2,168.40	\$ 2,866.51	\$ 1,471.18		
	\$31,809.40	\$31,835.92	\$35,756.91	\$40,099.11	\$43,343.67	\$53,749.68	\$61,387.48	\$45,395.43		
	1,216	8,807	10,059	8,124	7,113	23,691	5,790	64,800		

Note: Benefit amounts represent original monthly benefit at retirement for all retirees who retired during the referenced period and, for comparison purposes, do not include benefit adjustments. Although a member's retirement eligibility and AFC may include service from other correlated Systems, the Years of Credited Service in this schedule represents only service credit used for calculating the monthly benefit under this respective System.

Police Officers Retirement System Retired Members by Years of Service

	Years of Credited Service									
	0 to 5	5+ to 10	10+ to 15	15+ to 20	20+ to 25	25+ to 30	30 Plus	Avgs/Tot		
Period 07/01/2005 to 06/30/2006 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members	\$ 416.55	\$ 581.55	\$ 998.87	\$ 1,264.32	\$ 1,815.41	\$ 2,324.16	\$ 3,413.99	\$ 1,518.28		
	\$35,369.28	\$36,920.26	\$37,807.18	\$38,735.81	\$44,103.36	\$51,285.81	\$62,552.57	\$43,414.36		
	42	117	110	111	65	193	35	673		
Period 07/01/2006 to 06/30/2007 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members Period 07/01/2007 to 06/30/2008 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members	\$ 314.01 \$33,829.80 70	\$ 585.23 \$35,953.69 131	\$ 921.84 \$38,076.76 119	\$ 1,314.16 \$41,295.87 112	\$ 1,834.59 \$45,193.83 98	\$ 2,371.87 \$53,041.40 191	\$ 3,793.93 \$69,279.13 29	\$ 1,464.49 \$43,737.72 750		
	\$ 339.75 \$38,746.31 72	\$ 672.20 \$36,996.15 132	\$ 1,029.33 \$39,502.53 119	\$ 1,338.21 \$41,671.69 97	\$ 1,913.22 \$47,970.26 98	\$ 2,437.16 \$54,925.42 197	\$ 3,760.37 \$69,695.78 38	\$ 1,561.75 \$45,930.96 753		
Average AFC Number of Retired members	\$ 359.33	\$ 666.06	\$ 1,060.74	\$ 1,460.31	\$ 1,945.86	\$ 2,546.98	\$ 3,777.66	\$ 1,760.07		
	\$41,358.25	\$40,388.45	\$41,602.78	\$43,217.29	\$49,476.87	\$56,365.99	\$67,110.63	\$49,026.40		
	67	133	136	88	106	272	63	865		
Period 07/01/2009 to 06/30/2010 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members	\$ 417.61	\$ 699.54	\$ 984.23	\$ 1,357.38	\$ 1,975.74	\$ 2,447.52	\$ 3,581.54	\$ 1,633.07		
	\$40,722.91	\$39,473.83	\$40,088.38	\$42,712.24	\$48,826.52	\$55,428.90	\$63,527.80	\$47,202.77		
	80	121	127	129	120	240	47	864		
Period 07/01/2010 to 06/30/2011 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members	\$ 247.37 \$37,600.27 92	\$ 708.00 \$39,952.37 157		\$ 1,474.19 \$44,622.87 117		\$ 2,482.99 \$55,621.41 274		\$ 1,584.50 \$46,655.15 1,006		
Period 07/01/2011 to 06/30/2012 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members	\$ 297.63	\$ 714.18	\$ 1,052.50	\$ 1,427.66	\$ 2,045.53	\$ 2,498.86	\$ 3,623.72	\$ 1,773.79		
	\$44,507.30	\$39,975.77	\$42,779.30	\$43,692.98	\$51,113.91	\$56,323.82	\$66,397.34	\$49,884.84		
	125	200	184	156	217	552	67	1,501		
Period 07/01/2012 to 06/30/2013 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members	\$ 225.26 \$45,104.35 80	\$ 644.56 \$38,218.81 170		\$ 1,543.78 \$47,487.15 161	\$ 1,919.73 \$48,466.15 185	\$ 2,419.31 \$54,611.27 421	\$ 3,640.68 \$68,020.52 25	\$ 1,670.72 \$48,263.36 1,206		
Period 07/01/2013 to 06/30/2014 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members	\$ 271.80	\$ 867.88	\$ 1,200.86	\$ 1,448.09	\$ 2,050.60	\$ 2,363.73	\$ 4,282.03	\$ 1,482.36		
	\$43,919.11	\$40,503.31	\$43,476.29	\$45,089.53	\$50,405.24	\$52,417.06	\$76,060.04	\$46,682.61		
	86	144	147	125	86	145	22	755		
Period 07/01/2014 to 06/30/2015 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members	225.27	710.98	992.08	1356.11	1906.63	2519.65	3380.62	1485.39		
	\$36,908.71	\$39,390.51	\$41,657.05	\$43,058.60	\$49,292.62	\$56,078.78	\$65,214.74	\$46,070.19		
	59	174	131	151	145	175	27	862		
Ten year Averages Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members	\$ 305.39	\$ 688.92	\$ 1,036.88	\$ 1,403.75	\$ 1,944.83	\$ 2,452.56	\$ 3,666.15	\$ 1,613.49		
	\$40,437.49	\$38,886.50	\$40,880.95	\$43,384.95	\$48,592.36	\$54,970.59	\$66,783.18	\$47,079.42		
	773	1,479	1,418	1,247	1,265	2,660	393	9,235		

Note: Benefit amounts represent original monthly benefit at retirement for all retirees who retired during the referenced period and, for comparison purposes, do not include benefit adjustments. Although a member's retirement eligibility and AFC may include service from other correlated Systems, the Years of Credited Service in this schedule represents only service credit used for calculating the monthly benefit under this respective System

General Assembly Retirement System Retired Members by Years of Service

	Years of Credited Service									
	0 to 5	5+ to 10	10+ to 15	15+ to 20	20+ to 25	25+ to 30	30 Plus	Avgs/Tot		
Period 07/01/2005 to 06/30/2006 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members				\$ 1,398.49 \$ 22,400.00 2			\$ 2,691.46 \$ 22,400.00 2			
Period 07/01/2006 to 06/30/2007 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members		\$ 899.73 \$22,400.00 1	\$ 22,400.00	\$ 1,348.59 \$ 22,400.00 3			\$ 2,619.33 \$ 22,400.00 3	\$ 1,778.87 \$22,400.00 16		
Period 07/01/2007 to 06/30/2008 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members	\$ 319.69 \$ 22,400.00 1		\$ 969.43 \$ 22,400.00 2							
Period 07/01/2008 to 06/30/2009 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members		\$ 683.40 \$22,400.00 2	\$ 22,400.00	\$ 1,324.67 \$ 22,400.00 4			\$ 22,400.00	\$ 1,587.90 \$22,400.00 20		
Period 07/01/2009 to 06/30/2010 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members				\$ 1,298.78 \$ 22,400.00 2		\$ 2,476.92 \$ 22,400.00 2		\$ 1,887.50 \$22,400.00 4		
Period 07/01/2010 to 06/30/2011 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members	\$ 132.70 \$ 22,400.00 1			\$ 1,142.12 \$ 22,400.00 1		\$ 2,838.65 \$ 24,200.00 2	\$ 27,900.00	\$ 1,852.00 \$23,727.27 11		
Period 07/01/2011 to 06/30/2012 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members		\$ 719.79 \$22,400.00 1	\$ 22,400.00	\$ 1,541.77 \$ 22,400.00 1	\$ 1,945.10 \$ 22,400.00 4		\$ 2,092.90 \$ 22,400.00 1			
Period 07/01/2012 to 06/30/2013 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members		\$ 831.73 \$22,400.00 1	\$ 22,400.00	\$ 1,448.99 \$ 22,400.00 2			\$ 2,305.65 \$ 22,400.00 4			
Period 07/01/2013 to 06/30/2014 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members	152.97 \$ 22,400.00 1	539.84 \$22,400.00 1			2313.46 \$ 26,000.00 1		2547.4 \$ 22,400.00 1	1387.75 \$23,300.00 4		
Period 07/01/2014 to 06/30/2015 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members			\$ 997.75 \$ 22,400.00 3	\$ 1,281.62 \$ 22,400.00 4	\$ 1,822.57 \$ 22,400.00 3			\$ 1,358.60 \$22,400.00 10		
Ten year Averages Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members	\$ 201.78 \$ 22,400.00 3	\$ 726.31 \$22,400.00 6			\$ 1,836.02 \$ 22,500.00 36	\$ 2,288.27 \$ 22,727.27 11	\$ 2,575.88 \$ 23,011.11 18	\$ 1,646.46 \$22,547.96 123		

Note: Benefit amounts represent original monthly benefit at retirement for all retirees who retired during the referenced period and, for comparison purposes, do not include benefit adjustments. Although a member's retirement eligibility and AFC may include service from other correlated Systems, the Years of Credited Service in this schedule represents only service credit used for calculating the monthly benefit under this respective System.

Judges and Solicitors Retirement System Retired Members by Years of Service

	Years of Credited Service												
•	0 to 5	5+ to 10		10+ to 15		15+ to 20	20+ to 25		25+ to 30		30 Plus		Avgs/Tot
Period 07/01/2005 to 06/30/2006 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members					\$ \$	7,226.08 121,617.00 1		\$ \$	8,198.72 121,617.00 1		9,097.69 121,316.00 1	\$	8,173.66 121,516.66 3
Period 07/01/2006 to 06/30/2007 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members			\$	4,430.37 125,265.00 1	\$	•	\$ 7,456.84 \$ 124,955.00 1		8,433.08 121,968.00 2	\$ \$	9,227.51 126,312.05 18	\$ \$	8,697.00 125,770.78 23
Period 07/01/2007 to 06/30/2008 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members			\$ \$	4,079.72 127,165.50 2	\$	7,867.78 132,417.00 1		\$ \$	8,215.93 125,627.00 1		9,343.57 127,890.33 6	\$ \$	8,030.20 127,971.70 10
Period 07/01/2008 to 06/30/2009 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members			\$	7,742.70 130,312.00 1			\$ 6,985.17 \$ 128,026.00 3		8,743.82 130,312.00 1	\$ \$	9,446.04 128,597.50 4	\$ \$	8,358.22 128,788.00 9
Period 07/01/2009 to 06/30/2010 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members							\$ 7,538.96 \$ 126,883.00 2	\$	8,092.11 128,026.00 3		,	\$ \$	8,822.10 129,626.30 10
Period 07/01/2010 to 06/30/2011 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members							\$ 7,730.82 \$ 129,454.75 4	\$	8,138.15 130,312.00 1		9,378.37 127,740.25 4	\$	8,508.22 128,788.00 9
Period 07/01/2011 to 06/30/2012 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members					\$ \$	5,654.22 126,883.00 1		\$ \$	7,647.17 126,883.00 2	\$	9,687.67 129,169.00 3	\$	8,335.16 128,026.00 6
Period 07/01/2012 to 06/30/2013 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members			\$ \$	4,309.38 130,689.00 2			\$ 7,905.00 \$ 133,043.66 3			\$ \$	10,490.48 139,873.00 1	\$ \$	7,256.71 133,514.71 7
Period 07/01/2013 to 06/30/2014 Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members					\$ \$,	\$ 7,765.10 \$ 130,689.00 1	\$	9,405.95 134,221.00 1	\$ \$	10,066.58 134,221.00 2	\$	8,538.00 133,043.66 6
Average AFC Number of Retired members					\$,	\$ 7,931.71 \$ 135,705.00 3	\$	8,891.35 136,905.50 2	\$	10,808.40 144,112.00 1	\$ \$	8,615.00 136,905.85 7
Ten year Averages Average Monthly benefit Average AFC Number of Retired members			\$ \$	4,825.21 128,547.66 6	\$		\$ 7,628.75 \$ 130,444.29 17	\$	8,351.58 128,405.71 14	\$ \$,	\$ \$	8,413.68 129,008.93 90

Note: Benefit amounts represent original monthly benefit at retirement for all retirees who retired during the referenced period and, for comparison purposes, do not include benefit adjustments.

South Carolina National Guard Supplemental Retirement Plan Retired Members by Years of Service

					Years of (Credi	ited Servi	ce					
	0 to 5	5+ to 10	10+ to 15	15	+ to 20	20	0+ to 25	2	25+ to 30	30	Plus	A۱	/gs/Tot
Period 07/01/2005 to 06/30/2006													
Average Monthly benefit				\$	50.00	\$	62.64	\$	90.48	\$	100.00	\$	75.01
Average AFC													
Number of Retired members					45		138		62		75		320
Period 07/01/2006 to 06/30/2007													
Average Monthly benefit				\$	50.00	\$	61.86	\$	89.47	\$	100.00	\$	74.62
Average AFC													
Number of Retired members					64		174		95		94		427
Period 07/01/2007 to 06/30/2008													
Average Monthly benefit				\$	50.00	\$	61.76	\$	90.06	\$	100.00	\$	74.19
Average AFC													
Number of Retired members					60		170		75		92		397
Period 07/01/2008 to 06/30/2009													
Average Monthly benefit				\$	50.00	\$	60.90	\$	90.77	\$	100.00	\$	73.28
Average AFC													
Number of Retired members					60		143		71		72		346
Period 07/01/2009 to 06/30/2010													
Average Monthly benefit				\$	50.00	\$	61.55	\$	90.29	\$	100.00	\$	73.43
Average AFC													
Number of Retired members					59		135		51		80		325
Period 07/01/2010 to 06/30/2011													
Average Monthly benefit				\$	50.00	\$	61.34	\$	88.15	\$	100.00	\$	76.19
Average AFC													
Number of Retired members					39		115		65		82		301
Period 07/01/2011 to 06/30/2012													
Average Monthly benefit				\$	50.00	\$	62.47	\$	90.78	\$	100.00	\$	73.55
Average AFC													
Number of Retired members					49		103		38		62		252
Period 07/01/2012 to 06/30/2013													
Average Monthly benefit				\$	50.00	\$	61.66	\$	88.22	\$	100.00	\$	72.70
Average AFC													
Number of Retired members					47		105		45		56		253
Period 07/01/2013 to 06/30/2014													
Average Monthly benefit				\$	50.00	\$	62.17	\$	90.19	\$	100.00	\$	71.75
Average AFC													
Number of Retired members					34		76		26		35		171
Period 07/01/2014 to 06/30/2015													
Average Monthly benefit				\$	50.00	\$	62.58	\$	90.93	\$	100.00	\$	76.58
Average AFC													
Number of Retired members					20		60		32		39		151
Ten year Averages													
Average Monthly benefit				\$	50.00	\$	61.83	\$	89.85	\$	100.00	\$	74.15
Average AFC													
Number of Retired members					477		1,219		560		687		2,943

Note: Benefit amounts represent original monthly benefit at retirement for all retirees who retired during the referenced period.

South Carolina Retirement System Principal Participating Employers in Fiscal Year 2015 and Ten Years Prior Fiscal Year 2006

	Fiscal Year 2015				Fiscal Year 2006					
			Percentage	Total	Total			Percentage	Total	Total
	Covered		of Total	Active	Working	Covered		of Total	Active	Working
Participating Government	Employees ¹	Rank	<u>System</u>	Members	Retirees	Employees ¹	Rank	<u>System</u>	Members	Retirees
State Agency ²	32,365	1	14.25%	27,643	4,722	37,181	1	16.87%	31,559	5,622
School District of Greenville County	8,888	2	3.91%	7,681	1,207	8,700	2	3.94%	7,476	1,224
Lexington Medical Center	5,550	3	2.44%	5,340	210					
Horry County School District	5,518	4	2.43%	4,793	725	4,508	5	2.04%	4,072	436
University of South Carolina	5,409	5	2.38%	4,351	1,058	5,381	4	2.44%	4,312	1,069
Charleston County School District	5,267	6	2.32%	4,670	597	5,808	3	2.63%	5,087	721
MUSC Hospital	5,139	7	2.26%	4,818	321	4,213	8	1.91%	4,023	190
Spartanburg Regional Medical Center	4,939	8	2.17%	4,618	321	4,356	6	1.97%	4,173	183
Richland County School District 1	4,406	9	1.94%	3,594	812	4,288	7	1.94%	3,604	684
Berkeley Co Department of Education	3,980	10	1.75%	3,520	460	3,593	10	1.63%	3,165	428
Clemson University						3,710	9	1.68%	3,054	656
All Other	145,521		64.15%	126,791	18,730	138,529		62.95%	123,497	15,032
Total ³	226,982		100.00%	197,819	29,163	220,267		100.00%	194,022	26,245

In 2015, "All Other" consisted of:

In 2006, "All Other" consisted of:

<u>Type</u>	<u>Number</u>	<u>Employees</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Number</u>	Employees
Quasi-State\Higher Ed	32	18,658	Quasi-State\Higher Ed	30	14,509
City/County	574	53,608	City/County	571	52,738
Public Schools	112	73,255	Public Schools	94	71,282
Total	718	145,521	Total	695	138,529

¹Employers are considered to be participating employers if they submit contributions for an active member or working retiree during the fiscal year. The number of covered employees represents the total number of employees reported by the employer throughout the fiscal year which includes working retirees and TERI participants.

²Although each state agency reports separately, the State is considered the primary government and therefore, all state agencies are included as a single employer. Quasi-State Agencies and Institutions of Higher Education are counted as separate employers and included within the "State" category.

³Fiscal Year 2015 total includes 728 governmental entities and 2006 total includes 705 governmental entities.

Police Officers Retirement System Principal Participating Employers in Fiscal Year 2015 and Ten Years Prior Fiscal Year 2006

	Fiscal Year 2015				Fiscal Year 2006					
Participating Government	Covered Employees ¹	<u>Rank</u>	Percentage of Total <u>System</u>	Total Active Members	Total Working Retirees	Covered Employees ¹	<u>Rank</u>	Percentage of Total <u>System</u>		Total Working Retirees
State Agency ²	10,475	1	4.61%	9,545	930	10,808	1	37.95%	10,064	744
County Council of Richland County	1,048	2	0.46%	854	194	890	2	3.12%	809	81
Horry Co Council	984	3	0.43%	882	102	738	4	2.59%	709	29
Greenville County Council	864	4	0.38%	713	151	705	5	2.47%	628	77
City of Columbia	859	5	0.37%	785	74	775	3	2.72%	725	50
City of Charleston	825	6	0.36%	792	33	612	7	2.14%	562	50
County of Charleston	797	7	0.35%	658	139	697	6	2.44%	622	75
Co Council of Lexington	687	8	0.30%	612	. 75	485	10	1.70%	432	53
City of North Charleston	623	9	0.27%	593	30	509	8	1.78%	492	17
Spartanburg County Council	575	10	0.25%	449	126	500	9	1.75%	438	62
All Other	14,454		92.22%	12,395	2,059	11,754		41.34%	10,767	987
Total ³	32,191		100.00%	28,278	3,913	28,473		100.00%	26,248	2,225

In 2015, "All Other" consisted of:

In 2006, "All Other" consisted of:

Type	Number	Employees	Туре	Number	<u>Employees</u>
Quasi-State\Higher Ed	29	649	Quasi-State\Higher Ed	26	477
City/County	316	13,634	City/County	279	11,201
Public Schools	57	171	Public Schools	35	76
Total	402	14,454	Total	340	11,754

¹The number of covered employees represents the total number of employees reported by the employer throughout the fiscal year which includes working retirees.

²Although each state agency reports separately, the State is considered the primary government and therefore, all state agencies are included as a single employer. Quasi-State Agencies and Institutions of Higher Education are counted as separate employers and included within the "State" category.

³Fiscal Year 2015 total includes 412 governmental entities and 2006 total includes 350 governmental entities.

Revenue Capacity Information

Revenue Capacity Information is intended to assist users in realizing and reviewing the factors that affect the Systems' ability to generate revenues. Employee and employer contribution rates for the most recent ten fiscal years are presented to aid in this category.

Retirement reform legislation enacted in 2012 set a contribution schedule for SCRS and PORS employee and employer contribution rates. This legislation increased employee contributions for SCRS and PORS from 6.5 percent to 8.0 percent in .5 percent increments annually from July 1, 2012, to July 1, 2014. The SCRS employer contribution rate was increased to 10.6 percent beginning July 1, 2012, and increased to 10.9 percent beginning July 1, 2014. The PORS employer contribution rate increased to 12.3 percent beginning July 1, 2012, to 12.5 percent July 1, 2013, and 13.0 percent July 1, 2014.

The legislation also provided that if the scheduled contribution rates were not sufficient to maintain a 30-year amortization period for the unfunded liability of SCRS and/or PORS, as determined by the annual actuarial valuations of the plans, scheduled employer and employee contribution rates must be increased in equal amounts as necessary to maintain a 30-year amortization period for SCRS and/or PORS.

Based upon the 2011 actuarial valuation of PORS, PEBA Retirement Benefits' actuaries found that the 7.5 percent employee and 12.5 percent employer contribution rates scheduled for July 1, 2013, were not sufficient to maintain a 30-year amortization period for PORS. Therefore, the contribution rates had to be increased by an additional equal amount of 0.34 percent to 7.84 percent and 12.84 percent, respectively, for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2013, to maintain a 30-year amortization schedule for PORS. Based upon the 2012 actuarial valuation of PORS, the contribution rates beginning July 1, 2014, increased to 8.41 percent for employees and 13.41 percent for employers. Like the increases for fiscal year 2014, these increases were required for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2014, to maintain a 30-year amortization schedule for PORS.

If additional contribution increases are required, both employee and employer contribution rates must be increased to maintain a 2.9 differential between the rates for SCRS and a 5.0 differential between the rates for PORS. No decrease in contribution rates may be made until the plans are at least 90 percent funded.

Employee Contribution Rates¹

Most Recent 10 Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended	SCRS	PORS		
June 30,	Class II & III	Class II & III	GARS ²	JSRS
2015	8.00%	8.41%	11.00%	10.00%
2014	7.50%	7.84%	11.00%	10.00%
2013	7.00%	7.00%	11.00%	10.00%
2012	6.50%	6.50%	10.00%	10.00%
2011	6.50%	6.50%	10.00%	10.00%
2010	6.50%	6.50%	10.00%	10.00%
2009	6.50%	6.50%	10.00%	10.00%
2008	6.50%	6.50%	10.00%	10.00%
2007	6.50%	6.50%	10.00%	10.00%
2006	6.25%	6.50%	10.00%	9.00%

¹The South Carolina National Guard Supplemental Retirement Plan (SCNG) is a non-contributory plan; therefore, employee contribution rates are not applicable. ²The General Assembly Retirement System (GARS) employee contribution rate increased from 10 percent of earnable compensation to 11 percent of earnable compensation effective January 1, 2013.

Employer Contribution Rates¹

Most Recent 10 Fiscal Years

	SCRS	- Class II & III ²		PORS	S - Class II 8	& III ²	JSR:	5
Fiscal Year	State Dept &	Local	Death	All	Death	Accidental	All	Death
Ended June 30,	Public Schools	Government	Benefit	Employers	Benefit	Death	Employers	Benefit
2015	10.750%	10.750%	0.15%	13.010%	0.20%	0.20%	47.52%	0.45%
2014	10.450%	10.450%	0.15%	12.440%	0.20%	0.20%	46.88%	0.45%
2013	10.450%	10.450%	0.15%	11.900%	0.20%	0.20%	44.64%	0.45%
2012	9.385%	9.385%	0.15%	11.363%	0.20%	0.20%	44.64%	0.45%
2011	9.240%	9.240%	0.15%	11.130%	0.20%	0.20%	44.64%	0.45%
2010	9.240%	9.240%	0.15%	10.650%	0.20%	0.20%	44.64%	0.45%
2009	9.240%	9.240%	0.15%	10.650%	0.20%	0.20%	44.64%	0.45%
2008	9.060%	9.060%	0.15%	10.300%	0.20%	0.20%	44.64%	0.45%
2007	8.050%	8.050%	0.15%	10.300%	0.20%	0.20%	41.65%	0.45%
2006	7.550%	7.550%	0.15%	10.300%	0.20%	0.20%	41.65%	0.45%

¹This schedule does not include employer contributions for the GARS because amounts are paid as an annual lump-sum appropriation, for which incidental death benefit contributions are included. The schedule also does not include employer contributions for the SCNG which are paid through an annual State appropriation.

²For employers with retiree insurance coverage, an additional retiree health insurance surcharge is collected by the Retirement Systems as a pass-through agency and amounts are remitted to the South Carolina Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund; therefore, these insurance rates are not included in this schedule.

Demographic and Economic Information

Demographic and Economic Information is intended to assist users in evaluating the socioeconomic environment within which the Systems operate and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial statement information over time and among pension plans. Active and retired member data for the past ten fiscal years can be found in the Actuarial Section on Pages 158-160 and 166-168.

A list of the number of employers currently participating in the SCRS and PORS systems is presented in this section. State agencies, institutions of higher education, and public school districts are covered by Statute. The list of participating employers includes a directory of employers covered by separate agreement. This list includes employers who submitted contributions during the quarter ending June 30, 2015, for active members and working retirees.

Participating Employers

As of June 30, 2015

Participating Employers Covered by Statute State Agencies & Institutions of Higher Education	<u>SCRS</u> 34	<u>PORS</u> 30
Public School Districts	117	57
Name Participating Employers Covered by Separate Agreement	<u>SCRS</u> 577	PORS 325
BEAUFORT-JASPER CO WATER AUTHORITY BEECH ISLAND RURAL COMMUNITY WATER DIST	Y Y Y	Y Y Y
BELMONT FIRE & SANITATION DIST COMM BELTON-HONEA PATH WATER AUTHORITY BEREA PUBLIC SERVICE DISTRICT COMMISSION	Y Y Y	Y Y Y
BERKELEY CHARLESTON DORCHESTER COUNCIL BERKELEY CHARLESTON DORCHESTER RTMA BERKELEY COUNTY GOVT-ATTN:FINANCE DEPT BERKELEY COUNTY WATER & SANITATION	Y Y Y	Y Y Y Y
BETHUNE RURAL WATER & SANITATION BIG CREEK WATER AND SEWERAGE DISTRICT	Y	Y Y

<u>Name</u>	SCRS	PORS
BLUE RIDGE RURAL WATER COMPANY, INC.	Υ	Υ
BLUFFTON TOWNSHIP FIRE DISTRICT	Υ	Υ
BOILING SPRINGS FIRE DEPARTMENT	Υ	
BOILING SPRINGS FIRE DISTRICT	Υ	
BROADWAY WATER AND SEWER DISTRICT	Υ	Υ
BUCKSPORT WATER SYSTEM,INC.		Υ
BURTON CNTER FOR DIS & SPC ND	Υ	Υ
BURTON FIRE DISTRICT	Υ	
CALHOUN CO DISABILITIES & SPEC NEEDS BD	Υ	Υ
CALHOUN COUNTY COUNCIL	Υ	Υ
CALHOUN COUNTY COUNCIL ON AGING	Υ	Υ
CAROMI VILLAGE VOLUNTEER FIRE DEPARTMENT	Υ	
CATAWBA AREA AGENCY ON AGING	Υ	
CATAWBA REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS	Υ	
CCHS DBA PALMETTO COMMUNITY ACTION PRS	Υ	Υ
CENTRAL MIDLANDS COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS	Υ	
CENTRAL MIDLANDS REGIONAL TRANSIT AUTHOR	Υ	
CHARLESTON AREA TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY	Υ	Υ
CHARLESTON CO HOUSING & REDEV AUTHORITY	Υ	Υ
CHARLESTON CO PARK AND RECREATION COMM	Υ	Υ
CHARLESTON COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC WORKS	Υ	Υ
CHARLESTON COUNTY AIRPORT DISTRICT	Υ	Υ
CHARLESTON COUNTY LIBRARY	Υ	Υ
CHARLESTON NAVAL COMPLEX REDEVELOPMENT	Υ	Υ
CHEROKEE CO COMM ON ALCOHOL & DRUG ABUSE	Υ	Υ
CHEROKEE CO DISABILITIES & SPEC NEEDS BD	Υ	Υ
CHEROKEE COUNTY COUNCIL	Υ	Υ
CHEROKEE COUNTY DEVELOPMENT BOARD	Υ	Υ
CHEROKEE COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY	Υ	Υ
CHEROKEE COUNTY RECREATION DIST	Υ	Υ
CHEROKEE SPRINGS FIRE DISTRICT	Υ	
CHESCO SERVICES	Υ	Υ
CHESTER CO BD OF DIRECTORS	Υ	Υ
CHESTER COUNTY LIBRARY	Υ	Υ
CHESTER METRO DISTRICT	Υ	Υ
CHESTER SEWER DISTRICT	Υ	Υ
CHESTER/LANCASTER CO DSN BOARD, INC.	Υ	
CHESTERFIELD CO RURAL WATER CO INC	Υ	Υ
CHESTERFIELD COUNTY COUNCIL	Υ	Υ
CHESTERFIELD SOIL & WATER CONS DISTRICT	Υ	Υ
CITY OF ABBEVILLE	Υ	Υ
CITY OF AIKEN	Υ	
CITY OF ANDERSON	Υ	
CITY OF BAMBERG	Υ	Υ
CITY OF BARNWELL	Υ	Υ
CITY OF BEAUFORT	Υ	Υ

Name CITY OF BELTON	<u>SCRS</u>	<u>PORS</u>
CITY OF BELTON	Y	Υ
CITY OF BENNETTSVILLE	Υ	.,
CITY OF CAMDEN & MUNICIPAL UTILITIES	.,	Υ
CITY OF CAYCE	Y	.,
CITY OF CHARLESTON	Y	Y
CITY OF CHESTER	Y	Υ
CITY OF CLEMSON	Υ	
CITY OF CLINTON	Υ	
CITY OF COLUMBIA	Υ	
CITY OF CONWAY		Υ
CITY OF DARLINGTON	Υ	Υ
CITY OF DENMARK	Υ	Υ
CITY OF DILLON	Υ	Υ
CITY OF EASLEY	Υ	
CITY OF FLORENCE	Υ	Υ
CITY OF FOLLY BEACH	Υ	
CITY OF FOREST ACRES	Υ	
CITY OF FOUNTAIN INN	Υ	Υ
CITY OF GAFFNEY	Υ	Υ
CITY OF GEORGETOWN	Υ	Υ
CITY OF GOOSE CREEK	Υ	
CITY OF GREENVILLE	Υ	Υ
CITY OF GREENWOOD	Υ	Υ
CITY OF GREER	Υ	Υ
CITY OF HANAHAN	Υ	Υ
CITY OF HARDEEVILLE		Υ
CITY OF HARTSVILLE	Υ	Y
CITY OF INMAN	Y	
CITY OF ISLE OF PALMS	Ϋ́	Υ
CITY OF JOHNSONVILLE	Ϋ́	Ϋ́
CITY OF LAKE CITY	Ϋ́	Ϋ́
CITY OF LANCASTER	Y	•
CITY OF LAURENS	Ϋ́	
CITY OF LIBERTY	Ϋ́	
CITY OF LORIS	•	Υ
CITY OF MANNING	Υ	Y
CITY OF MARION	Ϋ́	'
CITY OF MAULDIN	Ϋ́	Υ
CITY OF MULLINS	Ϋ́	r
	Y	V
CITY OF MYRTLE BEACH	V	Y Y
CITY OF NEW ELLENTON	Y	Y
CITY OF NEWBERRY	Y	v
CITY OF NORTH AUGUSTA	Y	Y
CITY OF NORTH CHARLESTON	Y	Υ
CITY OF NORTH MYRTLE BEACH	Y	
CITY OF ORANGEBURG	Y	
CITY OF PICKENS	Υ	
CITY OF ROCK HILL	Υ	

<u>Name</u>	<u>SCRS</u>	PORS
CITY OF SENECA	Y	
CITY OF SIMPSONVILLE	Υ	
CITY OF SPARTANBURG	Υ	
CITY OF SUMTER	Υ	
CITY OF TEGA CAY	Υ	
CITY OF TRAVELERS REST	Υ	Υ
CITY OF UNION	Υ	
CITY OF WALHALLA	Υ	
CITY OF WALTERBORO	Υ	Υ
CITY OF WEST COLUMBIA	Υ	
CITY OF WOODRUFF	Υ	
CITY OF YORK	Υ	
CLARENDON CO COMM ON ALCOHOL & DRUG ABUS	Υ	Υ
CLARENDON CO DISB & SPECIAL NEEDS BOARD	Υ	Υ
CLARENDON COUNTY	Υ	Υ
CLEAR SPRING FIRE-RESCUE	Υ	Υ
CLINTON NEWBERRY NATURAL GAS AUTHORITY	Υ	
CO COUNCIL OF LEXINGTON	Υ	
COLLETON CO DISABILITIES & SPEC NEED BD	Y	Υ
COLUMBIA HOUSING AUTHORITY	Υ	
COLUMBIA MUSEUM OF ART	Υ	
COMBINED UTILITY SYSTEM	Y	
COMM OF PUBLIC WORKS MUNICIPAL UTILITIES	Y	Υ
COMMISSION ON PUBLIC WORKS	Ϋ́	Y
CONVERSE FIRE DISTRICT	Y	-
COUNTY COUNCIL FOR DORCHESTER COUNTY	Ϋ́	Υ
COUNTY COUNCIL OF BEAUFORT COUNTY	Ϋ́	Y
COUNTY COUNCIL OF NEWBERRY COUNTY	Ϋ́	•
COUNTY COUNCIL OF PICKENS COUNTY	Ϋ́	
COUNTY COUNCIL OF RICHLAND COUNTY	Ϋ́	
COUNTY OF AIKEN	Ϋ́	Υ
COUNTY OF CHARLESTON	Ϋ́	Y
COUNTY OF COLLETON	Ϋ́	Y
COUNTY OF HAMPTON	Y	Y
COUNTY OF LAURENS	Y	•
COUNTY OF MARLBORO	Y	
COUNTY OF MCCORMICK	Ϋ́	
CROFT FIRE DISTRICT	Y	
CULTURAL & HERITAGE COMM OF YORK COUNTY	Y	
DARLINGTON CO COMMUNITY ACTION AGENCY	Y	Υ
DARLINGTON CO DISAB & SPECIAL NEEDS BD	Ϋ́	Y
DARLINGTON CO SOIL & WATER CONS DISTRICT	Y	Y
DARLINGTON CO WATER & SEWER COMMISSION	Y	Y
DARLINGTON COUNTY COUNCIL	Ϋ́	Y
DARLINGTON COUNTY COUNCIL ON AGING	Y	Y
DARLINGTON COURT LIBRARY COMM	Y	Y
DAUFUSKIE ISLAND FIRE DISTRICT	Y	ſ
DILLON COUNTY COUNCIL	Y	Υ
DILLON COOKIT COOKIL	ı	1

<u>Name</u>	SCRS	PORS
DILLON SOIL & WATER CONSERVATION DIST	Υ	Υ
DONALDS-DUE WEST WATER & SEWER AUTHORITY	Υ	Υ
DONALDSON FIRE SERVICE AREA	Υ	Υ
DORCHESTER CO BD OF DIS & SPECIAL NEEDS	Υ	Υ
DORCHESTER CO COMM ON ALCOHOL&DRUG ABUSE	Υ	Υ
DORCHESTER COUNTY LIBRARY	Υ	Υ
DORCHESTER COUNTY WATER AUTHORITY	Υ	Υ
DORCHESTER SENIORS, INC	Υ	Υ
DUNCAN CHAPEL FIRE DISTRICT	Υ	Υ
EASLEY CENTRAL WATER DISTRICT	Υ	
EAST RICHLAND CO PUBLIC SERVICE DIST	Υ	
EDGEFIELD COUNTY COUNCIL	Υ	Υ
EDGEFIELD COUNTY WATER & SEWER AUTHORITY	Υ	Υ
ELLOREE COMMISSION OF PUBLIC WORKS	Υ	
FAIRFIELD CO DISAB & SPECIAL NEEDS BD	Υ	Υ
FAIRFIELD CO SUBSTANCE ABUSE COMMISSION	Υ	Υ
FAIRFIELD COUNTY COUNCIL	Υ	Υ
FAIRFIELD COUNTY COUNCIL ON AGING	Υ	Υ
FAIRFIELD COUNTY LIBRARY	Υ	Υ
FAIRFIELD MEMORIAL HOSPITAL	Υ	Υ
FLINT HILL FIRE DISTRICT	Υ	
FLORENCE CO COMM ON ALCOHOL & DRUG ABUSE	Υ	Υ
FLORENCE CO DISABILITIES & SPEC NEEDS BD	Υ	Υ
FLORENCE COUNTY COUNCIL	Υ	Υ
FLORENCE REGIONAL AIRPORT	Υ	Υ
FRIPP ISLAND PUBLIC SERVICE DISTRICT	Υ	Υ
GAFFNEY BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS	Υ	Υ
GANTT FIRE SEWER AND POLICE DISTRICT	Υ	Υ
GASTON RURAL COMMUNITY WATER DISTRICT	Υ	
GATEWAY COUNSELING CENTER	Υ	
GENERATIONS UNLIMITED	Υ	Υ
GEORGETOWN CO ALCOHOL & DRUG ABUSE COMM	Υ	Υ
GEORGETOWN CO DISAB & SPECIAL NEED BD	Υ	Υ
GEORGETOWN COUNTY COUNCIL	Υ	Υ
GEORGETOWN COUNTY WATER AND SEWER DIST	Υ	Υ
GEORGETOWN SOIL & WATER CONSERVATION DIS	Υ	Υ
GILBERT-SUMMIT RURAL WATER DISTRICT	Υ	
GLASSY MOUNTAIN FIRE SERVICE AREA	Υ	Υ
GLEAMNS HUMAN RESOURCES COMMISSION	Υ	Υ
GLENDALE FIRE DISTRICT	Y	
GLENN SPRINGS-PAULINE FIRE DEPT	Y	
GRAND STRAND WATER & SEWER AUTHORITY		Υ
GRASSY POND WATER CO.INC.	Υ	Y
GREATER GREENVILLE SANITATION COMM	Ϋ́	Y
GREENVILLE AIRPORT COMMISSION	Y	Ϋ́
GREENVILLE AREA DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION	Ϋ́	Ϋ́
GREENVILLE CO COM ON ALCOHOL-DRUG ABUSE	Y	Y
GREENVILLE CO DISAB & SPECIAL NEEDS BD	Ϋ́	Y
CHEEK TIELE GO DIGHE GOI EGINE HELDO DO	'	'

<u>Name</u>	SCRS	PORS
GREENVILLE CO MUSEUM COMMISSION	Υ	Υ
GREENVILLE COMM OF PUBLIC WORKS	Υ	Υ
GREENVILLE COUNTY COUNCIL	Υ	Υ
GREENVILLE COUNTY LIBRARY	Υ	Υ
GREENVILLE REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY	Υ	Υ
GREENVILLE-SPARTANBURG AIRPORT DISTRICT	Υ	Υ
GREENWOOD CO COUNCIL-ADM & FIN OFFICE	Υ	Υ
GREENWOOD COMM OF PUBLIC WORKS	Υ	Υ
GREENWOOD METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COMM	Υ	Υ
GREENWOOD SOIL & WATER CONSERVATON DIST	Υ	Υ
GREER COMMISSION OF PUBLIC WORKS	Υ	Υ
GREER DEVELOPMENT CORP	Υ	Υ
HAMPTON CO DISABILITIES & SPEC NEEDS BD	Υ	Υ
HARTSVILLE COMMUNITY CENTER BLDG COMM	Υ	Υ
HARVIN CLARENDON COUNTY LIBRARY	Υ	Υ
HAZEL PITTMAN CENTER	Υ	Υ
HIGH HILLS RURAL WATER CO., INC.	Υ	
HILLTOP FIRE DISTRICT	Υ	
HILTON HEAD NO 1 PUBLIC SERVICE DISTRICT	Υ	Υ
HOLLY SPRINGS VOLUNTEER FIRE DISTRICT	Υ	
HOMELAND PARK WATER DISTRICT	Υ	Υ
HORRY CO COUNCIL		Υ
HORRY CO DISABILITIES & SPECIAL NEEDS BD		Υ
HORRY COUNTY SOLID WASTE AUTHORITY, INC		Υ
HORRY SOIL CONSERVATION DISTRICT		Υ
HOUSING AUTH OF THE CITY OF CHARLESTON	Υ	Υ
HOUSING AUTH OF THE CITY OF EASLEY	Υ	
HOUSING AUTH OF THE CITY OF GREENWOOD	Υ	Υ
HOUSING AUTH OF THE CITY OF MYRTLE BEACH		Υ
HOUSING AUTH OF THE CITY OF NO CHAS	Υ	Υ
HOUSING AUTHORITY OF CITY OF NEWBERRY	Υ	
HOUSING AUTHORITY OF CITY OF UNION	Υ	
HOUSING AUTHORITY OF DARLINGTON	Υ	Υ
HOUSING AUTHORITY OF FLORENCE	Υ	Υ
HOUSING AUTHORITY OF FORT MILL	Υ	
HOUSING AUTHORITY OF LANCASTER	Υ	
HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF AIKEN	Υ	Υ
HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF CHESTER	Υ	Υ
HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF CONWAY		Υ
HOUSING AUTHORITY OF THE CITY OF GAFFNEY	Υ	Υ
HOUSING AUTHORITY OF TOWN OF WOODRUFF	Υ	
HOUSING AUTY OF CITY OF SUMTER	Υ	
HOWE SPRINGS FIRE DISTRICT	Υ	
INMAN COMMUNITY FIRE DEPARTMENT	Υ	
INMAN-CAMPOBELLO WATER DISTRICT	Υ	
IRMO CHAPIN RECREATION DISTRICT	Υ	
IRMO FIRE DISTRICT	Υ	
ISLE OF PALMS WATER & SEWER COMMISSION	Υ	Υ

<u>Name</u>	<u>SCRS</u>	PORS
JAMES ISLAND PUBLIC SERVICE DIST COMM	Υ	Υ
JASPER CO BD OF DIS & SPECIAL NEEDS		Υ
JASPER COUNTY COUNCIL		Υ
JOHNSONVILLE FIRE DEPARTMENT	Υ	
JOINT MUNICIPAL WATER & SEWER COMMISSION	Υ	
KEOWEE FIRE TAX DISTRICT	Υ	
KERSHAW CO BD DOF DIS & SPECIAL NEEDS		Υ
KERSHAW CO COMM ON ALCOHOL & DRUG ABUSE		Υ
KERSHAW COUNTY COUNCIL		Υ
KINGSTREE HOUSING AUTHORITY	Υ	
LADYS ISLAND - ST HELENA FIRE DISTRICT	Υ	
LAKE CITY HOUSING AUTHORITY	Υ	Υ
LAKE CUNNINGHAM FIRE DISTRICT	Υ	Υ
LANCASTER CO COMM ON ALCOHOL&DRUG ABUSE	Υ	
LANCASTER CO WATER & SEWER DISTRICT	Υ	
LANCASTER COUNTY COUNCIL		Υ
LANCASTER COUNTY COUNCIL ON AGING	Υ	
LANCASTER COUNTY LIBRARY	Υ	
LANCASTER COUNTY NATURAL GAS AUTHORITY	Υ	
LANCASTER SOIL & WATER CONSERVATION DIST	Υ	
LAURENS CO DISABILITIES & SPEC NEEDS BD	Υ	
LAURENS COMMISSIONERS OF PUBLIC WORKS	Υ	
LAURENS COUNTY WATER & SEWER COMMISSION	Υ	
LEE CO DISABILITIES & SPECIAL NEEDS BD	Υ	
LEE COUNTY COUNCIL	Υ	
LEXINGTON MEDICAL CENTER	Υ	
LEX-RICH ALCOHOL & DRUG ABUSE COUNCIL	Υ	
LIBERTY-CHESNEE-FINGERVILLE WATER DIST	Υ	
LITTLE RIVER WATER & SEWER CO., INC		Υ
LOWCOUNTRY COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS	Υ	Υ
LOWCOUNTRY REGIONAL EMS COUNCIL	Υ	Υ
LOWCOUNTRY REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTH	Υ	Υ
LOWCOUNTRY REGIONAL WATER SYSTEM		Υ
LOWER SAVANNAH COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS	Υ	Υ
LUGOFF FIRE DISTRICT	Υ	
LUGOFF WATER DISTRICT OF KERSHAW COUNTY		Υ
MARCO RURAL WATER CO., INC.	Υ	
MARION CO COM ON ALCOHOL & DRUG ABUSE	Υ	
MARION COUNTY COUNCIL	Υ	
MARION COUNTY LIBRARY	Υ	
MARION-DILLON CO DISAB & SPEC NEEDS BD	Υ	
MARLBORO CO DISABILITIES & SPEC NEEDS BD	Υ	
MARLBORO WATER COMPANY	Υ	
MCCORMICK COMM OF PUBLIC WORKS	Υ	
MCCORMICK COUNTY COUNCIL ON AGING	Y	
MCCORMICK COUNTY WATER & SEWER AUTHORITY	Ϋ́	
METROPOLITAN SEWER SUB-DISTRICT	Y	Υ
METROPOLITAN SUBDISTRICT B WATER & SEWER	Υ	

<u>Name</u>	<u>SCRS</u>	PORS
MID COUNTY WATER COMPANY, INC	Υ	Υ
MONCKS CORNER WATER WORKS COMMISSION	Y	Y
MT PLEASANT WATER & SEWER COMM	Y	Υ
MUNICIPAL ASSOCIATION OF SOUTH CAROLINA	Y	
MURRELLS INLET-GARDEN CITY FIRE DIST	Y	
N SPARTANBURG AREA FIRE & RESCUE DIST	Υ	
NEW ELLENTON COMM OF PUBLIC WORKS	Υ	Y
NEW LIFE CENTER		Υ
NEWBERRY CO DISABILITIES & SP ND BD	Υ	
NEWBERRY CO WATER AND SEWER AUTHORITY	Y	
NEWBERRY COUNTY LIBRARY	Υ	
NORTH CHARLESTON SEWER DISTRICT	Υ	Υ
NORTH GREENVILLE FIRE DISTRICT	Υ	
OCONEE COUNTY	Υ	
OCONEE DISABILITIES & SPEC NEEDS BD	Υ	
OCONEE JOINT REGIONAL SEWER AUTHORITY	Υ	
OLANTA RURAL FIRE DEPARTMENT	Υ	
OLD FORT FIRE DISTRICT	Υ	
OLD NINETY SIX TOURISM COMMISSION	Υ	Υ
OLD TOWN FIRE AND RESCUE DEPARTMENT	Υ	
OLDE ENGLISH DISTRICT TOURISM COMMISSION	Υ	Υ
ORANGEBURG CO DISAB & SPECIAL NEEDS BD	Υ	
ORANGEBURG COUNTY COUNCIL	Υ	
ORANGEBURG DEPT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES	Υ	
PALMETTO STATE TEACHERS ASSOCIATION	Υ	
PARKER SEWER & FIRE SUBDISTRICT	Υ	Υ
PEACHTREE CENTER D/B/A-CHEROKEE LTC	Υ	Υ
PEE DEE REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS	Υ	Υ
PEE DEE REGIONAL EMS, INC	Υ	Υ
PEE DEE REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTH	Υ	Υ
PELHAM BATESVILLE FIRE DEPARTMENT	Υ	
PENDLETON DIS HISTORICAL & REC COMM	Υ	Υ
PICKENS CO COMM ON ALCOHOL & DRUG ABUSE	Υ	
PICKENS CO DISABILITIES & SPEC NEEDS BD	Υ	
PIEDMONT PARK FIRE DISTRICT	Υ	
PIEDMONT PUBLIC SERVICE DISTRICT	Υ	
PINE RIDGE FIRE DEPARTMENT	Υ	
PIONEER RURAL WATER DISTRICT	Υ	
POPLAR SPRINGS FIRE DEPARTMENT	Υ	
POWDERSVILLE WATER DISTRICT	Υ	Υ
REC DIST & REC COMM OF RICHLAND COUNTY	Υ	
RECREATION DIST LEXINGTON CO	Υ	
REIDVILLE FIRE DISTRICT	Υ	
RENEWABLE WATER RESOURCES(RE-WA)	Υ	Υ
RICH/LEX CO DISAB & SPECIAL NEEDS BD	Υ	
RICHLAND COUNTY PUBLIC LIBRARY	Υ	
RICHLAND LEXINGTON AIRPORT DISTRICT	Υ	
RICHLAND MEMORIAL/PALMETTO HEALTH	Υ	

<u>Name</u>	SCRS	PORS
RIVERBANKS PARK COMMISSION	Υ	
ROCKY CREEK WATER COMPANY, INC.	Υ	
ROEBUCK FIRE DEPARTMENT	Υ	
RUBICON	Υ	Υ
RURAL COMM WATER DIST OF GEORGETOWN CO	Υ	Υ
S C EDUCATION ASSN	Υ	
S C HIGH SCHOOL LEAGUE	Υ	
S C STATE EMPLOYEES' ASSOCIATION	Υ	
SALUDA CO COM ON ALCOHOL & DRUG ABUSE	Υ	
SALUDA COMMISSION OF PUBLIC WORKS	Υ	
SALUDA COUNTY COUNCIL	Υ	
SALUDA COUNTY WATER & SEWER AUTHORITY	Υ	
SANDY SPRINGS WATER COMPANY	Υ	Υ
SANTEE COOPER COUNTIES PROMOTION COMM	Υ	
SANTEE FIRE SERVICE DISTRICT	Υ	
SANTEE-LYNCHES COUNCIL FOR GOVERNMENTS	Υ	
SANTEE-WATEREE REG TRANSPORTATION AUTH	Υ	
SC APPALACHIAN COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS	Υ	Υ
SC ASSOCIATION OF COUNTIES	Y	
SC ASSOCIATION OF SCHOOL ADMINISTRATORS	Υ	
SC ASSOCIATION OF SCHOOL BOARDS	Y	
SC ATHLETIC COACHES ASSOCIATION	Y	
SC LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS ASSOCIATION	Y	
SC MIDLANDS EMER MED SER MGM ASSOC	Ϋ́	
SC STATE CREDIT UNION	Y	
SC STATE FIREMENS ASSOCIATION	Y	
SENIOR SERVICES INC OF CHESTER COUNTY	Y	Υ
SHELDON FIRE DISTRICT	Y	
SHORELINE BEHAVIORAL HEALTH SERVICES	•	Υ
SIX MILE RURAL WATER DISTRICT	Υ	'
SLATER-MARIETTA FIRE DEPT	Y	
SOUTH CAROLINA SHERIFFS' ASSOCIATION	Ϋ́	
SOUTH CAROLINA SHERIFFS ASSOCIATION SOUTH CAROLINA TECHNOLOGY & AVIATION CTR	Ϋ́	Υ
SOUTH GREENVILLE AREA FIRE DISTRICT	Y	Y
SOUTH GREENVILLE AREA TIRE DISTRICT SOUTH ISLAND PUBLIC SERVICE DISTRICT	Y	Y
SOUTH LYNCHES FIRE DEPARTMENT	Ϋ́	'
SOUTHSIDE RURAL COMMUNITY WATER DIST	Y	
SPARTANBURG COMRS OF PUBLIC WORK	Ϋ́	
SPARTANBURG COUNTY COUNCIL	Υ	
SPARTANBURG PUBLIC LIBRARY		
SPARTANBURG REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER	Y Y	
	Υ	
SPARTANBURG SANITARY SEWER DIST		V
ST ANDREWS PARISH PARKS & PLAYGROUNDS	Y	Y
ST ANDREWS PUBLIC SERVICE DIST COMM	Y	Y
ST GEORGE WATER AND SEWER DEPARTMENT	Y	Υ
ST JOHNS FIRE DISTRICT	Y	.,
ST PAULS FIRE DISTRICT	Y	Y
STARR-IVA WATER COMPANY	Υ	Υ

<u>Name</u>	<u>SCRS</u>	PORS
STARTEX JACKSON WELLFD DUNCAN WATER DIST	Υ	
SUMTER CO COM ON ALCOHOL & DRUG ABUSE	Υ	
SUMTER CO DISABILITIES & SPEC NEEDS BD	Υ	
SUMTER CONSERVATION DISTRICT	Υ	
SUMTER COUNTY COUNCIL	Υ	
SUMTER COUNTY LIBRARY	Υ	
TAYLORS FIRE AND SEWER DISTRICT	Υ	Υ
THE ERNEST E KENNEDY CENTER	Υ	Υ
THE PEE DEE TOURISM COMMISSION	Υ	Υ
THE RIVER ALLIANCE	Υ	
THREE RIVERS SOLID WASTE AUTHORITY	Υ	Υ
TIGERVILLE FIRE DEPARTMENT	Υ	
TOWN OF ALLENDALE	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF ANDREWS	Υ	
TOWN OF ATLANTIC BEACH		Υ
TOWN OF AYNOR		Υ
TOWN OF BATESBURG-LEESVILLE	Υ	
TOWN OF BETHUNE		Υ
TOWN OF BISHOPVILLE	Υ	
TOWN OF BLACKSBURG	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF BLACKVILLE	Y	Y
TOWN OF BLUFFTON	Y	•
TOWN OF BLYTHEWOOD	Ϋ́	
TOWN OF BONNEAU	Ϋ́	
TOWN OF BOWMAN	Ϋ́	
TOWN OF BRANCHVILLE	Ϋ́	
TOWN OF BRIARCLIFFE ACRES	Ϋ́	
TOWN OF BRUNSON	Ϋ́	Υ
TOWN OF BURNETTOWN	Ϋ́	•
TOWN OF CALHOUN FALLS	Ϋ́	Υ
TOWN OF CAMERON	Ϋ́	Y
TOWN OF CAMPOBELLO	Ϋ́	•
TOWN OF CARLISLE	Ϋ́	
TOWN OF CARCISLE TOWN OF CENTRAL	Y	
TOWN OF CHAPIN	Ϋ́	
TOWN OF CHARM	Y	Υ
TOWN OF CHENAW TOWN OF CHESNEE	Y	'
TOWN OF CHESNEE TOWN OF CHESTERFIELD	Y	Υ
TOWN OF CHESTERFIELD TOWN OF CLOVER	Υ	ĭ
TOWN OF CLOVER TOWN OF CORDOVA		
TOWN OF CORDOVA TOWN OF COTTAGEVILLE	Y Y	
TOWN OF COTTAGEVILLE TOWN OF COWARD	Ϋ́Υ	Υ
		Y
TOWN OF COWPENS	Y	V
TOWN OF DUNCAN	Y	Υ
TOWN OF DUNCAN	Y	
TOWN OF EASTOVER	Y	.,
TOWN OF EDGEFIELD	Y	Y
TOWN OF EDISTO BEACH	Υ	Υ

Name Town of Fundant	<u>SCRS</u>	<u>PORS</u>
TOWN OF EHRHARDT	Υ	Y
TOWN OF ELGIN	V	Y
TOWN OF ELKO	Y	Υ
TOWN OF ELLOREE	Υ	v
TOWN OF ESTILL	.,	Υ
TOWN OF EUTAWVILLE	Y	
TOWN OF FAIRFAX	Y	Y
TOWN OF FORT LAWN	Y	Υ
TOWN OF FORT MILL	Y	
TOWN OF GASTON	Y	
TOWN OF GILBERT	Y	
TOWN OF GRAY COURT	Y	
TOWN OF GREAT FALLS	Y	
TOWN OF GREELEYVILLE	Y	
TOWN OF HAMPTON	Y	
TOWN OF HARLEYVILLE	Y	Υ
TOWN OF HEATH SPRINGS	Y	
TOWN OF HEMINGWAY	Υ	
TOWN OF HILTON HEAD ISLAND	Υ	
TOWN OF HOLLY HILL	Υ	
TOWN OF HOLLYWOOD	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF HONEA PATH	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF IRMO	Υ	
TOWN OF IVA	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF JACKSON	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF JAMES ISLAND	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF JAMESTOWN	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF JEFFERSON	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF JOHNSTON	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF JONESVILLE	Υ	
TOWN OF KERSHAW	Υ	
TOWN OF KIAWAH ISLAND	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF KINGSTREE	Υ	
TOWN OF LAKE VIEW	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF LAMAR	Υ	
TOWN OF LANDRUM	Υ	
TOWN OF LANE	Υ	
TOWN OF LATTA	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF LEXINGTON	Υ	
TOWN OF LINCOLNVILLE	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF LITTLE MOUNTAIN	Υ	
TOWN OF LIVINGSTON	Υ	
TOWN OF LYMAN	Υ	
TOWN OF MAYESVILLE	Υ	
TOWN OF MCBEE	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF MCCLELLANVILLE	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF MCCOLL	Υ	
TOWN OF MCCORMICK	Υ	

<u>Name</u>	<u>SCRS</u>	PORS
TOWN OF MEGGETT	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF MONCKS CORNER	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF MONETTA	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF MT PLEASANT	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF MT. CROGHAN	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF NICHOLS	Υ	
TOWN OF NINETY-SIX	Υ	
TOWN OF NORRIS	Υ	
TOWN OF NORTH	Υ	
TOWN OF NORWAY	Υ	
TOWN OF OLANTA	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF OLAR	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF PACOLET	Υ	
TOWN OF PAGELAND	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF PAMPLICO	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF PARKSVILLE	Υ	
TOWN OF PATRICK	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF PELION	Υ	
TOWN OF PELZER	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF PENDLETON	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF PERRY	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF PINE RIDGE	Υ	
TOWN OF POMARIA	Y	
TOWN OF PORT ROYAL	Y	Υ
TOWN OF PROSPERITY	Y	-
TOWN OF QUINBY	Y	Υ
TOWN OF RAVENEL	Y	Υ
TOWN OF REEVESVILLE	Y	Υ
TOWN OF RIDGE SPRING	Y	•
TOWN OF RIDGELAND	•	Υ
TOWN OF RIDGEVILLE	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF RIDGEWAY	Y	Υ
TOWN OF SALLEY	Y	Y
TOWN OF SALUDA	Y	•
TOWN OF SANTEE	Y	
TOWN OF SCRANTON	Y	Υ
TOWN OF SEABROOK ISLAND	Ϋ́	Y
TOWN OF SEABNOOK ISLAND TOWN OF SIX MILE	Y	'
TOWN OF SIX WILLE	Y	Υ
TOWN OF SNELLING TOWN OF SOCIETY HILL	Y	1
TOWN OF SOCIETY HILL TOWN OF SOUTH CONGAREE	Ϋ́	
TOWN OF SOUTH CONGAREE TOWN OF SPRINGDALE	Ϋ́	
TOWN OF SPRINGFIELD	Y	V
TOWN OF ST GEORGE	Y	Y
TOWN OF ST MATTHEWS	Y	Y
TOWN OF ST STEPHEN	Y	Y
TOWN OF SULLIVANS ISLAND	Y	Y
TOWN OF SUMMERTON	Υ	Υ

<u>Name</u>	<u>SCRS</u>	PORS
TOWN OF SUMMERVILLE	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF SURFSIDE BEACH		Υ
TOWN OF SWANSEA	Υ	
TOWN OF TIMMONSVILLE	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF TRENTON	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF TURBEVILLE	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF VARNVILLE	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF WAGENER	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF WARE SHOALS	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF WELLFORD	Υ	
TOWN OF WEST PELZER	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF WEST UNION	Υ	
TOWN OF WESTMINSTER	Υ	
TOWN OF WHITMIRE	Υ	
TOWN OF WILLIAMSTON	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF WILLISTON	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF WINNSBORO	Υ	Υ
TOWN OF YEMASSEE		Υ
TRI-COUNTY COMM ON ALCOHOL & DRUG ABUSE	Υ	
TYGER RIVER FIRE DISTRICT	Υ	
TYGER RIVER FIRE SERVICE AREA	Υ	
UNA FIRE DEPARTMENT	Υ	
UNION CO DISABILITIES & SPECIAL NEEDS BD	Υ	
UNION COUNTY CARNEGIE LIBRARY	Υ	
UNION COUNTY COUNCIL OF AGING	Υ	
UNION COUNTY DEVELOPMENT BOARD	Υ	
UNION COUNTY SUPERVISOR	Υ	
UPPER SAVANNAH COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS	Υ	Υ
VALLEY PUBLIC SERVICE AUTHORITY	Υ	Υ
WACCAMAW ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY COUNCIL	•	Y
WACCAMAW REGIONAL COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS	Υ	Y
WACCAMAW REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTH	·	Y
WADE HAMPTON FIRE & SEWER DISTRICT	Υ	Y
WEST FLORENCE RURAL VOLUNTEER FIRE DIST	Y	•
WESTVIEW BEHAVIORAL HEALTH SERVICES	Ϋ́	
WESTVIEW-FAIRFOREST FIRE DEPARTMENT	Ϋ́	
WHITESVILLE RURAL VOL FIRE DEPT	Ϋ́	
WHITMIRE COMM OF PUBLIC WORKS	Ϋ́	
WHITNEY AREA FIRE DEPT	Y	
WILLIAMSBURG CO DISAB & SPECIAL NEEDS BD	Ϋ́	
WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY COUNCIL	Y	
WILLIAMSBURG COUNTY LIBRARY	Ϋ́	
WILLIAMSBORG COUNTY LIBRARY WINDY HILL VOLUNTEER FIRE COMPANY	Y	
	-	
WOODRUFF ROEBUCK WATER DISTRICT YORK CO COVENTION & VISITORS BUREAU	Y Y	
YORK COUNTY	Y	
YORK COUNTY	Y	
YORK COUNTY COUNCIL ON AGING	Υ	

<u>Name</u>	<u>SCRS</u>	<u>PORS</u>	
YORK COUNTY LIBRARY	Υ		
YORK SOIL & WATER CONSERVATION DIST	Υ		



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