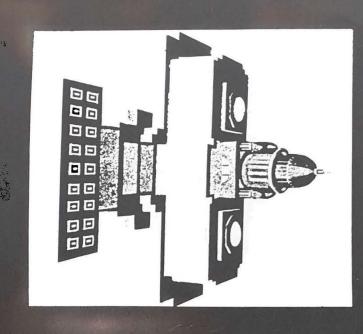
State of Chode Island and Providence Plantations



ANNUAL REPORT

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OF THE *

RETIREMENT BOARD

JUNE 30, 1989

General Treasurer

EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND Annual Report

RETIREMENT BOARD	Contents	Page
JUNE 30, 1989		
ANTHONY J. SOLOMON, Chairman General Treasurer	Transmittal Letter	2
MARCIA REBACK, Vice Chairperson Teacher Representative		
PAUL BASSETT Public Representative	Report of the Board	3
KATHLEEN BELLO Designee of House Fiscal Advisor		
MICHAEL R. BOYCE Municipal Employees Representative	Financial Statements	5
J. THOMAS CHELLEL State Employee Representative		
LOUIS CIARAMELLO, C.L.U. Public Representative	Highlights	11
J. MICHAEL DOWNEY State Employee Representative		
GUY DuFAULT, Designee of President R.I. League of Cities and Towns	Report of the Actuary	15
LEE GROSSI State Budget Director		
JOSEPH G. IANNELLI Retired Member Representative	Investments	70
SENATOR PETER BOUCHARD Designee of Senate Finance Chairman		
EDNA M. SNOW Teacher Representative		
REPRESENTATIVE ROBERT S. TUCKER House Finance Chairman		
RICHARD M. WESSELS Designee of Director of Administration		

Report of the Board



State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations

OFFICE OF THE GENERAL TREASURER STATE HOUSE PROVIDENCE, RHODE ISLAND 02903 (401) 277-2397

The Honorable Edward D. DiPrete Governor, State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations State House Providence, R.I. 02903

Dear Governor DiPrete:

It is with great pleasure that I submit the Fifty-Third Annual Report of the Retirement Board of the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island for transmittal to the General Assembly. This report covers the fiscal year ending June 30, 1989.

Respectfully submitted,

ANTHONY J. SOLOMON General Treasurer

REPORT OF THE RETIREMENT BOARD

The Fifty-Third Annual Report of the Retirement Board for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1989 covers in detail through the exhibits, schedules and statistics, the operations for the year valuation and recommendations.

FINANCIAL FACTS

Total reserves at the end of the year were 21.5 percent or \$301,945,088 higher than the previous year, for a total of \$1,704,906,172.

Revenues from all sources for the year amounted to \$186,013,521 for State employees and \$234,176,879 for Public School Teachers. Expenditures for the year amounted to \$58,594,066 and \$59,651,076 for State employees and Teachers, respectively.

Chart (A) on Page 12 depicts the sources of Revenue and Expenditures.

Income from investments for the year amounted to \$237,049,281 including a capital gain of \$119,551,790. This represents 56.41 percent of the total revenues. This income is equal to a return of 8.02 percent and is compared to the return of previous years in Chart (B), Page 13.

Pension benefits, which represent the major expenditure item, amounted to \$45,643,318 for State employees and Legislators, and \$47,823,189 for Teachers and Teachers' Survivors. Added to this was the Cost-of-Living Adjustment, which amounted to \$7,800,533 for State employees, and \$9,964,341 for Teachers. A comparative chart of the Cost-of-Living Adjustment graphically depicts the facts in this regard and the trend therof in Chart (C), Page 13, which covers the last twelve years.

UNFUNDED ACCRUED LIABILITY

This item is thoroughly covered in the actuary's report section. However, it is pointed out that the rate of funding, otherwise referred to as the 'Security Ratio' at June 30, 198 was 58.69 percent for State Employees and 48.48 percent for Teachers. The unfunded (accrued) liability for the State employees was \$449,215,300 and \$786,368,100 FOR TERCHERS.

CONCLUDING COMMENT

Consistent with prior years, a normal increase in reserves was recorded. In keeping with established procedures, an acturial valuation was made which illustrates current operational results and the financial condition of the System at the end of the fiscal year. The results of operations were satisfactory.

Service to participating members is always paramount in the operation and conduct of our staff. To this end, we have held numerous pre-retirement educational courses in the past year. Evaluations made by the attendees indicate that valuable insights regarding retirement were made. We shall continue to conduct pre-retirement seminars to make our members aware of the benefits available for retirement purposes.

A sincere thanks is extended to the officials of our State government and members of the administrative staff for their cooperation and dedicated service rendered during the year.

Retirement Board of the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island

Financial Statements

5

COMPARATIVE FINANCIAL BALANCE SHEET

	JUNE 30, 1989	JUNE 30, 1988
ASSETS		
Cash	(270,709)	18,609,219
Accrued Interest Receivable	18,727,418	16,543,104
Investments (At amortized book value for bonds and cost for stocks)	1,686,449,463 1,704,906,172	1,367,808,761 1,402,961,084
LIABILITES & RESERVES		
Current Liabilities		
Unclaimed Benefits	220,383	218,732
Members' Contribution Reserv	7es	
State Employees	169,100,631	150,242,892
Teachers	243,955,066	221,769,615
Teachers' Survivors	9,122,818	8,730,399
TOTAL MEMBER RESERVES	422,178,515	380,742,906
General Reserves		
State Employees	604,607,342	496,011,336
Teachers	635,475,948	490,136,766
Teachers' Survivors	42,416,484	35,846,344
Certain State Employees	7,500	5,000
Certain Teachers		
TOTAL GENERAL RESERVES	1,282,507,274	1,021,999,446
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND RESERVES \$	1,704,906,172	1,402,961,084

STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

YEAR ENDED - JUNE 30, 1989

REVENUES

KEVENOES		
Mark Control Devil Control		
Member Contributions	27,958,573	
State Employees	2,123	
Legislators	31,329,272	
Teachers	544,323	
Teachers' Survivors	5,970	
Ins. Premiums-Legislators	3,370	59,840,261
State Contributions		
State Employees	48,974,973	
Teachers	35,066,775	
Certain State Employees & Teachers	15,000	
Supplemental Pay - State	342,643	84,399,391
Municipal Contributions		
Teachers	37,150,255	
Teachers' Survivors	544,386	
Supplemental Pay - Teachers	246,250	37,940,891
Supplemental Pay - Teachers	X	
Investment Income	94,228,285	
Interest	25,595,811	
Dividends (Loss)	119,551,790	
Capital Gain or (Loss)		
Sale of Options	- 2,326,606	237,049,280
Less: Administrative Expense		
Miscellaneous	2,853	
Miscellaneous Receipts	69,668	
Employees' TransMunicipal	4,210	
Unclaimed Benefits	883,677	960,408
Interest-Service Purchase		420,190,231
TOTAL REVENUES	·DEC	420/130/201
EXPENDITU	JRES	
#11 m		
Pension Benefits	50,969,066	
State Employees	2,119,417	
Legislators	56,270,538	
Teachers	1,263,615	
Teachers' Survivors	12,500	
Certain State Employees & Teachers	342,869	
Supplemental Pay - State		111,231,382
Supplemental Pay - Teachers	253,377	111/231/002
Death Benefits	1 700 620	
State Employees	1,798,628	
Legislators	48,800	2,609,098
Teachers	761,670	2,003,030
Refund of Contributions	2 272 201	
State Employees	3,270,094	
Teachers	905,242	
Teachers' Survivors	120,491	
Interest on Refunds-Survivors	65,897	4,370,980
Municipalities	9,256	4,370,980
Miscellaneous	1 205	
Miscellaneous Refunds	1,395	
Employee Transfers-Municipal	29,729	22 602
Unclaimed Benefits	2,559	33,683
Total Expenditures		118,245,143
Excess Revenues over Expenditures		301,945,088

6

ANALYSIS OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES FISCAL YEAR ENDED - JUNE 30, 1989

	STATE EMPLO	YEES	TEACHE	RS	TEACHER		
REVENUES	AMOUNT	B	AMOUNT	8	AMOUNT	g ₆	TOTAL
Member Contributions State Contributions Municipal Contributions Investment Earnings Miscellaneous TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 27,966,666 49,332,616 108,331,521 382,548 186,013,351	15.03 26.52 58.24 .21	31,329,271 35,066,775 37,396,505 121,392,937 577,859 225,763,347	25	544,323 544,386 7,324,823 8,413,532	6.47 6.47 87.06 	59,840,260 84,399,391 37,940,891 237,049,281 960,407 420,190,230
EXPENDITURES Pensions Cost-of-Living Adjust. Death Benefits Refunds-Contributions Miscellaneous TOTAL EXPENDITURES EXCESS REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES-	45,643,318 7,800,533 1,847,428 3,270,093 32,694 58,594,066	24.53 04.20 00.99 01.76 00.02	46,559,574 9,964,342 761,670 913,529 989 58,200,104	20.62 4.42 .34 .40	1,263,615	15.02 2.23 	93,466,507 17,764,875 2,609,098 4,370,980 33,683 118,245,143
	\$ 127,419,285	68.50	167,563,243	74.22	6,962,559	82.75	301,945,087

DISTRIBUTION OF EXCESS REVENUE

Unclaimed Benefits	1,650
Members' Reserves	
State	24,729,343
Teachers	30,443,584
Survivors	423,832
General Reserves	2000 2000 000 P. 1000 2000 2000
State	102,686,668
Teachers	137,118,783
Survivors	6,538,727
Certain Employees	2,500
TOTAL	\$ 301,945,087

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CAPITAL GAIN INVESTMENT INCOME LESS: ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE NET INVESTMENT INCOME	LESS: Accrued Interest Purchased Accrued Interest Purchased Premiums Amortized Total Deductions NET INTEREST EARNED DIVIDENDS TOTAL EARNED ON INVESTMENTS	Accrued Interest - June 30, 1989 18,727,710 LESS: Accrued Interest - July 1, 1988 -16,543,104 2,184,314 Discounts Amortized Total Additions TOTAL	NVESTMENT DED JUNE 3
119,551,790 239,375,887 2,326,606 237,049,281	5,111,550 94,228,286 25,595,811 119,824,097	11,374,642 99,339,836	87,965,194

DISTRIBUTION OF INVESTMENT INCOME FISCAL YEAR ENDED - JUNE 30, 1989

	EMPLOYEES	TEACHERS	TEACHERS' SURVIVORS	TOTAL
MEMBER RESERVES Balance July 1, 1988	150,242,892	221,769,615	8,730,399	380,742,906
Balance June 30, 1989	169,100,631	243,955,066	9,122,818	422,178,515
GENERAL RESERVES Balance July 1, 1988	496,016,336	490,136,765	35,846,344	1,021,999,445
Balance June 30, 1989	496,283,321	514,083,012	35,091,661	1,045,457,994
TOTAL 1	,311,643,180	1,469,944,458	88,791,222	2,870,378,860
AVERAGE	655,821,590	734,972,229	44,395,611	1,435,189,430
PERCENT	45.70	51.21	3.09	100.00
DISTRIBUTION	108,331,521	121,392,937	7,324,822	237,049,280

Highlights

<u>CHART A</u>

SOURCES OF REVENUE AND HOW EXPENDED JUNE 30, 1989

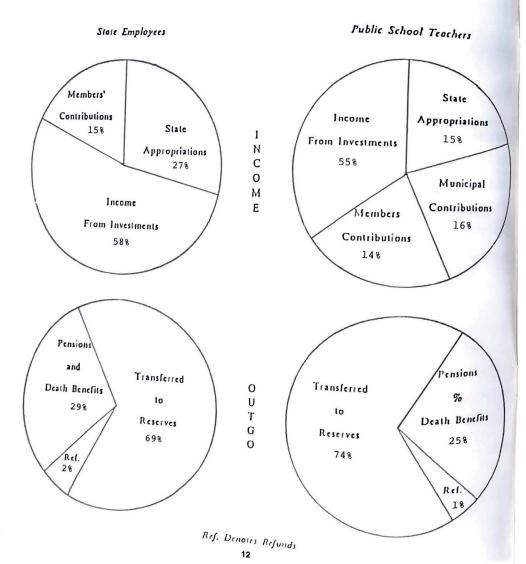


CHART 'B'

INVESTMENT	RATE	OF	RETURN
1989		8.	02
1988		8.	60
1987		8	13
1986		8.	97
1985		9.	25
1984		9.	30
1983		9.	40
1982		10.	20
1981		9.	30
1980		8.	50
1979		7.	40
1978		6.	70
1977		6.	60

CHART 'C'

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S	TATE EMPLOYEES		TEACHE	COST OF
YEAR	PENSION BENEFITS	COST OF LIVING ADJUSTMENT	PENSION BENEFITS	LIVING ADJUSTMENT
77-78	12,638,920	1,097,430	17,382,026	2,269,569
78-79	14,007,233	1,317,011	18,986,600	2,698,815
79-80	15,743,067	1,563,271	20,653,181	3,128,123
80-81	16,738,846	2,049,888	20,962,025	4,036,193
81-82	18,718,665	2,575,727	22,409,596	5,005,960
82-83	21,105,380	2,941,778	23,767,139	5,457,932
83-84	26,662,536	3,360,702	24,760,600	5,907,761
84-85	28,161,866	3,844,578	26,590,686	6,366,817
85-86	30,881,152	4,439,144	29,271,627	6,810,574
86-87	38,189,187	5,795,385	36,250,736	8,506,795
87-88	41,854,822	6,575,530	41,179,024	9,155,646
88-89	43,828,710	7,495,723	46,559,574	9,964,341

CHART 'D'

COMPARATIVE PERTINENT FINANCIAL FACTS FOR STATE EMPLOYEES AND TEACHER MEMBERS

Fisca Yr.End		CESS REVENU	ES OVER EXPENDITUR	ES	INVESTM	ENT EARNINGS
June 3		MP. %	TEACHERS	*	STATE EMP.	TEACHERS
1973	8,825,48	9 51	8,539,937	38	5,140,631	4,309,059
1974	10,237,17	3 52	9,264,517	37	6,159,198	5,215,129
1975	12,210,28	2 53	10,587,575	38	7,065,233	6,006,428
1976	13,679,59	52	11,404,410	39	8,361,655	7,102,844
1977	15,604,15	5 2	16,654,090	46	9,370,122	8,056,179
1978	18,913,113	54	20,608,794	49	10,596,621	9,364,238
1979	16,192,484	46	16,004,751	41	13,001,764	11,694,352
1980	26,252,892	57	23,016,169	47	16,866,504	15,206,410
1981	31,480,978	59	31,151,555	53	20,782,136	18,833,067
1982	40,162,709	61	39,532,861	57	25,290,552	23,195,936
1983	44,380,976	62	49,687,094	61	28,172,059	26,372,102
1984	50,424,302	60	56,165,279	63	34,600,836	33,230,640
1985	55,749,619	60	74,606,628	68	35,584,080	35,442,736
1986	72,703,911	64	99,664,271	72	49,391,943	51,634,735
1987	63,099,538	56	98,755,445	68	51,471,884	56,503,538
1988	77,285,688	58	117,219,412	69	64,556,274	74,155,102
1989	127,419,285	69	174,525,803	75	108,331,521	128,717,759

Report
of the
Actuary

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EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

Actuarial Valuation as of June 30, 1989

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MARTIN E. SEGAL COMPANY

CONSULTANTS AND ACTUARIES

607 BOYLSTON STREET BOSTON, MA 02116 · (617) 262-0550 FAX: (617) 262-0097

April 24, 1990

Retirement Board of Employees' Retirement System State of Rhode Island 198 Dyer Street Providence, RI 02903

Dear Members of the Board:

We are pleased to submit herewith our Actuarial Valuation of the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island as of June 30, 1989.

Our report analyzes the actuarial status of the System, and projects the cost requirements for the Board to certify to the Legislature.

We received a great deal of help from State employees in obtaining the information which forms the basis of this report. Most important, Mr. Donald R. Hickey, Executive Director, Mr. John F. Sullivan, Assistant Director, and Mr. Louis Capizano, Supervisory Accountant, were available whenever needed to answer any questions and provide any information requested. Indeed, the material they provided on their own initiative anticipated many of our needs.

For convenience, this report is divided into the following sections:

- I. SUMMARY
- II. EMPLOYEE DATA
- III. RETIREE DATA
- IV. RETIREMENT FUND
- V. ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND COST METHOD
- VI. RESULTS OF VALUATION

APPENDIX

State of Rhode Island April 24, 1990 Page Two

Appended to this report is our actuarial certificate detailing the cost factors, assumptions, and plan of benefits used for the valuation.

We will be pleased to meet with you to discuss this report at your convenience.

Sincerely,

MARTIN E. SEGAL COMPANY, INCORPORATED

Sherman G. Sass Senior Vice President

James R. Laws, E.A., F.S.A., M.A.A.A.
Senior Vice President and Actuary

SGS/JRL/dg

I. SUMMARY

Benefit Provisions

The Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island covers most State employees. Legislators and elected officials may become members on an optional basis. State college teachers may elect coverage under the T.I.A.A. program. State employees contribute $7-3/4^*$ percent of their annual earnings and Teachers contribute 8-1/2 percent.

The System provides unreduced benefits of 1.7 percent of earnings for each of the first ten years of service; 1.9 percent for each of the next ten years; 3.0 percent per year for each of the next fourteen years; and 2 percent for the 35th year. The maximum benefit is 80 percent of final average earnings after 35 years of service. Such benefits are available to members at least age 60 with 10 years of service, or after 28 years at any age. The 28-year pension reflects a change since our last actuarial valuation (June 30, 1988) -- at that time, the System provided for a 30-year pension. State correctional officers may retire at age 50 if they have 20 years of service. at 2 percent for each of the first 30 years of service; 6 percent for the 31st year; 5 percent for the 32nd year; 4 percent for the 33rd year; 3 percent for the 34th year; and 2 percent for the 35th year. Benefits are based on the average of the highest three consecutive years' earnings. After the third anniversary of retirement, "cost-of-living increases" amounting to 3 percent per year are provided, independent of actual changes in the Consumer Price Index. Beginning January 1, 1981, the cost-of-living increases are computed at the rate of 3 percent compounded annually; prior to 1981, the cost-ofliving benefits equalled 3 percent of the original award.

The Plan also provides non-service-connected disability after five years of service; service-connected disability pensions with no minimum service requirement; vested benefits after ten years of service; widow's benefits for service-connected death; and certain lump sum death benefits.

More detail regarding the benefit provisions can be found in the actuarial certificate following this report.

 $[\]star$ Of the 7-3/4 percent contribution by State employees, 1/4 percent reflects the amount required to provide for post-retirement health benefits.

Early Retirement Window of 1989

During 1989, approximately 750 State employees took the early retirement incentive which was offered. The provision allowed employees with 25 or more years of service or, if over age 60, 10 or more years of service to retire and receive a 10% increase in their benefit service. Employees electing the incentive were required to retire before July 29, 1989. Since the window period for electing the incentive took place after the current valuation date (June 30, 1989), the cost impact is not reflected in this valuation. However for informational purposes, please note that the cost is approximately 0.9% of payroll. This will first be reflected in the June 30, 1990 actuarial valuation.

Employee Data

We received data on 15,241 active State Employees and 10,995 Teachers as of June 30, 1989 who were participating in the System. On the average, the State Employees were age 44 and had 11 years of service; Teachers were age 43-1/2 with 15-1/2 years of service.

Retiree Data

We received data on 6,567 State Employee pensioners and 563 beneficiaries as of June 30, 1989. The pensioners' average monthly benefit was \$665, which is approximately 5% greater than the average benefit on June 30, 1988. There were 3,554 retired Teachers and 190 beneficiaries; the average monthly benefit was \$1,328 for the pensioners, which is approximately 7\$ greater than the average benefit a year earlier. The benefit amounts include an adjustment for the cost-of-living provision. Of all the pensioners on the rolls, 6 percent

Retirement Fund

Effective June 30, 1985, the Board adopted an asset valuation method which recognizes the market value of assets but smoothes the fluctuations in the market value of assets. The asset value on this basis is referred to as the actuarial value of assets. On this basis, the assets amounted to \$1.732 billion as of June 30, 1989, including Teachers Survivors Reserves. These assets are available as an offset to the actuarial liabilities for future benefits. At market value, assets totalled \$1.941 billion on June 30, 1989.

Actuarial Valuation

The actuarial valuation was prepared as of June 30, 1989. Our calculations were based on reasonable assumptions as to expected future experience. For this valuation, we have revised the assumed retirement ages, decreasing them by one-half a year to reflect the effect of the new 28-year pension. Also with this valuation, we have incorporated the legislated change in determining the payment on the unfunded liability. The payment is now based on level percent of payroll rather than sum of the digits amortization (plus interest on the outstanding liability). All of the assumptions and methods are detailed in the attached Certificate of Actuarial Valuation.

The employer normal cost * for State Employees is \$20.3 million. This represents 5.2 percent of the reported payroll of participating State Employees as of June 30, 1989. The employer normal cost for Teachers is \$24.8 million or 6.2 percent of reported participating payroll.

For State Employees, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability* as of June 30, 1989 is \$449 million. For Teachers, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as of June 30, 1989 is \$786 million. The unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities as of June 30, 1985 have been "frozen" and are being amortized over 30 years.

The combined value of the System's vested benefits is \$2.252 billion. The assets at actuarial value (excluding assets of the Teachers Survivors program) are short of this amount by \$573 million.

For the 1990-91 fiscal year, the State's statutory funding schedule, as amended, calls for a contribution equal to the employer normal cost and \boldsymbol{a} payment on the unfunded actuarial accrued liability calculated to remain level as a percent of payroll and to fully fund the liability over a period of 26 years from July 1, 1990. For State Employees, these total to \$49.3 million, or 11.6 percent of the projected 1990-91 payroll of \$426.6 million and, for Teachers, the total employer costs are \$74.0 million, or 17.1 percent of projected payroll of \$433.2 million. (Sixty-four percent of the cost for Teachers is paid for by the municipalities.) In accordance with the statute

 $[\]star$ Please refer to Section V, "Actuarial Assumptions and Cost Method", for definitions of these terms.

as amended, the percentages of normal cost and interest on the unfunded liability required to be contributed have gradually increased to the 100 percent level starting in fiscal 1985-86. Beginning in fiscal 1986-87, amortization of the frozen unfunded liabilities was also required and has been recognized in the recommendations made in this valuation and the preceding four valuations.

II. EMPLOYEE DATA

We received data on 15,241 State Employees and 10,995 Teachers participating in the System on June 30, 1989. The data included age, service, sex, and salary for each participant. The average salary as of June 30, 1989 of the participants was \$24,600 for State Employees and \$36,200 for Teachers. The data included 678 Correctional Officers and 145 Legislators.

Tables 1A and 1B give detailed age, service and average salary data on State Employees and Teachers, respectively. In preparing these tables, we assumed an annual salary of \$20,000 for the State Employees for whom earnings were missing, and a \$25,000 annual salary for Teachers with unknown earnings.

Tables 2A and 2B summarize certain basic statistics on active State Employees and Teachers and compare them to those of the previous year. During the year, the average salary for State Employees increased by 6.5 percent while Teachers' average salary increased by 5.8 percent. Aggregate payroll increased by 8.0 percent for State Employees and by 8.2 percent for Teachers.

Table 1A

Number and Average Salaries of Employees in Active Service
as of June 30, 1989 by Age and by Years of Service

STATE EMPLOYEES

Age	Total	0 - 4					Years of	service			
Total	15,241	4,594	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29			40 and	
77-4-00	\$24,600	\$21,400	\$22,800	3,215	2,484	1,155	510	30 - 34 225	35 - 39	over	Unknown
Under 20	38	38	1=2,000	\$25,300	\$26,900	\$28,800	\$31,600	\$35,600	65	19	10
20 - 24	\$16,400	\$16,400						433,000	\$32,900	\$32,600	\$18,70
	18,800	18,900	36								
25 - 29	1,407	969	\$17,700						-		-
	21,000	20,900	390 21,200	48							\$26,80
30 - 34	1,993	793	576	\$20,900	(8.9)						920,80
35 - 39	22,700	22,100	23,200	550 22,800	74				***		
33 - 39	2,254	627	443	677	\$23,500						
40 - 44	25,000 2,285	22,900	23,900	26,900	455 26,200	50					
	26,900	562	409	537	542	25,600					100
45 - 49	1.755	21,800	24,500	28,100	31,900	220	15				24,0
	26,000	21,500	365	324	320	29,300	25,400				
50 - 54	1,639	315	23,600	25,700	28,700	32,400	94	9			
	25,900	22,300	302	334	296	184	30,500	28,500			
55 - 59	1,633	223	22,300	25,300	25,500	30,300	139	63	6		1
	24,900	20,500	21,600	361	369	219	34,200	34,900	25,200		
60 - 64	1,231	86	167	23,700	24,800	26,500	119	77	19	5	
	25,300	23,300		279	316	180	32,000	37,000	29,000	29,700	14.9
65 - 69	336	6	21,800	23,700	23,500	26,900	113	54	27	9	14,:
	25,300	36,500		89	91	64	29,700	36,700	34,600	32,500	
and over	53	1	20,300	23,100	22,700	26,800	25	18	11	4	
	25,600	300		15	19	6	28,900	33,200	40,400	31,500	
Jnknown	29	9		22,000	24,400		5	4	2	1	
		15,300	8	1.	2	21,100	42,900	29,900	27,100	51,700	
ıs	1.50	15,500	300	300	300	4.000			1200	51,700	

Table 1B

Number and Average Salaries of Employees in Active Service as of June 30, 1989 by Age and by Years of Service

TEACHERS

		(4)				Years of s	ervice			
Age Total	Total	0 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 and
Total	10,995	2,095	802	1,493	3,143	1,986	929	445	87	over
20 - 24	\$36,200	\$26,800	\$34,000	\$37,200	\$38,400	\$39,500	\$40,600	\$41,100	\$42,500	\$41,200
20 - 24	108	108						1.2,200	Q42,300	341,200
25 - 29	\$19,600	\$19,600	7.5		:-:-					
23 - 29	543	497	46							
30 - 34	23,700	23,200	\$29,200							
30 - 34	797	360	228	208	1					
35 - 39	30,900	26,300	33,000	36,700	\$39,300	:				
33 - 39	2,242 35,300	476	199	677	885	5			11.7	
40 - 44	3,127	27,900	34,300	37,400	37,900	\$37,300				
10 44		368	156	307	1,583	712	1			
45 - 49	37,200	29,100	34,900	36,900	38,500	39,300	\$39,300			
43 47	1,824 38,500	180	84	142	322	782	313	1		
50 - 54		30,400	33,600	37,400	38,900	39,900	40,800	\$50,100		
30 - 34	1,095	70	52	76	140	233	372	150	2	
55 - 59	39,700	33,600	37,100	37,800	39,200	39,700	41,200	41,000	39,500	
33 - 39	745	24	21	50	126	136	153	188	46	1
60 - 64	39,600	32,400	38,200	38,200	37,900	38,500	40,200	41,800	42,700	\$39,500
60 - 64	413	10	14	26	67	104	68	80	33	1:
(5 (0	39,100	34,800	34,400	37,400	39,400	38,600	38,600	40,200	42,400	40,800
65 - 69	87	2	2	6	18	12	19	21	4	
70	38,800	24,700	47,800	35,900	37,800	39,400	37,900	39,800	43,100	43,200
70 and over	14			1	1	2	3	5	2	,
	39,900			36,800	39,700	39,100	38,600	40,800	41,700	-

Table 2A

Statistical Data on Active State Employees on June 30, 1989 and 1988

	June 30, 1989	June 30, 1988
Number of covered employees	15,241	15,011
Total annual salary	\$ 374,238,300	\$ 346,491,500
Average annual salary	\$24,600	\$23,100
Average age	44	43-1/2
Average years of service	11	10-1/2
Number eligible for service retirement	1,658	1,373
Number vested but not eligible to retire	6,017	5,941

RHODE ISLAND ERS

Table 2B

Statistical Data on Active Teachers on June 30, 1989 and 1988

	June 30, 1989	June 30, 1988
Number of covered employees	10,995	10,753
Total annual salary	\$ 398,363,600	\$ 368,248,300
Average annual salary	\$36,200	\$34,200
Average age	43-1/2	44
Average years of service	15-1/2	16
Number eligible for service retirement	1,209	887
Number vested but not eligible to retire	6,889	7,036

RHODE ISLAND ERS

III. RETIREE DATA

The data on retired members and beneficiaries included age, sex, monthly benefit, retirement date, option, and type of pension.

The following are significant statistics on the retired group:

	State Employees	Teachers
Pensioners:		
Number	6,567	3,554
Average age	71	72
Average monthly benefit	\$665	\$1,328
Beneficiaries:		
Number	563	190
Average age	72	67
Average monthly benefit	\$590	\$840

Table 3A shows a distribution of the 340 State Employee pensions which became effective during the 1988-89 fiscal year by type and amount of pension. Table 4A shows a distribution of these same new awards by type of pension and age at retirement. Tables 3B and 4B are the corresponding distributions for the 258 Teacher pensions which became effective during the 1988-89 fiscal year.

Tables 5A and 5B show distributions for all pensions in force as of June 30, 1989 by type and amount of pension. Tables 6A and 6B show distributions of these same retirees by type of pension and age as of June 30, 1989.

Table 3A

Pensions Awarded in the Year Ended June 30, 1989 by Type and by Monthly Amount

STATE EMPLOYEES

				Type of pe	ension	
			Ordinary	Accidental	Legislator	Beneficiary
Monthly amount	Total	Service	Disability	Disability	12	11
Total	340	288	27	2	12	- 11
10000						
\$ 50 - \$ 99	4	3	1			
100 - 149	10	10				
150 - 199	7	5	2	5.5		
200 - 249	18	13	4	1		
250 - 299	21	17	4			
230 - 277	2.1					
300 - 349	17	13	3	1		
	16	15				1
220	18	14			2	2
400 - 449	12	8	3			1
450 - 499	25	22	2			1
500 - 599	25	22	2			
	0.5	21	3		1	
600 - 699	25	227.00	1			2
700 - 799	18	15	2		2	
800 - 899	18	14	1			
900 - 999	19	18	-		7	
1,000 - 1,099	22	15			,	
1,100 - 1,199	9	9				
1,200 - 1,299	6	4	1	2.2	~ ~	1
1,300 - 1,399	7	6				1
1,400 - 1,499	3	3		* *		
1,500 - 1,999	29	28			~	1
1,500						
2,000 - 2,499	20	19		(4.8		
2,500 - 2,999	8	8				~ -
3,000 - 3,499	4	4		10.0		
3,500 - 3,499	1	i				
The state of the s	1	1				
4,000 - 4,499	1	_				
/ 500 / 000	1	1				
4,500 - 4,999		1		20		~
5,500 - 5,999	1	1	2.2			

RIERS

Table 3B

Pensions Awarded in the Year Ended June 30, 1989 by Type and by Monthly Amount

TEACHERS

			Тур	e of pension	
			Ordinary	Accidental	
11	Total	Service	Disability	Disability	Beneficiary
Monthly amount Total	258	239	8	1	10
Total	230				
200 - \$ 249	1	1			
250 - 299	2	1			1
300 - 349	3	1 2	**		1
400 - 449	2	2			
450 - 499	1	1			
500 - 599	1	1			
600 - 699	2	1			1
700 - 799	6	4	1		ī
800 - 899	5	5			
900 - 999	5	4	1		
1,000 - 1,099	8	6			2
1,100 - 1,199	7	6			2 1
1,200 - 1,299	6	5			
1,300 - 1,399	7	5	2		1
1,400 - 1,499	7	7			
1,500 - 1,999					
2,000 - 2,499	59	53	4	1	1
2,500 - 2,999	76	75			î
3,000 - 3,499	44	44			
3,500 - 3,999	13 2	13			
3,733	2	2			
4,000 - 4,499	1	1			

RIERS

Table 4A

Pensions Awarded in the Year Ended June 30, 1989 by Type and by Age on Effective Date

	Beneficiary	11	1	;	;	Н	;	1	1	1	1	1	1	t	1		1	2	1	1	;	ı	;	1	1	7	г
ısion	Legislator	12	;	1	2	;	1	1	:		7	1	2		7	-	1	1	-	1		î t	;	1	-г	6	1
ES Tyme of pension	Accidental Disability	2	;	1 1	1	;	-	1	,	1	1	1	1	i i	1	1	1	1	1	1	i E	1	1	1	!	:	1
STATE EMPLOYEES	Ordinary	27	н	4	3	;	1	2		2	1	2	2	2	3	!	2	-	7	1	r F	1	1	i i	1	1	1
	Service	288	1	I I	2	1	3	Н	1	-1	2	8	9	9	9	57	29	51	27	20	33	14	7	5	2	6	i i
	Total	340	2	4	7	1.	4	13, 3	1/	7,	7	5	40, 11	8 /	,12	.59	/31	195, 54	/	, 22	,33	/ 14	65 7	2	9	13	1
	Age on effective date	Total	35 - 39	77 - 07	1	20	51	52	53		55	56	57	58	59	09	61	62	63	79	65	99	29	89	69		75 - 79

Table 4B

Pensions Awarded in the Year Ended June 30, 1989 by Type and by Age on Effective Date TEACHERS

Age on effective date Total

Total 258

Service 239

Ordinary Disability 8

Type of pension ary Accidental lity Disability

Beneficiary

1 1 1

21:

50 51 52 53

16 9 5 2

1 5 9 15

Table 5A Pensions in Payment Status on June 30,1989 by Type and by Monthly Amount STATE EMPLOYEES

				Type of per	nsion	
			Ordinary	Accidental		
Monthly amount	Total	Service	Disability	Disability	Legislator	Beneficiary
Total	7,130	5,812	491	103	161	563
Under \$50	11	7		4		F. F.
\$ 50 - \$ 99	175	136	12	9		18
100 - 149	276	216	22	10		28
150 - 199	578	459	60	5		54
200 - 249	667	527	85	5		50
250 - 299	551	439	77	4		31
300 - 349	486	393	48	7		38
350 - 399	445	372	31	3		39
400 - 449	339	284	21	1	5	28
450 - 499	309	253	27	1	2	26
500 - 599	570	465	31	7	23	44
600 - 699	402	316	21	9	24	32
700 - 799	342	255	18	12	21	36
800 - 899	288	220	15	8	16	29
900 - 999	257	215	11	4	11	16
1,000 - 1,099	248	194	4	8	23	19
1,100 - 1,199	160	124	4	2	13	17
1,200 - 1,299	122	104	2		3	13
1,300 - 1,399	123	90			20	13
1,400 - 1,499	101	95	4.5	1		5
1,500 - 1,999	387	368	2	2		15
2,000 - 2,499	172	165		1		6
2,500 - 2,999	72	67				5
3,000 - 3,499	31	31				.= =
3,500 - 3,999	13	12				1
4,000 - 4,499	1	1				
4,500 - 4,999	2	2				
5,000 - 5,499	1	1				
5,500 - 5,999	1	1			w	

RIERS

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2,500 -2,500 -3,000 -4,000 -

2,499 2,999 3,499 3,999 4,499

323 132 38 13 2

321 132 37 13 2

1,100 -1,200 -1,300 -1,400 -1,500 -

1,199 1,299 1,399 1,499 1,999

258 255 243 212 731

237 242 231 203 710

600 -700 -800 -900 -1,000 -

699 799 899 999 1,099

183 194 195 228 271

142 162 168 203 236

17 14 12 15 8

300 -350 -450 -500 -

349 399 449 499

50 55 59 62 150

42 47 44 40 126

Table 5B

Monthly amount Total

Total 3,744

Service 3,410

Ordinary Disability 124

Type of pension
y Accidental
ty Disability

Beneficiary 190

50 100 150 200 250

99 149 199 249 299

4 8 11 26 41

3 11 20 31

11 9 4 2 12 24 17 15 10 26 5 3 14 14

Table 6A Pensions in Payment Status on June 30, 1988 by Type and by Age

STATE EMPLOYEES

				Type of per	nsion	
Age on June 30, 1989	Total	Service	Ordinary Disability	Accidental Disability	Legislator	Beneficiary
Total	7,130	5,812	491	103	161	563
Iocai	7,130					1000
30 - 34	6		3			3
35 - 39	17		10	3		4
40 - 44	23		14	3 3 5		6 5
45 - 49	29	1	14	5	4	5
50 51	00	26	38	6	4	16
50 - 54	90	136	66	15	26	27
55 - 59	270	811	116	22	32	60
60 - 64	1,041		105	24	25	92
65 - 69	1,838	1,592	76	7	36	125
70 - 74	1,735	1,491	/6	,		
75 - 79	1,109	951	33	13	15	97
80 - 84	621	520	15	4	10	72
85 - 89	263	220	1	1	5	36
90 - 94	70	50			4	16
	14	12				2
95 - 99	14	12				
100 - 104	3	2	1			1
105 - 109	3					1

34

Table 6B

Pensions in Payment Status on June 30, 1989 by Type and by Age

TEACHERS

			Ty	pe of pension	
Age on			Ordinary	Accidental	
June 30, 1989	Total	Service	Disability	Disability	Beneficiary
Total	3,744	3,410	124	20	190
30 - 34	1				1
35 - 39	5	18.8	1		4
40 - 44	23		7	2	14
45 - 49	14	**	6	2	6
50 - 54	75	41	17	2	15
55 - 59	255	214	20	4	17
60 - 64	593	541	25	4	23
65 - 69	679	635	20	3	21
70 - 74	637	598	14	3	22
75 - 79	612	585	7		20
80 - 84	535	503	3		29
85 - 89	223	207	3		13
90 - 94	76	72	1	**	3
95 - 99	14	13			
100 - 104	2	1	404		1 1

RIERS

IV. RETIREMENT FUND

The State maintains the Employees' Retirement Fund. The Retirement System provided us with financial statements as of June 30, 1989.

The Fund receives all member and employer contributions. The assets are invested by the State Investment Commission, with the income being added to the Fund and available for reinvestment.

Payments from the Fund are primarily for refunds of employee contributions, lump sum death benefits, and pension payments. Contribution refunds occur when an employee terminates employment and elects to take a refund, or when he dies after retirement without having received payments from the Fund equal to his total contributions.

Table 7 provides a summary of income and expenditures for the years ended June 30, 1989 and 1988.

On June 30, 1989, assets as reported by the State totalled approximately \$1.705 billion. Table 8 shows the composition of the assets and compares them to those of the previous year. About 54 percent of the Fund was invested in fixed income securities such as bonds and notes. A year earlier, on June 30, 1988, the corresponding fixed income percent was 67 percent.

The financial statements indicate that 45 percent of the assets relate to State Employees, 52 percent are for Teachers, and 3 percent relate to Teachers Survivors benefits. There is also a small unallocated reserve for unclaimed benefits. Table 9 shows the allocation of assets in detail as of June 30, 1989 and 1988.

Assets prior to June 30, 1985 were carried at values as reported by the State. Bonds were carried at amortized cost value and stocks were carried at cost value. Beginning with the June 30, 1985 actuarial valuation, the Board adopted an asset valuation method for actuarial cost purposes which takes fair

market value into account without subjecting the system to abnormal cost fluctuations from year to year as a result of short term changes in market value.

On the "actuarial value" basis, the assets on June 30, 1989 amounted to \$1,732,248,575. The development of this amount is shown in the following chart:

Determination of Actuarial Value of Assets

1.	Actuarial value of assets at beginning of year	\$1,497,690,493
2.	Net new money (including dividends and interest)	182,393,297
3.	Preliminary value of assets at end of year: (1) + (2)	1,680,083,790
4.	Market value of assets at end of year	1,940,907,714
5.	Minimum actuarial value: 80% of (4)	1,552,726,171
6.	Maximum actuarial value: 120% of (4)	2,329,089,257
7.	Trial write-up: 20% of [(4) - (3)]	52,164,785
8.	Trial actuarial value: (3) + (7)	1,732,248,575
9.	Final actuarial value of assets at end of year:	
	(8), but not less than (5) or more than (6)	1,732,248,575
10.	Final write-up: (9) - (3)	52,164,785

This determination is used for two purposes:

First, the actuarial value is applied in determining the value of assets used in the actuarial calculations to determine the annual costs.

Second, the amount of write-up or write-down is considered part of the investment yield for the year.

This procedure treats realized and unrealized capital gains equally. In other words, the sale of a security -- either at a gain or loss -- will have no effect on the actuarial value. This should remove from the area of investment decisions any consideration of the impact of security sales on the actuarial cost of the plan.

Summary Statement of Income and Expenses

						\$303,334,673	108,829,573	\$194,505,099
1988			\$163,096,179	1,527,117	138,711,377		\$102,476,658 2,371,688 3,981,228	
	\$101,038,075	62,058,104			\$ 21,821,343 79,298,221 39,128,356 1,536,544			
						\$420,156,548	118,211,460	\$301,945,088
1989			\$182,180,543	926,724	237,049,280		\$111, 231, 382 2, 609, 098 4, 370, 980	
	\$122,340,282	59,840,261			\$ 25,595,811 94,228,285 119,551,790 2,326,606			
	Employer contributions	Member contributions	Total contributions	Net miscellaneous items	Investment income: Dividends Interest Capital gains (and losses) Expenses Net investment income	Total income available for benefit payments	Benefit payments: Pension benefits Death benefits Contribution refunds Total benefit payments	Excess of income over expenses

Detail

Table 8
Assets as of June 30, 1989 and 1988

		1989	198	8
Cash		\$ (270,709)	\$	18,609,219
Accrued interest receivable		18,727,418		16,543,104
Investments				
Government bonds	\$452,353,646		\$461,198,534	
Corporate bonds	107,602,787		114,622,000	
Common and preferred stocks and united partnership	757,289,030		421,643,315	
Short-term paper	228,150,000		374,500,000	
State Street Stiff Account	141,054,000			
International bond			700,000	
(Less) Unamortized premiums and discounts	N/A	_1,686,449,463	(4,855,088)	_1,367,808,761
Total assets		\$1,704,906,172		\$1,402,961,084

RHODE ISLAND ERS

Table 9

Allocation of Assets by Plan as of June 30, 1989 and 1988

		1989		1988
State Employees:				
Employer reserves Member reserves Total State Employees reserves	\$604,614,842 	\$ 773,715,473	\$496,016,337 150,242,892	\$ 646,259,229
Teachers:				
Employer reserves Member reserves Total Teacher reserves	\$635,475,948 243,955,066	879,431,014	\$490,136,765 221,769,615	711,906,380
Teachers Survivors:				
Employer reserves Member reserves Total Teachers Survivors reserves	\$ 42,416,484 9,122,818	51,539,302	\$ 35,846,344 8,730,399	44,576,743
Unallocated:				
Unclaimed benefit reserve		220,383		218,732
Total assets		\$1,704,906,172		\$1,402,961,084

RHODE ISLAND ERS

V. ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND COST METHOD

The actual cost of a pension plan consists of the benefit payments and administrative expenses less any investment earnings. An actuarial cost method aims to budget this cost so as to establish a reasonable relationship between employer pension contributions and the employee service that gives rise to the pension obligation. The result is a series of employer contributions over a long period of years. A fund accumulates which earns investment income, thus reducing the ultimate cost. Beginning with the June 30, 1985 actuarial valuation, the actuarial cost method was changed as stipulated in Section 36-10-2 of the General Laws of Rhode Island. In addition, effective July 1, 1989, the method utilized to fund the unfunded frozen initial liability was changed. The actuarial cost method is reviewed at the end of this Section.

Calculating the appropriate contribution requires that projections, and therefore assumptions, be made as to future experience. Some items, such as mortality rates, can be predicted fairly accurately. Others, such as future salary increases are, of course, subject to considerable variation. It will be useful to identify the assumptions used, particularly since broad questions of fiscal policy are implicit in certain of the assumptions. The assumptions applied in this valuation are the same as those used in the June 30, 1988 study, with the exception of the retirement age assumptions. Each assumption is reviewed in the following sub-sections.

Mortality Rates

We continue to apply mortality rates taken from the Male and Female 1971 Group Annuity Mortality Tables. These are commonly used tables of pension plan mortality, and we believe they continue to be reasonable for estimating experience under the System. Table 10 gives some life expectancies determined from these tables.

Salary Projections

The System provides benefits that are based on the three highest consecutive years' salary for each employee. To assume that each employee's

salary will be the same in the three years before retirement as it is today would seriously understate the System's cost. Accordingly, we use a salary projection to anticipate future increases in earnings.

Additionally, it is appropriate to compute pension costs which are level as a percentage of payroll rather than level as a dollar amount, and a salary projection is also used for this purpose. If the cost were calculated as a level dollar amount for an individual, the cost might be a high percent of his pay when he is young and a lower percent of his higher salary at a later age. Establishing pension costs which remain a level percentage of salary means that pension costs will be incurred at the same rate as salary is paid to an employee.

The projection of future salaries must anticipate, among other items, future general salary increases. Over the long term, it can be expected that these will parallel or slightly exceed the level of inflation. If the salary increase assumption exceeds actual future salary increases, then pension contributions will exceed the actual cost requirement and actuarial gains will develop. Alternatively, if future salary increases exceed the assumption, then pension contributions will be less than the actual cost requirement and actuarial losses will develop.

For purposes of our cost determination, we have made a reasonable allowance for general salary increases in the future. We also reflect salary increases as the result of merit, promotion, and longevity. The scale has relatively greater increases at the younger ages to correspond with the State's salary schedules. Salary scale factors at sample ages are shown below:

Present Salary as a % of Age 65 Salary	Annual Increases (Rate %)
11.30	5.85
15.00	5.77
	5.61
	5.41
	5.09
	4.73
	4.45
	4.34
82.02	4.17
	11.30 15.00 19.79 25.91 33.52 42.66 53.43 66.26

As noted below, both projection of salary and an assumption as to future investment yield must consider future inflation, and the two are therefore related.

Investment Return

Investment return has a major effect on the ultimate cost of a retirement system. To demonstrate, consider an actuarially funded retirement system with investment earnings of 6-1/2% annually. If investment earnings were to increase from 6-1/2% to 8%, then the long term costs of the retirement system would be reduced by 15% to 20%.

An assumption must be made concerning future investment yields. It must be a rate that will be valid for the long-run, that is, not only for funds invested today or next year, but also for funds invested 40 or more years from now

Effective with the June 30, 1985 actuarial valuation, the investment return assumption was increased from 7% to 7-1/2%. This assumption allows for a moderate long term inflation rate and considers the higher rates on currently invested assets. It is also consistent with the salary scale factors discussed above.

During fiscal 1988-89, the actuarially determined investment yield was 11.1 percent, or 3.6 percent greater than the assumed yield of 7.5 percent.

Termination Rates

In any employee group, many employees will terminate and receive less than full benefits. Employees terminating with less than ten years of active service, for example, receive only a refund of their contributions. The $\,$ termination assumption anticipates the release of State and Town funds that may have been accumulated for such people, thus resulting in a reduced ongoing

The following chart provides termination rates for each cause at illustrative ages:

		State Employees	(Rate %)	
Age	Death*	Disability	Withdrawal	<u>Total</u> *
20	.05	.06	21.20	21.31
25	. 06	.09	15.80	15.95
30	.08	.11	11.60	11.79
35	. 11	. 15	8.40	8.66
40	.16	. 22	6.20	6.58
45	. 29	. 36	4.20	4.85
50	. 53	.61	2.60	3.73
55	. 85	1.01		1.86
60	1.31			1.31

15% of the above disability rates are assumed service-connected disabilities.

Teachers (Rate %)				
Age	Death*	Disability	Withdrawal	Total*
<u>Age</u> 20	. 05	.06	12.39	12.50
25	.06	.09	9.70	9.85
30	.08	.11	7.50	7.69
35	.11	.15	5.66	5.92
40	.16	. 22	4.14	4.52
45	. 29	.36	2.75	3.41
	.53	.61	1.35	2.49
50		1.01		1.86
55	. 85	1.01		1.31
60	1.31			2.52

15% of the above disability rates are assumed service-connected disabilities.

*Rates shown are for men; rates for women are slightly lower.

Note: Detail figures may not add to totals shown because of rounding.

Retirement Ages

The System provides unreduced benefits upon completion of 28 years of service for general employees and age 50 for State Correctional Officers. In the previous actuarial valuation, as of June 30, 1988, the service requirement for unreduced benefits (regardless of age) was 30 years.

With this valuation, we have changed the assumed retirement ages to reflect this benefit improvement which provides for unreduced retirement benefits after 28 years of service. We assume State Employees will retire at age 62-1/2 (in our previous valuation, this was age 63), or upon the completion of ten years of service if later. Teacher retirements are assumed to occur when the teacher has attained age 61 (previously this was age 61-1/2)

and completed ten or more years of service. In any case where the employee already meets these assumed conditions of age and service, it is assumed that he or she will retire immediately.

Post-Retirement Increases

Following the third anniversary of retirement, cost-of-living increases are regularly provided to pensioners. Our calculations recognize the 3 percent annual benefit increase provided by Statute. Cost-of-living increases are now "compounded" from year to year. With this valuation we took into account the adjustment effective January 1, 1990 and all subsequent 3% increases.

Actuarial Cost Method

This valuation is performed using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method with Frozen Initial Liability, hereafter referred to as the Frozen Initial Liability Method. The change from Entry Age Normal Cost Method was legislated effective with the July 1, 1985 actuarial valuation.

Under the Frozen Initial Liability Method, the Actuarial Present Value of Benefits for all participants (including both past and future benefit accruals) is divided into three components, as follows:

- (a) Assets on hand (i.e., benefits already funded);
- (b) Unfunded Frozen Initial Liability, which equals the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as of June 30, 1985 based on the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, adjusted each year for expected reductions, the effect of plan amendments, and the effect of changes in actuarial assumptions; and
- (c) Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs, which is the balance, and which effectively includes all variations from expected experience.

The annual cost requirement consists of two items -- (1) the amount (including interest) which will amortize the remaining Unfunded Frozen Initial Liability as of June 30, 1988 over 27 years from July 1, 1989 plus (2) the Normal Cost, which is the current annual amount which will fund that portion

of future benefit obligations not met by future unfunded liability payments or current assets over the future working lifetime of the active employees. Both the Normal Cost and the payment on the unfunded liabilty are calculated as a level percent of pay. This method of calculating the unfunded liability amount is different from that used in the June 30, 1988 actuarial valuation report. After that report was issued, the Legislature amended Sections 36-10-2 and 36-10-2.1 of the General Laws to change from sum-of-the-digits to level percent of salary funding.

Overall Actuarial Basis

We believe that the individual actuarial assumptions are reasonable. To the extent that actual experience is better or worse than assumed, actuarial gains or losses will develop, with corresponding decreases or increases in future costs.

Missing Data

It was necessary to make certain "non-actuarial" assumptions where data was missing or incomplete with respect to some individual participants. In all cases, we assumed such individuals had the same average characteristics as other participants within the same category (e.g. male members age 37 with unknown service were assumed to have the same service distribution as male members age 37 with known service).

Table 10

Expected Number of Years of Life Remaining at Specified Ages

Age	Male	Female
		22.0
55	22.7	28.0
56	21.9	27.1
57	21.1	26.2
58	20.3	25.3
59	19.5	24.4
60	18.8	23.5
61	18.0	22.6
62	17.3	21.8
63	16.5	20.9
64	15.8	20.1
65	15.1	19.2
66	14.4	18.4
67	13.8	17.6
68	13.1	16.8
69	12.5	16.0
70	11.9	15.3
71	11.3	14.5
72	10.8	13.8
73	10.3	13.1
74	9.7	12.4
75	9.2	11.7

1971 Group Annuity Mortality Table.

RHODE ISLAND ERS

VI. RESULTS OF VALUATION

State Employees

The costs for State Employees as of June 30, 1989, including all benefit changes through that date, is developed in this sub-section. The funding statute calls for the State to contribute 100 percent of the projected normal cost plus a total amortization payment (interest plus principal) which will amortize the remaining unfunded liability over 27 years from July 1, 1989 on a basis where each successive year's amortization payment increases at the assumed rate of inflation over the prior year's payment. Based on this requirement and a projected participating payroll of \$426,600,000, the 1990-91 employer contribution "rate percent" for State Employees is 11.6 percent of payroll as developed below.

	<u> Item</u>	Amount	% of <u>Payroll</u>
(1)	Participating payroll	\$390,889,900	
(2)	Employer normal cost	20,323,800	5.1994%
(3)	Frozen unfunded actuarial liability as of July 1, 1989	449,215,300	
(4)	Amortization payment (based on level percent of payroll)	25,355,800	6.5
	<u>Item</u>	Amount	% of Projected Payroll
(5)	Projected 1990-91 participating payroll	\$426,600,000	
(6)	1990-91 employer normal cost = 5.1994% x (5)	22,180,600	5.2%
(7)	Required contribution payable July 1, 1990 = $1.00 \times (6) + 1.00 \times (4)$	47,536,400	11.1
(8)	Required contribution payable monthly = (7) plus interest adjustment	49,319,000	11.6

The calculations, as completed through line 7 on the previous page, determine the employer contribution to be paid into the retirement fund at the beginning of each year with interest earnings starting from that date. However, contributions to the Fund are made monthly. Thus, about half a year's interest is lost, and the contribution must be increased to reflect this. Line 8 on the previous page reflects this adjustment.

The preceding chart includes the effect of a quarter of one percent increase in the employee contribution (for post-retirement health benefits) to the State Employees' Retirement System. The effect of this was to reduce the State's rate percent by 0.23 percent, reflecting the additional contribution by employees (0.25 percent) but reduced by the additional cost associated with paying contribution refunds with respect to the additional contributions (.02 percent). Consistent with this, it has been assumed that the State's contribution to the separate retiree health fund is 0.23 percent.

As shown on line (8) of the preceding chart, the rate percent on behalf of the State Employees' Retirement Plan is 11.6 percent. In addition, as reviewed in the preceding paragraph, the State's assumed cost to the retiree health fund is 0.23 percent. The total State rate percent is therefore 11.83 percent.

The June 30, 1988 actuarial valuation report showed a percent of payroll cost of 14.7 percent. As a result of the legislated change to percent of salary funding of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability, this rate percent was reduced to 12.1 percent. The following chart shows the effect of the various items which caused the rate percent to decrease from 12.1 percent to valuations:

Employer "rate percent" from June 30, 1988	
actuarial valuation	12.1%
Investment gain during fiscal 1988-89	(0.76)
Effect of benefit improvements (28-year pension)	0.31
Net effect of additional employee contributions to the pension fund for post retirement	
health benefits	(0.23)
Miscellaneous net loss	0.18_
Employer "rate percent" from June 30, 1989 actuarial valuation to the State Employees' Retirement Plan	11.6%
Employer "rate percent" to the retiree health fund	0.23
Total employer "rate percent"	11.83%

Teachers

The costs for Teachers as of June 30, 1989, including all benefit changes through that date, is developed in this sub-section. Applying the funding statute to the Teachers' costs and a <u>projected</u> participating payroll of \$433,200,000 results in a contribution "rate percent" requirement for fiscal 1990-91 of 17.1 percent. Thirty-six percent of this rate (6.16% of payroll) is payable by the State and sixty-four percent (10.94% of payroll) by the municipalities. The "rate percent" is developed as follows:

		Amount	% of Payroll
	<u>Item</u>		
(1)	Participating payroll	\$398,268,900	
(2)	Employer normal cost	24,782,500	6.2226%
(3)	Frozen unfunded actuarial liability as of June 30, 1989	786,368,100	
(4)	Amortization payment	44,386,200	11.4

		Amount	<pre>% of Projected Payrol1</pre>
	<u>Item</u>		
(5)	Projected 1990-91 participating payroll	\$433,200,000	
(6)	1990-91 employer normal cost = 6.2226% x (5)	26,956,300	6.2%
(7)	Required contribution payable July 1, 1990 = $1.00 \times (6) + 1.00 \times (4)$	71,342,500	16.5
(8)	Required contribution payable monthly = (7) plus interest adjustment	74,017,800	17.1

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The calculations, as completed through line 7 above, assume that the employer contributions will be paid into the retirement fund at the beginning of each fiscal year and will start to earn interest from that date. However, contributions will be deposited monthly so that approximately half a year's interest is lost, and the contribution must be increased to reflect this. Line 8 above reflects this adjustment.

The June 30, 1988 actuarial valuation report showed a percent of payroll cost of 21.6 percent. As a result of the legislated change to percent of salary funding of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability, this rate percent was reduced to 17.2 percent. The following chart shows the effect of the various items which affected the Teachers' rate percent between the June 30, 1988 and June 30, 1989 actuarial valuations:

Employer "rate percent" from June 30, 1988 actuarial valuation	
Effect of benefit improvement (28-year pension)	17.2%
Inestment gain during fiscal 1988-89	0.65
Miscellaneous net actuarial gain	(0.71)
Employer "rate percent" from June 30, 1989 actuarial valuation	(0.04)
	17.1%

Teacher Survivors

Because data on dependents of teachers is not available, it is not possible to do a thorough analysis of the Teachers Survivor program. However, through the use of assumed ages for members and their spouses and children, we were able to determine that the current assets of \$51.5 million together with the future income will be sufficient to cover the actuarial liabilities of this program. Currently the employee and the employer each contribute one percent of salary up to \$9,600 for a maximum contribution of \$192 annually. Contributions in recent years on behalf of the approximate 5,500 members and benefit payments have both been approximately \$1 million. For the 1988-89 year, contributions totalled \$1,088,700 and benefit payments were \$1,263,600.

Value of Vested Benefits

The "value of vested benefits" represents the single sum value, based on the Plan's investment return, mortality, and retirement age assumptions, of all benefits to present and former employees which do not have future employment by the employee as a required condition for their receipt. Thus, it includes the present value of an immediate or deferred pension for all pensioners, beneficiaries, and active participants with at least ten years of service. For active employees with less than ten years of service and inactive vested employees, only the accumulated employee contributions are included.

For the Employees' Retirement System, the value of vested benefits as of June 30, 1989 is as follows:

	State Employees	Teachers
Active members	\$ 437,009,200	\$ 638,248,000
Inactive members	14,593,600	18,661,000
Retired members	567,312,900	576,499,700
Total value of vested benefits	\$1,018,915,700	\$1,233,408,700
Assets at actuarial value	786,125,500	893,536,700
Unfunded value of vested benefits	\$ 232,790,200	\$ 339,872,000

Disclosure Information Required by G.A.S.B. Statement #5

For plan years beginning after December 15, 1986, the Plan is subject to the disclosure requirements of Statement No. 5 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (G.A.S.B.).

The Statement requires the calculation of a standardized measure called the "pension benefit obligation" which is independent of the actuarial funding method. This amount is the actuarial present value of credited projected benefits pro-rated on service. It differs from the previously reported "value of vested benefits" because the value of non-vested benefits is included, future salary increases are taken into account and because of the pro-ration of benefits uniformly over an employee's total projected service.

The pension benefit obligation as of June 30, 1989 for State Employees has been determined to be \$1,224,664,400. Approximately 52% of this amount is attributable to benefits on behalf of active employees with the balance (48%) attributable to the benefits of retirees and inactive employees. For Teachers the pension benefit obligation as of June 30, 1989 is \$1,630,934,600. Of this amount approximately 64% is attributable to active employees and the remaining 36% is attributable to benefits on behalf of pensioners, beneficiaries and inactive employees.

Exhibit II of the attached actuarial valuation certificate provides additional detail regarding this new disclosure amount.

Overall Status of System

As the funding law existed perior to its amendment in 1989, beginning with the fiscal year starting July 1, 1986, the statutory contribution comprises the normal cost, amortization of the June 30, 1985 unfunded liability and certain changes in that liability based on the sum-of-the-digits method over 30 years, and interest on the outstanding balance of the unfunded liability.

Currently, the statutory contribution comprises the normal cost and amortization of the remaining unfunded liability and certain changes in that liability over 27 years from July 1, 1989. These amortization payments are calculated to remain level as a percent of salary.

We believe that the funding program as set forth in the state statute is a reasonable basis for funding the Rhode Island Retirement System. If the statutory funding program is followed without change, the System will be fully

funded--that is, the assets will equal the actuarial accrued liability on June 30, 2016. In the interim, the assets are projected to be sufficient at all times to meet the cash requirements for projected benefit payments.

APPENDIX

MODEL FORM SUMMARY STATEMENT RE CITY AND TOWN PARTICIPATION IN TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR PURPOSES OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORTS, MUNICIPAL BOND REGISTRATION STATEMENTS, ETC.

The (city) (town) of ______ provides retirement benefits to its public school teachers through its participation in the Rhode Island Retirement System, a statutory, mandatory, state-wide, multi-employer retirement system, which first covered Rhode Island teachers on July 1, 1949. This System is administered as a unified state-wide system by the State Retirement Board, the composition of which is set forth in the pertinent state statute. The assets are held in the custody of the State Treasurer as an undivided single fund.

The actuarial costs of the retirement benefits are partially funded by employee contributions of 8 1/2 percent of pay effective July 1, 1986. The net employer actuarial costs are determined annually by the actuary and as provided by statute are certified by the Retirement Board to the Department of Administration as a rate percent of payroll, payable in part by the State of Rhode Island and in part by the (city) (town). The split between State and Municipality is specified in the statute. For fiscal year 1990-91, the State will pay 36% and the Municipality will pay 64%. The statute provided for increasing graduated percentages of the annual normal cost and interest on the unfunded liability until the year beginning July 1, 1986 when the full normal cost and amortization payments on a 30-year schedule are required.

Actuarial valuations prepared by Martin E. Segal Company, applying the entry age normal cost method with the frozen initial liability, assuming 7-1/2 percent interest return on invested assets and applying assumed rates of salary progression, allowance for post-retirement increases and other actuarial assumptions--all as set forth in the published annual reports of the Retirement Board--reveal the following comparative highlights of the last three years for the Teachers' System as a whole:

	1987	r Beginning July 1988	<u>1,</u> 1989
Active participants	10,307	10,753	10,995
Pensioners and bene- ficiaries	3,414	3,577	3,744
Inactive participants	2,006	2,121	2,380
Liability for accrued vested benefits	\$1,002,958,200	\$1,070,703,600	\$1,233,408,700
Net assets at actuarial value	648,705,500	759,982,500	893,536,700
As shown in State's financial statements:		Year Ended June	30,
	1987	1988	1989
Employer contributions	\$ 60,558,867	\$ 58,958,711	\$ 72,217,030
Member contributions	27,757,328	34,895,982	31,348,826
Total contributions	\$ 88,316,194	\$ 93,854,693	\$103,565,856
Net miscellaneous income	332,766	1,331,824	766,545
Investment income	52,810,779	69,646,982	121,392,937
Total income available for benefit payments	\$141,459,740	\$164,833,499	\$225,725,338
Benefit payments	46,271,415	51,883,396	58,199,115
Excess of income over expenses	<u>\$ 95,188,325</u>	\$112,950,103	167,526,222

Note: Detail figures may not add to totals shown because of rounding.

Actuarial costs and liabilities, as shown in the summary presentation, are determined in the aggregate for the Teachers System. Accordingly, employer contributions are first determined in the aggregate for all participating employers in this multi-employer system; are then expressed as a rate percent of the aggregate participating payroll; and for fiscal year 1990-91, sixty-four percent of this rate percent is then promulgated to each

participating employer as the actuarial cost factor to be applied to its participating payroll (the remaining thirty-six percent of the employer cost is contributed by the State).

Employer contributions by the (city) (town) of ______ for each of the last two years (together with the amount for the current year, based on the promulgated rate percent of 10.15 percent) are as follows:

> Year Ending June 30, 1989 (est.) 1987

Participating payroll

Employer contributions

With respect to the Teachers Retirement System, Martin E. Segal Company, independent actuaries advising the Retirement Board, have stated on April 24. 1990:

"We believe that the funding program set forth in the state statute is a reasonable basis for funding the Rhode Island Teachers Retirement System. If the statutory funding program is followed without change, the System will be fully funded -- that is, the assets will equal the actuarial liability on June 30, 2016. In the interim the assets are projected to be sufficient at all times to meet the cash requirements for projected benefit payments."

According to the statutory funding schedule, the combined contributions required each year of the (city) (town) of _____ and the State will remain relatively level as a percent of payroll as the System moves toward funding the full actuarial liability. Ultimately, however, because the actuarial funding results in the accumulation of reserves that are invested, the required appropriation will be significantly less than would be required if this System were on a pay-as-you-go basis.

MARTIN E. SEGAL COMPANY CONSULTANTS AND ACTUARIES

607 BOYLSTON STREET BOSTON, MA 02116 (617) 262-0550 FAX: (617) 262-0097

April 24, 1990

EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

CERTIFICATE OF ACTUARIAL VALUATION

This is to certify that we have prepared an actuarial valuation of the plan as of June 30, 1989.

This certificate contains the following attached exhibits:

EXHIBIT I - Actuarial Cost Development of Fiscal Year 1990-91 Contribution Percentage

A. State Employees

B. Teachers

EXHIBIT II Pension Benefit Obligation

EXHIBIT III - Actuarial Assumptions and Cost Method

EXHIBIT IV - Summary of Plan Provisions

To the best of my knowledge, the information supplied in this actuarial valuation is complete and accurate (except as noted in Exhibit I) and in my opinion each individual assumption used (a) is reasonably related to the experience of the plan and to reasonable expectations and (b) represents my best estimate of anticipated experience under the plan.

MARTIN E. SEGAL COMPANY, INCORPORATED

James R. Laws, F.S.A., M.A.A.A.

Senior Vice President and Actuary

JRL/dg

EXHIBIT I

ACTUARIAL COST FOR DEVELOPMENT OF FISCAL YEAR 1990-91 CONTRIBUTION PERCENTAGE

A. STATE EMPLOYEES

The valuation was made with respect to the following data supplied to us by the Retirement Board:

- a. 15,241 active participants (including 7,675 fully vested) with total annual salaries of \$391,063,600
- b. 1,912 inactive participants
- c. 7,130 pensioners (including 563 beneficiaries of deceased pensioners and active employees)

The actuarial factors as of the valuation date are as follows:

1.	Actuarial present value of benefits - total	\$1,673,160,000
	Active employees	
2.	Actuarial value of assets	786,125,500
3.	Present value of future employee contributions	255,314,700
4.	Unfunded frozen actuarial liability	449,215,300
5.	Actuarial present value of future normal costs (item 1 - item 2 - item 3 - item 4)	182,504,500
6.	Actuarial present value of future compensation	3,294,383,100
7.	Normal cost percentage (item 5 : item 6)	5.54%
8.	Total compensation of employees below the assumed retirement age	
9.	V	\$366,855,000
9.	Normal cost (item 7 x item 8)	20.323,800
10.	Payment required to amortize unfunded frozen actuarial liability over 30 years (26 years	20,323,000
	project the second seco	25 255 800
11.	Total annual cost if paid on July 1, 1989 (item 9 plus item 10)	25,355,800
		45,679,600

EXHIBIT I

ACTUARIAL COST FOR DEVELOPMENT OF FISCAL YEAR 1990-91 CONTRIBUTION PERCENTAGE

A. STATE EMPLOYEES (Continued)

12.	Total annual cost if paid in uniform installments throughout the year (item 11 plus one-half year's interest)	
	interest)	\$47,392,600
13.	Total annual cost based on 1990-91 projected participating payroll of \$426,600,000 if paid in uniform installments	
	throughout the year	49,319,000
14.	Item 13 amount as a percent of payroll	11.6%
Rati	o of actuarial value of assets (line 2) ctuarial accrued liability (\$1,339,437,400): 58.69%	

Note: Included are 33 active employees unknown as to age, service, or both.

(Continued...)

EXHIBIT I

ACTUARIAL COST FOR DEVELOPMENT OF FISCAL YEAR 1990-91 CONTRIBUTION PERCENTAGE

B. TEACHERS

The valuation was made with respect to the following data supplied to us by the Retirement Board:

- a. 10,995 active participants (including 8,098 fully vested) with total annual salaries of \$398,363,600
- b. 2,380 inactive participants
- c. 3,744 pensioners (including 190 beneficiaries of deceased pensioners and active employees)

The actuarial factors as of the valuation date are as follows:

	1.	Actuarial present value of benefits - total	\$2,278,565,500
		Active employees	
	2.	Actuarial value of assets	893,536,700
	3.	Present value of future employee contributions	338,926,000
	4.	Unfunded frozen actuarial liability	786,368,100
	5.	Actuarial present value of future normal costs (item 1 - item 2 - item 3 - item 4)	259,734,700
	6.	Actuarial present value of future compensation	3,987,364,900
	7.	Normal cost percentage (item 5 / item 6)	6.51%
	8.	Total compensation of employees below the assumed retirement age	\$380,684,000
	9.	Normal cost (item 7 x item 8)	24.782,500
1	.0.	Payment required to amortize unfunded frozen actuarial liability over 30 years (26 years remaining from July 1, 1990)	
1	11.	level percent of pay Total annual cost if paid on July 1, 1989	44,386,200
		(item 9 plus item 10)	69,168,700

(Continued...)

EXHIBIT I

ACTUARIAL COST FOR DEVELOPMENT OF FISCAL YEAR 1990-91 CONTRIBUTION PERCENTAGE

B. TEACHERS

(Continued)

12.	Total annual cost if paid in uniform installments throughout the year (item 11 plus one-half year's	
	interest)	\$71,762,500
13.	Total annual cost based on 1990-91 projected participating payroll of \$433,200,000 if paid in uniform	
	installments throughout the year	74,017,800
14.	Item 13 as a percent of payroll	17.1%
	o of actuarial value of assets (line 2)	

EXHIBIT II

PENSION BENEFIT OBLIGATION

The value of the pension benefit obligation required for disclosure by Statement No. 5 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board is shown below as of June 30, 1989.

			Pension Benefit Obligation		
			State Employees		Teachers
1)	Participants currently receiving benefits and terminated employees not yet receiving benefits	\$	581,906,500	\$	595,160,700
2)	Current employees Accumulated employee contributions Employer-financed vested Employer-financed nonvested		161,348,300 275,660,900 205,748,700		239,833,200 398,414,900 397,525,800
3)	Total pension benefit obligation	\$1	,224,664,400	\$1	,630,934,600

EXHIBIT III

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND COST METHOD

Mortality rates -- 1971 Group Annuity Mortality Table

Disability mortality before age 65 -- Age 65 mortality under stipulated table Termination rates before retirement:

State Employees (Rate %)

Age	<u>Death</u> *	Disability	Withdrawal	<u>Total</u> *
20	.05	. 06	21.20	21.31
25	.06	. 09	15.80	15.95
30	.08	.11	11.60	11.79
35	.11	.15	8.40	8.66
40	.16	. 22	6.20	6.58
45	. 29	. 36	4.20	4.85
50	. 53	.61	2.60	3.73
55	. 85	1.01		1.86
60	1.31			1.31

15% of the above disability rates are assumed service-connected.

Teachers (Rate %)

Age	Death*	Disability	<u>Withdrawal</u>	<u>Total</u> *
20	.05	.06	12.39	12.50
		.09	9.70	9.85
25	. 06		7.50	7.69
30	.08	.11	5.66	5.92
35	.11	. 15		4.52
40	.16	.22	4.14	
		. 36	2.75	3.41
45	. 29		1.35	2.49
50	. 53	.61		1.86
55	. 85	1.01		1.31
60	1.31			1.31

15% of the above disability rates are assumed service-connected.

^{*}Rates shown for men; rates for women are slightly lower.

Note: Detail rates may not add to totals shown due to rounding.

Salary scale:

	Present salary as a	(Rate %)		
Age	% of salary at 65	5.85		
20	11.30	5.77		
25	15.00	5.61		
30	19.79 25.91	5.41		
35 40	33.52	5.09 4.73		
45	42.66	4.45		
50	53.43 66.26	4.34		
55 60	82.02	4.17		

Includes allowance for inflation of 4% per year.

Unknown characteristics of employees: Same as those exhibited by employees with known characteristics. Unknown salary is assumed to be \$20,000 for State Employees and \$25,000 for Teachers.

Retirement age -- State Employees: 62-1/2 (previously 63), or completion of service requirement, if later. Teachers: 61 (previously 61-1/2), or completion of service requirement, if later.

Post-retirement increases -- 3% compounded annually

Percent married -- Social Security awards during 1972

Net investment return -- 7 1/2%

Actuarial value of assets --

Sum of Preliminary Value and write-up, but no more than 120% of market value or less than 80% of market value. Preliminary Value is actuarial value of assets at beginning of the year plus increase in cost value during the year, excluding realized capital gains or losses. Write-up is 20% of market value at end of year in excess of preliminary value.

If Preliminary Value exceeds market value, there is a write-down of assets determined in a similar manner.

Actuarial cost method -- Frozen initial liability method. The method is also referred to as the entry age normal cost method with frozen initial liability.

Entry age is the employee's age at the time he or she would have commenced employment if the plan had always been in existence.

Frozen actuarial liability calculated on an individual basis and the outstanding balance of the unfunded amount is based on expected value regardless of actual contributions. It is funded over the 30-year period ended June 30, 2016.

Payment on outstanding balance of unfunded frozen initial liability originally was based on sum of (1) interest on outstanding balance, and (2) a payment is based on the sum-of-the-digits amortization method. In 1989, the Legislature amended the Sections 36-10-2 and 36-10-2.1 of the General Laws to adopt level percent of salary funding.

EXHIBIT IV

SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

Service pension

	General	Employees	Correctional Officers	Legis	lators
Age requirement:	60	None	50	55	None
Service requirement:	10 yrs.	28 yrs. (previously 30)	20 yrs.	8 yrs.	20 yrs.

1.7% of final average salary up to 10 years of service plus 1.9% per year for the next 10 years of service plus 3% for the next 14 years of service plus 2% for the 35th year. The maximum benefit is 80% of final average salary after 35 years of service. Final average salary is defined as the average of compensation earned during the highest 3 consecutive years prior to termination. Correctional officers receive 2% of final average salary for each of the first 30 years of service plus 6% for the 31st year plus 5% for the 32nd year plus 4% for the 33rd year plus 3% for the 34th year plus 2% for the 35th year. Legislators receive \$600 per year of service to a maximum of \$12,000.

Disability

Non-occupational:

Age requirement: None

Service requirement: 5 years

Amount: Regular pension based on service accrued and final average salary at disability, payable immediately. The minimum retirement percentage is 17% regardless of service.

Occupational:

Age requirement: None Service requirement: None

Amount: 66 2/3% of final salary, payable immediately.

Vesting

Age requirement: None

Service requirement: 10 years

Amount: Regular pension accrued, payable at age 60.

pre-retirement death benefits

Lump sum benefit:

Age requirement: None Service requirement: None

Amount: Sum of (a) \$800 per year of service to a maximum of \$16,000 and with a minimum of \$4,000, and

(b) Refund of employee contributions.

Joint and Survivor benefit (applicable only if elected by employee):

Age requirement: None

Service requirement: 10 years / Legislators: 8 years

Amount: Benefit employee would have received had he retired the day before he died and elected the joint and

survivor option.

Occupational death benefit:

Age requirement: None

Service requirement: None

Amount: Sum of (a) 50% of salary to spouse or children under

age 18. less workmen's compensation, and

(b) Refund of employee contributions.

Post-retirement death benefit

Lump sum benefit: Sum of (a) 100% of employee contributions, less benefits paid, and

(b) Pre-retirement death benefit, reduced 25% per year of retirement, but not less than \$4,000.

Employee contribution rate

7-3/4*8 State Employees 8-1/2 Teachers 30 Legislators

Available options

Joint and survivor with 50% or 100% continued to the beneficiary after the death of the employee, Social Security.

Post-retirement cost-of-living increases

3% of current amount, compounded, to pensioners and beneficiaries following the third anniversary of retirement.

 $^{^{*}}$ Of the 7-3/4 percent contribution by State employees, 1/4 percent reflects the amount required to provide for post-retirement health benefits.

Investments



Dear Members of the Board:

We are pleased to submit herewith the total Investments for the Employees' Retirement System for the 1988-89 Fiscal year.

The summary of Investments schedule shows that the Invested Assets of the Retirement System are maintained in six (6) major areas. At least half the Assets are invested in Common Stocks and U.S. Government Securities.

A detailed list of all Assets for each Investment Account is available for review at the Retirement Division.

Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island

SUMMARY OF INVESTMENTS

OPERATIONS: (July 1, 1988 - Jun TOTAL INVESTMENTS - JULY 1, 1988 ADD: PURCHASES DURING YEAR TOTAL		\$1,372,663,849 3,361,453,452 4,734,117,301
DEDUCT: REDEMPTIONS & SALES DURING THE TOTAL INVESTMENTS - JUNE 30		-3,047,667,838 1,686,449,463
INVESTMENT ACCOUNT: (By Type of Se	ecurity)	
U.S. Government	\$ 452,353,646	26.82
Short term paper	228,150,000	13.54
State Street Stiff	141,054,000	8.36
Industrial/Misc. Bonds	45,351,787	2.69
Public Utility Bonds Common Stocks	62,251,000	3.69
COMMICIT SCOCKS	757,289,030	44.90
Totals	1,686,449,463	100.00%