# Thirty-Eighth Annual Report 

## OF THE

Retirement Board


Year Ended June 30, 1974

## employees' retirement system of the state of rhode island

Annual Report

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## Retirement System Staff

Joseph G. Iannelli, Executive Director
John F. Sullivan, Assistant Director
Sarto R. Gamache, Fiscal Accounting Consultant

Margaret Sherman, Senior Cler
Ruth Vanner, Secretary
Dorothy Mancini, Retirement Counselor
Peggy Nelson, Receptionist
Marilyn Bottai, Clerk
Ann Raia, Clerk

Nicholas DiTomaso, Accountant David Minicucci, Jr., Accountant Jeannette Cronan, Account Clerk Doris Calder, Account Clerk Evelyn Geremia, Clerk Ann Glew, Machine Operator


## REPORT OF THE RETIREMENT BOARD

Thirty-Eighth Annual report of the Retirement Board covering the fiscal year ended June 30, 1974
The report covers in detail through the exhibits, schedules and statistics, the operations for the year and its conditions at June 30 together with the Actuary's valuation and recommendations.

## Financial Facts

Total Reserves at the end of the year were $10.8 \%$ or $\$ 19,497,387$ higher than the previous year for a total of $\$ 199,719,374$

Revenues from all sources for the year amounted to $\$ 19,709,167$ for State Employees and $\$ 24,746,081$ for Public School Teachers. Expenditures for the year amounted to $\$ 9,471,994$ and $\$ 15,481,565$ for State Employees and Teachers respectively

The Chart below clearly depicts the sources of all Revenues and how Expended

Public School Teachers

## $R_{\text {eport }}$ <br> of the <br> Board

## $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{4}$



Income from investments for the year amounts to $\$ 11,374,369$, including a capital gain of $\$ 195,625$ This represents $25.6 \%$ of the total revenues. This income is equal to a yield of $5.8 \%$ and is compared to the yield of previous years in the chart shown below


Pension benefits which represent the major expenditure item amounted to $\$ 6,946,783$ for State Employees and $\$ 12,865,531$ for Teachers. To this was added the Cost of Living Adjustment which amounted to $\$ 502,378$ for State Employees and $\$ 1,119,746$ for Teachers. A Comparative chart of the Cost of Living Adjustment graphically depicts the facts in this regard and the trend thereof. The chart covers Cost of Living from Inception to the close of the Last Fiscal Year.

STATE EMPLOYEES
TEACHERS

| Year | Pension <br> Benefits | Cost of <br> Living <br> ADJUSTMENT | $\%$ <br> Incr. | $\%$ <br> to <br> Ben. | Pension <br> Benefits | Cost of <br> Living <br> Adjustment | $\%$ <br> Incr. | $\%$ <br> to <br> Ben. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1969-70$ | $3,211,776$. | 223.510. |  | 6.96 |  |  |  |  |
| $1970-71$ | $3,774,305$. | $272,657$. | 22. | 7.22 | $7,876,576$. | $621,970$. |  | 7.90 |
| $1971-72$ | $4,888,704$. | $334,646$. | 22.7 | 6.85 | $9,759,785$. | $757,018$. | 21.7 | 7.76 |
| $1972-73$ | $5,782,110$. | $411,796$. | 23.1 | 7.12 | $11,413,852$. | $923,868$. | 22. | 8.09 |
| $1973-74$ | $6,685,643$. | $502,378$. | 22. | 7.51 | $12,778,668$. | $1,119,746$. | 21.2 | 8.26 |

Chapter 231 of the Public Laws of 1968 provided a yearly cost of living adjustment to all State Employees receiving service retirement benefits who had retired prior to Dectmber 31, 1967, at the rate of $11 / 2 \%$ of base pension (not compounded) times the number of calendar years the benefits had been in effect, effective January 1, 1968.

Chapter 112 of the Public Laws of 1970 provided the same cost of living adjustment for Public School Teachers, effective January 1, 1970.

Chapter 112 of the Public Laws of 1970 also provided an increase in the cost of living adjustment from $11 / 2 \%$ to $3 \%$ annually for State Employees and Public School Teachers, effective January 1, 1971.

Unfunded Accrued Liabiltities
This is thoroughly covered in the Actuary's report section. However it is pointed out that the rate of funding, otherwise referred to as the "Security ratio", at June 30, 1974 was $52.7 \%$ for State Employee and $22.7 \%$ for Teachers and is compared to the Security ratio for preceding years, per the schedule shown below.

| Fiscal <br> Year Ended <br> June 30 | Unfunded Liability |  | Percent Funded |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1965 | $32,921,317$. | $67,457,744$. | 67.0 | 28.5 |
| 1966 | $33,760,447$. | $74,430,890$. | 69.5 | 28.9 |
| 1967 | $39,715,316$. | $77,297,416$. | 70.8 | 29.6 |
| 1968 | $41,032,997$. | $83,612,904$. | 72.4 | 30.8 |
| 1969 | $40,688,000$. | $87,646,000$. | 74. | 32.9 |
| 1970 | $43,969,000$. | $94,614,000$. | 72.8 | 34.7 |
| 1971 | $54,877,000$. | $17,486,000$. | 69.2 | 32.7 |
| 1972 | $85,746,775.206,425,856$. | 57.7 | 24.6 |  |
| 1973 | $14,256,163.237,759,264$. | 54.8 | 23. |  |
| 1974 | $130,932,871.277,875,668$. | 52.7 | 22.7 |  |
|  |  |  | Teachers | State Emp. |

## 1974 Legislation

The several changes made at the 1974 session of the General Assembly are briefly summarized.

1. LEGISLATIVE COMMISSION. Created a nine member legislative study commission to make an in-depth study of the state retirement system, consisting of three senators and six representative,
2. TEACHERS SURVIVORS. Revised the teachers survivors' benefits plan. Reduces qualifying ages to age 60 for widows, widowers and dependent parents and increases monthly benefits. Teachers will contribute $1 \%$ of salary up to $\$ 9,600.00$ per year which will be matched by the cities and towns to
finance the increased benefits, effective July 1, 1974.
3. MUNICIPAL CREDITS. (a) Allows state employees and legislators to purchase non-participating unicipal credits at full actuarial cost, effective January 1, 1975. (b) Allows presen employees of the municipal welfare department service at full actuarial cost.

CONCLUDING COMMENT
The results of operations for the preceding year were satisfactory. A normal increase in reserves was recorded. Management and administrative policies have been geared to high standards thus providing the membership with prompt and efficient service. An actuarial valuation is made each year as a check of its current operating results and to disclose the financial condition of the system at the end of the Fiscal year from a technical standpoint.
The board hereby acknowledges the cooperation and service rendered during the year by officials of the State government and hereby records its appreciation of the dedicated efforts of the members of the administrative staff.

> Retirement Board of the
> Employes' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island
> Soseph Sannelli
> Executive Secretary

Director's $^{\text {Message }}$


## Director's Message

The past fiscal year has seen numerous improvements in the internal operation and record keeping process of the retirement system, providing greater efficiency, better service
and economy in the overall operation of the and economy in the overall operation of the agency.
During the fiscal year, the retirement system staff implemented all of the revisions enacted by the 1974 legislature.

Information furnished to members of the retirement system as contained in the "Annual Statement of Members Accounts," he Legislative Bulletin, and other informational pamphlets was received with enthusiasm and great appreciation.
Continued effort and progress was made in the file maintenance program involving approximately 40,000 accounts, included the conversion of members accounts to social security numbers using terminal ligit filing systems. Technical advice and assistance was provil Commission, the General Assembly, Legislative Council, the Budget Division and to various association agencies and organizations.

While serving as Chairman of the Retirement Committee of the Municipal Finance Officers Asso iation of the United States and Canada and as Regional Vice-President of the National Associatio If State Retirement Administrators, I gained considerable current information on retirement matters, an have observed our retirement system as being one of the most progressive in the nation in providin its members.

Your Executive Director and members of the staff held numerous seminars which were attended by designated agents and others who are involved with retirement matters for local units of governmen and the State of Rhode Island. The seminars were most favorably received and appear to be an effective means of communicating with those who handle retirement matters within the respective agencies, and we shall concentrate our efforts to expand these conferences and seminars in the years ahead.

Material was furnished to representatives of the news media relating to the retirement program. Your Director also wrote many articles and appeared on various panels on the national retirement scene and supplied information to numerous governmental research units, libraries and educational institutions.

Our thirty-eighth year of operation has been the most challenging and rewarding of all.
A sincere thank you is extended to the distinguished and concerned leaders who serve on you Retirement Board, the dedicated staff in the retirement office our actuarial firm, leaders of professiona organizations who ably represent you, the members, our honorable legislature, the executive branch of state government and everyone whose assistance has resulted in better service to our members.

$$
\underset{\text { Doseph }}{\text { Executive Director }}
$$



Retirement \& pension plans ertified Public accountant

Member-american institute of
A. A. WEINBERG

Certified public accountants CONSULTING ACTUARY Chicaco 60604

$$
\text { AS OF JUNE 30, } 1974
$$

The principal purpose of an actuarial valuation of a retirement system is to establish the liabilities d reserve requirements for the accrued and prospective pension credits arising under the prescribed benefit schedule. An actuarial balance sheet is prepared showing the accrued and prospective liabilities and the present and prospective assets to meet these liabilities.
The liabilities incurred for the several benefit obligations are calculated and the reserves required o meet these accrued liabilities for the lifetime of the members are established. The factors of mortality urnover in employment and interest earnings are basic in this procedure. Other factors of pertinence are considered in the actuarial process, including rates of disability expectancies and the assumed ages at which members may retire.

Actuarial functions reflecting the system's operating experience were formulated in prior actuarial surveys and investigations. These functions were applied in this valuation. Because of the marked variance in basic characteristics between State employees and teacher-members, different functions were used for the respective groups of members. In consideration of the diverse physiological conditions and employment experience between male and female members, a further division in rates was made for the element of sex. Some variations from the established rates and functions frequently occur in current operations. Special adjustments of the results of the valuation are made for these variations

## basis of valuation

The tenefit and contribution provisions of the retirement plan forming the basis of this valuation are summarized in this report. The assumptions made with respect to the actuarial factors used in this valuation are as follows.

1. Mortality expectancy: The 1951 Group Annuity Table (modified)
2. Interest rate: Compound interest at $5 \%$ per annum
3. Turnover factors: Assumed annual rates of withdrawal from all causes - (select figes) thes rates of disabilement from the Society of Actuaries 1952 Inte company study were used. It was assumed that $15 \%$ all would occur in line of duty.
$85 \%$ of employees in service assumed to be married with the average age of the wives 4 years less than that of the employees. 65\% of the Stat employees and $50 \%$ of the teachers retiring on pension are married.

## 8.Administrative expense: None

## MEMBERSHIP STATISTICS

Detailed statistics were compiled and tabulated for this valuation. Statistical tables reflecting this statistical data are embodied in the appendix. A summary thereof is presented below.

ACTIVE MEMBERS
Number
Precent of Total
Annual Salries
Average Salary
Average age
Average service

State Employees

## Male Female

7,301
48.4\%

| 7,774 | 7,301 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $51.6 \%$ | $48.4 \%$ |

## RETIREMENTS

| 1. Total number <br> at $6 / 30 / 74$ | 1,550 | 1,339 | 418 | 1,927 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Percent of <br> total | $53.6 \%$ | $46.4 \%$ | $17.8 \%$ | $82.2 \%$ |
| Average age at <br> June 30,1974 | 70.7 | 75.1 | 69.9 | 70.5 |

2. Retirements during vear Average age at retirement
3. Terminations Average age at death Average age at retirement

The results of the valuation are presented in the accompanying Valuation Balance Sheet which displays the financial condition of the system from an actuarial standpoint. This statement sets forth the accrued and prospective liabilities for the several benefits comprising the benefit schedule, and the present and prospective assets, according to the provisions of the retirement plan presently in force.
The financial stability of a retirement system may be measured by a comparison of the total accrued liabilities for the e $\varepsilon$ rned and matured pension credits at the end of any fiscal period with the amount of net present assets. Thus, the xtent to which these pension credits are covered by present assets is deterined. In the case of this system, it is noted that the ratio of net present Teachers. This rate is considerably below what is considered by students of pensions as a reasonable rate of funding for a public employees retirement system which is $66-2 / 3 \%$.

The low rate of funding or security ratio as it is otherwise called is due principally to the partial reserve method of funding which is in effect for he system resulting in the accumulation of reserves that are considerably below the requirements for the accruing pension credits as established by actuarial criteria.

Under the financing formula in effect, the contributions by the employers re determined as the average annual requiremnts for benefit payments according to a 5 year projection of pension expenditures by the system. The rate per cent of contributions for the period of 5 years effective July 1, 1972 was fixed at $6.5 \%$ of payroll for State employees and $9.0 \%$ of payroll for teacher-members. The latter cost is shared equally by the State and
the Cities and Towns.

Partial funding of pension liabilities results in a deferment of part of he currently incurred pension cost with the consequent increase in the unactuarial deficit cost is shifted to arial deficit for the generations. In the case of this system, the actucontinue in that trend of funding is provided in acindetermintte period unless a greater measure
actuarial reserve requirements.
in full measur funding is provided for the currently accruing pension credits he mount of the annual acded accrued liability will continue to increase by
rate of interest assumption in effect, which presently is $5 \%$ per annum.
Actuarial reserve funding. The full cost of funding the current service of the members of the system, as a percentage of payroll, effective as of July l, 1974, according to actuarial criteria which reflects the accrual principle, is as follows:

|  | Employees | Mombers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Normal cost as a percentage of payroll | 16.0\% | 19.2\% |
| Less, member contributions | 5.0 | 6.0 |
| Cost to the Employers | 11.0\% | 13.2\% |

A Valuation Balance Sheet is presented in the following pages. This statement displays the financial condition of the system at June 30, 1974. Fron a strict technical stanpoint, a sound financial condition exists when the sil accrued and prospective lisbilities, and (b) berw (a) the contributions to be received by the system according to the prescribed rate chedule. A retirement system attaining this condition will have provided in full for all accrued pension credits in accordance with actuarial requirements.
nfunded liability at正

ASSETS
NET PRESENT ASSETS:

```
Cash Investments (Amoritzed book value for bonds -
``` cost for stocks)
Accrued interest receivable
Less, Accounts Payable
196,030,846
2,568,540
\$199,762,510
43,136
\(\$ 199,719,374\)

DEFERRED ASSETS
Present Value of future contributions on account of Present credits after July 1, 1974
\begin{tabular}{lr} 
State Raployees- Members & \(\$ 40,892,411\) \\
State of Rhode Island & \(64,011,723\) \\
Teacher-Members & \(51,487,362\) \\
State of Rhode Island & \(48,677,178\)
\end{tabular}
reacher-Members
State of Rhode Island
48.677

Cities and Towns
48.677 .178

253,745,852
NFUNDED ACCRUED LIABILITY
Due from Employers for unfunded pension credits-
\(\begin{array}{ll}\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{C} \text { of State Paployees } & \$ 130,932.871 \\ \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{C} & 138,937,834\end{array}\)
\(\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{C}\) of Teachers
Cities and Toms -Account Teachers 138.937 .83
TOTAL ASSETS
\$862,273,765
1.-The State of Rhode Island and the Cities and Town share equally in the financing of teachers \({ }^{1}\) pensions.

LIABILITIES AND RESERVE REQUIREMENTS
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline FUTURE SERVICE LIABILITY: & \$104,904,134 & \\
\hline State Employees Teacher-Members & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 148,841,718
\end{aligned}
\] & \$253,745,852 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{RESERVE REQUIREMENTS:} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{1. MEMBER CONTRIBUTIONS-} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{State Rmplopees} \\
\hline For service retirement and disability annuities & \$ 21,014,588 & \\
\hline For future refunds & 15,773,019 & 36,787,607 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Teacher-Mombers} \\
\hline For service retirement and disability annuities & \$ 34,720,179 & \\
\hline For future refunds & 16,022,117 & 50,742,296 \\
\hline 2. TEACHERS' SURVIVOR BENEFITS & & 14,896,621 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{3. EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Por service retirement and disability annuities on active members -
Stato Pmployees} \\
\hline Total requirements & \$122,933,510 & \\
\hline Less, Employee Contributions Teacher-Members & 21,014,588 & 101,918,922 \\
\hline Total requirements & \[
\begin{array}{r}
\$ 246,377,129 \\
34,720,179 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] & 211,656,950 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{40 RETIREMENT AND BENEPITS RESERVE} \\
\hline State Employee Teacher-Members & & 66,093,591 \\
\hline TOTAL LIABILITIES AND RESEPVES & & 126,431,926 \\
\hline - & & \$862,273,765 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The following explanation of the several items comprising the Valuation Balance Sheet is given to facilitate an understanding of their function and meaning.

Net Present Assets comprise the assets on hand as shoum by the financial reports supplied by the office of the system as of June 30,1974.

Deferred Assets consist of the obligations of the members and the employers for service to be rendered subsequent to June 30,1974 . They represent actuarially determined amounts, giving effect to the factors of mortality, interest, turn over and others that enter into the computation of liabilities and annuities and benfits that accrue on account of future service.

Unfunded Accrued Liability constitues the amounts accrued and unpaid on account of service rendered prior to the balance sheet date. This is an accrued obligation of the State and the Cities and Towns to be discharged in future years by increased financial allocations to the system.

Future Service Liability is an offset to Deferred Assets and represents the present value of the proportionate pension credits to be earned by the members during future service extending from the balance sheet date to the assumed ages of retirement.
Reserve for Members' Contributions consists of the total of members' contribution credits at the balance sheet date. Part of these credits is payable as a refund in future years to members withdrawing from service on account of resignation, ismissal or death. The remainder is to be applied to finance a portion of the annuities and benefits payable to members now in service who will ultimately qualify for retirement.

Reserve for Teachers' Survivor Benefits represents the accumulation of contribution by the teacher-member and the Cities and Towns towards the survivor benefit provision specifically applicable to these members.

Reserve for Employer Contributions represents the amounts that must be provided to finance the employers' portion of the accrued pension credits for those employees now in service who will ultimately qualify for retirement and disability pensions.

Retirement and Benefits Reserve constitutes the amount reserved to payout during the future lifetime of the pensioners presently on the pension roll the pensions granted and in force at the balance sheet date.

\section*{CERTIPICATION}

The accompanying Valuation Balance Sheet exhibits the assets, accrued liabilities and reserves of the system as of June 30, 1974. Present assets were taken from the financial statements submitted by the Senior Accountant of the system.

In our opinion, this Valuation Balance Sheet correctly presents the condition of the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Rhode Island at June 30, 1974 after giving effect to all accrued liabilities and actuarial reserve requirements for the several annuities and benefits under the applicable law in effect at such date.

\section*{A. A. Weinberg \\ Actuary}

October 15, 1974
rmal cost requirements for 1973-1974 fiscal year
\(11.2 \%\) of payroll
\(14.2 \%\) of payroll
\(\$ 13,824,892\)
2. Interest on the unfunded accrued liability at
\[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { accruea } \\
& \text { June } 30,1973
\end{aligned}
\]

Total
3. Deduct, actual employers' contributions
4. Deficiency in current year's requirements
5. Increase in Liabilities due to 1973 amendents which became operative during the year

7,461,381
3,035,206
6. Effect of adjustments of following actuarial factors for current operation trends:
(a) Turnover
(b) Salary scale
(c) Ages at retirement

1,877,353
(d) Mortality

Total
7. Less, excess investment income above \(5 \%\) actuarial interest rate assumption

Balance
State of
Rhode Island

\section*{Cities and} Torms
\(\frac{11,656,790}{\$ 25,481,682}\)
5.943.981
\$24,629,354
7.190 .366
11.221 .938
\$18,291,316
\$13,407,416
-

1,023,487
927,722
836,896
\(1,699.453\)
\(\$ 37,758,536 \quad \$ 20,930,180\)
\(1,023,626\)
\$36,734,910

In order to illustrate the need for the systematic funding of the pension obiigation in accordance with its accruing requirements, giving effect to all aspects thereof, a projection of pension and benfit payouts is presented covring a number of years in the future

Such statement serves to point up the scope and magnitude of the pension obligation and its full impact in the fiscal operations of the State and local governments.

The projection of future pension plyouts presented below shows the amounts of pension payments that the system will be required to meet in future under the present provisions of the retirement law.

\section*{PROJECTION OF FUTURE PENSION AND BENEFIT PAYOUTS}
\begin{tabular}{l} 
Amounts of future \\
pension and benefit \\
payments \\
\hline (in millions) \\
\hline 22.5 \\
29.1 \\
40.2 \\
53.6 \\
68.7
\end{tabular}

Liberalizing changes in the benefit schedule of the retirement plan either as to rates of pensions or benefits, or in respect to qualifying conditions, will increase the amounts of future payments in the foregoing projection.

\section*{FINANCING PENSION COSTS}

Pension costs are readily determinable, within reasonable limits of accuracy, only through the application of approved actuarial criteria. Given a retirement system with a designated number of participants and a scientific formula for the computation of the pension benefits, and taking into account such factors, among others, as time of functional vesting in the employer's contributions, optional ages of retirement, qualifying service conditions, and the age, service and salary characteristics of the participants, it is not a difficult task for the actuary to marshal and analyze these factors in relation to approved mortality and interest standards, and to arrive at reasonable accurate costs of meeting the pension obligations.

Comparison with insurance company programs. In essence, therefore, cost computations of public employee pensions are no different than the cost computations involved in private insurance and annuity programs. However, the similarity begins and ends with this analogy by reason of the fundamentally different relationships which exist between a governmental agency and its employees, and a private insurance concern and its policy holders.

Insurance plans reflect a rigid and inflexible application of actuarial criteria to cost factors unfettered by the problems which affect the governmental employer. Although insurance companies assume some risk elements incident to their cont ractual stipulations to pay a given amount of annuity at a specified time, these risks are insignificant in relation to those assumed by a governmental employer under a statutory retirement program.

Problems in public administrabilc employees may by virtue of factors thenancially sound retirement wholly irrelevant under a pinancial condition. Irrestible pressures course of time in an unsatisfact the consequence of larger pension benefits, without increased salaries responding provision thereby, inevitably result in the accumulation in pension costs occasion ere but deferred obligations. Compounding the of unfunded liabilities which originally established or subsequene evil has been the fact the t most plaups of employees contained inadequate reventensions of the plans to addition cost and for meeting the past service liabilities.

The Rhode Island situatione. In the case of the Employees' Retirement System The Rhode Island, there has been a steady and persistent increase in the unfunded accrued liability due in part to the lack of adequate funding of the obligations already established, and in some measure to the failure over the rears to provide increased revenues fits and qualifying conditions. While the Retirement Board has been alert to the problem and bas been constant in calling attention to the cost aspects of nev amendatory proposals for improved benefits and increased pension credits in reports on new legislative proposals, its efforts to curtail or arrest the trend have been unsuccessful.

The annual reports of the Retirement Board, over the years, have included a statement as to the full normal cost requirements for the accruing pension credits. This reference in these reports has largely been ignored. In this connection, there appears to be a startling lack of understanding among public officials and the participants as to the potential adverse implications of inadequate funding of the accruing pension cost. Continuosly mounting actvarial deficits, if not viewed with complacency, are at least not considered th that degree of concern which such a situation demands. As long as the
 articipants are inclined to believe that financial stability and solvency orists as to future needs as vell.

If there is any concorn among the employees or officials of government about future financial requirements, the officials and employees are further inchned to negate the possibility that the public will refuse to underurite these costs as the benefit payments mature. Perhaps, mingled with these aftitudes is the feeling thet though future generations of employees may b affected, the problem is of no concern to present employees, a sort of "let the future take care of itself" psychology. Whatever may be the reason berealistic. A change of and amployee concern, the fact is that it is unperative if the retirement system is state objective for present is to survive and fulfill its functions
ases as well as future participants.
ccrues was in fact recognised in principle of funding pension cost as it hor State goverment employees in the retirement plan originally established hered to for some years until a chang. This principle was consistently adno doubt to the increased demands on the in priority occurred. This was due many areas coupled withed existing limithe state for essential services in of full actuarial fiscal planning by tations upon State revenues. Presumsources available or accrual funding bute officials dismissed the idea avallable to State government because of the vast tax and credit government. As a result of this policy, the
unfunded accrued liability for the Enployees' Retirement System has steadily increased until at June 30, 1974 it hes attained the following proportions:
\begin{tabular}{cc} 
State of Rhode Island & \(\$ 269,870,705\) \\
Cities and Towns & \(\underline{138,937,834}\) \\
Total & \(\$ 408,808,539\) \\
&
\end{tabular}

Even as recently as the year 1971, officials of the State proposed a reduction in the arbitrary contribution rate applicable to the State government on the so-called partial funded basis. This is indicative of the attitude of officials during recent years towards the financing of the system's needs even at the existing level of funding which is below actuarial requirements.

Systematic budgeting of pension cost. Since public employee pensions are an essential element in the personnel program of a government unit, and since pensions are properly considered as earned but deferred compensation, the cost factors incident to pensions should have an immediate relationship to the personnel policy and practices of the State as an employer. To isolate pension costs from employment policies is neither good personnel practice nor good fiscal management of an important problem in governmental finance administration. If the employer is made fully cognizant of the pension cost incident to the employment of new personnel, his employment practices would more likely be geared to this factor. For this reaseon, the adoption of the principle of budgeting and meeting pension cost currently from appropriations for personal services, on a departmental basis, is strongly recommended for public agencies. Under such a plan, not only would the true concept of pensions as a basic element of compensation be emphasized but more importantly the pension costs incident to new employments would be budgeted and paid concurrently with the payment of salaries.

Accrual basis less costly. Experience of public retirement system over the years has demonstrated conclusively that it is more economical for government to provide for the pension cost as it accrues than to begin paying it when the emplojee retires. The practice of deferring pension cost tends to conceal the true pension obligation. It results in measuring this cost on a fictitious basis, and understates the true pension obligation. Employees and officials are encouraged to seek liberalizing amendments and greater benefits since costs are encouraged to seek liberalizing amendments and greater benefits since costs rather than the ultimate total cost burden. Under any partial method of funding, no effort is made to equate the cost of new proposals with their total cost aspects. Instead, it is represented that the cost effect of a proposed amendment is insignificant merely because the initial additional payments may be of relatively small proportions

To minimize or attempt to ignore the pension burden through a makeshift method of financing inevitably results in much greater eventual pension cost. There is no short cut method to financing pensions. No magic formula exists for meeting this cost whether the pensions are provided by the State, the federal government or a private underwriter. In the final reckoning, a systematic government or a private underwriter. In the final reckoning, a systematic actually reduce the pension burden for the governmental employer. By the aplication of controls incident to the employment policies, which automatically apply under this budgeting method, a lower pension obligation may be achieved.

Budgeting of the pension cost is facilitated by means of the actuarial reserve.

An actuarial reserve is basically a method of cost accounting. It results in spreading the cost of a pension equitably over the period of the employee's spreading service. The actuarial reserve is in reality the net liability of roductive servistem to the prospective beneficiaries or pensioners.
previously stated, the actuarial basis of funding relects the accrua As previously stated, tonsion cost and calls for current contributions in exces of current pension payments. A carry-over of fun rests into a reserve which is to be maintained to meet future pension payments. the rates of contribution under this method of ac perodically by means of the actuarial valuations

Funding the State's pension obligation. As previously stated, the actuarial reserve requirements for funding the normal cost is \(11.0 \%\) for State employees and \(13.2 \%\) for teachers. Since the State of Rhode Island shares equally with the Cities and Toms in the cost of teachers' pensions, its total obligation for normal cost on an actuarial funded basis is increased to the extent of one-half of the cost of teachers' pensions. The normal cost for teachers as sumed by the State is equal to \(6.6 \%\) of payroll, The total unfunded accrued liability of the State of Rhode Island at June 30, 1974, as given above, is \(\$ 269,870,705\) of which \(\$ 130,932,871\) applies to State employees and \(\$ 138,937,834\) to teachers.

It is considered appropriate in the case of a public agency to provide only or the interest accrual on this item, provided the full normal cost is met currently. By this process, a reasonably secure financial condition is esablished and the unfunded accrued liability is stabilized at the current evel. In time, when the full normal cost requirements are fully provided for, a program for the gradual amortization of the accrued liability may be considered and initiated.

The interest accrual on the unfunded accrued liability imposed on the State at \(5 \%\) per annum is \(\$ 6,546,643\) for State employees and \(\$ 6,946,891\) for teachers. This is equal to \(5.3 \%\) of payroll for State employees, and \(5.2 \%\) for teachers.

Thus, the total cost to the State of Rhode Island for funding its statutory obligations is \(16.3 \%\) for State employees and \(11.8 \%\) for teachers, or a total cost to the State of \(28.1 \%\) of payrolls.

Funding the obligation of the Cities and Towns. The normal cost to the Cities and Toms of the State for funding teachers' pensions is \(6.6 \%\) of the teachers payroll, with the State of Rhode Island assuming an equal share as stated at 5\% per annum is \(\$ 6,946,891\), or \(5.2 \%\) of accrued liability of \(\$ 138,937,834\) payroll for the teachers, the or \(5.2 \%\) of payroll. In terms of the total the State for full funding the cost requirements from the Cities and Town of \(11.8 \%\) of payroll.

Recommendation. In order to minimize the financial impact of a change fro employees and teachers to method for meeting the cost of pensions for State the accrual principle, it is recommended the method which fully reflects from both the State of Rhod recommended that the increase in requirements over a period of years. A Island and the Cities and Toms be graduated most conveniently the transitionate plan is proposed so as to facilitate one reflecting actuarial requirements the present partial funded basis to

It is recomended, therefore, that the contribution rate for the State of Rhode Island for State employees be increased each year for the next 5 year by 1.5 percentage points, from the present rate or \(6.5 \%\) of payroil. At the end of the s-year period when the rate will have attained a level of 14.0 of payroll, a reexamination of the rate would be made in the light of the conditions then existing to determine the change to be made at that time.

It is furthur recommended that the contribution rate for the Cities and Town of the State on account of teachers be increased each year for the next 5 years 2 percentage points from the present level of \(9.0 \%\) of payroll. In this rate the State shares equally with the Cities and Tows in financing the teachers' pensions. At the end of the 5-year progression period, when the total rate will have attained a level of \(19 \%\) of payroll, a reexamination of the rate would be made under the conditions then in effect and a new rate schedule would be determined for the future.

Under this method of adjustment, full funding of the accruing pension obligations would be achieved in the course of several years without too much disruption in the financial budgets of the State and the Cities and Towns. An orderly transition would occur from the present partial funded procedure to a full funded method reflecting actuarial criteria.

Special survivor's benefit for certain teachers. The survivor's benefit program for teachers who did not elect social security coverage prior to July 1, 1963, was extensively revised at the 1974 session of the Legislature, effective July l, 1974. Rates of benefit were upgraded to a level comparable with the rates in effect under Federal social security. Refund and contribution provisions were revised. The changes made substantially improved this program.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{June 30} \\
\hline Assets & 1974 & 1973 \\
\hline Cash & \$ 1,163,124 & \$ ( 276,998) \\
\hline Accrued Interest Receivable & 2,568,540 & 1,982,540 \\
\hline Investments (At Amortized Book value for Bonds and Cost for Stock & 196,030,846 & 178,555,278 \\
\hline Total Assets & \$199,762,510 & \$180,260,820 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Financial Statements}

\section*{Liabilities \& Reserves}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Current Liabilities} \\
\hline Unclaimed Benefits & \$ 43,137 & \$ 38,834 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Members' Contribution Reserves} \\
\hline State Enployees & 36,787,608 & 33,380,247 \\
\hline Teachers & 47,829,435 & 42,940,627 \\
\hline Teachers Survivors & 2,912,862 & 2,594,322 \\
\hline Total Members Reserves & 87,529,905 & 78,915,196 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{General Reserves} \\
\hline State Employees & 71,199,447 & 64,356,986 \\
\hline Teachers & 34,430,355 & 31,322,117 \\
\hline Teachers Survivors & 6,550,697 & 5,620,780 \\
\hline Certain State Enployees & 7,969 & 4,067 \\
\hline Certain Teachers & 1,000 & 2,840 \\
\hline Total General Reserves & \$112,189,468 & \$101,306,790 \\
\hline Total Liabilities \& Reserves & \$199,762,510 & \$180,260,820 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

YEAR ENDED - JUNE 30, 1974

\section*{REVENUES}


\section*{Analysis of Revenue \& Expenditures \\ Fiscal \(\mathrm{Y}_{\text {ear }}\) Ended - June 30,1974}

ANALYSIS OF INVESTMENT INCOME FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1974

Investment Income - Interest
Add:
Accrued Interest June 30, 1974
Accrued Interest July 1, 1973

Discounts Amortized
Total Additions
Total

\section*{Less:}

Premiums Amortized

Total Deductions
Net Interest Earned
Dividends
Total Enrned on Investments
Capital Gain
Total Investment Income
\$ 7,197,031
\begin{tabular}{r}
\(\$ 2,568,540\) \\
\(1,982,540\) \\
\hline 586,000 \\
646,998 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

1,232,998
\$ 8,430,029
156.064
\$ 8,273,965 2,904,780
\$11,178,745
195,624
\$ 11,374,369

\section*{Distribution of Investment Income}

Fiscal Year Ended - June 30, 1974

OPERATIONS: (July 1, 1973-June 30, 1974)

Total Investments - July 1, 1973

Investments

\section*{Add:}

Purchases During The Iear

\section*{Deduct:}

Redemptions \& Sales During the year Total Investments at June 30, 1974

INVESTMENT ACCOUNT: ( BY Type of Security)
179,232,685.

106,879,553. 286,112,238.
.S. Government
Federal Land Banks
Federal National Mortgage
International Bank
for Reconstruction
Gertificates of Deposit Commercial Paper
State \& Municipal Bonds
Railroad Bonds
Public Utility Bonds
Industrial Bonds
Preferred Stoc
Common Stock
Mutual Funds
\begin{tabular}{rr} 
Cost or Par & \\
\(23,034,000\). & \\
\(2,000,000\). & 11.71 \\
\(1,000,000\). & 1.02 \\
\(1,085,000\). & .51 \\
\(700,000\). & .55 \\
\(1,50,000\). & .36 \\
\(7,50,000\). & .76 \\
\(1,084,000\). & .81 \\
\(2,122,000\). & .55 \\
\(73,080,000\). & 1.08 \\
\(21,814,400\). & 11.16 \\
\(1,340,860\). & .68 \\
\(54,641,037\). & 27.79 \\
\(5,125,973\). & 2.61 \\
\(623,290\). & .32 \\
\hline \(196,650,560\). & 100.00 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Description} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{INVESTMENTS OWNED} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Garrying Value} \\
\hline & Rate of Interest & Maturity & \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{UNITED STATE OF AMERICA} \\
\hline Treasury bonds & 5-3/4\% & 11/15/74 & - 875,000 \\
\hline Treasury bonds & & & 1,000,000 \\
\hline Treasury bonds & 5-7/8 & 2/15/76 & 797,000 \\
\hline Treasury bonds & & 2/15/77 & 1,363,000 \\
\hline Treasury bonds & 6-7/8 & 5/15/77 & 700,000 \\
\hline Treasury bonds & 7-3/4 & 8/15/77 & 1,700,000 \\
\hline Treasury bonds & 6 & 11/15/78 & 1,000,000 \\
\hline Treasury bonds & 6-1/4 & 8/15/79 & 3,809,000 \\
\hline Treasury bonds & & 2/15/80 & 200,000 \\
\hline Treasury bonds & 6-7/8 & 5/18/80 & 500,000 \\
\hline Treasury bonds & 6-3/8 & 2/15/82 & 2,170,000 \\
\hline Treasury bonds & 3-1/4 & 6/15/83 & 1,825,000 \\
\hline Treasury bonds & 4-1/8 & 5/15/85 & 500,000 \\
\hline Treasury bonds & 4-1/4 & 5/15/85 & 500,000 \\
\hline Treasury bonds & 3-1/2 & 2/15/90 & 1,945,000 \\
\hline Treasury bonds & 4-1/4 & 8/15/92 & 2,300,000 \\
\hline Treasury bonds & 6-7/8 & 8/15/93 & 850,000 \\
\hline Treasury bonds & 4-1/8 & 5/15/94 & 1,000,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{Total United States of America} & \$23,034,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{THE TWELVE FEDERAL LAND BANKS}
\begin{tabular}{llll} 
Cons. Federal & Farm Loan & \(4-3 / 4\) & \(4 / 21 / 75\) \\
Cons. Federal Farm Loan & 5 & \(2 / 24 / 76\) \\
Cons. Federal & Farm Loan & \(5-3 / 8\) & \(7 / 20 / 76\) \\
Cons. Federal Farm Loan & \(4-1 / 8\) & \(2 / 20 / 78\)
\end{tabular}

Total Federal Land Bank Bonds


\section*{FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK}

\section*{Mortgage Notes}

8-3/4
2/25/76
\$ 1,000,000

FRDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION
\begin{tabular}{lccc} 
Note & \(5.35 \%\) & \(4 / 1 / 79\) & \\
Note & 5.40 & \(6 / 23 / 80\) & 100,000 \\
Note & 5.25 & \(4 / 1 / 81\) & 340,000 \\
Note & 5.20 & \(1 / 19 / 82\) & 445,000 \\
& & & \\
& Total Federal National
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{ccccc} 
Description & \begin{tabular}{l} 
Rate of \\
Interest
\end{tabular} & Maturity
\end{tabular}
CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSITS
Citizens Trust Co.


STATE GF RHODE ISLAND
Blackstone Valley Sewer District
\begin{tabular}{lllrr} 
Loan of 1952: & & & \\
Series B & \(2-1 / 2\) & \(5 / 1 / 86\) & \(\$ 0,000\) \\
Series C & \(2-3 / 4\) & \(5 / 1 / 83\) & 120,000 \\
Series D & 4 & \(9 / 1 / 75\) & 100,000 \\
Panel \& Charitable Inst. & 4 & \(3 / 1 / 77\) & 10,000 \\
State Office Building & 4 & \(6 / 1 / 77\) & 12,000 \\
Third Courthouse Loan & 4 & \(3 / 20 / 81\) & 22,000 \\
Washington Bridge Loan & 4 & \(5 / 1 / 77\) & 6,000 \\
Total State of Rhode Island & & \(\$ 20,000\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{MUNICIPALITIES}
\begin{tabular}{clcrr} 
City of Cranston: & & & \\
School, Series A & \(2-1 / 2 \%\) & \(6 / 1 / 76\) & \(\$ 5,000\) \\
School, Series E & 2.7 & \(2 / 15 / 78-79\) & 68,000 \\
School, Series C & 2.9 & \(11 / 15 / 76-78\) & 70,000 \\
School, Series B & 3.6 & \(7 / 1 / 76\) & 35,000 \\
Sewerage, Series E & \(1-3 / 4\) & \(10 / 1 / 80-81\) & 5,000 \\
Sewerage, Series H & 1.8 & \(3 / 1 / 76\) & 10,000 \\
Sewerage, Seried D & 2 & \(6 / 1 / 78\) & 4,000 \\
Sewerage, Series I & \(2-1 / 2\) & \(6 / 1 / 76\) & 15,000 \\
Town of Cumberland: & & \(1 / 1 / 76\) & 3,000
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Description & Rate of Interest & Maturity & & Carrying Value \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{MUNICIPALITIES -continued} \\
\hline City of East Providence: & & 2/1/78 & \$ & 15,000 \\
\hline Elementary School & 3-3/4 & 7/ 1/75-76 & \$ & 28,000 \\
\hline Sewer Trunk Extension & \(2-1 / 5\)
\(3-3 / 4\) & 2/ 1/76-78 & & 45,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Town of Hopkinton:} \\
\hline School Building and Equi pment & 2-3/4 & 12/ 1/82-84 & & 20,000 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Town of Jamestown: \\
School Construction
\end{tabular} & 3 & 12/ \(1 / 74\) & & 5,000 \\
\hline Town of Johnston: School & 2.9 & 9/1/74 & & 22,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Town of Lincoln:} \\
\hline Elementary School Buildi and Equipment & \[
\frac{\mathrm{ngs}}{3-1 / 2}
\] & 3/1/76 & & 30,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Town of Narragansett: 488000} \\
\hline Beach Repair & 2.7
3.7 & 1/ 1/77-80
\(5 / 1 / 82\) & & 48,000
34,000 \\
\hline School Contsruction & 3.7 & \(5 / 1 / 82\) & & 34,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{City of Newport: \(71 / 76\)} & 15,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Town of North Kingstown:} \\
\hline Land Purchase and School & & & & 60,000 \\
\hline Building & 3-1/2 & 4/1/76 & & 60,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Town of North Providence: 250000} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Funding \\
Highvay Construction
\end{tabular} & \(3-1 / 2\)
\(3-1 / 3\) & \[
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 7/ } 1 / 75-76 \\
& 7 / 1 / 75-76
\end{aligned}
\] & & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 25,000 \\
& 20,000
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Town of Smithfield:} \\
\hline School & 2-3/4 & 6/ 1/76 & & 25,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{City of Warwick:} \\
\hline Highway & 2-2/5 & 10/1/74 & & 20,000 \\
\hline School & 2-7/10 & 12) 1/84-86 & & 30,000 \\
\hline School & 3-1/4 & 10/ 1/79 & & 5,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Town of West Warwick:} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{City of Woonsocket:} \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Total Municipalities} & \$ & 764,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{RAILROADS}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Alabama Great Southern Railroad:} \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Atchison, Topeka \& Sante Fe} & \$ & 198,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Railway:} \\
\hline General Mortgage 4 & 1/1/95 & & 100,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Atlantic Coast Line Railway:} \\
\hline Bonds \(5-5 / 8\) & 8/15/79 & & 129,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Baltimore \& Ohio Railrcad Co.:} \\
\hline First Consolidated Mortgage & & & \\
\hline Series B 4 & 9/1/80 & & 350,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\author{
Description
}

Rate of Interest

\section*{RAILROADS - continued}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Chesapeake \& Ohio Railway Co.:} \\
\hline Refunding and improvement Mortgage, Series E & \(3-1 / 2\) & \(8 / 1 / 96\) & * & \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Chicago, Burlington \& Quincy 9,000} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Railroad Co.:} \\
\hline Equipment Trust & 4 & 8/1/77 & & 200,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Great Northern Railway Co.:} \\
\hline Equipment Trust & 4-1/4 & 4/15/75 & & 115,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Louisville \& Nashville Railroad Co.:} \\
\hline Equipment Trust Series EE & 4 & 3/15/75 & & 100,000 \\
\hline Equipment Trust Series RR & 5-1/8 & 3/15/75 & & 387,000 \\
\hline Equipment Trust Series QQ & 4-3/8 & 3/15/77 & & 134,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Norfolk \& Western Railway Co. :} \\
\hline Equipment Trust Series J & 4 & 5/1/75 & & 100,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Seaboard Airline Railroad Co.:} \\
\hline Equipment Trust Series X & 4-1/8 & 4/15/75 & & 100,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{St. Louis \& San Francisco} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Railway Co.:} \\
\hline Equipment Trust Series 0 & 4-3/8 & 5/15/77 & & 200,000 \\
\hline Total Railroads & & & & 2,122,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

PUBLIC UTILITIES
\begin{tabular}{llrr} 
Alabama Power Co.: & & \\
First Mortgage & \(4-7 / 8 \%\) & \(5 / 1 / 89\) & 195,000 \\
First Mortgage & \(4-7 / 8\) & \(9 / 1 / 95\) & 100,000 \\
Alabama Power Co. & \(8-7 / 8\) & \(8 / 1 / 03\) & \(1,000,000\) \\
American Tel. \& Tel. Co.: & & & \\
Debentures & \(3-3 / 8\) & \(4 / 1 / 85\) & 200,000 \\
Debentures & \(4-385\) & \(4 / 1 / 85\) & 125,000 \\
Debentures & \(3-7 / 8\) & \(7 / 1 / 90\) & 100,000 \\
Debentures & \(4-3 / 8\) & \(2 / 1 / 94\) & 250,000 \\
Debentures & \(5-1 / 2\) & \(1 / 1 / 97\) & 250,000 \\
Debentures & \(4-3 / 4\) & \(6 / 1 / 98\) & 100,000 \\
Debentures & \(5-1 / 8\) & \(4 / 1 / 01\) & 200,000 \\
American Tel. \& Tel. & 8.8 & \(5 / 15 / 05\) & \(2,000,000\) \\
Appalachian Elec. Power Co.: & & & \\
First Mortgage & \(7-1 / 2\) & \(12 / 1 / 98\) & 500,000 \\
First Mortgage & \(4-5 / 8\) & \(3 / 1 / 87\) & 25,000 \\
First Mortgage & 4 & 100,000 \\
Arkansas Power \& Light & 8 & \(1 / 88\) & \(1,000,000\) \\
Baltimore Gas \& Electric Co. & \(4-7 / 8\) & \(69,1 / 03\) & \(1,000,000\) \\
Baltimore Gas \& Electric Co. & \(7-5 / 8\) & \(6 / 1 / 80\) & \\
Bell Telephone Co. of Pa.: & \(4-3 / 4\) & \(9 / 1 / 01\) & 200,000 \\
Debentures & & \(5 / 1 / 01\) & 100,000 \\
Blackstone Valley Elec. Co. & \(6-1 / 2\) & \(6 / 1 / / 97\) & 500,000 \\
Brockton Edison & \(8-3 / 8\) & \(9 / 1 / 03\) & 500,000 \\
Buffalo Niagara Electric Co. & \(2-3 / 4\) & \(11 / 1 / 75\) &
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline PUBLIC UTILITIES-Continued & Rate of Interest & Maturity & & \begin{tabular}{l}
Garrying \\
Value
\end{tabular} \\
\hline coscaten & 5-1/8 & 4/1/96 & \$ & 250,000 \\
\hline Garolina Power \& Light Co. & 4-1/8 & 7/ 1/88 & & 100,000 \\
\hline Central Illinois Light Co. & & & & \\
\hline Central Main Power Co.: & 3-3/8 & 4/1/85 & & 50,000 \\
\hline First and General Mortgage & 4-7/8 & \(5 / 1 / 87\) & & 48,000 \\
\hline First and General Mortgage & 4-3/4 & 4/1/89 & & 25,000 \\
\hline Central Power \& Light Co. & 8-5/8 & 4/ 1/09 & & 500,000 \\
\hline & 7-1/4 & 5/ 1/09 & & 500,000 \\
\hline Chesapeake Potomac Tel. & 8-3/4 & 3/1/10 & & 500,000 \\
\hline Chesapeake Potomac Telo & \(8-1 / 8\) & 5/1/87 & & 250,000 \\
\hline Columbia Gas System, Inc.: & & & & \\
\hline Debentures & 3-5/8 & & & \\
\hline Debentures & 4-7/8 & 10/ 1/90 & & 150,000 \\
\hline Columbus \& Southern Ohio & 9 & 5/ 1/75 & & 500,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Commonwealth Edison: 5 5/1/87 50,000} \\
\hline Sinking Fund Debentures & 4-1/4 & 3/1/87 & & 50,000 \\
\hline Sinking Fund Debentures & 3-3/4 & 3/ 1/88 & & 50,000 \\
\hline Sinking Fund Debentures & 6-1/4 & 2) 1/98 & & 850,000 \\
\hline Sinking Fund Debentures & 6-3/4 & 7/ 1/98 & & 400,000 \\
\hline Sinking Fund Debentures & 6-3/8 & 10/ 1/98 & & 500,000 \\
\hline Sinking Fund Debentures & 8 & 10/15/03 & & 1,000,000 \\
\hline Sinking Fund Debentures & 3-1/8 & 10/ 1/04 & & 75,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Connecticut Light \& Power Co.:} \\
\hline First Refunding Mortgage & 3 & 9/1/74 & & 50,000 \\
\hline First Refunding Mortgage & 4-7/8 & 2) 1/90 & & 100,000 \\
\hline Connecticut Light & 8-7/8 & 10/ 1/00 & & 500,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Consolidated Edison Co. :} \\
\hline First Rerunding Mortgage & 4-5/8 & 12/ 1/93 & & 300,000 \\
\hline First Refunding Mortgage & 2-5/8 & 4/1/77 & & 125,000 \\
\hline First Refunding Mortgage & 4-1/4 & 10/ 1/86 & & 300,000 \\
\hline First Refunding Mortgage & 5 & 10/1/87 & & 225,000 \\
\hline First Refunding Mortgage & 4 & 6/ 1/88 & & 100,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Consolidated Natural Gas. Co.:} \\
\hline Debentures & 4-7/8 & 6/ 1/82 & & 84,000 \\
\hline Debentures & 4-3/8 & 8/ 1/83 & & 200,000 \\
\hline Debentures & 5 & 2) \(1 / 85\) & & 133,000 \\
\hline Debentures & 9 & 7/ 1/95 & & 500,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Consumers Power Co.:} \\
\hline First Mortgage & 4-5/8 & 8/ 1/91 & & 250,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage & \(4=5 / 8\) & 8/ 1/89 & & 250,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage & 7-1/2 & 1/ 1/01 & & 500,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Dayton Power \& Light Co.:} \\
\hline Dayton Power \& Light Co. & 3-1/4 & 2/ 1/82 & & 100,000 \\
\hline Dayton Power \& Light Co. & 8-1/4 & 10/ 1/99 & & 500,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage & A & 11/ 1/03 & & 1,000,000 \\
\hline Delaware Power \& Light Co. & 3-7/8 & 6/ 1/88 & & 250,000 \\
\hline Delmarva Power & 7 & 11/ 1/98 & & 250,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Detriot Edison Co.:} \\
\hline Gen. Ref. Mortgage & 3-3/8 & 11/15/76 & & 200,000 \\
\hline Gen. Ref. Mortgage & 3-1/4 & 5/15/80 & & 100,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Duke Power Co.: 3 -1/4} \\
\hline First Refunding Mortgage & 3 & 1/1/75 & & 100,000 \\
\hline First Refunding Mortgage & 4-1/2 & 2/ 1/92 & & 100,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Description & Rate of Interest & Maturity & & \begin{tabular}{l}
Carrying \\
Value
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Duke Power & 8-1/2 & 3/1/00 & * & 1,000,000 \\
\hline Duquesne Light Co. & 3-1/8 & 7/1/84 & & 60,000 \\
\hline Duquesne Light Co. & 7-1/4 & 1/ 1/03 & & 500,000 \\
\hline Duquesne Light Co. & 7-1/4 & 1/ 1/03 & & 500,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Florida Power \& Light Co.:} \\
\hline First Mortgage & 3-1/8 & 6/1/78 & & 100,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage & 4-5/8 & 3/1/95 & & 100,000 \\
\hline Florida Power Corp. & 7-3/8 & 6/ 1/02 & & 1,000,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage & 4-3/4 & 10/1/90 & & 91,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage & 4-7/8 & 11/ 1/95 & & 250,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage & 7 & 12/1/98 & & 250,000 \\
\hline Florida Power & 7-5/8 & 1/10/01 & & 250,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{General Telephone Co. of} \\
\hline California: & & & & \\
\hline First Mortgage & 4-1/2 & 9/ 1/86 & & 50,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage & 5 & 6/ 1/87 & & 50,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage & 5 & 12/1/95 & & 100,000 \\
\hline Debentures & 5-3/4 & 3/1/92 & & 200,000 \\
\hline Debentures & 7-1/8 & 12/1/98 & & 500,000 \\
\hline Georgia Power & 7-3/8 & 4/ 1/01 & & 500,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Gulf State Utlities Co.:} \\
\hline First Mortgage & 5-1/4 & 12/1/89 & & 100,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage & 4-7/8 & 7/1/90 & & 200,000 \\
\hline Gulf State & 7-7/8 & 12/ 1/00 & & 500,000 \\
\hline Hartford Electric & 9-1/4 & 5/ 1/00 & & 500,000 \\
\hline Hartford Electric & 7-5/8 & 12/1/01 & & 500,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Houston Lighting \& Power.:} \\
\hline First Mortgage & 4-3/4 & 11/1/87 & & 25,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage & 4-7/8 & 8/1/89 & & 75,000 \\
\hline Idaho Power Co. & 5 & 5/15/89 & & 250,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Illinois Bell Telephone Co: 53,000} \\
\hline First Mortgage & 3-1/8 & 4/1/84 & & 53,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage & 4-1/4 & 3/1/88 & & 100,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage & \(4-3 / 8\) & 3/1/94 & & 100,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage & 6 & 7/1/98 & & 250,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage & 8 & 6/1/05 & & 500,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Indiana \& Michigan Elec. Co.: 100,000} \\
\hline Sinking Fund Debentures & 5-1/8 & re/1/86 & & 100,000
50,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage
Iowa Electric & \(4-3 / 4\)
\(7-7 / 8\) & \(11 / 1 / 88\)
\(12 / 1 / 00\) & & 50,000
500,000 \\
\hline Iowa Electric & 4-5/8 & 1/1/91 & & 200,000 \\
\hline Kansas City Power & 7-1/8 & 2/1/99 & & 500,000 \\
\hline Kansas Gas \& Electric Co. & 4-5/8 & 1/1/91 & & 250,000 \\
\hline Kentuckey Utilities Co. & 9-1/8 & 4/1/04 & & 1,400,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{\(\begin{array}{lll}\text { Long Island Lighting Co.: } & 3 / 8 & 11 / 1 / 85\end{array}\)} \\
\hline First Mortgage & \(3-5 / 8\)
\(3-5 / 8\) & 12/1/76 & & 275,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage & 3-5/8 & 12/1/76 & & 200,000 \\
\hline Louisiana Power \& Lights
Louisiana Power \& Light & 7-1/2 & 11/ 1/02 & & 500,000 \\
\hline Madison Gas \& Electric & 9-3/4 & 5/ 1/04 & & 1,000,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Description & Rate of Interest & Maturity & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Value} \\
\hline Metropolitan Edison & 6-7/8 \% & 10/1/92 & \$ & 295,000 \\
\hline Metrepigan Bell Telephone Co.: & & 2/ 1/05 & & 500,000 \\
\hline Debentures & 6-3/8 & 8/1/96 & & 175,000 \\
\hline Debentures & 4-5/8 & 2/ 1/10 & & 500,000 \\
\hline Michigan Bell Telephone & 8-1/2 & 8/1/76 & & 150,000 \\
\hline Michigan Consolidaged Co. & \(3-1 / 2\)
\(4-3 / 4\) & 3/1/87 & & 50,000 \\
\hline Minnesots Power \& light Co. & \(3^{4-3 / 4}\) & \(9 / 1 / 77\) & & 50,000 \\
\hline Monogahela Power Co. Mountain State T. \& T. & 8 & 10/1/09 & & 1,000,000 \\
\hline Narragansett Electric Co.: & 3 & 9/1/74 & & 121,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage & 3-1/2 & 3/1/86 & & 200,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage & 8-1/8 & 12/1/95 & & 472,000 \\
\hline New Bedford Gas & 8 -1/8 & 6/1/88 & & 200,000 \\
\hline New England Power & 7-5/8 & 7/ 1/02 & & 1,000,000 \\
\hline New England Power & 8-5/8 & 8/ 1/03 & & 1,000,000 \\
\hline New Englend Power & 7-3/8 & 10/15/97 & & 700,000 \\
\hline New England Tel \& Telo \({ }^{\text {a }}\) & 3-1/4 & 5/1/84 & & 100,000 \\
\hline New Jersey Bell Telephone Co. & 4-7/8 & 11/ 1/00 & & 100,000 \\
\hline New Jersey Power \& Light Co. & 5 & 10/1/90 & & 100,000 \\
\hline New Orleans Public Service & 5 & 6/ 1/91 & & 200,000 \\
\hline New York Power \& Light Co. & 2-3/4 & 3/ 1/75 & & 100,000 \\
\hline New York State Electric \& Gas Corp. & 4-5/8 & 5/ 1/91 & & 200,000 \\
\hline New York Telephone Co.: & 3-1/8 & 2/ 1/78 & & 150,000 \\
\hline Refunding Mortgage & \(3-1 / 8\) & 10/15/89 & & 110,000 \\
\hline Refunding Mortgage & 4-1/8 & 7/1/93 & & 100,000 \\
\hline Refunding Mortgage & 4-1/8 & 7/ 1/93 & & 25,000 \\
\hline Refunding Mortgage & 4-7/8 & 1/1/06 & & 250,000 \\
\hline Refunding Mortgage & 7-1/2 & 3/ 1/09 & & 500,000 \\
\hline Niagara Mohawk Power Co.: 300,000 & & & & 300,000 \\
\hline General Mortgage & 3-7/8 & 4/1/90 & & 200,000 \\
\hline General Mortgage & 4-3/4 & & & \\
\hline Northern Illinois Gas Co. & 5 & \[
\begin{aligned}
& 6 / 1 / 84 \\
& 7 / 1 / 98
\end{aligned}
\] & & 1,000,000 \\
\hline Northern Illinois Gas & 8 & 7/ 1/98 & & 1,000,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Northern Natural Gas: 300000} \\
\hline Debentures & 7-1/4 & 5/ \(1 / 88\) & & 300,000 \\
\hline Debentures & 7 & 11/ 1/88 & & 250,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Northern States Power Co.:} \\
\hline First Mortgage & 2-3/4 & 10/ 1/75 & & 50,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage & 4 & 7/ 1/88 & & 100,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage & 6-3/4 & 6/ 1/98 & & 500,000 \\
\hline Northwest Bell & 7 & 1/ 1/09 & & 500,000 \\
\hline Northwestern Bell Tel. & 6-1/4 & 1/ 1/09 & & 500,000 \\
\hline Ohio Bell Telephone Co. & 5 & 2/ 1/06 & & 250,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Ohio Edison Co.:} \\
\hline First Mortgage & 2-3/4 & 4/1/75 & & 75,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage & 4-3/4 & 6/ 1/91 & & 100,000 \\
\hline Ohio Power Co.: & 6-5/8 & 10/1/79 & & 500,000 \\
\hline First Mortasge & 4-7/8 & 11/1/87 & & 100,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage & 2-3/4 & 2/ 1/75 & & 100,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage & 3-7/8 & \(6 / 1 / 88\) & & 200,000 \\
\hline Mrst Mortgage & \(5-1 / 8\) & 1/ 1/97 & & 250,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline PUBLIC UILIIIES - & Rate of Interest & Maturity & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{Carrying Value} \\
\hline & & 2/1/81 & \$ & 50,000 \\
\hline Southwestern Public Service Co. & 4-1/4 & 7/1/88 & & 150,000 \\
\hline Tennessee Gas Transmission Co.: & & 2/ 1/76 & & 50,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage Pipoline & 3-7/8 & 11/ 1/76 & & 58,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage Pipeline & 4-3/4 & 11/ 1/79 & & 78,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage Pipeline & 5-1/4 & 10/15/94 & & 500,000 \\
\hline Tennessee Valley Authority & 7-3/4 & 7/1/98 & & 1,000,000 \\
\hline Tennessee Valley Authority & 4-1/2 & 2/ 1/95 & & 100,000 \\
\hline Texas Electric Service co. & \(4-1 / 2\) & 1/ 1/91 & & 250,00 \\
\hline Texas Power \& Light co. & 7-1/2 & 2/ 1/02 & & 1,000,000 \\
\hline Texas Power \& Light co. & & & & 100,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage & \({ }_{7-3 / 8}\) & 5/1/99 & & 500,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage Heat \& Power Co. & & 7/ 1/89 & & 200,000 \\
\hline The Union Light, Heat \& Power Co. & & 11/ 1/80 & & 88,000 \\
\hline United Gas Corp. & 4-7/8 & 9/1/90 & & 100,000 \\
\hline Virginia Mectric \& Power Co.: & 3-7/8 & 6/ 1/88 & & 200,000 \\
\hline First Ref.Mortgage & 4-5/8 & 9/1/90 & & 150,000 \\
\hline First Ref. Mortgage & 7-3/8 & 3/1/01 & & 500,000 \\
\hline Virginia Electric Washington Gas \& Light Co. & 4-7/8 & 5/ 1/86 & & 100,000 \\
\hline West Penn Power Co.: & 2-7/8 & 3/ 1/79 & & 100,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage & 4-7/8 & 12/ 1/95 & & 275,000 \\
\hline First Mortgage & 9-5/8 & 6/ 1/00 & & 500,000 \\
\hline West Penn. Power & 5-1/4 & 2/ 1/87 & & 250,000 \\
\hline Western Union Telegraph Co. & 7-1/4 & 1/1/99 & & 250,000 \\
\hline West Texas utilities \({ }_{\text {cos }}\) & 7-1/4 & 7/1/01 & & 1,000,000 \\
\hline Wisconsin Power \& Light co. & 3-1/4 & 10/1/84 & & 100,000 \\
\hline Wisconsin Public Service Corp. & & & & 500,000 \\
\hline Wisconsin Telephone Co.: & 5-1/2 & \[
7 / 1 / 92
\] & & 25,000 \\
\hline Total Fublic Utilities & & & & 3,080,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS - Continued}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Description & Rate of Interest & Maturity & & \begin{tabular}{l}
Carrying \\
Value
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{American Can Co.:} \\
\hline Debentures & 3-3/4 & 4/1/88 & \$ & 200,000 \\
\hline Debentures & 4-3/4 & 7/15/90 & & 100,000 \\
\hline American Tobacco Co. & 5-7/8 & 7/ 1/92 & & 250,000 \\
\hline Anheuser Busch, Inc. & 4-1/2 & 3/1/89 & & 150,000 \\
\hline Avco Corp. & 7-1/2 & 11/ 1/93 & & 250,000 \\
\hline Baxter Laboratories & 4-3/8 & 11/ 1/91 & & 250,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Beneficial Finance Co.:} \\
\hline Debentures & & 11/1/77 & & 100,000 \\
\hline Debentures & 4-3/4 & 5/15/93 & & 100,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Bethlehem Steel Corp.:} \\
\hline Consolidated Mortgage Sinking & & & & \\
\hline Fund, Series K. & 3 & 1/1/79 & & 100,000 \\
\hline Debentures & 5.4 & 1/15/92 & & 350,000 \\
\hline Burroughs Corporation & 4-3/8 & 7/1/83 & & 172,000 \\
\hline Caterpillar Tractor Co. & 4-1/2 & 11/ 1/77 & & 300,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{Commercial Credit Corp.:} \\
\hline Debentures & 4-7/8 & 9/15/87 & & 150,000 \\
\hline Debentures & 4-1/4 & 10/1/74 & & 100,000 \\
\hline Continental Can Co. & 4-5/8 & 10/1/85 & & 248,000 \\
\hline Continental \(\mathrm{O}_{\text {il }} \mathrm{Co}\). & 3 & 11/1/84 & & 161,000 \\
\hline Dana Corp. & 6 & 12/1/91 & & 200,000 \\
\hline Dow Chemical Co. & 7-3/4 & 7/15/99 & & 500,000 \\
\hline Dow Chemical Co. & 8-7/8 & 5/ 1/00 & & 1,000,000 \\
\hline Eaton, Yale \& Towne, Inc. & 5-1/2 & 3/15/92 & & 250,000 \\
\hline Family Finance Corp. & 5 & 10/15/81 & & 200,000 \\
\hline Food Machine Chemical & 4-1/4 & 7/15/92 & & 250,000 \\
\hline Ford Motor Co. & 8-1/8 & 1/15/90 & & 500,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{General American Transportation} \\
\hline Corp. 3 & & & & \\
\hline Equipment Trust & 4-7/8 & 5/1/80 & & 77,000 \\
\hline Equipment Trust & 4.6 & 11/15/85 & & 125,000
250,000 \\
\hline General Aniline \& Film Corp. & 5-7/8 & 12/1/91 & & 250,000 \\
\hline General Mectric Co. & 3-1/2 & 5/1/78 & & 300,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{General Motors Acceptance Corp.: 100,000} \\
\hline Debentures & 3-5/8 & 9/1/75 & & 100,000 \\
\hline Debentures & 5 & 8/15/77 & & 325,000 \\
\hline Debentures & 4 & 3/1/79 & & 200,000 \\
\hline Debentures & 4-7/8 & 12/1/87 & & 200,000 \\
\hline W.T. Grant Co. & 4-3/4 & 1/1/87 & & 250,000
250,000 \\
\hline Gulf Oil Corp. & 5.35 & 6/15/91 & & 250,000 \\
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|l|}{Household Finance Corp.: 150,000} & 150,000 \\
\hline Debentures & & 7/1/92 & & 250,000 \\
\hline Industrial Equipment Trsut & 6-3/4 & 5/15/83 & & 166,000 \\
\hline International Harvester Co. & 4-5/8 & 11/1/79 & & 350,000 \\
\hline Lakehead Pipeline Co. & 7-1/8 & 4/15/93 & & 400,000 \\
\hline Liggett \& Myers Tobacco Co. & 6
\(5-1 / 2\) & 6/ 1/78 & & 200,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
American Car \& Foundry Co.:
Equipment Trust
Hiled Chemical \& Dye Corp.
Alluminum Co. of American
\begin{tabular}{ll}
\(5-1 / 2\) & \(4 / 15 / 82\) \\
\(3-1 / 2\) & \(4 / 1 / 78\) \\
\(3-7 / 8\) & \(4 / 1 / 83\)
\end{tabular}

117,000
300,000
50,000
}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & Rate of Interest & Maturity & Carrying Value \\
\hline Description & & 7/1/90 & \\
\hline Tone Star Cement Co. & 4-7/8 & 7/15/92 & \$ 250,000 \\
\hline MacMillan L. T. D. & \(4-7 / 8\) & 8/1/90 & 520,000
250,000 \\
\hline Montgomery Ward \& Co. & 5.6 & 6/15/91 & 500,000 \\
\hline National Cash Register & 5 & 8/1/77 & 28,000 \\
\hline National Tea Co. \({ }_{\text {coser }}\) & 4.7 & 12/15/74 & 50,000 \\
\hline North American Car & 7-3/4 & 5/ 1/01 & 500,000 \\
\hline Nabisco Papcorporation & 4-3/4 & 10/15/90 & 250,000 \\
\hline Northwest Bancorporation & 5-1/2 & 7/1/86 & 100,000 \\
\hline The Outlet Co. & 5-1/4 & 2/15/89 & 200,000 \\
\hline Pan American Airlines & 9 & 6/15/95 & 500,000 \\
\hline Plttsburg Plate Glass & 3-7/8 & 9/1/81 & 100,000 \\
\hline Proctor \& Camble Co. Scott Paper Co. & 8-7/8 & 6/1/00 & 1,000,000 \\
\hline Sears, Roebuck Acceptance Corp.: & 5 & 7/15/82 & 50,000 \\
\hline Debentures & 4-3/4 & 8/1/83 & 722,000 \\
\hline Debentures & 4-5/8 & 8/ 1/86 & 500,000 \\
\hline Shell Oll Standard 011 of California & 5-3/4 & 8/1/92 & 600,000 \\
\hline Standard Oil of Indiana & 4-1/2 & 10/1/93 & 192,000 \\
\hline Texaco, Inc. & 3-5/8 & 5/1/83 & 300,000 \\
\hline Textron, Inc. & 5-7/8 & 5) 1/92 & 200,000 \\
\hline Trailer Train Co. & 7-1/8 & 12/1/82 & 120,000 \\
\hline Trans. World Airlines & & 3/ 1/92 & 200,000 \\
\hline Union Carbide Corp. & 5.3 & 5/ 1/97 & 1,000,000 \\
\hline United Nuclear & 5 & 2/1/88 & 100,000 \\
\hline United States Steel Corp. & 4 & 7/15/83 & 350,000 \\
\hline Western Electric & 8-3/8 & 10/1/95 & 1,000,000 \\
\hline Weyerhauser Co. & 5.2 & 5/1/91 & 500,000 \\
\hline Xerox Corp. & 6 & 11/ 1/95 & 11,400 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Total Industrial and Miscellaneous} & & \$20,514,400 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

COMMON STOCKS
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline BANKS AND HOLDING COMPANIES & \begin{tabular}{l}
Number \\
of \\
Shares
\end{tabular} & Cost \\
\hline Bank of America & 22,344 & 376,228.65 \\
\hline B.T. New York Corp. & 7,000 & 301,812.52 \\
\hline Chase Manhattan & 17,000 & 543,992.25 \\
\hline Chemical Bank New York Trsut & 6,000 & 210,886.22 \\
\hline Conill Corporation & 16,456 & 270,095.84 \\
\hline First National Bank - Boston & 15,196 & 355,743.33 \\
\hline First National City - N.Y. & 40,000 & 432,324.33 \\
\hline Industrial National Bank & 66,285 & 431,281.75 \\
\hline Manufacturers Hanover & 10,000 & 126,013.13 \\
\hline J. P. Morgan & 22,000 & 302,420.84 \\
\hline R.I. Hospital Trust National & 49,784 & 722,466.03 \\
\hline State Street Bank \& Trust & 5,670 & 113,635.00 \\
\hline U.S. Trust Co.,N.Y. & 11,999 & 242,831.25 \\
\hline Western Bancorporation & 22,900 & 696,242.18 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{CHEMICALS \& DRUGS} \\
\hline American Cyanamid & 35,000 & 972,539.88 \\
\hline American Home & 21,000 & 363,047.56 \\
\hline Becton Dickinson & 22,000 & 895,561.68 \\
\hline Bristol Myers & 17,000 & 1,094,505.50 \\
\hline Dow Chemical Corp. & 9,000 & 466,430.25 \\
\hline E.I. Dupont deNemours & 4,000 & 479,549.27 \\
\hline Merck \& Co., Inc. & 14,000 & 452,834.61 \\
\hline Mosanto Co. & 15,999 & 690,827.60 \\
\hline Pfizer (Chas.) Co. & 26,000 & 784,093.14 \\
\hline G.D. Searle \& Co. & 30,000 & 717,250.33 \\
\hline Union Carbide & 29,000 & 1,281,771.25 \\
\hline Warner Lambert & 24,000 & 957,970.62 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{CONSTRUCTION MATERIAL \& EQUIP.} \\
\hline Caterpillar Tractor & 10,000 & 436,893.36 \\
\hline Johns Manville & 11,000 & 275,175.72 \\
\hline U. S. Gypsum Co. & 34,000 & 1,030,315.10 \\
\hline Weyerheauser & 29,000 & 621,246.16 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{ELECTRONICS} \\
\hline Burroughs Corporation & 6,000 & 548,040.80 \\
\hline General Electric Co. & 24,000 & 992,590.23 \\
\hline Hewett - Packard & 6,000 & 355,885.06 \\
\hline Honeywill, Inc. & 7,000 & 557,559.67 \\
\hline International Bus & 6,249 & 655,541.68 \\
\hline Radio Corp. of America & 19,000 & 480,115.75 \\
\hline Texas Instruments & 6,000 & 267,726.29 \\
\hline Westinghouse Electric & 16,000 & 381,141.42 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & Number of Shares & Cost \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{FOOD} \\
\hline & 14,000 & 320,455.28 \\
\hline Campbell Soup Co. & 23,000 & 811,511.30 \\
\hline Corn Products Co . & 36,000 & 1,098,476.92 \\
\hline General Foods & 18,000 & 482,156.98 \\
\hline Squibb, Beech-Nut Inc. & & \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{INSURANCE} \\
\hline & 10,000 & 218,587.40 \\
\hline Aetne Life & 18,000 & 445,360.02 \\
\hline Chubb Corporation Life & 17,500 & 704,348.58 \\
\hline Connecticut General & 15,000 & 385,833.31 \\
\hline Franklin Life Insurance Co. & 11,000 & 443,223.15 \\
\hline I N A Corporation & 22,666 & 498,305.06 \\
\hline Liberty Nat'l Life & 26,000 & 311,722.56 \\
\hline Transamerica Corp. U. S. Fidelity & 11,400 & 335,678.70 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{METALS \& STEEL} \\
\hline International Nickel & 13,000 & 352,745.16 \\
\hline Kennecott Copper Corp. & 14,000 & 338,477.00 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{MISCELLANEOUS} \\
\hline American Hospital Supply & 9,000 & 155,520.21 \\
\hline Firestone Tire \& Rubber Co. & 21,000 & 555,599.79 \\
\hline Foxboro Co. & 18,000 & 498,650.07 \\
\hline Friendly Ice Cream Corp. & 15,000 & 395,204.29 \\
\hline General Motors Corp. & 16,000 & 964,364.33 \\
\hline Gellette Co. & 7,000 & 301,406.94 \\
\hline Minnesota Mining & 14,000 & 701,147.83 \\
\hline National Cash & 30,000 & 996,840.00 \\
\hline Owens Corning & 14,000 & 598,751.51 \\
\hline Proctor \& Gamble Co. & 5,000 & 223,044.57 \\
\hline Xerox & 8,000 & 789,681.49 \\
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{PETROLEUM} \\
\hline Atlantic Richfield Co. & 15,000 & 905,833.74 \\
\hline Gulf oil Corp. & 11,000 & 712,423.95 \\
\hline Mobil Oil & 32,000 & 860,965.45 \\
\hline Phillips Petroleum Co. & 10,000 & 333,431.44 \\
\hline Shell Oil Co. & 19,000 & 633,136.40 \\
\hline Standard Oil of Calif. & 13,000 & 631,145.70 \\
\hline Standard 0 il of Ind. & 26,000 & 759,284.61 \\
\hline Standard Oil of Ohio & 13,000 & 696,645.58 \\
\hline Texaco, Inc. & 18,000 & 720,245.06 \\
\hline & 35,000 & 1,090,211.70 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Crown Zellerback Corp.
International Paper Co.
Kimberly Clark Corp.
Scott Paper Co.
PHOTOGRAPHIC PRODUCTS
Eastman Kodak Co.
Polaro£d Corp.
6,000
RETAIL STORES
Montgomery Ward \& Co.
J.C. Penney Co.
Sears, Roebuck \& Co.

PUBLIC UTILITIES
Allegheny Power American Electric American Tel. \& Tel
Arizona Public Servi
Cleveland Electric
Commonwealth Edison
Conmonwealth Edison
Florida Power \& Light
Florida Power
General Public Utility Gulf State
Iowa Electric
Iowa Power
Middle So. Utilities, Inc.
Niagara Mohswk Power
Northeast Utilities
Northern States Power Co
Ohio Edison
Panhandle E. Pipel
Southern Company
Texas Gas Transmission
Texas Utilities Co.
Union Electric Co.
Virginia Electric

\section*{10,000}

12,000
\begin{tabular}{rr}
26,000 & \(596,211.74\) \\
23,200 & \(694,040.91\) \\
17,000 & \(900,611.44\) \\
27,000 & \(645,956.71\) \\
34,000 & \(678,227.00\) \\
18,000 & \(619,242.23\) \\
16,999 & \(561,153.11\) \\
19,000 & \(584,647.57\) \\
27,000 & \(927,935.93\) \\
12,000 & \(482,268.26\) \\
24,000 & \(609,974.42\) \\
22,000 & \(458,359.43\) \\
20,000 & \(387,012.34\) \\
8,000 & \(188,169.39\) \\
17,000 & \(306,334.40\) \\
28,000 & \(511,923.35\) \\
20,000 & \(290,941.45\) \\
29,501 & \(843,087.87\) \\
22,000 & \(535,134.57\) \\
17,000 & \(611,751.40\) \\
34,000 & \(791,172.09\) \\
19,000 & \(624,729.68\) \\
30,000 & \(751,610.58\) \\
23,000 & \(447,211.43\) \\
35,000 & \(771,255.66\)
\end{tabular}

Total Common Stocks

Cost
357,787.79 512,127.98 494,594.01 751,776.24

\section*{409,080.02} 408,051.65

243,019.90 306,210.30 310,396. 35

596,211.74 \(694,040.91\)
\(900,611.44\) 900,611.44 678,227.00 \(678,227.00\)
\(619,242.23\) 561,153.11 927,935.93 482,268. 26 458,359.43 387,012.34 306,334.40 511,923.35 843,087.87 535,134.57 791,172.09 \(624,729.68\)
\(751,610.58\) \(\begin{array}{r}447,211.43 \\ 771,255.66 \\ \hline\end{array}\)
\(\$ 59,767,010.00\)

American Express Co American Tel. \& Tel. Atlantic Richfield Co. Champion Internat
I T T Corporation Gas Northern Illino Quaker Oats Co.

Total Preferred Stocks

MUTUAL FUNDS


Total Mutual Funds
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Number \\
of \\
Shares
\end{tabular} & Cost \\
\hline 3,000 & 67,757.75 \\
\hline 1,000 & 52,250.00 \\
\hline 4,000 & 94,226.57 \\
\hline 6,000 & 175,456.15 \\
\hline 11,000 & 356,174.80 \\
\hline 3,000 & 84,162.90 \\
\hline 363 & 12,247.33 \\
\hline 2,500 & 185,259.10 \\
\hline 6,000 & 313,325.31 \\
\hline & \$1,340,859.91 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Number
of
Shares

60,062
28,337 20,353

67,757.75 52,250.00
\(94,226.57\) 175,456.15 356,174.80 84,162.90 12,247.33 \(185,259.10\)
313.325 .31 \(\$ 1,340,859.91\)

\section*{Cost}

251,030.88 219,691.28 \(\begin{array}{r}152,568,00 \\ \hline\end{array}\)
623.290 .16

Highlights

TABLE 1. Number of STATE EMPLOYEES and Annual Salaries - Classified by 5-year Age


\(\underline{M} \underline{\underline{L} \underline{E}}\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline Age Group & Number & \begin{tabular}{l}
Annual \\
Salaries
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Under 25 & 665 & \$5,096,543 \\
\hline 25 to 29 incl. & 510 & 4,700,654 \\
\hline 30 to 34 incl. & 570 & 5,400,862 \\
\hline 35 to 39 incl. & 750 & 7,279,878 \\
\hline 40 to 44 incl. & 865 & 8,938,684 \\
\hline 45 to 49 incl. & 884 & 8,560,695 \\
\hline 50 to 54 incl. & 997 & 8,777,490 \\
\hline 55 to 59 incl. & 1,020 & 9,482,035 \\
\hline 60 to 64 incl. & 876 & 8,396,324 \\
\hline 65 and over & 637 & 5,944,899 \\
\hline Totals & 7,774 & \$72,578,064 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

TABLE 2. Number of STATE EMPLOYEES and Annual Salaries - Classified by 5 year Service Groups.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline M A L E
Lencth_of Sorvice & Numbar & \begin{tabular}{l}
Annual \\
Salaries
\end{tabular} &  & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Annual } \\
\text { Salarian }
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline Less than 5 years & 2,648 & \$20,766,960 & 2,897 & \$18,041,619 \\
\hline 5 to 9 yrs incl. & 1,979 & 17,911,114 & 2,076 & 13,179,699 \\
\hline 10 to 14 yrs. incl. & 1,268 & 12,525,044 & 993 & 7,875,441 \\
\hline 15 to \(19 \mathrm{yrs}\). . incl. & 894 & 9,182,193 & 582 & 5,406,888 \\
\hline 20 to 24 yrs . incl. & 448 & 5,418,540 & 346 & 3,371,681 \\
\hline 25 to 29 yrs. incl. & 323 & 3,541,504 & 234 & 2,332,932 \\
\hline 30 yrs and over & 214 & 3,232,709 & 173 & 1,818,666 \\
\hline Totals & 7,774 & \$72,578,064 & 7,301 & \$ 52,026,926 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}



FOR

STATE EMPLOYEES AND TEACHER MEMBERS




\section*{BENEFITS AND CONTRIBUTION SCHEDULE}

The provisions of the retirement plan forming the basis of this valuation are summarized as follows:
1. Optional Retirement is optional with a member upon attainretirement
ment of the age 10 years of credited servic completed at least Membersirement office well in advance of their the retirement

Any member with 30 years of service may retire at age 55, also under age 55, at a reduced allowance, being the actuarial equivalent of the value of the allowance at age 55.

Any member may retire after 35 years of service, regardless of age, without discount.
2. Vesting

In a case of a member leaving service prior to the attainment of age 60, the right to a pension benefit is vested in the member if he has at least 10 years of service credit. The retirement allowance will become available to the member upon attaining age 60, provided he has not taken a refund on his contributions.
3. Compulsory Retirement is compulsory at age 70, with the exretirement ception of elected or term appointed officials. State employees must retire on the first of the month following the month they attain age 70 . School teachers are allowed to complete the school year in which they attain age 70 .
4. Amount of The amount payable upon retirement is \(1.7 \%\) for the annuity first ten years, \(1.9 \%\) for each year from 11 to 20 years, and \(2.4 \%\) for each year over 20. A maximum benefit of \(80 \%\) of average compensation is payable after completion of 38 years of service.
5. Basis of annuity
6. Post-retirement increment

Average compensation means the average annual earned salary for any 3 highest consecutive years.

State employees who retired prior to January 1, 1968 receive a cost of living adjustment of \(1 \frac{1}{2} \%\) of their original pension grant for each year on retirement (not compounded), up to January 1971, Teach for each year after 1971 with no maximum. Teachers who retired prior to January 1968 re-
7. Optional
annuity in service
protection 10 years of servicer attainment of age 60 with 10 years of service, or at age 50 with 20 years of service may elect to provide on an actuarial
equivalent basis, an annuity for a designated should dary to become payable upon his death inactive tion may be revokith restrictions. This elecretirement or before. the member at time of retirement or before.
8. Re-employ ment of retirees

State and municipal retirees may be re-employed by city or state agencies for up to 75 days in any calendar year without loss of pension. No additional credit is gained and if service exceeds 75 days the pension is suspended.
Teachers may substitute up to 75 days in any school year. Same rules apply after 75 days. Members and employers must report the days worked monthly to the retirement board.
9. Occupational disability

A member becoming disabled while under age 65 as the direct result of the performance of duty or occupation is entitled to \(66-2 / 3 \%\) of his rate of salary at date of disability, reduced by workmen's compensation payments.
10. Occupational death disability

Upon death of a member due directly to occupational causes, the benefit payable is (1) a refund of the members total contributions to the system and (2) if a widow survives, a benefit of \(50 \%\) of the members salary at date of death to be paid monthly. If no widow survives or if the widow remarries, the benefit is payable to minor children under age 18 until their attainment of age 18 or prior death. If there be no widow or children the benefit is payable to a dependent father or mother for life.
11. Nonoccu-

Upon disability occuring not due to occupational conditions, a member with at least 7 years of service credit is entitled to a benefit equal to the amount of the service retirement allowance covering the period of the total credited service of the member. A member qualifying for this benefit but not having 15 years of service is entitled to receive the benefit prescribed for 15 years of service. Therefore, a minimum benefit of \(26.5 \%\) is payable. Applicants must submit proof of disability and be examined by 3 doctors assigned by the retirement board. Members eligible for regular service retirement are ineligible for disability benefits.
12. Nonoccupational death

Upon death of a member while in service from any cause other than occupational disability, his designated beneficiary or the estate of the member is contributions, and a lump sum payment equal to \(\$ 400\) per year of credited service of the member, subject to a minimum of \(\$ 2000\) and a maximum of \$8000.
13. Death retiremen retirement
14. Refunds
15. Financing
(a) State employees and teachers of the State schools are required to contribute \(5 \%\) of salary to the system.

Teachers of the public schools are required to contribute \(6 \%\) of salary. Contributions cease after 38 years of service.
(b) Contributions by State on partial funded basis according to 5-years projected expenditures. Current rate: 6.5\% of total salaries for State employees; 9.0\% of total salaries for teachers divided equally between the State and the Cities and Towns.
16. Provisions for members of the General Assembly any of the optional provisions of the retirement act, his beneficiary is entitled to a refund of the excess, if any, of his total member contributions over the amount of pension benefits he has received. He also receives continued coverage for in service death benefit while on retirement but the amount is reduced \(25 \%\) each year after the first year to a minimum of \(25 \%\) of the full death benefit that had accrued at date of retirement but not less than \(\$ 2000\).

A member, upon terminating from service, may A member, refund of his total contributions receive a the system. The member must apply to the Retire ment Office for his refund.

General Assembly members contribute \(30 \%\) of salary to the fund and are eligible for most of the benefits provided for other members with the following listed exceptions. A legislator may retire at age 55 with eight years of legisla-

Upon death of a retired member who did not elect tive service or after 20 years of legislative service at any age. Military service may be granted or purchased under certain conditions and be included as legislative service.

The retirement annuity is \(\$ 300\) for each year of service up to a maximum of \(\$ 4000\) per year, payable to spouse upon death.
General Assembly service may be used for a state employee pension and state service can be included for a legislative pension.

Members elected at a special election are entitled to a full year's credit upon payment of the appropriate contribution

Members of the General Assembly may continue their death benefit coverage upon leaving office retirement board.

Membership is optional and may be commenced at any time during a legislator's service in office.
17. Pension credit for out-ofstate or private teaching service
18. Prior Military service

Out of state teaching and certain in state non public school teaching can be purchased within the first three years of membership or December 1974, whichever is later, at a cost of \(10 \%\) of salary at time of application to purchase Maximum credit is 5 years. These credits are applied to regular service retirement only and cannot be applied to any other benefits. Ten years of service in Rhode Island still required to retire in addition to out of state credits.

Military service is granted to a maximum of 4 years if member left on official leave and returned to employment six months after discharge. Other military service is granted if purchased at a cost of \(10 \%\) of first year's earnings as an employee, for each year purchased up to four years maximum.
19. Special survivors benefit for teachers of Cities and Towns who did not elect federal social security coverage for teachers prior to July l, 1963
20. Benefits payable under Special Survivors Program
'he program for Survivors' Benefits is applicable only to teachers of the cities and town of state. Teachers of the state schools are covered by federal social security and have the benefit of the survivors' insurance provisions of the program.

The Survivor Benefits Plan is compulsory for all teachers of the cities and towns, except the teachers of any city or town which has elected federal social security coverage for its teachers.
(a) A member under the plan must make contributions for at least 6 consecutive calendar months rior to death or retirement, if his survivors are to qualify for benefits.

Benefits are effective from the first of the month following the month in which eligibility occurs and no payment is made for the month in which ineligibility occurs.
(b) Payable to a widow who was married to the deceased member at least 1 year prior to death, with no surviving children under age 18, and was with no surviving childar with the member at time of his death or was receiving regular support from him by court order. A widow shall be eligible to receive benefits upon attaining age 60

Remarriage of a widow shall render her ineligibl for current or future benefits. The amounts of benefit payable are as follows:
Latest Annual
Salary

Widow's Monthly Benefit
\begin{tabular}{rr}
\(\$ 3,000\) & \(\$ 144.00\) \\
4,200 & 175.00 \\
5,400 & 205.00 \\
6,600 & 240.00 \\
7,800 & 280.00 \\
9,000 & 306.00 \\
9,600 & (and over)
\end{tabular}
(c) Payable to a widow of a deceased member at time of death of the member provided the widow:
(a) has in her care a child or children of the deceased member, under the age of 18 , and
(b) was living with on receiving regular sup port by court order from the member at time of his death

Remarriage of a widow shall render her ineligible for current or future benefits.

A former wife divorced is eligible for benefits provided the conditions stated above are met.

When the youngest child attains age 18, the widow is entitled to receive the widow's benefit at age is e
60.
The amounts of benefit payable are as follows:
\begin{tabular}{rrl} 
Latest & Widow & Widow and \\
Annual & and I & 2 or more \\
Salary & Child & Children \\
\hline\(\$ 3,000\) & \(\$ 236.00\) & \(\$ 241.00\) \\
4,200 & 288.00 & 334.00 \\
5,400 & 338.00 & 421.00 \\
6,600 & 389.00 & 470.00 \\
7,800 & 447.00 & 521.00 \\
9,000 & 479.00 & 558.00 \\
9,600 & (and over) 492.00 & 574.00
\end{tabular}
(d) Payable to a child or children, including a stepchild or adopted child of a deceased member at time of death of a member if the child:
(1) is unmarried and under the age of 18, and
(3) was dependent upon the member, or
said dependent child, regardless of age, has a disability which began before attainment of age 18 .

A child who was neither living with nor receiving more than \(\frac{1}{2}\) support from the deceased member or who has been adopted by some other individual shall be ineligible for benefits.

The amounts of monthly benefit payable are as follows:
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Latest & One & Two & Three or more \\
\hline Annual & Child & Children & Children \\
\hline Salary & Alone & Alone & Alone \\
\hline \$3,000 & \$104.00 & \$236.00 & \$241.00 \\
\hline 4,200 & 160.00 & 288.00 & 334.00 \\
\hline 5,400 & 175.00 & 338.00 & 421.00 \\
\hline 6,600 & 200.00 & 389.00 & 470.00 \\
\hline 7,800 & 220.00 & 447.00 & 521.00 \\
\hline 9,000 & 246.00 & 479.00 & 558.00 \\
\hline 9,600 & 255.00 & 492.00 & 574.00 \\
\hline (and & er) & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
(e) Payable to a widower of a deceased member who was married to the member at least 1 year prior to death, and who was living with the member or receiving regular support from the member. A widower shall be eligible to receive benefits upon attaining age 60 and remarriage of a widower shall render him ineligible for current or future benefits.

The amount of benefit payable shall be the same as those prescribed for a widow.
(f) Payable to a dependent parent or parents of a member who did not leave a surviving widow, widower or eligible child, provided the parent:
(a) has attained age 60, and
(b) has not remarried since the members death and
(c) is not entitled to a social security benefit from his own earnings equal to or greater than this benefit.

The rates of benefit are the same as those prescribed for a widow.
21. Financing

Members of the program are required to make contributions of \(1 \%\) of salary up to a salary of \(\$ 9,600\) per year. This is matched equally by the cities and towns. All contributions are credited and all payments are chargeable to the "Survivors' Benefits Fund."
(a) If a member leaves teaching service before retirement he is entitled to a refund of member contributions without interest.
(C) tipent fiectith of \(A\) mamber whifle in serwlice.


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