Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

An Agency of the State of Oregon

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

Paul R. Cleary
Executive Director

David W. Tyler Chief Financial Officer



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Introductory Section

Letter of Transmittal



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December 15, 2006

Public Employees Retirement Board Oregon Public Employees Retirement System 11410 SW 68th Parkway Tigard, Oregon 97223

We are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS or "the System") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. This report includes all funds over which the Public Employees Retirement Board (Board) exercises authority. These funds were established to provide retirement, death, and disability benefits to members; administer retiree health insurance programs; and oversee the state-sponsored deferred compensation program. As of June 30, 2006, PERS provided services to 289,223 members, beneficiaries, and retirees and to 881 employers.

The CAFR is intended to fulfill the legal requirements of Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 238.630(2)(e). PERS management is responsible for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures.

The Secretary of State Audits Division has audited the accompanying financial statements in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and their opinion is included in this report.

The report is divided into five sections: (1) an Introductory Section, which contains this transmittal letter, administrative organization, the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting, and the Public Pension Standards Award; (2) the Financial Section, which contains the Independent Auditor's Report by the Secretary of State Audits Division, Management's Discussion and Analysis, the System's financial statements and notes, and certain required supplementary information; (3) an Investment Section, which contains the investment officer's report on investment activity, investment policies, investment results, and various investment schedules; (4) the Actuarial Section, which contains the actuary's certification letter and the results of the annual actuarial valuation; and (5) the Statistical Section, which includes significant PERS data.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. We would like to direct your attention to MD&A, which begins on page 12.

Economic Condition and Major Initiatives

The economic condition of PERS is affected primarily by investment earnings. A comparative analysis of rates of return is presented on page 54 of this report.

Major Initiatives

Strunk/Eugene Project

Based on the 2005 Oregon Supreme court decision in the <u>Strunk v. PERS</u> case and the settlement agreement in the <u>City</u> <u>of Eugene v. PERS</u> case, PERS is required to:

- · credit Tier One member regular accounts with the assumed earnings rate, currently 8 percent, for 2003 and 2004;
- · credit any withheld cost-of-living adjustments to members who retired between April 2000 and April 2004; and
- · reallocate 1999 earnings to Tier One member regular accounts at 11.33 percent instead of 20 percent.

The Strunk/Eugene project's goal is to meet these requirements. The project's planning team identified two major phases: Member Account Adjustments and Payment Recipient Adjustments.

The Member Account Adjustments phase involved reallocating earnings for 1999 and subsequent years to active and dormant Tier One member, alternate payee, and beneficiary accounts. The adjustments were successfully completed in December 2005.

The Payment Recipient Adjustments phase entails recalculating benefits for payment recipients affected by the <u>Strunk</u> decision and <u>Eugene</u> settlement agreement. In some cases, PERS owes the recipient additional funds, while in other cases the recipient owes PERS funds. As of June 30, 2006, PERS is beginning these adjustments, which are scheduled through June 30, 2009.

Individual Account Program (IAP) Remediation

On January 1, 2004, PERS implemented the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP) as part of a number of reform measures enacted by the 2003 Oregon Legislature. OPSRP consists of a Pension Program that provides a defined benefit pension plan for employees hired on or after August 29, 2003, funded by employer contributions. OPSRP also has an Individual Account Program (IAP), a defined contribution-type plan funded by employee contributions for all members active on or after January 1, 2004.

Since its inception, the IAP did not meet the expectations of members, employers, and stakeholders. As such, PERS has created an IAP remediation project to simplify the program for members and employers, ensure that contributions and earnings are fully posted, and provide for future corrections if necessary to address missing or inaccurate data.

Changes to the IAP will more closely align the program with the way PERS administers member regular accounts under Tier One and Tier Two. The remediation project began in the spring of 2006 and is expected to be completed in late 2006.

Oregon Retirement Information On-line Network (ORION)

PERS staff continued its efforts in a four-year project to replace the agency's legacy Retirement Information Management System (RIMS) with a new fully integrated application, ORION. The new line of business application is expected to provide increased efficiencies through automation, integration, and data accuracy not currently provided by RIMS. The conversion from RIMS to ORION is expected to be completed by November 2009.

Financial Information

The financial information contained in this document is presented in conformance with reporting requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements 25 (defined benefit pension plans), 26 (postemployment healthcare plans), and 32 (deferred compensation plans).

Internal Controls

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls to protect PERS assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. This internal control system provides reasonable but not absolute assurance that these objectives are met.

Funding

Member contributions are set by statute at 6.0 to 7.0 percent of covered salary. Employer contributions have been established by actuarial valuations conducted biennially in odd-numbered calendar years. PERS' funding objective is to meet long-term benefit promises through contributions that fund benefits as they accrue. An adequate contribution level, when combined with investment earnings, will result in the full funding of benefits as they come due. If the level of funding is adequate, the ratio of assets accumulated to total liabilities will increase, and more income will be available for investment. Prudent investment of assets and returns on those investments should increase the funding base and allow for a more stable employer contribution rate. PERS currently has a funded ratio of 104.2 percent for the defined benefit plan it administers (see page 39).

Investments

The Oregon Investment Council (OIC) has statutory authority (ORS 293.701) to establish policies for the investment and reinvestment of PERS funds. The OIC's primary investment objective is to make PERS investment funds as productive as possible. At the same time, the OIC acts as a prudent investor in the management of the PERS portfolio.

An integral part of investment policy is the strategic asset allocation policy. The target investment portfolio mix at fair value as of June 30, 2006, is 33 percent domestic equities, 20 percent international equities, 12 percent alternative equities,

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

27 percent debt securities, and 8 percent real estate. In addition to approved asset classes, target asset allocation ranges, and rebalancing policies, other safeguards on investments include the use of an independent custodian, defined limits of delegated authority, and independent audits. The System's investment outlook is long-term, allowing the portfolio to take advantage of the favorable risk-return characteristics of equities by placing more emphasis on this category. The OIC uses primarily external portfolio managers, employing both passive (indexed) and active strategies. The portfolio is broadly diversified among equities, debt securities, real estate, and alternative equities with additional diversification achieved through domestic and international investing. PERS securities are held by a custodian, State Street Bank and Trust Company.

PERS' investment portfolio exhibited high returns in fiscal year 2006 with a rate of return of 14.3 percent. This compares with 13.7 percent for fiscal year 2005. The fund's five-year return is 8.1 percent, exceeding the System's actuarial assumed rate of 8 percent.

Descriptions of specific OIC policies regarding diversification, performance objectives, fees, and asset allocation are found on pages 52 through 58.

Awards and Acknowledgements

Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to PERS for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award that recognizes conformance with the highest standards of preparation of state and local government financial reports.

To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR, whose contents conform to program standards. The CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for one year only. PERS has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last 15 consecutive years. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA.

Public Pension Standards Award

The Public Pension Coordinating Council (PPCC) awarded the 2006 Public Pension Standards Award to PERS for its plan design and administration.

The PPCC is a coalition of three associations representing public pension funds that cover the vast majority of public employees in the United States. The associations are: the National Association of State Retirement Administrators (NASRA), the National Conference on Public Employee Retirement Systems (NCPERS), and the National Council on Teacher Retirement (NCTR). Public pension standards are intended to reflect minimum expectations for public retirement system management and administration and to serve as benchmarks by which all defined benefit public plans are measured.

This is the fourth year the PPCC has offered the award to public retirement systems and the third consecutive year PERS has applied for and received the award.

Acknowledgments

PERS intends to provide complete and reliable information as a basis for making management decisions, to demonstrate responsible stewardship of assets contributed by members and their employers, and to comply with legal provisions. The compilation of this report reflects the combined efforts of the PERS staff.

This report is available on the PERS website at www.oregon.gov/pers, and a link to this document will be e-mailed to all PERS employers. Summary financial information and the website link will be reported in the PERS newsletter, *Perspectives*, which is distributed to active and retired members.

The cooperation of PERS employers contributes significantly to PERS' success and is greatly appreciated. We would also like to express our gratitude to the PERS staff, the Board, the OIC, our advisors, and the many other people who work so diligently to assure the successful operation of PERS.

Respectfully submitted,

Paul R. Cleary Executive Director David W. Tyler Chief Financial Officer

Public Employees Retirement Board

The Oregon Legislature has delegated authority to the PERS Board of Trustees to administer the System. The Board is composed of five trustees who administer retirement (service and disability), death, and retiree health insurance benefits.

PERS also administers the Oregon Savings Growth Plan, a deferred compensation program for state and local government employees.

All members of the Board are appointed by the governor and confirmed by the Senate. The governor designates the chairperson.

One member must be a public employer manager or a local elected official, one member must be a union-represented public employee, and three members must have experience in business management, pension management, or investing.

The three Board members representing business management, pension management, or investing are James Dalton, Eva Kripalani, and Michael Pittman. Thomas Grimsley was appointed to represent public employees, and Brenda Rocklin was appointed to represent public employers. Pittman is Board chair; Rocklin is vice chair.

The current term for each member began September 1, 2003, with staggered expiration dates.

Michael Pittman (chair)

Michael Pittman, chair, has approximately 20 years of experience in the human resource and employee benefits field. He has served in senior corporate human resource roles, which have included responsibilities for pensions in the United States and the United Kingdom. Currently, he is providing consulting services in this area. Pittman received his bachelor's degree in environmental health in 1975 and his master's degree in environmental health in 1982. He earned both degrees at the University of Washington.

Brenda Rocklin (vice chair)

Brenda Rocklin, vice chair, is the president and chief executive officer of the State Accident Insurance Fund (SAIF) Corporation. Before SAIF, she served as director of the Oregon Lottery. Rocklin was an assistant attorney general in the Oregon Department of Justice (DOJ) from 1984 to 2002, where she worked in administration, the Appellate Division, the Criminal Justice Division, and the Civil Enforcement Division. Before joining the Department of Justice, Rocklin was a deputy district attorney in Umatilla County from 1981 to 1983. Rocklin received her bachelor's degree in journalism at Idaho State University in 1978 and her J.D. at the Willamette University College of Law in 1981.

James Dalton

James Dalton has been with Beaverton-based technology firm Tektronix since 1989. He currently serves as the senior vice president of Corporate Development and is responsible for Corporate Development, Central Engineering, the corporate secretary, and the law department. He also chairs the Tektronix Foundation. He was a past member of the board of directors of RadiSys Corporation and the Multnomah County Library Foundation. Dalton received his bachelor's degree in economics from the University of Massachusetts and his J.D. from Boston College Law School.

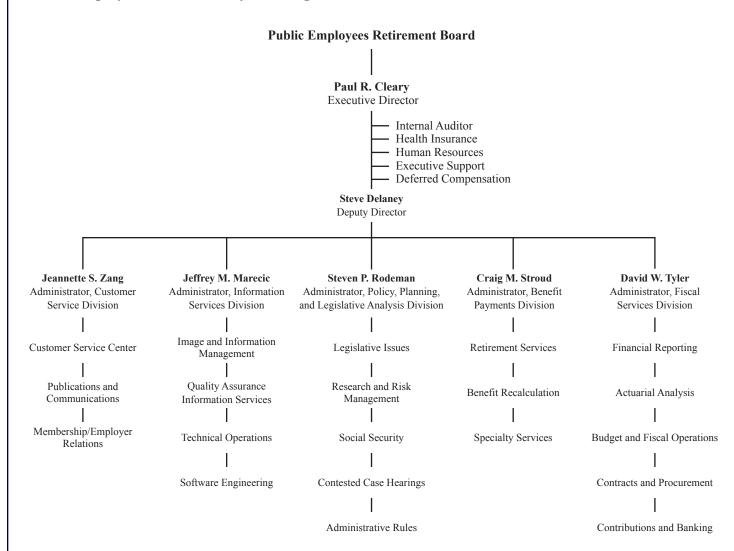
Thomas Grimsley

Thomas Grimsley has taught in the Bethel School District #52 in Eugene since 1981 and was a contract negotiator for the Bethel teachers last four labor contracts. He has served as a member of Bethel's Joint Benefits and Insurance committee for the past 17 years and as vice president of Eugene's Education Association for the past eight years. He taught in the Rogue River School District from 1979 to 1981 and two high schools in San Jose, California, from 1977 to 1978. Grimsley received his bachelor's degree in music and his teaching credential in music, speech, English, and drama at California State University Chico in 1977. He completed his math endorsement at Lane Community College and the University of Oregon in 1990.

Eva Kripalani

Eva Kripalani became senior vice president and general counsel of Knowledge Learning Corporation effective January 7, 2005, following the company's acquisition of KinderCare Learning Centers, Inc. She joined KinderCare in 1997, serving as senior vice president, general counsel, and corporate secretary. Prior to KinderCare, Kripalani was a partner in the law firm of Stoel Rives LLP in Portland, Oregon, where she had worked since 1987 with an emphasis on corporate and securities law, mergers, and acquisitions. Kripalani serves on the boards of directors of the Cascade AIDS Project and the Portland State University Foundation. She also serves on the advisory board for the Portland State University School of Business. Ms. Kripalani was selected as a 2002 outstanding woman in business by the Portland Business Journal. She received her B.S. in finance law, magna cum laude, from Portland State University in 1983 and her J.D., magna cum laude, from the Willamette University College of Law in 1986.

Public Employees Retirement System Organizational Chart



Public Employees Retirement System Consultants

Actuary:

Mercer Human Resource Consulting, LLC

Legal Counsel:

Oregon Department of Justice Orrick Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP Ice Miller® Bullivant Houser Bailey PC

Insurance Consultant:

B.W. Reed Benefits, LLC

Medical Advisor:

Lawrence Duckler, MD

Technology:

Saber Solutions, Inc. Provaliant, Inc.

Auditor:

Secretary of State Audits Division

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2005

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

WE CORPORATION STATES OF CHICAGO

President

Executive Director



Public Pension Coordinating Council Public Pension Standards 2006 Award

Presented to

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

In recognition of meeting professional standards for plan design and administration as set forth in the Public Pension Standards.

Presented by the Public Pension Coordinating Council, a confederation of

National Association of State Retirement Administrators (NASRA) National Conference on Public Employee Retirement Systems (NCPERS) National Council on Teacher Retirement (NCTR)

> Alan H. Winkle Program Administrator

alan Allinble

Financial Section

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE Bill Bradbury Secretary of State



AUDITS DIVISION Charles A. Hibner Director

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Auditing for a Better Oregon

The Honorable Theodore R. Kulongoski Governor of Oregon 160 State Capitol Salem, Oregon 97301-4047

Public Employees Retirement Board Oregon Public Employees Retirement System 11410 SW 68th Parkway Tigard, Oregon 97223

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (system), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the system's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the system's internal controls over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 4, the financial statements referred to above present only the system and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the state of Oregon as of June 30, 2006, and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the system, as of June 30, 2006, and the changes in

financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2006, on our consideration of the system's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the system's basic financial statements. The accompanying supporting schedules, and the introductory, investment, actuarial, and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supporting schedules, as listed in the table of contents, have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory, investment, actuarial, and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

OREGON AUDITS DIVISION

Bill Bradbury Secretary of State

December 15, 2006

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section presents management's discussion and analysis of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System's (PERS or "the System") financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2006. Please read it in conjunction with the transmittal letter on pages 2 through 4 and the financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION

1. Basic Financial Statements

The System presents financial statements as of June 30, 2006 and 2005, prepared on a full accrual basis. They are:

- a. Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets
- b. Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets
- c. Notes to the Financial Statements

2. Required Supplementary Information

The required supplementary information consists of:

- a. Schedules of Funding Progress
- b. Schedule of Employer Contributions
- c. Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

3. Other Supplementary Schedules

- a. Combining schedules show the detailed components of the Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Postemployment Healthcare Plan.
- b. Other schedules include detailed information on administrative expenses incurred by the System and a summary of investment fees, commissions, and expenses.

The basic financial statements contained in this CAFR are described below:

- The Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets show a point-in-time snapshot of account balances at fiscal year-end. They report the assets available for future benefit payments and any current liabilities as of the statement date. The liabilities do not include the actuarial value of future benefits. Net Assets (Assets Liabilities = Net Assets) represent the value of assets held in trust for payment of pension benefits.
- The Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets show the sources and uses of funds during the fiscal year, where Additions Deductions = Net Increase (or Decrease) in Net Assets. This Net Increase (or Decrease) in Net Assets illustrates the change in net assets as reported in the Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets from the prior year to the current year.

The financial statements are prepared based on an economic resources focus and accrual basis of accounting in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The provision of objective, consistent, and comparable information about operating costs requires a measurement focus on economic resource flows. It also requires use of the accrual basis of accounting, which recognizes economic transactions and other events when they occur rather than only when the related inflows and outflows of cash or other financial resources occur. Acquired but unused goods and services are reported as assets until they are used, thus giving important information about resources already acquired that can be used to provide future services.

• The notes to the financial statements, beginning on page 22, are an integral part of the financial statements and include additional detailed information and schedules to provide a better understanding of the financial statements. Information in the notes discloses the System's organization, benefits and contributions, how asset values are determined, and contingencies and commitments.

In addition to the financial statements explained above, this CAFR includes two additional Required Supplementary Information schedules with historical trend information.

- The Schedules of Funding Progress, page 39, contain actuarial information about the status of the plan from an ongoing, long-term perspective, showing whether there are sufficient assets to pay pension and postemployment benefits when due. Valuation Assets in excess of Actuarial Liabilities indicate that sufficient assets have been accumulated as of the valuation date to fund the future benefits of current members and retirees.
- The Schedule of Employer Contributions, page 40, contain historical trend information regarding the value of total annual contributions employers must pay and the actual contributions made to meet this requirement.
- The Notes to the Required Supplementary Information, page 41, provide background information and explanatory detail to help understand the required supplementary schedules.

The Schedules of Plan Net Assets and Schedules of Changes in Plan Net Assets, pages 42 through 45, display the components of the defined benefit and postemployment healthcare plans.

The Schedule of Administrative Expenses and Schedule of Payments to Consultants and Contractors on page 46 show the costs of managing the System. The Summary of Investment Fees, Commissions, and Expenses on page 47 provides the detail of investment-related expenses included in the line items Investment Expense and Securities Lending Expense reported in the Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- PERS' assets exceed its liabilities at the close of fiscal year 2006, with \$56,554.9 million held in trust for pension, postemployment healthcare, Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan Individual Account Program (IAP), and deferred compensation benefits.
- Fiduciary net assets increased by \$5,941.3 million, or 11.7 percent, during the fiscal year due primarily to continued strong investment returns.
- PERS' funding objective is to meet long-term benefit obligations. As of December 31, 2005, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, the funded ratio of the defined benefit pension plan was 104.2 percent. In general, this means that for every dollar of pension benefits due, PERS has approximately \$1.04 of net assets available for payment.
- Revenues (additions to fiduciary net assets) for fiscal year 2006 rose 19.1 percent to \$8,550.8 million, which includes member and employer contributions of \$1,396.8 million and net gains from investment activities totaling \$7,147.4 million.
- Expenses (deductions from fiduciary net assets) increased slightly to \$2,609.6 million, or 0.4 percent, during fiscal year 2006, from \$2,598.6 million during fiscal year 2005.

FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

The condensed comparative summary of Fiduciary Net Assets below demonstrates that the pension trust funds are primarily focused on investments and net assets (reserves).

- The net assets of the defined benefit pension plan increased approximately \$5,279.8 million, or 10.8 percent, during the year ended June 30, 2006. Improving financial markets produced positive returns on PERS investments for the fourth year in a row. Additionally, in accordance with statutory changes that went into effect during the fiscal year, the net assets of the OPSRP definined benefit (DB) were combined with the net assets of the ORS Chapter 238 defined benefit pension plan for financial reporting purposes.
- The net assets of the postemployment healthcare plan increased approximately \$35.8 million, or 20.8 percent, during the year ended June 30, 2006, due to increases in member contributions and investment income.
- The net assets of the IAP increased approximately \$561.6 million during the year ended June 30, 2006, due to increases in member contributions and investment returns.
- The net assets of the deferred compensation plan increased approximately \$89.0 million, or 12.0 percent, during the year ended June 30, 2006, primarily due to positive investment returns.

TABLE 1 FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS (in millions) As of June 30:

| | Defined Pensio | Benefit n Plan | Postemployment Healthcare Plan | | 1 0 | | PDB* | OPSR | RP IAP | Deferred Compensation Plan | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|----------|-----|----|---------|-----------|----------|-------------------------------|----------|
| | 2006 | 2005 | 2006 | 2005 | 20 | 06 | 2005 | 2006 | 2005 | 2006 | 2005 |
| Cash and Receivables | \$ 4,091.0 | \$ 4,066.2 | \$ 25.5 | \$ 22.2 | \$ | _ | \$ 8.3 | \$ 132.1 | \$ 91.2 | \$ 5.3 | \$ 1.3 |
| Investments at Fair Value | 53,487.1 | 47,790.1 | 193.9 | 158.3 | | _ | 23.8 | 1,106.8 | 550.0 | 831.4 | 742.4 |
| Securities Lending Collateral | 5,219.5 | 5,506.0 | 20.5 | 19.8 | | _ | 3.2 | 114.4 | 69.7 | 0.7 | 0.2 |
| Other | 16.7 | 9.8 | | | | _ | 6.3 | 0.8 | 0.8 | | |
| Total Assets | 62,814.3 | 57,372.1 | 239.9 | 200.3 | | | 41.6 | 1,354.1 | 711.7 | 837.4 | 743.9 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Investment Purchases | 3,092.7 | 2,632.1 | 11.3 | 8.2 | | _ | 5.9 | 64.5 | 30.1 | _ | 0.1 |
| Securities Lending Payable | 5,219.5 | 5,506.0 | 20.5 | 19.8 | | _ | 3.2 | 114.4 | 69.7 | 0.7 | 0.2 |
| Other Payables | 158.9 | 170.6 | 0.1 | 0.1 | | | 7.6 | 3.7 | 2.0 | 4.5 | 0.4 |
| Total Liabilities | 8,471.1 | 8,308.7 | 31.9 | 28.1 | | _ | 16.7 | 182.6 | 101.8 | 5.2 | 0.7 |
| Total Net Assets | \$54,343.2 | \$ 49,063.4 | \$ 208.0 | \$ 172.2 | | | \$ 24.9 | \$1,171.5 | \$ 609.9 | \$ 832.2 | \$ 743.2 |

^{*}The 2005 Legislative Assembly passed House Bill 3262 requiring that the OPSRP DB program be combined with the Defined Benefit Pension Plan for financial reporting purposes.

CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

Revenues – Additions to Fiduciary Net Assets

Additions to Fiduciary Net Assets needed to finance retirement benefits are accumulated through the collection of employer and member contributions and through investment income.

- Member contributions to the defined benefit pension plan were unchanged from fiscal year 2005 to fiscal year 2006. In both years member contributions were \$9.6 million.
- Member contributions to the postemployment healthcare plan were also relatively flat, decreasing slightly from \$85.8 million in fiscal year 2005 to 85.7 in fiscal year 2006.
- Member contributions to the IAP increased \$54.7 million, or 15.1%. The salaries on which contributions are based increased significantly after a three-year budgetary freeze.
- Member contributions to the deferred compensation plan rose 5.7 percent, from \$56.5 million in fiscal year 2005 to \$59.7 million in fiscal 2006. Active membership increased slightly from 18,516 to 18,798.
- Employer contributions to the defined benefit pension plan decreased \$1.8 million in fiscal year 2006. Employer contributions were \$783.9 million in fiscal year 2006 and \$785.7 million in fiscal year 2005. Reductions in contribution rates largely offset any increases due to higher salaries.
- Employer contributions to the postemployment healthcare plan increased \$0.6 million, or 1.5 percent, compared to fiscal year 2005 due to an increase in the subject salaries on which payments are based.
- Net investment and other income in the defined benefit pension plan was \$6,919.1 million, a \$1,233.6 million, or 21.7 percent, increase over fiscal year 2005 income of \$5,685.5 million.
- Net investment and other income in the postemployment healthcare plan was \$24.5 million, a \$6.6 million increase, or 36.9 percent, over fiscal year 2005 income of \$17.9 million.
- Net investment and other income in the IAP was \$139.7 million, a 168.7 percent increase over fiscal 2005 net investment and other income. Investment income increased substantially as net assets nearly doubled.
- Net investment and other income in the deferred compensation plan was \$70.7 million, a \$17.2 million, or 32.1 percent, increase from fiscal year 2005 income of \$53.5 million.

Expenses – Deductions from Fiduciary Net Assets

Benefit payments, refunds of contributions to members who terminate employment, health insurance premium subsidies, deferred compensation payments, and administrative costs comprise the System's expenses.

- Pension benefit and other payments from the defined benefit pension plan increased by \$3.6 million, or 0.1 percent. This activity includes an accrual of \$62.5 million for recovery of overpaid benefits as a result of the Supreme Court decision upholding 2003 PERS Reform Legislation, an accrual of \$11.2 million of bad debt expense related to the recovery of overpaid benefits, and a decrease of \$27.1 million in refunds of member contributions. The decrease in refunds reflects the nature of the plan that is closed to new participants and the approaching of retirement age by existing participants.
- Postemployment healthcare and other payments decreased \$1.6 million, or 1.4 percent, from prior-year payments due to decreases in premium payments.
- IAP benefit and other payments increased \$14.5 million, or 223.1 percent. Refunds of contributions and benefits paid were minimal in the prior fiscal year that was the second year of the plan.
- Deferred compensation benefit and other payments increased \$1.3 million, or 3.2 percent, due to an increase in the number of retirements during the year.

The table below shows a condensed comparative summary of the changes in fiduciary net assets and reflects the activities of the plans administered by the System.

TABLE 2 CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS (in millions) For the Years Ending June 30:

| | | l Benefit on Plan | Postemployment Healthcare Plan | OPSRP DB* | OPSRP IAP | Deferred Compensation Plan |
|--|------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|
| | 2006 | 2005 | 2006 2005 | 2006 2005 | 2006 2005 | 2006 2005 |
| Additions: | | | | | | |
| Member Contributions | \$ 9.6 | \$ 9.6 | \$ 85.7 \$ 85.8 | \$ | \$ 417.6 \$ 362.9 | \$ 59.7 \$ 56.5 |
| Employer Contributions | 783.9 | 785.7 | 40.3 39.7 | 30.1 | | |
| Other Sources | | _ | | | | |
| Net Investment and Other Income (Loss) | 6,919.1 | 5,685.5 | 24.5 17.9 | — 1.2 | 139.7 52.0 | 70.7 53.5 |
| Total Additions | 7,712.6 | 6,480.8 | 150.5 143.4 | — 31.3 | 557.3 414.9 | 130.4 110.0 |
| Deductions: | | | | | | |
| Pension Benefits | 2,371.6 | 2,330.2 | | | 14.8 1.2 | 40.5 39.4 |
| Other | 60.8 | 98.6 | 114.7 116.3 | 6.9 | 6.2 5.3 | 0.9 0.7 |
| Total Deductions | 2,432.4 | 2,428.0 | 114.7 116.3 | <u> </u> | 21.0 6.5 | 41.4 40.1 |
| Net Increase (Decrease) | 5,280.2 | 4,052.0 | 35.8 27.1 | — 24.4 | 536.3 408.4 | 89.0 69.9 |
| Net Transfers | (0.4) | _ | | (24.9) — | 25.3 — | |
| Net Change | \$ 5,279.8 | \$4,052.0 | \$ 35.8 \$ 27.1 | \$ (24.9) \$ 24.4 | \$ 561.6 \$ 408.4 | \$ 89.0 \$ 69.9 |

^{*}The 2005 Legislative Assembly passed House Bill 3262 requiring that the OPSRP DB program be combined with the Defined Benefit Pension Plan for financial reporting purposes.

PLAN MEMBERSHIP

The table below reflects the defined benefit pension plan membership as of the beginning and end of the fiscal year.

TABLE 3 CHANGES IN PLAN MEMBERSHIP As of June 30:

| | 2006 | 2005 | Percentage Change |
|--|-------------------------|----------|-------------------|
| Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits: | | | |
| General | 94,429 | 93,235 | 1.3% |
| Police and Fire | 7,090 | 6,889 | 2.9 |
| Total | 101,519 | 100,124 | 1.4 |
| | | | |
| Current and terminated employees entitled to benef | its but not yet receivi | ng them: | |
| Vested: | | | |
| General | 144,675 | 142,687 | 1.4 |
| Police and Fire | 12,023 | 11,818 | 1.7 |
| Nonvested: | | | |
| General | 29,452 | 41,185 | (28.5) |
| Police and Fire | 1,554 | 2,249 | (30.9) |
| Total | 187,704 | 197,939 | (5.2) |
| | | | |

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Service retirements increased during the fiscal year after two years of declines. Service retirements in fiscal year 2006 were 4,635 compared to 4,422 in fiscal year 2005, an increase of 4.8 percent. Members eligible to retire in recent years were deferring retirement until pending lawsuits were settled. With the settlement of these lawsuits during the past year, retirements have increased. The number of members eligible to retire is also increasing and would indicate a trend upward.

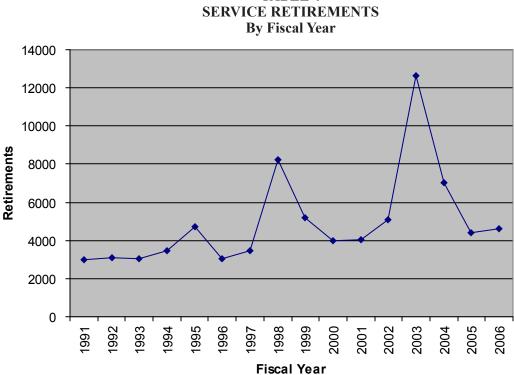
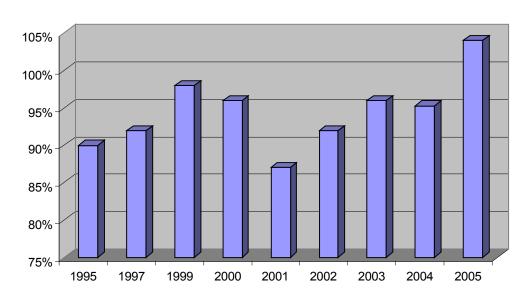


TABLE 4

FUNDING STATUS

The System's Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL) as of December 31, 2005, was a \$1,752.8 million surplus, which was derived using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. The 2005 UAL decreased by \$4,002.2 million, or 177.9 percent, from \$2,249.4 million in 2004. The effects of several bills passed by the 2003 Oregon Legislature as well as strong investment returns over the last four years have resulted in a significant reduction in the UAL. Additionally, several employers made large payments specifically to reduce their UALs.

TABLE 5 SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS **FUNDED RATIO** As of December 31:



INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES

During fiscal year 2006 every major asset class in the portfolio exceeded its respective benchmark. Domestic and international equities increased approximately \$3,091.9 million, and alternative equities increased approximately \$821.6 million due to improvements in global equity markets. Investments in debt securities increased approximately \$1,485.7 million as a result of purchases made in accordance with the Oregon Investment Council's asset allocation policy. Real estate performance was significantly above the benchmark, increasing approximately \$959.8 million. As in the prior fiscal year, all real estate segments, including direct properties, opportunistic partnerships, and the public REIT portfolio, performed well. One-year returns on asset classes and comparative benchmarks are presented in the table below.

TABLE 6 INVESTMENT RETURN Periods Ending June 30:

| Total Portfolio Total Portfolio, Excluding Variable | 2006 14.3% 14.4 | 2005 13.7% 13.9 |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Domestic Stocks | 10.7 | 8.2 |
| Benchmark: Russell 3000 Index | 9.6 | 8.1 |
| International Stocks | 30.3 | 17.2 |
| Benchmark: Custom Index ¹ | 28.4 | 17.0 |
| Fixed Income Segment | 0.9 | 8.7 |
| Benchmark: Custom Index ² | -0.2 | 7.6 |
| Real Estate ³ | 31.7 | 31.6 |
| Benchmark: NCREIF | 20.2 | 15.6 |
| Private Equity ⁴ | 25.1 | 38.8 |
| Benchmark: S&P 500 + 5% | 17.4 | 12.0 |

- 1 Morgan Stanley Capital International All Country World Index ex-US Free Index
- 2 90% Lehman Universal/10% SSBI Non-US World Government Bond Hedged
- 3 Returns are lagged one quarter.
- 4 Returns are lagged one quarter.

EFFECT OF ECONOMIC FACTORS

The financial position of the System improved during the fiscal year due to strong investment returns. Table 6 above shows portfolio returns and indexes, which are reflective of the market environment.

Benefit payments increased slightly in fiscal year 2006 due to an increase in retirements. Retirees who elected to continue participating in the Variable Annuity Account after retirement experienced an increase in benefits of approximately 5.0 percent, effective February 1, 2006. This increase in benefits was due to investment gains experienced by the Variable Annuity Account for the period November 1, 2004, through October 31, 2005.

CONTACTING THE SYSTEM'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide plan participants, employers, citizens, taxpayers, and others with a general overview of the System's finances and to demonstrate the Board's oversight of the System. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact the Fiscal Services Division Administrator, P.O. Box 23700, Tigard, Oregon 97281-3700.

Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets -Pension and Other Postemployment Plans June 30, 2006

| | Defined Benefit Pension Plan | Postemployment Healthcare Plan | Oregon Public Service <u>Retirement Plan</u> Pension Program |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Assets: | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ 2,835,632,115 | \$ 19,801,090 | \$ |
| Receivables: | | | |
| Employer | 27,198,879 | 1,613,786 | |
| Plan Member | 27,190,079 | 1,013,780 | _ |
| Interest and Dividends | 154,088,089 | 563,682 | _ |
| Investment Sales and Other Receivables | 1,070,932,982 | 3,462,668 | <u></u> |
| Total Receivables | 1,252,219,950 | 5,640,136 | |
| 100110010 | 1,202,217,700 | | |
| Due from Other Funds | 3,108,691 | _ | _ |
| Investments: | | | |
| Debt Securities | 15,158,205,206 | 55,424,957 | _ |
| Equity | 29,551,830,797 | 105,878,832 | _ |
| Real Estate | 3,773,363,899 | 13,968,475 | _ |
| Alternative Equity | 5,003,693,043 | 18,590,167 | |
| Restricted Investment Contracts | 7,526 | _ | _ |
| | | | |
| Total Investments | 53,487,100,471 | 193,862,431 | |
| Securities Lending Cash Collateral | 5,219,469,763 | 20,525,292 | _ |
| Prepaid Expenses and Deferred Charges Equipment and Fixtures, Cost Net of Accumulated Depreciation at 2006: \$4,447,535 | 3,138,747 | 10,847 | _ |
| at 2005: \$3,187,829 Buildings, Cost Net of Accumulated Depreciation at 2006: \$1,654,262; | 6,876,561 | _ | _ |
| at 2005: \$1,467,246 | 5,781,819 | _ | _ |
| Land and Land Improvements | 944,463 | _ | _ |
| Office Supplies Inventory, Cost | _ | _ | _ |
| Total Assets | 62,814,272,580 | 239,839,796 | |
| Liabilities: | | | |
| Investment Purchases and Accrued Expenses | 3,092,652,849 | 11,265,104 | _ |
| Deposits and Other Liabilities | 105,331,654 | | |
| Due Other Funds | 75 | 67,942 | |
| Bonds/COPs Payable | 53,460,053 | _ | _ |
| Deferred Revenue | 161,082 | _ | _ |
| Securities Lending Collateral Due Borrowers | 5,219,469,763 | 20,525,292 | _ |
| Total Liabilities | 8,471,075,476 | 31,858,338 | |
| Net Assets Held in Trust for Benefits (Schedules of Funding Progress are presented on page 39.) | \$ 54,343,197,104 | \$207,981,458 | <u> </u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

| regon Public Service Retirement Plan ndividual Account Program | Deferred Compensation Plan | 2006 | 2005 |
|--|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| \$ 95,049,098 | \$ 5,233,922 | \$ 2,955,716,225 | \$ 2,932,816,752 |
| | | | |
| _ | _ | 28,812,665 | 17,783,977 |
| 14,433,875 | _ | 14,433,875 | 14,221,429 |
| 3,218,092 | _ | 157,869,863 | 151,677,399 |
| 19,422,006 | 56,588 | 1,093,874,244 | 1,070,790,280 |
| 37,073,973 | 56,588 | 1,294,990,647 | 1,254,473,085 |
| _ | 75 | 3,108,766 | 1,960,786 |
| 217 422 070 | 201 117 057 | 15 011 170 000 | 14 225 405 240 |
| 316,423,970 | 281,116,856 | 15,811,170,989 | 14,325,485,340 |
| 604,467,785 | 550,292,415 | 30,812,469,829 | 27,720,556,001 |
| 79,746,759 106,132,239 | _ | 3,867,079,133 5,128,415,449 | 2,907,267,839 4,306,858,832 |
| 806 | | 8,332 | 4,490,661 |
| 1,106,771,559 | 831,409,271 | 55,619,143,732 | 49,264,658,673 |
| | | | |
| 114,451,388 | 666,189 | 5,355,112,632 | 5,598,886,899 |
| 69,526 | _ | 3,219,120 | 1,703,621 |
| 687,182 | _ | 7,563,743 | 8,269,440 |
| _ | _ | 5,781,819 | 5,968,832 |
| _ | _ | 944,463 | 944,463 |
| _ | _ | _ | 5,411 |
| 1,354,102,726 | 837,366,045 | 65,245,581,147 | 59,069,687,962 |
| 64,481,409 | 1,737 | 3,168,401,099 | 2,676,330,944 |
| — (101, 1 07 | 1,737 | 105,331,654 | 121,336,078 |
| 2,971,367 | 69,382 | 3,108,766 | 1,960,786 |
| 677,315 | —————————————————————————————————————— | 54,137,368 | 57,549,762 |
| | 4,450,096 | 4,611,178 | 57,515,762 |
| 114,451,388 | 666,189 | 5,355,112,632 | 5,598,886,899 |
| 182,581,479 | 5,187,404 | 8,690,702,697 | 8,456,064,469 |
| \$ 1,171,521,247 | \$ 832,178,641 | \$ 56,554,878,450 | \$ 50,613,623,493 |

Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets -Pension and Other Postemployment Plans For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

| | Defined Benefit Pension Plan | Postemployment Healthcare Plan | Oregon Public Service <u>Retirement Plan</u> Pension Program |
|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Additions: | | | |
| Contributions: | | | |
| Employer | \$ 783,921,381 | \$ 40,352,329 | \$ — |
| Plan Member | 9,611,666 | 85,662,507 | _ |
| Total Contributions | 793,533,047 | 126,014,836 | _ |
| Investment Income: | | | |
| Net Appreciation (Depreciation) | | | |
| in Fair Value of Investments | 5,669,466,796 | 19,489,591 | _ |
| Interest, Dividends, and Other Investment Income | 1,486,731,185 | 5,803,052 | _ |
| Total Investment Income | 7,156,197,981 | 25,292,643 | |
| Less Investment Expense | 257,201,406 | 904,151 | _ |
| Net Investment Income | 6,898,996,575 | 24,388,492 | |
| | .,.,.,.,. | _ ,,,,,,,, | |
| Securities Lending Income: | | | |
| Securities Lending Income | 225,330,546 | 796,352 | _ |
| Less Securities Lending Expense | 206,311,314 | 728,654 | |
| Net Securities Lending Income | 19,019,232 | 67,698 | _ |
| Other Income: | 1,081,603 | 32,165 | _ |
| Total Additions | 7,712,630,457 | 150,503,191 | _ |
| Deductions: | | | |
| Benefits | 2,416,931,393 | _ | _ |
| Recovery of Overpaid Benefits | (51,260,798) | _ | _ |
| Death Benefits | 5,957,975 | _ | |
| Refunds of Contributions | 33,172,837 | _ | |
| Administrative Expense | 27,582,755 | 3,070,373 | |
| Healthcare Premium Subsidies | | 28,179,684 | |
| Retiree Healthcare Expense | | 83,475,045 | |
| Total Deductions | 2,432,384,162 | 114,725,102 | |
| Total Deductions | 2,432,304,102 | 114,723,102 | |
| Net Increase (Decrease) | 5,280,246,295 | 35,778,089 | _ |
| Transfers in | 24,889,790 | _ | _ |
| Transfers out | (25,360,523) | _ | (24,889,790) |
| Net Assets Held in Trust for Benefits | | | |
| Beginning of Year | 49,063,421,542 | 172,203,369 | 24,889,790 |
| End of Year | \$ 54,343,197,104 | \$ 207,981,458 | \$ <u> </u> |
| | | 201,501,100 | * |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

| Oregon Public Service <u>Retirement Plan</u> Individual Account | Deferred Compensation | | |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Program | Plan | 2006 | 2005 |
| ø | ¢. | ¢ 924.272.710 | ¢ 955 461 014 |
| \$ — 417.555.701 | \$ — 50.724.202 | \$ 824,273,710 572,554,166 | \$ 855,461,014 |
| <u>417,555,791</u> 417,555,791 | <u>59,724,202</u> 59,724,202 | 572,554,166 1,396,827,876 | 514,817,338 1,370,278,352 |
| 417,555,771 | | 1,370,627,870 | 1,370,276,332 |
| 84,145,209 | 71,968,293 | 5,845,069,889 | 4,558,639,103 |
| 55,223,805 | · · · — | 1,547,758,042 | 1,452,668,685 |
| 139,369,014 | 71,968,293 | 7,392,827,931 | 6,011,307,788 |
| 4,715,048 | 2,053,746 | 264,874,351 | 220,062,304 |
| 134,653,966 | 69,914,547 | 7,127,953,580 | 5,791,245,484 |
| 3,725,782 | _ | 229,852,680 | 108,179,069 |
| 3,409,049 | _ | 210,449,017 | 95,837,477 |
| 316,733 | _ | 19,403,663 | 12,341,592 |
| 4,765,293 | 757,740 | 6,636,801 | 6,589,181 |
| 557,291,783 | 130,396,489 | 8,550,821,920 | 7,180,454,609 |
| 14,791,999 | 40,544,067 | 2,472,267,459 | 2,370,883,029 |
| | | (51,260,798) | 2,5 / 0,003,02 |
| _ | _ | 5,957,975 | 10,572,405 |
| _ | _ | 33,172,837 | 60,241,863 |
| 6,237,195 | 884,438 | 37,774,761 | 43,238,460 |
| <u> </u> | <u> </u> | 28,179,684 | 27,205,078 |
| _ | _ | 83,475,045 | 86,457,202 |
| 21,029,194 | 41,428,505 | 2,609,566,963 | 2,598,598,037 |
| 536,262,589 | 88,967,984 | 5,941,254,957 | 4,581,856,572 |
| 25,360,523 | _ | 50,250,313 | _ |
| _ | _ | (50,250,313) | _ |
| 609,898,135 | 743,210,657 | 50,613,623,493 | 46,031,766,921 |
| \$ 1,171,521,247 | \$ 832,178,641 | \$ 56,554,878,450 | \$ 50,613,623,493 |

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2006

(1) Description of Plan

A. Plan Membership

The Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS or "the System") provides statewide defined benefit and defined contribution retirement plans for units of state government, political subdivisions, community colleges, and

| Employee and Retire | e | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Members | | | | | | |
| Retirees and beneficiaries | | | | | | |
| currently receiving benefits: | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | 6/30/2006 | | | | | |
| General | 94,429 | | | | | |
| Police and Fire | 7,090 | | | | | |
| Total | 101,519 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Current employees and | d | | | | | |
| terminated employees | entitled | | | | | |
| to benefits but not yet | | | | | | |
| receiving them: | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Vested: | | | | | | |
| General | 144,675 | | | | | |
| Police and Fire | 12,023 | | | | | |
| Nonvested: | | | | | | |
| General | 29,452 | | | | | |
| Police and Fire | 1,554 | | | | | |
| Total | 187,704 | | | | | |

| Participating Employers | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------|--|--|--|
| 6/3 | 30/2006 | | | |
| State Agencies | 118 | | | |
| Political Subdivisions | 491 | | | |
| Community Colleges | 17 | | | |
| School Districts | 255 | | | |
| Total | 881 | | | |

school districts. PERS is administered under Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) Chapter 238, Chapter 238A, and Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) by the Public Employees Retirement Board (Board). For state agencies, community colleges, and school districts, PERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer system. PERS is an agent multiple-employer system for political subdivisions that have not elected to join the State and Local Government Rate Pool. Participation by state government units, school districts, and community colleges is mandatory. Participation by most political subdivisions is optional, but irrevocable if elected. Plan assets of the defined benefit, defined contribution, postemployment healthcare, and deferred compensation plans may legally be used to pay benefits only to plan members or plan beneficiaries for which the assets were accumulated.

The 1995 Legislature enacted Chapter 654, Section 3, Oregon Laws 1995, which has been codified into ORS 238.435. This legislation created a second tier of benefits for those who established membership on or after January 1, 1996. The second tier does not have the Tier One assumed earnings rate guarantee and has a higher normal retirement age of 60, compared to 58 for Tier One. As of June 30, 2006, there were 72,122 active and 24,794 inactive for a total of 96,916 Tier One members and 68,630 active and 22,158 inactive for a total of 90,788 Tier Two members in the System.

The 2003 Legislature enacted HB 2020, codified as ORS 238A, which created the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP). OPSRP consists of the Pension Program (defined benefit) and the Individual Account Program (defined contribution). Public employees hired on or after August 29, 2003, and inactive Tier One or Tier Two members who return to employment following a six-month or greater break in service participate in the OPSRP Pension Program.

Beginning January 1, 2004, PERS active Tier One and Tier Two members became members of the Individual Account Program (IAP) of OPSRP. PERS members retain their existing PERS accounts, but member contributions are now deposited into the member's IAP account, not into the member's PERS account. Accounts are credited with earnings and losses net of administrative expenses. OPSRP is administered by PERS, the agency. The PERS Board is directed to adopt any rules necessary to administer OPSRP, and such rules are to be considered part of the plan for IRS purposes.

B. Plan Benefits

a. PERS Pension (Chapter 238)

1. Pension Benefits

The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results. Monthly payments must be a minimum of \$200 per month or the member will receive a lump-sum payment of the actuarial equivalence of benefits to which he or she is entitled.

Police and fire members may purchase increased benefits that are payable between the date of retirement and age 65.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier One general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier Two members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members as of December 31, 2003.

A judge member who has made contributions to the PERS Fund during each of five calendar years shall receive a retirement allowance, payable monthly, for life. Before reaching age 60, judge members must choose the calculation formula under which they will retire. The election is irrevocable after the member attains age 60. The two formulas, A and B, are described on the following page.

The Plan A retirement allowance for judge members is computed by multiplying 2.8125 percent by the final average salary for the first 16 years of service and 1.67 percent of the final average salary multiplied by the number of years of service as a judge in excess of 16. For most judge members the maximum amount is limited to 65 percent of final average salary. The Plan B retirement allowance for judge members is computed by multiplying 3.75 percent by the final average salary for the first 16 years of service and 2.0 percent of the final average salary multiplied by the number of years of service as a judge in excess of 16. For most judge members the maximum amount is limited to 75 percent of final average salary. Plan B requires a judge to serve up to 35 days per year for a period of five years as a pro-tem judge. There is no actuarial reduction for retirement prior to age 65.

2. Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided that one or more of the following conditions are met:

- the member was employed by a PERS employer at the time of death,
- the member died within 120 days after termination of PERS-covered employment,
- the member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or
- the member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.

A member's beneficiary may choose a monthly payment for life instead of the lump-sum or a combination of lump-sum and monthly payments, if eligible. The monthly payment must be a minimum of \$30 per month for deaths July 30, 2003 and earlier; \$200 per month for deaths after July 30, 2003.

3. Disability Benefits

A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.

Judge members of PERS who have served a minimum of six consecutive years and who become physically or mentally incapacitated are entitled to benefits as provided in ORS 238.555.

4. Benefit Changes After Retirement

Members may choose to continue participation in a "variable" stock investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of equity investments.

Monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. Two percent per year is the maximum cost-of-living adjustment.

b. OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB)

1. Pension Benefits

This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

Police and fire (P & F): 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for P and F members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a P & F member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a P & F member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.

General service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

2. Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member. The surviving spouse or other person may elect to delay payment of the death benefit, but payment must commence no later than December 31 of the calendar year in which the member would have reached 70½ years.

3. Disability Benefits

A member who has accrued 10 years or more of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

c. OPSRP Individual Account Program (OPSRP IAP)

1. Pension Benefits

Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP) may receive the amounts in the member's employee account, rollover account, and employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, or 20-year period.

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies.

2. Death Benefits

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

3. Recordkeeping

PERS contracts with CitiStreet, a joint venture between Citigroup and State Street Bank and Trust Company, to maintain IAP participant records.

d. Postemployment Healthcare Benefits

Under ORS 238.410 the Board contracts for medical and hospital insurance on behalf of retired members. Members and their dependents are eligible for PERS healthcare coverage if the member is receiving a retirement allowance or benefit under the System. A surviving spouse of a PERS retiree is eligible to participate if he or she was covered under the health plan at the time of the retiree's death.

ORS 238.420 established the Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) and authorizes a payment of up to \$60 from RHIA toward the monthly cost of health insurance for eligible PERS members.

To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in PERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in PERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in a PERS-sponsored health plan.

A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased PERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from PERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

For the year ended June 30, 2006, all PERS employers contributed 0.59 percent of PERS-covered salaries to fund RHIA benefits based on the December 31, 2003 actuarial valuation. This is included in the employer contribution rates listed on page 26. The employer contribution rate covers the normal cost payment and an amount to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over a period commencing on the actuarial valuation date and ending on December 31, 2027.

Employer contributions are advance-funded on an actuarially determined basis. There is no inflation assumption for RHIA postemployment benefits because the payment amount is set by statute and is not adjusted for increases in healthcare costs. The number of active plan RHIA participants was 36,432 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

ORS 238.415 established the Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA) and requires the Board on or before January 1 of each year to calculate the average difference between the health insurance premiums paid by retired state employees under contracts entered into by the Board and health insurance premiums paid by state employees who are not retired. ORS 238.415 authorizes payment of this average difference to qualified retired state employees. Retired state employees are qualified to receive this benefit if they had eight or more years of qualifying service in the System at the time of retirement or are receiving a disability pension calculated as if they had eight or more years of qualifying service, but are not eligible for federal Medicare coverage.

A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased retired state employee is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from PERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died, and the member retired on or after September 29, 1991.

For the year ended June 30, 2006, state agencies contributed 0.13 percent of PERS-covered salaries to fund RHIPA benefits, based on the December 31, 2003 actuarial valuation. See health cost inflation assumptions on page 41. The number of active plan RHIPA participants was 858 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006.

ORS 238.410(7) established the Standard Retiree Health Insurance Account (SRHIA). All subsidy payments from the RHIA, the RHIPA, and contributions from retired members are deposited in the SRHIA. Payments for medical and hospital insurance contracted for on behalf of retired members are made from SRHIA.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statements 25, 26, and 32, as well as generally accepted accounting principles that apply to governmental accounting for fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by a governmental unit in a trustee capacity (trust funds). PERS' activities are accounted for in two trust funds:

• Public Employees Retirement Fund:

Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Defined Contribution Plan

Postemployment Healthcare Plan

• Deferred Compensation Fund:

Deferred Compensation Plan

B. Basis of Accounting

The accrual basis of accounting is used for all funds. Revenues are recognized when earned. Contributions are recognized when due, pursuant to formal commitments, as well as statutory and Board requirements. Expenses are recognized when incurred. Benefits and refunds are recognized in the month they are due and payable.

C. Budgetary Data

Only administrative expenses are subject to biennial legislative budget control. The Legislature exercises this control at the agency level. Any unobligated balance lapses at the end of each biennium.

Encumbrance accounting is allowed only during the biennium. All encumbrances lapse at the end of the biennium except capital construction, capital improvements, and disputed claims.

Budgetary accounting is not consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) because the measurement focus is on decreases in financial resources rather than net income determination.

The accompanying schedule reconciles deductions on the budgetary basis to deductions presented in the Statements of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets. The legislatively approved budget includes increases approved by the Legislative Emergency Board through June 2006.

D. Valuation of Investments

Investments are recognized at fair value, the amount at which financial instruments could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The fair value of debt and equity securities is determined by the custodial agent using recognized pricing services. Equity securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Debt securities are generally valued at the midpoint between the bid and ask prices. A small percentage of debt securities cannot be priced in this manner, and for these a similar "benchmark" security is used. The benchmark has a coupon rate and maturity date comparable to the

| | Legislatively Approved Budget | | Actual | | Unobligated Balance at June 30, 2006 | | |
|------------------------------|---|--------------|-------------------|---------------|--|--------------|--|
| 2005-2007 Biennium: | | | | | | | |
| Personal Services | \$ | 44,564,938 | \$ | 20,337,055 | \$ | 24,227,883 | |
| Services and Supplies | | 39,041,564 | 41,564 12,425,612 | | | 26,615,952 | |
| Capital Outlay | | 1,033,494 | | 3,882,806 | | (2,849,312) | |
| Special Payments | 5 | ,638,107,837 | 2 | 2,421,232,847 | 3 | ,216,874,990 | |
| Debt Service | | 5,720,950 | | 2,861,450 | | 2,859,500 | |
| Total | \$ 5 | ,728,468,783 | \$ 2,460,739,770 | | \$ 3 | ,267,729,013 | |
| Total Deductions July | Total Deductions July 1, 2005 - June 30, 2007 | | | | | | |
| Budgetary Basis (non-GAAP) | | | | | \$ 2, | 460,739,770 | |

Biennium Adjustments to Deductions

Add:

| Depreciation Expense | 1,446,719 |
|---|-------------|
| COP Amortization | 14,859 |
| Increase in Compensated Absences | 84,763 |
| Increase in Payroll Accrual - Young Case | 139,693 |
| Inventory Adjustment | 5,411 |
| Expenses Reflected in Prior Biennium | 190,437,631 |
| Non-Budgeted Deferred Compensation Benefit Payments | 40,544,067 |
| Decrease in Prepaids | 90,028 |
| educt: | |

De

| Capital Outlay | 554,009 |
|---|------------|
| Principal Payment Portion of Debt Service | 2,300,000 |
| Recovery of Overpaid Benefits (Strunk/Eugene) | 51,260,798 |
| Decrease in Accrued Expenses | 6,256,492 |
| Retirement Benefits Attributable to Allocated Annuity | |
| Contracts | 23,564,679 |

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets

debt security being valued, and its market risk is similar considering current market conditions. Mortgage loans on real estate and state agency loans are stated at the amortized unpaid principal balance. Fair values of investments in real estate are based upon valuations provided by investment managers and advisors retained by the Office of the State Treasurer. Investments that do not have an established market are represented at estimated fair value.

E. Earnings Crediting

By law earnings are credited to member accounts on a calendar-year basis. Members in Tier One were guaranteed to receive at least the assumed earnings rate used in the most recent actuarial valuation. Members participating in the variable account, IAP members, and Tier Two members are credited actual earnings or losses, less deductions allowed by law.

(3) Contributions and Reserves

A. Contributions

a. Member Contributions

Beginning January 1, 2004, all member contributions, except for contributions by judge members, were placed in the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP), an IRC 401(a) defined contribution plan. Prior to that date, all member contributions were credited to the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. Member contributions are set by statute at 6.0 to 7.0 percent of salary and are remitted by participating employers, who may agree to make member contributions on the member's behalf. The contributions are either deducted from member salaries or paid by the employers. The Member Reserve, described in Note (3)C.a., represents accumulated member contributions and earnings allocations made prior to January 1, 2004, and subsequent earnings allocations less refunds and amounts transferred to reserves for retirements and disabilities. The IAP member accounts represent member contributions made on or after January 1, 2004, plus earnings allocations less disbursements for refunds, death benefits, and retirements.

b. Employer Contributions

PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. This funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, the Postemployment Healthcare Plans, and the OPSRP Pension Program.

| Contribution Rate Summary | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| | State and | Local Governme | ent Rate Pool | School Pool ² | Non-P | ooled |
| | State Agencies ¹ | Community Colleges ² | Political Subdivisions ^{2,3} | | Political Subdivisions ^{2,3} | Judiciary |
| Employee IAP | 6.00% | 6.00% | 6.00% | 6.00% | 6.00% | 0.00% |
| PERS Defined Benefit Plan Employee Normal Cost | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | 7.00% |
| Employer Normal Cost Unfunded Actuarial Liability Total PERS Defined Benefit | 12.30 -3.61 8.69% | 11.39 4.34 15.73% | | 12.82 4.15 16.97% | | 21.08 2.30 23.38% |
| OPSRP Pension Program Employer Normal Cost | | | | | | |
| General Service | 8.04% | 8.04% | 8.04% | 8.04% | 8.04% | % |
| Police and Fire | 11.65 | 11.65 | 11.65 | 11.65 | 11.65 | _ |
| Unfunded Actuarial Liability | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | _ |

¹ Includes UAL payment rate offset.

1. PERS Defined Benefit Plan and Postemployment Healthcare Plan Contributions

Employer contribution rates for state agencies were 8.69 percent, community colleges 15.73 percent, schools 16.97 percent, and judiciary 23.38 percent of PERS-covered salaries, effective July 1, 2005. Political subdivisions are divided between those that joined the State and Local Government Rate Pool and those that have not. Rates for both pooled and non-pooled political subdivisions vary by employer with the average rate being 15.81 percent for pooled political subdivisions and 14.60 percent for non-pooled employers (see table above for average rates).

Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2003 actuarial valuation, which became effective July 1, 2005. The state of Oregon made a UAL payment of \$2 billion on October 31, 2003. Certain schools, community colleges, and political subdivisions have made UAL payments, and their rates have been reduced.

Oregon Laws 2001, Chapter 945, Section 13 authorized the establishment of the State and Local Government Rate Pool. Local political subdivisions were given the option to join the state of Oregon and community colleges for the actuarial purpose of calculating employer rates. Participation by local political subdivisions in this pool was effective for the actuarial valuation period beginning January 1, 2002.

Based on the actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2003, judiciary, state agencies, and certain political subdivisions had an increase in employer contribution rates. Schools and other political subdivisions also experienced an increase in their employer contribution rates. The Board practice is to implement new employer contribution rates July 1 of each odd-numbered year based on the valuation of the previous odd-numbered year. Due to a significant increase in employer contribution rates, based on the December 31, 2003 valuation, the Board implemented a phase-in of the new rates with one half of the increase effective July 1, 2005, and the second half effective July 1, 2007.

² Does not include UAL payment rate offsets.

³ Political subdivisions are valued separately for the Defined Benefit Plan. Group average rates shown are as of the December 31, 2003 actuarial valuation.

2. OPSRP Pension Program Contributions

PERS employers participating in the OPSRP Pension Program participate in the same rate sharing pool and therefore share the same contribution rate. The OPSRP Pension Program normal-cost employer rates beginning January 1, 2004, were 8.04 percent of covered salaries for general service employees and 11.65 percent of covered salaries for police and fire employees. Each of these rates includes a component related to disability benefits for general service and police and fire members.

PERS' former consulting actuary, Milliman Consultants and Actuaries, based on the demographic and economic assumptions used for the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, provided employer rates used during the period. Because this is a new pension program for members joining the System on or after August 29, 2003, membership size and demographic experience was not sufficient to conduct a meaningful valuation until December 31, 2005. That valuation will become the basis for adjusting employer rates effective July 1, 2007.

B. Actuarial Cost Method and Assumptions

Employer contribution rates were set using the entry age actuarial cost method. For the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over a period commencing on the valuation date and ending on December 31, 2027, and (3) an actuarially determined amount for funding postemployment healthcare subsidies. For the OPSRP Pension Program, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year) and (2) an actuarially determined amount for funding a disability benefit component. A rate component for an unfunded actuarial accrued liability may be added in the future when the first valuation for the OPSRP Pension Program is conducted. Beginning with the December 31, 2004 valuation, the Board has adopted the projected unit credit actuarial cost method for calculating employer contributions.

C. Reserves and Designations

Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Plan

a. Member Reserve

The Member Reserve of \$9,041.4 million as of June 30, 2006, represents member contributions made through December 31, 2003, and earnings allocations less refunds and amounts transferred to reserves for retirements and disabilities.

b. Employer Contribution Designation

The Employer Contribution Designation of \$20,362.2 million as of June 30, 2006, represents employer contributions and earnings allocations less amounts transferred to reserves for retirements and disabilities.

c. Benefit Reserve

The Benefit Reserve of \$20,056.0 million as of June 30, 2006, is the amount set aside to pay future benefits. It includes funds transferred from the individual member and employer accounts and earnings allocations less amounts paid for retirements and disabilities.

d. Tier One Rate Guarantee Reserve

The Tier One Rate Guarantee Reserve may be credited with investment earnings in excess of the required Tier One assumed earnings rate guarantee. ORS 238.255(1) requires individual accounts for Tier One members to be credited at the assumed rate of return on investments adopted by the Board for use in actuarial valuations.

The regular account for Tier One members and alternate payees of those members cannot be credited with earnings in excess of the assumed interest rate until:

- (a) the reserve is fully funded with amounts determined by the Board, after consultation with the actuary employed by the Board, to be necessary to ensure a zero balance in the account when all Tier One members and alternate payees of those members, have retired; and
- (b) the reserve account has been fully funded as described in paragraph (a) of this subsection in each of the three immediately preceding calendar years.

As of June 30, 2006, the balance of this reserve was \$966.8 million, and the Board has not adopted a funding policy.

e. Board Actions Affecting Reserves

As part of its December 31, 2005 earnings crediting decision, in consultation with its actuary and attorneys, the Board decided to deploy \$1.14 billion from the Contingency Reserve and the entire \$460.5 million balance of the Capital Preservation Reserve. This deployment left a balance of \$250 million in the Contingency and Employer Contingency Reserves. The basis for this decision was that the Board determined that reserve level to be adequate for the risks it was anticipated to cover and that there were more effective methods of stabilizing employer contribution rates than reserving against volatility in investment earnings.

f. Contingency Reserve

The Contingency Reserve is to be maintained and used by the Board to prevent any deficit of moneys available for the payment of retirement allowances due to interest fluctuations, changes in mortality rates, or other unforeseen contingency. As of June 30, 2006, the balance of this reserve was \$225.0 million.

g. Employer Contingency Reserve

The Employer Contingency Reserve was established by the Board to prevent any deficit in the fund caused by the insol-

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

vency of an employer. Only earnings on employer contributions fund this reserve. As of June 30, 2006, the reserve had a balance of \$25.0 million.

h. Capital Preservation Reserve

The Capital Preservation Reserve, as of June 30, 2006, had a balance of zero. In accordance with ORS 238.670, funds in this reserve may be used only to offset gains and losses of invested capital.

i. Unallocated Earnings Designation

The Unallocated Earnings Designation represents January through June investment earnings or losses less administrative expenses, which will be credited on a calendar year basis. Crediting takes place in March of the following year after employer annual reports have been reconciled and contributions have been posted to individual member and employer accounts. As of June 30, 2006, the balance of this designation was \$3,574.2 million.

j. OPSRP Defined Benefit Program

OPSRP Defined Benefit plan net assets balance represents the program's accumulation of employer contributions and investment earnings less administrative expenses. As of June 30, 2006, the balance of this account was \$92.6 million.

k. Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA)

The RHIA plan net assets balance represents the program's accumulation of employer contributions and investment earnings less premiums and administrative expenses. As of June 30, 2006, the balance of this account was \$195.7 million.

1. Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account (RHIPA)

The RHIPA plan net assets balance represents the program's accumulation of employer contributions and investment earnings less premiums and administrative expenses. As of June 30, 2006, the balance of this account was \$6.3 million.

m. Standard Retiree Health Insurance Account (SRHIA)

The SRHIA plan net assets balance represents the program's accumulation of retiree contributions and interest earnings less premiums and administrative expenses. As of June 30, 2006, the balance of this account was \$5.9 million.

D. Administrative Costs

Costs for administering the System are funded from investment earnings and administrative fees collected from members and are allocated to all plans and programs administered by the System.

(4) Reporting Entity

The Public Employees Retirement Board is the governing authority of the System. It consists of five people appointed by the governor and subject to confirmation by the state Senate. The Board appoints an executive director to act as the principal administrative officer of the System. The Board has independence in the operation and management of the System. The state Legislature has significant ability to influence funding, approve the System's budget, and pass laws governing the System.

PERS' financial statements are prepared on the basis of a fiscal year ended June 30. The Office of the State Treasurer has statutory responsibility for custody and investment of PERS assets. As a result of this fiduciary responsibility, PERS is included as part of the primary government in the *State of Oregon Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

(5) Assets Used in Plan Operations

A. Building and Improvements

Capital construction of PERS' headquarters in Tigard, Oregon, was completed May 31, 1997. The land, building, and improvements are recorded at cost. The depreciation of the building and improvements is computed on the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of 40 years.

B. Equipment and Fixtures

Equipment and fixtures are recorded at cost. These are items which are not consumed in the normal course of operations, have a useful life of more than two years, and whose value is \$5,000 or more. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the assets' estimated useful lives. Useful lives range from three to 10 years.

(6) Deposits and Investments

A. Deposits

PERS cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, deposits in the Oregon Short Term Fund (OSTF), and moneys held by external investment managers, and are carried at cost. The OSTF is a cash and investment pool that operates as a demand deposit account and is required for use by all state funds.

a. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, PERS' deposits may not be recovered.

| Depository Account | Bank Balance | | |
|--|--------------|-------------|--|
| Insured | \$ | 100,000 | |
| Collateralized with collateral held by the pledging bank's trust department but not in the name of the state of Oregon | | 4,519 | |
| Oregon Short Term Fund | 1 | 47,296,009 | |
| Uninsured and uncollateralized | 2,8 | 842,113,578 | |
| Total deposits | \$ 2,9 | 89,514,106 | |

Cash and cash equivalents in the OSTF are held in demand deposit accounts and time certificates of deposit. These deposits are insured by FDIC coverage and are also collateralized to a minimum of 25 percent in accordance with ORS 295.015. Balances in excess of the FDIC insurance plus 25 percent are considered exposed to custodial credit risk. Since the OSTF is a pool, PERS' share of the risk is difficult to estimate. As of June 30, 2006, the carrying amount of PERS' deposits in the Oregon Short Term Fund totaled \$113.5 million, and the corresponding bank balance was \$147.3 million.

Deposits of cash and cash equivalents from the proceeds of certificates of participation, totaling \$4,519 at June 30, 2006, are collateralized with collateral held by the pledging bank's trust department but not in the name of the state of Oregon.

Investment managers' deposits with custodian banks consist of cash and cash equivalents that represent buying reserves. As of June 30, 2006, there was \$2,842.2 million on deposit for the accounts of the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF) investment managers, of which \$2,842.1 million was exposed to custodial credit risk. PERS does not have a custodial credit risk policy for uninsured, uncollateralized deposits.

b. Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk for deposits is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of the deposits. At June 30, 2006, \$116.7 million in cash and cash equivalents was exposed to foreign currency risk. The U.S. dollar balances of these deposits, organized by currency denomination, are presented in the table on page 31.

B. Investments

The first schedule on the right presents the fair value of investments held by the state of Oregon for PERS as of June 30, 2006.

a. Credit Risk Debt Securities

The Oregon Investment Council (OIC) establishes policies for the investment and reinvestment of moneys in PERS' investment funds.

It is the OIC's policy that no more than 30 percent of the debt securities portfolio be below investment grade. Securities with a quality rating of below BBB- are considered below investment grade. Policies also require that the minimum aggregate credit quality be A+ as measured by the weighted average of the portfolio. As of June 30, 2006, the fair value of below grade investments is \$2,149.2 million or 13.6 percent of the debt securities portfolio, and the weighted quality rating average is AA-.

The second table on the right shows the quality ratings for debt investments as of June 30, 2006.

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of a failure of the counterparty PERS will not be able to recover the value of the investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The OIC has no formal policy regarding the holding of securities by

| Investments at June 30, 2006 | | Fair Value |
|---|----|----------------|
| U.S. Treasury Obligations | \$ | 496,949,271 |
| U.S. Federal Agency Mortgage Securities | - | 3,730,999,813 |
| U.S. Federal Agency Debt | | 266,501,515 |
| U.S. Treasury Obligations – Strips | | 336,684,645 |
| U.S. Treasury Obligations – TIPS | | 206,159,963 |
| International Debt Securities | | 1,926,832,285 |
| Corporate Bonds | | 2,818,603,478 |
| Municipal Bonds | | 20,225,767 |
| Collateralized Mortgage Obligations | | 1,721,823,813 |
| Asset-Backed Securities | | 940,911,987 |
| Futures and Options | | (47,491,337) |
| Mutual Funds – Domestic Fixed Income | | 2,501,360,209 |
| Mutual Funds – International Fixed Income | | 890,959,082 |
| Insurance Contracts | | 650,498 |
| Total Debt Securities Investments | | 15,811,170,989 |
| Restricted Investment Contracts | _ | 8,332 |
| Total Debt Investments | | 15,811,179,321 |
| Domestic Equity Securities | | 10,714,954,968 |
| International Equity Securities | | 10,309,041,920 |
| Mutual Funds – Domestic Equity | | 6,956,130,627 |
| Mutual Funds – International Equity | | 2,832,342,314 |
| Limited Partnerships | | 3,368,336,796 |
| Venture Capital | | 12,676 |
| Leveraged Buyouts | | 1,760,065,977 |
| Real Estate and Real Estate Mortgages | _ | 3,867,079,133 |
| Total PERS Investments | \$ | 55,619,143,732 |

| Debt Investments at June 30, 2006 | Fair Value |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Quality Rating | |
| AAA | \$ 3,858,668,805 |
| AA | 2,170,952,605 |
| A | 1,227,628,759 |
| BBB | 1,367,408,188 |
| BB | 1,310,185,732 |
| В | 443,759,073 |
| CCC | 51,926,129 |
| CC | 619,241 |
| C | 5,819,059 |
| Unrated | 336,908,191 |
| Total Credit Risk – Debt Securities | 10,773,875,782 |
| U.S. Government and Agency Securities | 5,037,295,207 |
| Restricted Investment Contracts | 8,332 |
| Total Debt Investments | \$ 15,811,179,321 |

a custodian or counterparty. At June 30, 2006, all securities were registered in the state of Oregon's name and were held at State Street Bank, except for \$884.6 million in uninsured domestic equity investments held by a subcustodian, the Northern Trust Company, not held in the state's name. This amount represents 1.6 percent of the fair value of investments at June 30, 2006.

c. Concentrations of Credit Risk

The OIC expects investment managers to maintain diversified portfolios by sector and by issuer using the following guidelines:

- Obligations issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government, U.S. agencies, or government sponsored enterprises no restriction.
- Obligations of other national governments no more than 10 percent of the debt investment portfolio per issuer.
- Private mortgage-backed and asset-backed securities, unless collateral is credit-independent of the issuer and the security's credit enhancement is generated internally no more than 10 percent of the debt investment portfolio per issuer; 25 percent per issuer if the collateral exception is met.
- Other issuers, excluding investments in commingled vehicles no more than 3 percent of the debt investment portfolio.

At June 30, 2006, there were no single issuer debt investments that exceeded the above guidelines. Investments in one issuer, the Federal National Mortgage Association, were \$3,307.7 million, or 5.8 percent of plan net assets, at June 30, 2006. No other investments in any one issuer represent 5 percent or more of plan net assets.

There is no limit on single issuer investments for domestic equities, although the amount that may be invested in domestic equities is targeted at 28 to 38 percent of PERS' portfolio. At June 30, 2006, domestic equities were 30.2 percent of total assets. Policy states that the asset class will be diversified across the U.S. stock market. Additionally, both passive and active investing strategies are employed, and several external managers engage in active management. The policy for international equity investing is the same as that of the domestic equity portfolio in that holdings are diversified across stock markets outside of the United States. Passive and active investment strategies are employed, and several active managers invest in different market segments. The target allocation range for international equities is 15 to 25 percent of PERS' portfolio. At June 30, 2006, 22.4 percent of total assets were invested in international equities.

d. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

Policies state that the debt investment portfolio will maintain an average bond duration level of plus or minus 20 percent of the benchmark duration. As of June 30, 2006, the average duration of PERS' debt investment portfolio was 4.14 years, 13.03 percent lower than the benchmark duration of 4.76 years. Since the debt investment portfolio may contain holdings with prepayments and variable cash flows, an analysis of interest rate risk using the segmented time distribution method is presented in the schedule below.

| Investment | Less than 1 year | 1 - 5 years | 6 - 10 years | More than 10 years | Total Fair Value |
|---|---------------------|------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| U.S. Treasury Obligations | \$ 10,114,033 | \$ 329,117,930 | \$ (26,281,632) \$ | 183,998,940 | \$ 496,949,271 |
| U.S. Federal Agency Mortgage Securities | 258,501,268 | 12,509,618 | 54,926,559 | 3,405,062,368 | 3,730,999,813 |
| U.S. Federal Agency Debt | 62,926,175 | 140,863,123 | 47,808,991 | 14,903,226 | 266,501,513 |
| U.S. Treasury Obligations – Strips | | 296,104,162 | · · · — | 40,580,483 | 336,684,645 |
| U.S. Treasury Obligations – TIPS | _ | 78,682,864 | 91,094,288 | 36,382,811 | 206,159,963 |
| International Debt Securities | 248,843,683 | 689,363,498 | 597,137,599 | 391,487,505 | 1,926,832,28 |
| Corporate Bonds | 313,115,256 | 872,425,632 | 1,014,781,333 | 618,281,257 | 2,818,603,47 |
| Municipal Bonds | 4,277,052 | | _ | 15,948,715 | 20,225,76 |
| Collateralized Mortgage Obligations | 726,511,402 | 44,481,896 | 61,545,370 | 889,285,145 | 1,721,823,81 |
| Asset-Backed Securities | 391,974,025 | 368,383,956 | 92,153,340 | 88,400,666 | 940,911,98 |
| Futures and Options | (200,739,994) | 240,035,274 | (24,100,579) | (62,686,038) | (47,491,337 |
| Mutual Funds – Domestic Fixed Income | 345,208,435 | 1,073,084,227 | 1,083,067,547 | | 2,501,360,209 |
| Mutual Funds – International Fixed Income | _ | · · · · — | 487,245,630 | 403,713,452 | 890,959,082 |
| Insurance Contracts | 650,498 | _ | _ | _ | 650,498 |
| Restricted Investment Contracts | 8,332 | _ | _ | _ | 8,33 |
| Total Debt Investments | \$ 2,161,390,165 | \$ 4,145,052,180 | \$ 3,479,378,446 \$ | 6.025.358.530 | \$ 15.811.179.32 |

e. Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency and security risk of loss arises from changes in currency exchange rates. Policy states that no more than 15 percent of the debt investment portfolio may be invested in non-dollar denominated securities. As of June 30, 2006, approximately 6.9 percent of the debt investment portfolio was invested in non-dollar denominated securities. Policies for the equity portion of PERS' portfolio are silent regarding this risk, although investment manager contracts provide guidelines that vary from manager to manager.

The System's exposure to foreign currency risk is as follows:

| Currency | Cash and Cash Equivalents | Equity | Debt | Total |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| | 10.026 | Ф | ф 2.254.561 | ¢ 2205.50 |
| Argentine peso | \$ 10,836 | \$ | \$ 2,274,761 | \$ 2,285,59 |
| Australian dollar Brazilian real | 997,549 | 253,513,365 | 75,903,464 | 330,414,37 |
| Canadian dollar | 1,527,154 | 84,590,918 | 7,417,485 31,054,855 | 93,535,55 |
| Chilean peso | 15,651,794 1,150,492 | 293,461,392 8,454,043 | 31,034,633 | 340,168,04 9,604,53 |
| Colombian peso | 1,130,492 | 1,601,675 | 265,851 | 1,867,52 |
| Czech koruna | 190,476 | 8,819,588 | 203,631 | 9,010,06 |
| Danish krone | 2,073,033 | 40,888,832 | 57,488,823 | 100,450,68 |
| Egyptian pound | 128,509 | 14,319,597 | <i>57</i> ,100,025 | 14,448,10 |
| Euro | 30,286,471 | 3,070,245,547 | 177,494,042 | 3,278,026,06 |
| Hong Kong dollar | 1,432,836 | 304,167,792 | | 305,600,62 |
| Hungarian forint | | 1,725,331 | _ | 1,725,33 |
| Indonesian rupiah | 53,352 | 39,899,925 | _ | 39,953,27 |
| Israeli shekel | 1,451,895 | 18,690,438 | _ | 20,142,33 |
| Japanese yen | 15,391,555 | 2,051,093,568 | 351,231,171 | 2,417,716,29 |
| Malaysian ringgit | 60,022 | 27,612,723 | · · · — | 27,672,74 |
| Mexican peso | 6,644,600 | 26,774,568 | 91,183,875 | 124,603,04 |
| New Russian ruble | , , , <u> </u> | 1,436,000 | , , , <u> </u> | 1,436,00 |
| New Taiwan dollar | 4,849,543 | 86,144,680 | _ | 90,994,22 |
| New Turkish lira | 496 | 67,426,828 | _ | 67,427,32 |
| New Zealand dollar | 1,379,730 | 11,160,494 | 8,022,877 | 20,563,10 |
| | | | | |
| Norwegian krone | 556,455 | 159,807,592 | 25,709,286 | 186,073,33 |
| Pakistan rupee | 242,214 | 17,756,858 | _ | 17,999,07 |
| Peruvian nouveau sol | 30 | 734,063 | _ | 734,09 |
| Philippine peso | 87,775 | 12,579,739 | _ | 12,667,51 |
| Polish zloty | 1,807 | 5,648,068 | 93,365,410 | 99,015,28 |
| Pound sterling | 20,742,695 | 1,573,497,538 | 103,881,001 | 1,698,121,23 |
| Singapore dollar | 785,984 | 65,515,251 | _ | 66,301,23 |
| South African rand | 117,522 | 82,638,179 | _ | 82,755,70 |
| South Korean won | 5,875,868 | 288,817,654 | _ | 294,693,52 |
| Sri Lankan rupee | | 3,324,534 | _ | 3,324,53 |
| Swedish krona | 1,523,637 | 152,818,263 | 66,795,702 | 221,137,60 |
| Swiss franc | 662,854 | 421,658,805 | 00,775,702 | 422,321,65 |
| Thai baht | 176 | 13,934,170 | _ | 13,934,34 |
| | | | _ | |
| Venezuelan bolivar | 2,780,427 | 222,356 | _ | 3,002,78 |
| Zimbabwe dollar | 13,855 | 660,079 | <u> </u> | 673,93 |
| Total Subject to Foreign Currency Risk | 116,671,642 | 9,211,640,453 | 1,092,088,603 | 10,420,400,69 |
| International Securities Denominated | | | | |
| in U.S. Dollars | <u> </u> | 3,929,743,781 | 1,725,702,764 | 5,655,446,54 |
| Total International Cash and Cash | | | | |
| Equivalents and Investments | \$ 116,671,642 | \$ 13,141,384,234 | \$ 2,817,791,367 | \$ 16,075,847,24 |

f. Derivatives

Derivatives are contracts for which the value depends on, or derives from, the value of an underlying asset, reference rate, or index. In accordance with state investment policy, the Office of the State Treasurer invests either directly or through its outside investment managers on behalf of PERS in contracts that have derivative characteristics. Derivatives are used to manage the overall risk of investment portfolios. PERS does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading purposes.

PERS reports investments in accordance with GASB Technical Bulletin 2003-01. The standard provides disclosure requirements for governmental units holding derivatives that are not reported at fair value in the statements of net assets. Since all investments, including those with derivative characteristics, are reported at fair value in accordance with GASB Statements 25 and 31, no additional disclosures are required.

C. Securities Lending

In accordance with state investment policies, PERF participates in securities lending transactions. Through securities lending authorization agreements, the state treasury has authorized its custodian to lend its securities pursuant to a form of loan agreement. Both PERF and the borrowers maintained the right to terminate all securities lending transactions on demand. There were no significant violations of the provisions of securities lending agreements during the period of these financial statements.

The custodian had the authority to loan short-term, fixed income, and equity securities and to receive as collateral U.S. dollar and foreign currency cash, U.S. government and agency securities, letters of credit, and foreign sovereign debt of Organization of Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) countries. Borrowers were required to deliver collateral for each loan equal to not less than 102 percent of the market value of the loaned security or 105 percent in the case of international securities. The custodian did not have the ability to pledge or sell collateral

| Securities Loaned | Fair Value |
|---------------------------------|------------------|
| U.S. Government Securities | \$ 886,924,153 |
| U.S. Agency Securities | 444,959,614 |
| Domestic Equity Securities | 1,604,621,010 |
| Domestic Debt Securities | 462,898,346 |
| International Equity Securities | 2,038,215,366 |
| International Debt Securities | 134,372,714 |
| Total | \$ 5,571,991,203 |
| Collateral | Fair Value |
| Cash | \$ 5,336,364,404 |
| Securities | 423,608,882 |
| Securities | |

securities absent a borrower default, and PERF did not impose any restrictions during the fiscal year on the amount of the loans the custodian made on its behalf. PERF is fully indemnified against losses due to borrower default by its current custodian. There were no losses during the year from the failure of borrowers to return loaned securities and no recoveries of amounts from prior losses.

The maturities of investments made with cash collateral did not generally match the maturities of the securities loaned. Since the securities loaned are callable on demand by either the lender or borrower, the life of the loans at June 30, 2006, is effectively one day. On June 30, 2006, PERF had no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts the PERF owes borrowers exceed the amounts borrowers owe PERF. The fair values of the collateral received and the securities on loan from PERF as of June 30, 2006, including accrued income, were \$5,760.0 million and \$5,572.0 million, respectively. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006, total income from securities lending activity was \$229.9 million, and total expenses for the period were \$210.5 million for net income of \$19.4 million.

Cash balances held by the state treasury are invested in the Oregon Short Term Fund (OSTF), as is the cash of other state agencies. As of June 30, 2006, the fair values of the collateral received and the securities on loan, including accrued income, from the OSTF were \$1,048.8 million and \$1,027.6 million, respectively. PERF's allocated portions of the collateral received and securities on loan were \$18.7 million and \$18.4 million, respectively. These amounts are not included in the table above.

(7) Leases

Operating leases are rental agreements where the payments are chargeable as rent and recorded in the services and supplies expense account. Should the legislature disallow the necessary funding for particular leases, all lease agreements contain termination clauses that provide for cancellation of the lease as of the end of a fiscal year. Lease obligations decrease each year because of various lease expirations. It is expected that ongoing leases will be replaced with leases which have higher rental rates due to inflation. Fiscal year 2006 operating lease expenses were \$134,209.

| | Operating |
|-----------------------------|------------|
| | Leases |
| 2007 | \$ 108,695 |
| 2008 | 6,618 |
| 2009 | 0 |
| Thereafter | 0 |
| Total Future Minimum | |
| Lease Payments | \$ 115,313 |

The schedule to the right summarizes the minimum lease payments for operating leases in effect as of June 30, 2006.

(8) Deferred Compensation Plan

Deferred compensation plans are authorized under Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Oregon Legislature enacted Chapter 179, Oregon Laws 1997 that established the Deferred Compensation Fund. ORS 243.400 to 243.507 established and provided for PERS to administer the state deferred compensation plan, known as the Oregon Savings Growth Plan (OSGP). As of June 30, 2006, the fair value of investments was \$831.4 million.

The plan is a benefit available to all state employees. To participate, an employee executes an individual agreement with the state deferring current earnings to be paid at a future date. Participants in the plan are not required to pay federal and state income taxes on the deferred contributions and earnings until the funds are received. Participants or their beneficiaries cannot receive the funds until at least one of the following occurs: termination by reason of resignation, death, disability, or retirement; unforeseeable emergency; or by requesting a *de minimis* distribution from inactive accounts valued less than \$5,000.

PERS contracts with CitiStreet, a joint venture between Citigroup and State Street Bank and Trust Company, to main-

tain the OSGP participant records. The Office of the State Treasurer, as custodian of the assets, also contracts with State Street Bank and Trust Company to provide financial services. There are nine investment options with varying degrees of market risk. Up to four financial institutions provide investment services in mutual funds for each investment option. A participant receives a blend of these mutual funds within the investment option. Participants direct the selection of investment options and also bear any market risk. The state has no liability for losses under the plan but does have the prudent investor responsibility of due care. Total membership as of June 30, 2006, was 18,798.

PERS may assess a charge to the participants not to exceed 2.0 percent on amounts deferred, both contributions and investment earnings, to cover costs incurred for administering the program. Actual charges to participants, including investment charges, for the year ended June 30, 2006, averaged 0.26 percent of amounts deferred.

Oregon Revised Statute 243.505 established a Deferred Compensation Advisory Committee to provide input to the PERS Board. This committee is composed of seven members who meet at least quarterly.

(9) Long-Term Debt

In 1992 PERF entered into an agreement to guarantee \$50 million in taxable special revenue obligation bonds issued by the Port of Portland on behalf of a start-up aircraft maintenance company at Portland International Airport. The company ceased operations at the end of October 1993. Initial interest payments were made from a reserve fund established from bond sale proceeds. This reserve fund was depleted and interest payments from the retirement trust fund commenced in October 1994.

PERS has purchased a lease-hold interest in the facility. The value of any recovery cannot be estimated because it will depend on whether PERS can re-lease or sell the facility and on what terms. In October 1996 the attorney general filed a law-suit against the owners of the company and the consulting firm that advised the investment. During fiscal year 2005, PERS received insurance settlement payments of \$5.4 million. At the time of this report, some claims are still pending. The value of any recovery from pending claims cannot be estimated at this time.

| Pamcorp Tand Outsta | axable Special C nding | bligation R | evenue Bonds Is | ssued |
|--|---|--------------------------|--|--------------|
| | Amount Issued and Outstanding | Interest Rate | Due Date | Issue Date |
| Series "A" Series "B" Series "C" | \$ 5,400,000 9,800,000 27,000,000 | 8.350% 8.875 9.200 | May 15, 2010 May 15, 2015 May 15, 2022 | June 1, 1992 |

The table above describes taxable obligation revenue bonds issued and outstanding guaranteed by the retirement fund.

The table below summarizes the amounts necessary to pay all future long-term guaranteed debt principal and interest requirements for each fiscal year during the next five-year period ending June 30, 2011, and for the periods ending June 30, 2016, June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2022. The current portion of the long-term guaranteed debt is \$5,004,650.

| Fiscal | Serie | s "A" | Serie | s "B" | Serie | s "C" | Total | Total | Total |
|-----------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| Year | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest | Expenses |
| 2007 | \$ 1,200,000 | \$ 450,900 | \$ — | \$ 869,750 | \$ — | \$ 2,484,000 | \$ 1,200,000 | \$ 3,804,650 | \$ 5,004,650 |
| 2008 | 1,300,000 | 350,700 | _ | 869,750 | _ | 2,484,000 | 1,300,000 | 3,704,450 | 5,004,450 |
| 2009 | 1,400,000 | 242,150 | _ | 869,750 | _ | 2,484,000 | 1,400,000 | 3,595,900 | 4,995,900 |
| 2010 | 1,500,000 | 125,250 | _ | 869,750 | _ | 2,484,000 | 1,500,000 | 3,479,000 | 4,979,000 |
| 2011 | _ | _ | 1,700,000 | 869,750 | _ | 2,484,000 | 1,700,000 | 3,353,750 | 5,053,750 |
| 2012-2016 | _ | _ | 8,100,000 | 1,854,878 | 2,500,000 | 12,420,000 | 10,600,000 | 14,274,878 | 24,874,878 |
| 2017-2021 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 16,200,000 | 8,537,600 | 16,200,000 | 8,537,600 | 24,737,600 |
| 2022 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 8,300,000 | 763,600 | 8,300,000 | 763,600 | 9,063,600 |
| Total | \$ 5,400,000 | \$ 1,169,000 | \$ 9,800,000 | \$ 6,203,628 | \$27,000,000 | \$34,141,200 | \$42,200,000 | \$41,513,828 | \$ 83,713,828 |

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

In 1996 PERF purchased the land and began construction on a new retirement system headquarters building in Tigard, Oregon. The construction was financed by the sale of certificates of participation. The certificates of participation (COPs) were sold on March 16, 1996, for \$8.6 million at a 5.45 percent interest rate. On March 1, 2002, a new COP, Series B, was issued at a 4.41 percent interest rate and was used to partially refund the original Series A COP. The remaining Series A COP was repaid on May 1, 2006. The Series B COP has a final repayment due May 1, 2017.

The first table on this page describes PERS building COPs issued and outstanding.

| PERS Building Certificates of Participation Issued and Outstanding | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|------------------|-------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| | Amount Issued and Outstanding | Interest Rate | Due Date | Issue Date | | | |
| Series "B" | \$ 5,825,000 | 4.410 | May 1, 2017 | March 1, 2002 | | | |

The table below summarizes all future PERS building COPs payments of principal and interest for each fiscal year during the next five-year period ending June 30, 2011, and the periods ending June 30, 2016, and June 30, 2017. The current portion of the PERS building debt is \$707,625.

| Fiscal Year | Series "B" | | Total |
|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Principal | Interest | Expenses |
| 2007 | \$ 405,000 | \$ 302,625 | \$ 707,625 |
| 2008 | 425,000 | 282,375 | 707,375 |
| 2009 | 445,000 | 261,125 | 706,125 |
| 2010 | 470,000 | 238,875 | 708,875 |
| 2011 | 500,000 | 214,200 | 714,200 |
| 2012-2016 | 2,905,000 | 650,737 | 3,555,737 |
| 2017 | 675,000 | 35,438 | 710,438 |
| Total | \$ 5,825,000 | \$ 1,985,375 | \$ 7,810,375 |

In 2004 COPs, Series A, were issued to finance the purchase of computer software and system upgrades to maintain accuracy and statutory compliance with current Oregon law. The COPs were sold on June 16, 2004, for \$9.9 million at a 3.20 percent interest rate. The Series A COP has a final repayment due May 1, 2009. Proceeds from the 2004 Series A COP, not yet used, are listed as "Restricted Investment Contracts" on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets.

The table below describes OPSRP computer system COPs issued and outstanding.

| OPSRP Computer System Certificates of Participation Issued and Outstanding | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----|-----------------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| | _ | Amount ssued and utstanding | Interest Rate | Due Date | Issue Date | | | | |
| Series "A" | \$ | 6,050,000 | 3.200% | May 1, 2009 | June 16, 2004 | | | | |

The table below summarizes all future COP payments of principal and interest for each fiscal year until repayment in the fiscal period ending June 30, 2009. The current portion of OPSRP computer system debt is \$2,151,875.

| Fiscal | Serie | s "A" | | | Total | |
|--------|--------------|-------|---------|----------|-----------|--|
| Year | Principal | 1 | nterest | Expenses | | |
| 2007 | \$ 1,960,000 | \$ | 191,875 | \$ | 2,151,875 | |
| 2008 | 2,015,000 | | 133,075 | | 2,148,075 | |
| 2009 | 2,075,000 | | 72,625 | | 2,147,625 | |
| otal | \$ 6,050,000 | \$ | 397,575 | \$ | 6,447,575 | |

The following table summarizes the changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2006:

| | J | Balance uly 1, 2005 | Ado | ditions | D | eductions | Jı | Balance ine 30, 2006 | _ | Amounts Due thin One Year |
|---------------------------|----|------------------------|-----|---------|----|-----------|----|-------------------------|----|------------------------------|
| Pamcorp Principal | \$ | 43,300,000 | \$ | _ | \$ | 1,100,000 | \$ | 42,200,000 | \$ | 5,004,650 |
| PERS Building Principal | | 6,215,000 | | _ | | 390,000 | | 5,825,000 | | 707,625 |
| OPSRP Computer System | | 7,960,000 | | _ | | 1,910,000 | | 6,050,000 | | 2,151,875 |
| Plus: Premium (Net) | | 361,891 | | _ | | 41,316 | | 320,575 | | 41,385 |
| Less: Deferred Gain (Net) | | (287,129) | | _ | | (28,922) | | (258,207) | | (29,002) |
| Total Bonds/COPs Payable | \$ | 57,549,762 | \$ | _ | \$ | 3,412,394 | \$ | 54,137,368 | \$ | 7,876,533 |

(10) Litigation

Following is a summary of current PERS-related lawsuits:

A. In The Matter Of The Consolidated Public Employees Retirement System Litigation ("Strunk")

On March 8, 2005, the Oregon Supreme Court rendered its decision in *Strunk v. PERB, et al.* overturning portions of the 2003 PERS Reform Legislation and upholding the balance. After the Supreme Court's opinion, petitioners filed petitions for awards of attorneys' fees and costs totaling about \$2.5 million. On July 20, 2006, the Supreme Court determined that petitioners are entitled to an award of fees under the common fund doctrine, which requires that the PERS members who benefited from petitioners' successful claims bear the expense of the fee award. The Court referred the case to a special master to recommend the proper amount of fees and the proper method for apportioning fees among benefited members. The special master will hold a hearing on these issues on January 10, 2007. Counsel is unable to provide an opinion as to the outcome.

B. City Of Eugene v. State Of Oregon, PERB, et al.

The Marion County District Court determined that certain rate orders the Board issued in 1998 and 2000 were erroneous and remanded so that the Board could revise the rate orders. After appealing the decision, the Board and petitioners entered into a settlement agreement. Intervenors, who are PERS members, sought to continue the appeal of part of the trial court's judgment. On August 11, 2005, the Oregon Supreme Court determined that the appeal by the intervenors was moot by virtue of the settlement agreement between the Board and the employers.

On June 30, 2006, upon intervenor-appellants' Petition for Reconsideration, the Supreme Court vacated the part of the trial court's judgment that was on appeal. On August 30, 2006, intervenors filed a petition for attorney fees and costs in the circuit court. On October 13, 2006, the Board and petitioners filed their objections to the petition. All parties requested oral argument and are awaiting scheduling by the court. Counsel is unable to provide an opinion as to the outcome.

C. Henderson, et al. v. State Of Oregon, et al.

This case was filed on October 15, 2003, by petitioners who sought to enforce a permanent injunction issued by the U.S. District Court in the Henderson et. al. case on September 20, 1978. The case alleges that revised actuarial equivalency factors adopted by the Board violate this permanent injunction. The district court granted summary judgment to the Board, and plaintiffs appealed to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit. Substantially the same group of plaintiffs then filed another lawsuit in the U.S. District Court for the District of Oregon, seeking to reopen the original Henderson case and asking for a declaratory judgment as to the meaning of the Henderson Consent Decree. The district court summarily denied plaintiffs' motion to reopen the earlier case, and plaintiffs again appealed to the Ninth Circuit.

On October 2, 2006, the Ninth Circuit affirmed the district court's judgment in the case filed on October 15, 2003, and reversed the court's summary dismissal of the motion for declaratory judgment in the second case. On remand, the court reassigned the case from Judge Mosman, who recused himself, to Judge King. The parties' cross-motions for summary judgment on the remaining claim are due to be filed on February 1, 2007. Counsel is unable to provide an opinion as to the outcome.

D. Robertson, et al. v. Governor Theodore Kulongoski, et al.

In this case, originally filed in the U.S. District Court for the District of Oregon on July 22, 2003, petitioners challenge three provisions under the Contract Clause of the U.S. Constitution and sued the state of Oregon and the members of the Board in its official capacities. The trial court granted summary judgment to the Board on all claims and the petitioners appealed to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit. On October 24, 2006, the court of appeals affirmed the judgment of the district court. On November 13, 2006, petitioner-appellants filed a motion for re-hearing *en banc*. The court may deny the petition without further briefing or request an answer from the Board. Counsel is unable to provide an opinion as to the outcome.

E. White, et al. v. PERB

These consolidated cases, before Judge Kantor in Multnomah County Circuit Court, challenge the City of Eugene settlement (see above), the reallocation of 1999 earnings, the adoption of new rate orders for employers, and the allocation of 2003 earnings. Various local PERS employers intervened and also began a separate action in Marion County Circuit Court (Canby, see page 37). On October 27, 2005, defendants filed motions for judgment on the pleadings and to dismiss. Judge Kantor heard oral argument on these motions on December 16, 2005.

On April 4, 2006, while the motions were under submission, petitioners dismissed their claims regarding the 1999 and 2003 earnings allocations without prejudice, based on actions taken by the Board. In addition, the Supreme Court vacated part of the trial court's judgment in City of Eugene (see above), in light of which Judge Kantor requested comments on the effect of the decision on White. On September 27, 2006, the Court denied the motions without an opinion and directed the parties to agree on a discovery schedule. Counsel is unable to provide an opinion as to the outcome.

F. Arken v. PERB

These cases are before Judge Kantor in Multnomah County Circuit Court. In Arken, filed on January 30, 2006, petitioners challenge the Board's withholding of certain retirees' COLAs for 2003 through 2006 and the Board's pursuit of overpayments based on the 1999 earnings crediting decision at issue in City of Eugene. In Robinson, filed on May 1, 2006, petitioners challenged the Board's pursuit of overpayments on different grounds. The parties filed cross-motions for summary judgment. Judge Kantor heard oral argument on the motions together on September 28, 2006. Counsel is unable to provide an opinion as to the outcome.

G. Stanton v. PERB

On May 5, 2006, in Klamath County Circuit Court, petitioners filed a lawsuit with the same claims as Arken (see page 36). Petitioners' counsel indicated they will await the court's decision on the summary judgment motions in Arken, and then the parties will decide how to proceed. Counsel is unable to provide an opinion as to the outcome.

H. Canby Utility Board, et al. v. State Of Oregon, PERB

Public employers filed a lawsuit against PERB on June 14, 2004, claiming that when the Board reallocated the 1999 earnings in response to Judge Lipscomb's finding on the retroactive participation in the variable account by employers, public employers did not get an appropriate allocation. This case was stayed until a decision was rendered in the City of Eugene case. Counsel for the public employers indicated that they will dismiss the case. If they do not dismiss, counsel is unable to provide an opinion as to the outcome.

I. Lundgren v. Portland Community College

This suit, filed on August 24, 2004, attacks the "Break-In-Service" provisions of HB 2020 (2003). The suit argues that by prematurely removing employees who fail to perform service for a public employer for longer than six months out of PERS, the law violates PERS members' contract rights. The case was stayed until 60 days after the Supreme Court decides City of Eugene or the end of the current legislative session, whichever occurs last. After the Supreme Court rendered judgment in City of Eugene, plaintiffs dismissed the case without prejudice and the circuit court entered judgment accordingly on June 16, 2006.

J. Son Of Lipscomb Litigation

These five cases, all filed on April 10, 2003, were settled in connection with the settlement of the City of Eugene appeal and will be dismissed once the revised rate orders for 1998, 1999, and 2000 become final.

K. Best, et al. v. PERB, et al.

This case was filed solely for purposes of enforcement. All issues in Best are the same as the Strunk and Robertson cases (see page 36). On October 5, 2005, plaintiffs' counsel presented a stipulated order to the Court abating the case for two years pending the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals ruling in Robertson (see page 36).

L. Howser, et al. v. PERS

This case was filed as a putative class action by two PERS duty-disability beneficiaries, suing on behalf of themselves and others similarly situated. The plaintiffs alluded that they were overcharged for state and/or federal taxes as a result of PERS mis-categorizing their benefits on the annual 1099R tax forms that PERS supplied to them. Plaintiffs' position was that all or part of the benefits were not includable as income under state and federal law and were therefore not taxable, and due to PERS' delay, plaintiffs could no longer seek refunds for their overpayment of taxes.

Plaintiffs sought from PERS and the PERS Board unspecified money damages, as well as compensation for damages caused by PERS' supposedly negligent actions in causing plaintiffs to overpay taxes. Prejudgment and post-judgment interest were also demanded.

The parties are pursuing settlement of the case. The parties entered into a settlement agreement on October 4, 2006, that would (a) certify a class and (b) establish a procedure whereby any class members could make claims for overpaid taxes. The settlement agreement was preliminarily approved by the court subject to a fairness hearing. On November 17, 2006, the court held such a hearing and heard the objections of some class members. The court overruled those objections, and ruled that it would grant final approval. That order granting final approval has been prepared by the parties, but had not been signed by the court as of December 5, 2006.

The total possible exposure cannot accurately be determined with certainty at this time, because the plaintiffs have not yet been offered procedures to make their claims to PERS. Analysis by the Department of Revenue, based on PERS data, suggests maximum exposure to be between \$1.5 million and \$2.0 million. Council believes the total payout will not exceed \$500,000. Council expects the payments eventually paid out to claimants will be paid by the Department of Administrative Services' Risk Management Division (RMD), and PERS will be affected primarily though RMD's future assessment to PERS.

M. Contests and Appeals of Staff Determinations

There are a number of claims by petitioners appealing orders of the Board or determinations made by PERS staff. These proceedings are being made pursuant to the administrative process. These orders or determinations resulted in denying petitioners some or all of the benefits to which they claim to be entitled. The Board is contesting the cases, and counsel is unable to determine possible losses at this time.

(11) Other Matters

As a result of the *Strunk* and *City of Eugene* rulings, the Oregon Supreme Court decisions regarding the PERS Reform Legislation, active and inactive Tier One member accounts, employer accounts, and the Benefits Reserve have been adjusted to reflect a crediting of 11.33 percent for 1999 rather than the previously credited 20.00 percent. In addition, those Tier One member accounts that had previously received zero percent crediting for 2003 have been credited with 8.00 percent. Some retired members who did not receive a Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) for 2004 and forward will be credited with a COLA for those years based on their revised benefit payment, after adjustment for the excess 1999 crediting. Retired members, beneficiaries, and alternate payees affected by this ruling will have their benefits

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

recalculated and be given the option of repaying any overpayment they received either through an actuarial reduction in their ongoing benefits or in a single lump sum. Certain retired Tier One members, beneficiaries, and alternate payees who received lump-sum distributions will be invoiced to recover approximately \$51.3 million in overpayments. The effect of these adjustments will result in a decrease in amounts charged to employers to fund retiree benefits with a corresponding reduction in amounts held in the Benefits Reserve. These amounts will not be determined until all member and employer accounts and retiree benefits have been adjusted and cannot be reliably estimated at this time. These adjustments, along with strong investment earnings in 2003 through 2005, have resulted in the liquidation of the remaining Tier One Deficit Reserve and the establishment of a \$966.8 million Tier One Rate Guarantee Reserve.

(12) Change in Accounting Policy

PERS has changed how it accounts for proceeds received from annuity contracts purchased for former members of the Teachers Retirement Fund Association (TRFA). Previously, these proceeds were reported as contributions from other sources. The former TRFA members are entitled to benefits defined in ORS 238 and have no claim to the proceeds from these annuity contracts. Upon additional research, it was determined that the PERS consulting actuary excludes the liability associated with benefits being funded by these annuity contracts from the PERS actuarial valuation. Based on this treatment, it is more appropriate to treat these annuity contracts as "allocated contracts" as defined in GASBS 25, paragraph 36a. Benefit expense for 2006 has been reduced by \$23.6 million. The Schedule of Changes in Net Assets, which includes Additions by Source and Deductions by Type on pages 84 to 87, and Benefits by Type on page 88 have been restated.

Required Supplementary Information Schedules of Funding Progress (dollar amounts in millions)

| Actuarial Valuation Date | Actuarial Value of Assets (a) | Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b) | Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a) | Funded Ratio (a/b) | Covered Payroll (c) | UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c) |
|--------------------------------|--|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Pension Benefits | | | | | | |
| 12/31/2000 | \$ 41,739.6 | \$ 42,783.9 | \$ 1,044.3 | 97.6% | \$ 6,195.9 | 16.9% |
| 12/31/2001 | 39,772.7 | 45,386.1 | 5,613.4 | 87.6 | $6,254.0^4$ | 89.8 |
| 12/31/20011 | 39,772.7 | 37,258.3 | (2,514.4) | 106.7 | 6,254.0 | (40.2) |
| $12/31/2002^1$ | 35,446.9 | 38,947.0 | 3,500.1 | 91.0 | 6,383.5 | 54.8 |
| 12/31/20031 | 42,753.3 | 44,078.1 | 1,324.8 | 97.0 | 6,248.5 | 21.2 |
| $12/31/2004^{2,3}$ | 45,581.1 | 47,398.6 | 1,817.5 | 96.2 | $6,772.4^{5}$ | 26.8 |
| 12/31/20055 | 51,382.6 | 49,294.0 | (2,088.6) | 104.2 | 6,791.9 | (30.8) |
| Postemployment | Healthcare Be | nefits – Retirement I | Health Insurance Ac | count | | |
| 12/31/2000 | \$ 62.1 | \$ 543.5 | \$ 481.4 | 11.4% | \$ 6,195.9 | 7.8% |
| 12/31/2001 | 76.6 | 532.1 | 455.5 | 14.4 | $6,254.0^4$ | 7.3 |
| $12/31/2001^1$ | 76.6 | 533.2 | 456.6 | 14.4 | 6,254.0 | 7.3 |
| $12/31/2002^1$ | 87.4 | 542.3 | 454.9 | 16.1 | 6,383.5 | 7.1 |
| $12/31/2003^1$ | 117.1 | 522.5 | 405.4 | 22.4 | 6,248.5 | 6.5 |
| $12/31/2004^3$ | 148.0 | 556.9 | 408.9 | 26.6 | $6,772.4^{5}$ | 6.0 |
| 12/31/2005 | 181.0 | 495.9 | 314.9 | 36.5 | 6,791.9 | 4.6 |
| Postemployment | Healthcare Be | nefits – Retiree Heal | th Insurance Premiu | ım Account | | |
| 12/31/2000 | \$ 2.9 | \$ 23.1 | \$ 20.2 | 12.6% | \$ 1,984.0 | 1.0% |
| 12/31/2001 | 3.0 | 29.5 | 26.5 | 10.2 | 1,954.14 | 1.4 |
| $12/31/2001^1$ | 2.9 | 29.6 | 26.7 | 9.8 | 1,954.1 | 1.4 |
| $12/31/2002^1$ | 2.9 | 30.1 | 27.2 | 9.6 | 1,741.9 | 1.6 |
| $12/31/2003^1$ | 4.0 | 25.0 | 21.0 | 16.0 | 1,711.9 | 1.2 |
| $12/31/2004^3$ | 5.2 | 28.2 | 23.0 | 18.4 | 1,851.45 | 1.2 |
| 12/31/2005 | 6.1 | 27.0 | 20.9 | 22.7 | 1,827.0 | 1.1 |

The 2001 valuation was revised to include the input of PERS Reform Legislation enacted in 2003. Figures through 12/31/2003 do not reflect the judicial review or subsequent Board action.

² Effective with the 2004 valuation, the Oregon Supreme Court rulings in *Strunk v. PERB, et al.* (Issued March 8, 2005) and *City of Eugene v. State of Oregon, PERB, et al.* (Issued August 11, 2005) are reflected.

Effective with the 2004 valuation, the cost method was changed from Entry Age Normal to Projected Unit Credit, and the actuarial value of assets was changed from a four-year smoothed value to market value.

⁴ Effective with the 2001 valuation, Annual Active Member Payroll excludes the member pick-up, if any.

⁵ Assets and liabilities for OPSRP are first valued in the 2005 valuation. OPSRP payroll, however, was included in the amortization of the UAL beginning with the 2004 valuation.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Contributions (dollar amounts in millions)

| | Annual | |
|------------------------------|--------------|---------------|
| | Required | Percentage |
| Year Ended | Contribution | Contributed |
| Defined Benefit Pension Plan | | |
| 12/31/2005 | \$ 488.5 | $100.8\%^{1}$ |
| 12/31/2004 | 364.8 | 99.7^{1} |
| 12/31/2003 | 537.4 | 99.7 |
| 12/31/2002 | 665.9 | 97.4^{2} |
| 12/31/2001 | 681.5 | 94.6^{2} |
| 12/31/2000 | 635.6 | 95.2^{2} |
| 12/31/1999 | 545.9 | 96.6^{2} |
| 12/31/1998 | 452.1 | 100.0 |
| 12/31/1997 | 440.0 | 100.0 |
| 12/31/1996 | 432.1 | 100.0 |
| | | |

Postemployment Healthcare Plan - Retirement Health Insurance Account³

| 12/31/2 | 2005 | \$ 39.0 | 100.5% |
|---------|------|------------|--------|
| 12/31/2 | 2004 | 35.7 | 100.0 |
| 12/31/2 | 2003 | 40.8 | 100.0 |
| 12/31/2 | 2002 | 41.0 | 100.0 |
| 12/31/2 | 2001 | 41.7 | 100.0 |
| 12/31/2 | 2000 | 41.1 | 100.0 |
| 12/31/1 | 1999 | 37.4 | 100.0 |
| 12/31/1 | 1998 | 33.7 | 100.0 |
| 12/31/1 | 1997 | 30.7 | 100.0 |
| 12/31/1 | 1996 | 28.0 | 100.0 |

Postemployment Healthcare Plan - Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account⁴

| \$ 2.4 | 100.0% |
|--------|--|
| 2.6 | 100.0 |
| 2.2 | 100.0 |
| 1.6 | 100.0 |
| 1.3 | 100.0 |
| 1.1 | 100.0 |
| 1.7 | 100.0 |
| 2.2 | 100.0 |
| 2.3 | 100.0 |
| 2.4 | 100.0 |
| | 2.6 2.2 1.6 1.3 1.1 1.7 2.2 2.3 |

¹ OPSRP Pension Program contibutions combined with Defined Benefit Pension Plan contibutions.

² Due to a significant increase in employer contribution rates based on the December 31, 1997 and December 31, 1999 actuarial valuations, the Board allowed employers to elect to defer increases to future periods.

³ The Retirement Health Insurance Account provides postemployment healthcare benefits for eligible members for all participating employers.

⁴ The Retiree Health Insurance Premium Account provides postemployment healthcare benefits only for eligible members who retired from state of Oregon employers.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Valuation Date December 31, 2005

Actuarial Cost Method Projected Unit Credit

Amortization Method The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of payroll. The change in

UAL due to the change from Entry Age Normal to Projected Unit Credit on December 31, 2004, is amortized over a 3-year rolling period. The remainder of the UAL for Tier One/Tier Two benefits is amortized over a closed 22-year period, and the UAL for OPSRP benefits is amortized over

a closed 16-year period.

Equivalent Single Amortization Period 8 years

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment Rate of Return 8.00 percent
Payroll Growth 3.75 percent
Consumer Price Inflation 2.75 percent

Health Cost Inflation Graded from 9.0 percent in 2007 to 5.0 percent in 2013.

Cost-of-living Adjustments 2.00 percent

Method Used to Value Assets

The actuarial value of assets is equal to the fair market value of assets,

reduced by the Contingency, Capital Preservation, and Rate Guarantee

Reserves.

Schedule of Plan Net Assets - Defined Benefit Pension Plan June 30, 2006

Total Liabilities

Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits

| June 30, 2006 | | | | | |
|--|---------------------|---|---------------------|--|----------------|
| | 1 | Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan | | Tota | ls |
| | Regular Account | Pension Program | Variable Account | 2006 | 2005 |
| Assets: | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ 2,556,855,594 \$ | 11,809,854 \$ | 266,966,667 \$ | 2,835,632,115 \$ | 2,846,197,441 |
| Receivables: | | | | | |
| Employer | 24,453,749 | 2,745,130 | _ | 27,198,879 | 14,202,211 |
| Plan Members | _ | _ | _ | _ | _ |
| Interest and Dividends | 151,482,216 | 237,400 | 2,368,473 | 154,088,089 | 149,369,691 |
| Investment Sales and Other Receivables | 986,679,193 | 1,432,769 | 82,821,020 | 1,070,932,982 | 1,054,518,878 |
| Total Receivables | 1,162,615,158 | 4,415,299 | 85,189,493 | 1,252,219,950 | 1,218,090,780 |
| Interaccount Receivables and Payables | 4,102,854 | _ | (4,102,854) | _ | _ |
| Due from Other Funds | 3,779,308 | (670,617) | _ | 3,108,691 | 1,899,837 |
| Investments: | | | | | |
| Debt Securities | 14,894,729,654 | 23,342,716 | 240,132,836 | 15,158,205,206 | 13,833,890,215 |
| Equity | 28,453,546,765 | 44,591,817 | 1,053,692,215 | 29,551,830,797 | 26,853,520,680 |
| Real Estate | 3,753,844,599 | 5,882,949 | 13,636,351 | 3,773,363,899 | 2,862,481,160 |
| Alternative Equity | 4,995,863,628 | 7,829,415 | _ | 5,003,693,043 | 4,240,232,672 |
| Restricted Investment Contracts | 1,074 | 6,452 | _ | 7,526 | _ |
| Total Investments | 52,097,985,720 | 81,653,349 | 1,307,461,402 | 53,487,100,471 | 47,790,124,727 |
| Securities Lending Cash Collateral | 5,184,330,042 | 9,022,965 | 26,116,756 | 5,219,469,763 | 5,506,029,627 |
| Prepaid Expenses and Deferred Charges | 3,073,362 | 65,385 | _ | 3,138,747 | 1,611,097 |
| Equipment and Fixtures, Cost net of Accumulated Depreciation at 2006: \$3,466,371; at 2005: \$2,820,352. | 1,316,635 | 5,559,926 | _ | 6,876,561 | 1,287,378 |
| Buildings, Cost net of Accumulated Depreciation at 2006: \$1,654,262; at 2005 \$1,467,249. | 5,781,819 | _ | _ | 5,781,819 | 5,968,832 |
| Land and Improvements | 944,463 | | | 944,463 | 944,463 |
| Office Supplies Inventory, Cost | 744,403 | | | —————————————————————————————————————— | 5,411 |
| Total Assets | 61,020, 784,955 | 111,856,161 | 1,681,631,464 | 62,814,272,580 | 57,372,159,593 |
| | | | | | |
| Liabilities: | 2.045.025.224 | 4.552.205 | 10.045.006 | 2 002 652 040 | 2 (22 112 22) |
| Investment Purchases and Accured Expenses | 3,047,035,336 | 4,772,207 | 40,845,306 | 3,092,652,849 | 2,632,112,886 |
| Deposits and Other Liabilities | 104,389,153 | _ | 942,501 | 105,331,654 | 121,006,813 |
| Due Other Funds | 75 | | _ | 75 | 60,949 |
| Bonds/COP's Payable | 48,041,531 | 5,418,522 | _ | 53,460,053 | 49,527,776 |
| Deferred Revenues Securities Lending Cash Collateral Due | 161,082 | _ | _ | 161,082 | _ |
| Borrowers | 5,184,330,042 | 9,022,965 | 26,116,756 | 5,219,469,763 | 5,506,029,627 |

\$<u>52,636,827,736</u>\$

8,383,957,219 19,213,694 67,904,563 8,471,075,476

<u>92,642,467</u> \$ <u>1,613,726,901</u> \$ <u>54,343,197,104</u> \$ <u>49,063,421,542</u>

8,308,738,051

Schedule of Changes in Plan Net Assets -Defined Benefit Pension Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

| | | Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan | _ | Totals | |
|--|--------------------------------|---|---------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Regular Account | Pension Program | Variable Account | 2006 | 2005 |
| Additions: | | | | | |
| Contributions: | | | | | |
| Employer Plan Member | \$ 717,284,149 \$ 9,302,642 | 66,637,232 \$ | — \$ 309,024 | 783,921,381 \$ 9,611,666 | 785,753,821 9,590,285 |
| Total Contributions | 726,586,791 | 66,637,232 | 309,024 | 793,533,047 | 795,344,106 |
| Investment Income: | | | | | |
| Net Appreciation (Depreciation) in Fair Value of | | | | | |
| Investments | 5,517,644,561 | 4,706,471 | 147,115,764 | 5,669,466,796 | 4,465,890,598 |
| Interest, Dividends, and Other Investment Income | 1,450,945,016 | 1,703,480 | 34,082,689 | 1,486,731,185 | 1,422,708,894 |
| Total Investment Income | 6,968,589,577 | 6,409,951 | 181,198,453 | 7,156,197,981 | 5,888,599,492 |
| Less Investment Expense | 249,701,035 | 633,562 | 6,866,809 | 257,201,406 | 215,636,472 |
| Net Investment Income | 6,718,888,542 | 5,776,389 | 174,331,644 | 6,898,996,575 | 5,672,963,020 |
| Securities Lending Income: | | | | | |
| Securities Lending Income | 222.930.692 | 234.682 | 2,165,172 | 225,330,546 | 106,939,820 |
| Less Securities Lending Expense | 204,036,668 | 214,731 | 2,059,915 | 206,311,314 | 94,740,835 |
| Net Securities Lending Income | 18,894,024 | 19,951 | 105,257 | 19,019,232 | 12,198,985 |
| Other Income: | 1,067,674 | 7,905 | 6,024 | 1,081,603 | 327,544 |
| Total Addtions | 7,465,437,031 | 72,441,477 | 174,751,949 | 7,712,630,457 | 6,480,833,655 |
| Deductions: | | | | | |
| Benefits | 2,369,178,749 | | 47,752,644 | 2,416,931,393 | 2,330,241,559 |
| Recovery of Overpaid Benefits | (51,260,798) | _ | 47,732,044 | (51,260,798) | 2,330,241,339 |
| Death Benefits | 5.957.975 | _ | _ | 5.957.975 | 10.572.405 |
| Refunds of Contributions | 33,249,310 | _ | (76,473) | 33,172,837 | 60,241,863 |
| Administrative Expense | 22,053,532 | 4,688,800 | 840,423 | 27,582,755 | 27,744,201 |
| Interaccount Transfers | (91,169,500) | 4,000,000 | 91,169,500 | 21,362,133 | 27,744,201 |
| Total Deductions | 2,288,009,268 | 4,688,800 | 139,686,094 | 2,432,384,162 | 2,428,800,028 |
| Net Increase (Decrease) | 5,177,427,763 | 67,752,677 | 35,065,855 | 5,280,246,295 | 4,052,033,627 |
| | | | | | |
| Transfers in | _ | 24,889,790 | _ | 24,889,790 | _ |
| Transfers out | (25,360,523) | _ | _ | (25,360,523) | _ |
| Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits | | | | | |
| Beginning of Year | 47,484,760,496 | _ | 1,578,661,046 | 49,063,421,542 | 45,011,387,915 |
| | | | 1,613,726,901 \$ | | |

Schedule of Plan Net Assets -Postemployment Healthcare Plan June 30, 2006

| | _ | Retirement Ith Insurance | He | Retiree alth Insuran Premium | | Standard Retiree Health Insurance | е Т | otal | s |
|--|-------------|-----------------------------|------------|------------------------------------|----|---|----------------|------|-------------|
| | | Account | | Account | | Account | 2006 | | 2005 |
| Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ | 13,298,761 | \$ | 519,433 | \$ | 5,982,896 | \$ 19,801,090 | \$ | 16,462,308 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | Ф | 13,290,701 | Ф | 319,433 | Ф | 3,982,890 | \$ 19,001,090 | Ф | 10,402,308 |
| Receivables: | | | | | | | | | |
| Employer | | 1,547,737 | | 66,049 | | _ | 1,613,786 | | 1,664,163 |
| Interest and Dividends | | 546,282 | | 17,400 | | _ | 563,682 | | 502,049 |
| Investment Sales and Other Receivables | | 3,355,781 | | 106,887 | | <u> </u> | 3,462,668 | | 3,528,874 |
| Total Receivables | _ | 5,449,800 | | 190,336 | - | | 5,640,136 | _ | 5,695,086 |
| Due from Other Funds | | _ | | _ | | _ | _ | | 60,949 |
| Investments: | | | | | | | | | |
| Debt Securities | | 53,714,082 | | 1,710,875 | | _ | 55,424,957 | | 46,435,596 |
| Equity | | 102,610,530 | | 3,268,302 | | _ | 105,878,832 | | 87,636,052 |
| Real Estate | | 13,537,292 | | 431,183 | | _ | 13,968,475 | | 9,743,489 |
| Alternative Equity | _ | 18,016,320 | _ | 573,847 | - | <u> </u> | 18,590,167 | - | 14,494,741 |
| Total Investments | _ | 187,878,224 | _ | 5,984,207 | - | <u> </u> | 193,862,431 | | 158,309,878 |
| Securities Lending Cash Collateral | | 19,121,759 | | 622,627 | | 780,906 | 20,525,292 | | 19,797,622 |
| Prepaid Expenses and Deferred Charges | | 10,512 | | 335 | | _ | 10,847 | | _ |
| Total Assets | | 225,759,056 | | 7,316,938 | - | 6,763,802 | 239,839,796 | | 200,325,843 |
| Liabilities: | | | | | | | | | |
| Investment Purchases and Accrued Expenses | | 10,917,369 | | 347,735 | | | 11,265,104 | | 8,209,436 |
| Due Other Funds | | 17,862 | | 12,854 | | 37,226 | 67,942 | | 115,416 |
| Securities Lending Collateral Due Borrowers | | 19,121,759 | | 622,627 | | 780,906 | 20,525,292 | | 19,797,622 |
| Total Liabilities | _ | 30,056,990 | | 983,216 | | 818,132 | 31,858,338 | | 28,122,474 |
| Net Assets Held in Trust for Postemployment Healthcare Benefits | \$ _ | 195,702,066 | \$_ | 6,333,722 | \$ | 5,945,670 | \$ 207,981,458 | \$ | 172,203,369 |

Schedule of Changes in Plan Net Assets -Postemployment Healthcare Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

| | | Retiree | Standard | | |
|--|-------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------|----------------|
| | Retirement | Health Insuran | ce Retiree | | |
| | Health Insurance | Premium | Health Insuranc | eT | otals |
| | Account | Account | Account | 2006 | 2005 |
| Additions: | | | | | |
| Contributions: | | | | | |
| Employer | \$ 38,162,075 | \$ 2,190,254 | \$ - \$ | 40,352,329 | \$ 39,653,029 |
| Plan Member | | | 85,662,507 | 85,662,507 | 85,791,039 |
| Total Contributions | 38,162,075 | 2,190,254 | 85,662,507 | 126,014,836 | 125,444,068 |
| Investment Income: | | | | | |
| Net Appreciation (Depreciation) | | | | | |
| in Fair Value of Investments | 18,862,203 | 627,388 | _ | 19,489,591 | 13,845,661 |
| Interest, Dividends, and Other Investment Incom- | | 175,384 | 389,668 | 5,803,052 | 4,725,463 |
| Total Investment Income | 24,100,203 | 802,772 | 389,668 | 25,292,643 | 18,571,124 |
| Less Investment Expense | 875,735 | 28,416 | _ | 904,151 | 691,434 |
| Net Investment Income | 23,224,468 | 774,356 | 389,668 | 24,388,492 | 17,879,690 |
| Securities Lending Income: | | | | | |
| Securities Lending Income | 771,102 | 25,250 | _ | 796,352 | 337,607 |
| Less Securities Lending Expense | 705,550 | 23,104 | _ | 728,654 | 298,757 |
| Net Securities Lending Income | 65,552 | 2,146 | | 67,698 | 38,850 |
| Other Income: | 6,236 | 1,255 | 24,674 | 32,165 | 22,128 |
| Total Additions | 61,458,331 | 2,968,011 | 86,076,849 | 150,503,191 | 143,384,736 |
| Deductions: | | | | | |
| Healthcare Premium Subsidies | 26,059,316 | 2,120,368 | _ | 28,179,684 | 27,205,078 |
| Retiree Healthcare Expense | _ | _ | 83,475,045 | 83,475,045 | 86,457,202 |
| Administrative Expense | 887,743 | 143,252 | 2,039,378 | 3,070,373 | 2,608,005 |
| Total Deductions | 26,947,059 | 2,263,620 | 85,514,423 | 114,725,102 | 116,270,285 |
| Net Increase (Decrease) | 34,511,272 | 704,391 | 562,426 | 35,778,089 | 27,114,451 |
| Net Assets Held in Trust for Postemployment | | | | | |
| Healthcare Benefits | | | | | |
| Beginning of Year | 161,190,794 | 5,629,331 | 5,383,244 | 172,203,369 | 145,088,918 |
| End of Year | \$ 195,702,066 | \$ 6,333,722 | \$ 5,945,670 \$ | 207,981,458 | \$ 172,203,369 |
| | | | | | |

Schedule of Administrative Expenses For the Years Ended June 30, 2006 and 2005

| , | 2006 | 2005 |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| Personal Services: | | |
| Staff Salaries | \$ 13,494,366 | \$ 12,894,308 |
| Social Security | 1,018,971 | 972,246 |
| Retirement | 2,622,571 | 2,121,646 |
| Insurance | 3,283,794 | 2,895,067 |
| Assessments | 115,988 | 139,188 |
| Total Personal Services | 20,535,690 | 19,022,455 |
| Professional Services: | , , | , , |
| Actuarial | 323,143 | 710,849 |
| Data Processing | 1,573,220 | 1,125,696 |
| Audit | 181,548 | 154,634 |
| Legal Counsel | 737,539 | 2,519,887 |
| Medical Consultants | 89,076 | 103,228 |
| Training and Recruitment | 239,703 | 233,882 |
| Contract Services | 6,496,085 | 11,090,718 |
| Healthcare Fees | 2,339,001 | 2,239,095 |
| Total Professional Services | 11,979,315 | 18,177,989 |
| Communications: | | |
| Printing | 83,692 | 85,546 |
| Telephone | 245,387 | 258,999 |
| Postage | 500,814 | 425,484 |
| Travel | 84,347 | 102,300 |
| Total Communications | 914,240 | 872,329 |
| Rentals: | | |
| Office Space | 408,233 | 368,644 |
| Equipment | 227,560 | 102,247 |
| Total Rentals | 635,793 | 470,891 |
| Miscellaneous: | | |
| Central Government Charges | 627,550 | 431,998 |
| Supplies | 304,839 | 1,747,021 |
| Maintenance | 668,336 | 645,309 |
| Non-Capitalized Equipment | 94,391 | 266,450 |
| Depreciation | 1,446,719 | 968,331 |
| COP Amortization | 567,888 | 635,687 |
| Total Miscellaneous | 3,709,723 | 4,694,796 |
| Total Administrative Expenses | <u>\$ 37,774,761</u> | \$ 43,238,460 |

Schedule of Payments to Consultants and Contractors For the Years Ended June 30, 2006 and 2005

| 50, 2000 and 2005 | Commiss | ion / Fees | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|--------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Individual or Firm | 2006 | 2005 | Nature of Service | | |
| Orrick, Herrington & Sutcliffe LLP | \$ 33,974 | \$ 1,622,832 | Legal | | |
| Ice Miller® | 44,029 | 160,035 | Legal | | |
| Bullivant Houser Bailey PC | 3,934 | 23,158 | Legal | | |
| Oregon Department of Justice | 363,098 | 381,634 | Legal | | |
| Saber Solutions, Inc. | 1,828,313 | 5,519,843 | Technology | | |
| Provaliant, Inc. | 854,360 | 1,031,650 | Technology | | |
| Case Associates, Inc. | _ | 97,955 | Technology | | |
| Pacific Crest | _ | 774,607 | Technology | | |
| Prodx | _ | 55,349 | Technology | | |
| Rapidigm, Inc. | 239,928 | 398,500 | Technology | | |
| Dye Management Group, Inc. | 318,872 | 466,855 | Technology | | |
| Hepieric, Inc. | 132,656 | 226,822 | Technology | | |
| Meridian Technology Group | 40,880 | 109,856 | Technology | | |
| Milliman | _ | 388,303 | Actuarial | | |
| Mercer Human Resource Consulting LLC | 364,254 | 13,800 | Actuarial | | |
| Berwyn Group | _ | 4,230 | Actuarial | | |
| Oregon Audits Division | 166,735 | 154,634 | Audit | | |
| B.W. Reed Benefits LLC | 68,301 | 80,353 | Health Insuranc | | |
| Lawrence Duckler, MD | 20,775 | 22,875 | Medical | | |
| CitiStreet | 1,985,826 | 2,644,092 | IAP Administra | | |

Summary of Investment Fees, Commissions, and Expenses For the Years Ended June 30, 2006 and 2005

| , | | 2006 | 2005 |
|--|----|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| International Equity Fund Managers | _ | | |
| Acadian Asset Management, Inc. | \$ | 3,224,320 | \$ 2,783,800 |
| AllianceBernstein International Premier Growth Fund Arrowstreet Capital, LP | | 3,753,786 3,175,214 | 3,020,067 2,609,985 |
| Barclays Global Investors (EAFE) | | 5,432,848 | 5,431,722 |
| Brandes Investment Partners LLC | | 3,381,342 | 2,789,972 |
| Fidelity Management Trust Co. | | 2,752,229 | 1,248,006 |
| Genesis Investment Management, Ltd. Lazard Asset Management | | 2,824,530 468,648 | 2,197,523 181,231 |
| Marvin & Palmer Associates, Inc. | | 2,755,146 | 2,169,882 |
| T. Rowe Price Group, Inc. | | 743,587 | 2,744,651 |
| TT International Co. Ltd. | | 2,606,698 | 2,104,985 |
| Walter Scott & Partners Limited Wells Capital Management | | 3,199,527 424,098 | 1,421,183 1,483,192 |
| Other International Equity Fund Managers | | 794,355 | 1,639,939 |
| Domestic Equity Fund Managers | | ŕ | |
| AllianceBernstein Domestic Equity | | 2,614,993 | 2,404,716 |
| Alliance Capital Management Ark Asset Management | | 2,147,576 2,438,304 | 1,531,268 |
| Aronson, Johnson, Ortiz, L.P. | | 1,940,240 | 1,696,946 |
| Barclays Global Investors (all funds) | | 5,210,909 | 3,401,959 |
| Becker Capital Management | | 1,450,323 | 1,487,446 |
| Franklin Asset Management Froley Revy Equity | | 2,037,239 1,413,011 | 1,226,710 |
| Goldman Sachs | | 9,409,662 | |
| Mazama Capital Management | | 1,845,421 | |
| MFS Institutional Advisors, Inc. | | 2,150,456 | 1,714,599 |
| Nicholas Applegate Capital Management Northern Trust Company | | 2,327,897 1,133,872 | 1,724,537 1,031,628 |
| PIMCO | | 1,767,035 | 3,762,920 |
| TCW Asset Management | | · · | 2,139,916 |
| Thompson/Rubinstein Investment Mgmt, Inc. | | 467,786 | 937,944 |
| Wanger Asset Management, LP Wellington Management Company, LLP | | 3,837,935 3,148,206 | 3,227,874 2,688,757 |
| Wells Capital Select | | 2,146,494 | |
| Winslow Capital Management, Inc. | | 1,426,616 | 1,258,401 |
| Other Domestic Equity Fees Debt Securities Managers | | 123,301 | 7,147,240 |
| Alliance Capital Management | | 2,712,204 | 2,501,672 |
| Barclays Global Investors (Corporate Government Bond Index) | | 124,685 | 132,528 |
| BlackRock Asset Management | | 2,723,848 | 2,488,873 |
| Fidelity Management Trust Co. Wellington Management Company, LLP | | 3,291,613 2,022,624 | 3,200,152 2,193,433 |
| Western Asset Management Company | | 1,932,478 | 2,079,668 |
| Other Fixed Income Fees | | _ | 11,148 |
| Real Estate Investment Fund Manager La Salle Advisors Ltd. | | 1,094,590 | 1,220,637 |
| Leveraged Buyout Manager | | 1,074,570 | 1,220,037 |
| Kohlberg Kravis Roberts & Co. | | 4,210,536 | 4,510,869 |
| Custodian | | 251 207 | 504.012 |
| State Street Bank Alternative Equity Managers | | 351,297 | 584,913 |
| BDCM Opportunity Fund, LP | | 1,497,731 | 606,924 |
| CCMP Asia Opportunity | | 1,002,740 | _ |
| Castle Harlan, Inc. | | 660,632 | 1,114,813 |
| CVC Doughty Hanson & Co. | | 2,607,827 | 2,687,617 2,439,028 |
| Elevation Partners | | 1,169,328 | |
| Grove Street Advisors, LLC | | 4,250,000 | 1,571,429 |
| KSL Capital Partners | | 1,241,859 | 456,847 |
| Markstone Capital Partners Oak Hill Capital | | 1,000,000 1,104,151 | 1,022,863 |
| Palamon European Equity | | 2,436,826 | |
| Parthenon Investors II LP | | 1,748,595 | 1,663,654 |
| Pathway Capital Management, LLC Solera Capital LLC | | 1,875,000 1,093,008 | 1,250,000 |
| TPG Partners | | 112,050 | 1,160,164 3,710,084 |
| Vestar Capital Partners IV LP | | 1,430,306 | 1,132,803 |
| Wellspring Capital | | 1,621,358 | 1,200,561 |
| Other Alternative Equity Fund Managers Real Estate Fees and Expenses | | 13,776,700 66,995,479 | 24,654,813 37,570,812 |
| Real Estate Bond Expenses | | 4,161,679 | 4,336,430 |
| State Treasury Fees | | 4,094,436 | 5,694,540 |
| Securities Lending Fees Brokerage Commissions | | 210,449,018 | 95,837,477 |
| Brokerage Commissions Other Investment Fees and Expenses | | 34,133,582 11,769,838 | 31,406,927 6,386,620 |
| Deferred Compensation Investment Fees and Expenses | | 2,053,746 | 1,862,483 |
| Total Investment Fees, Commissions, and Expenses | \$ | 475,323,368 | \$ 315,899,781 |

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE Bill Bradbury Secretary of State



AUDITS DIVISION Charles A. Hibner Director

(503) 986-2255 FAX (503) 378-6767 Audits.Sos@state.or.us

Auditing for a Better Oregon

The Honorable Theodore R. Kulongoski Governor of Oregon 160 State Capitol Salem, Oregon 97301-4047

Public Employees Retirement Board Oregon Public Employees Retirement System 11410 SW 68th Parkway Tigard, Oregon 97223

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (system) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the system's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

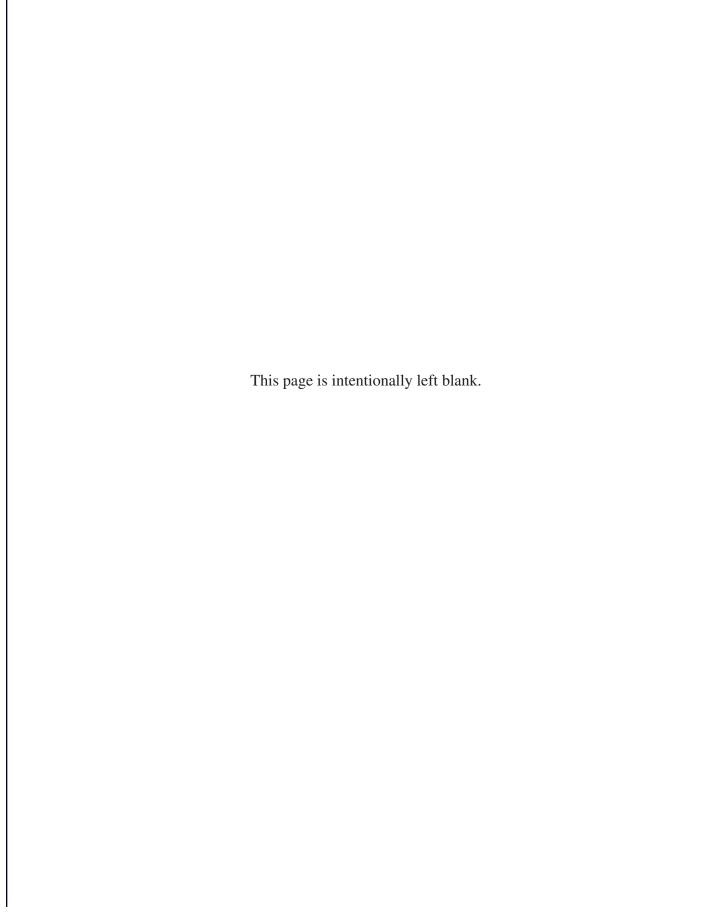
As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the system's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Public Employees Retirement Board, the system's management, the governor of the State of Oregon, and the Oregon Legislative Assembly and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

OREGON AUDITS DIVISION

Bill Bradbury Secretary of State

December 15, 2006



Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Investment Section

Investment Officer's Report



OREGON INVESTMENT COUNCIL

November 17, 2006

350 WINTER STREET, SUITE 100 SALEM, OR 97301-3896

Dear PERS Members:

The Oregon Public Employees Retirement Fund (OPERF) completed the fiscal year with a very solid 14.4 percent return. More importantly, over the past three and five year periods, respectively, OPERF has returned an average annual return of 15.4 percent and 8.3 percent. When compared against other large public pension funds, this performance places OPERF in the top one percent versus its peers.

The investment environment of the past year was a continuation of the Federal Reserve policy of increasing the federal funds rate for the 17th time to 5.25 percent. Against this backdrop, notwithstanding a four-quarter fiscal year downturn, both the domestic and international equity markets delivered strong returns. The Russell 3000 index was up 9.6 percent for the year, and the MSCI EAFE Index of developed markets was up an even higher 27.1 percent. Additionally, OPERF benefited from its emerging market exposure, a market that was up nearly 36 percent for the year. With performance this strong, on the heels of similar performance since 2003, it seems more than likely that future performance will be more moderate.

OPERF continues to benefit from its exposure to more illiquid investments in private equity and real estate, as well. These asset classes returned 25.1 percent and 31.7 percent, respectively, to OPERF over the past fiscal year. The Oregon Investment Council (OIC) has an established policy of targeting 12 percent of the overall fund to private equity and eight percent to real estate.

OPERF's Regular Account performance of 14.4 percent exceeded the OIC's target policy benchmark by 2.3 percent, and the eight percent actuarial discount rate by 6.4 percent. This performance was not the result of a single asset class doing well, but rather, the result of every major asset class in the portfolio exceeding its respective benchmark. This type of performance, across every asset class, should not be expected to continue, but it does demonstrate the benefits of active management and portfolio diversification.

Treasury staff and the OIC continue to place a strong emphasis on maintaining the Fund's asset allocation targets. To that end, a portfolio overlay manager was retained by the OIC to help keep the fund as close as possible to the strategic policy allocation using the Fund's frictional cash. Treasury staff, the OIC and their consultants will continue to look at ways to enhance the investment profile of the Fund, which means placing equal emphasis on the projected returns and risk for any strategy under consideration.

Ronald D. Schmitz Director, Investments

Rould D. Sch

Description of Investment Policies

Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 293.706 established the Oregon Investment Council (OIC), which consists of five voting members. Four members of the council, who are qualified by training and experience in the field of investment or finance, are appointed by the governor subject to Senate confirmation. The state treasurer serves as the remaining voting member of the council. In addition, the director of the Public Employees Retirement System serves as a non-voting member of the OIC.

ORS 293.701 defines the investment funds over which the OIC has responsibility. Included are the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF) and the Deferred Compensation Fund. The OIC establishes policies for the investment and reinvestment of moneys in the investment funds as well as the acquisition, retention, management, and disposition of investments in the investment funds. The OIC is also responsible for providing an examination of the effectiveness of the investment program.

The OIC ensures that moneys in the investment funds are invested and reinvested to achieve the investment objective of making the moneys as productive as possible. Furthermore, the investments of those funds are managed as a prudent investor would do, under the prevailing circumstances and in light of the purposes, terms, distribution requirements, and laws governing each investment fund. This standard requires the exercise of reasonable care, skill, and caution, and is applied to investments not in isolation, but in the context of each fund's portfolio as part of an overall investment strategy. The strategy should incorporate risk and return objectives reasonably suitable to the particular investment fund.

When implementing investment decisions, the OIC has a duty to diversify the investments of the investment funds unless, under the circumstances, it is not prudent to do so. In addition, the OIC must act with prudence when selecting agents and delegating authority.

The OIC has approved the following asset classes for the PERF: Oregon Short-Term Fund, Fixed Income, Real Estate, Equities, Alternative Equities, and Venture Capital Partnerships. The OIC must approve, in advance, the purchase of investments in a new asset class not described above. Individual investments that will require more than 10.0 percent of the funds allocated to a single asset class require OIC's advance and explicit approval.

The OIC maintains an "open-door" policy wherein investment officers employed by the Office of the State Treasurer will hear and consider investment proposals and solicitations from any person, firm, or partnership that submits a proposal or solicitation in good faith. However, under no circumstance does this policy require that the Office of the State Treasurer purchase the proposed investment.

The OIC also maintains an equal opportunity policy. When awarding contracts or agreements, the OIC does not discriminate because of age, race, color, sex, religion, national origin, marital status, sexual orientation, or disability. Furthermore, the OIC encourages firms doing or seeking to do business with the OIC to have equal opportunity programs. The OIC requires that all written contracts or agreements with the OIC incorporate reference that affirms compliance with applicable nondiscrimination, equal opportunity, and contract compliance laws.

The OIC meets monthly and in compliance with ORS 192.630-660 holds its meeting in a public forum. Public notice, including a meeting agenda, is provided to interested persons and news media that have requested notice. Written minutes and recordings are taken at all meetings.

The OIC also regularly reviews various aspects of investment policy, performance of investment managers and accounts, asset allocation, and a large number of investment proposals and recommendations.

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Investment Results

| | Periods Ending June 30, 2006 | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------|--------|
| | | Annu | alized |
| | 1-Year | 3-Year | 5-Year |
| Total Portfolio | 14.3% | 15.3% | 8.1% |
| Total Portfolio, Excluding Variable | 14.4 | 15.4 | 8.3 |
| Domestic Stocks | 10.7 | 13.6 | 4.2 |
| Benchmark: Russell 3000 Index | 9.6 | 12.6 | 3.5 |
| International Stocks | 30.3 | 26.2 | 12.3 |
| Benchmark: Custom Index ¹ | 28.4 | 25.8 | 11.9 |
| Fixed Income Segment | 0.9 | 4.0 | 6.5 |
| Benchmark: Custom Index ² | -0.2 | 2.7 | 5.3 |
| Real Estate ³ | 31.7 | 28.1 | 18.9 |
| Benchmark: NCREIF | 20.2 | 15.1 | 11.7 |
| Private Equity ⁴ | 25.1 | 26.5 | 10.6 |
| Benchmark: Russell 3000 +500 bps | 17.4 | 23.5 | 10.5 |

¹ Morgan Stanley Capital International All Country World Index ex-US Free Index

² 90% Lehman Universal/10% SSBI Non-US World Government Bond Hedged

³ Returns are lagged one quarter.

⁴ Returns are lagged one quarter.

OIC Allocation as of June 30, 2006

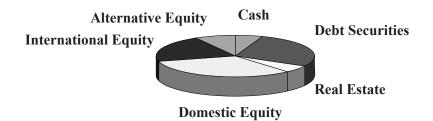
OIC Allocation



| | Low Range | High Range | Target Allocation |
|----------------------|--------------|---------------|----------------------|
| Cash | 0.0% | 3.0% | 0.0% |
| Debt Securities | 22.0 | 32.0 | 27.0 |
| Real Estate | 5.0 | 11.0 | 8.0 |
| Domestic Equity | 28.0 | 38.0 | 33.0 |
| International Equity | 15.0 | 25.0 | 20.0 |
| Alternative Equity | 9.0 | 15.0 | 12.0 |
| | 79.0% | 124.0% | 100.0% |

Investment Actual Allocation as of June 30, 2006

Actual Allocation



| | Actual |
|----------------------|--------|
| Cash | 5.0% |
| Debt Securities | 27.0 |
| Real Estate | 6.6 |
| Domestic Equity | 30.2 |
| International Equity | 22.4 |
| Alternative Equity | 8.8 |
| | 100.0% |

List of Largest Assets Held

Largest Stock Holdings (by Fair Value) June 30, 2006

| Shares | Description | <u>F</u> | air Value |
|---------------|-----------------------|----------|------------|
| 3,150,548 | Exxon Mobil Corp. | \$ 19 | 93,286,120 |
| 3,411,552 | Citigroup, Inc. | 10 | 64,573,268 |
| 3,063,506 | Bank of America Corp. | 1- | 47,354,639 |
| 4,187,001 | General Electric Co. | 1: | 38,003,553 |
| 308,816 | Google, Inc. | 1: | 29,495,813 |
| 2,029,834 | Johnson & Johnson | 1: | 21,627,653 |
| 3,056,749 | ING Groep NV | 1: | 20,108,553 |
| 1,972,871 | Proctor & Gamble Co. | 10 | 09,691,628 |
| 4,518,275 | Pfizer, Inc. | 10 | 06,043,914 |
| 1,440,980 | WellPoint, Inc. | 1 | 04,860,115 |
| | Total | \$ 1,3 | 35,045,256 |

Largest Bond Holdings (by Fair Value) June 30, 2006

| Par Value | Description | | Fair Value |
|------------------|---|------|---------------|
| \$ 1,051,385,000 | Federal National Mortgage Association TBA 5.0% Due 07-13-2036 Rating AAA | \$ | 982,798,530 |
| 463,612,065 | Federal National Mortgage Association TBA 6.0% Due 07-13-2036 Rating AAA | | 456,187,040 |
| 409,628,073 | Federal National Mortgage Association TBA 5.5% Due 07-13-2036 Rating AAA | | 393,274,942 |
| 178,570,000 | U.S. Treasury Strips Due 08-15-2010 Rating AAA | | 145,114,909 |
| 133,585,000 | U.S. Treasury Notes 4.875% Due 05-31-2008 Rating AAA | | 132,838,263 |
| 90,765,000 | Federal National Mortgage Association TBA 6.5% Due 07-13-2036 Rating AAA | | 91,233,002 |
| 90,656,082 | Government of Japan Notes 0.700% Due 06-20-2010 Rating AA | | 88,824,829 |
| 79,009,965 | U.S. Treasury Inflation Indexed Notes 2.375% Due 4-15-2011 Rating AAA | | 78,682,864 |
| 73,930,913 | Government of Poland Notes 6.250% Due 10-24-2015 Rating A | | 76,962,081 |
| 77,452,514 | Commonwealth of Australia Notes 5.250% Due 08-15-2010 Rating AAA | | 75,903,464 |
| | Total | \$ 2 | 2,521,819,924 |

A complete list of portfolio holdings may be requested from the Office of the State Treasurer, 350 Winter Street NE, Suite 100, Salem, OR 97301-3896.

Schedule of Fees and Commissions For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

| | Assets Under Management | Fees | Basis Points |
|--|----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Investment Managers' Fees: | | | |
| Debt Securities Managers | \$15,811,179,321 | \$ 12,807,452 | 0.081003 |
| Equity Managers | 30,812,469,829 | 84,573,603 | 0.274478 |
| Venture Capital Managers | 12,676 | · · · — | 0.000000 |
| KKR Leveraged Buyouts | 1,760,065,977 | 4,210,536 | 0.239226 |
| Alternative Equity Managers (Limited Partnerships) | 3,368,336,796 | 38,628,111 | 1.146801 |
| Real Estate Managers | 3,867,079,133 | 68,090,070 | 1.760762 |
| Total Assets Under Management | \$55,619,143,732 | | |
| Other Investment Service Fees: | | | |
| Securities Lending Fees | | 210,449,018 | |
| Investment Consultants | | 2,277,396 | |
| Commissions and Other Fees | | 54,287,182 | |
| Total Investment Service and Managers' Fees | | \$ 475,323,368 | |

Schedule of Broker Commissions For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006

| Broker's Name | Commission | Share / Par | Commission per Share |
|---|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| Merrill Lynch, Pierce, Fenner & Smith, Inc. | \$ 3,121,727 | \$ 264,426,670 | \$ 0.01181 |
| Goldman Sachs | 2,681,138 | 75,225,214 | 0.03564 |
| UBS Securities Inc. | 2,275,578 | 191,370,342 | 0.01189 |
| Credit Suisse First Boston Corporation | 1,880,964 | 184,596,887 | 0.01019 |
| Bear, Stearns & Co., Inc. | 1,773,528 | 78,628,633 | 0.02256 |
| Citigroup Global Markets Inc. | 1,746,926 | 191,742,294 | 0.00911 |
| Investment Technology Group, Inc. | 1,590,610 | 101,943,356 | 0.01560 |
| Lehman Brothers, Inc. | 1,500,966 | 128,239,668 | 0.01170 |
| J.P. Morgan Securities, Inc. | 1,248,450 | 156,511,840 | 0.00798 |
| Deutsche Bank | 1,224,126 | 74,269,538 | 0.01648 |
| Citation Group | 1,100,581 | 27,621,557 | 0.03984 |
| Morgan Stanley & Co., Inc. | 1,025,982 | 104,425,074 | 0.00983 |
| Weeden & Co. | 751,669 | 32,449,860 | 0.02316 |
| Société Générale | 605,667 | 42,729,924 | 0.01417 |
| Credit Lyonnais Securities | 475,315 | 75,952,870 | 0.00626 |
| Jefferies & Co. | 531,386 | 14,844,955 | 0.03580 |
| Instinet Corporation | 469,329 | 29,459,629 | 0.01593 |
| DLJ/Pershing | 432,395 | 44,945,002 | 0.00962 |
| Numura Securities Co., Ltd. | 360,396 | 49,127,072 | 0.00734 |
| Frank Russell Company | 353,198 | 9,450,575 | 0.03737 |

Brokerage commissions on purchases and sales are too numerous to list; therefore, only the top 20 brokers by amount of commission paid are shown.

Investment Summary

| Type of Investment | Fair Value at June 30, 2006 | Percent of Total Fair Value |
|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Debt Securities | | |
| U.S. Government Securities | \$ 1,039,793,879 | 1.87% |
| U.S. Agency Securities | 3,997,501,328 | 7.19 |
| Domestic Debt Securities | 2,838,829,245 | 5.10 |
| Domestic Mutual Funds | 2,501,360,209 | 4.50 |
| International Debt Securities | 1,926,832,285 | 3.46 |
| Global Mutual Funds | 890,959,082 | 1.60 |
| Asset-Backed Securities and Insurance Contracts | 2,615,894,961 | 4.70 |
| Total Debt Securities | 15,811,170,989 | 28.42 |
| Equity | | |
| Domestic Equity Securities | 10,714,954,968 | 19.27 |
| Domestic Mutual Funds | 6,956,130,627 | 12.51 |
| International Equity Securities | 10,309,041,920 | 18.54 |
| Global Mutual Funds | 2,832,342,314 | 5.09 |
| Total Equity | 30,812,469,829 | 55.41 |
| Real Estate | | |
| Real Estate Real Estate | 2 652 241 222 | 4.77 |
| | 2,652,241,222 | 2.13 |
| Limited Partnerships Private Placements | 1,184,275,237 29,947,604 | 0.05 |
| Real Estate Mortgages | 615,070 | 0.03 |
| Real Estate Moltgages | 013,070 | |
| Total Real Estate | 3,867,079,133 | 6.95 |
| Alternative Equity | | |
| Limited Partnerships | 3,368,336,796 | 6.06 |
| Venture Capital | 12,676 | 0.00 |
| Leveraged Buyouts | 1,760,065,977 | 3.16 |
| Total Alternative Equity | 5,128,415,449 | 9.22 |
| Restricted Investment Contracts | 8,332 | 0.00 |
| Total Fair Value | \$ 55,619,143,732 | 100.00% |

Actuarial Section

MERCER

Human Resource Consulting

111 SW Columbia Avenue, Suite 500 Portland, OR 97201-5839 503 273 5900 Fax 503 273 5999 bill.hallmark@mercer.com matt.larrabee@mercer.com www.mercerHR.com

November 14, 2006

Retirement Board Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Dear Members of the Board:

We have prepared an actuarial valuation of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System as of December 31, 2005, including both the Chapter 238 and Chapter 238A programs. Actuarial valuations are performed annually, but only valuations performed as of the end of each odd-numbered year are used to determine annual required contributions. Interim valuations performed as of the end of each even-numbered year are advisory only.

The valuation is based on financial and membership data furnished by the System. The System's actuary would not customarily verify this data. We have reviewed the information for internal consistency and reasonableness and have no reason to doubt its substantial accuracy.

All costs, liabilities and other factors were determined in accordance with generally accepted actuarial principles and procedures, and in accordance with our understanding of the provisions of current State statutes and regulations issued thereunder.

The Retirement Board has sole authority to determine the actuarial assumptions and methods used for the valuation. The actuarial assumptions and methods used in the 2005 actuarial valuation were adopted by the Board based upon our recommendations and the results of our experience study as of December 31, 2005. We believe the actuarial methods and assumptions to be reasonable. In addition, the assumptions and methods used for funding, prior to application of the rate collar, meet the parameters set for disclosures by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 25.

Mercer Human Resource Consulting prepared the following information that is presented in the Actuarial Section of the 2006 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report based on the December 31, 2005 actuarial valuation:

- Summary of Actuarial Methods
- Summary of Actuarial Assumptions
- Summary of Plan Provisions

MERCER

Human Resource Consulting

Page 2 November 14, 2006 Retirement Board Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

- Schedule of Active Member Valuation Data
- Schedule of Retirees and Beneficiaries Added to and Removed from Rolls
- Schedules of Funding Progress by Rate Pool
- Solvency Test
- Analysis of Financial Experience

In addition, we prepared the Schedules of Funding Progress in the Financial Section of this report. Amounts shown for the December 31, 2003 actuarial valuation and earlier are the amounts reported by the prior actuary for those valuations. Amounts shown for the December 31, 2005 actuarial valuation include both Chapter 238 and Chapter 238A assets and liabilities.

All members hired prior to August 29, 2003 are covered under Chapter 238. These benefits are administered using some cost-sharing pools and some independent employer valuations. All school districts share costs through the school district pool. Some local governments have joined the State and Local Government Rate Pool to share costs. There are also 218 independent employers who do not share costs with the other employers except through the Benefits in Force Reserve that pools the experience of those in pay status across all employers and all other pooling arrangements.

All members hired after August 28, 2003 are covered under Chapter 238A. Costs for these members are shared across all employers regardless of their status under the Chapter 238 arrangements. Chapter 238 benefits and Chapter 238A benefits are parts of a single plan.

Finally, some employers have made lump sum deposits in addition to their regularly scheduled contributions. These deposits are placed in a side account within the pension trust and used to offset future contribution requirements of that employer. For financial reporting purposes, lump sum deposits are not considered as contributions toward meeting the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) or the contractually required contribution for employers in a cost-sharing pool. However, side accounts are included as assets in the development of the ARC or contractually required contributions. The Schedule of Funding Progress and Solvency Test also include side accounts as part of the Plan's assets.

MERCER

Human Resource Consulting

Page 3 November 14, 2006 Retirement Board Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

We are available to answer any questions on the material contained in the report, or to provide explanations or further details as may be appropriate. The undersigned credentialed actuaries meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion contained in this report.

Sincerely,

William R. Hallmark, ASA, EA, MAAA

Willia R. Hellank

Principal

Matt Larrabee, FSA, EA, MAAA

MME

Principal

WRH/MRL/wrh:dah

The information contained in this document (including any attachments) is not intended by Mercer to be used, and it cannot be used, for the purpose of avoiding penalties under the Internal Revenue Code that may be imposed on the taxpayer.

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Tier One/Tier Two

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

The Board adopted the following actuarial methods and valuation procedures for the December 31, 2005 actuarial valuation of PERS Tier One/Tier Two benefits. The actuarial methods and procedures were first adopted effective December 31, 2004.

Actuarial cost method

Projected Unit Credit

Under the Projected Unit Credit cost method, the objective is to fund each member's benefit under the plan as it accrues, taking into consideration expected future compensation increases.

Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL) amortization

The UAL is currently amortized as a level percentage of combined valuation payroll (Tier One/Tier Two plus OPSRP payroll) over the period from the valuation date to December 31, 2027. As of December 31, 2005, the amortization period is 22 years. When the amortization period reaches 20 years, the period for the existing UAL will continue to decline until it is paid off, and new gains and losses recognized in each odd-year valuation will be amortized over a period of 20 years from that valuation.

Amortization of change in UAL due to change in actuarial cost method

The change in UAL due to the change from Entry Age Normal to Projected Unit Credit on December 31, 2004, is amortized as a level percentage of combined valuation payroll over a rolling three-year period.

Asset valuation method

The actuarial value of assets equals the market value of assets, reduced by the Contingency, Capital Preservation, and Rate Guarantee Reserves.

Contribution rate stabilization method

Contribution rates are confined to a collar based on the prior contribution rate (prior to application of side accounts). The new contribution rate will not increase or decrease from the prior contribution rate by more than the greater of 3 percentage points or 20 percent of the prior contribution rate. If the funded percentage drops below 80 percent or increases above 120 percent, the size of the collar doubles.

Economic Assumptions

The Board adopted the following economic assumptions for the December 31, 2005 actuarial valuation. The investment return assumption was first adopted in 1989, and the interest crediting assumptions were adopted in 2003. All other economic assumptions were first adopted in 2005.

Investment return

8.0 percent compounded annually

Interest crediting

- 8.0 percent compounded annually on members' regular account balances
- 8.5 percent compounded annually on members' variable account balances

Inflation

2.75 percent compounded annually

Payroll growth

3.75 percent compounded annually. This assumption represents the sum of the inflation assumption and a real wage growth assumption of 100 basis points.

Healthcare cost inflation

Health cost trend rates are used to predict increases in the RHIPA Maximum Subsidy.

| Year ¹ | |
|-------------------|------|
| 2007 | 9.0% |
| 2008 | 8.0% |
| 2009 | 7.0% |
| 2010 | 6.5% |
| 2011 | 6.0% |
| 2012 | 5.5% |
| 2013+ | 5.0% |

¹ For valuation purposes, the health cost trend rates are assumed to be applied at the beginning of the plan year.

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Demographic Assumptions

The Board adopted the following demographic assumptions for the December 31, 2005 actuarial valuation.

Mortality

The following mortality tables were used in the December 31, 2005 valuation. Mortality rates for school district males and general service males were first adopted effective December 31, 2005. All other mortality rates were adopted effective December 31, 2001.

| Healthy Retired Members | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Basic Table | RP 2000, Combined Active/Healthy Retired, No Collar, Sex Distinct |
| School District Male | Set back 36 months |
| Other General Service Male | Set back 24 months |
| Police and Fire Male | Set back 12 months |
| School District Female | Set back 36 months |
| Other Female | Set back 18 months |
| Beneficiary Male | Set back 24 months |
| Beneficiary Female | Set back 18 months |

The disabled retiree mortality rates were adopted by the Board for the December 31, 2005 actuarial valuation.

| Disabled Retired Members | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Basic Table | RP 2000, Combined Active/Healthy Retired, No Collar, Sex Distinct |
| Male | Set forward 36 months, min of 2.5 percent |
| Female | Set forward 36 months, min of 2.75 percent |

The Board adopted the rates below for non-retired members effective with the December 31, 2005 actuarial valuation, except for school district females, which were adopted with the December 31, 2001 actuarial valuation.

| Non-Retired Members | |
|------------------------|---|
| | Percent of Healthy Retired Mortality Tables |
| Police and Fire Male | 70% |
| Other Male | 65% |
| School District Female | 50% |
| Other Female | 55% |

Retirement Assumptions

The retirement assumptions used in the actuarial valuation include the following:

- retirement from active status/dormant status,
- probability a member will elect a lump-sum option at retirement, and
- percentage of members who elect to purchase credited service at retirement.

All of the retirement assumptions were first adopted effective December 31, 2005.

Rates of Retirement from Active Status

Judge members are assumed to retire at age 63.

| | Police a | and Fire | School | District | Other Gen | ieral Service | School District/Other General Service |
|-----|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|---------------|--|
| | | | Tier One | Tier Two | Tier One | Tier Two | |
| Age | <25 yrs | 25+ yrs | <30 yrs | <30 yrs | <30 yrs | <30 yrs | 30+ yrs |
| 50 | 14.0% | 70.0% | | | ' | | 50.0% |
| 51 | 14.0 | 35.0 | | | | | 50.0 |
| 52 | 8.5 | 35.0 | | | | | 66.7 |
| 53 | 8.5 | 35.0 | | | | | 66.7 |
| 54 | 8.5 | 20.0 | | | | | 75.0 |
| 55 | 15.0 | 20.0 | 14.0% | 7.0% | 10.0% | 5.0% | 33.3 |
| 56 | 8.5 | 20.0 | 7.0 | 3.5 | 5.0 | 2.5 | 25.0 |
| 57 | 8.5 | 20.0 | 10.0 | 5.0 | 7.5 | 3.75 | 25.0 |
| 58 | 8.5 | 20.0 | 15.0 | 7.5 | 10.0 | 5.0 | 25.0 |
| 59 | 8.5 | 20.0 | 10.0 | 5.0 | 7.5 | 3.75 | 25.0 |
| 60 | 15.0 | 20.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 13.0 |
| 61 | 15.0 | 40.0 | 15.0 | 15.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 13.0 |
| 62 | 25.0 | 50.0 | 15.0 | 15.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 33.3 |
| 63 | 5.0 | 40.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 25.0 |
| 64 | 5.0 | 40.0 | 15.0 | 15.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 25.0 |
| 65 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 22.0 | 22.0 | 20.0 | 20.0 | 33.3 |
| 66 | | | 10.0 | 10.0 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 30.0 |
| 67 | | | 10.0 | 10.0 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 30.0 |
| 68 | | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 15.0 |
| 69 | | | 4.00 | 4.00 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 15.0 |
| 70 | | | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Retirement from Dormant Status

Dormant members are assumed to retire at Normal Retirement Age (Age 58 for Tier One, age 60 for Tier Two, and age 55 for Police and Fire) or at the first unreduced retirement age (30 years of service or age 50 with 25 years of service for Police and Fire).

Lump-Sum Option at Retirement

Members retiring may elect to receive a full or partial lump sum at retirement. The probability that a retiring member will elect a lump sum at retirement is summarized in the table below.

| Partial Lump Sum | 8% |
|------------------|-----|
| Total Lump Sum | 8% |
| No Lump Sum | 84% |

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Purchase of Credited Service at Retirement

The following percentages of members are assumed to purchase credit for the six-month waiting period at retirement:

| Money Match Retirements | 0.0% |
|-----------------------------|------|
| Non-Money Match Retirements | 45% |

Disability Assumptions

There are two disability assumptions used in the valuation—duty disability and ordinary disability. Duty disability rates are separated between Police and Fire and General Service, while ordinary disability is the same for all members. These rates were first adopted effective December 31, 2005.

| Age | Duty Disability | Duty Disability | Ordinary |
|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|
| | Police and Fire | General Service | Disability |
| Less than age 35 | 0.040% | 0.004% | 0.050% |
| 35-39 | 0.060 | 0.004 | 0.100 |
| 40-44 | 0.060 | 0.010 | 0.150 |
| 45-49 | 0.100 | 0.010 | 0.200 |
| 50+ | 0.150 | 0.020 | 0.300 |

Termination Assumptions

The termination assumptions used in the actuarial valuation include the following assumptions:

- termination from active status prior to retirement eligibility, and
- probability that a member will not take a lump-sum distribution prior to retirement.

All of the termination assumptions were first adopted effective December 31, 2005.

Termination Rates

Termination rates for each group are shown below:

| | School | | SLGRP General Service | SLGRP General Service | Independent Employers General | Independent Employers General Service | Police and |
|-----|----------|---------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|------------|
| Age | District | OHSU | Male | Female | Service Male | Female | Fire |
| 30 | 6.106% | 10.003% | 7.538% | 7.511% | 6.094% | 10.365% | 3.334% |
| 40 | 3.480 | 6.374 | 4.139 | 4.500 | 3.791 | 6.176 | 2.278 |
| 50 | 2.233 | 4.184 | 3.065 | 3.100 | 2.338 | 3.861 | 1.372 |

No Lump Sum Before Retirement

The following table shows the probability that vested terminated members will elect to receive a deferred benefit instead of withdrawing accumulated member contributions.

| Age | General Service | Police and Fire |
|-----|--------------------|-----------------|
| 30 | 70.000% | 48.091% |
| 40 | 74.296 | 62.061 |
| 50 | 87.195 | 72.061 |

Salary Increase Assumptions

The salary increase assumptions reflected in the actuarial valuation include:

- merit scale increases in addition to the payroll growth increase, and
- Unused Sick Leave adjustments.

Merit Increases

Merit increases are based on duration of service for the following groups. The rates for school districts were first adopted effective December 31, 2005. All other rates were adopted December 31, 2003.

| Duration | School District | OHSU | SLGRP General Service | SLGRP Police and Fire | Independent Employers General Service | Independent Employers Police and Fire |
|----------|-----------------|-------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|
| 5 | 1.90% | 1.00% | 1.80% | 2.30% | 1.80% | 2.50% |
| 10 | 1.20 | 0.30 | 0.90 | 1.10 | 1.00 | 1.30 |
| 15 | 0.60 | 0.25 | 0.40 | 0.60 | 0.55 | 0.80 |
| 20 | 0.26 | 0.00 | 0.10 | 0.30 | 0.30 | 0.50 |

Unused Sick Leave

Members covered by the provision allowing unused sick leave to be used to increase final average salary are assumed to receive increases in their final average salary in accordance with the table below. The rates for local general service females were first adopted December 31, 2001. All other rates were adopted effective December 31, 2005.

| Actives | |
|-----------------------|-------|
| State GS Male | 5.75% |
| State GS Female | 4.75 |
| School District Male | 7.25 |
| State District Female | 6.75 |
| Local GS Male | 3.50 |
| Local GS Female | 3.00 |
| Police and Fire | 8.75 |
| | |
| Dormants | |
| All members | 3.50% |

These rates were first adopted effective December 31, 2005.

Retiree Healthcare Participation

The following percentages of eligible retiring members are assumed to elect RHIPA and RHIA coverage:

| RHIPA | 11% |
|--------------------|-----|
| RHIA | |
| - Healthy Retired | 50% |
| - Disabled Retired | 25% |

These rates were first adopted effective December 31, 2005.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions — OPSRP

Most of the methods and assumptions adopted for the OPSRP valuation are the same as those used for Tier One/Tier Two. A summary of the methods and assumptions that differ for OPSRP are summarized below.

Actuarial Methods and Valuation Procedures

UAL amortization

Gains and losses between odd-year valuations are amortized as a level percentage of combined valuation payroll (Tier One/Tier Two plus OPSRP payroll) over 16 years from the valuation in which they are first recognized.

Economic Assumptions

Administrative expenses: \$6.7 million per year is added to the normal cost.

Demographic Assumptions (Same as those used for Tier One/Tier Two.) **Retirement Assumptions** (Same as those used for Tier One/Tier Two.)

Retirement from Active Status

| | Police and Fire | | | General Service | |
|-----|-----------------|-----------|-----------|---|-----------------------------------|
| Age | <25 years | 25+ years | <30 years | 30+ years (Tier One/Tier Two Service) | 30+ years (OPSRP Service only) |
| 50 | 7.00% | 7.00% | | 50.00% | |
| 51 | 7.00 | 7.00 | | 50.00 | |
| 52 | 4.25 | 4.25 | | 66.7 | |
| 53 | 4.25 | 50.00 | | 66.7 | |
| 54 | 4.25 | 20.00 | | 75.0 | ' |
| 55 | 7.50 | 20.00 | 5.00% | 33.3 | 5.00% |
| 56 | 4.25 | 20.00 | 2.50 | 25.0 | 2.50 |
| 57 | 4.25 | 20.00 | 3.75 | 25.0 | 3.75 |
| 58 | 4.25 | 20.00 | 5.00 | 40.0 | 40.0 |
| 59 | 4.25 | 20.00 | 3.75 | 25.0 | 25.0 |
| 60 | 15.00 | 20.00 | 3.75 | 13.0 | 13.0 |
| 61 | 15.00 | 40.00 | 5.00 | 13.0 | 13.0 |
| 62 | 25.00 | 50.00 | 6.00 | 33.3 | 33.3 |
| 63 | 5.00 | 40.00 | 6.00 | 25.0 | 25.0 |
| 64 | 5.00 | 40.00 | 6.00 | 25.0 | 25.0 |
| 65 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 20.00 | 33.3 | 33.3 |
| 66 | | | 8.00 | 30.0 | 30.0 |
| 67 | | | 8.00 | 30.0 | 30.0 |
| 68 | | | 8.00 | 15.00 | 15.00 |
| 69 | | | 5.00 | 15.00 | 15.00 |
| 70 | | | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |

Retirement from Dormant Status

Dormant members are assumed to retire at normal retirement age.

Termination Assumptions

The termination rates are based on three-year select and ultimate rates, with the ultimate rates being the same as the Tier One/Tier Two termination rates.

| Age | School District | | | | OHSU ¹ | | | |
|-----|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------|
| | 1st Select Period | 2nd Select Period | 3rd Select Period | Ultimate | 1st Select Period | 2nd Select Period | 3rd Select Period | Ultimate |
| 30 | 13.500% | 10.500% | 7.500% | 6.106% | 15.500% | 13.500% | 11.500% | 10.003% |
| 40 | 10.700 | 7.350 | 5.600 | 3.480 | 10.900 | 8.750 | 6.750 | 6.374 |
| 50 | 9.700 | 6.350 | 4.200 | 2.233 | 9.900 | 6.000 | 4.000 | 4.184 |

| Age | Independent Employers General Service Male | | | | Independent Employers General Service Female | | | |
|-----|--|----------------------|----------------------|----------|--|----------------------|----------------------|----------|
| | 1st Select Period | 2nd Select Period | 3rd Select Period | Ultimate | 1st Select Period | 2nd Select Period | 3rd Select Period | Ultimate |
| 30 | 18.750% | 14.750% | 8.750% | 6.094% | 18.200% | 16.000% | 12.200% | 10.365% |
| 40 | 16.250 | 12.250 | 6.250 | 3.791 | 13.700 | 12.000 | 8.800 | 6.176 |
| 50 | 13.750 | 9.750 | 3.750 | 2.338 | 11.800 | 10.000 | 6.600 | 3.861 |

| Age | SLGRP ² General Service Male | | | | SLGRP General Service Female | | | |
|-----|---|----------------------|----------------------|----------|------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------|
| | 1st Select Period | 2nd Select Period | 3rd Select Period | Ultimate | 1st Select Period | 2nd Select Period | 3rd Select Period | Ultimate |
| 30 | 16.700% | 13.500% | 10.200% | 7.538% | 18.200% | 16.000% | 12.200% | 7.511% |
| 40 | 12.200 | 9.500 | 6.800 | 4.139 | 13.700 | 12.000 | 8.800 | 4.500 |
| 50 | 10.300 | 7.500 | 4.600 | 3.065 | 11.800 | 10.000 | 6.600 | 3.100 |

| Age | Police and Fire | | | | | |
|-----|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------|--|--|
| | 1st Select Period | 2nd Select Period | 3rd Select Period | Ultimate | | |
| 30 | 8.249% | 5.999% | 4.666% | 3.334% | | |
| 40 | 6.810 | 4.560 | 3.419 | 2.278 | | |
| 50 | 4.628 | 2.378 | 1.875 | 1.372 | | |

¹ Oregon Health & Sciences University

² State and Local Government Rate Pool

Actuarial Schedules

Schedule of Active Member Valuation Data

| Valuation Date | Count | Annual Payroll in Thousands | Average Annual Pay | % Increase in Average Pay | Number of Participating Employers ⁴ | _ |
|-------------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--|------------------------|
| 12/31/1995 | 141,471 | \$ 4,848,058 | \$ 34,269 | 2.7% | N/A | _ |
| 12/31/1997 | 143,194 | 5,161,562 | 36,045 | 2.6 | N/A | |
| 12/31/1999 | 151,262 | 5,676,606 | 37,528 | 2.0 | N/A | |
| 12/31/2000 | 156,869 | 6,195,862 | 39,497 | 5.2 | N/A | |
| 12/31/2001 | 160,477 | 6,520,225 | 40,630 | 2.9 | N/A | Old Basis |
| 12/31/2001 | 160,447 | 6,253,965 | 38,971 | _ | N/A | New Basis ¹ |
| 12/31/2002 | 159,287 | 6,383,475 | 40,075 | 2.8 | N/A | |
| 12/31/2003 | 153,723 | 6,248,550 | 40,648 | 1.4 | N/A | |
| 12/31/2004 ² | 142,635 | 6,306,447 | 44,214 | 8.8 | 806 | |
| 12/31/2005 3 | 156,501 | 6,791,891 | 43,398 | -1.8 | 810 | |

¹ Effective in 2001, the annual payroll excludes the member pick-up, if any.

Schedule of Retirees and Beneficiaries Added to and Removed From Rolls (dollar amounts in thousands)

| | Added to Rolls Removed from Rolls Rolls - End of Year | | nd of Year | | | | | |
|--------------|---|------------|------------|------------|---------|------------|-------------------------|------------|
| | | | | | | ' | % Increase | Average |
| Valuation | | Annual | | Annual | | Annual | in Annual | Annual |
| Date | Count | Allowances | Count | Allowances | Count | Allowances | Allowances ¹ | Allowances |
| 12/31/1995 | | | | | 64,796 | \$ 700,171 | 24.1% | \$ 10,806 |
| 12/31/1997 | | | | | 69,624 | 919,038 | 31.3 | 13,200 |
| 12/31/1999 | | | | | 82,819 | 1,299,380 | 41.4 | 15,689 |
| 12/31/2000 | | | | | 82,458 | 1,385,556 | 6.6 | 16,803 |
| 12/31/2001 | | | | | 85,216 | 1,514,491 | 9.3 | 17,772 |
| 12/31/2002 | | | | | 89,482 | 1,722,865 | 13.8 | 19,254 |
| 12/31/2003 | | | | | 97,777 | 2,040,533 | 8.4 | 20,869 |
| 12/31/2004 2 | 6,754 | \$ 149,474 | 2,863 | \$ 35,151 | 101,668 | 2,154,856 | 5.6 | 21,195 |
| 12/31/2005 2 | 4,472 | 149,127 | 3,217 | 36,784 | 102,923 | 2,267,198 | 5.2 | 22,208 |

¹ Since last valuation date.

² Excludes OPSRP members and payroll.

³ Includes OPSRP members and payroll.

⁴ Participating employers are defined for this purpose as any employer with covered payroll during the prior year.

² Annual allowances reflect estimated adjustments to retiree benefits due to the implementation of the <u>Strunk v. PERB, et al.</u> and <u>City of Eugene v. State of Oregon, PERB, et al.</u> decisions.

Schedules of Funding Progress by Rate Pool

(dollar amounts in millions)

| Actuarial Valuation Date ¹ | Actuarial Value of Assets ² (a) | Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b) | Unfunded AAL (UAAL) ³ (b-a) | Funded Ratio (a/b) | Covered Payroll ⁴ (c) | UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c) |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|--------------------|--|--|
| Tion One/Tion T | wa Stata and La | cal Government R | ata Daal | | | |
| | | | | 07.20/ | ¢ 2 171 0 | 20.20/ |
| 12/31/2004 | \$ 22,768.1 | \$ 23,407.2 | \$ 639.1 | 97.3% | \$ 3,171.0 | 20.2% |
| 12/31/2005 | 25,556.3 | 24,450.3 | (1,106.0) | 104.5 | 3,089.8 | (35.8) |
| Tier One/Tier T | wo School Distri | ict Rate Pool | | | | |
| 12/31/2004 | 18,679.3 | 19,483.0 | 803.7 | 95.9% | 2,173.6 | 37.0% |
| 12/31/2005 | 21,095.0 | 20,151.8 | (943.2) | 104.7 | 2,126.5 | (44.4) |
| Tier One/Tier T | wo Independent | Employers and Ju | ıdiciary | | | |
| 12/31/2004 | 4,195.1 | 4,444.4 | 249.3 | 94.4 | 961.9 | 25.9% |
| 12/31/2005 | 4,742.9 | 4,575.0 | (167.9) | 103.7 | 894.9 | (18.8) |
| OPSRP Rate Poo | ol | | | | | |
| 12/31/2005 | 55.0 | 53.8 | (1.2) | 102.2 | 680.7 | (0.2%) |
| Postemployment | : Healthcare Ber | nefits - Retirement | Health Insurance | Account | | |
| 12/31/2004 | 148.0 | 556.9 | 408.9 | 26.6 | 6,306.4 | 6.5 |
| 12/31/2005 | 181.0 | 495.9 | 314.9 | 36.5 | 6,111.2 | 5.2 |
| Postemployment | : Healthcare Ber | nefits - Retiree Hea | llth Insurance Pre | mium Account | | |
| 12/31/2004 | 5.2 | 28.2 | 23.0 | 18.4 | 1,701.0 | 1.4 |
| 12/31/2005 | 6.1 | 27.0 | 20.9 | 22.6 | 1,621.2 | 1.3 |

Notes:

¹ Actuarial valuations prior to December 31, 2004, were performed by Milliman USA.

² Side account assets are included with Tier One/Tier Two assets.

³ Excludes UAAL for Multnomah Fire District (\$129.7 million as of 12/31/2005).

⁴ Covered payroll is shown for the rate group. However, the UAL is amortized using combined Tier One/Tier Two and OPSRP payroll.

Actuarial Schedules

Analysis of Financial Experience

Gains and Losses in Accrued Liabilities Resulting Between Assumed Experience and Actual Experience

(dollar amounts in millions)

| Type of Activity | | \$ Gain (or Loss) for Year | | | |
|--|----|----------------------------|----|-----------|--|
| | | 2005 | | 2004 | |
| Age and Service Retirements from Active Status | \$ | (55.5) | \$ | (69.1) | |
| Disability Retirements from Active Status | | (11.6) | | (19.7) | |
| Active Mortality and Withdrawal | | 18.2 | | 29.2 | |
| Pay Increases | | 41.7 | | 4.1 | |
| Contributions | | (419.7) | | (530.4) | |
| Investment Income | | 1,819.7 | | (1,538.5) | |
| Retirement, Mortality, and Lump Sums from Dormant Status | | 81.7 | | 223.7 | |
| Retiree and Beneficiary Mortality | | (44.7) | | (13.0) | |
| Other | _ | (315.7) | | (77.2) | |
| Gain (or Loss) During Year From Financial Experience | | 1,114.1 | | (1,990.9) | |
| Non-Recurring Items | | | | | |
| Oregon Supreme Court Rulings, <u>Strunk v. PERB, et al.</u> and <u>City of Eugene v. State of Oregon, PERB, et al.</u> | | N/A | | (437.9) | |
| Change in Actuarial Cost Method | | N/A | | (1,230.6) | |
| Change is Asset Valuation Method | | N/A | | 2,174.4 | |
| Deployment of Reserves | | 1,389.2 | | N/A | |
| Assumption Changes | _ | 27.2 | | N/A | |
| Composite Gain (or Loss) During Year | \$ | 2,530.5 | \$ | (1,485.0) | |

Solvency Test

Pension and Retiree Healthcare Plans

(dollar amounts in millions)

Actuarial Accrued Liability

| Valuation Date ¹ | Active Member Contributions | Retired Members and Beneficiaries | Other Members | Valuation Asssets ⁶ | Portion of Actu Cove | arial Accrued | Liabilities |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|-------------|
| | (1) | (2) | (3) | | (1) | (2) | (3) |
| 12/31/1995 | \$ 5,753.0 | \$ 7,492.8 | \$ 10,002.8 | \$ 20,957.6 | 100% | 100% | 77% |
| 12/31/1997 | 8,135.4 | 9,994.9 | 13,534.6 | 29,108.2 | 100 | 100 | 81 |
| 12/31/1999 | 8,238.1 | 14,333.7 | 18,336.1 | 39,964.8 | 100 | 100 | 95 |
| 12/31/2000 | 10,142.5 | 15,664.1 | 17,543.9 | 41,804.6 | 100 | 100 | 91 |
| 12/31/2001 | 10,252.8 | 17,465.9 | 18,229.0 | 39,852.2 | 100 | 100 | 67 |
| 12/31/2001 ² | 10,252.8 | 17,340.0 | 10,228.8 | 39,852.2 | 100 | 100 | 120 |
| 12/31/2002 ² | 9,940.7 | 19,339.0 | 10,240.8 | 36,316.8 | 100 | 100 | 69 |
| 12/31/2003 ² | 9,005.8 | 23,625.9 | 11,993.9 | 42,874.4 | 100 | 100 | 85 |
| 12/31/2004 3,4 | 9,073.0 | 25,363.0 | 13,547.6 | 45,735.3 | 100 | 100 | 83 |
| 12/31/2005 5 | 9,169.7 | 26,602.4 | 14,044.7 | 51,569.7 | 100 | 100 | 112 |

¹ An extensive revision of the actuarial assumptions occurs prior to each odd-year valuation; therefore, the figures are not directly comparable.

² The 2001 valuation was revised to include the impact of PERS Reform Legislation enacted in 2003. Figures 12/31/2003 do not reflect the judicial review or subsequent Board action.

³ Effective with the 2004 valuation, the Oregon Supreme Court rulings in <u>Strunk v. PERB, et al.</u> and <u>City of Eugene v. State of Oregon, PERB, et al.</u> (issued August 11, 2005) are reflected.

⁴ Effective with the 2004 valuation, the cost method was changed from Entry Age Normal to Projected Unit Credit, and the actuarial value of assets was changed from a four-year smoothed value to market value.

⁵ Assets and liabilities for OPSRP are first valued in the 2005 valuation.

⁶ Effective with the 12/31/2002 valuation, includes the value of UAL Lump-Sum Side Accounts.

Plan Summary

Summary of Plan Provisions

The following section summarizes the plan provisions considered in the actuarial valuation. A more detailed description of plan provisions is available from the PERS administrative office.

| Membership | become member eligible for and | rs of the System | n after complete participate in | ing in this System who are in qualifying positions ing six months of service except those who are an optional retirement plan. Different benefit hire. | |
|------------------------------------|--|---|--|---|--|
| | Tier One | Hired prior to 1 | 1996. | | |
| | Tier Two Hired after 1995 and before August 29, 2003. | | | | |
| | OPSRP | Hired after Aug | gust 28, 2003, | and not a judge. | |
| | Judges | | | | |
| Employee | Judges | 7 percent of sal | lary. | | |
| Contributions | All others | None. | | | |
| Employer Contributions | Actuarially dete | ermined | | | |
| Summary of Ch | apter 238 Prov | isions – Tier C | One/Tier Tw | o and Judges | |
| 3.7 1 | Police and Fire | | Age 55 | | |
| Normal | I once and I'm | | 118000 | | |
| Normal Retirement Date | Judges | | Age 65 | | |
| | | eral Service | • | | |
| | Judges | | Age 65 | | |
| | Judges Tier One Generation Tier Two Generation | eral Service ho are not judge Formula Plus An | Age 65 Age 58 Age 60 es, the greatest | of the Full Formula benefit, the Money Match only available to members who made contributions | |
| Retirement Date Normal Retirement | Judges Tier One Generation Tier Two Generation For members we benefit, or the H | eral Service Tho are not judge Formula Plus An 21, 1981). The percenta | Age 65 Age 58 Age 60 es, the greatest muity benefit of | | |
| Retirement Date Normal Retirement | Judges Tier One Generation Tier Two Generation For members was benefit, or the Hamiltonian | eral Service Tho are not judge Formula Plus An 21, 1981). The percenta | Age 65 Age 58 Age 60 es, the greatest anuity benefit of the credited services. | only available to members who made contributions from the table below multiplied by final average pay | |
| Retirement Date Normal Retirement | Judges Tier One Generation Tier Two Generation For members was benefit, or the Hamiltonian | cral Service Tho are not judge Formula Plus An (21, 1981). The percenta and years of | Age 65 Age 58 Age 60 es, the greatest anuity benefit of the credited services. | from the table below multiplied by final average pay the plus a prior service pension, if applicable. | |
| Retirement Date Normal Retirement | Judges Tier One Generation Tier Two Generation For members was benefit, or the Hamiltonian | cral Service Tho are not judge Formula Plus An (21, 1981). The percenta and years of Percentage | Age 65 Age 58 Age 60 es, the greatest anuity benefit of the credited services. | from the table below multiplied by final average pay the plus a prior service pension, if applicable. Membership Classification | |
| Retirement Date Normal Retirement | Judges Tier One Generation Tier Two Generation For members was benefit, or the Hamiltonian | cral Service Tho are not judge Formula Plus An (21, 1981). The percenta and years of Percentage 2.00% 1.67% The member | Age 65 Age 58 Age 60 es, the greatest anuity benefit of the greatest greatest anuity benefit of the greatest gr | from the table below multiplied by final average pay the plus a prior service pension, if applicable. Membership Classification Police and Fire; Legislators All other members ance and a matching employer amount converted to a | |
| Retirement Date Normal Retirement | Judges Tier One Gene Tier Two Gene For members w benefit, or the I before August 2 Full Formula | tho are not judge formula Plus An (21, 1981). The percentage 1 (2, 200%) 1.67% The member actuarially ed The member refund annui | Age 65 Age 58 Age 60 es, the greatest anuity benefit of the greatest anuity account ball quivalent annuity plus the period of the greatest and the greatest and the greatest and the greatest anuity plus the period of the greatest and the great | from the table below multiplied by final average pay be plus a prior service pension, if applicable. Membership Classification Police and Fire; Legislators All other members ance and a matching employer amount converted to an ity. Increase a converted to an actuarially equivalent cash | |
| Retirement Date Normal Retirement | Judges Tier One General Tier Two General T | cral Service Tho are not judge Formula Plus An (21, 1981). The percenta and years of Percentage (2.00%) (1.67%) The member actuarially ed The member refund annui final average | Age 65 Age 58 Age 60 es, the greatest anuity benefit of the greatest anuity account ball the greatest anuity plus the per pay and years | from the table below multiplied by final average pay be plus a prior service pension, if applicable. Membership Classification Police and Fire; Legislators All other members ance and a matching employer amount converted to an ity. Increase converted to an actuarially equivalent cash centage multiplier from the table below multiplied by | |
| Retirement Date Normal Retirement | Judges Tier One General Tier Two General T | cral Service tho are not judge formula Plus An (21, 1981). The percentage 1 2.00% 1.67% The member actuarially experience of the member refund annuifinal average applicable. | Age 65 Age 58 Age 60 es, the greatest anuity benefit of the greatest anuity account ball the greatest anuity plus the per pay and years | from the table below multiplied by final average pay the plus a prior service pension, if applicable. Membership Classification Police and Fire; Legislators All other members ance and a matching employer amount converted to an ity. ance converted to an actuarially equivalent cash centage multiplier from the table below multiplied by sof credited service, plus a prior service pension, if | |

Summary of Chapte

| ter 238 Provis Judges | Provisions - Tier One/Tier Two and Judges (continued) Final average pay multiplied by the first percentage multiplier from the table below for up to 16 years of service plus the second percentage multiplier for any service in excess of 16 years, but not to exceed the maximum percentage of final average pay also shown below. Judges must elect Plan A or Plan B no later than age 60. | | | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|--|---|--|--|
| | Plan | Percentage Factor (up to 16 years) | Percentage Factor (after 16 years) | Maximum Percentage of Final Average Pay | | |
| | A | 2.8125% | 1.67% | 65% | | |
| | B 3.75 2.00 75 | | | | | |
| | | increase to their monthly ll 656 (SB 656) or Hous | retirement benefits equal e Bill 3349 (HB 3349). | l to the greater of the | | |

SB 656 / HB 3349 Adjustment

| najusimeni | increase under senate Bin 030 (SB 030) of House Bin 3347 (HB 3347). | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | SB 656 | Years of Service | General Service | Police and Fire | | | |
| | Increase | 0-9 | 0.0% | 0.0% | | | |
| | | 10-14 | 1.0 | 1.0 | | | |
| | | 15-19 | 1.0 | 1.0 | | | |
| | | 20-24 | 2.0 | 2.5 | | | |
| | | 25-29 | 3.0 | 4.0 | | | |
| | | 30 & Over | 4.0 | 4.0 | | | |
| | HB 3349 | 1 | | Service prior to October 1, 1991 | | | |
| | Increase | 1 – maximum Oregon income tax rat | • | All service | | | |
| Early Retirement | Police and Fire | olice and Fire Age 50 or 30 years of service | | | | | |
| Eligibility | Judges | Age 60 | | | | | |
| | General Service | Age 55 or | r 30 years of service | | | | |
| Early Retirement Allowance | Normal retirement allowance, actuarially reduced to early retirement age. However, there is no reduction applied if a member has completed 30 years of service (25 years for police and fire members) or for judges in Plan B. | | | | | | |
| Vesting | Five years or atta | inment of normal retirem | ent age. | | | | |
| Termination Benefits | Non-Vested | Payment of member's a forfeited. | ment of member's account balance. For judges, the account balance is feited. | | | | |
| | Vested | Same as normal (or early) retirement allowance, but commencement is deferred to normal (or early) retirement date. | | | | | |

| Summary of Chapter | 238 Provisions - | Tier One/Tier | Two and Judges | (continued) |
|---------------------------|------------------|---------------|----------------|-------------|
| | | | | |

| regon Public Employee | es Re | tirement Sy |
|---------------------------------|-------|--------------------|
| Summary of Cha | pter | 238 Prov |
| Optional Forms of Retirement | | ne normal to |
| Allowance | Oı | otions Ava |
| | • | Life ann |
| | • | Cash ref |
| | • | Life ann |
| | • | Joint and feature. |
| | • | Lump su |
| | • | Lump su |
| Pre-Retirement | Ju | dges |
| Death Benefit Eligibility | Al | l others |
| | | |
| Pre-Retirement Death Benefit | Ju | dges |

form of benefit is a cash refund annuity (joint and two-thirds survivor contingent a married judge). All optional amounts are adjusted to be actuarially equivalent.

ailable

- nuity.
- fund annuity.
- nuity guaranteed 15 years.
- nd 50 percent or 100 percent survivor contingent annuity, with or without pop-up
- rum of member contribution account (under any form) plus a pension from employer utions under the Full Formula or Money Match method.
- um of member contribution account plus a matching employer amount.

Six or more years of service. Death occurring while the member is an employee of a participating employer or within 120 days of termination provided the employee does not withdraw the account balance or retire, or a result of injuries received while in the service of a participating employer.

All others

The spouse shall receive a life pension equal to two-thirds of the service retirement allowance. The beneficiary of an unmarried judge shall receive the member's accumulated contributions with interest.

Additional Police and Fire Death

Upon the death of a retired police officer or firefighter, the surviving spouse or dependent children under age 18 will receive a monthly benefit based on 25 percent of the cash refund retirement allowance due to police and fire service.

The member's account balance plus a matching employer amount.

Disability Benefit **Eligibility**

Benefits

Disability

Benefits

| Duty | Disablement occurring as a direct result of a job-related injury or illness, regardless of length of service. |
|----------|---|
| Non-Duty | Disablement occurring after 10 years of service (six years, if a judge), but prior |

The normal retirement allowance calculated based on the service credit that would have been earned if the member had continued working to age 58 (age 55 for police and fire) payable commencing immediately.

to normal retirement eligibility.

Police and Fire Members' Alternative

In lieu of the above, police officer and firefighters and police officers who qualify for duty disability may elect to receive a benefit of 50 percent of final average monthly salary at the time of disablement.

Minimum Monthly Retirement Allowance

| Judges | | |
|--------|--|--|
|--------|--|--|

45 percent of final average monthly salary.

\$100 for a member with at least 15 years of credited service, actuarially reduced if an optional form of benefit is chosen.

Reduction of Benefits

Whenever a disabled employee's disability benefit and earned income for any month exceed the monthly salary received at the time of disablement or \$400, if greater, the disability benefit will be reduced by the excess.

For Tier Two members, the sum of the disability benefit and any workers' compensation benefits may not exceed the member's salary at the time of disablement.

| Summary o | f Chaptei | r 238 Prov i | isions - Tier | One/Tier | Two and | Judges (| (continued) | |
|-----------|-----------|---------------------|---------------|----------|---------|----------|-------------|--|
| | | | | | | | | |

| Police and Fire Unit Purchases | Police and fire members may purchase 60-month annuity benefits (up to \$80 per month) that must be paid out by age 65 and cannot commence prior to the earliest retirement age. The amount purchased by the member is matched by the employer. In certain situations, such as termination of employment prior to retiring or working beyond age 65, the employer's matching purchase is forfeited. | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Postretirement Adjustments | All monthly pension and annuity benefits except unit purchases are eligible for postretirement adjustments. | | | | |
| | Automatic Adjustments | Benefits are adjusted annually to reflect the increase or decrease in the Consumer Price Index (Portland area - all items) as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. | | | |
| | | The maximum adjustment to be made for any year is 2 percent of the previous year's benefit. Any CPI change in excess of 2 percent is accumulated for future benefit adjustments which would otherwise be less than 2 percent. No benefit will be decreased below its original amount. | | | |
| | Ad Hoc Adjustments | From time to time, as granted by the Legislature, retired members and beneficiaries have received increases in their monthly benefits. | | | |
| Variable Annuity Program | Contributions | Prior to January 1, 2004, a member could elect to have 25, 50 or 75 percent of his or her contributions invested in the variable account. | | | |
| | Benefit | At retirement, a member may elect to receive a variable annuity with the funds accumulated in his or her variable account. | | | |
| | | Alternatively, a member may elect to have funds in his or her variable account transferred back to the regular account and receive an annuit from the System and cease further participation in the variable annuit program. | | | |
| | | The employer provided benefit, however, is based on the earnings the member would have received in the regular account. | | | |
| Interest Credit on Member Accounts | Tier One Regular | Actuarially assumed rate of return until the rate guarantee reserve hat been fully funded for three consecutive years and the Board elects to credit additional interest. | | | |
| | Tier Two Regular | Amount determined by the Board based on actual investment earnings of the regular account. | | | |
| | Variable | Actual earnings in variable account. | | | |
| Retiree | Eligibility | All of the following must be met: | | | |
| Healthcare – Madiagna | | a) currently receiving a retirement allowance from the System, | | | |
| Medicare Supplement | | b) covered for eight years before retirement, | | | |
| 11 | | c) enrolled in a PERS-sponsored health plan, and | | | |
| | | d) enrolled in both Medicare Part A and Part B. | | | |
| | Benefit Amount | A monthly contribution of up to \$60 per retiree is applied to PERS-sponsored Medicare supplemental insurance costs. | | | |
| Retiree Healthcare – Under Age 65 | Eligibility | Retired state employees enrolled in a PERS-sponsored health plan. | | | |
| – Onuel Age 03 | Benefit | A percentage (as shown in the table on the following page) of the maximum monthly subsidy based on years of service. The maximum monthly subsidy is calculated annually as the average difference between the health insurance premiums paid by active state employees and the premium retirees would pay if they were rated separately from active state employees. | | | |

Summary of Chapter 238 Provisions - Tier One/Tier Two and Judges (continued)

| Years of Service | Subsidized Amount |
|------------------|-------------------|
| Under 8 | 0% |
| 8-9 | 50 |
| 10-14 | 60 |
| 15-19 | 70 |
| 20-24 | 80 |
| 25-29 | 90 |
| 30 & Over | 100 |

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The Oregon Supreme Court Rulings *Strunk v. PERB, et al.* (issued March 8, 2005) and *City of Eugene v. State of Oregon, PERB, et al.* (issued August 11, 2005) are first reflected as part of the 2004 actuarial valuation. These rulings changed the following provisions:
 - For Tier One member accounts, 1999 earnings were changed from 20.0 percent to 11.33 percent, and all years after 1999 were credited with 8.0 percent.
 - Cost of living adjustments (COLAs) were applied retroactively to all retirees who
 previously had their COLA frozen.
- A member eligible to receive benefits under both Tier One/Tier Two and OPSRP may use his or her combined creditable service (Tier One/Tier Two) and retirement credits (OPSRP) to determine eligibility for benefits, such as non-duty disability, "30 and out," vesting, etc. (HB 2189).

Summary of Chapter 238A Provisions - OPSRP

| Normal Retirement | Police and Fire | Age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Date | General Service | Age 65 or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit | | | | | | |
| | School Districts | Age 65 or age 58 with 30 calendar years of active membership | | | | | | |
| Normal Retirement Allowance | | equal to final average salary times years of retirement credit attributable to blice times 1.8 percent plus final average salary times all other years of es 1.5 percent. | | | | | | |
| Early Retirement | Police & Fire | Age 50 and 5 years of vesting service | | | | | | |
| Eligibility | General Service | Age 55 and 5 years of vesting service | | | | | | |
| Early Retirement Allowance | Normal retirement a | llowance, actuarially reduced to early retirement age. | | | | | | |
| Vesting | Five years or attainm | nent of normal retirement age. | | | | | | |
| Vested Termination Benefit | Same as normal (or early) retirement date | early) retirement allowance, but commencement is deferred to normal (or e. | | | | | | |
| Optional Forms of Retirement Benefit | The normal form of equivalent. | benefit is a life annuity. All optional amounts are adjusted to be actuarially | | | | | | |
| | Options Available | | | | | | | |
| | ■ Life annuity. | | | | | | | |
| | Joint and 50 per feature. | cent or 100 percent survivor contingent benefit, with or without pop-up | | | | | | |
| | Lump sum if mo less than \$5,000 | onthly normal retirement benefit is less than \$200 or if lump-sum value is | | | | | | |
| Pre-Retirement Death Benefit Eligibility | Death of a vested me | ember before retirement benefits begin. | | | | | | |
| Pre-Retirement Death Benefit | retirement benefit the eligible for early reti the participant would | ble for early retirement, the actuarial equivalent of 50 percent of the early e participant was eligible to receive at date of death. If member was not rement, the actuarial equivalent of 50 percent of the early retirement benefit have been eligible to receive if he terminated employment on his date of the earliest possible date. | | | | | | |
| Disability Benefit Eligibility | Duty | Disablement occurring as a direct result of a job-related injury or illness, regardless of length of service. | | | | | | |
| | Non-Duty | Disablement occurring after 10 years of service, but prior to normal retirement eligibility. | | | | | | |
| Disability Benefit Amounts | Pre-Retirement Benefit | 45 percent of salary during last full month of employment before disability, reduced if total benefit including workers' compensation exceeds 75 percent of salary. Benefit is payable monthly until normal retirement age. | | | | | | |

| | Retirement Benefit | Same formula as Normal Retirement Benefit, except: |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| | | final average salary is adjusted to reflect cost-of-living increases from date of disability to normal retirement age, and |
| | | retirement credits continue to accrue from date of disability to normal retirement age. |
| Postretirement | All monthly pension a | and annuity benefits are eligible for postretirement adjustments. |
| Adjustments | Automatic Adjustments | Benefits are adjusted annually to reflect the increase or decrease in the Consumer Price Index (Portland area - all items) as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. |
| | | The maximum adjustment to be made for any year is 2 percent of the previous year's benefit. Any CPI change in excess of 2 percent is accumulated for future benefit adjustments that would otherwise be less than 2 percent. No benefit will be decreased below its original amount. |
| | Ad Hoc Adjustments | From time to time, as granted by the Legislature, retired members and beneficiaries have received increases in their monthly benefits. |
| Changes in Plan Provisions | | he OPSRP program has been included in the actuarial section of the CAFR. changes in plan provisions to report. |

Statistical Section

Statistical Notes

The statistical section of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS or "the System") CAFR presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the System's overall financial health. The data presented was extracted from the PERS' information systems.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the System's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. Financial information is presented on an accrual basis. The decrease in Defined Benefit Pension member contributions is offset by the increase in the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan's Individual Account Program increase of member contributions. Fluctuations in employer contributions from 2000 forward are due to UAL payments.

The Schedules of Changes in Net Assets are presented on both a fiscal and calendar year basis. The System prepares its financial statements on a fiscal year basis but has its actuarial valuations performed on a calendar year basis.

The Schedule of Benefit Expense by Type provides additional detail of benefit expense for fiscal years reported in the aggregate in the Schedules of Changes in Net Assets.

The Schedule of Earnings and Distribution at December 31 shows earnings available for crediting net of administrative expenses and the rates approved by the Board for the programs it administers.

Operating Information

These schedules contain data to help understand how the information in the System financial reports relates to the services the System provides and the activities it performs.

The Schedule of Average Monthly Benefit Payments presents average monthly benefits, final average salary and number of retirees still receiving benefits, by year of retirement. The total section presents averages for all retirees still receiving benefits regardless of when their retirement benefits began. The years 1998 and 2003 show large increases in retirements due to members applying before pending policy changes and legislation became effective.

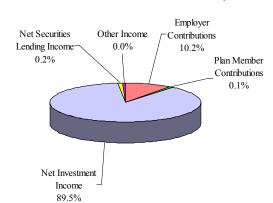
The Schedule of Benefit Recipients by Benefit Type shows retired members, by benefit level, benefit types and payment options selected.

The Schedule of Retirement System Membership shows demographics of membership over a period of time. The fiscal year schedule shows membership over the last six years. The calendar year schedule is in five-year increments going back to 1980

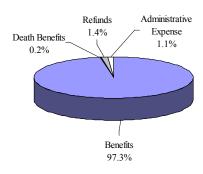
The Schedule of Principal Participating Employers shows the 10 employers with largest number of current employees, along with aggregate information for the remaining employers with current employees.

Operation information schedules do not include information from Other Postemployment Plans as the information was not available.

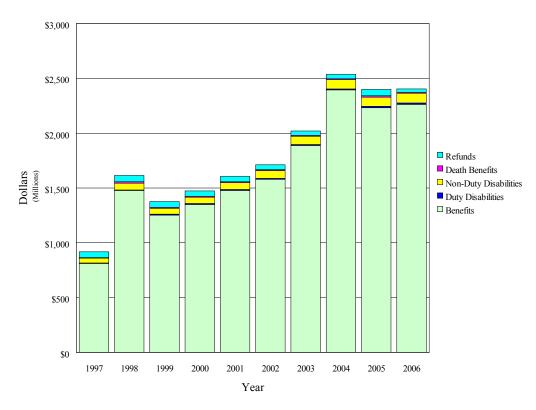
Defined Benefit Pension Plan Additions by Source for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006



Defined Benefit Pension Plan Deductions by Source for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2006



Benefit Expense By Type



Changes in Plan Net Assets For the Last Ten Years Ended June 30:

Defined Benefit Pension Plan³

| | | Employer | Contributions | | |
|----------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Fiscal Year | Member Contributions | Dollars ¹ | Percent of Annual Covered Payroll | Net Investment and Other Income | Total Additions by Source |
| 1997 | \$ 303,723,333 | \$ 433,289,222 | 8.83% | \$ 4,827,330,145 | \$ 5,564,342,700 |
| 1998 | 322,378,126 | 455,531,987 | 8.86 | 4,861,851,105 | 5,639,761,218 |
| 1999 | 338,859,319 | 473,096,323 | 8.97 | 3,491,728,315 | 4,303,683,957 |
| 2000 | 348,244,045 | 1,022,650,598 | 17.53 | 6,680,242,927 | 8,051,137,570 |
| 2001 | 370,165,609 | 639,010,754 | 10.80 | (3,465,913,890) | (2,456,737,527) |
| 2002 | 391,542,211 | 989,078,917 | 15.56 | (2,422,055,208) | (1,041,434,080) |
| 2003 | 400,988,567 | 2,578,989,169 | 39.91 | 1,465,990,471 | 4,445,968,207 |
| 2004 | 185,693,017 | 3,166,153,073 | 63.39 | 7,182,539,171 | 10,534,385,261 |
| 2005 | 9,590,285 | 815,807,985 | 14.77 | 5,686,759,377 | 6,512,157,647 |
| 2006 | 9,611,666 | 783,921,381 | 12.70 | 6,919,097,410 | 7,712,630,457 |
| | | | | | |

Postemployment Healthcare Plan²

| | | | Employer | Contributions | | | | |
|------|----|-------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|----|------------------------------|
| | | Member Contributions | Dollars | Percent of Annual Covered Payroll | Net Investment and Other Income | | | Total Additions by Source |
| 1997 | \$ | N/A | \$ 28,489,876 | 0.58% | \$ | 559,558 | \$ | 29,049,434 |
| 1998 | | N/A | 36,425,398 | 0.71 | | (216,554) | | 36,208,844 |
| 1999 | | N/A | 37,282,630 | 0.71 | | 855,465 | | 38,138,095 |
| 2000 | | 36,870,774 | 41,242,733 | 0.71 | | 9,845,657 | | 87,959,164 |
| 2001 | | 45,492,117 | 43,472,869 | 0.74 | | (2,524,623) | | 86,440,363 |
| 2002 | | 52,273,896 | 41,578,731 | 0.65 | | (3,543,720) | | 90,308,907 |
| 2003 | | 66,380,497 | 42,848,647 | 0.66 | | 3,479,214 | | 112,708,358 |
| 2004 | | 72,894,536 | 43,720,234 | 0.88 | | 21,520,377 | | 138,135,147 |
| 2005 | | 85,791,038 | 39,653,030 | 0.75 | | 17,940,668 | | 143,384,736 |
| 2006 | | 85,662,507 | 40,352,329 | 0.65 | | 24,488,355 | | 150,503,191 |

Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan⁴ Individual Account Program

| | | | _ | | | | | |
|----------------|-------------------------|-------------|----|---------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|----|-------------|
| Fiscal Year | Member Contributions | | | Dollars | Percent of Annual Covered Payroll | Net Investment and Other Income | | |
| 2004 | \$ | 201,306,142 | \$ | N/A | N/A% | \$ 1,606,791 | \$ | 202,912,933 |
| 2005 | | 362,893,934 | | N/A | N/A | 51,969,806 | | 414,863,740 |
| 2006 | | 417,555,791 | | N/A | N/A | 139,735,992 | | 557,291,783 |

Deferred Compensation Plan⁵

| | | | Employer | Contributions | | |
|-------------------------------------|----|---|--------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------|
| Fiscal Member Year Contributions | | Percent of Annual Dollars Covered Payroll | | Net Investment and Other Income | Total Additions by Source | |
| 1998 | \$ | 51,781,886 | \$ N/A | N/A% | \$ 62,151,320 | \$ 113,933,206 |
| 1999 | | 34,550,787 | N/A | N/A | 59,157,120 | 93,707,907 |
| 2000 | | 41,512,686 | N/A | N/A | 69,840,556 | 111,353,242 |
| 2001 | | 43,512,667 | N/A | N/A | (61,887,870) | (18,375,203) |
| 2002 | | 47,472,963 | N/A | N/A | (41,865,658) | 5,607,305 |
| 2003 | | 50,279,420 | N/A | N/A | 15,987,532 | 66,266,952 |
| 2004 | | 56,479,388 | N/A | N/A | 79,874,001 | 136,353,389 |
| 2005 | | 56,542,080 | N/A | N/A | 53,506,406 | 110,048,486 |
| 2006 | | 59,724,202 | N/A | N/A | 70,672,287 | 130,396,489 |

¹ Employer contributions for fiscal years 2000 and thereafter include employer prepayments of the unfunded actuarial liabilities.

² Standard Retiree Health Insurance account activity was added to the System July 1, 1999.

³ House Bill 3262, enacted by the 2005 Oregon Legislature, combined the OPSRP Pension Program with the existing defined benefit plan. Activity for 2006 includes activity of the OPSRP Pension Program, and prior years have been restated to include OPSRP Pension Program activity.

Changes in Plan Net Assets For the Last Ten Years Ended June 30: (continued)

| Administrative Benefits ⁶ Expenses | | | | Refunds | Total Deductions by Type | Changes In Plan Net Assets |
|---|----|------------|----|------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| \$ 865,076,623 | \$ | 13,227,283 | \$ | 52,542,067 | \$ 930,845,973 | \$ 4,633,496,727 |
| 1,556,536,964 | | 15,183,982 | | 56,893,468 | 1,628,614,414 | 4,011,146,804 |
| 1,325,715,141 | | 15,666,811 | | 50,530,792 | 1,391,912,744 | 2,911,771,213 |
| 1,423,192,357 | | 18,568,579 | | 51,726,463 | 1,493,487,399 | 6,557,650,171 |
| 1,558,218,989 | | 25,374,819 | | 46,243,701 | 1,629,837,509 | (4,086,575,036) |
| 1,667,133,815 | | 17,456,752 | | 46,086,912 | 1,730,677,479 | (2,772,111,559) |
| 1,978,887,202 | | 16,784,817 | | 42,640,295 | 2,038,312,314 | 2,407,655,893 |
| 2,495,222,891 | | 26,318,257 | | 42,193,518 | 2,563,734,666 | 7,970,650,595 |
| 2,340,813,964 | | 34,683,299 | | 60,241,863 | 2,435,739,126 | 4,076,418,521 |
| 2,371,628,570 | | 27,582,755 | | 33,172,837 | 2,432,384,162 | 5,280,246,295 |

| Benefits | Administrative Expenses | Refunds | Total Deductions by Type | Changes In Plan Net Assets |
|------------------|----------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| \$ 21,726,518 | \$ 1,449,323 | \$ N/A | \$ 23,175,841 | \$ 5,873,593 |
| 22,437,919 | 1,422,420 | N/A | 23,860,339 | 12,348,505 |
| 23,090,627 | 1,789,977 | N/A | 24,880,604 | 13,257,491 |
| 59,448,485 | 2,112,148 | N/A | 61,560,633 | 26,398,531 |
| 64,018,157 | 2,209,878 | N/A | 66,228,035 | 20,212,328 |
| 74,158,532 | 2,225,181 | N/A | 76,383,713 | 13,925,194 |
| 109,778,474 | 2,274,818 | N/A | 112,053,292 | 655,066 |
| 107,186,600 | 2,378,635 | N/A | 109,565,235 | 28,569,912 |
| 113,662,280 | 2,608,005 | N/A | 116,270,285 | 27,114,451 |
| 111,654,729 | 3,070,373 | N/A | 114,725,102 | 35,778,089 |

| Benefits | Administrative Expenses | Refunds | Total Deductions by Type | Changes In Plan Net Assets |
|------------|----------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| \$ N/A | \$ 1,400,300 | \$ N/A | \$ 1,400,300 | \$ 201,512,633 |
| 1,234,891 | 5,243,347 | N/A | 6,478,238 | 408,385,502 |
| 14,791,999 | 6,237,195 | N/A | 21,029,194 | 536,262,589 |

| Benefits | Administrative Expenses | Refunds | Total Deductions by Type | Changes In Plan Net Assets |
|------------------|----------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| \$ 36,226,625 | \$ 546,537 | \$ N/A | \$ 36,773,162 | \$ 77,160,044 |
| 14,045,802 | 475,878 | N/A | 14,521,680 | 79,186,227 |
| 26,484,319 | 607,203 | N/A | 27,091,522 | 84,261,720 |
| 28,387,233 | 589,512 | N/A | 28,976,745 | (47,351,948) |
| 41,149,643 | 685,523 | N/A | 41,835,166 | (36,227,861) |
| 33,596,122 | 660,144 | N/A | 34,256,266 | 32,010,686 |
| 40,377,599 | 759,180 | N/A | 41,136,779 | 95,216,610 |
| 39,406,579 | 703,809 | N/A | 40,110,388 | 69,938,098 |
| 40,544,067 | 884,438 | N/A | 41,428,505 | 88,967,984 |

⁴ The Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan was added to the System in January 2004.

⁵ Deferred Compensation information prior to 1998 is not available.

⁶ Benefits have been restated to exclude payments funded by allocated annuity contracts.

Changes in Plan Net Assets

For the Last Ten Years Ended December 311:

Defined Benefit Pension Plan⁴

| | | | Employer | Contributions | _ | | |
|---------------------------------------|----|----------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|
| Calendar Member Year Contributions | | Dollars ² | Percent of Annual Covered Payroll | | Net Investment and Other Income | Total Additions by Source | |
| 1996 | \$ | 296,417,998 | \$ 432,112,090 | 8.95% | \$ | 4,358,354,523 | \$ 5,086,884,611 |
| 1997 | | 291,120,161 | 440,001,230 | 8.81 | | 4,582,430,090 | 5,313,551,481 |
| 1998 | | 318,434,441 | 452,088,742 | 8.72 | | 3,976,901,225 | 4,747,424,408 |
| 1999 | | 347,053,753 | 981,343,197 | 17.70 | | 7,455,428,861 | 8,783,825,811 |
| 2000 | | 358,532,128 | 617,392,002 | 10.52 | | 140,492,280 | 1,116,416,410 |
| 2001 | | 385,221,900 | 715,640,552 | 11.52 | | (2,704,326,428) | (1,603,463,976) |
| 2002 | | 397,510,787 | 1,705,408,456 | 26.39 | | (3,453,139,033) | (1,350,219,790) |
| 2003 | | 404,989,521 | 3,726,733,326 | 58.44 | | 8,841,448,116 | 12,973,170,963 |
| 2004 | | 14,180,906 | 1,035,192,490 | 18.39 | | 5,883,962,236 | 6,933,335,632 |
| 2005 | | 8,354,073 | 1,165,678,216 | 18.51 | | 6,045,479,892 | 7,219,512,181 |

Postemployment Healthcare Plan³

| | | _ | Employer | Contributions | _ | | |
|------------------|-------------------------|----|------------|--------------------------------------|----|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Calendar Year | Member Contributions | | Dollars | Percent of Annual Covered Payroll | | Net Investment and Other Income | Total Additions by Source |
| 1996 | \$ N/A | \$ | 30,396,820 | 0.63% | \$ | (581,094) | \$ 29,815,726 |
| 1997 | N/A | | 32,910,294 | 0.66 | | (460,449) | 32,449,845 |
| 1998 | N/A | | 35,950,477 | 0.69 | | 882,186 | 36,832,663 |
| 1999 | N/A | | 39,120,067 | 0.71 | | 7,073,415 | 46,193,482 |
| 2000 | 41,997,999 | | 42,183,758 | 0.72 | | 2,137,657 | 86,319,414 |
| 2001 | 46,694,469 | | 43,083,579 | 0.69 | | (3,444,763) | 86,333,285 |
| 2002 | 42,936,743 | | 58,309,342 | 0.90 | | (6,967,896) | 94,278,189 |
| 2003 | 74,112,002 | | 42,965,257 | 0.67 | | 24,699,952 | 141,777,211 |
| 2004 | 76,650,658 | | 40,602,649 | 0.73 | | 17,291,781 | 134,545,088 |
| 2005 | 95,083,219 | | 41,657,161 | 0.66 | | 21,107,397 | 157,847,777 |

Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan⁵ Individual Account Program

| | | _ | Employ | er Contributions | _ | | |
|------------------|-------------------------|----|---------|--------------------------------------|----|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Calendar Year | Member Contributions | | Dollars | Percent of Annual Covered Payroll | | Net Investment and Other Income | Total Additions by Source |
| 2003 | \$ N/A | \$ | N/A | N/A% | \$ | N/A | \$ N/A |
| 2004 | 357,062,609 | | N/A | N/A | | 31,356,902 | 388,419,511 |
| 2005 | 426,126,034 | | N/A | N/A | | 112,037,318 | 538,163,352 |

Deferred Compensation Plan⁶

| | | _ | Employe | er Contributions | | |
|------------------|-------------------------|----|---------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Calendar Year | Member Contributions | | Dollars | Percent of Annual Covered Payroll | Net Investment and Other Income | Total Additions by Source |
| 1998 | \$ 40,915,041 | \$ | N/A | N/A% | \$ 57,926,233 | \$ 98,841,274 |
| 1999 | 40,900,068 | | N/A | N/A | 96,754,765 | 137,654,833 |
| 2000 | 48,984,327 | | N/A | N/A | (18,990,331) | 29,993,996 |
| 2001 | 42,815,469 | | N/A | N/A | (44,610,460) | (1,794,991) |
| 2002 | 51,123,470 | | N/A | N/A | (50,282,443) | 841,027 |
| 2003 | 50,217,519 | | N/A | N/A | 99,459,493 | 149,677,012 |
| 2004 | 59,671,251 | | N/A | N/A | 68,420,696 | 128,091,947 |
| 2005 | 56,557,468 | | N/A | N/A | 49,783,696 | 106,341,164 |

¹ Calendar year-end information is provided because earnings are distributed as of December 31.

² Employer contributions for calendar year 1999 and thereafter include prepayments of the unfunded actuarial liability based on the 1999 and 2001 actuary valuations.

³ Standard Retiree Health Insurance account activity was added to the System July 1, 1999.

⁴ House Bill 3262, enacted by the 2005 Oregon Legislature, combined the OPSRP Pension Program with the existing defined benefit plan. Activity for 2006 includes activity of the OPSRP Pension Program, and prior years have been restated to include OPSRP Pension Program activity.

Changes in Plan Net Assets For the Last Ten Years Ended December 31¹: (continued)

| Benefits ⁷ | Administrative Expenses | Refunds | Total Deductions by Type | Changes In Plan Net Assets |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| \$ 785,730,321 | \$ 12,026,101 | \$ 43,850,630 | \$ 841,607,052 | \$ 4,245,277,559 |
| 1,275,138,266 | 13,377,687 | 56,034,638 | 1,344,550,591 | 3,969,000,890 |
| 1,290,165,970 | 15,991,040 | 58,616,445 | 1,364,773,455 | 3,382,650,953 |
| 1,404,568,279 | 17,636,439 | 47,338,113 | 1,469,542,831 | 7,314,282,980 |
| 1,509,574,384 | 22,240,490 | 48,558,962 | 1,580,373,836 | (463,957,426) |
| 1,626,837,851 | 20,934,512 | 42,537,159 | 1,690,309,522 | (3,293,773,498) |
| 1,746,727,771 | 16,156,679 | 39,767,828 | 1,802,652,278 | (3,152,872,068) |
| 2,305,913,864 | 23,026,963 | 44,485,825 | 2,373,426,652 | 10,599,744,311 |
| 2,432,307,750 | 29,965,677 | 75,329,010 | 2,537,602,437 | 4,395,733,195 |
| 2,372,895,822 | 32,264,214 | 42,143,663 | 2,447,303,699 | 4,772,208,482 |

| Benefits | Administrative Expenses | Refunds | Total Deductions by Type | Changes In Plan Net Assets |
|------------------|----------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| \$ 21,415,108 | \$ 1,410,077 | \$ N/A | \$ 22,825,185 | \$ 6,990,541 |
| 22,056,428 | 1,477,442 | N/A | 23,533,870 | 8,915,975 |
| 22,794,955 | 2,110,411 | N/A | 24,905,366 | 11,927,297 |
| 39,616,270 | 1,885,042 | N/A | 41,501,312 | 4,692,170 |
| 60,920,905 | 2,148,202 | N/A | 63,069,107 | 23,250,307 |
| 69,921,725 | 2,224,045 | N/A | 72,145,770 | 14,187,515 |
| 90,470,569 | 2,292,036 | N/A | 92,762,605 | 1,515,584 |
| 108,955,368 | 2,311,537 | N/A | 111,266,905 | 30,510,306 |
| 111,979,717 | 2,436,300 | N/A | 114,416,017 | 20,129,071 |
| 115,213,318 | 2,478,743 | N/A | 117,692,061 | 40,155,716 |

| Benefits | Administrative Expenses | Refunds | Total Deductions by Type | Changes In Plan Net Assets |
|-----------|----------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| \$ N/A | \$ 264,574 | \$ N/A | \$ 264,574 | \$ (264,574) |
| 5,427,371 | 4,472,158 | 845,558 | 10,745,087 | 377,674,424 |
| 619,982 | 4,177,338 | 3,062,730 | 7,860,050 | 530,303,302 |

| Benefits | Administrative Expenses | Refunds | Total Deductions by Type | Changes In Plan Net Assets |
|------------------|----------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| \$ 22,421,987 | \$ 546,997 | \$ N/A | \$ 22,968,984 | \$ 75,872,290 |
| 25,252,693 | 568,686 | N/A | 25,821,379 | 111,833,454 |
| 34,886,565 | 619,774 | N/A | 35,506,339 | (5,512,343) |
| 29,114,174 | 660,738 | N/A | 29,774,912 | (31,569,903) |
| 41,926,056 | 691,968 | N/A | 42,618,024 | (41,776,997) |
| 38,162,887 | 745,559 | N/A | 38,908,446 | 110,768,566 |
| 41,080,360 | 748,208 | N/A | 41,828,568 | 86,263,379 |
| 38,351,898 | 878,538 | N/A | 39,230,436 | 67,110,728 |

⁵ The Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan was added to the System in January 2004.

⁶ Deferred Compensation information prior to 1998 is not available.

⁷ Benefits have been restated to exclude payments funded by allocated annuity contracts.

Schedule of Benefit Expenses By Type - Defined Benefit Pension Plan For the Years Ended June 30:

| | | Disabil | ity Be | enefits | | | |
|----------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|--------|------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| Fiscal Year | Service Benefits ¹ | Duty | | Non-Duty | Death Benefits | Refunds | Total |
| 1997 | \$ 812,523,835 | \$ 5,246,985 | \$ | 40,722,296 | \$ 6,583,507 | \$ 52,542,067 | \$ 917,618,690 |
| 1998 | 1,475,748,935 | 8,424,021 | | 61,959,497 | 10,404,511 | 56,893,468 | 1,613,430,432 |
| 1999 | 1,254,516,309 | 6,747,274 | | 53,102,285 | 11,349,273 | 50,530,792 | 1,376,245,933 |
| 2000 | 1,350,313,078 | 7,328,142 | | 56,328,089 | 9,223,048 | 51,726,463 | 1,474,918,820 |
| 2001 | 1,478,544,032 | 7,822,924 | | 62,163,492 | 9,688,541 | 46,243,701 | 1,604,462,690 |
| 2002 | 1,578,535,743 | 8,496,606 | | 69,979,830 | 10,121,636 | 46,086,912 | 1,713,220,727 |
| 2003 | 1,888,912,273 | 9,102,457 | | 74,949,807 | 5,922,665 | 42,640,295 | 2,021,527,497 |
| 2004 | 2,395,783,190 | 10,035,722 | | 80,793,817 | 8,610,162 | 42,193,518 | 2,537,416,409 |
| 2005 | 2,233,603,114 | 10,929,003 | | 85,709,442 | 10,572,405 | 60,241,863 | 2,401,055,827 |
| 2006 | 2,264,988,154 | 11,371,883 | | 89,310,558 | 5,957,975 | 33,172,837 | 2,404,801,407 |

¹ Benefits have been restated to exclude payments funded by allocated annuity contracts.

Schedule of Earnings and Crediting at December 31¹:

| Calendar | Regular Tier One Account Earnings/(Loss) Available | Cre | edited | Variable Account Earnings/(Loss) |
|----------|---|-------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Year | for Crediting | Tier One | Tier Two ² | Credited |
| 1996 | 24.4204% | 21.00% | 24.42% | 21.06% |
| 1997 | 20.4232 | 18.70 | 20.42 | 28.87 |
| 1998 | 15.4300 | 14.10 | 13.63 | 21.45 |
| 1999 | 24.8900 | 11.33^{3} | 21.97 | 28.83 |
| 2000 | 0.6300 | 8.00 | 0.54 | (3.24) |
| 2001 | (7.1700) | 8.00 | (6.66) | (Ì1.19) |
| 2002 | (8.9300) | 8.00 | (8.93) | (21.51) |
| 2003 | 23.7900 | 8.00^{3} | 22.00 | 34.68 |
| 2004 | 13.8000 | 8.00 | 13.27 | 13.00 |
| 2005 | 13.7400 | 8.00 | 18.31 | 8.29 |

¹ Calendar year-end information is provided because earnings are credited as of December 31.

² The law creating Tier Two became effective January 1, 1996.

³ Revised by the Board based upon Oregon Supreme Court decisions.

Schedule of Average Benefit Payments

| Retirement Effective Dates | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|---------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| July 1, 1996 to | | | | dited Service | | | | I. |
| June 30, 2006 | 0 - 5 | 6 - 10 | 11 - 15 | 16 - 20 | 21 - 25 | 26 - 30 | 31+ | Total |
| 1997 Average Monthly Benefit | \$ 226.67 | \$ 480.72 | \$ 953.29 | \$1,456.45 | \$2,306.80 | \$3,170.96 | \$3,620.70 | \$1,866.15 |
| Final Average Salary | \$1,875.27 | \$2,278.24 | \$2,717.98 | \$3,069.61 | \$3,725.13 | \$4,424.87 | \$4,579.95 | \$3,359.36 |
| Number of Active Retirees | 411 | 457 | 432 | 651 | 707 | 772 | 370 | 3,800 |
| 1998 Average Monthly Benefit | \$ 273.44 | \$ 615.59 | \$1,074.58 | \$1,655.73 | \$2,583.53 | \$3,581.51 | \$4,238.33 | \$2,351.62 |
| Final Average Salary | \$2,048.26 | \$2,389.01 | \$2,674.53 | \$3,204.74 | \$3,888.10 | \$4,563.38 | \$4,607.85 | \$3,627.60 |
| Number of Active Retirees | 483 | 817 | 891 | 1,508 | 1,588 | 2,060 | 905 | 8,252 |
| 1999 Average Monthly Benefit | \$ 318.15 | \$ 684.52 | \$1,225.39 | \$1,824.07 | \$2,788.50 | \$3,821.00 | \$4,442.51 | \$2,387.65 |
| Final Average Salary | \$2,242.31 | \$2,484.95 | \$2,859.03 | \$3,398.32 | \$4,019.85 | \$4,618.58 | \$4,732.21 | \$3,656.43 |
| Number of Active Retirees | 393 | 587 | 716 | 911 | 931 | 1,324 | 432 | 5,294 |
| 2000 Average Monthly Benefit | \$ 275.07 | \$ 708.73 | \$1,139.90 | \$1,827.77 | \$2,774.70 | \$3,836.18 | \$4,519.97 | \$2,198.65 |
| Final Average Salary | \$2,165.26 | \$2,544.70 | \$2,954.86 | \$3,440.68 | \$4,120.30 | \$4,935.88 | \$5,149.77 | \$3,664.75 |
| Number of Active Retirees | 434 | 582 | 557 | 641 | 715 | 943 | 247 | 4,119 |
| 2001 Average Monthly Benefit | \$ 340.90 | \$ 649.67 | \$1,164.99 | \$1,791.60 | \$2,728.55 | \$3,794.60 | \$4,185.07 | \$2,126.16 |
| Final Average Salary | \$2,417.27 | \$2,638.64 | \$3,076.86 | \$3,523.41 | \$4,157.37 | \$4,876.94 | \$4,815.18 | \$3,706.97 |
| Number of Active Retirees | 513 | 545 | 607 | 654 | 756 | 938 | 244 | 4,257 |
| 2002 Average Monthly Benefit | \$ 483.72 | \$ 793.25 | \$1,168.11 | \$1,855.44 | \$2,704.80 | \$3,965.68 | \$4,580.61 | \$2,453.67 |
| Final Average Salary | \$2,645.36 | \$2,724.64 | \$3,172.56 | \$3,746.55 | \$4,240.47 | \$4,989.37 | \$5,313.75 | \$4,014.34 |
| Number of Active Retirees | 336 | 575 | 720 | 700 | 1,038 | 1,257 | 376 | 5,002 |
| 2003 Average Monthly Benefit | \$ 727.05 | \$ 973.58 | \$1,305.51 | \$1,873.14 | \$2,773.23 | \$4,040.24 | \$4,976.52 | \$2,682.38 |
| Final Average Salary | \$2,686.08 | \$2,773.92 | \$3,338.55 | \$3,840.06 | \$4,426.62 | \$5,178.23 | \$5,625.96 | \$4,260.31 |
| Number of Active Retirees | 590 | 1,174 | 1,583 | 1,822 | 2,535 | 2,941 | 1,129 | 11,774 |
| 2004 Average Monthly Benefit | \$ 833.36 | \$ 830.99 | \$1,168.68 | \$1,710.88 | \$2,591.30 | \$3,773.16 | \$4,383.86 | \$2,356.50 |
| Final Average Salary | \$2,554.51 | \$2,759.48 | \$3,259.41 | \$3,867.52 | \$4,326.52 | \$5,081.30 | \$5,469.17 | \$4,099.25 |
| Number of Active Retirees | 299 | 610 | 845 | 962 | 1,149 | 1,464 | 329 | 5,658 |
| 2005 Average Monthly Benefit | \$ 681.14 | \$ 808.25 | \$1,186.93 | \$1,686.99 | \$2,531.08 | \$3,665.73 | \$4,027.55 | \$2,134.17 |
| Final Average Salary | \$2,567.21 | \$3,056.53 | \$3,409.69 | \$3,895.87 | \$4,535.31 | \$5,124.47 | \$5,354.97 | \$4,090.50 |
| Number of Active Retirees | 246 | 474 | 535 | 552 | 535 | 855 | 115 | 3,312 |
| 2006 Average Monthly Benefit | \$ 662.10 | \$ 769.21 | \$1.121.40 | \$1,649.55 | \$2,508.61 | \$3,644.29 | \$3,954.42 | \$2,137.64 |
| Final Average Salary | \$2,727.09 | \$3,112.11 | \$3,807.75 | \$4,025.51 | \$4,494.17 | \$5,220.93 | \$5,349.87 | \$4,266.39 |
| Number of Active Retirees | 179 | 382 | 471 | 528 | 491 | 743 | 122 | 2,916 |
| | 1,, | 502 | ., 1 | 220 | .,, | , .5 | 1 | 2,310 |
| Total Average Monthly Benefit | \$ 277.50 | \$533.55 | \$904.97 | \$1,424.45 | \$2,225.15 | \$3,282.43 | \$3,528.62 | \$1,874.29 |
| Final Average Salary | \$2,106.16 | \$2,405.45 | \$2,793.41 | \$3,259.63 | \$3,872.40 | \$4,613.24 | \$4,593.24 | \$3,573.14 |
| Number of Active Retirees | 8,558 | 12,756 | 14,578 | 16,745 | 17,883 | 20,823 | 10,176 | 101,519 |
| | l (| , | * | , | * | · · | * | |

Schedule of Benefit Recipients by Benefit Type For the Year Ended June 30, 2006

| Monthly | Number | _ | | Type of F | Retiremen | ıt* | | | Annui | ty Options** | | Lı | ımp Sum O _l | ptions** |
|-------------------|----------------|--------|-----|-----------|-----------|-------|-------------------|--------|--------|--------------|-------|-------|------------------------|----------|
| Benefit Amount | of Retirees | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Refund Annuity | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| \$ 1 - 100 | 4,770 | 4,021 | 2 | 0 | 735 | 12 | 674 | 603 | 555 | 137 | 63 | 1,785 | 838 | 115 |
| 101 - 200 | 4,956 | 3,958 | 32 | 14 | 898 | 54 | 831 | 936 | 795 | 325 | 114 | 1,087 | 663 | 205 |
| 201 - 300 | 4,886 | 3,979 | 38 | 53 | 770 | 46 | 939 | 1,141 | 958 | 355 | 157 | 760 | 431 | 145 |
| 301 - 400 | 4,508 | 3,641 | 60 | 93 | 656 | 58 | 880 | 1,189 | 903 | 383 | 123 | 573 | 346 | 111 |
| 401 - 500 | 4,117 | 3,296 | 64 | 137 | 554 | 66 | 804 | 1,174 | 838 | 361 | 127 | 437 | 276 | 100 |
| 501 - 600 | 3,891 | 3,136 | 33 | 140 | 516 | 66 | 774 | 1,086 | 832 | 366 | 136 | 374 | 247 | 76 |
| 601 - 700 | 3,689 | 3,037 | 26 | 145 | 427 | 54 | 678 | 1,090 | 843 | 413 | 106 | 304 | 182 | 73 |
| 701 - 800 | 3,412 | 2,813 | 20 | 187 | 332 | 60 | 677 | 983 | 771 | 415 | 97 | 250 | 174 | 45 |
| 801 - 900 | 3,231 | 2,654 | 16 | 186 | 319 | 56 | 595 | 937 | 768 | 374 | 83 | 247 | 161 | 66 |
| 901 - 1000 | 3,025 | 2,494 | 22 | 163 | 289 | 57 | 515 | 866 | 737 | 412 | 80 | 211 | 144 | 60 |
| 1001-1500 | 12,889 | 10,752 | 76 | 774 | 1,091 | 196 | 2,195 | 3,678 | 3,290 | 1,656 | 386 | 785 | 672 | 227 |
| 1501-2000 | 10,014 | 8,543 | 90 | 589 | 647 | 145 | 1,569 | 2,733 | 2,693 | 1,311 | 300 | 614 | 625 | 169 |
| Over 2000 | 38,131 | 35,645 | 160 | 1,057 | 1,089 | 180 | 4,311 | 10,079 | 13,805 | 6,344 | 1,003 | 955 | 1,284 | 350 |
| Totals | 101,519 | 87,969 | 639 | 3,538 | 8,323 | 1,050 | 15,442 | 26,495 | 27,788 | 12,852 | 2,775 | 8,382 | 6,043 | 1,742 |

*Type of Retirement

- 1 Normal
- 2 Duty Disability
- 3 Non-Duty Disability
- 4 Survivor Payment
- 5 Alternative Payee
- **Annuity and Lump-Sum Options
- 1 No benefit for beneficiary.
- 2 Beneficiary receives same monthly benefit for life.
- 3 Beneficiary receives half the monthly benefit for life.
- 4 15-year certain.

Retirement System Membership at December 31:

| at December 31. | 1980 | 1985 | 1990 | | 1995 | | 2000 | | 2005 |
|--------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|--------|---------|---------|---------|------|-----------|
| State Agencies | 37,935 | 37,824 | 46,187 | | 45,068 | | 42,434 | | 38,076 |
| School Districts | 46,150 | 47,590 | 48,144 | | 55,734 | | 63,133 | | 56,756 |
| Political Subdivisions | 23,728 | 26,238 | 33,177 | | 40,635 | | 53,291 | | 50,085 |
| Inactive Members | 14,128 | 15,920 | 23,225 | | 32,033 | | 44,830 | | 47,289 |
| Total Non-Retired | 121,941 | 127,572 | 150,733 | | 173,470 | 2 | 03,688 | | 192,206 |
| Retired Members | | | | | | | | | |
| and Beneficiaries | 32,832 | 46,181 | 55,540 | | 64,796 | | 82,355 | | 101,213 |
| Total Membership | 154,773 | 173,753 | 206,273 | | 238,266 | 2 | 86,043 | | 293,419 |
| Administrative Expense | \$ 1,949,677 | \$ 2,905,072 | \$ 8,901,091 | \$ 13, | 500,677 | \$ 24,3 | 58,550 | \$ 4 | 0,056,600 |
| Pension Roll (one month) | \$ 7,474,402 | \$ 18,083,614 | \$ 33,175,888 | \$ 58, | 457,531 | \$122,4 | 167,087 | \$20 | 2,633,214 |

Retirement System Membership at June 30:

| | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 |
|--------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| State Agencies | 43,212 | 43,947 | 42,263 | 41,818 | 39,588 | 36,817 |
| School Districts | 65,962 | 67,124 | 63,132 | 62,804 | 58,566 | 55,493 |
| Political Subdivisions | 54,749 | 55,991 | 54,374 | 56,186 | 51,768 | 48,442 |
| Inactive Members | 46,460 | 48,725 | 53,815 | 48,627 | 48,017 | 46,952 |
| Total Non-Retired | 210,383 | 215,787 | 213,584 | 209,435 | 197,939 | 187,704 |
| Retired Members | | | | | | |
| and Beneficiaries | 83,223 | 86,082 | 91,526 | 98,686 | 100,124 | 101,519 |
| Total Membership | 293,606 | 301,869 | 305,110 | 308,121 | 298,063 | 289,223 |
| Administrative Expense | \$ 27,584,697 | \$ 19,681,933 | \$ 19,059,635 | \$ 30,097,192 | \$ 42,534,651 | \$ 36,890,323 |
| Pension Roll (one month) | \$ 126,469,160 | \$ 135,201,238 | \$ 189,744,852 | \$ 207,501,846 | \$ 184,518,138 | \$ 205,232,050 |

Schedule of Principal Participating Employers Current Fiscal Year 2006

| | 2006 | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| | Number of Current Employees | Percent of Total System | |
| State of Oregon | 37,973 | 24.23% | |
| Oregon Health & Science University | 4,988 | 3.18 | |
| Portland Public Schools | 4,984 | 3.18 | |
| Multnomah County | 4,047 | 2.58 | |
| Salem-Keizer Public Schools | 3,948 | 2.52 | |
| City of Portland | 3,509 | 2.24 | |
| Beaverton School District | 3,488 | 2.23 | |
| Portland Community College | 2,849 | 1.82 | |
| Hillsboro School District #1J | 1,974 | 1.26 | |
| Eugene School District 4J | 1,864 | 1.19 | |
| All Others* | 87,074 | 55.57 | |
| Totals | 156,698 | 100.00% | |

Information is not available to display principal participating employers' data from nine years ago.

| * In 2006 "All Others" consisted of: | |
|--------------------------------------|--------|
| Counties | 12,381 |
| Municipalities | 11,410 |
| School Districts | 49,710 |
| Community Colleges | 6,635 |
| Other | 6,938 |
| | 87,074 |

Schedule of Participating Employers (881)

State (118)

Appraiser Certification and Licensure Board

Board of Accountancy

Board of Architect Examiners

Board of Chiropractic Examiners

Board of Engineering Examiners

Board of Geologists Board of Investigators

Board of Medical Examiners

Board of Optometry

Board of Psychologist Examiners

Bureau of Labor and Industries

Chancellor's Office

Commission on Judicial Fitness

Construction Contractors Board

Department of Administrative Services

Department of Agriculture Department of Aviation

Department of Community Colleges and Work Force Development

Department of Consumer and Business Services

Department of Corrections Department of Education Department of Energy

Department of Environmental Quality

Department of Human Resources

Department of Justice

Department of Land Conservation and

Development

Department of Military — Federal

Employees

Department of Revenue

Department of State Police

Department of Transportation

Department of Veterans' Affairs

District Attorneys Department

Division of State Lands

Eastern Oregon University

Economic Development Department

Employment Department
Employment Relations Board

Forestry Department

Geology and Mineral Industries

Government Standards and Practices

Commission

Health Related Licensing Boards

Indian Services Commission

Industries for the Blind

Insurance Pool Governing Board

Judges PERS

Judicial Department

Land Use Board of Appeals

Landscape Architects Board

Landscape Contractors Advisory Board

Legislative Administration Committee

Legislative Assembly

Legislative Committees Legislative Fiscal Office

Long Term Care Ombudsman

Military Department

Office of the Governor

Office of Legislative Counsel Office of the State Treasurer

Oregon Advocacy Commission Office

Oregon Board of Licensed Professional Counselors and Therapists

Oregon Beef Council

Oregon Board of Dentistry

Oregon Board of Massage Therapists

Oregon Commission for the Blind

Oregon Commission on Children and

Families

Oregon Corrections Enterprises

Oregon Criminal Justice Commission

Oregon Dairy Products Commission

Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife

Oregon Dungeness Crab Commission

Oregon Film and Video

Oregon Forest Resources Institute

Oregon Fryer Commission

Oregon Hazelnut Commission

Oregon Health Licensing Office

Oregon Hop Commission

Oregon Housing Agency

Oregon Institute of Technology

Oregon Liquor Control Commission

Oregon Patient Safety Commission

Oregon Potato Commission

Oregon Racing Commission

Oregon Salmon Commission

Oregon Student Assistance

Commission

Oregon State Bar

Oregon State Bar Professional Liability

Fund

Oregon State Board of Nursing

Oregon State Fair and Expo Center

Oregon State Library

Oregon State University

Oregon Tourism Commission

Oregon Trawling Commission

Oregon Watershed Enhancement Board

Oregon Wheat Commission

Oregon Wine Board

Oregon Youth Authority

Physical Therapist Licensing Board

Portland State University

Psychiatric Security Review Board

Public Defense Services Commission Public Employees Retirement System

Public Safety Standards and Training

Public Utility Commission

Real Estate Agency

Secretary of State

Southern Oregon University

State Accident Insurance Fund

State Board of Clinical Social Workers

State Board of Parole

State Board of Tax Practitioners

State Lottery Commission

State Marine Board

State Parks and Recreation Department

Teacher Standards and Practices

Travel Information Council University of Oregon Water Resources Department Western Oregon University

Political Subdivisions (491)

Adair Village, City of

Albany, City of

Amity, City of

Amity Fire District

Applegate Valley RFPD 9

Arch Cape Service District

Ashland, City of

Ashland Parks Commission

Astoria, City of

Athena Cemetery Maintenance District

Athena, City of

Aumsville, City of

Aumsville RFPD

Aurora, City of

Aurora RFPD

Baker, City of Baker County

Baker County Library District

Baker Valley Irrigation District

Bandon, City of

Banks, City of

Banks Fire District 13

Bay City, City of

Beaverton, City of Bend, City of

Bend Metropolitan Park and Recreation

District

Benton County

Black Butte Ranch RFPD

Black Butte Ranch Service District

Boardman, City of

Boardinan, City

Boardman RFD

Boring RFD 59

Brookings, City of

Brownsville RFPD

Burns, City of

Burnt River Irrigation District Butte Falls, Town of

Canby, City of

Canby FPD 62

Canby Utility Board

Cannon Beach, City of Cannon Beach RFD

Canyon City, Town of

Canyonville, City of

Carlton, City of Cascade Locks, City of

Cave Junction, City of

Central Oregon Coast Fire and Rescue

District

Council

Central Oregon Intergovernmental

Central Oregon Irrigation District Central Oregon Park and Recreation

District

Central Oregon Regional Housing

Authority

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Central Point, City of Charleston RFPD Chetco Community Public Library Board Chiloquin, City of Chiloquin-Agency Lake RFPD City/County Insurance Service Clackamas County Clackamas County Fair Clackamas County Fire District 1 Clackamas County Vector Control District Clackamas River Water Clatskanie, City of Clatskanie Library District Clatskanie People's Utility District Clatskanie RFPD Clatsop County Clatsop County 4-H and Extension Service District Clean Water Services Cloverdale RFPD Coburg, City of Coburg RFPD Colton RFPD 70 Columbia, City of Columbia County Columbia County 911 Communications District Columbia Drainage Vector Control District Columbia Health District Columbia River Fire and Rescue Columbia River PUD Community Services Consortium Condon, City of Coos Bay, City of Coos County Coos County Airport District Coquille, City of Corbett Water District Cornelius, City of Corvallis, City of Cottage Grove, City of Crescent RFPD Creswell, City of Crook County Crook County RFPD 1 Crooked River Ranch RFPD Crystal Springs Water District Culver, City of Curry County Curry Public Library District Dallas, City of Dayton, City of Depoe Bay, City of Depoe Bay RFPD **Deschutes County** Deschutes County RFPD 2

Deschutes Public Library District

Deschutes Valley Water District

Douglas County Soil and Water

Dexter RFPD **Douglas County**

Douglas County RFPD

Dufur, City of Dundee, City of Dunes City, City of Durham, City of Eagle Point, City of East Fork Irrigation District East Umatilla County RFPD Echo, City of Elgin, City of Elkton, City of Enterprise, City of Estacada, City of Estacada Cemetery Maintenance District Estacada RFD 69 Eugene, City of Eugene Water and Electric Board Fairview, City of Fairview Water District Falls City, City of Farmers Irrigation District Fern Ridge Community Library Florence, City of Fossil, City of Garibaldi, City of Gaston, City of Gaston RFPD Gearhart, City of Gervais, City of Gilliam County Gladstone, City of Glide RFPD Gold Beach, City of Gold Hill, City of Goshen RFPD **Grant County** Grants Pass, City of Grants Pass Irrigation District Greater St. Helens Parks and Recreation Green Sanitary District Gresham, City of Halsey, City of Halsey-Shedd RFPD Happy Valley, City of Harbor Water PUD Harney County Harney District Hospital Harrisburg, City of Harrisburg RFPD Helix, City of Heppner, City of Hermiston, City of Hermiston RFPD High Desert Park and Recreation District Hillsboro, City of Hines, City of Hood River, City of **Hood River County** Hoodland RFD 74 Horsefly Irrigation District Housing Authority of Clackamas County

Drain, City of

Housing Authority of Jackson County Housing Authority of North Bend City Housing Authority of Portland Hubbard, City of **Hubbard RFPD** Huntington, City of Ice Fountain Water District Illinois Valley RFD Imbler, City of Imbler RFPD Independence, City of Irrigon, City of Jackson County Jackson County Fire District 3 Jackson County Fire District 4 Jackson County Fire District 5 Jackson County Fire District 6 Jackson County Vector Control District Jacksonville, City of Jefferson Behavorial Health Jefferson, City of Jefferson County Jefferson County EMS District Jefferson County Library District Jefferson County RFPD 1 Jefferson County SWCD Jefferson RFPD Job Council John Day, City of Jordan Valley, City of Joseph, City of Josephine County Junction City RFPD Junction City, City of Keizer RFPD Keizer, City of Keno RFPD King City, City of Klamath County Klamath County Emergency Communications District Klamath County Fire District 1 Klamath Falls, City of Klamath Housing Authority Klamath Vector Control District Knappa Svensen Burnside RFPD La Grande, City of La Pine RFPD Lafayette, City of Lake County Lake County 4-H and Extension Service Lake County Library Lake Oswego, City of Lakeside, City of Lakeside Water District Lakeview, Town of Lane Council of Governments Lane County Lane County Fair Board Lane County Fire District 1 Lane Rural Fire Rescue League of Oregon Cities Lebanon Aquatic District

Lebanon, City of

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Lebanon Fire District Lincoln City, City of Lincoln County

Lincoln County Communications

Agency Linn County

Linn-Benton Housing Authority Local Government Personnel Institute

Lowell, City of Lowell RFPD Lyons, City of Lyons RFPD Madras, City of Malheur County Malin, City of Manzanita, City of Mapleton Water District Marion County

Marion County Fire District 1 Marion County Housing Authority

Maupin, City of McKenzie RFPD McMinnville, City of McMinnville Water and Light

Department

Medford, City of Medford Irrigation District Medford Water Commission

Merrill, City of Metolius, City of **METRO**

Metro Area Communication

Commission

Mid-Columbia Center for Living

Mill City, City of Mill City RFPD Millersburg, City of Millington RFPD

Milton-Freewater, City of Milton-Freewater Cemetery Maintenance District 3 Milwaukie, City of

Mist-Birkenfeld RFPD Mohawk Valley RFD Molalla, City of Molalla RFPD 73 Monmouth, City of Monroe, City of Monroe RFPD Moro, City of Mt. Angel, City of Mt. Angel Fire District Mt. Vernon, City of

Multnomah County Multnomah County Drainage District 1

Multnomah County RFPD 14 Myrtle Creek, City of Myrtle Point, City of

Mulino Water District 23

Nehalem Bay Health District Nehalem Bay Wastewater Agency Nesika Beach - Ophir Water District Neskowin Regional Sanitary Authority Neskowin Regional Water District

Nestucca RFPD

Netarts-Oceanside RFPD

Netarts-Oceanside Sanitary District

Netarts Water District Newberg, City of Newport, City of North Bend, City of

North Clackamas County Water

Commission

North Douglas County Fire and EMS North Lincoln Fire & Rescue District 1 North Marion County Communications North Morrow Vector Control District

North Plains, City of North Powder, City of North Wasco County Parks & Recreation District

Northeast Oregon Housing Authority Northern Oregon Corrections Northwest Senior and Disability

Services

Nyssa, City of

Nyssa Road Assessment District 2 Oak Lodge Sanitary District Oak Lodge Water District

Oakland, City of Oakridge, City of

Ochoco Irrigation District

Odell RFPD

Odell Sanitary District Ontario, City of

Oregon Cascades West COG

Oregon City, City of

Oregon Community College

Association

Oregon Consortium, The

Oregon Coastal Zone Management

Association

Oregon Health & Science University Oregon School Boards Association Oregon Small Schools Association Oregon Trail Library District Owyhee Irrigation District

Parkdale RFPD Pendleton, City of Philomath, City of Philomath RFPD Phoenix, City of Pilot Rock, City of Pleasant Hill RFPD Polk County

Polk County Fire District 1 Polk Soil and Water Conservation

District Port of Astoria Port of Cascade Locks Port of Coos Bay Port of Garibaldi Port of Hood River Port of Newport Port of Portland Port of St. Helens Port of The Dalles Port of Tillamook Bay Port of Umatilla

Port Orford, City of

Port Orford Public Library

Portland, City of

Portland Development Commission

Powers, City of Prairie City, City of Prineville, City of Rainbow Water District Rainier, City of

Rainier Cemetery District Redmond, City of

Reedsport, City of

Regional Organized Crime Narcotics

Task Force Riddle, City of

Rockaway Beach, City of Rockwood Water PUD Rogue River, City of Rogue River RFPD 4-201

Rogue River Valley Irrigation District

Roseburg, City of

Roseburg Urban Sanitary Authority Rural Road Assessment District 3

Rural Road District 4 Salem, City of

Salem Economic Development

Corporation

Salem Housing Authority

Salmon Harbor and Douglas County

Sandy, City of Sandy RFPD 72 Santa Clara RFPD Scappoose, City of Scappoose Public Library

Scappoose RFPD Scio RFPD

Seal Rock Water District Shady Cove, City of Sheridan, City of Sheridan Fire District Sherman County Sherwood, City of

Silver Falls Library District

Silverton, City of Silverton RFPD 2

Sisters and Camp Sherman RFPD

Sisters, City of Siuslaw Library District Siuslaw RFPD 1 South Fork Water Board

South Lane County Fire and Rescue South Suburban Sanitary District Southwest Polk County RFPD Southwest Lincoln County Water

District Springfield, City of Springfield Utility District St. Helens, City of Stanfield, City of

Stanfield Fire District 7-402

Stayton, City of Stayton RFPD Sublimity RFPD

Suburban East Salem Water District

Sunrise Water Authority Sunriver Service District

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System

Weston, City of

Sutherlin, City of Weston Cemetery District Clatskanie School District 6J Sutherlin Water District Wheeler, City of Clatsop CSD 1C Wickiup Water District Clatsop CSD 4 Sweet Home, City of Sweet Home Cemetery Maintenance Willamina, City of Clatsop CSD 8 Wilsonville, City of Clatsop CSD 10 District Clatsop CSD 30 Sweet Home Fire and Ambulance Winchester Bay Sanitary District Columbia CSD 13 District Winston, City of Winston-Dillard RFPD 5 Columbia CSD 47 J Talent, City of Talent Irrigation District Winston-Dillard Water District Columbia CSD 502 Tangent RFPD Wood Village, City of Condon Admin. School District 25J Tigard, City of Woodburn, City of Coos CSD 8 Tillamook, City of Woodburn RFPD Coos CSD 9 Tillamook County Emergency Yachats, City of Coos CSD 13 Communications District Yachats RFPD Coos CSD 31 Tillamook County Soil and Water Yamhill, City of Coos CSD 41 Tillamook Fire District Yamhill Communications Agency Coos CSD 54 Tillamook People's Utility District Yamhill County Crook CSD Toledo, City of Yoncolla, City of Curry CSD 2CJ Tri-City Water and Sanitary Authority Curry CSD 17 Tri-County Cooperative Weed Deschutes CSD 1 Community Colleges (17) Management Area Deschutes CSD 2J Blue Mountain Community College Tri-County Health Care Safety Net Deschutes CSD 6 Central Oregon Community College Enterprise Deschutes CSD 15C Chemeketa Community College Troutdale, City of Douglas CSD 1 Clackamas Community College Tualatin, City of Douglas CSD 4 Clatsop Community College Tualatin Valley Fire and Rescue Douglas CSD 12 Columbia Gorge Community College Tualatin Valley Irrigation District Douglas CSD 15 Klamath Community College Tualatin Valley Water District Douglas CSD 19 Lane Community College Douglas CSD 21 Turner, City of Linn-Benton Community College Turner RFPD Douglas CSD 22 Mt. Hood Community College Umatilla, City of Douglas CSD 32 Oregon Coast Community College **Umatilla County** Douglas CSD 34 Portland Community College Umatilla County Soil and Water Douglas CSD 70 Rogue Community College Douglas CSD 77 District Southwestern Oregon Community Umatilla County Special Library Douglas CSD 105 College District Douglas CSD 116 Tillamook Bay Community College Umatilla RFPD 7-405 Douglas CSD 130 Treasure Valley Community College Umpqua Regional Council of Govt. **Douglas County ESD** Umpqua Community College Union, City of Eddyville Charter School Vale, City of Fossil School District 21J School Districts (255) Valley View Cemetery Maintenance Four Rivers Community School Armadillo Technical Institute District Garden Laboratory Charter School Baker CSD 5J Veneta, City of Gilliam CSD 3 Baker CSD 16J Vernonia, City of Grant School District 3 Baker CSD 30 J Vernonia RFPD **Grant County ESD** Baker CSD 61 Waldport, City of Grant CSD 4 Beaverton School District 45J Wallowa, City of Grant CSD 8 Benton CSD 1J Wallowa County Grant CSD 16J Benton CSD 7J Warrenton, City of Grant CSD 17 Benton CSD 17J Greater Albany Public Schools 8J Wasco County Benton CSD 509J Wasco County Soil and Water Harney ESD Region 17 Cascade Heights Public Charter School Conservation District Harney CSD 3 Central Curry School District 1 Harney CSD 4 Washington County Challenge 2000, Incorporated Washington County Consolidated Harney CSD 5 City View Charter School Communications Agency Harney CSD 7 Clackamas County ESD Washington County Fire District 2 Harney CSD 10 Clackamas CSD 3 West Extension Irrigation District Harney CSD 13 Clackamas CSD 7J West Linn, City of Harney CSD 16 Clackamas CSD 12 West Side RFPD Harney CSD 28 Clackamas CSD 35 West Slope Water District Harney CSD 33 Clackamas CSD 46 West Valley Fire District Harney CSD UH1J Clackamas CSD 53 West Valley Housing Authority High Desert Education Service District Clackamas CSD 62 Western Lane Ambulance District Hillsboro School District 1J Clackamas CSD 86 Westfir, City of Hood River CSD 1

Howards Street Charter School, Inc.

Clackamas CSD 108

Clackamas CSD 115

Ione School District Marion CSD 14CJ Jackson CSD 4 Marion CSD 15 Jackson CSD 5 Marion CSD 24J Jackson CSD 6 Marion CSD 45 Jackson CSD 9 Marion CSD 91 Jackson CSD 35 Marion CSD 103C Jackson CSD 59 Mastery Learning Institute Jackson CSD 91 Morrison Charter School Jackson CSD 94 Morrow CSD Jackson CSD 549C Mosier Community School Jefferson County ESD Multisensory Institute Teaching Jefferson CSD 4 Children Jefferson CSD 8 Multisensory Learning Academy Multnomah County ESD Jefferson CSD 41 Jefferson CSD 509J Multnomah CSD 1 Jordan Valley School District 3 Multnomah CSD 3 Multnomah CSD 7 Josephine County UJ School District Multnomah CSD 10 Josephine CSD 7 Kings Valley Charter School Multnomah CSD 28-302 JT Klamath CSD CU Multnomah CSD 39 Klamath Falls City Schools Multnomah CSD 51JT Lake County ESD Multnomah CSD R-40 Lake CSD 7 Nixyaawii Community School Lake CSD 11C North Central ESD Lake CSD 14 North Santiam School District 29J Lake CSD 18 North Powder School District Lake CSD 21 North Wasco CSD 21 Northwest Regional ESD Lane County ESD Lane CSD 1 Opal School Oregon Connections Academy Lane CSD 4J Lane CSD 19 Oregon Virtual School of Bend-Lapine Lane CSD 28J People Involved in Education Lane CSD 32 Polk CSD 2 Lane CSD 40 Polk CSD 13J Lane CSD 45J3 Polk CSD 21 Lane CSD 52 Polk CSD 57 Lane CSD 66 Region 9 ESD Lane CSD 68 Ridgeline Montessori Charter School Lane CSD 69 Rimrock Academy Charter School Lane CSD 71 Riverside Project High School Lane CSD 76 Scappoose School District 1J Lane CSD 79J Self-Enhancement Inc. Lane CSD 90 Sheridan Japanese School Foundation Lane CSD 97J Sherman CSD Lincoln CSD Siletz Valley Early College Academy Linn CSD 9 Siletz Valley School Linn CSD 55 South Coast ESD Region 7 Linn CSD 95C South Columbia Family School Linn CSD 129J South Harney School District 33 South Wasco County School District 1 Linn CSD 552C Linn-Benton Lincoln ESD Southern Oregon ESD The 21st Century Community Lourdes Charter School Luchiamute Valley Charter School Schoolhouse Malheur ESD Region 14 The Emerson School Malheur CSD 8C The Lighthouse School Malheur CSD 12 The Village School Malheur CSD 26C Three Rivers Charter School Malheur CSD 29 Tillamook CSD 9 Malheur CSD 61 Tillamook CSD 56 Malheur CSD 66 Tillamook CSD 101

Oregon Public Employees Retirement System Umatilla CSD 5 Umatilla CSD 6R Umatilla CSD 7 Umatilla CSD 8R Umatilla CSD 16R Umatilla CSD 29RJ Umatilla CSD 61R Umatilla CSD 80R Union-Baker ESD Union CSD 1 Union CSD 5 Union CSD 11 Union CSD 15 Union CSD 23 Upper Chetco Charter School Wallowa County Region 18 ESD Wallowa CSD 6 Wallowa CSD 12 Wallowa CSD 21J Wallowa CSD 54 Wasco CSD 29 Washington CSD 15 Washington CSD 13 Washington CSD 23J Washington CSD 88J Washington CSD 511JT West Lane Technical Learning Center Wheeler CSD 1 Wheeler CSD 55U Willamette ESD Willamette Valley Community School Yamhill CSD 1 Yamhill CSD 4J Yamhill CSD 8 Yamhill CSD 29JT Yamhill CSD 30-44-63J Yamhill CSD 40 Yamhill CSD 48J

Malheur CSD 81

Malheur CSD 84

Marion CSD 1

Umatilla County Administrative School

Trillium Charter School

District 1R

