

Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System of North Carolina

Report on the Seventy-First Annual Valuation Prepared as of December 31, 2013

October 2014



©2014 Xerox Corporation and Buck Consultants, LLC. All rights reserved. Xerox® and Xerox and Design® are trademarks of Xerox Corporation in the United States and/or other countries. Buck Consultants® is a registered trademark of Buck Consultants, LLC in the United States and/or other countries. BRXXXX.

Other company trademarks are also acknowledged.

Document Version: 1.0 (July 2014).



Buck Consultants, LLC A Xerox Company 14911 Quorum Drive Suite 200 Dallas, TX 75254

P: 972.628.6800 F: 972.628.6801

www.xerox.com\hrconsulting

October 2, 2014

Board of Trustees
Teachers' and State Employees'
Retirement System of North Carolina
325 North Salisbury Street
Raleigh, NC 27603

Members of the Board:

We submit herewith our report on the seventy-first annual valuation of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System of North Carolina (referred to as "TSERS" or the "State Plan") prepared as of December 31, 2013. The report has been prepared in accordance with North Carolina General Statute 135-6(o).

The primary purpose of the valuation report is to determine the required member and employer contribution rates, to describe the current financial condition of TSERS, and to analyze changes in such condition. In addition, the report provides information that the Office of the State Controller (OSC) requires for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) and it summarizes census data. Use of this report for any other purposes or by anyone other than OSC and its auditors may not be appropriate and may result in mistaken conclusions because of failure to understand applicable assumptions, methods, or inapplicability of the report for that purpose. The attached pages should not be provided without a copy of this cover letter. No one may make any representations or warranties based on any statements or conclusions contained in this report without Buck Consultants' written consent.

The valuation is based upon membership data and financial information as furnished by the Retirement Systems Division and the Financial Operations Division and as summarized in this report. Although reviewed for reasonableness and consistency with the prior valuation, these elements have not been audited by Buck and we cannot certify as to the accuracy and completeness of the data supplied. The valuation is also based on benefit and contribution provisions as presented in this report. If you have reason to believe that the plan provisions are incorrectly described, that important plan provisions relevant to this valuation are not described, or that conditions have changed since the calculations were made, you should contact the authors of this actuarial report prior to relying on this information.

The valuation is further based on the actuarial valuation assumptions, approved by the Board of Trustees, as presented in this report. We believe that these assumptions are reasonable and comply with the requirements of GASB Nos. 25, 27, and 67. We prepared this report in accordance with the requirements of these standards.



Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from current measurements due to plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic and demographic assumptions, increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements, and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Because of limited scope, Buck performed no analysis of the potential range of such future differences.

The undersigned meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained in this report. This report has been prepared in accordance with all applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice, and we are available to answer questions about it.

Respectfully submitted,

Michael A. Ribble, FSA, EA, MAAA Principal, Consulting Actuary

Larry Langer, ASA, EA, MAAA Principal, Consulting Actuary

MAR:km

\NC\VAL\2013TSERS.DOCX

Table of Contents

Executive Summary	1
Overview	1
Purpose	1
Key Takeaways	2
Section 1: The Valuation Process	3
Valuation Input: Membership Data	3
Valuation Input: Asset Data	
Valuation Input: Benefit Provisions	
Valuation Input: Actuarial Assumptions	8
Valuation Input: Funding Methodology	
Valuation Results: Actuarial Value of Assets	10
Valuation Results: Actuarial Accrued Liability	12
Valuation Results: Funded Ratio	13
Valuation Results: Employer Contribuitons	14
Valuation Results: Projections	15
Valuation Results: Accounting Information	16
Section 2: Principal Results	17
Table 1 – Summary of Principal Results	17
Section 3: Membership Data	18
Table 2 – Active Member Data	18
Table 3 – Disabled Member Data	18
Table 4 – Terminated Vested Member Data	19
Table 5 – Data for Members Currently Receiving Benefits	19
Section 4: Asset Data	20
Table 6 – Market Value of Assets	20
Table 7 – Allocation of Investments by Category of the	
Market Value of Assets	
Table 8 – Actuarial Value of Assets	
Table 9 – Historical Asset Returns	22



Table of Contents

Section 5: Liability Results	.23
Table 10 – Liability Summary	23
Table 11 – Reconciliation of Unfunded Actuarial Accured Liability	24
Section 6: Annual Required Contribution	. 25
Table 12 – Calculation of the Annual Required Contribution	25
Table 13 – Reconciliation of the Change in the ARC	25
Table 14 – Calculation of the New Amortization Base	26
Table 15 – Amortization Schedule for Unfunded Accrued Liability	26
Table 16 – History of Annual Required Contributions and Appropriated Rates	27
Table 17 – Cost of Benefit Enhancements	27
Section 7: Valuation Balance Sheet	.28
Table 18 – Valuation Balance Sheet	28
Section 8: Accounting Results	.29
Table 19 – Number of Active and Retired Members	29
Table 20 – Schedule of Funding Progress	29
Table 21 – Reconciliation of the Annual Required Contribution Rate	30
Table 22 – Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation	30
Table 23 – Trend Information for the Net Pension Obligation	30
Table 24 – Annual Required Contribution	31
Table 25 – Additional Information for GASB Statement Nos. 25 and 27	31
Table 26 – Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)	32
Table 27 – Net Pension Liability (Asset)	32
Table 28 – Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the	
Discount Rate	33
Section 9: Projections	
Key Projection Assumptions	
Projected Required Employer Contribution Rates	
Projected Funded Ratio	36



Table of Contents

Appendices	37
Appendix A – Valuation Process and Glossary of Actuarial Terms	37
Appendix B – Detailed Tabulations of Member Data	45
Appendix C - Summary of Main Benefit and Contribution Provisions	61
Appendix D – Actuarial Assumptions and Methods	69
Appendix E – GASB 67 Fiduciary Net Position Projection	76
Appendix F – Participating Employers	80



Executive Summary

Overview

The North Carolina Retirement Systems Division (RSD) was established in 1941 to provide retirement benefits for public servants in the State of North Carolina. Today, under the management of the Department of State Treasurer, RSD administers eight public pension plans (defined benefit plans), three supplemental retirement plans (voluntary defined contributions plans), a health trust fund, a disability income plan, death benefit funds and a number of other benefit programs. As of December 31, 2013, the Retirement Systems' defined benefit plans cover about 900,000 current and prior public servants in the state of North Carolina. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014, the Systems paid \$5.2 billion in pensions to about 250,000 retirees. And as of June 30, 2014, the Systems' assets were valued at \$90 billion.

Under the supplemental retirement plans, the amount of contributions in any given year is defined by law. The amount of benefits derived is dependent on the investment returns the individual achieves. Conversely, under the pension plans, the amount of the benefit paid to a member upon retirement, termination, death or disability is defined by law. The amount of contributions needed to fund these benefits cannot be known with certainty. In North Carolina, like other states, these contributions are paid during a public servant's career so that upon retirement, termination, death, or disability, there are funds available to pay these benefits. These amounts are determined through an actuarial valuation. Actuarial valuations are performed for each of the pension plans administered by RSD and the results are contained in actuarial valuation reports like this.

In 1941, the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (referred to as "TSERS" or the "State Plan") was established. TSERS provides benefits to all full-time teachers and state employees in all public school systems, universities, departments, institutions and agencies of the state. With almost \$63 billion in assets and over 630,000 members as of December 31, 2013, it is the largest pension plan within the System. This actuarial valuation report is our annual analysis of the financial health of TSERS. This report, prepared as of December 31, 2013, presents the results of the seventy-first annual valuation of TSERS.

Purpose

An actuarial valuation is performed on TSERS annually as of the end of the calendar year. The actuary determines the amount of contributions to be made to TSERS during each member's career that, when combined with investment return, will be sufficient to pay for retirement benefits.

In addition, the annual actuarial valuation is performed to:

- Determine the progress on funding TSERS,
- Explore why the results of the current valuation differ from the results of the valuation of the previous year, and
- Satisfy regulatory and accounting requirements.

A detailed summary of the valuation process and a glossary of actuarial terms are provided in Appendix A.



Executive Summary

Key Takeaways

The actuarial valuation is performed each year to replace the estimates the actuary assumed for the prior valuation with the actual events that happened. This past year, as expected, some of the assumptions used in the prior valuation were not realized. Key results of the December 31, 2013 valuation as compared to the December 31, 2012 valuation were:

- Market value returns of 12.21% compared to 7.25% assumed
- Increase in covered payroll of 0.5% compared to 3% assumed increase
- Recent legislation signed into law including:
 - o 1% cost-of-living adjustment at July 1, 2014
 - Return to five-year vesting for all active members
 - Return of contributions with interest to all members who terminate employment prior to meeting vesting requirements
- No significant changes in actuarial assumptions or funding methodology from the prior year's valuations

When compared to the December 31, 2013 baseline projections, the above resulted in:

- Slightly higher funded ratio as of December 31, 2013 (94.8% in the valuation compared to 93.9% in the baseline projection)
- Lower employer required contribution rate for fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 (8.69% in the valuation compared to 9.15% in the baseline projection)
- Lower projected benefit amounts being accrued by active members

TSERS is well funded compared to its peers. This is due to:

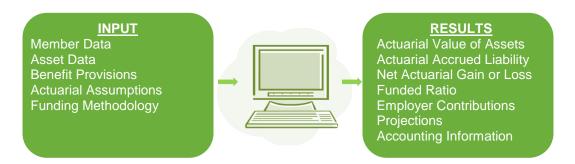
- Stakeholders working together to keep TSERS well-funded since inception
- A history of appropriating and contributing the recommended contribution requirements
- Assumptions that in aggregate are more conservative than peers
- A funding policy that aggressively pays down unfunded liability over a 12-year period
- An ad hoc cost-of-living adjustment, which typically only provides benefit increases when certain financial conditions are met, supports the health of the system
- Modest changes in benefits when compared to peers

As has been done over the past 70 years, continued focus on these measures will be needed to maintain the solid status of TSERS well into the future.

More details can be found later in this report. We encourage readers to start with Section 1 and refer to other sections for additional details as needed.



The following diagram summarizes the inputs and results of the actuarial valuation process.



A more detailed description of the valuation process is provided in Appendix A.

Valuation Input: Membership Data

As with any estimate, the actuary collects information that we know now. Under the actuarial valuation process, current information about TSERS members is collected annually by the Retirement Systems Division staff at the direction of the actuary. Membership data will assist the actuary in estimating benefits that could be paid in the future. Information about benefit provisions and assets held in the trust as of the valuation date is also collected.

The member information the actuary collects includes data elements such as current service, salary and benefit group identifier for members that have not separated service, and actual benefit amounts and form of payment for members that have separated service. Data elements such as gender and date of birth are used to determine when a benefit might be paid and for how long.



Valuation Input: Membership Data (continued)

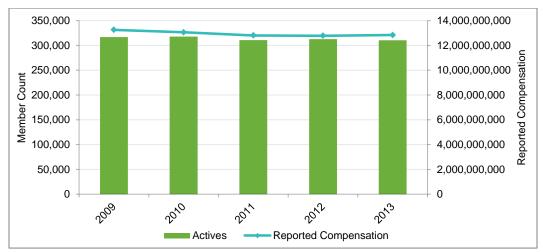
The table below provides a summary of the membership data used in this valuation compared to the prior valuation.

Number as of	12/31/2013	12/31/2012
Active members	310,370	312,512
Members currently receiving Disability Income Plan benefits	7,639	7,487
Terminated members and survivors of deceased members entitled to benefits but not yet receiving benefits	125,513	117,489
Retired members and survivors of deceased members currently receiving benefits	<u>187,448</u>	<u>179,908</u>
Total	630,970	617,396

Commentary: The number of active members decreased by 0.7% from the previous valuation date. The decrease in active members results in less benefits accruing, but also fewer contributions supporting the system. The number of retired members and survivors of deceased members currently receiving benefits increased by 4.2% from the previous valuation. The increase in retiree population is consistent with expectations.

Graph 1: Active Members

The graph below provides a history of the number of active members and reported compensation over the past five years.



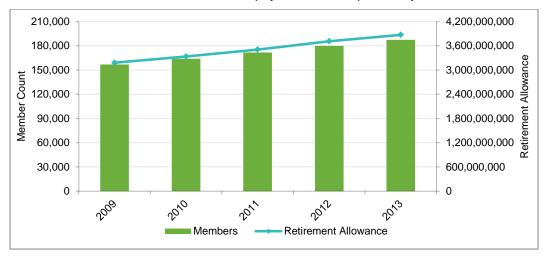
Commentary: Reported compensation has increased by 0.5% after decreasing slightly in previous years. The valuation assumes covered payroll will increase by 3% annually in the future. Payroll that is not increasing as fast as we assume results in less benefits accruing than we anticipate, but also fewer contributions supporting the system.



Valuation Input: Membership Data (continued)

Graph 2: Retired Members and Survivors of Deceased Members

The graph below provides a history of the number of retired members and survivors of deceased members and benefit amounts payable over the past five years.



Commentary: The number of retired members and survivors of deceased members and the benefits paid to these members has been increasing steadily, as expected based on plan assumptions.

A detailed summary of the membership data used in this valuation is provided in Section 3 and Appendix B of this report.

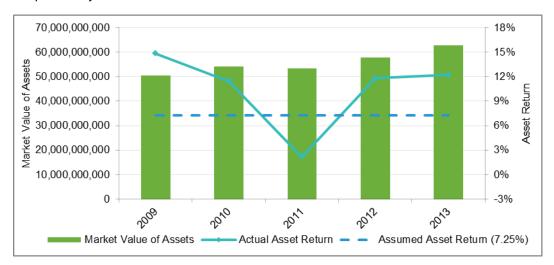


Valuation Input: Asset Data

TSERS assets are held in trust and are invested for the exclusive benefit of plan members. The Market Value of Assets is \$62.8 billion as of December 31, 2013 and \$57.8 billion as of December 31, 2012. The investment return for the market value of assets for calendar year 2013 was 12.21%.

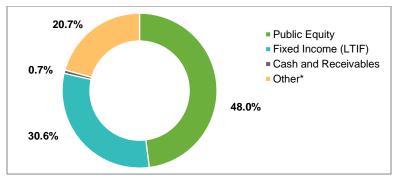
Graph 3: Market Value of Asset and Asset Returns

The graph below provides a history of the market value of assets and asset returns over the past five years.



Graph 4: Allocation of Investments by Category

The graph below provides the breakdown of the market value of assets at December 31, 2013 by asset category.



^{*} Real Estate, Alternatives, Inflation and Credit

Commentary: Based on historical market returns, the current asset allocation, the current investment policy, and the expectation of future asset returns, as reviewed in the last experience study, the 7.25% discount rate used in this valuation is reasonable and appropriate. The discount rate will be reviewed at the next experience study to be presented to the Board in October 2015.

A detailed summary of the market value of assets is provided in Section 4 of this report.



Valuation Input: Benefit Provisions

Benefit provisions are described in North Carolina General Statues, Chapter 135.

There were the following changes in benefit provisions from the prior year's valuation:

- 1% cost-of-living adjustment at July 1, 2014
- Return to five-year vesting for all active members
- Return of contributions with interest to all members prior to meeting vesting requirements

Highlights of the benefit provisions are described below.

- An unreduced retirement allowance is payable to non-law enforcement members who retire from service:
 - after attaining age 65 and five years of creditable service;
 - after attaining age 60 and 25 years of creditable service; or
 - after attaining 30 years of creditable service
- An unreduced retirement allowance is payable to law enforcement members who retire from service:
 - after attaining age 55 and five years of creditable service; or
 - after attaining 30 years of creditable service
- The unreduced retirement allowance is equal to 1.82% of a member's final average compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service.
- A reduced retirement allowance is payable to non-law enforcement members who retire from service:
 - after attaining age 60 and five years of membership service; or
 - after attaining age 50 and 20 years of creditable service.
- A reduced retirement allowance is payable to law enforcement members who retire from service after attaining age 50 and 15 years of creditable service.
- Ancillary benefits are also payable upon the death or disability of a member.
- TSERS does not provide for explicit cost of living increases as part of the benefit package. Instead, increases may be provided if certain financial conditions are met and/or the legislature passes a budget that provides for a cost-of-living adjustment. More details on cost-of-living increases are provided in Graph 5.

Commentary: Most Public Sector Retirement Systems in the United States have undergone pension reform where the benefits of members (current retirees and active or future members) have been reduced. Because of the well-funded status of TSERS due to the legislature contributing the actuarially required contribution, benefit cuts have not been needed in North Carolina. Instead, we have seen a modest expansion of benefits this past year based on sound plan design.

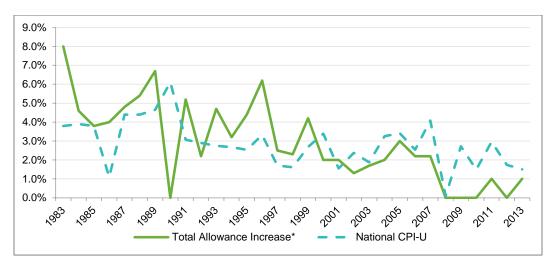


Valuation Input: Benefit Provisions (continued)

As noted previously, cost-of-living increases are periodically considered to the extent that certain financial conditions are met and/or the legislature passes a budget that provides for a cost-of-living adjustment. Specifically, benefit allowance increases are generally considered when the employer contribution rate would not need to increase to pay for a cost-of-living adjustment (generally, limited to the lesser of the CPI increase year-over-year or 4%) Active member pay increases are also considered. In any case, the legislature makes the final decision. In addition to the legislature consistently appropriating the actuary's recommended contribution, this benefit increase policy has helped keep costs manageable when compared to other Public Sector Retirement Systems in the United States. That being said, it is important to provide a benefit in retirement that does not get eroded by inflation.

Graph 5: Cost-of-Living Increase and CPI-U History

The graph below provides a 30-year history of allowance increases for TSERS and the national CPI-U.



^{*} Allowance increases are effective at July 1 the following year

Commentary: Generally this allowance increase policy has helped retirees maintain purchasing power while helping to moderate contribution increases during times of down markets.

A detailed summary of the benefit provisions is provided in Appendix C of this report.

Valuation Input: Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial assumptions bridge the gap between the information that we know with certainty as of the valuation date (age, gender, service, pay, and benefits of the members) and what may happen in the future. The actuarial assumptions of TSERS are reviewed at least every five years. Based on this review, the actuary will make recommendations on the demographic and economic assumptions.



Demographic assumptions describe future events that relate to people such as retirement rates, termination rates, disability rates, and mortality rates. Economic assumptions describe future events that relate to the assets of TSERS such as the interest rate, salary increases, the real return, and payroll growth.

The latest assumptions were adopted for use with the December 31, 2009 actuarial valuation, based on the experience study prepared as of December 31, 2009 and adopted by the Board of Trustees on October 21, 2010. The next experience study will be prepared as of December 31, 2014 and presented to the Board in October 2015. Assumptions and methods based on the next experience study, as adopted by the Board, will be used with the December 31, 2015 valuation. This policy of reviewing assumptions every five years is a best practice.

Valuation Input: Funding Methodology

The Funding Methodology is the payment plan for the TSERS and is composed of the following three components:

- Actuarial Cost Methods allocate costs to the actuarial accrued liability (i.e. the amount of money that should be in the fund) for past service and normal cost (i.e. the cost of benefits accruing during the year) for current service.
 - The Board of Trustees has adopted Entry Age Normal as its actuarial cost method
 - Develops normal costs that stays level as a percent of payroll
- Asset Valuation Methods smooth or average the market value returns over time to alleviate contribution volatility that results from market returns.
 - 20% of market value plus 80% of the expected actuarial value
 - Assets corridor: not greater than 120% of market value and not less than 80% of market value
- Amortization Methods determine the payment schedule for unfunded actuarial accrued liability (i.e. the difference between the actuarial accrued liability and actuarial value of assets)
 - Payment level: the payment is determined as a level dollar amount, similar to a mortgage payment
 - Payment period: a 12-year closed amortization period was adopted for fiscal year ending 2012. A new amortization base is created each year based on the prior years' experience.

When compared to other Public Sector Retirement Systems in the United States, the funding policy for TSERS is quite aggressive in that the policy pays down the pension debt over a much shorter period of time (12 years) compared to the national average of around 24 years. As such it is a best practice in the industry.

There were no significant changes in actuarial assumptions or funding method from the prior year's valuation. A detailed summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods is provided in Appendix D of this report.



Valuation Results: Actuarial Value of Assets

In order to reduce the volatility that investment gains and losses can have on required contributions and funded status of TSERS, the Board adopted an asset valuation method to determine the Actuarial Value of Assets used for funding purposes. The Actuarial Value of Assets is \$62.4 billion as of December 31, 2013 and \$59.9 billion as of December 31, 2012.

Graph 6: Actuarial Value and Market Value of Assets

The graph below provides a history of the market value and actuarial value of assets over the past five years.



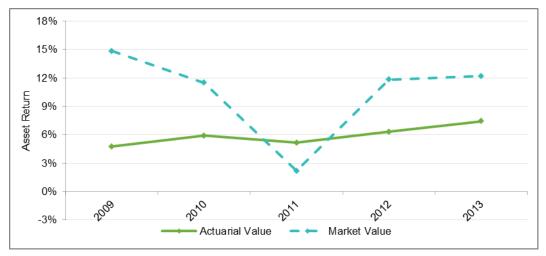
Commentary: For the first time in several years, the market value of assets is higher than the actuarial value of assets, which is used to determine employer contributions. This indicates that there are unrecognized asset returns to be recognized in future valuations, which will mitigate the impact of asset returns that are less than the assumed return of 7.25%. As a result, the upward pressure on contributions that we have seen since the Great Recession has been reversed, as seen in the projections of potentially higher funded ratios and lower employer contributions later in this report.



Valuation Results: Actuarial Value of Assets (continued)

Graph 7: Asset Returns

The graph below provides a history of the market value and actuarial value of asset returns over the past five years.



Commentary: The investment return for the market value of assets for calendar year 2013 was 12.21%. The actuarial value of assets smooths investment gains and losses. Higher than expected market returns in 2009, 2010, 2012, and 2013 resulted in an actuarial value of asset return for calendar year 2013 of 7.43% which is higher than the assumed rate of 7.25%. Therefore, TSERS experienced an asset gain of \$106 million during 2013.

A detailed summary of the Actuarial Value of Assets is provided in Section 4 of this report.



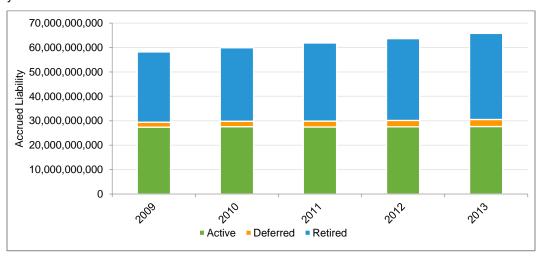
Valuation Results: Actuarial Accrued Liability

Using the provided membership data, benefit provisions, and actuarial assumptions, the future benefit payments of TSERS are estimated. These projected future benefit payments are discounted into today's dollars using the assumed rate of investment return assumption to determine the Present Value of Future Benefits (PVFB) of TSERS. The PVFB is an estimate of the current value of the benefits promised to all members as of a valuation date.

Once the PVFB is developed, an actuarial cost method is used to allocate the PVFB. Under the actuarial cost method, the PVFB is allocated to past, current and future service, respectively known as the actuarial accrued liability (AAL), normal cost (NC) and present value of future normal costs (PVFNC). The AAL is also referred to as the amount of money TSERS should ideally have in the trust. The NC is also referred to as the cost of benefits accruing during the year.

Graph 8: Actuarial Accrued Liability

The graph below provides a history of the actuarial accrued liability over the past five years.



Commentary: The AAL increased from \$63.6 billion to \$65.8 billion during 2013. The Retirement System is an open plan, which means that new members enter the plan each year. In an open plan, liabilities are expected to grow from one year to next as more benefits accrue and the membership approaches retirement. The AAL prior to legislative changes was \$370 million lower than expected, which resulted in a demographic gain of \$370 million during 2013. Legislation increased the AAL by \$361 million.

A detailed summary of the AAL is provided in Section 5 of this report.

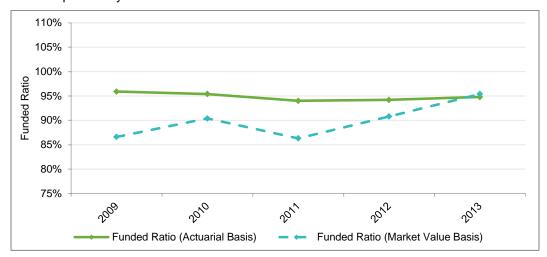


Valuation Results: Funded Ratio

The funded ratio is a measure of the progress that has been made in funding the plan as of the valuation date. It is the ratio of how much money TSERS actually has in the fund to the amount TSERS should have in the fund.

Graph 9: Funded Ratios

The graph below provides a history of the funded ratio on a market and actuarial basis over the past five years.



Commentary: The actuarial value of assets basis is used for computing contributions to alleviate contribution volatility. The funded ratio on an actuarial basis increased from 94.2% at December 31, 2012 to 94.8% at December 31, 2013.



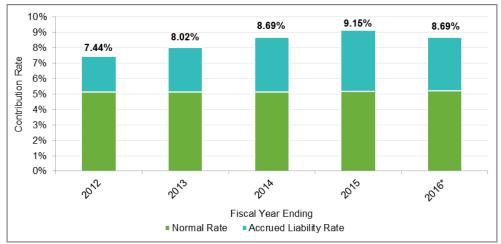
Valuation Results: Employer Contributions

The retirement act provides that the contributions of employers shall consist of a normal contribution and an accrued liability contribution. G.S. 135-8(g) allows for the Board of Trustees of TSERS to make changes to accounting methods and procedures that, in its opinion, are in the interest of sound and proper administration of TSERS.

The December 31, 2012 valuation suggested that the preliminary total employer contribution rate be set at 8.76% of payroll for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. Subsequently, the 2014 Appropriations Act (Session Laws 2014-100) set contributions at 9.15% of payroll effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 in order to account for recent legislation passed into law. As a result of this December 31, 2013 valuation, the preliminary total employer contribution rate should be set at 8.69% of payroll for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, subject to the impact of any future legislative changes effective during that fiscal year. On this basis, these contributions would provide a preliminary reserve from undistributed gains equivalent to 0.46% of payroll that could be used for a cost-of-living adjustment or other benefit improvements.

Graph 10: Employer Required Contribution Rates

The graph below provides a history of employer required contribution rates over the past five years. The rates are split into the normal rate and the accrued liability rate. The normal rate is the employer's portion of the cost of benefits accruing after reducing for the member contribution. The accrued liability rate is the payment toward the unfunded liability.



^{*} Subject to the impact of future legislative changes effective during that fiscal year.

Commentary: The employer required contribution rate is the amount needed to pay for the cost of the benefits accruing and to pay off the pension debt over 12 years, offset for the 6% of pay contribution the members make. The 12-year period is a short period for Public Sector Retirement Systems in the United States, with most Systems using a period of 30 years or more to pay off the pension debt. The shorter period results in higher contributions and more benefit security.

A detailed summary of the employer required contribution rates is provided in Section 6 of this report.



Valuation Results: Projections

Projections of contribution requirements and funded status into the future can be helpful planning tools for stakeholders. We provide such projections in this valuation report. The projections of the actuarial valuation are known as deterministic projections. Deterministic projections are based on one scenario in the future. The baseline deterministic projection is based on:

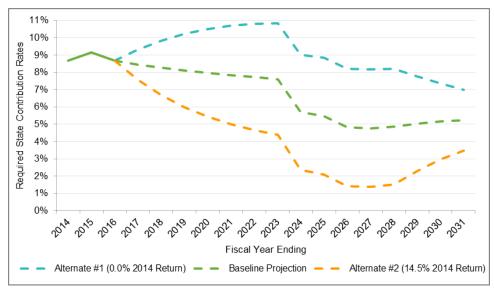
- December 31, 2013 valuation results
- December 31, 2013 valuation assumptions to project future valuation results, including:
 - Valuation interest rate of 7.25% for all years
 - No cost-of-living adjustments granted
 - Assumes future pay increases based on long-term valuation

In addition, we have provided two alternate deterministic projections. The first alternate deterministic projection is based on the same assumptions as the baseline deterministic projection except that it assumes a 0.0% asset return for calendar year 2014. The second alternate deterministic projection is based on the same assumptions as the baseline deterministic projection except that it assumes a 14.5% asset return for calendar year 2014.

Finally, stochastic projections, where hundreds of projections based on varying rates of return are performed and results are ordered, are periodically performed by the investment management division and shared with the Retirement Board and RSD staff.

Graph 11: Projected Required Employer Contribution Rates

The graph below provides the required employer contributions rates projected for 15 years.



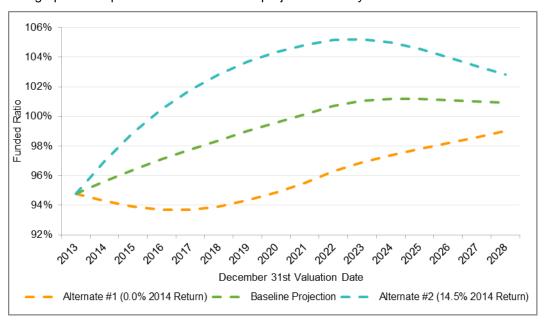
Commentary: A detailed summary of the projection is provided in Section 9 of this report.



Valuation Results: Projections (continued)

Graph 12: Projected Funded Ratio

The graph below provides the funded ratio projected for 15 years.



Commentary: Note that if the 7.25% return under the Baseline Projection is achieved, the funded ratio reaches the long term target of 100% within 15 years. This is a direct result of using a 12 year period to pay off the pension debt. In addition, the State Contribution Rate in Graph 11 trends to around 5%, which is the level of the cost of benefits accrued, or the long term employer cost of TSERS when there is no pension debt.

A detailed summary of the deterministic projections is provided in Section 9 of this report.

Valuation Results: Accounting Information

The Governmental Account Standards Board (GASB) issues statements which establish financial reporting standards for defined benefit pension plans and accounting for pension expenditures and expenses for governmental employers.

The valuation has been prepared in accordance with the parameters of Statement Nos. 25, 27, and 67 of the GASB and all applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice. The annual required contribution (ARC) under GASB 25/27 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 is 8.69% of payroll. The Net Pension Liability (Asset) under GASB 67 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014, is \$1,172,421,000 (compared to \$6,071,019,000 for fiscal year ending June 30, 2013). The required financial reporting information for TSERS under GASB Nos. 25, 27, and 67 can be found in Section 8 of this report.



Section 2: Principal Results

This report, prepared as of December 31, 2013, presents the results of the seventy-first annual valuation of the system. The principal results of the valuation and a comparison with the preceding year's results are summarized below.

Table 1: Summary of Principal Results

Valuation results as of	12/31/2013	12/31/2012
Active Members Number Reported Compensation Valuation Compensation*	310,370 \$12,834,121,020 \$13,607,743,917	312,512 \$12,774,187,282 \$13,597,412,201
Retired Members and Survivors of Deceased Members Currently Receiving Benefits Number Annual Allowances	187,448 \$ 3,870,867,895	179,908 \$ 3,712,698,650
Assets Actuarial Value (AVA) Market Value	\$62,363,807,168 \$62,789,451,194	\$59,911,833,028 \$57,780,471,482
Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Unfunded Accrued Liability (AAL-AVA) Funded Ratio (AVA/AAL)	\$65,805,555,491 \$3,441,748,323 94.8%	\$63,630,278,472 \$3,718,445,444 94.2%
GASB 25/27 Results for Fiscal Year Ending	6/30/2016	6/30/2015
Annual Required Contribution (ARC) of employer, as a percentage of payroll Normal Cost Accrued Liability Total Impact of Legislative Changes Final Employer ARC	5.19% <u>3.50%</u> 8.69% <u>N/A</u> N/A	5.15% <u>3.61%</u> 8.76% <u>0.39%</u> 9.15%
Appropriations Act for Fiscal Year Ending	6/30/2015	6/30/2014
Employer Contribution Rate as a percentage of payroll Normal Cost Accrued Liability Total	5.19% <u>3.96%</u> 9.15%	5.15% <u>3.54%</u> 8.69%
Preliminary Reserve for Undistributed Gains/(Losses)	0.46%	(0.07)%

^{*} Reported compensation adjusted to reflect the assume rate of pay increase prior to the valuation date.



Section 3: Membership Data

The Retirement Systems Division provided membership data as of the valuation date for each member of TSERS. The membership data assists the actuary in estimating benefits that could be paid in the future. The tables below provide a summary of the membership data used in this valuation. Detailed tabulations of data are provided in Appendix B.

Table 2: Active Member Data

	Member	Average	Average	Reported
	Count	Age	Service	Compensation
Classroom Teachers Other Education General Employees Law Enforcement Officers	152,303	43.00	10.36	\$ 6,170,295,647
	46,975	49.06	11.16	1,761,311,224
	107,725	46.35	10.64	4,719,425,114
	3,367	40.37	12.88	183,089,035
Total	310,370	45.05	10.61	\$ 12,834,121,020

The table above includes members not in receipt of benefits who had reported compensation in 2013.

Table 3: Disabled Member Data

	Member	Average	Average	Valuation
	Count	Age	Service	Compensation
Classroom Teachers Other Education General Employees Law Enforcement Officers	1,734	54.01	12.52	\$ 60,492,236
	619	55.04	12.17	15,331,980
	5,237	55.53	11.62	168,587,673
	49	49.78	13.59	5,510,666
Total	7,639	55.11	11.88	\$ 249,922,555

The table above includes members not in receipt of benefits who did not have reported compensation in 2013 and who were reported as disabled in the current or prior valuations and not subsequently reported as returned to work.



Section 3: Membership Data

Table 4: Terminated Vested Member Data

	Member	Average	Average	Valuation
	Count	Age	Service	Compensation
Classroom Teachers Other Education General Employees Law Enforcement Officers	39,244	39.63	4.26	\$ 437,122,685
	8,715	45.65	4.41	94,860,308
	76,634	45.18	3.93	895,426,578
	<u>920</u>	41.14	5.97	17,870,327
Total	125,513	43.45	4.08	\$ 1,445,279,898

The table above includes members not in receipt of benefits who did not have reported compensation in 2013 and who were not valued as disabled members.

Table 5: Data for Members Currently Receiving Benefits

	Member Count	Average Age	Annual Retirement Allowances
Retired Members (Healthy at Retirement)			
Classroom Teachers and Other Education	87,298	69.31	\$ 2,160,048,639
General Employees	72,597	71.13	1,248,363,116
Law Enforcement Officers	2,548	64.74	78,626,389
Total	162,443	70.05	\$ 3,487,038,144
Retired Members (Disabled at Retirement)*			
Classroom Teachers and Other Education	3,970	68.22	\$ 82,308,390
General Employees	7,365	68.59	111,220,589
Law Enforcement Officers	183	67.22	4,423,427
Total	11,518	68.44	\$ 197,952,406
Survivors of Deceased Members			
Classroom Teachers and Other Education	4,234	72.91	\$ 73,546,607
General Employees	8,860	73.62	104,355,471
Law Enforcement Officers	393	71.61	7,975,267
Total	13,487	73.34	\$ 185,877,345
Grand Total	187,448	70.19	\$ 3,870,867,895

^{*} Includes retired members reported as disabled in a prior valuation and not subsequently reported as returned to work.



Section 4: Asset Data

Assets are held in trust and are invested for the exclusive benefit of TSERS members. The tables below provide the details of the Market Value of Assets for the current and prior year's valuations.

Table 6: Market Value of Assets

Asset Data as of	12/31/2013	12/31/2012
Beginning of Year Market Value of Assets	\$ 57,780,471,482	\$ 53,402,204,951
Contributions	1,985,865,560	1,897,179,772
Benefit Payments	(3,914,014,907)	(3,725,310,777)
Investment Income	6,937,129,059	6,206,397,536
Net Increase/(Decrease)	5,008,979,712	4,378,266,531
End of Year Market Value of Assets	\$ 62,789,451,194	\$ 57,780,471,482
Estimated Net Investment Return on Market Value	12.21%	11.82%

Table 7: Allocation of Investments by Category of the Market Value of Assets

Asset Data as of	12/31/2013	12/31/2012
Allocation by Dollar Amount		
Public Equity Fixed Income (LTIF) Cash and Receivables Other*	\$ 30,167,583,072 19,202,205,036 436,110,529 12,983,552,557	\$ 25,698,604,420 20,403,469,407 207,416,156 11,470,981,499
Total Market Value of Assets Allocation by Percentage of Asset Value	\$ 62,789,451,194	\$ 57,780,471,482
Public Equity Fixed Income (LTIF) Cash and Receivables Other*	48.05% 30.58% 0.69% <u>20.68%</u>	44.48% 35.31% 0.36% <u>19.85%</u>
Total Market Value of Assets	100.00%	100.00%

^{*} Real Estate, Alternatives, Inflation and Credit



Section 4: Asset Data

In order to reduce the volatility that investment gains and losses can have on the required contributions and funded status of TSERS, the Board adopted an asset valuation method to determine the Actuarial Value of Assets used for funding purposes. The table below provides the calculation of the Actuarial Value of Assets at the valuation date.

Table 8: Actuarial Value of Assets

Asset Data as of	12/31/2013
(a) Beginning of Year Actuarial Value of Assets	\$ 59,911,833,028
(b) Contributions(c) Benefit Payments(d) Net Cash Flow: (b) + (c)	1,985,865,560 (3,914,014,907) (1,928,149,347)
(e) Expected Investment Return: [(a) x 7.25%] + [(d) x 3.625%]	4,273,712,481
(f) Expected End of Year Actuarial Value of Assets: (a) + (d) + (e)	62,257,396,162
(g) End of Year Market Value of Assets	62,789,451,194
(h) Excess of Market Value over Expected Actuarial Value of Assets: (g) - (f)	532,055,032
(i) 20% Adjustment toward Market Value: (h) x 20%	106,411,006
(j) Preliminary End of Year Actuarial Value of Assets: (f) + (i)	62,363,807,168
(k) Final End of Year Actuarial Value of Assets: (j) not less than 80% of (g) and not greater than 120% of (g)	62,363,807,168
(I) Estimated Net Investment Return on Actuarial Value	7.43%

Commentary: The actuarial value of assets smooths investment gains/losses, resulting in less volatility in the employer contribution. Higher than expected returns in 2009, 2010, 2012 and 2013 resulted in a \$106 million asset gain recognition this year (item (i) above).



Section 4: Asset Data

The valuation assumes that the funds will earn a 7.25% asset return. The table below provides a history of the Actuarial Value and Market Value of Asset returns.

Table 9: Historical Asset Returns

Calendar Year	Actuarial Value of Asset Return	Market Value of Asset Return
2006	8.94%	11.41%
2007	8.87%	8.38%
2008	2.89%	-19.50%
2009	4.74%	14.84%
2010	5.89%	11.47%
2011	5.15%	2.19%
2012	6.32%	11.82%
2013	7.43%	12.21%
Average	6.26%	6.01%
Range	6.05%	34.34%

Commentary: The average investment return recognized for purposes of determining the annual change in contribution each year is the actuarial value of assets return. Currently, the average actuarial return of 6.26% tracks average market return of 6.01% rather well. But the range of returns is markedly less – 6.05% versus 34.34%. This results in much lower employer contribution volatility using the actuarial value of assets versus market, while ensuring that the actuarial needs of TSERS are met.



Section 5: Liability Results

Using the provided membership data, benefit provisions, and actuarial assumptions, the future benefit payments of TSERS are estimated. These projected future benefit payments are discounted into today's dollars using the assumed rate of investment return assumption to determine the Present Value of Future Benefits. The Present Value of Future Benefits is allocated to past, current and future service, respectively known as the actuarial accrued liability, normal cost and present value of future normal costs. The table below provides these liability numbers for the current and prior year's valuations.

Table 10: Liability Summary

Valuation Results as of	12/31/2013	12/31/2012
 (a) Present Value of Future Benefits (1) Active Members (2) Terminated Members (3) Members Currently Receiving Benefits (4) Total 	\$ 40,204,306,593 2,890,559,796 35,291,243,666 \$ 78,386,110,055	\$ 40,047,408,196 2,637,640,588 33,504,462,705 \$ 76,189,511,489
(b) Present Value of Future Normal Costs (1) Employee Future Normal Costs (2) Employer Future Normal Costs (3) Total	\$ 6,806,431,685 5,774,122,879 \$ 12,580,554,564	\$ 6,819,493,041 5,739,739,976 \$ 12,559,233,017
(c) Actuarial Accrued Liability: (a4) - (b3)	\$ 65,805,555,491	\$ 63,630,278,472
(d) Actuarial Value of Assets	\$ 62,363,807,168	\$ 59,911,833,028
(e) Unfunded Accrued Liability: (c) - (d)	\$ 3,441,748,323	\$ 3,718,445,444



Section 5: Liability Results

The table below provides a reconciliation of the prior year's unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the current year's actuarial accrued liability.

Table 11: Reconciliation of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability

(in millions)	
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) as of 12/31/2012	\$ 3,718
Normal Cost during 2013	1,517
Reduction due to Actual Contributions during 2013	(1,986)
Interest on UAAL, Normal Cost, and Contributions	308
Asset (Gain)/Loss	(106)
Actuarial Accrued Liability (Gain)/Loss	(370)
Impact of Legislative Changes	 361
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) as of 12/31/2013	\$ 3,442

Commentary: The unfunded actuarial accrued liability, or pension debt, shrank faster than expected during the past year primarily due to the reasons outlined at the beginning of this report.



Section 6: Annual Required Contribution

The annual required contribution consists of a normal cost rate and an accrued liability rate. The normal cost rate is the employer's portion of the cost of benefits accruing during the year after reducing for the member contribution. The accrued liability rate is the payment toward the unfunded accrued liability in order to pay off the unfunded accrued liability over 12 years.

The tables below provide the calculation and a reconciliation of the annual required contribution for the current and prior years' valuations.

Table 12: Calculation of the Annual Required Contribution (ARC)

Valuation Date ARC for Fiscal Year Ending	12/31/2013 6/30/2016	12/31/2012 6/30/2015	
Normal Cost Rate Calculation			
 (a) Employer Future Normal Cost (b) Present Value of Future Salary (c) Normal Cost Rate: (a) / (b) (d) Expenses Rate (e) Total Normal Cost Rate: (c) + (d) 	\$ 5,774,122,879 113,440,528,084 5.09% <u>0.10%</u> 5.19%	\$ 5,739,739,976 113,658,217,354 5.05% <u>0.10%</u> 5.15%	
Accrued Liability Rate Calculation			
(f) Total Annual Amortization Payments*(g) Valuation Compensation(h) Accrued Liability Rate: (f) / (g)	\$ 475,910,160 13,607,743,917 3.50%	\$ 491,512,906 13,597,412,201 3.61%	
Total ARC (e) + (h)	8.69%	8.76%	

^{*} See Table 14 for more detail.

Table 13: Reconciliation of the Change in the ARC

Fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 Preliminary ARC (based on December 31, 2012 valuation) Impact of Legislative Changes	8.76% <u>0.39%</u>
Fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 Final ARC Change Due to Demographic (Gain)/Loss Change Due to Investment (Gain)/Loss Change Due to Contributions Greater than ARC	9.15% (0.32%) (0.10%) (0.04%)
Fiscal year ending June 30, 2016 Preliminary ARC (based on December 31, 2013 valuation)	8.69%



Section 6: Annual Required Contribution

Amortization methods determine the payment schedule for the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. TSERS adopted a 12-year closed amortization period for fiscal year ending 2012. A new amortization base is created each year based on the prior year's experience. The tables below provide the calculation of the new amortization base and the amortization schedule for the current year's valuation.

Table 14: Calculation of the New Amortization Base

Calculation as of	12/31/2013	12/31/2012
(a) Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability(b) Prior Years' Outstanding Balances(c) New Amortization Base: (a) - (b)(d) New Amortization Payment	\$ 3,441,748,323 \$ 3,555,776,186 \$ (114,027,863) \$ (15,602,746)	\$ 3,718,445,444 \$ 3,640,167,685 \$ 78,277,759 \$ 10,710,961

Table 15: Amortization Schedule for Unfunded Accrued Liability

Date Established	Original Balance	12/31/2013 Outstanding Balance	Annual Payment
December 31, 2009	\$ 2,360,173,025	\$ 2,240,554,560	\$ 322,948,963
December 31, 2010	242,581,914	246,771,757	33,193,150
December 31, 2011	911,037,989	984,496,972	124,659,832
December 31, 2012	78,277,759	83,952,897	10,710,961
December 31, 2013	(114,027,863)	(114,027,863)	(15,602,746)
Total		\$ 3,441,748,323	\$ 475,910,160

Commentary: This is the payment schedule for the pension debt of TSERS.



Section 6: Annual Required Contribution

The table below provides a history of the annual required contribution and the corresponding appropriated rate.

Table 16: History of Annual Required Contributions and Appropriated Rates

Valuation Date	Fiscal Year Ending	Normal Rate	Accrued Liability Rate	Change due to Legislation	Final ARC	Appropriated Rate
12/31/2013	6/30/2016	5.19%	3.50%	N/A	N/A	N/A
12/31/2012	6/30/2015	5.15%	3.61%	0.39%	9.15%	9.15%
12/31/2011	6/30/2014	5.14%	3.55%	0.00%	8.69%	8.69%
12/31/2010	6/30/2013	5.12%	2.57%	0.33%	8.02%	8.33%
12/31/2009	6/30/2012	5.12%	2.82%	(0.50%)	7.44%	7.44%

Table 17: Cost of Benefit Enhancements

Calculation as of	12/31/2013	12/31/2012
Increase in ARC for a 1% COLA*	0.39%	0.37%
Increase in ARC for a 0.01% Increase in the Defined Benefit Formula**	0.42%	0.41%

^{*} The 1% COLA calculated at the December 31, 2013 valuation would be effective July 1, 2015. The COLA would be paid in full to retired members and survivors of deceased members on the retirement roll on July 1, 2014 and would be prorated for retired members and survivors of deceased members who commence benefits after July 1, 2014 but before June 30, 2015.



^{**} A corresponding increase in retirement allowances would be paid in the event of an increase in the defined benefit formula.

Section 7: Valuation Balance Sheet

The valuation balance sheet shows the assets and liabilities of TSERS. The items shown in the balance sheet are present values actuarially determined as of the relevant valuation date. The table below provides the valuation balance sheet for the current year and prior year.

Table 18: Valuation Balance Sheet

Balance Sheet as of	12/31/2013	12/31/2012
Ass	ets	
Current Actuarial Value of Assets Annuity Savings Fund Pension Accumulation Fund Total Future Member Contributions to the	\$ 11,476,585,329 50,887,221,839 \$ 62,363,807,168	\$ 11,116,379,969
Annuity Savings Fund Prospective Contributions to the Pension Accumulation Fund Normal Contributions	\$ 6,806,431,685 \$ 5,774,122,879	\$ 6,819,493,041 \$ 5,739,739,976
Unfunded Accrued Liability Contributions Undistributed Gain Contributions	3,441,748,323 455,297,096	3,718,445,444 (76,897,567)
Total	\$ 9,671,168,298	\$ 9,381,287,853
Total Assets	\$ 78,841,407,151	\$ 76,112,613,922
Liabil	ities	
Annuity Savings Fund Past Member Contributions Future Member Contributions Total Contributions	\$ 11,476,585,329 6,806,431,685 \$ 18,283,017,014	\$ 11,116,379,969 6,819,493,041 \$ 17,935,873,010
Pension Accumulation Fund Benefits Currently in Payment Benefits to be Paid to Current Active Members	\$ 34,929,957,617 24,811,849,375	\$ 33,504,462,705 24,749,175,774
Reserve for Increases in Retirement Allowances effective July 1, 2014 (July 1, 2013 for December 31, 2012) Reserve for Undistributed Gains/(Losses)	361,286,049 455,297,096	(76,897,567)
Total Benefits Payable Total Liabilities	\$ 60,558,390,137 \$ 78,841,407,151	\$ 58,176,740,912 \$ 76,112,613,922



Section 8: Accounting Results

The section contains the accounting information for Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 25, 27 and 67 for fiscal year ending June 30, 2014 based on a valuation date of December 31, 2013.

Please note that GASB Statement No. 25 (Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans) is applicable for fiscal years ending prior to 2014 and has been replaced by GASB Statement No. 67 (Financial Reporting for Pension Plans) for fiscal years ending 2014 and later. Similarly, GASB Statement No. 27 (Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers) is applicable for fiscal years ending prior to 2015 and has been replaced by GASB Statement No. 68 (Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions) for fiscal years ending 2015 and later.

GASB Statement Nos. 25 and 27 set forth certain items of information to be disclosed in the financial statements of the Plan. The tables below provide a distribution of the number of employees by type of membership, and the schedule of funding progress.

Table 19: Number of Active and Retired Members as of December 31, 2013

Group	Number
Retired members and survivors of deceased members currently receiving benefits	187,448
Terminated members and survivors of deceased members entitled to benefits but not yet	
receiving benefits	125,513
Active members*	318,009
Total	630,970

^{*} Includes current recipients of DIP benefits.

Table 20: Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	(a) Actuarial Value of Assets	(b) Entry Age Actuarial Accrued Liability	(b) - (a) Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)	(a)/(b) Funded Ratio	(c) Covered Payroll	[(b) - (a)] / (c) UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/2007	\$55,283,120,813	\$52,815,089,477	\$ (2,468,031,336)	104.7%	\$12,701,016,741	-19.43%
12/31/2008	55,127,658,183	55,518,744,699	391,086,516	99.3%	13,267,554,255	2.95%
12/31/2009	55,818,099,117	58,178,272,142	2,360,173,025	95.9%	13,253,029,516	17.81%
12/31/2010	57,102,198,448	59,876,065,931	2,773,867,483	95.4%	13,053,830,873	21.25%
12/31/2011	58,125,010,880	61,846,696,903	3,721,686,023	94.0%	12,801,045,514	29.07%
12/31/2012	59,911,833,028	63,630,278,472	3,718,445,444	94.2%	12,774,187,282	29.11%
12/31/2013	62,363,807,168	65,805,555,491	3,441,748,323	94.8%	12,834,121,020	26.82%



The tables below provide a reconciliation of the preliminary employer annual required contribution rate to the final employer annual required contribution, the calculation of the annual pension cost and net pension obligation, and a three-year trend of the net pension obligation.

Table 21: Reconciliation of the Annual Required Contribution Rate

Fiscal Year Ending	June 30, 2014		
Preliminary Annual Required Contribution Rate Normal Cost Accrued Liability Total	5.14% <u>3.55</u> % 8.69%		
Impact of Legislative Changes Final Annual Required Contribution Rate	<u>0.00</u> % 8.69%		
Payroll Annual Required Contribution	\$ 13,409,495,477 \$ 1,165,285,000		

Table 22: Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

Fiscal Year Ending	J	June 30, 2014
 (a) Employer annual required contribution (b) Interest on net pension obligation (c) Adjustment to annual required contribution (d) Annual pension cost: (a) + (b) + (c) 	\$ 	1,165,285,000 10,166,000 (19,187,000) 1,156,264,000
 (e) Employer contributions made for fiscal year ending 6/30/2014 (f) Increase/(decrease) in net pension obligation: (d) - (e) (g) Net pension obligation beginning of fiscal year (h) Net pension obligation end of fiscal year: (f) + (g) 	\$ \$	1,165,285,000 (9,021,000) 140,224,000 131,203,000

Table 23: Trend Information for the Net Pension Obligation

Fiscal	Annual	Percentage	Net
Year	Pension	of APC	Pension
Ending	Cost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation
6/30/2012	\$ 975,124,000	101.4%	\$ 193,352,000
6/30/2013	1,040,251,000	105.1%	140,224,000
6/30/2014	1,156,264,000	100.8%	131,203,000



The tables below provide the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer as a percentage of payroll (determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB 25/27) and additional information as of the valuation date. The accrued liability rate of the ARC is based on the amortization schedule found in Table 15.

Table 24: Annual Required Contribution Based on the Valuation as of December 31, 2013

Fiscal Year Ending	June 30, 2016
Normal Cost	5.19%
Accrued Liability	<u>3.50%</u>
Total	8.69%

Table 25: Additional Information for GASB Statement Nos. 25 and 27

Valuation Date	12/31/2013
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Amortization Method	Level dollar closed
Amortization Period	12 years
Asset Valuation Method	20% of market value plus 80% of expected actuarial value (not greater than 120% of market value and not less than 80% of market value)
Actuarial Assumptions	
Investment Rate of Return* Projected Salary Increases**	7.25% 4.25% - 9.10%
*Includes Inflation of **Includes Inflation and Productivity of	3.00% 3.50%
Cost-of-living Adjustments	N/A



GASB Statement No. 67 set forth certain items of information to be disclosed in the financial statements of the Plan. The tables below provide the schedule of changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset).

Table 26: Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Calculation as of	June 30, 2014
Total Pension Liability	
Service Cost Interest Changes of Benefit Terms Difference between Expected and Actual Experience Change of Assumptions Benefit Payments, including Refund of Member Contributions Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$ 1,556,027,000 4,648,995,000 355,224,000 (345,392,000) 0 (3,989,397,000) \$ 2,225,457,000
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of Year Total Pension Liability - End of Year	\$ 64,562,739,000 \$ 66,788,196,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
Employer Contributions Member Contributions Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, including Refund of Member Contributions Administrative Expenses Other Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 1,177,341,000 825,548,000 9,121,005,000 (3,989,397,000) (10,762,000) 320,000 \$ 7,124,055,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning of Year Plan Fiduciary Net Position - End of Year	\$ 58,491,720,000 \$ 65,615,775,000

Table 27: Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Calculation as of	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013
Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 66,788,196,000 <u>65,615,775,000</u> \$ 1,172,421,000	\$ 64,562,739,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	98.24%	90.60%



The table below is the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

Table 28: Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability at June 30, 2014 to Changes in the Discount Rate

	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
Discount Rate	6.25%	7.25%	8.25%
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	8,416,451,000	1,172,421,000	(4,944,107,000)

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System contributions will continue to follow the current funding policy. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Please see Appendix E for additional detail.



Section 9: Projections

Projections of contribution requirements and funded status into the future can be helpful planning tools for stakeholders. This section provides such projections. The projections of the actuarial valuation are known as deterministic projections. Deterministic projections are based on one scenario in the future. The baseline deterministic projection is based on December 31, 2013 valuation results as assumptions.

Key Projection Assumptions

- Valuation interest rate of 7.25% for all years
- 7.25% investment return on market value of assets
- Actuarial assumptions and methods as described in Appendix D. All future demographic experience is assumed to be exactly realized.
- The actuarially calculated contribution rate is contributed each year.
- 0% increase in the total active member population
- No cost-of-living adjustments granted
- Future pay increases based on long-term salary increase assumptions

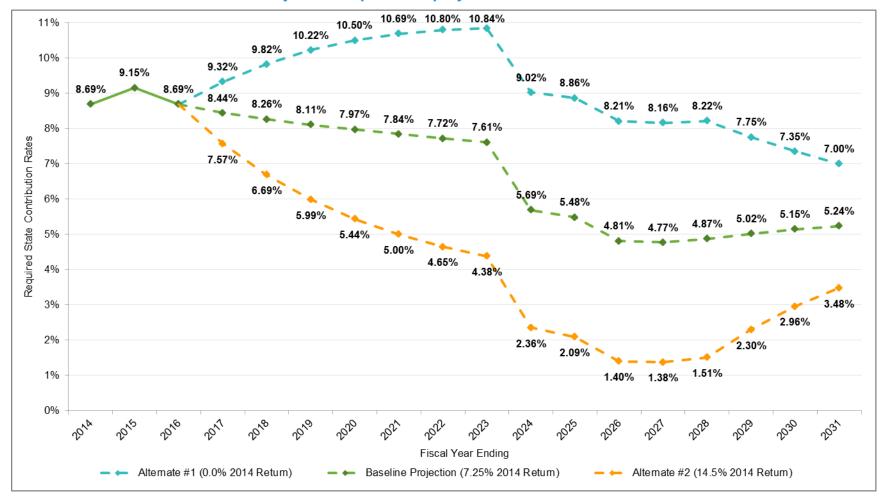
In addition, we have provided two alternate deterministic projections. The first alternate deterministic projection is based on the same assumptions as the baseline deterministic projection except that it assumes a 0.0% asset return for calendar year 2014. The second alternate deterministic projection is based on the same assumptions as the baseline deterministic projection except that it assumes a 14.5% asset return for calendar year 2014.



Section 9: Projections

The graph below provides the required employer contribution rates projected for 15 years.

Projected Required Employer Contribution Rates

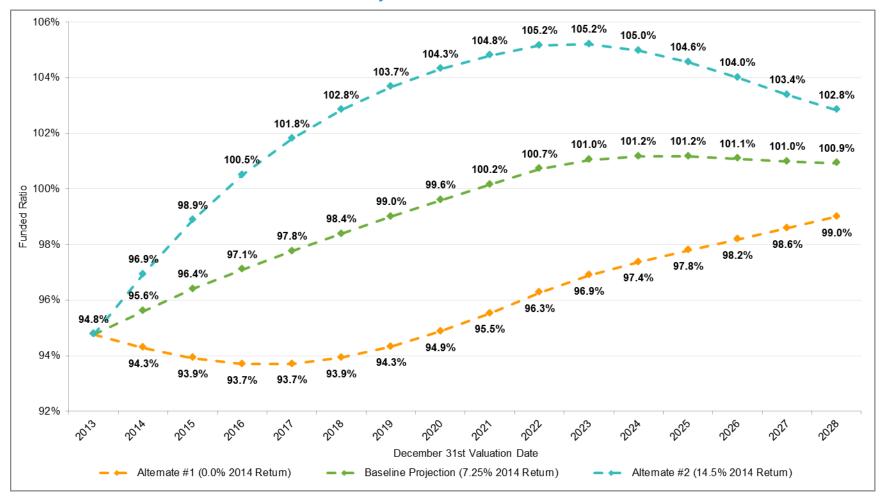




Section 9: Projections

The graph below provides the funded ratio projected for 15 years.

Projected Funded Ratio





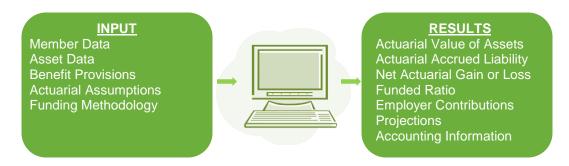
Purpose of an Actuarial Valuation

The majority of Public Sector Retirement Systems in the State of North Carolina are defined benefit (DB) retirement systems. Under a DB Retirement System, the amount of benefits payable to a member upon retirement, termination, death or disability is defined in various contracts and legal instruments and is based, in part, on the member's years of credited service and final compensation. The amount of contribution needed to fund these benefits cannot be known with certainty. A primary responsibility of the Board of Trustees of a Retirement System is to establish and monitor a funding policy for the contributions made to the Retirement System.

While somewhat uncommon, in some jurisdictions, contributions are made by the plan sponsor as benefits come due. This is known as pay-as-you-go financing. More commonly, contributions for benefits are made in advance during the course of active employment of the members. This is known as actuarial pre-funding. For example, the State of North Carolina mandates for the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (the "State Plan") that "on account of each member there shall be paid into the pension accumulation fund by employers an amount equal to a certain percentage of the actual compensation of each member to be known as the 'normal contribution'..." and further "the normal rate of contribution shall be determined by the actuary after each valuation."

The Actuarial Valuation Process

The following diagram summarizes the inputs and results of the actuarial valuation process. A narrative of the process follows the diagram. The reader may find it worthwhile to refer to the diagram from time to time.



Under the actuarial valuation process, current information about Retirement System members is collected annually by staff at the direction of the actuary, namely member data, asset data and information on benefit provisions. Member data is collected for each member of the Retirement System. The member data will assist the actuary in estimating benefits that could be paid in the future. The member information the actuary collects to estimate the amount of benefit includes elements such as current service, salary and benefit group identifier for members that have not separated service; for those that have, the actual benefit amounts are collected. The actuary collects information such as gender and date of birth to determine when a benefit might be paid and for how long. The actuary collects summary information about assets as of the valuation date and information on cash flows for the year ending on the valuation date. Information about



buckconsultants

benefit provisions as of the valuation date is also collected. To bridge the gap between the information collected and potential benefits to be paid in the future, the actuary must make assumptions about future activities. These assumptions are recommended by the actuary to the Boards based on the results of an experience review. An experience review is a review of the Retirement System over a period of time, typically five years, where the actuary analyzes the demographic and economic assumptions of the Retirement System. Based on this review, the actuary will make recommendations on the demographic assumptions, such as when members will be projected to retire, terminate, become disabled and/or die in the future, as well as the economic assumptions, such as what rate of return is projected to be earned by the fund based on the Retirement System investment policy and what level of future salary increases is expected for members. To maintain the assumptions, the Board should adopt a prudent policy of having an experience review being performed every five years. The next experience review for the North Carolina Retirement Systems will be based on the fiveyear period ending on December 31, 2014 and will be presented during 2015. Using these assumptions, the actuary is able to use the member data, asset data and benefit provision information collected to project the benefits that will be paid from the Retirement System to current members. These projected future benefit payments are based not only on service and pay through the valuation date but includes future pay and service, which has not yet been earned by the members but is expected to be earned.

These projected future benefit payments are discounted into today's dollars using the assumed rate of investment return assumption to determine the Present Value of Future Benefits (PVFB) of the Retirement System. The PVFB is an estimate of the value of the benefits promised to all members as of a valuation date. If the Retirement System held assets equal to the PVFB and all the assumptions were realized, there would be sufficient funds to pay off all the benefits to be paid in the future for members in the Retirement System as of the valuation date.

The PVFB is a large sum of money, typically much larger than the amount of Retirement System assets held in the trust. The next step is for the actuary to apply the Funding Policy as adopted by the Board to determine the employer contributions to be made to the Retirement System so that the gap between the PVFB and assets is systematically paid off over time. The Funding Policy is adopted by the Board based on discussions with the actuary. When the Board develops a funding policy, a balance between contributions which are responsive to the needs of the Retirement System yet stable should be struck. There are many different funding policies for the Board to consider, and the actuary is responsible for discussing the various features of the funding policies under consideration. Funding Policies are generally reviewed during an experience review, but it is not uncommon to review a funding policy in between, particularly during period where large increases or decreases in contributions are expected. The Funding Policy is composed of three components: the actuarial cost method, the asset valuation method, and the amortization method.

Once the PVFB is developed, an actuarial cost method is used to allocate the PVFB. Under the actuarial cost method, the PVFB is allocated to past, current and future service, respectively known as the actuarial accrued liability (AAL), normal cost (NC) and present value of future normal costs (PVFNC). The actuary computes the liability components (PVFB, NC, AAL, and PVFNC) for each participant in the Retirement



System at the valuation date. These liability components are then totaled for the Retirement System. There are many actuarial cost methods. Different actuarial methods will produce different contribution patterns, but do not change the ultimate cost of the benefits. The entry age normal cost method is the most prevalent method used for public sector plans in the United States, because the expected normal cost is calculated in such a way that it will tend to stay level as a percent of pay over a member's career. Most of the North Carolina Retirement Systems use the entry age normal cost method; LGERS uses a method known as frozen initial liability, which is similar to entry age normal but allows for the individualized payments for local employers when they enter LGERS.

The actuarial accrued liability (AAL) is also referred to as the amount of money the Retirement System should ideally have in the trust. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) is the portion of actuarial accrued liability that is not covered by the assets of the Retirement System. The UAAL can be a negative number, which means that the Retirement System has more assets than actuarial accrued liability. We refer to this condition as overfunded liability in this summary. Having UAAL does not indicate that the Retirement System is in failing actuarial health. UAAL is a common occurrence. Currently, many Retirement Systems in the United States have UAAL as a result of the Great Recession of 2008. Another related statistic of the Retirement System is the funded ratio. The funded ratio is the percent of the actuarial accrued liabilities covered by the actuarial value of assets. The assets used for these purposes are an actuarial value of assets (AVA), not market. The actuarial value of assets is based on the asset valuation method as recommended by the actuary and adopted by the Board. An actuarial value of assets is a smoothed, or averaged, value of assets, which is used to limit employer contribution volatility. Typically, assets are smoothed, or averaged, over a period of 3 to 5 years, although longer periods are becoming more common. By averaging returns, the UAAL is not as volatile, which we will see later results in contributions that are not as volatile as well. The North Carolina Retirement Systems use an actuarial value of assets with a smoothing period of 5 years.

While having UAAL is common, it is acceptable only if it is systematically being paid off. The method by which the UAAL is paid off is known as the amortization method. The concept is similar to that of a mortgage payment. The Board adopts the amortization method used to pay off the UAAL over a period of time. The amortization method is composed of the amortization period, the amount of payment increase, whether the period is open or closed and by the amount of amortization schedules. The amortization period is the amount of time over which the UAAL will be paid off. This is generally a period of thirty years or less, but actuaries are beginning to recommend shorter periods. The payments can be developed to stay constant from year to year like a mortgage, but often they are developed to increase each year at the same level payroll increases. Amortization type can be closed or open. Under a closed period, the UAAL is expected to be paid off over the amortization period. This is similar to a typical mortgage. Under an open period, the amortization period remains unchanged year after year. The concept is similar to re-mortgaging annually. In many instances, an amortization schedule is developed, whereby the UAAL is amortized over a closed period from the point the UAAL is incurred. Finally, some amortization methods are defined by a schedule of payments, where a new schedule of payments is added with each valuation. Regardless of the amortization type or period, the funding policy should generate a contribution that pays off the UAAL, which results in the funded ratio trending to 100% over time. Caution



buckconsultants

should be used when an open method is used, because typically an open amortization policy does not result in the UAAL being paid off. North Carolina pays off a much larger amount of UAAL compared to other states. While many states struggle to pay a 30-year level percent of pay UAAL contribution, which doesn't even reduce the amount of UAAL, North Carolina pays down the UAAL with level dollar payments over 12 years. This aggressive payment of UAAL results in North Carolina being home to many of the best funded Public Retirement Systems in the United States.

To satisfy the requirements of the State of North Carolina, the actuary calculates the total annual contribution to the Retirement System as the normal cost plus a contribution towards UAAL. Said another way, this contribution is sufficient to pay for the cost of benefits accruing during the year (normal cost) plus the mortgage payment (UAAL payment). The total contribution is reduced by the amount of member contributions, if any, to arrive at the employer contribution. For the aggressive North Carolina contribution policy to be effective, the amounts that Buck calculates need to be contributed. With very limited exception, North Carolina has contributed the amounts that Buck has calculated, which has resulted in the North Carolina Retirements Systems being among the best funded in the United States.

An actuarial valuation report is produced annually, which contains the contribution for the fiscal year as well as the funded ratio of the Retirement System. The primary purpose of performing an actuarial valuation annually is to replace the estimated activities from the previous valuation, which were based on assumptions, with the actual experience of the Retirement System for the prior year. The experience gain (loss) is the difference between the expected and the actual UAAL of the Retirement System. An experience loss can be thought of as the amount of additional UAAL over and above the amount that was expected from the prior year due to deviation of actual experience from the assumption. Similarly, an experience gain can be thought of as having less UAAL than that which was expected from the prior year assumptions. As an example, if the Retirement System achieves an asset return of 15% when the assumption was a 7.25% return, an actuarial gain is said to have happened, which typically results in lower contributions and higher funded ratio, all else being equal. Alternatively, a return of 2% under the same circumstances would result in an actuarial loss, requiring an increase in contributions and a funded ratio that is lower than anticipated. Experience gains and losses are common within the valuation process. Typically gains and losses offset each other over time. To the extent that does not occur, the reasons for the gains and losses should be understood, and appropriate recommendations should be made by the actuary after an experience review to adjust the assumptions.

The actuarial valuation report will contain histories of key statistics from prior actuarial valuation reports. In particular, a history of the funded ratio of the Retirement System is an important exhibit. Trustees should understand the reason for the trend of the funded ratio of the Retirement System over time. The actuary will discuss the reasons for changes in the funded ratio of the Retirement System with each valuation report. To the extent that there are unexplained changes in funded ratio corrective action should be explored and the actuary will make recommendations as to whether there should be changes in the assumptions, funding policy, or some other portion of the actuarial valuation process.



buckconsultants

In addition to historical information, projections of contributions and funded ratio based on current assumptions can sometimes be found in an actuarial valuation report. Projections of contributions can allow the employer to plan their budget accordingly. Surprises in Retirement System contributions to be paid by the employer serve no one. A one-year projection based on "bad" asset returns can provide ample time for the employer to plan, or allow for a discussion of changing the funding policy to occur. Contribution surprises are a primary contributor to employers considering pension reform. It is important to keep the employer apprised of future contribution requirements. A projection of funded ratio can serve the Trustees by illustrating the trend of the funded ratio over time. The funded ratio, under a prudent funding policy, should trend to 100% over a period of less than 30 years. (It is worthwhile to note that while 30 years has served as an industry standard for the longest period over which 100% funding should be achieved, that period is coming under scrutiny by the actuarial community and will likely be shortened.) If a projection of funded ratio does not trend to 100% over time, consideration should be given to fixing the funding policy to achieve this goal. For the North Carolina Retirement Systems, projections are generally performed for the January Board meetings. While the projection period has tended to be limited to five years, a longer projection would show the funded ratio trend to 100% much faster than other Public Retirement Systems.

The actuarial report will contain schedules of information about the census, plan and asset information submitted by Retirement System staff upon which the actuarial valuation is based. It is important that the Board of Trustees review that information and determine if the information is consistent with their understanding of the Retirement System. If after questioning staff, the Board of Trustees is not comfortable that the information provided is correct, the actuary should be notified to determine if the actuarial valuation report should be corrected.

Finally, the valuation report and/or presentation should contain sufficient information in an understandable fashion to allow the Board to take action and adopt the contribution rate for the upcoming year. It should also allow stakeholders to understand key observations over the past year that resulted in contributions increasing (or decreasing) and where contributions are headed. The actuary is always open to making the results understandable. Buck works with the North Carolina Retirement Division to make your reports and presentations understandable and actionable. If something doesn't make sense – speak up!!



Glossary

Note that the first definitions given are the "official" definitions of the term. For some terms there is a second definition, in italics, which is the unofficial definition.

Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL). The portion of the Present Value of Projected Benefits (PVFB) allocated to past service. Also difference between (i) the actuarial present value of future benefits, and (ii) the present value of future normal cost. Sometimes referred to as "accrued liability" or "past service liability." *The amount of money that should be in the Fund. The funding target.*

Actuarial Assumptions. Estimates of future plan experience with respect to rates of mortality, disability, retirement, investment income and salary increases. Demographic ("people") assumptions (rates of mortality, separation, and retirement) are generally based on past experience, often modified for projected changes in conditions. Economic ("money") assumptions (salary increases and investment income) consist of an underlying rate appropriate in an inflation-free environment plus a provision for a long-term average rate of inflation. Estimates of future events used to project what we know now- current member data, assets, and benefit provisions – into an estimate of future benefits.

Actuarial Cost Method. A mathematical budgeting procedure for allocating the dollar amount of the Present Value of Projected Benefits (PVFB) between the normal costs to be paid in the future and the actuarial accrued liability. Sometimes referred to as the "actuarial funding method."

Actuarial Methods. The collective term for the Actuarial Cost Method, the Amortization Payment for UAAL Method, and the Asset Valuation Method used to develop the contribution requirements for the Retirement System. *The Funding Policy*.

Actuarial Equivalent. Benefits whose actuarial present values are equal.

Actuarial Present Value. The amount of funds presently required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. It is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA). A smoothed value of assets which is used to limit contribution volatility. Also known as the funding value of assets. *Smoothed value of assets.*



Amortization Payment for UAAL. Payment of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability by means of periodic contributions of interest and principal, as opposed to a lump sum payment. The components of the amortization payment for UAAL includes:

- Amortization Period Length Generally amortization periods up to 30 years are allowed. Similar to a mortgage, the shorter the amortization period, the higher the payment and the faster the UAAL is paid off.
- Amortization payment increases Future payments can be level dollar, like a
 mortgage, or as a level percent of pay. Most Retirement Systems amortize UAAL as
 a level percent of pay which when combined with the employer normal cost that is
 developed as a level percent of pay can result in contributions that are easier to
 budget.
- Amortization type Amortization schedule can be closed or open. A closed amortization schedule is similar to a mortgage – at the end of the amortization period the UAAL is designed to be paid off. An open amortization period is similar to refinancing the UAAL year after year.
- Amortization schedule UAAL can be amortized over a single amortization period, or it can be amortized over a schedule.

The amortization payment for UAAL can be thought of as the UAAL mortgage payment.

Asset Valuation Method. The components of how the actuarial value of assets is to be developed.

Experience Gain Loss. A measure of the difference between actual experience and experience anticipated by a set of actuarial assumptions during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, in accordance with the actuarial cost method being used. The experience Gain (Loss) represents how much the actuary missed the mark in a given year.

Funded Ratio. The percent of the actuarial accrued liabilities covered by the actuarial value of assets. Also known as the funded status. The ratio of how much money you actually have in the fund to the amount you should have in the fund.

Normal Cost. The annual cost assigned, under the actuarial funding method, to current and subsequent plan years. Sometimes referred to as "current service cost." An amortization payment toward the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is paid in addition to the normal cost to arrive at the total contribution in a given year. The cost of benefits accruing during the year.

Present Value of Future Normal Cost (PVFNC). The portion of the Present Value of Projected Benefits (PVFB) allocated to future service. The value in today's dollars of the amount of contribution to be made in the future for benefits accruing for members in the Retirement System as of the valuation date. Note that in practice, this number is rarely discussed.





Present Value of Future Benefits (PVFB). The projected future benefit payments of the plan are discounted into today's dollars using an assumed rate of investment return assumption to determine the Present Value of Future Benefits (PVFB) of the Retirement System. The PVFB is the discounted value of the projected benefits promised to all members as of a valuation date, including future pay and service for members which has not yet been earned. If the Retirement System held assets equal to the PVFB and all the assumptions were realized, there would be sufficient funds to pay off all the benefits to be paid in the future for members in the Retirement System as of the valuation date.

Reserve Account. An account used to indicate that funds have been set aside for a specific purpose and are not generally available for other uses.

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL). The difference between the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) and actuarial value of assets (AVA). The UAAL is sometimes referred to as "unfunded accrued liability." Funding shortfall, or prefunded amount if negative.

Valuation Date. The date that the actuarial valuation calculations are performed as of. *Also known as the "snapshot date"*.



Table B-1: The Number and Average Reported Compensation of Active Members Distributed by Age and Service as of December 31, 2013

					Years of	Sarvica					
Age	Under 1	1 to 4	5 to 9	10 to 14	15 to 19	20 to 24	25 to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39	40 & Up	Total
Under 25	3,351	4,687	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8,063
	12,922	29,653	26,558	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	22,690
25 to 29	3,467	18,074	5,356	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	26,927
	12,063	33,028	35,016	34,658	0	0	0	0	0	0	30,726
30 to 34	1,944	10,395	14,897	5,126	71	0	0	0	0	0	32,433
	11,504	34,792	38,201	42,365	38,476	0	0	0	0	0	36,167
35 to 39	1,617	8,212	10,386	10,992	3,916	26	0	0	0	0	35,149
	11,474	35,796	40,353	45,962	48,455	42,175	0	0	0	0	40,618
40 to 44	1,476	8,469	10,691	9,243	10,225	3,344	66	0	0	0	43,514
	10,939	35,592	39,826	44,485	50,482	53,239	45,085	0	0	0	42,554
45 to 49	1,285	7,340	10,076	8,626	7,068	7,197	2,847	44	0	0	44,483
	11,201	35,664	38,746	42,389	47,166	54,776	55,553	49,644	0	0	43,166
50 to 54	990	6.305	9,236	8,565	7,334	5,326	6,214	1,419	17	0	45,406
	10,468	36,638	38,705	41,261	43,873	51,359	57,813	60,918	49,227	0	43,917
55 to 59	675	4,721	7,838	7,575	6,850	5,377	4,564	2,013	585	11	40,209
	10,572	37,156	39,903	41,910	44,758	50,124	55,996	65,480	65,451	50,356	45,142
60 to 64	297	2.701	5,248	4,931	4,182	3,564	2,571	992	653	164	25,303
	11,145	39,210	41,574	44,087	46,212	50,958	57,820	69,239	73,348	68,871	47,275
65 to 69	63	617	1,726	1,534	1,078	777	533	287	187	137	6,939
	10,220	40,225	44,696	46,987	51,010	58,438	64,386	74,740	79,521	75,257	51,309
70 & Up	31	212	450	419	287	183	126	77	59	100	1,944
, o a op	9,678	33,758	37,218	41,854	41,374	50,998	58,286	66,974	84,968	94,100	46,231
Total	15,196	71,733	75,929	57,041	41,011	25,794	16,921	4,832	1,501	412	310,370
	11,736	34,838	39,180	43,444	47,073	52,445	57,105	65,342	71,223	76,624	41,351



Table B-2: The Number and Reported Compensation of Active Members Distributed by Age as of December 31, 2013

		Men		Women
Age	Number	Compensation	Number	Compensation
19	8	\$ 111,531	6	\$ 73,733
20	27	340,156	18	282,883
21	112	1,992,755	79	1,167,131
22	308	5,939,516	620	9,917,632
23	689	14,215,027	1,992	39,727,460
24	1,082	27,096,617	3,118	82,036,304
25	1,302	35,594,961	3,492	98,316,200
26	1,359	38,632,035	3,748	112,274,241
27	1,561	47,507,556	3,743	116,096,320
28	1,729	55,314,405	4,058	127,956,324
29	1,812	60,374,130	4,123	135,292,096
30	1,811	61,419,622	4,250	143,644,461
31	1,945	69,502,957	4,435	153,010,481
32	2,005	74,029,713	4,520	161,094,077
33	2,072	80,656,667	4,571	169,757,553
34	2,168	85,761,318	4,656	174,121,926
35	2,126	87,635,660	4,660	179,696,286
36	2,175	90,995,069	4,781	187,196,972
37	2,182	95,055,492	4,844	190,569,794
38	2,157	95,654,792	4,754	189,379,275
39	2,285	103,605,189	5,185	207,883,264
40	2,385	106,938,685	5,147	208,544,744
41	2,445	111,489,795	5,487	222,090,315
42	2,749	126,952,936	6,044	247,600,311
43	3,038	141,031,211	6,737	274,412,694
44	2,845	139,004,953	6,637	273,653,045
45	2,832	137,780,968	6,389	263,425,164
46	2,759	134,086,903	6,003	241,912,574
47	2,675	130,669,625	6,044	246,174,552
48	2,749	134,964,648	5,970	241,125,663
49	2,799	133,804,014	6,267	256,253,061
50	2,820	138,445,763	6,308	258,929,017
51	2,809	138,394,351	6,372	264,276,658
52	2,781	136,430,749	6,501	270,617,245
53	2,759	135,619,523	6,331	264,679,532
54	2,546	123,719,525	6,179	262,962,336
55	2,556	124,050,449	5,916	248,944,860
56	2,517	123,223,089	5,850	252,954,702
57	2,490	123,502,265	5,686	248,233,931
58	2,427	120,539,565	5,309	232,054,695



Table B-2: The Number and Reported Compensation of Active Members Distributed by Age as of December 31, 2013 (continued)

		Men		Women
Age	Number	Compensation	Number	Compensation
59	2,344	\$ 119,284,197	5,114	\$ 222,311,837
60	2,269	115,332,075	4,891	216,926,244
61	1,959	98,613,007	4,104	182,152,588
62	1,778	92,094,081	3,384	154,500,463
63	1,420	75,540,383	2,486	115,409,915
64	1,066	57,672,897	1,946	87,957,384
65	912	53,930,947	1,474	68,303,575
66	680	42,712,187	1,044	48,647,555
67	593	34,571,407	796	36,893,853
68	350	20,374,958	438	19,234,499
69	307	16,891,078	345	14,469,316
70	227	12,263,676	237	9,513,742
71	196	10,748,229	201	7,745,797
72	134	7,135,628	128	4,820,375
73	111	5,736,927	107	4,063,242
74	100	5,462,255	70	2,862,242
75	68	3,157,079	52	1,791,417
76	46	2,007,047	40	1,431,560
77	37	2,362,151	27	1,262,563
78	22	1,018,945	21	834,264
79	18	1,156,222	18	581,059
80	16	689,591	7	246,252
81	8	443,577	9	260,273
82	12	734,116	3	116,340
83	5	424,239	4	91,962
84	6	290,124	1	44,839
85	2	54,168		
86	3	279,793	1	68,074
87			2	80,528
88			2	40,663
89	2	43,443	1	10,475
Total	96,587	\$ 4,373,108,612	213,783	\$ 8,461,012,408



Table B-3: The Number and Reported Compensation of Active Members Distributed by Service as of December 31, 2013

		Men		Women
Service	Number	Compensation	Number	Compensation
0	4,480	\$ 50,076,970	10,716	\$ 128,254,373
1	7,945	252,688,589	16,317	487,034,931
2	6,442	244,943,768	12,779	446,621,079
3	5,221	211,231,519	10,199	366,836,300
4	4,488	181,594,189	8,342	308,095,108
5	3,591	157,369,106	7,238	264,468,469
6	5,618	231,701,092	12,111	442,076,575
7	4,970	216,588,697	11,345	420,855,432
8	4,853	212,535,345	11,636	439,431,606
9	4,353	193,651,561	10,214	396,212,792
10	3,984	181,176,863	9,316	370,186,015
11	3,554	168,566,710	8,132	338,896,676
12	3,005	147,249,103	7,292	307,758,119
13	3,104	154,580,030	7,991	336,651,375
14	3,021	149,354,243	7,642	323,702,017
15	2,813	143,459,962	7,147	305,284,503
16	2,536	131,914,758	6,401	282,482,685
17	2,355	124,060,519	5,619	252,371,494
18	2,231	121,769,110	5,162	238,205,076
19	2,029	108,923,406	4,718	222,036,985
20	2,132	117,598,215	4,385	211,073,679
21	1,674	97,001,024	3,861	192,693,320
22	1,679	95,841,801	3,466	174,112,030
23	1,256	74,948,333	2,758	143,658,831
24	1,515	87,084,519	3,068	158,743,737
25	1,348	78,354,646	3,015	156,432,033
26	1,280	78,426,893	2,710	144,176,967
27	1,103	70,876,571	2,176	120,607,027
28	846	55,957,220	1,864	106,912,306
29	805	54,133,727	1,774	100,386,326
30	658	44,724,140	1,290	76,784,229
31	346	25,482,602	665	41,616,864
32	242	18,668,500	482	31,086,369
33	228	17,217,782	369	23,182,880
34	170	13,836,398	382	23,130,925
35	173	14,036,758	316	20,009,375
36	138	11,937,829	260	16,193,598
37	103	7,705,330	173	11,580,407
38	69	5,991,907	123	8,276,769
39	58	4,618,205	88	6,554,899



Table B-3: The Number and Reported Compensation of Active Members Distributed by Service as of December 31, 2013 (continued)

	Men					Women			
Service	Number	Cor	npensation	Number	C	ompensation			
40	48	\$	3,700,073	91	\$	5,694,334			
41	25		1,947,918	51		3,554,404			
42	28		2,262,082	30		2,129,029			
43	17		1,516,615	19		1,452,808			
44	14		1,413,404	19		1,240,400			
45	8		817,070	11		935,479			
46	14		1,394,091	6		375,726			
47	4		402,137	2		141,875			
48	3		609,595						
49	2		283,551	2		132,650			
50	3		238,457						
51	2		269,034	6		458,716			
52				1		37,896			
53	2		320,399	1		48,365			
54	1		56,246	1		65,783			
58				1		70,762			
Total	96,587	\$ 4	,373,108,612	213,783	\$	8,461,012,408			



Table B-4: The Number and Valuation Compensation of Disabled Members Distributed by Age as of December 31, 2013

		Men		Women
Age	Number	Compensation	Number	Compensation
26	1	\$ 26,230		
28	2	36,912		
29	1	26,669	3	\$ 59,430
30	3	60,352	7	174,722
31	2	71,397	7	182,734
32	2	37,697	11	449,282
33	4	145,184	8	236,985
34	3	96,821	12	337,966
35	7	204,430	18	531,754
36	8	264,001	25	727,303
37	15	311,754	30	904,570
38	13	455,452	45	1,539,461
39	18	638,162	38	1,097,354
40	22	737,180	25	794,196
41	21	728,029	47	1,499,831
42	25	744,379	66	1,964,286
43	19	550,798	79	2,420,524
44	29	837,235	101	3,209,966
45	41	1,395,781	95	3,041,720
46	57	1,993,151	106	3,414,011
47	52	4,846,173	118	3,591,132
48	66	2,247,960	136	4,178,085
49	74	2,560,042	160	4,918,651
50	69	2,394,103	171	5,316,145
51	98	3,000,228	188	6,355,568
52	95	3,072,807	210	6,610,888
53	85	2,801,542	251	7,454,678
54	112	3,930,268	230	7,551,279
55	125	3,980,866	262	7,909,105
56	128	4,348,504	265	8,531,348
57	158	5,527,716	283	8,828,190
58	140	4,807,185	300	9,734,449
59	135	4,674,383	311	10,034,446
60	150	5,226,159	316	10,466,194
61	119	4,066,463	240	7,661,532
62	128	4,293,273	278	8,988,203
63	146	4,833,065	254	8,598,206
64	136	4,597,516	233	6,881,102
65	95	3,301,977	128	4,256,743
66	7	178,723	16	505,147



Table B-4: The Number and Valuation Compensation of Disabled Members Distributed by Age as of December 31, 2013 (continued)

		Me	n		Wo	men
Age	Number	Compensation		Number	Number Compe	
67	8	\$	329,965	21	\$	575,164
68	11		362,659	15		442,773
69	6		179,141	16		625,577
70	5		152,625	14		407,043
71	8		232,592	10		290,754
72	1		30,525	5		264,260
73	2		61,050	4		122,100
74	4		112,386	4		101,037
75	1		24,665	1		47,342
76	2		52,034	3		91,575
77				1		30,525
78	1		30,525	1		30,525
79	3		86,460			
80	2		61,050	1		30,525
82	1		30,525	2		61,050
88				1		17,825
93	1		30,525			
Total	2,467	\$	85,827,294	5,172	\$	164,095,261



Table B-5: The Number and Accumulated Contributions of Terminated Vested Members Distributed by Age as of December 31, 2013

		Men		Women
Age	Number	Contributions	Number	Contributions
20	12	\$ 11,891	3	\$ 3,035
21	25	18,954	18	10,382
22	48	45,852	37	34,964
23	116	135,439	165	171,929
24	224	379,433	451	820,409
25	369	680,563	747	1,726,499
26	468	1,101,526	1,100	3,285,614
27	654	1,919,335	1,400	5,091,479
28	760	2,555,503	1,798	7,889,321
29	900	3,595,229	2,326	11,610,100
30	894	4,074,615	2,660	14,893,513
31	1,104	5,605,693	2,867	18,024,884
32	1,124	6,619,114	3,158	21,683,541
33	1,095	6,900,253	3,102	23,904,517
34	1,134	7,363,881	3,188	25,511,623
35	1,087	8,203,623	3,074	25,817,350
36	1,127	8,920,034	3,011	26,953,124
37	1,123	9,784,713	2,934	28,072,140
38	986	9,548,862	2,726	27,217,423
39	1,109	11,327,801	2,778	29,131,634
40	1,071	12,185,396	2,592	27,817,728
41	1,133	13,653,698	2,596	29,236,459
42	1,128	13,995,269	2,590	28,995,989
43	1,262	15,849,418	2,834	33,978,404
44	1,156	15,842,684	2,762	33,056,767
45	1,048	14,572,436	2,501	32,580,074
46	969	14,638,191	2,317	30,769,905
47	971	16,091,453	2,140	28,699,308
48	978	15,234,876	2,065	28,819,886
49	915	15,793,984	2,123	28,114,101
50	904	16,294,908	2,078	30,794,949
51	908	15,088,919	2,030	28,757,591
52	814	15,015,190	2,003	29,054,186
53	840	14,579,528	2,024	30,237,718
54	808	15,551,600	1,841	30,774,556
55	770	15,773,734	1,866	30,455,047
56	779	14,562,849	1,841	31,793,232
57	748	14,684,583	1,779	30,239,845
58	732	13,974,741	1,704	31,429,590
59	732	14,510,874	1,675	32,443,984



Table B-5: The Number and Accumulated Contributions of Terminated Vested Members Distributed by Age as of December 31, 2013 (continued)

		Me	n	Women					
Age	Number	C	ontributions	Number	C	ontributions			
60	621	\$	13,426,738	1,521	\$	30,175,460			
61	574		10,832,843	1,201		21,654,700			
62	472		8,803,893	936		15,531,488			
63	442		7,387,038	808		13,012,962			
64	338		5,622,925	692		10,009,084			
65	614		4,233,701	701		7,610,002			
66	245		2,851,954	395		4,641,317			
67	203		3,441,772	332		3,949,720			
68	131		1,346,254	214		2,251,985			
69	127		1,011,137	168		1,425,113			
70	82		653,107	115		1,252,609			
71	73		754,477	80		986,815			
72	51		471,736	66		570,927			
73	41		697,315	42		571,574			
74	35		296,448	32		504,152			
75	27	27	27	27	27	251,728	28		199,687
76	24		153,300	15		120,667			
77	13		99,521	20		158,509			
78	18		173,377	18		187,946			
79	10		747,778	14		141,063			
80	6		217,226	7		95,791			
81	5		49,888	4		6,711			
82	6		11,149	3		15,471			
83	1		4,846	2		25,360			
84	3		15,048	1		24			
85	3		15,713	1		2			
87	1		15,786	1		2,694			
90	1		1,922						
Total	37,192	\$	450,275,265	88,321	\$	995,004,633			



Table B-6: The Number and Annual Retirement Allowances of Retired Members (Healthy at Retirement) and Survivors of Deceased Members Distributed by Age as of December 31, 2013

		Men		Women
Age	Number	Allowances	Number	Allowances
18			1	\$ 31,764
19	3	\$ 32,436	5	
20	4	38,712		
21		,	3	54,756
22	1	34,476		17,124
23	2	7,176		41,640
24	4	56,340		27,804
25	6	51,732		,
26	5	66,840		85,008
27	2	26,244		69,612
28	3	23,796		54,300
29	8	119,400		121,056
30	5	47,016		82,620
31	5	116,688	3 11	136,980
32	10	55,644	10	157,476
33	10	155,688	12	63,168
34	3	57,216	7	97,800
35	5	46,464	9	118,692
36	7	86,496	16	152,736
37	18	279,300		151,224
38	10	157,128		235,908
39	13	117,912	2 15	188,856
40	9	118,560		110,976
41	11	132,096		160,068
42	18	195,732		201,276
43	17	193,044		251,508
44	15	89,772		337,188
45	23	259,944		421,296
46	21	157,236		351,108
47	34	509,328		317,616
48	37	734,244		563,388
49	72	1,964,916		796,956
50	121	3,146,280		2,112,756
51	227	5,855,796		4,561,644
52	284	7,828,236	340	8,139,372



Table B-6: The Number and Annual Retirement Allowances of Retired Members (Healthy at Retirement) and Survivors of Deceased Members Distributed by Age as of December 31, 2013 (continued)

		Men		Women		
Age	Number	Allowances	Number	Allowances		
53	383	\$ 10,984,536	575	\$ 15,190,452		
54	449	13,471,452	771	20,559,288		
55	539	16,174,740	1,002	27,965,136		
56	634	19,820,016	1,360	39,930,960		
57	764	23,673,384	1,759	53,376,312		
58	822	26,228,880	2,075	63,850,848		
59	986	32,051,064	2,380	73,972,488		
60	1,169	36,002,820	3,074	90,030,576		
61	1,582	47,173,308	4,122	113,273,868		
62	1,914	51,417,372	4,699	114,031,584		
63	2,238	52,869,972	5,399	116,254,908		
64	2,483	58,804,872	5,655	116,765,784		
65	2,722	62,890,296	6,022	119,576,484		
66	2,975	67,199,040	6,401	122,045,100		
67	3,414	78,686,640	7,067	134,606,712		
68	2,403	54,206,916	4,949	90,638,820		
69	2,415	54,634,980	4,693	85,225,752		
70	2,293	51,411,754	4,948	89,462,363		
71	2,371	55,624,824	4,834	86,776,404		
72	1,977	45,174,216	4,025	70,862,028		
73	1,832	41,983,764	3,748	64,638,864		
74	1,694	38,530,716	3,427	57,956,700		
75	1,648	37,964,616	3,172	53,383,188		
76	1,498	33,840,852	3,123	51,285,060		
77	1,371	32,264,832	2,863	46,793,904		
78	1,363	31,640,652	2,785	44,863,332		
79	1,236	28,057,872	2,773	44,441,016		
80	1,190	27,813,564	2,296	35,342,832		
81	1,051	24,178,092	2,278	35,435,220		
82	989	22,754,772	2,183	32,549,424		
83	911	21,656,292	2,044	31,538,808		
84	873	20,849,076	1,861	27,869,580		
85	674	15,657,324	1,759	25,834,140		
86	611	14,265,816	1,577	22,694,748		
87	523	11,752,656	1,380	19,836,840		



Table B-6: The Number and Annual Retirement Allowances of Retired Members (Healthy at Retirement) and Survivors of Deceased Members Distributed by Age as of December 31, 2013 (continued)

		Μe	en		w	omen
Age	Number		Allowances	Number	Number Allowa	
88	428	\$	9,809,268	1,270	5 \$	17,609,700
89	374		7,845,132	1,11	1	14,797,296
90	259		5,513,112	90	5	11,686,308
91	255		5,155,980	742	2	9,958,944
92	154		4,226,868	69	5	8,723,664
93	181		3,501,804	593	3	7,262,088
94	79		1,561,308	448	3	5,753,556
95	80		1,636,980	313	3	3,639,588
96	54		803,964	234	1	2,818,224
97	24		414,156	17:	2	2,257,080
98	22		460,200	13 ⁻	1	1,642,452
99	12		201,960	9	7	1,269,120
100	8		126,948	58	3	692,724
Total	54,940	\$	1,325,731,546	120,990	\$	2,347,183,943



Table B-7: The Number and Annual Retirement Allowances of Retired Members (Healthy at Retirement) and Survivors of Deceased Members Distributed by Annuity Type as of December 31, 2013

		Men	Women		
Annuity Type	Number	Allowances	Number	Allowances	
Maximum	18,489	\$ 427,017,352	64,622	\$ 1,219,556,746	
Option 1	1,261	31,743,177	5,154	77,801,975	
Option 2	8,745	206,821,652	4,127	63,832,712	
Option 3	3,283	95,133,193	2,607	50,863,886	
Option 4	8,825	226,763,562	21,768	514,918,532	
Option 5-2	209	5,904,232	79	783,438	
Option 5-3	139	4,581,412	132	2,082,318	
Option 6-2	7,157	175,650,934	6,015	121,397,376	
Option 6-3	3,916	117,953,842	5,895	143,586,894	
Other	13	484,062	7	160,849	
Survivors of					
Deceased Members	2,903	33,678,128	10,584	152,199,217	
Total	54,940	\$ 1,325,731,546	120,990	\$ 2,347,183,943	



Table B-8: The Number and Annual Retirement Allowances of Retired Members (Disabled at Retirement) Distributed by Age of December 31, 2013

		Men		Women
Age	Num ber	Allowances	Num ber	Allowances
49	4	\$ 64,387		
50	4	84,475	3	\$ 52,914
51	5	90,856	5	69,334
52	13	235,968	13	246,752
53	9	187,956	19	336,452
54	13	293,608	21	404,191
55	28	621,389	43	771,748
56	47	1,117,024	50	1,114,123
57	48	1,058,739	71	1,517,660
58	57	1,240,904	114	2,512,582
59	78	1,689,698	145	3,322,091
60	88	2,069,333	218	4,926,563
61	136	3,037,128	341	7,674,183
62	162	3,487,050	393	8,411,969
63	153	3,340,738	438	8,778,513
64	180	3,576,594	383	7,698,939
65	242	4,382,893	498	9,455,274
66	355	6,180,163	585	9,916,394
67	324	5,921,893	594	10,059,320
68	238	3,926,458	445	7,093,954
69	195	3,173,660	435	6,824,820
70	206	3,189,979	401	5,721,207
71	197	3,320,637	401	6,250,806
72	132	2,250,895	328	4,736,063
73	144	2,049,117	263	3,457,574
74	150	2,244,449	207	2,756,759
75	81	1,018,646	219	2,746,214
76	100	1,420,400	200	2,633,032
77	56	797,469	110	1,480,603
78	50	889,871	94	1,157,692
79	52	818,934	68	1,031,242
80	32	525,988	66	892,486
81	27	528,772	56	686,852
82	26	358,070	47	640,610
83	30	455,696	48	581,146
84	22	333,636	48	615,380
85	13	213,430	49	503,801
86	11	172,179	36	387,817
87	10	132,006	53	538,010
88	17	282,122	44	506,367



Table B-8: The Number and Annual Retirement Allowances of Retired Members (Disabled at Retirement) Distributed by Age of December 31, 2013 (continued)

		Men Women				
Age	Number	Allowances		Number	A	Allowances
89	18	\$	279,773	34	\$	195,204
90	9		189,235	34		302,126
91	16		276,665	28		283,323
92	3		49,326	20		185,863
93	6		111,530	13		162,660
94	1		14,314	17		132,132
95	3		99,292	5		82,309
96	2		45,442	5		73,955
97				5		7,345
98				5		114,150
99				2		26,747
100	1		1,499	4		24,869
Total	3,794	\$	67,850,286	7,724	\$	130,102,120



Table B-9: The Number and Annual Retirement Allowances of Retired Members (Disabled at Retirement) Distributed by Annuity Type of December 31, 2013

		Mei	า		Wo	men		
Annuity Type	Number	Allowances		er Allowances		Number	ļ	Allowances
Maximum	2,053	\$	38,977,147	5,659	\$	97,667,287		
Option 1	132		2,446,736	421		5,868,306		
Option 2	557		7,129,483	365		4,312,425		
Option 3	245		4,473,441	198		3,048,615		
Option 4	156		3,741,437	404		8,413,421		
Option 5-2	3		43,872	5		31,440		
Option 5-3	3		47,344	2		18,424		
Option 6-2	401		6,077,764	335		4,741,382		
Option 6-3	244		4,913,062	333		5,968,042		
Other				2		32,778		
Total	3,794	\$	67,850,286	7,724	\$	130,102,120		



A summary of the main benefit provisions of the Retirement System and of the sources of revenue from which benefits are paid is presented in the following digest. Items in parentheses in the text are the provisions applicable to law enforcement officers.

"Average final compensation" as used in the summary means the average annual compensation during the four consecutive years of membership service which afford the highest such average. "Membership service" means service represented by regular contributions. "Creditable service" means membership service and may also include certain special purchased service.

BENEFITS

Unreduced Retirement Allowance

Condition for Allowance

An unreduced retirement allowance is payable to any member who retires from service:

- (a) after age 65 (55) and completion of five years of creditable service;
- (b) after age 60 and completion of 25 years of creditable service (not applicable to law enforcement officers); or
- (c) after completion of 30 years of creditable service.

Amount of Allowance

1.82% of average final compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service.

In no event will a member whose creditable service commenced on or before June 30, 1963 receive a smaller retirement allowance than he would have received under the benefit provisions of the system in effect on that date.



Reduced Retirement Allowance

Condition for Allowance

A reduced retirement allowance is payable to any member who retires from service prior to becoming eligible for an unreduced retirement allowance but after age 60 and completion of five years of membership service (age 55 and five years of creditable service).

Amount of Allowance

The member's reduced retirement allowance is equal to 1.82% of average final compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service at date of retirement reduced by 1/4 of 1% for each month by which the member's age at retirement is less than age 65.

In no event will a member whose creditable service commenced on or before June 30, 1963 receive a smaller retirement allowance than he would have received under the benefit provisions of the system in effect on that date.

OR

Condition for Allowance

A reduced retirement allowance is payable to any member who retires from service after age 50 and completion of 20 (15) years of creditable service but prior to becoming eligible for a reduced or unreduced retirement allowance.

Amount of Allowance

The member's reduced retirement allowance is equal to 1.82% of average final compensation multiplied by the number of years of creditable service at date of retirement reduced by the lesser of:

- (i) 5/12 (1/3) of 1% for each month by which his age is less than 60 (55), plus, if the member is not a law enforcement officer, 1/4 of 1% for each month by which his age is less than 65.
- (ii) 5% times the difference between 30 years and his creditable service at retirement.



Deferred Retirement Allowance

Any member who separates from service after completing five or more years of membership service prior to becoming eligible for an unreduced or reduced retirement allowance and who leaves his total accumulated contributions in the system may receive a deferred retirement allowance, beginning at age 60 (55), computed in the same way as a reduced retirement allowance, or, if the member has 20 or more years of service, at age 50 computed in the same way as a reduced service retirement allowance, on the basis of his creditable service and compensation to the date of separation.

Return of Contributions

Upon the withdrawal of a member without a retirement allowance and upon his request, the member's contributions are returned, together with accumulated regular interest.

Upon the death of a member before retirement, his contributions, together with the full accumulated regular interest thereon, are paid to his estate or to person(s) designated by the member unless the designated beneficiary, if eligible, elects the survivor's alternate benefit described below.

The current interest rate on member contributions is 4%.

Survivor's Alternate Benefit

Upon the death of a member in service who has met conditions (a) or (b) below, his designated beneficiary may elect to receive a benefit equal to that which would have been payable under the provisions of Option 2 had the member retired on the first day of the month following his death and elected such option, in lieu of the member's accumulated contributions, provided the member had not instructed the Board of Trustees in writing that he did not wish the alternate benefit to apply.



- (a) age 60 (55) and completion five years of membership (creditable) service; or
- (b) completion of 20 years of creditable service.

Members receiving a benefit from the Disability Income Plan are eligible for this benefit.

Death After Retirement

Upon the death of a beneficiary who did not retire under an effective election of Option 2 or Option 3, an amount equal to the excess if any, of his accumulated contributions at retirement over the retirement allowance payments received is paid to a designated person or to the beneficiary's estate.

Upon the death of the survivor of a beneficiary who retired under an effective election of Option 2 or Option 3, an amount equal to the excess, if any, of the beneficiary's accumulated contributions at retirement over the total retirement allowance payments received is paid to such other person designated by the beneficiary or to the beneficiary's estate.

Upon the death of a beneficiary, a benefit may be provided by the Retirees' Contributory Death Benefit Plan.

Other Death Benefits

Upon the death of a member in service, other benefits may be provided by the Death Benefit Plan or Separate Insurance Benefit Plan for Law Enforcement Officers.

Optional Arrangements at Retirement

In lieu of the full retirement allowance, any member may elect to receive a reduced retirement allowance equal in value to the full allowance, with the provision that:

Option 1 - A member retiring prior to July 1, 1993, may elect that at his death within 10 years from his retirement date, an amount equal to his accumulated contributions at retirement, less 1/120 for each month he has received a retirement allowance, is paid to his estate, or to a person(s) designated by the member, or

Option 2 - At the death of the member his allowance shall be continued throughout the life of





such other person as the member shall have designated at the time of his retirement, or

Option 3 - At the death of the member one-half of his allowance shall be continued throughout the life of such other person as the member shall have designated at the time of his retirement.

Option 4 - A member may elect to receive a retirement allowance in such amount that, together with his Social Security benefit, he will receive approximately the same income per annum before and after the earliest age at which he becomes eligible to receive the Social Security benefit.

Option 5 - A member retiring prior to July 1, 1993 may elect to receive a reduced retirement allowance under the provisions of Option 2 or Option 3 in conjunction with the provisions of Option 1.

Option 6 - A member may elect either Option 2 or Option 3 with the added provision that in the event the designated beneficiary predeceases the member, the retirement allowance payable to the member after the designated beneficiary's death shall be equal to the retirement allowance which would have been payable had the member not elected the option.

Post-Retirement Increases in Allowances

Future increases in allowances may be granted at the discretion of the State.

Service Reciprocity

For the purpose of determining eligibility for a deferred, reduced or unreduced service retirement allowance, the membership and creditable service of a member shall include such prior service earned as a member of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), the Consolidated Judicial Retirement System (CJRS), or the Legislative Retirement System (LRS). In addition, if the member's accumulated contributions and reserves are transferred from the prior System to this System, the creditable service earned as a member of the prior System may be included for purposes of determining the amount of benefits payable under this System.



Appendix C: Summary of Main Benefit and Contribution Provisions

Military Service

For periods of active duty in the United States military may be counted as creditable service if the member was an employee upon entering the military and returned to employment within two years of discharge or for a period of 10 additional years.

Service Purchases

Additional creditable service may include service that the member purchased to restore a period of service for which the member (1) received a refund of contributions, (2) had a leave of absence for educational purposes, extended illness or parental or maternity reasons, (3) had full-time temporary or part-time local or State government employment, (4) was in a probationary or waiting period with a unit of the LGERS, (5) had a leave of absence under Workers' Compensation, (6) performed service with a unit of local government not covered by LGERS, (7) performed service with the federal government not covered by any other retirement system, (8) performed service with a public community service entity funded entirely with federal funds, (9) performed service as a member of the General Assembly. (10) performed service as a member of a charter school not participating in the system, (11) was employed by The University of North Carolina and participated in the Optional Retirement Program but not eligible to receive any benefits from that program, or (12) performed service which was omitted by reason of error.

Unused Sick Leave

Unused sick leave counts as creditable service at retirement. Sick leave which was converted from unused vacation leave is also creditable. One month of credit is allowed for each 20 days of unused sick leave, plus an additional month for any part of 20 days left over.

Transfer of Defined Contribution Balances

(Special Retirement Allowances)

A member may make a one-time election to transfer any portion of their eligible accumulated contributions to this plan on or after retirement. Eligible accumulated contributions are those from the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan or Public Employee Deferred Compensation Plan, not including Roth after-tax contributions. A member who became a member of the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan prior to

xerox 🔊

Appendix C: Summary of Main Benefit and Contribution Provisions

retirement and who remains a member of the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan may also make a one-time election to transfer eligible balances, not including any Roth after-tax contributions, from any of the following plans to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan, subject to the applicable requirements of the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan, and then through the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan to this Retirement System:

- (1) A plan participating in the North Carolina Public School Teachers' and Professional Educators' Investment Plan.
- (2) A plan described in section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (3) A plan described in section 457(b) of the Internal Revenue Code that is maintained by a state, political subdivision of a state, or any agency or instrumentality of a state or political subdivision of a state.
- (4) An individual retirement account or annuity described in Section 408(a) or 408(b) of the Internal Revenue Code that is eligible to be rolled over and would otherwise be includible in gross income.
- (5) A tax-qualified plan described in section 401(a) or 403(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The member may elect to convert the accumulated contributions to a life annuity with or without annual increases equal to the annual increase in the U.S. Consumer Price Index. Any ad-hoc COLA increases granted will not apply to benefits under this section. A member may elect Options 2, 3, or 6 under the Plan and may also elect either a guaranteed number of months of payments or a guarantee of total payments at least equal to the amount of contributions transferred to the Plan.



Appendix C: Summary of Main Benefit and Contribution Provisions

Contributions

Member Contributions Each member contributes 6% of his

compensation.

Employer Contributions Employers make annual contributions consisting

of a normal contribution and an accrued liability contribution. The normal contribution covers the liability on account of current service and is determined by the actuary after each valuation.

The accrued liability contribution covers the liability on account of service rendered before the establishment of the retirement system and the liability on account of increases in benefits for service rendered prior to the effective date of any

amendment.

Changes Since Prior Valuation A 1% cost-of-living adjustment was granted at

July 1, 2014. Vesting requirements were restored to five years, instead of 10 years, for all active members hired after August 1, 2011. The return of contributions with accumulated interest is allowed for members terminating with less than

five years of membership service.



Assumptions are based on the experience investigation prepared as of December 31, 2009 and adopted by the Board of Trustees on October 21, 2010. The next experience investigation will be based on the five-year period ending December 31, 2014. The actuary will present this investigation during the fall of 2015 for adoption by the Board of Trustees with the intent of using the assumptions recommended in the December 31, 2014 experience review beginning with the December 31, 2015 annual actuarial valuation.

Interest Rate: 7.25% per annum, compounded annually.

Inflation: Both general and wage inflation are assumed to be 3.00% per annum.

Real Wage Growth: 0.50% per annum.

Separations From Active Service: Representative values of the assumed rates of separation from active service are as follows:

Annual Rates of Withdrawal

•	General Employees		Cla	Classroom		forcement		
	and Other Education		Teachers		Officers			
<u>Service</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>		
0	.270	.270	.260	.220	.180	.180		
1	.180	.185	.180	.170	.090	.090		
2	.120	.120	.130	.130	.070	.070		
3	.080	.100	.100	.100	.070	.070		
4	.070	.090	.080	.080	.060	.060		

General Employees and Other Education

Annual Rates of

	Witho	drawal				
<u>Age</u>	and V	esting*	Base M	lortality**	<u>Disability</u>	
	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>
25	.0650	.0900	.0004	.0002	.0002	.0002
30	.0650	.0800	.0005	.0003	.0004	.0004
35	.0500	.0600	.0008	.0005	.0010	.0010
40	.0400	.0400	.0011	.0008	.0030	.0018
45	.0350	.0400	.0016	.0012	.0050	.0032
50	.0350	.0400	.0023	.0018	.0084	.0050
55	.0350	.0400	.0033	.0028	.0144	.0088
60	.0350	.0400	.0054	.0043	.0240	.0138
65			.0081	.0062		
69			.0099	.0076		

- * These rates apply only after five years of membership in the system.
- ** Base mortality rates as of December 31, 2003.



Classroom Teachers

Annual Rates of

	Witho	drawal				
<u>Age</u>	and V	esting*	Base M	ortality**	<u>Disability</u>	
	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>
25	.0600	.0700	.0004	.0002	.0001	.0002
30	.0550	.0600	.0004	.0003	.0001	.0003
35	.0400	.0450	.0007	.0005	.0003	.0006
40	.0350	.0300	.0010	.0007	.0007	.0010
45	.0350	.0300	.0014	.0011	.0014	.0018
50	.0350	.0300	.0020	.0017	.0023	.0032
55	.0350	.0300	.0028	.0025	.0047	.0055
60	.0350	.0300	.0044	.0039	.0077	.0102
65			.0070	.0058		
69			.0091	.0073		

- * These rates apply only after five years of membership in the system.
- ** Base mortality rates as of December 31, 2003.

Law Enforcement Officers

Annual Rates of

	Witho	drawal				
<u>Age</u>	and V	esting*	Base M	ortality**	<u>Disability</u>	
	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>
25	.0400	.0400	.0004	.0002	.0033	.0033
30	.0350	.0350	.0004	.0003	.0043	.0043
35	.0300	.0300	.0008	.0005	.0060	.0060
40	.0300	.0300	.0011	.0007	.0079	.0079
45	.0300	.0300	.0015	.0011	.0110	.0110
50	.0300	.0300	.0021	.0017	.0176	.0176
55	.0300	.0300	.0030	.0025		
60	.0300	.0300	.0049	.0039		
65			.0076	.0058		
69			.0095	.0073		

- * These rates apply only after five years of membership in the system.
- ** Base mortality rates as of December 31, 2003.



RETIREMENTS: Representative values of the assumed rates of retirement from active service are as follows:

General Employees and Other Education - Males

_	Service							
<u>Age</u>	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	
50				0.0370	0.1000	0.3500	0.3500	
55				0.0550	0.1000	0.3000	0.2000	
60	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.3500	0.3000	0.2250	
65	0.3500	0.3500	0.3500	0.3500	0.3500	0.3500	0.3500	
70	0.2250	0.2250	0.2250	0.2250	0.2250	0.2250	0.2250	
75	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	

General Employees and Other Education - Females

	Service								
Age	5	10	15	20	25	30	35		
50				0.0400	0.0350	0.3500	0.3500		
55				0.0550	0.0900	0.3500	0.2250		
60	0.1400	0.1400	0.1400	0.1400	0.4500	0.3500	0.2500		
65	0.3500	0.3500	0.3500	0.3500	0.3500	0.3500	0.3500		
70	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500		
75	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000		

Classroom Teachers - Males

0 - - - - - -

			Service			
5	10	15	20	25	30	35
			0.0300	0.0900	0.3000	0.3000
			0.0450	0.0900	0.3750	0.3000
0.1200	0.1200	0.1200	0.1200	0.4000	0.3750	0.3000
0.3500	0.3500	0.3500	0.3500	0.3500	0.3500	0.3500
0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500
1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
	0.1200 0.3500 0.2500	0.1200 0.1200 0.3500 0.3500 0.2500 0.2500	0.1200 0.1200 0.1200 0.3500 0.3500 0.3500 0.2500 0.2500 0.2500	5 10 15 20 0.0300 0.0450 0.1200 0.1200 0.1200 0.1200 0.3500 0.3500 0.3500 0.3500 0.2500 0.2500 0.2500 0.2500	5 10 15 20 25 0.0300 0.0900 0.0450 0.0900 0.1200 0.1200 0.1200 0.1200 0.3500 0.3500 0.3500 0.3500 0.2500 0.2500 0.2500 0.2500	5 10 15 20 25 30 0.0300 0.0900 0.3000 0.0450 0.0900 0.3750 0.1200 0.1200 0.1200 0.4000 0.3750 0.3500 0.3500 0.3500 0.3500 0.3500 0.3500 0.2500 0.2500 0.2500 0.2500 0.2500 0.2500

Classroom Teachers - Females

_	Service							
<u>Age</u>	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	
50				0.0350	0.0900	0.3000	0.3000	
55				0.0550	0.1000	0.4500	0.2750	
60	0.1500	0.1500	0.1500	0.1500	0.5000	0.4500	0.2750	
65	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	0.5000	
70	0.2750	0.2750	0.2750	0.2750	0.2750	0.2750	0.2750	
75	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	



Law Enforcement Officers

	Service								
Age	5	10	<u> 15</u>	20	25	30	35		
50			0.0600	0.0600	0.0600	0.5000	0.5000		
55	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.5000	0.5000		
60	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.2500	0.5000	0.5000		
65	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000	0.4000		
70	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000		
75	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000		

Salary Increases: Representative values of the assumed annual rates of salary increases are as follows:

Annual Rate of Salary Increase

<u>Service</u>	Classroom <u>Teachers</u>	General Employees and Other Education	Law Enforcement Officers
0	7.55%	5.50%	9.10%
5	6.55	5.50	7.10
10	5.70	5.45	5.40
15	5.45	5.25	4.95
20	5.25	5.25	4.65
25	5.25	5.25	4.25
30	5.25	5.25	4.25
35	5.25	5.25	4.25
40	4.75	4.75	4.25
45	4.25	4.25	4.25
50	4.25	4.25	4.25



Representative values of the assumed post-retirement mortality rates as of December 31, 2003 prior to any mortality improvements are as follows:

Annual Rate of Death after Retirement (Members Healthy at Retirement)

	Classroon	n Teachers		nployees and ducation	Law Enforcement Officers	
<u>Age</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Female</u>
55	.0058	.0035	.0061	.0039	.0059	.0035
60	.0075	.0062	.0090	.0069	.0082	.0062
65	.0121	.0104	.0149	.0114	.0134	.0104
70	.0201	.0167	.0246	.0186	.0222	.0167
75	.0339	.0281	.0422	.0310	.0378	.0281
80	.0579	.0459	.0720	.0508	.0644	.0459

Annual Rate of Death after Retirement

(Survivors of Deceased Members and Members Disabled at Retirement)

	Male_Survivors of Deceased	Female Survivors of Deceased	Male Retired Members Disabled	Female Retired Members Disabled
<u>Age</u>	<u>Members</u>	<u>Members</u>	at Retirement	at Retirement
55	.0061	.0044	.0277	.0176
60	.0090	.0077	.0342	.0229
65	.0149	.0125	.0407	.0296
70	.0246	.0207	.0483	.0401
75	.0422	.0341	.0596	.0558
80	.0720	.0563	.0775	.0771

Mortality Improvements: Representative values of the assumed mortality improvement rates (applied to pre-retirement mortality rates for active members and post-retirement mortality rates for retirees (healthy at retirement) and survivors of deceased members after such tables have been set back or set forward) are as follows:

<u>Age</u>	Male Projection Scale	Female Projection Scale
25	0.010	0.014
30	0.005	0.010
35	0.005	0.011
40	0.008	0.015
45	0.013	0.016
50	0.018	0.017
55	0.019	0.008
60	0.016	0.005
65	0.014	0.005
70	0.015	0.005
75	0.014	0.008
80	0.010	0.007



buckconsultants

Deaths After Retirement (Non-Disabled): According to the RP-2000 Mortality tables for retirees. These tables are set back one year for male teachers, set forward one year for all general employees and unadjusted for female teachers and all law enforcement officers. These tables are also set forward one year for male survivors of deceased members and set forward two years for female survivors of deceased members. The base retiree RP-2000 tables have no rates prior to age 50. The active employee rates of RP-2000 are used for ages less than 50 prior to any adjustments for set back or set forward.

Death After Retirement (Disabled): According to the RP-2000 Mortality tables for retirees disabled at retirement set back six years for males and set forward one year for females.

Deaths Prior to Retirement: According to the RP-2000 Mortality tables for active employees. These tables are set back one year for male teachers, set forward one year for all general employees and unadjusted for female teachers and all law enforcement officers. The base RP-2000 tables for active employees have no rates after age 70. The rates from ages 71 to 79 are smoothed based on the active rate at age 70 and the retiree rate at age 80. Retiree rates are used for age 80 and beyond.

Mortality Projection (Non-Disabled): All mortality rates are projected from December 31, 2003 using generational improvement with Scale AA.

Timing of Assumptions: All withdrawals, deaths, disabilities, retirements and salary increases are assumed to occur on July 1 of each year.

Leave Conversions: Sick leave can be converted to increase creditable service and used to meet the eligibility requirements for retirement. Unused vacation leave can be converted to increase creditable service or compensation, but does not add to the eligibility service. The assumed impact of these conversions is shown in the table below.

	Clas	sroom			L	.aw	O	ther	
	Tea	chers	Ge	neral	Enfor	cement	Education		
	<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>	<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>	<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>	<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>	
Increase in AFC	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%	2.25%	1.50%	1.50%	3.50%	3.50%	
Increase in Creditable Service (years) Credited Eligibility	1.25 1.00	1.00 1.00	0.90 1.00	0.65 1.00	1.50 1.00	1.50 1.00	1.25 1.00	1.00 1.00	

Liability for Inactive Members: The data provided for inactive members does not contain all the elements to calculate the member's deferred benefit. The liability for these members is estimated to be 200% of the member's accumulated contributions. The actuary is collecting data so that future members' deferred benefits can be estimated.

Administrative Expenses: 0.10% of payroll.



buckconsultants

Marriage Assumption: 100% married with male spouses four years older than female spouses.

Reported Compensation: Calendar year compensation as furnished by the system's office.

Valuation Compensation: Reported compensation adjusted to reflect the assumed rate of pay as of the valuation date.

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry age normal cost method. Entry age is established on an individual basis.

Asset Valuation Method: Actuarial value, as developed in Table 8. The actuarial value of assets recognizes a portion of the difference between the market value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets, based on the assumed valuation rate of return. The amount recognized each year is 20% of the difference between market value and expected actuarial value. The actuarial value of assets is not allowed to be greater than 120% of the market value of assets or less than 80% of the market value of assets.

Changes Since Prior Valuation: None.



Table E-1: Projection of Fiduciary Net Positions (in thousands)

Year	Beginning Fiduciary Position	Co	Member ontributions	m ployer ntributions	F	Benefit Payments	Ac	dministrative Expenses	nvestment Earnings	Ending Fiduciary Position
12/31/2013	\$ 62,789,451	\$	816,465	\$ 1,104,033	\$	4,210,669	\$	13,608	\$ 4,470,090	\$ 64,955,762
12/31/2014	64,955,762		775,748	1,075,886		4,340,071		12,929	4,620,342	67,074,738
12/31/2015	67,074,738		745,220	1,030,111		4,460,178		12,420	4,767,137	69,144,608
12/31/2016	69,144,608		718,948	993,885		4,578,961		11,982	4,910,468	71,176,966
12/31/2017	71,176,966		694,652	974,974		4,699,401		11,578	5,051,991	73,187,604
12/31/2018	73,187,604		671,479	957,306		4,830,007		11,191	5,191,662	75,166,853
12/31/2019	75,166,853		648,589	940,594		4,969,799		10,810	5,328,775	77,104,202
12/31/2020	77,104,202		625,984	924,165		5,112,152		10,433	5,462,779	78,994,545
12/31/2021	78,994,545		602,839	907,425		5,262,798		10,047	5,593,052	80,825,016
12/31/2022	80,825,016		578,780	736,243		5,418,094		9,646	5,716,137	82,428,436
12/31/2023	82,428,436		553,823	549,471		5,577,934		9,230	5,816,606	83,761,172
12/31/2024	83,761,172		528,507	456,835		5,742,162		8,808	5,904,007	84,899,551
12/31/2025	84,899,551		502,502	373,634		5,911,666		8,375	5,975,631	85,831,277
12/31/2026	85,831,277		475,699	356,730		6,084,659		7,928	6,035,250	86,606,369
12/31/2027	86,606,369		448,347	359,621		6,260,938		7,472	6,084,168	87,230,095
12/31/2028	87,230,095		420,363	353,915		6,441,615		7,006	6,122,064	87,677,816
12/31/2029	87,677,816		391,631	331,384		6,625,211		6,527	6,146,184	87,915,277
12/31/2030	87,915,277		362,111	307,995		6,807,813		6,035	6,155,038	87,926,573
12/31/2031	87,926,573		332,460	283,565		6,983,532		5,541	6,147,699	87,701,224
12/31/2032	87,701,224		302,524	258,740		7,149,667		5,042	6,123,519	87,231,298
12/31/2033	87,231,298		272,859	234,104		7,290,694		4,548	6,082,517	86,525,536
12/31/2034	86,525,536		244,055	209,433		7,408,035		4,068	6,025,289	85,592,210
12/31/2035	85,592,210		215,819	184,983		7,511,096		3,597	5,952,098	84,430,417
12/31/2036	84,430,417		188,398	160,988		7,601,092		3,140	5,862,844	83,038,415
12/31/2037	83,038,415		161,475	140,231		7,667,945		2,691	5,757,855	81,427,340
12/31/2038	81,427,340		137,661	121,486		7,705,873		2,294	5,638,198	79,616,518
12/31/2039	79,616,518		116,008	103,398		7,726,944		1,933	5,504,759	77,611,806
12/31/2040	77,611,806		95,022	85,911		7,737,740		1,584	5,357,678	75,411,093
12/31/2041	75,411,093		74,678	68,823		7,736,143		1,245	5,196,864	73,014,070
12/31/2042	73,014,070		55,086	54,291		7,709,391		918	5,022,831	70,435,969
12/31/2043	70,435,969		38,905	43,991		7,635,974		648	4,837,601	67,719,844
12/31/2044	67,719,844		28,238	36,216		7,516,428		471	4,644,289	64,911,688
12/31/2045	64,911,688		21,026	29,660		7,368,153		350	4,445,492	62,039,363
12/31/2046	62,039,363		15,533	24,236		7,198,356		259	4,242,909	59,123,426
12/31/2047	59,123,426		11,388	19,719		7,013,343		190	4,037,785	56,178,785
12/31/2048	56,178,785		8,288	15,943		6,815,099		138	3,831,115	53,218,894
12/31/2049	53,218,894		5,987	12,770		6,603,965		100	3,623,847	50,257,433
12/31/2050	50,257,433		4,275	10,136		6,374,969		71	3,417,141	47,313,945
12/31/2051	47,313,945		3,016	7,949		6,129,039		50	3,212,373	44,408,194
12/31/2052	44,408,194		2,103	6,169		5,874,714		35	3,010,666	41,552,383
12/31/2053	41,552,383		1,468	4,713		5,471,134		24	2,817,918	38,905,324
12/31/2054	38,905,324		1,031	3,532		5,219,316		17	2,634,916	36,325,470
12/31/2055	36,325,470		724	2,605		4,967,578		12	2,456,797	33,818,006
12/31/2056	33,818,006		508	1,906		4,716,683		8	2,430,737	31,387,636
12/31/2057	31,387,636		356	1,391		4,467,196		6	2,116,566	29,038,747
12/31/2057	29,038,747		247	1,012		4,219,715		4	1,955,068	26,775,355
12/31/2059	26,775,355		170	720		3,974,870		3	1,799,679	24,601,051
12/31/2039	24,601,051		113	501		3,733,268		2	1,650,636	22,519,031
12/31/2000	22,519,031		72	338		3,495,498		1	1,508,150	20,532,092
	20,532,092		44							
12/31/2062	20,532,092		44	217		3,262,166		1	1,372,402	18,642,588



buckconsultants

Table E-1: Projection of Fiduciary Net Positions (continued)
(in thousands)

12/31/2063 \$ 18,642,588 \$ 26 \$ 127 \$ 3.033,844 \$ 0 \$ 1,243,541 \$ 16,852,438 12/31/2064 16,852,438 13 63 2,811.097 0 1,121,685 15,163,102 5 20 2,594,485 0 1,005,721 13,575,563 12/31/2066 13,575,563 2 0 2,394,506 0 899,302 12,093,361 0 0 2,348,506 0 899,302 12,093,361 12/31/2068 10,707,548 0 0 0 1,996,489 0 705,547 9,426,606 12/31/2078 8,246,470 0 0 1,799,475 0 613,339 4,246,470 12/31/2070 8,246,470 0 0 1,621,034 0 540,134 7,165,570 12/31/2070 7,165,570 0 0 1,451,547 0 467,805 6,181,828 12/31/2073 5,525,654 0 0 1,100,147 0 467,805 6,181,828 12/31/2073 5,525,654 0 0 1,100,147 0 290,261 12/31/2075 3,785,604 0 0 869,607 0 243,444 3,158,881 0 749,421 0 220,327 12/31/2077 2,611,787 0 639,782 0 639,782 0 133,785,644 12/31/2077 2,611,787 0 639,782 0 133,785,644 12/31/2077 2,611,787 0 639,782 0 133,785 0 133,785,644 12/31/2077 2,611,787 0 639,782 0 166,568 2,138,573 0 639,782 0 166,568 2,138,573 0 644,2402 0 133,765 0 133,765 12/31/2079 1,735,567 0 0 540,791 0 135,765 12/31/2079 1,735,567 0 0 540,791 0 135,765 12/31/2079 1,735,567 0 0 540,791 0 135,765 12/31/2079 1,735,567 0 0 540,791 0 135,765 12/31/2079 1,735,567 0 0 540,791 0 135,765 12/31/2079 1,735,567 0 0 540,791 0 135,765 12/31/2084 565,500 0 0 374,399 0 874,491 1,390,736 0 0 156,578 0 31,866 391,848 0 0 71,986,69 0 147,77 151,386 6 391,848 0 0 12/31/2084 565,360 0 33,866 391,848 0 0 12/31/2084 565,360 0 33,866 391,848 0 0 12/31/2084 565,360 0 33,866 391,848 0 0 12/31/2084 115,988 0 0 33,866 391,848 0 0 12/31/2084 115,988 0 0 33,866 391,848 0 0 12/31/2086 293,959 0 0 0 24,748 0 0 14,861 0 0 34,891 115,988 0 0 34,891 115,988 0 0 34,891 115,988 0 0 34,891 115,988 0 0 34,891 115,988 0 0 34,891 115,988 0 0 34,891 115,988 115,988 115,988 115,988 0 0 34,891 115,988 0 0 34,891 115,988 0 0 34,891 115,988 115,988 115,988 115,988 115,988 0 0 34,891 115,988 0 0 34,891 115,988 0 0 34,891 115,988 0 0 34,891 115,988 0 0 34,891 115,988 0 0 34,891 115,988 0 0 34,891 115,988 0 0 34,891 115,988 0 0 34,891 115,988 0 0 34,891 115,988 0 0 34,891 115,988 0 0 34,891 115,988 0 0 34,891 1	Year	Beginning Fiduciary Position	Member Contributions	mployer ntributions	F	Benefit Payments	Administrative Expenses	nvestment Earnings	Ending Fiduciary Position
1231/2065 15,163,102 5	12/31/2063	\$ 18,642,588	\$ 26	\$ 127	\$	3,033,844	\$ 0	\$ 1,243,541	\$ 16,852,438
12/31/2066 13,575,563 2 0 2,384,506 0 889,302 12,090,361 12/31/2068 10,707,848 0 0 0 1,986,489 0 705,547 3,426,606 12/31/2069 9,426,606 0 0 1,799,475 0 619,339 3,246,470 12/31/2071 7,165,570 0 0 1,621,034 0 50,144 7,165,707 12/31/2071 7,165,570 0 0 1,451,547 0 467,805 6,181,828 12/31/2073 5,292,654 0 0 1,140,810 0 343,086 4,494,300 12/231/2075 3,785,044 0 0 1,000,147 0 290,281 3,785,044 12/31/2075 3,785,044 0 0 889,607 0 243,444 3,168,881 12/31/2076 3,158,881 0 0 749,421 0 202,327 2,611,787 12/31/2077 2,611,787 0 0 639,782 0 165,656 2,138,573 12/31/2080 1,330,736 0 0 343,086 4,494,300 0 0 4,404,400 0 1,404,	12/31/2064	16,852,438	13	63		2,811,097	0	1,121,685	15,163,102
1231/2067 12,909,361 0	12/31/2065	15,163,102	5	20		2,594,485	0	1,006,921	13,575,563
1231/2068 10,707,548 0 0 1,986,489 0 705,547 9,426,606 1 1,231/2079 9,426,606 0 0 1,799,475 0 619,333 8,246,470 1 2,31/2071 7,165,570 0 0 1,621,034 0 540,134 7,165,570 1 2/31/2071 7,165,570 0 0 1,451,547 0 467,805 6,181,828 1 2/31/2073 5,232,654 0 0 1,291,363 0 402,189 5,292,654 1 2/31/2073 5,232,654 0 0 1,140,810 0 343,086 4,494,930 1 2/31/2074 4,494,930 0 0 1,100,147 0 290,261 3,785,044 1 2/31/2075 3,785,044 0 0 889,607 0 243,444 3,185,881 1 2/31/2076 3,158,881 0 0 749,421 0 202,327 2,611,787 0 639,782 0 166,668 2,138,573 1 2/31/2078 2,138,573 0 0 540,791 0 135,785 1 1,335,567 1 2/31/2078 1,335,673 0 0 540,791 0 135,785 1 1,339,736 1 2/31/2081 1,303,736 0 0 374,399 0 87,493 1,103,830 1 2/31/2081 1,103,830 0 0 366,395 0 69,115 866,550 1 2/231/2083 672,712 0 0 186,578 0 0 145,402 0 141,717 516,360 1 2/31/2084 516,360 0 0 156,378 0 31,866 391,848 1 2/31/2086 293,959 0 0 93,914 0 17,967 218,012 1 2/31/2084 516,360 0 0 156,378 0 31,866 394,84 1 2/31/2086 1 391,848 0 0 121,954 0 24,065 293,959 1 2/31/2088 159,887 0 0 396,955 0 6,916 239,959 1 2/31/2086 195,887 0 0 13,263 115,988 1 2/31/2086 195,887 0 0 0 39,914 0 17,967 218,012 1 2/31/2086 195,887 0 0 0 39,914 0 17,967 218,012 1 2/31/2086 195,887 0 0 0 39,914 0 17,967 218,012 1 2/31/2086 195,887 0 0 0 39,914 0 17,967 218,012 1 2/31/2086 195,887 0 0 0 39,914 0 17,967 218,012 1 2/31/2086 195,887 0 0 0 39,995 0 0 9,883 115,988 1 12/31/2086 195,887 0 0 0 39,995 0 0 0 93,914 0 17,967 218,012 1 2/31/2089 155,988 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	12/31/2066	13,575,563	2	0		2,384,506	0	899,302	12,090,361
1231/2070 9,426,606 0	12/31/2067	12,090,361	0	0		2,181,662	0	798,849	10,707,548
12/31/2071 7,165,770 0	12/31/2068	10,707,548	0	0		1,986,489	0	705,547	9,426,606
1231/2071 7,165,570 0 0 1,451,647 0 467,805 6,181,828 12/31/2073 6,181,828 0 0 1,291,363 0 402,189 5,292,654 12/31/2074 4,494,930 0 0 1,140,810 0 343,086 4,494,930 12/31/2076 3,785,044 0 0 869,607 0 243,444 3,158,881 12/31/2077 2,611,787 0 0 639,782 0 165,588 2,138,573 0 0 540,791 0 165,588 2,138,573 0 0 540,791 0 165,588 2,138,573 0 0 540,791 0 165,588 2,138,573 0 0 452,402 0 109,571 1,390,736 0 0 374,399 0 87,493 1,130,3830 0 0 306,395 0 89,115 866,550 62,971 0 188,069 0 41,717 516,360 0 247,836 0 <	12/31/2069	9,426,606	0	0		1,799,475	0	619,339	8,246,470
12/31/2072 6,181,828 0 0 1,291,363 0 402,189 5,292,654 12/31/2074 4,494,930 0 0 1,140,810 0 343,086 4,494,930 0 0 1,000,147 0 290,261 3,785,044 1 0 0 869,607 0 243,444 3,158,881 0 0 749,421 0 202,327 2,611,787 12/31/2076 3,158,881 0 0 749,421 0 202,327 2,611,787 12/31/2078 0 0 639,782 0 166,558 2,138,573 12/31/2078 2,138,573 0 0 540,791 0 135,785 1,733,567 0 0 452,402 0 193,793,555 1,733,567 0 0 374,399 0 87,493 1,103,830 1,103,830 0 306,395 0 69,115 866,550 0 0 247,836 0 53,998 672,712 12/31/2084 516,360 0 156,378 0 31	12/31/2070	8,246,470	0	0		1,621,034	0	540,134	7,165,570
1231/2073 5,292,654 0	12/31/2071	7,165,570	0	0		1,451,547	0	467,805	6,181,828
1231/2074	12/31/2072	6,181,828	0	0		1,291,363	0	402,189	5,292,654
12/31/2075 3,785,044 0 0 869,607 0 243,444 3,158,881 12/31/2076 3,158,881 0 0 749,421 0 202,327 2,611,787 12/31/2078 2,611,787 0 0 639,782 0 166,568 2,138,573 12/31/2078 2,138,573 0 0 540,791 0 135,785 1,733,567 12/31/2079 1,733,567 0 0 452,402 0 109,571 1,390,736 12/31/2080 1,390,736 0 0 374,399 0 87,493 1,103,830 12/31/2081 1,103,830 0 0 306,395 0 69,115 866,550 12/31/2082 866,550 0 0 247,836 0 53,998 672,712 12/31/2083 672,712 0 0 199,069 0 41,717 516,360 12/31/2083 391,848 0 0 121,954 0 24,065 293,959 12/31/2085 391,848 0 0 0 156,378 0 31,866 391,848 12/31/2085 391,848 0 0 0 121,954 0 24,065 293,959 12/31/2086 293,959 0 0 93,914 0 17,967 218,012 12/31/2086 293,959 0 0 93,914 0 17,967 218,012 12/31/2089 159,887 0 0 53,572 0 9,683 115,988 12/31/2099 159,283 0 0 0 290,21 0 5,005 59,283 12/31/2091 59,283 0 0 0 290,21 0 5,005 59,283 12/31/2092 41,925 0 0 14,851 0 2,510 2,594 12/31/2093 29,584 0 0 0 290,21 0 5,005 59,283 12/31/2093 155,988 0 0 0 39,695 0 6,996 83,299 12/31/2093 29,584 0 0 0 290,21 0 5,005 59,283 12/31/2093 155,988 0 0 0 39,695 0 6,996 83,299 12/31/2093 29,584 0 0 0 290,21 0 5,005 59,283 12/31/2093 29,584 0 0 0 14,851 0 2,510 29,584 12/31/2093 155,988 0 0 0 3,278 0 685 8,465 12/31/2094 20,956 0 0 0 14,851 0 2,510 29,584 12/31/2094 20,956 0 0 0 14,851 0 2,510 29,584 12/31/2094 5,686 0 0 0 3,278 0 685 8,465 12/31/2098 6,837 0 0 0 2,164 0 566 6,837 12/31/2098 6,837 0 0 0 2,164 0 566 6,837 12/31/2098 6,837 0 0 0 3,555 0 361 5,168 12/31/2098 6,837 0 0 0 488 0 445 5,874 12/31/2098 6,837 0 0 0 3,555 0 361 5,168 12/31/2096 5,884 0 0 0 488 0 445 5,874 12/31/2097 5,684 0 0 0 488 0 0 445 5,874 12/31/2097 5,884 0 0 0 488 0 0 445 5,884 12/31/2100 5,364 0 0 0 488 0 0 445 5,874 12/31/2100 5,364 0 0 0 488 0 0 445 5,874 12/31/2100 5,364 0 0 0 488 0 0 445 5,874 12/31/2100 5,364 0 0 0 685 6,831 12/31/2107 6,686 0 0 0 166 0 0 484 7,154 12/31/2109 7,664 0 0 0 8 0 0 0 565 8,810 12/31/2111 8,810 0 0 0 656 8,810	12/31/2073	5,292,654	0	0		1,140,810	0	343,086	4,494,930
12/31/2076 3,158,881 0 0 749,421 0 202,327 2,611,787 12/31/2078 2,613,673 0 0 639,782 0 166,568 2,138,573 12/31/2079 1,733,567 0 0 452,402 0 109,571 1,330,736 12/31/2080 1,390,736 0 0 374,399 0 87,493 1,103,830 12/31/2081 1,103,830 0 0 306,395 0 69,115 866,550 12/31/2082 366,550 0 0 247,836 0 53,998 672,712 12/31/2083 672,712 0 0 198,069 0 41,717 516,360 12/31/2084 516,360 0 0 156,378 0 31,866 391,848 12/31/2086 233,959 0 0 3,914 0 24,065 293,959 12/31/2087 218,012 0 0 71,388 0 13,263 159,887 </td <td>12/31/2074</td> <td>4,494,930</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td>1,000,147</td> <td>0</td> <td>290,261</td> <td>3,785,044</td>	12/31/2074	4,494,930	0	0		1,000,147	0	290,261	3,785,044
12/31/2076 3,158,881 0 0 749,421 0 202,327 2,611,787 12/31/2078 2,613,673 0 0 639,782 0 166,568 2,138,573 12/31/2079 1,733,567 0 0 452,402 0 109,571 1,330,736 12/31/2080 1,390,736 0 0 374,399 0 87,493 1,103,830 12/31/2081 1,103,830 0 0 306,395 0 69,115 866,550 12/31/2082 366,550 0 0 247,836 0 53,998 672,712 12/31/2083 672,712 0 0 198,069 0 41,717 516,360 12/31/2084 516,360 0 0 156,378 0 31,866 391,848 12/31/2086 233,959 0 0 3,914 0 24,065 293,959 12/31/2087 218,012 0 0 71,388 0 13,263 159,887 </td <td>12/31/2075</td> <td>3,785,044</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td>869,607</td> <td>0</td> <td>243,444</td> <td>3,158,881</td>	12/31/2075	3,785,044	0	0		869,607	0	243,444	3,158,881
12/31/2078 2,138,573 0 0 540,791 0 135,785 1,733,567 12/31/2080 1,390,736 0 0 452,402 0 109,571 1,390,736 12/31/2081 1,103,830 0 0 374,399 0 87,483 1,103,830 12/31/2082 86,550 0 0 247,836 0 53,998 672,712 12/31/2083 672,712 0 0 198,069 0 41,717 516,360 12/31/2084 516,360 0 0 124,954 0 24,065 293,959 12/31/2086 293,959 0 0 12,954 0 24,065 293,959 12/31/2087 218,012 0 0 71,388 0 13,263 159,887 12/31/2088 159,887 0 0 53,572 0 9,683 115,998 12/31/2090 83,299 0 0 29,021 0 5,005 59,283	12/31/2076	3,158,881	0	0		749,421	0	202,327	
12/31/2078 2,138,573 0 0 540,791 0 135,785 1,733,567 12/31/2079 1,733,567 0 0 452,402 0 109,571 1,390,736 12/31/2081 1,103,830 0 0 374,399 0 87,493 1,103,830 12/31/2081 1,103,830 0 0 306,395 0 69,115 866,550 12/31/2083 672,712 0 0 198,069 0 41,717 516,360 12/31/2084 516,360 0 0 126,378 0 31,866 391,848 12/31/2085 391,848 0 0 121,954 0 24,065 293,959 0 0 33,146 0 17,967 218,012 0 71,388 0 13,263 159,887 12/31/2084 159,887 0 0 53,572 0 9,683 115,988 12/31/2099 0 29,021 0 5,005 59,283 12/31/2091 5,005	12/31/2077		0	0		639,782	0		
12/31/2079	12/31/2078		0	0			0		
12/31/2080 1,390,736 0 0 374,399 0 87,493 1,103,830 12/31/2081 1,103,830 0 0 306,395 0 69,115 866,550 12/31/2083 672,712 0 0 247,836 0 53,998 672,712 12/31/2083 672,712 0 0 198,069 0 41,717 516,360 12/31/2084 516,360 0 0 156,378 0 31,866 391,848 12/31/2085 391,848 0 0 121,954 0 24,065 293,959 12/31/2086 293,959 0 0 93,914 0 17,967 218,012 12/31/2087 218,012 0 0 71,388 0 13,263 159,887 12/31/2089 115,998 0 0 39,695 0 6,996 83,299 12/31/2091 59,283 0 0 20,911 0 3,553 41,925						-		•	
12/31/2081 1,103,830 0 0 306,395 0 69,115 866,550 12/31/2083 672,712 0 0 247,836 0 53,998 672,717 516,360 0 198,069 0 41,717 516,360 1231,2084 516,360 0 0 156,378 0 31,866 391,848 12/31/2085 391,848 0 0 121,954 0 24,065 293,959 12/31/2086 293,959 0 0 93,914 0 17,967 218,012 0 0 71,388 0 13,263 159,887 12/31/2087 218,012 0 0 71,388 0 13,263 159,887 12/31/2089 159,988 0 0 39,695 0 6,996 83,299 12/31/2099 115,998 0 0 39,695 0 6,996 83,299 12/31/2091 0 29,021 0 5,005 59,283 12/31/2091 3,553 41,925 12/31/2091 0 29,011						-		*	
12/31/2082 866,550 0 0 247,836 0 53,998 672,712 12/31/2084 516,360 0 0 198,069 0 41,717 516,360 12/31/2085 391,848 0 0 156,378 0 31,866 391,848 12/31/2086 293,959 0 0 93,914 0 17,967 218,012 12/31/2087 218,012 0 0 71,388 0 13,263 159,887 12/31/2088 159,887 0 0 53,572 0 9,683 115,998 12/31/2099 115,998 0 0 39,695 0 6,996 83,299 12/31/2091 59,283 0 0 29,021 0 5,005 59,283 12/31/2091 59,283 0 0 29,011 0 3,553 41,925 12/31/2092 41,925 0 0 14,851 0 2,510 29,584 12/31/2093 29,584 0 0 1,4851 0 1,774 20,956						•		•	
12/31/2083 672,712 0 0 199,069 0 41,717 516,360 12/31/2084 516,360 0 0 156,378 0 31,866 391,848 12/31/2085 391,848 0 0 121,954 0 24,065 293,959 12/31/2086 293,959 0 0 93,914 0 17,967 218,012 12/31/2087 218,012 0 0 71,388 0 13,263 159,887 12/31/2089 159,887 0 0 53,572 0 9,683 115,998 12/31/2089 115,998 0 0 39,695 0 6,996 83,299 12/31/2091 59,283 0 0 29,021 0 5,005 59,283 12/31/2093 29,584 0 0 14,851 0 2,510 29,584 12/31/2093 29,584 0 0 1,4851 0 1,774 20,956 12/31/2095 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
12/31/2084 516,360 0 0 156,378 0 31,866 391,848 12/31/2086 391,848 0 0 121,954 0 24,065 293,959 12/31/2087 218,012 0 0 71,388 0 13,263 159,887 12/31/2088 159,887 0 0 53,572 0 9,683 115,998 12/31/2099 115,998 0 0 39,695 0 6,996 83,299 12/31/2091 59,283 0 0 20,911 0 3,553 41,925 12/31/2092 41,925 0 0 14,851 0 2,510 29,584 12/31/2093 29,584 0 0 10,402 0 1,774 20,956 12/31/2094 20,956 0 0 1,881 0 915 11,058 12/31/2095 15,034 0 0 4,891 0 915 11,058 12/31/2096 <		,				-			
12/31/2085 391,848 0 0 121,954 0 24,065 293,959 12/31/2086 293,959 0 0 93,914 0 17,967 218,012 12/31/2087 218,012 0 0 71,388 0 13,263 159,887 12/31/2088 159,887 0 0 53,572 0 9,683 115,998 12/31/2089 115,998 0 0 39,695 0 6,996 83,299 12/31/2090 83,299 0 0 29,021 0 5,005 59,283 12/31/2092 41,925 0 0 14,851 0 2,510 29,584 12/31/2093 29,584 0 0 10,402 0 1,774 20,956 12/31/2094 20,956 0 0 7,185 0 1,263 15,034 12/31/2096 11,058 0 0 3,278 0 685 8,465 12/31/2097 <		•				-			
12/31/2086 293,959 0 0 93,914 0 17,967 210,012 12/31/2087 218,012 0 0 71,388 0 13,263 159,887 12/31/2089 115,998 0 0 39,695 0 6,996 83,299 12/31/2090 83,299 0 0 29,021 0 5,005 59,283 12/31/2091 59,283 0 0 20,911 0 3,553 41,925 12/31/2092 41,925 0 0 14,851 0 2,510 29,584 12/31/2094 20,956 0 0 10,402 0 1,774 20,956 12/31/2094 20,956 0 0 7,185 0 1,263 15,034 12/31/2095 15,034 0 0 4,891 0 915 11,058 12/31/2096 11,058 0 0 3,278 0 685 8,465 12/31/2098 6,837<		,				•		-	
12/31/2087 218,012 0 0 71,388 0 13,263 159,887 12/31/2088 159,887 0 0 53,572 0 9,683 115,998 12/31/2099 115,998 0 0 39,695 0 6,996 83,299 12/31/2091 59,283 0 0 29,021 0 5,005 59,283 12/31/2092 41,925 0 0 14,851 0 2,510 29,584 12/31/2093 29,584 0 0 10,402 0 1,774 20,956 12/31/2094 20,956 0 0 7,185 0 12,63 15,034 12/31/2095 15,034 0 0 4,891 0 915 11,058 12/31/2096 11,058 0 0 3,278 0 685 8,465 12/31/2097 8,465 0 0 1,408 0 445 5,874 12/31/2099 5,874		•							
12/31/2088 159,887 0 0 53,572 0 9,683 115,998 12/31/2089 115,998 0 0 39,695 0 6,996 83,299 12/31/2091 59,283 0 0 29,021 0 5,005 59,283 12/31/2092 41,925 0 0 14,851 0 2,510 29,584 12/31/2093 29,584 0 0 10,402 0 1,774 20,956 12/31/2094 20,956 0 0 7,185 0 1,263 15,034 12/31/2095 15,034 0 0 4,891 0 915 11,058 12/31/2096 11,058 0 0 3,278 0 685 8,465 12/31/2097 8,465 0 0 1,408 0 445 5,874 12/31/2098 6,837 0 0 903 0 393 5,364 12/31/2100 5,364 <td< td=""><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>		•							
12/31/2089 115,998 0 0 39,695 0 6,996 83,299 12/31/2090 83,299 0 0 29,021 0 5,005 59,283 12/31/2091 59,283 0 0 20,911 0 3,553 41,925 12/31/2092 41,925 0 0 14,851 0 2,510 29,584 12/31/2093 29,584 0 0 10,402 0 1,774 20,956 12/31/2094 20,956 0 0 7,185 0 1,263 15,034 12/31/2095 15,034 0 0 4,891 0 915 11,058 12/31/2096 11,058 0 0 3,278 0 685 8,465 12/31/2097 8,465 0 0 2,164 0 536 6,837 12/31/2099 5,874 0 0 903 0 393 5,364 12/31/2100 5,364 0		•							
12/31/2090 83,299 0 0 29,021 0 5,005 59,283 12/31/2091 59,283 0 0 20,911 0 3,553 41,925 12/31/2092 41,925 0 0 14,851 0 2,510 29,584 12/31/2094 29,584 0 0 10,402 0 1,774 20,956 12/31/2094 20,956 0 0 7,185 0 1,263 15,034 12/31/2095 15,034 0 0 4,891 0 915 11,058 12/31/2096 11,058 0 0 3,278 0 685 8,465 12/31/2097 8,465 0 0 2,164 0 536 6,837 12/31/2098 6,837 0 0 1,408 0 445 5,874 12/31/2100 5,364 0 0 570 0 368 5,162 12/31/2101 5,162 0		•				•			
12/31/2091 59,283 0 0 20,911 0 3,553 41,925 12/31/2092 41,925 0 0 14,851 0 2,510 29,584 12/31/2093 29,584 0 0 10,402 0 1,774 20,956 12/31/2094 20,956 0 0 7,185 0 1,263 15,034 12/31/2095 15,034 0 0 4,891 0 915 11,058 12/31/2096 11,058 0 0 3,278 0 685 8,465 12/31/2097 8,465 0 0 2,164 0 536 6,837 12/31/2098 6,837 0 0 1,408 0 445 5,874 12/31/2100 5,364 0 0 570 0 368 5,162 12/31/2101 5,162 0 0 355 0 361 5,168 12/31/2102 5,168 0									
12/31/2092 41,925 0 0 14,851 0 2,510 29,584 12/31/2093 29,584 0 0 10,402 0 1,774 20,956 12/31/2094 20,956 0 0 7,185 0 1,263 15,034 12/31/2095 15,034 0 0 4,891 0 915 11,058 12/31/2096 11,058 0 0 3,278 0 685 8,465 12/31/2097 8,465 0 0 2,164 0 536 6,837 12/31/2098 6,837 0 0 1,408 0 445 5,874 12/31/2100 5,364 0 0 570 0 368 5,162 12/31/2101 5,162 0 0 355 0 361 5,168 12/31/2102 5,168 0 0 133 0 381 5,564 12/31/2103 5,316 0 0<		•						-	
12/31/2093 29,584 0 0 10,402 0 1,774 20,956 12/31/2094 20,956 0 0 7,185 0 1,263 15,034 12/31/2095 15,034 0 0 4,891 0 915 11,058 12/31/2096 11,058 0 0 3,278 0 685 8,465 12/31/2097 8,465 0 0 2,164 0 536 6,837 12/31/2098 6,837 0 0 1,408 0 445 5,874 12/31/2100 5,364 0 0 903 0 393 5,364 12/31/2101 5,162 0 0 355 0 361 5,168 12/31/2102 5,168 0 0 219 0 367 5,316 12/31/2103 5,316 0 0 133 0 381 5,564 12/31/2104 5,564 0 0		•				-			
12/31/2094 20,956 0 0 7,185 0 1,263 15,034 12/31/2095 15,034 0 0 4,891 0 915 11,058 12/31/2096 11,058 0 0 3,278 0 685 8,465 12/31/2097 8,465 0 0 2,164 0 536 6,837 12/31/2098 6,837 0 0 1,408 0 445 5,874 12/31/2099 5,874 0 0 903 0 393 5,364 12/31/2100 5,364 0 0 570 0 368 5,162 12/31/2101 5,162 0 0 355 0 361 5,168 12/31/2102 5,168 0 0 219 0 367 5,316 12/31/2104 5,564 0 0 133 0 381 5,564 12/31/2105 5,884 0 0 <		•				-		-	
12/31/2095 15,034 0 0 4,891 0 915 11,058 12/31/2096 11,058 0 0 3,278 0 685 8,465 12/31/2097 8,465 0 0 2,164 0 536 6,837 12/31/2098 6,837 0 0 1,408 0 445 5,874 12/31/2099 5,874 0 0 903 0 393 5,364 12/31/2100 5,364 0 0 570 0 368 5,162 12/31/2101 5,162 0 0 355 0 361 5,168 12/31/2102 5,168 0 0 219 0 367 5,316 12/31/2103 5,316 0 0 133 0 381 5,564 12/31/2104 5,564 0 0 80 0 400 5,884 12/31/2105 5,884 0 0 48 </td <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td>		•						•	
12/31/2096 11,058 0 0 3,278 0 685 8,465 12/31/2097 8,465 0 0 2,164 0 536 6,837 12/31/2098 6,837 0 0 1,408 0 445 5,874 12/31/2099 5,874 0 0 903 0 393 5,364 12/31/2100 5,364 0 0 570 0 368 5,162 12/31/2101 5,162 0 0 355 0 361 5,168 12/31/2102 5,168 0 0 219 0 367 5,316 12/31/2103 5,316 0 0 133 0 381 5,564 12/31/2104 5,564 0 0 80 0 400 5,884 12/31/2105 5,884 0 0 48 0 425 6,261 12/31/2106 6,261 0 0 28 0 453 6,686 12/31/2108 7,154 0 0		•							
12/31/2097 8,465 0 0 2,164 0 536 6,837 12/31/2098 6,837 0 0 1,408 0 445 5,874 12/31/2099 5,874 0 0 903 0 393 5,364 12/31/2100 5,364 0 0 570 0 368 5,162 12/31/2101 5,162 0 0 355 0 361 5,168 12/31/2102 5,168 0 0 219 0 367 5,316 12/31/2103 5,316 0 0 133 0 381 5,564 12/31/2104 5,564 0 0 80 0 400 5,884 12/31/2105 5,884 0 0 48 0 425 6,261 12/31/2106 6,261 0 0 48 0 453 6,686 12/31/2108 7,154 0 0 8 0 518 7,664 12/31/2110 8,216 0 0 <td< td=""><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>		•							
12/31/2098 6,837 0 0 1,408 0 445 5,874 12/31/2099 5,874 0 0 903 0 393 5,364 12/31/2100 5,364 0 0 570 0 368 5,162 12/31/2101 5,162 0 0 355 0 361 5,168 12/31/2102 5,168 0 0 219 0 367 5,316 12/31/2103 5,316 0 0 133 0 381 5,564 12/31/2104 5,564 0 0 80 0 400 5,884 12/31/2105 5,884 0 0 48 0 425 6,261 12/31/2106 6,261 0 0 28 0 453 6,686 12/31/2107 6,686 0 0 16 0 484 7,154 12/31/2109 7,664 0 0 8 0 518 7,664 12/31/2110 8,216 0 0 2<						•			
12/31/2099 5,874 0 0 903 0 393 5,364 12/31/2100 5,364 0 0 570 0 368 5,162 12/31/2101 5,162 0 0 355 0 361 5,168 12/31/2102 5,168 0 0 219 0 367 5,316 12/31/2103 5,316 0 0 133 0 381 5,564 12/31/2104 5,564 0 0 80 0 400 5,884 12/31/2105 5,884 0 0 48 0 425 6,261 12/31/2106 6,261 0 0 28 0 453 6,686 12/31/2107 6,686 0 0 16 0 484 7,154 12/31/2108 7,154 0 0 8 0 518 7,664 12/31/2109 7,664 0 0 4 0 556 8,216 12/31/2111 8,810 0 0 0									
12/31/2100 5,364 0 0 570 0 368 5,162 12/31/2101 5,162 0 0 355 0 361 5,168 12/31/2102 5,168 0 0 219 0 367 5,316 12/31/2103 5,316 0 0 133 0 381 5,564 12/31/2104 5,564 0 0 80 0 400 5,884 12/31/2105 5,884 0 0 48 0 425 6,261 12/31/2106 6,261 0 0 28 0 453 6,686 12/31/2107 6,686 0 0 16 0 484 7,154 12/31/2108 7,154 0 0 8 0 518 7,664 12/31/2110 8,216 0 0 4 0 556 8,216 12/31/2111 8,810 0 0 1 0 639 9,448 12/31/2112 9,448 0 0 0		•							
12/31/2101 5,162 0 0 355 0 361 5,168 12/31/2102 5,168 0 0 219 0 367 5,316 12/31/2103 5,316 0 0 133 0 381 5,564 12/31/2104 5,564 0 0 80 0 400 5,884 12/31/2105 5,884 0 0 48 0 425 6,261 12/31/2106 6,261 0 0 28 0 453 6,686 12/31/2107 6,686 0 0 16 0 484 7,154 12/31/2108 7,154 0 0 8 0 518 7,664 12/31/2109 7,664 0 0 4 0 556 8,216 12/31/2111 8,810 0 0 1 0 639 9,448 12/31/2112 9,448 0 0 0 0 <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		•							
12/31/2102 5,168 0 0 219 0 367 5,316 12/31/2103 5,316 0 0 133 0 381 5,564 12/31/2104 5,564 0 0 80 0 400 5,884 12/31/2105 5,884 0 0 48 0 425 6,261 12/31/2106 6,261 0 0 28 0 453 6,686 12/31/2107 6,686 0 0 16 0 484 7,154 12/31/2108 7,154 0 0 8 0 518 7,664 12/31/2109 7,664 0 0 4 0 556 8,216 12/31/2110 8,216 0 0 2 0 596 8,810 12/31/2111 8,810 0 0 0 0 685 10,133									
12/31/2103 5,316 0 0 133 0 381 5,564 12/31/2104 5,564 0 0 80 0 400 5,884 12/31/2105 5,884 0 0 48 0 425 6,261 12/31/2106 6,261 0 0 28 0 453 6,686 12/31/2107 6,686 0 0 16 0 484 7,154 12/31/2108 7,154 0 0 8 0 518 7,664 12/31/2109 7,664 0 0 4 0 556 8,216 12/31/2110 8,216 0 0 2 0 596 8,810 12/31/2111 8,810 0 0 1 0 639 9,448 12/31/2112 9,448 0 0 0 0 0 685 10,133									
12/31/2104 5,564 0 0 80 0 400 5,884 12/31/2105 5,884 0 0 48 0 425 6,261 12/31/2106 6,261 0 0 28 0 453 6,686 12/31/2107 6,686 0 0 16 0 484 7,154 12/31/2108 7,154 0 0 8 0 518 7,664 12/31/2109 7,664 0 0 4 0 556 8,216 12/31/2110 8,216 0 0 2 0 596 8,810 12/31/2111 8,810 0 0 1 0 639 9,448 12/31/2112 9,448 0 0 0 0 0 685 10,133									
12/31/2105 5,884 0 0 48 0 425 6,261 12/31/2106 6,261 0 0 28 0 453 6,686 12/31/2107 6,686 0 0 16 0 484 7,154 12/31/2108 7,154 0 0 8 0 518 7,664 12/31/2109 7,664 0 0 4 0 556 8,216 12/31/2110 8,216 0 0 2 0 596 8,810 12/31/2111 8,810 0 0 1 0 639 9,448 12/31/2112 9,448 0 0 0 0 685 10,133									
12/31/2106 6,261 0 0 28 0 453 6,686 12/31/2107 6,686 0 0 16 0 484 7,154 12/31/2108 7,154 0 0 8 0 518 7,664 12/31/2109 7,664 0 0 4 0 556 8,216 12/31/2110 8,216 0 0 2 0 596 8,810 12/31/2111 8,810 0 0 1 0 639 9,448 12/31/2112 9,448 0 0 0 0 685 10,133									
12/31/2107 6,686 0 0 16 0 484 7,154 12/31/2108 7,154 0 0 8 0 518 7,664 12/31/2109 7,664 0 0 4 0 556 8,216 12/31/2110 8,216 0 0 2 0 596 8,810 12/31/2111 8,810 0 0 1 0 639 9,448 12/31/2112 9,448 0 0 0 0 685 10,133									
12/31/2108 7,154 0 0 8 0 518 7,664 12/31/2109 7,664 0 0 4 0 556 8,216 12/31/2110 8,216 0 0 2 0 596 8,810 12/31/2111 8,810 0 0 1 0 639 9,448 12/31/2112 9,448 0 0 0 0 685 10,133									
12/31/2109 7,664 0 0 4 0 556 8,216 12/31/2110 8,216 0 0 2 0 596 8,810 12/31/2111 8,810 0 0 1 0 639 9,448 12/31/2112 9,448 0 0 0 0 685 10,133									
12/31/2110 8,216 0 0 2 0 596 8,810 12/31/2111 8,810 0 0 1 0 639 9,448 12/31/2112 9,448 0 0 0 0 685 10,133									
12/31/2111 8,810 0 0 1 0 639 9,448 12/31/2112 9,448 0 0 0 0 685 10,133									
12/31/2112 9,448 0 0 0 0 685 10,133									
	12/31/2112	9,448	0	0		0	0	685	10,133



Table E-2: Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefit Payments
(in thousands)

Present Value of Benefit Payments

					Present Value of Benefit Payments		
Year	Beginning Fiduciary Position	Benefit Payments	Funded Benefit Payments	Unfunded Benefit Payments	Funded Payments at 7.25%	Unfunded Payments at 3.66%	Using Single Discount Rate of 7.25%
12/31/2013	\$ 62,789,451	\$ 4,210,669	\$ 4,210,669	\$ 0	\$ 4,065,860	\$ 0	\$ 4,065,860
12/31/2014	64,955,762	4,340,071	4,340,071	0	3,907,517	0	3,907,517
12/31/2015	67,074,738	4,460,178	4,460,178	0	3,744,199	0	3,744,199
12/31/2016	69,144,608	4,578,961	4,578,961	0	3,584,069	0	3,584,069
12/31/2017	71,176,966	4,699,401	4,699,401	0	3,429,688	0	3,429,688
12/31/2018	73,187,604	4,830,007	4,830,007	0	3,286,719	0	3,286,719
12/31/2019	75,166,853	4,969,799	4,969,799	0	3,153,235	0	3,153,235
12/31/2020	77,104,202	5,112,152	5,112,152	0	3,024,294	0	3,024,294
12/31/2021	78,994,545	5,262,798	5,262,798	0	2,902,951	0	2,902,951
12/31/2022	80,825,016	5,418,094	5,418,094	0	2,786,584	0	2,786,584
12/31/2023	82,428,436	5,577,934	5,577,934	0	2,674,864	0	2,674,864
12/31/2024	83,761,172	5,742,162	5,742,162	0	2,567,477	0	2,567,477
12/31/2025	84,899,551	5,911,666	5,911,666	0	2,464,584	0	2,464,584
12/31/2026	85,831,277	6,084,659	6,084,659	0	2,365,226	0	2,365,226
12/31/2027	86,606,369	6,260,938	6,260,938	0	2,269,230	0	2,269,230
12/31/2028	87,230,095	6,441,615	6,441,615	0	2,176,891	0	2,176,891
12/31/2029	87,677,816	6,625,211	6,625,211	0	2,087,585	0	2,087,585
12/31/2029	87,915,277	6,807,813	6,807,813	0	2,000,114	0	2,000,114
12/31/2031	87,926,573	6,983,532	6,983,532	0	1,913,044	0	1,913,044
12/31/2031	87,701,224	7,149,667	7,149,667	0	1,826,158	0	1,826,158
12/31/2032	87,231,298	7,290,694	7,290,694	0	1,736,298	0	1,736,298
12/31/2034	86,525,536	7,408,035	7,408,035	0	1,644,982	0	1,644,982
12/31/2034	85,592,210	7,511,096	7,511,096	0	1,555,120	0	1,555,120
12/31/2036	84,430,417	7,601,092	7,601,092	0	1,467,369	0	1,467,369
12/31/2030	83,038,415	7,667,945	7,667,945	0	1,380,210	0	1,380,210
12/31/2037	81,427,340	7,705,873	7,705,873	0	1,293,274	0	1,293,274
12/31/2039	79,616,518			0	1,209,148	0	
12/31/2039	77,611,806	7,726,944 7,737,740	7,726,944	0	1,128,985	0	1,209,148 1,128,985
			7,737,740	0		0	
12/31/2041	75,411,093	7,736,143	7,736,143	0	1,052,450	0	1,052,450
12/31/2042	73,014,070	7,709,391	7,709,391		977,912		977,912
12/31/2043	70,435,969	7,635,974	7,635,974	0	903,123	0	903,123
12/31/2044	67,719,844	7,516,428	7,516,428	0	828,889	0	828,889
12/31/2045	64,911,688	7,368,153	7,368,153	0	757,611	0	757,611
12/31/2046	62,039,363	7,198,356	7,198,356	0	690,119	0	690,119
12/31/2047	59,123,426	7,013,343	7,013,343	0	626,929	0	626,929
12/31/2048	56,178,785	6,815,099	6,815,099	0	568,026	0	568,026
12/31/2049	53,218,894	6,603,965	6,603,965	0	513,220	0	513,220
12/31/2050	50,257,433	6,374,969	6,374,969	0	461,933	0	461,933
12/31/2051	47,313,945	6,129,039	6,129,039	0	414,091	0	414,091
12/31/2052	44,408,194	5,874,714	5,874,714	0	370,078	0	370,078
12/31/2053	41,552,383	5,471,134	5,471,134	0	321,356	0	321,356
12/31/2054	38,905,324	5,219,316	5,219,316	0	285,842	0	285,842
12/31/2055	36,325,470	4,967,578	4,967,578	0	253,664	0	253,664
12/31/2056	33,818,006	4,716,683	4,716,683	0	224,571	0	224,571
12/31/2057	31,387,636	4,467,196	4,467,196	0	198,315	0	198,315
12/31/2058	29,038,747	4,219,715	4,219,715	0	174,665	0	174,665
12/31/2059	26,775,355	3,974,870	3,974,870	0	153,408	0	153,408
12/31/2060	24,601,051	3,733,268	3,733,268	0	134,344	0	134,344
12/31/2061	22,519,031	3,495,498	3,495,498	0	117,284	0	117,284
12/31/2062	20,532,092	3,262,166	3,262,166	0	102,056	0	102,056



buckconsultants^a

Table E-2: Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefit Payments (continued)

(in thousands)

Present Value of Benefit Payments

					Fresent	value of Benefi	t rayments
Year	Beginning Fiduciary Position	Benefit Payments	Funded Benefit Payments	Unfunded Benefit Payments	Funded Payments at 7.25%	Unfunded Payments at 3.66%	Using Single Discount Rate of 7.25%
12/31/2063	\$ 18,642,588	\$ 3,033,844	\$ 3,033,844	\$ 0	\$ 88,497	\$ 0	\$ 88,497
12/31/2064	16,852,438	2,811,097	2,811,097	0	76,457	0	76,457
12/31/2065	15,163,102	2,594,485	2,594,485	0	65,795	0	65,795
12/31/2066	13,575,563	2,384,506	2,384,506	0	56,382	0	56,382
12/31/2067	12,090,361	2,181,662	2,181,662	0	48,099	0	48,099
12/31/2068	10,707,548	1,986,489	1,986,489	0	40,835	0	40,835
12/31/2069	9,426,606	1,799,475	1,799,475	0	34,490	0	34,490
12/31/2070	8,246,470	1,621,034	1,621,034	0	28,970	0	28,970
12/31/2071	7,165,570	1,451,547	1,451,547	0	24,187	0	24,187
12/31/2072	6,181,828	1,291,363	1,291,363	0	20,064	0	20,064
12/31/2073	5,292,654	1,140,810	1,140,810	0	16,526	0	16,526
12/31/2074	4,494,930	1,000,147	1,000,147	0	13,509	0	13,509
12/31/2074	3,785,044	869,607	869,607	0	10,952	0	10,952
		•	•	0		0	
12/31/2076 12/31/2077	3,158,881	749,421	749,421	0	8,800	0	8,800
	2,611,787	639,782	639,782	0	7,005	0	7,005
12/31/2078	2,138,573	540,791	540,791	0	5,521		5,521
12/31/2079	1,733,567	452,402	452,402		4,306	0	4,306
12/31/2080	1,390,736	374,399	374,399	0	3,323	0	3,323
12/31/2081	1,103,830	306,395	306,395	0	2,536	0	2,536
12/31/2082	866,550	247,836	247,836	0	1,912	0	1,912
12/31/2083	672,712	198,069	198,069	0	1,425	0	1,425
12/31/2084	516,360	156,378	156,378	0	1,049	0	1,049
12/31/2085	391,848	121,954	121,954	0	763	0	763
12/31/2086	293,959	93,914	93,914	0	548	0	548
12/31/2087	218,012	71,388	71,388	0	388	0	388
12/31/2088	159,887	53,572	53,572	0	272	0	272
12/31/2089	115,998	39,695	39,695	0	188	0	188
12/31/2090	83,299	29,021	29,021	0	128	0	128
12/31/2091	59,283	20,911	20,911	0	86	0	86
12/31/2092	41,925	14,851	14,851	0	57	0	57
12/31/2093	29,584	10,402	10,402	0	37	0	37
12/31/2094	20,956	7,185	7,185	0	24	0	24
12/31/2095	15,034	4,891	4,891	0	15	0	15
12/31/2096	11,058	3,278	3,278	0	9	0	9
12/31/2097	8,465	2,164	2,164	0	6	0	6
12/31/2098	6,837	1,408	1,408	0	4	0	4
12/31/2099	5,874	903	903	0	2	0	2
12/31/2100	5,364	570	570	0	1	0	1
12/31/2101	5,162	355	355	0	1	0	1
12/31/2102	5,168	219	219	0	0	0	0
12/31/2103	5,316	133	133	0	0	0	0
12/31/2104	5,564	80	80	0	0	0	0
12/31/2105	5,884	48	48	0	0	0	0
12/31/2106	6,261	28	28	0	0	0	0
12/31/2107	6,686	16	16	0	0	0	0
12/31/2108	7,154	8	8	0	0	0	0
12/31/2109	7,664	4	4	0	0	0	0
12/31/2110	8,216	2	2	0	0	0	0
12/31/2111	8,810	1	1	0	0	0	0
12/31/2111	9,448	0	0	0	0	0	0
12/31/2112	3,440	0	U	U	U	U	



Employer	Employer Code	Employer	Employer Code
A Childs Garden Charter (Aka Cross Creek Charter)	33501 36301	Carteret Community College Carteret County Schools	31605 31600
Academy Of Moore County Administrative Office Of The Courts		Casa Esperanza Montessori	
	10800	Casa Esperanza Montessori Caswell County Schools	39209
Alamance Community College	30105	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	31700
Alamance County Schools	30100	Catawba County Schools	31800
Alexander County Schools	30200	Catawba Valley Community College	31805
Alleghany County Schools	30300	Central Carolina Community College	35305
American Renaissance Middle Sch	34901	Central Park Sch For Children	33202
Anson County Schools	30400	Central Piedmont Community College	36005
Appalachian State University	20100	Chapel Hill - Carboro City Schools	36810
Arapahoe Charter School	36901	Charlotte Secondary Charter	36009
Arts Based Elementary Charter	33402	Charlotte-Mecklenburg County Schools	36000
Ashe County Schools	30500	Chatham County Schools	31900
Asheboro City Schools	37610	Cherokee County Schools	32000
Asheville City Schools	31110	Childrens Village Academy	35401
Asheville-Buncombe Technical College	31105	Clay County Schools	32200
Avery County Schools	30600	Cleveland County Schools	32300
Barber Examiners, State Board Of	18600	Cleveland Technical College	32305
Bear Grass Charter School	33206	Clinton City Schools	38210
Beaufort County Community College	30705	Clover Garden Charter School	30102
Beaufort County Schools	30700	Coastal Carolina Community College	36705
Bertie County Schools	30800	College Of The Albemarle	37005
Bethany Community Middle School	37901	Columbus County Schools	32400
Bladen Community College	30905	Community Charter School	36001
Bladen County Schools	30900	Community Colleges Administration	19005
Blue Ridge Community College	34505	Community School Of Davidson	36003
Brevard Academy Charter School	38801	Cornerstone Academy	33027
Bridges Charter Schools	38601	Corvian Community School	36004
Brunswick Community College	31005	Craven Community College	32505
Brunswick County Schools	31000	Cumberland County Schools	32600
Buncombe County Schools	31100	Currituck County Schools	32700
Burke County Schools	31200	Dare County Schools	32800
Cabarrus County Schools	31300	Davidson County Community College	32905
Caldwell Community College	31405	Davidson County Schools	32900
Caldwell County Schools	31400	Davie County Schools	33000
Camden County Schools	31500	Department Of Administration	10900
Cape Fear Community College	36505	Department Of Agriculture	18400
Cape Fear Ctr For Inquiry	36501	Department Of Commerce	12510
Cape Lookout Marine Science H.S.	31601	Department Of Cultural Resources	10700
Carolina International School	31301	Department of Justice	10400





Employer	Employer Code	Employer	Employer Code
Department Of Public Instruction	22000	Health & Human Svcs	12220
Department Of Public Instruction Department Of Public Safety	19100	Healthy Start Academy	33203
Duplin County Schools	33100	Henderson Collegiate Charter School	39401
Durham Public Schools	33200	Henderson County Schools	34500
Durham Technical Institute	33205	•	34600
East Carolina University	20300	Hertford County Schools Hickory City Schools	31810
East Wake Academy	39208	Highway - Administrative	51000
Edenton-Chowan County Schools	32100	Hoke County Schools	34700
Edgecombe County Schools	33300	Hyde County Schools	34800
	33305		10930
Edgecombe Technical College		Information Technology Services	
Elizabeth City And Pasquotank County Schools	37000	Insurance Department	12600
Elizabeth City State University	20400	Invest Collegiate Charter School	32901
Elkin City Schools	38620	Iredell County Schools	34900
Endeavor Charter School	39201	Isothermal Community College	38105
Environment And Natural Resources	11300	Jackson County Schools	35000
Evergreen Community Charter School	31102	James Sprunt Technical College	33105
F Delany New School For Children	31101	Johnston County Schools	35100
Fayetteville State University	20600	Johnston Technical College	35105
Fayetteville Technical Community College	32605	Jones County Schools	35200
Forsyth Technical Institute	33405	Kannapolis City Schools	31320
Franklin County Schools	33500	Kennedy Charter	36002
Gaston College	33605	Kipp Charlotte Charter	36102
Gaston College Preparatory Charter	36601	Labor Department	12700
Gaston County Schools	33600	Lake Norman Charter School	36006
Gates County Schools	33700	Lenoir County Community College	35405
General Assembly	12160	Lenoir County Schools	35400
Governor'S Office	12100	Lexington City Schools	32910
Graham County Schools	33800	Lincoln County Schools	35500
Grandfather Academy	30601	Lt Governor'S Office	12150
Granville County Schools And Oxford Orphanage	33900	Macon County Schools	35600
Gray Stone Day School	38402	Madison County Schools	35700
Greene County Schools	34000	Martin Community College	35805
Guilford County Schools	34100	Martin County Schools	35800
Guilford Technical Community College	34105	Mayland Technical College	36105
Halifax Community College	34205	Mcdowell County Schools	35900
Halifax County Schools	34200	Mcdowell Technical College	35905
Haliwa-Saponi Tribal Charter	39301	Millennium Charter Academy	38602
Harnett County Schools	34300	Mitchell Community College	34905
Haywood County Schools	34400	Mitchell County Schools	36100
Haywood Technical College	34405	Montgomery Community College	36205





Employer	Employer Code	Employer	Employer Code
Montgomery County Schools	36200	Pinnacle Classical Academy	39703
Moore County Schools	36300	Pitt Community College	37405
Mooresville City Schools	34910	Pitt County Schools	37400
Mount Airy City Schools	38610	Polk County Schools	37500
Mountain Community School	34501	Randolph Community College	37605
Mtn Discovery Charter	38701	Randolph County Schools	37600
N C Auctioneers Licensing Board	18740	Revenue Department	13500
N C Central University	20800	Richmond County Schools	37700
N C Department Of Correction	18300	Richmond Technical College	37705
N C Real Estate Commission	18690	River Mill Academy Charter	30103
N C School Of Science & Mathematics	10950	Roanoke Rapids City Schools	34220
N C School Of The Arts	20200	Roanoke-Chowan Community College	34605
N C State Board Of Examiners Of Practicing Psychol	18780	Robeson Community College	37805
N C State University	21300	Robeson County Schools	37800
N.E. Regional School For Biotechnology	33001	Rockingham Community College	37905
Nash Technical College	36405	Rockingham County Schools	37900
Nash-Rocky Mount Schools	36400	Rowan-Cabarrus Community College	38005
Nc A&T University	20700	Rowan-Salisbury School System	38000
Nc Housing Finance Agency	11310	Roxboro Community School	37301
Neuse Charter School	35106	Rutherford County Schools	38100
New Bern/Craven County Board Of Education	32500	Sampson Community College	38205
New Hanover County Schools	36500	Sampson County Schools	38200
Newton-Conover City Schools	31820	Sandhills Community College	36305
North Carolina Board Of Opticians	18640	Sanford-Lee County Board Of Education	35300
North Carolina Education Lottery	10200	Scotland County Schools	38300
Northampton County Schools	36600	Secretary Of State	13700
Office Of Administrative Hearing	10850	Segs Academy	32420
Office Of State Budget & Management	10910	Socrates Academy	36007
Office Of State Controller	10940	South Piedmont Community College	30405
Onslow County Schools	36700	Southeastern Academy Charter School	37801
Orange Charter School	36802	Southeastern Community College	32405
Orange County Schools	36800	Southern Wake Academy	39204
Pace Academy	36801	Southwestern Community College	35005
Pamlico Community College	36905	Stanly Community College	38405
Pamlico County Schools	36900	Stanly County Schools	38400
Pender County Schools	37100	Stars Charter School	36302
Perquimans County Schools	37200	State Auditor	10500
Person County Schools	37300	State Board Of Elections	11900
Piedmont Community College	37305	State Board Of Examiners For Electrical Contractor	18670
Pine Lake Prep Charter	36008	State Treasurer	14300





	Employer		Employer
Employer	Code	Employer	Code
Stokes County Schools	38500	Vance-Granville Community College	39105
Success Institute	34903	Voyager Academy	33204
Surry Community College	38605	Wake County Schools	39200
Surry County Schools	38600	Wake Technical College	39205
Swain County Schools	38700	Warren County Schools	39300
Teachers & State Empl Medical Plan	12000	Washington County Schools	39400
The Hawbridge School	30104	Watauga County Schools	39500
Thomasville City Schools	32920	Wayne Community College	39605
Transylvania County Schools	38800	Wayne County Schools	39600
Tri-County Community College	32005	Weldon City Schools	34230
Two Rivers Comm School	39501	Western Carolina University	21800
Tyrrell County Schools	38900	Western Piedmont Comm College	31205
UNC - Pembroke	21200	Whiteville City Schools	32410
UNC Health Care System	21550	Wildlife Resources Commission	11600
UNC-Ch Cb 1260	21520	Wilkes Community College	39705
UNC-General Administration	21525	Wilkes County Schools	39700
Union County Schools	39000	Wilmington Prep Academy	36502
University Of North Carolina At Asheville	23000	Wilson Community College	39805
University Of North Carolina At Charlotte	23100	Wilson County Schools	39800
University Of North Carolina At Greensboro	20900	Winston-Salem State University	21900
University Of North Carolina At Wilmington	23200	Winston-Salem-Forsyth County Schools	33400
University Of North Carolina Press	21570	Yadkin County Schools	39900
Uwharrie Charter Academy	37601	Yancey County Schools	30000
Vance Charter School	39101	Zeca School Of The Arts And Technology	36701
Vance County Schools	39100		



