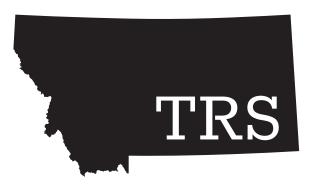
Montana Teachers' Retirement System



A Component Unit of the State of Montana

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023



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ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Shawn Graham Executive Director

Tammy Rau Deputy Executive Director

Prepared by: The Montana Teachers' Retirement System 100 N. Park Avenue, Suite 110, PO Box 200139 Helena, MT 59620-0139

trs.mt.gov

An alternative accessible format of this document will be provided upon request.

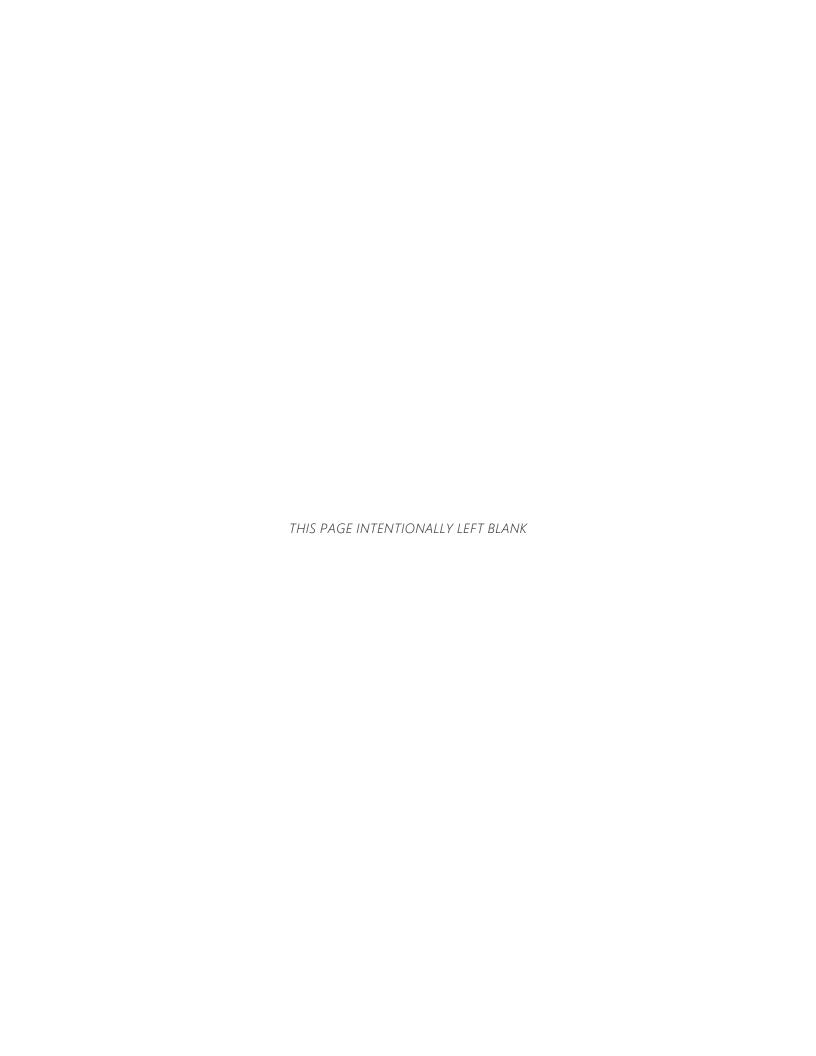
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Montana Teachers' Retirement System

100 North Park Avenue, Suite 110 P.O. Box 200139 Helena, MT 59620-0139 406-444-3134 866-600-4045

December 14, 2023

Honorable Greg Gianforte Governor of Montana Room 204, State Capitol Helena, MT 59620

Dear Governor Gianforte:

On behalf of the Montana Teachers' Retirement Board and participating plan members, we are pleased to present the Montana Teachers' Retirement System's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This report is intended to provide comprehensive information on the financial operations of the Montana Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) for the year. The issuance of the TRS ACFR satisfies the legal requirements of §19-20-201(d) and §19-20-215, Montana Code Annotated (MCA).

TRS management is responsible for the information presented in this report and for establishing and maintaining an internal accounting control structure to reasonably assure the safekeeping of assets and the reliability of financial reporting. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

TRS was established by state law in 1937 and has completed its 86th year of operation. As of June 30, 2023 TRS is providing services to 19,978 active members, 17,707 benefit recipients, and has a Net Position valued at approximately \$4.921 billion.

Plan Qualification Certification

TRS is statutorily required to maintain its status as a qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). Qualified plan status provides tax-favorable treatment of contributions to and assets of the retirement system, including that TRS members and employers may make contributions to the retirement system on a pre-tax basis. TRS' qualified plan status is determined by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) through periodic review of TRS's plan provisions and is evidenced by the IRS's issuance of a favorable "determination letter."

TRS submitted its most recent request for a qualification determination to the IRS on November 27, 2013. TRS received a favorable determination letter from the IRS on April 23, 2014. The current determination letter establishing that TRS is a tax-qualified pension plan will remain in effect unless and until TRS has a basis to request a new qualification review and a new qualification determination is issued by the IRS.

Plan Funding Status

The TRS plan's Net Funded Ratio increased from 71.73% at July 1, 2022, to 72.49% at July 1, 2023. In addition, the July 1, 2023 Actuarial Valuation shows that the current contribution rates are sufficient to pay the System's normal cost and to amortize the System's Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) in 24 years, based on the current funding methods and long term actuarial assumptions.

The total contribution rate as of July 1, 2023 was 20.11% of earned compensation. The rate was made up from employee, employer, and supplemental contributions from the State of Montana. The normal cost and administrative expense load of 10.75% is funded by the total contribution rate. The remaining 9.36% is available to fund the amortization of the UAAL. The UAAL is also funded through an annual contribution of \$25 million, payable on July 1st, from the State of Montana general fund. The System's UAAL as of July 1, 2023 is \$1.886 billion. Additional information regarding the financial condition of the TRS plan can be found in the Actuarial Section of this report.

Employers of the Montana University System (MUS) contribute 4.72% of pay for members of the MUS Retirement Program (MUS-RP) to fund the past service liabilities of the university system members who remained in TRS after the system was closed in 1993 to new entrants, as required under §19-20-621, MCA. The most recent MUS-RP actuarial valuation, as of July 1, 2022, shows the MUS supplemental employer contribution rate required by this section would have to increase from 4.72% to 13.53% to maintain the amortization of the university system's past service liabilities by July 1, 2033, as required by §19-20-621, MCA.

Actuarially Determined Contribution

The Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) is the recommended contribution amount to the plan for the reporting period, determined by the Actuary, in conformity with Actuarial Standards of Practice. If the ADC is received by the plan through contributions, in the reporting period, the contributions received will fund benefits accrued in the current period (the normal cost) as well as amortize the system's UAAL in 30 years or less. As of the most recent actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2023, contributions to the plan are sufficient to fund the normal cost plus amortize the UAAL in 30 years or less (24 years). Therefore, the ADC is equal to the actual contributions to the plan in the amount of \$248,904,127, and there is no contribution deficiency.

Investment Activity

The Montana Board of Investments (MBOI) manages the State's Unified Investment Program, which includes the TRS plan investments as required by §19-20-501, MCA. The Unified Investment Program is required by law (§17-6-201, MCA) to operate under the "prudent expert principle," defined as: 1) discharging its duties with the care, skill, prudence, and diligence that a prudent person acting in a like capacity with the same resources and familiar with like matters exercises in the conduct of an enterprise of like character and like aims; 2) diversifying the holdings of each fund to minimize the risk of loss and maximize the rate of return; and 3) discharging its duties solely in the interest of and for the benefit of the funds managed.

The TRS investment portfolio posted a positive total return of 8.46% for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The System's total annualized rate of return over the last three and five years was positive 9.84% and 7.55% respectively. At June 30, 2023, the total annualized rate of return from the inception date (7/1/1994) was 7.72%. Below is a breakdown of the return rates for the "Short-Term Investment Pool" (STIP) and "Consolidated Asset Pension Pool" (CAPP) and the underlying "Pension Asset Classes" (PACs). MBOI invests the TRS and other pension portfolios for the long-term and its investment strategies, are designed to provide sufficient returns over time. However, there is no guarantee of future investment performance. Performance in any given year is dependent not only on the MBOI's investment performance but also on the performance of the markets themselves, which are impacted by domestic and global economic conditions, interest rates, and government policies. Please refer to the Investment Section of this report for additional detailed information regarding TRS investments. Please refer to the Schedule of Investment Expenses for additional detailed information regarding TRS investment expenses.

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	FY 2023	3-Year	5-Year	Inception to Date
Short Term Investment Pool	3.77%	1.41%	1.64%	2.31%
Consolidated Asset Pension Pool	8.51%	9.94%	7.65%	8.08%
Domestic Equity - PAC	18.87%	14.37%	10.96%	9.69%
International Equity - PAC	12.48%	6.97%	3.50%	4.63%
Core Fixed Income - PAC	(0.75%)	(3.47%)	0.84%	5.06%
Non-Core Fixed Income - PAC	7.71%	1.72%	2.53%	6.31%
Private Investments - PAC	2.83%	21.10%	14.91%	12.95%
Real Estate - PAC	(2.10%)	9.51%	7.48%	4.79%
Real Assets - PAC	12.20%	15.45%	5.43%	5.66%
Cash Equivalents - PAC	4.96%	1.85%	1.94%	1.85%
Total Portfolio	8.46%	9.84%	7.55%	7.72%

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) of the United States and Canada awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Teachers' Retirement System for its Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This is the 16th consecutive year that Teachers' Retirement System has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. TRS believes the current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and this report will be submitted to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The Public Pension Coordinating Council (PPCC) also awarded TRS the Public Pension Standards Award for Administration for 2023 in recognition of meeting the professional standards for plan administration as set forth in the Public Pension Standards. The PPCC is a coalition of the National Association of State Retirement Administrators, the National Conference on Public Employee Retirement Systems, and the National Council on Teacher Retirement. TRS has received this award for 21 consecutive years.

Independent Auditor

The financial statements contained in the TRS ACFR were audited by the State's Legislative Audit Division (LAD) in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. The Legislative Auditor is appointed by and reports to the State's Legislative Audit Committee. The LAD issued an unmodified opinion on the TRS financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and financial statements with accompanying notes, required supplementary information with notes, and supporting schedules can be found in the Financial Section of this report.

Conclusion

On behalf of the Board, I would like to thank the staff, the Board's advisors, and the many people whose commitment, dedication, and proficiency has directly contributed to the continued successful operation of the Montana Teachers' Retirement System. The TRS Board and staff look forward to continuing to serve the educators of Montana.

Sincerely,

/s/ Shawn Graham

Shawn Graham Executive Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Montana Teachers' Retirement System

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



Public Pension Coordinating Council

Public Pension Standards Award For Funding and Administration 2023

Presented to

Montana Teachers' Retirement System

In recognition of meeting professional standards for plan funding and administration as set forth in the Public Pension Standards.

Presented by the Public Pension Coordinating Council, a confederation of

National Association of State Retirement Administrators (NASRA) National Conference on Public Employee Retirement Systems (NCPERS) National Council on Teacher Retirement (NCTR)

Alan H. Winkle
Program Administrator

Board of Directors

Kari Elliott, Chair

Appointed by Governor Active Public School Teacher Kalispell, Montana kpeiffer@mt.gov Term expires July 1, 2027

Daniel Chamberlin, Vice Chair

Appointed by Governor Public Sectorr Representative Whitefish, Montana dchamberlin@mt.gov Term expires July 1, 2025

Scott Dubbs

Appointed by Governor Active Member Representative Lewistown, Montana sdubbs@mt.gov Term expired July 1, 2023

Daniel Trost

Appointed by Governor Public Sector Representative Montana Board of Investments Member Helena, Montana dtrost@mt.gov Term expires July 1, 2024

Dee Brown

Appointed by Governor Retired Member Representative Hungry Horse, Montana dee.brown@mt.gov Term expires July 1, 2026

Vacant

Appointed by Governor Active Member Representative

Term expires July 1, 2027

Professional Consultants

Alfred Munksgard & Associates

IT Consultant 3625 Thousand Oaks Blvd Thousand Oaks, CA 91362

Rising Stars, LLC

IT Consultant 72 Warm Springs Creek Rd Clancy, MT 59634

Drake Law Firm

Legal and Business Advisors 111 N Last Chance Gulch Helena, MT 59601

Cavanaugh Macdonald Consulting, LLC

Consulting Actuary 3550 Busbee Pkwy Ste 250 Kennesaw, GA 30144

Ice Miller Legal Counsel

Legal and Business Advisors One American Square Ste 2900 Indianapolis, IN 46282

TRS ADMINISTRATIVE ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

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LEGISLATIVE AUDIT DIVISION

Angus Maciver, Legislative Auditor Kenneth E. Varns, Legal Counsel



Deputy Legislative Auditors: Cindy Jorgenson William Soller Miki Cestnik

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Legislative Audit Committee of the Montana State Legislature:

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Teacher's Retirement System (system), a fiduciary component unit of the state of Montana, which are comprised of the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position as of June 30, 2023, and the related Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position for the fiscal year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Teacher's Retirement System as of June 30, 2023, and the changes in net position for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the board to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the board's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Room 160 • State Capitol Building • PO Box 201705 • Helena, MT • 59620-1705 Phone (406) 444-3122 • FAX (406) 444-9784 • E-mail lad@legmt.gov

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the board's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
 accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
 financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the
 aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the board's ability to continue as a going concern
 for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the following be presented to supplement the basic financial statements.

- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability TRS Plan
- Schedule of the Net Pension Liability TRS Plan
- Schedule of Investment Returns TRS Plan
- Schedule of Employer and Non-Employer Contributing Entities Contributions TRS Plan
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability TRS as Employer of PERS Plan

- Schedule of Contributions TRS as Employer of PERS Plan
- Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan Information
- Related Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consists of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements as a whole. The Schedule of Administrative Expenses, Schedule of Investment Expenses, and Schedule of Payments to Consultants are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Introductory, Investment, Actuarial, and Statistical sections but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2023, on our consideration of the board's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the board's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. It is included in the Legislative Auditor's separately issued report (23-09).

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Cindy Jorgenson

Cindy Jorgenson, CPA Deputy Legislative Auditor Helena, MT

December 14, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following discussion and analysis of the Montana Teachers' Retirement System (TRS or the System) provides a narrative overview of TRS's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The TRS financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and required supplementary information as of June 30, 2023 were prepared in conformity with GASB Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans and GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

Because of the long-term nature of a defined benefit pension plan, financial statements alone cannot provide sufficient information to properly reflect the System's ongoing plan perspective. The Statement of Fiduciary Net Position reflects the resources available to pay benefits to retirees and beneficiaries. The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position presents the changes that occurred in those resources for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to gain a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements. The required supplementary information (RSI) consists of the following four schedules and notes to those schedules of the defined benefit pension plan administered by TRS: changes in the net pension liability, net pension liability, the money-weighted rate of investment returns, and employer contributions. The RSI also contains the following two schedules and notes to those schedules of the defined benefit pension plan that TRS participates in as an employer: proportionate share of the net pension liability and employer contributions. The RSI also contains a schedule and notes related to Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB) information.

Financial Highlights

- The TRS fiduciary net position increased by \$196 million from \$4.724 billion at 06/30/22 to \$4.921 billion at 06/30/23, representing an increase of 4.2% from year to year.
- The TRS plan net investment income/loss was positive \$388 million at 06/30/23 compared to negative \$207 million at 06/30/22.
- The TRS plan rate of return on investments during FY 2023 was positive 8.5% compared with the FY 2022 rate of return of negative 4.3%.
- The TRS benefit payments paid to benefit recipients increased 3.6% from \$414.3 million to \$429.1 million for FY 2023, which is consistent with previous increases.
- Withdrawals from the System decreased by 24.3% from \$10.3 million in FY 2022 to \$7.8 million in FY 2023.

Condensed Financial Information

For comparative purposes, the Condensed Financial Information for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 is presented with the previous fiscal year's financial information.

Fiduciary Net Position (in millions)

	FY	′2023	F`	Y2022	Percent Change	*
Cash/Short-Term Investments	\$	63.0	\$	55.8	13.0%	
Receivables		24.8		24.2	2.7%	
Investments (Fair Value)	4	,884.8	4	4,694.0	4.1%	
Other Assets (Net)		2.8		3.4	(18.1%)	
Total Assets	4	,975.4	4	4,777.3	4.1%	
Deferred Outflows		0.5		0.6	(18.6%)	
Liabilities		54.6		52.8	3.6%	
Deferred Inflows		0.4		0.7	(38.3%)	
Net Position	\$ 4	,920.8	\$ 4	4,724.4	4.2%	

Change in Fiduciary Net Position (in millions)

		FY2023	FY2022	Percent Change*
Additions:				
Employer Contributions	\$	113.4	\$ 109.7	3.4%
Plan Member Contributions		87.0	85.7	1.5%
Other Contributions		48.5	48.0	1.0%
Net Investment Income		388.4	(207.4)	287.3%
Total Additions		637.4	36.0	1,670.4%
Deductions:				
Benefit Payments		429.1	414.3	3.6%
Withdrawals		7.8	10.3	(24.3%)
Administrative and Other Expenses		4.1	3.7	9.2%
Total Deductions		441.0	428.4	2.9%
Change in Net Position	\$	196.4	\$ (392.4)	150.0%
Net Postion - Beginning		4,724.4	5,116.8	(7.7%)
Net Postion - Ending	\$	4,920.8	\$ 4,724.4	4.2%

^{*}Percentages are calculated based on the actual reported values in the Financial Statements rather than on the amounts rounded to the nearest million in the tables above.

Financial Analysis

- The increase in Employer Contributions was due in part to HB 377 provisions that took effect in FY 2014, which increase Employer contribution rates by 0.10% each year for ten years. FY 2024 is the final Employer Contribution Rate increase in current law.
- The increase in Employer, Plan Member, and Other Contributions are also due do to an increase in Reportable Compensation to the System as a whole.
- The System's Return on Investments was positive in FY 2023, resulting in a net investment income of \$388.4 million.

- Net investment income for FY 2023 was up considerably from the previous fiscal year largely due to market corrections from a down market and substantial returns in domestic and international equities.
- The increase in benefit payments from year-to-year reflects an increase in the number of TRS benefit recipients, plus the 1.5% guaranteed annual benefit adjustment. The increase is comparable to previous fiscal years.
- Administrative Expenses for FY 2023 were 0.87% of Benefit Payments. By the laws set forth in the Montana Code Annotated, TRS is required to keep Administrative Expenses under 1.5% of Benefit Payments.

Overview of the Actuarial Funding

An actuarial valuation of the System is performed annually. As a result of the actuarial valuation of the benefits in effect under the Montana Teachers' Retirement System as of July 1, 2023, the statutory employer contributions are sufficient to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) of the Retirement System within 24 years. The Funded Ratio is 72.49%.

MCA 19-20-201 requires the Valuation report to show how market performance is affecting the actuarial funding of the Retirement System. The July 1, 2023 fair value of assets is \$51.1 million less than the actuarial value of assets. This is due to the smoothing of investment gains and losses over a four year period. If the fair value of assets was used, the amortization period would be 25 years, and the Funded Ratio would be 71.75%.

The TRS fair value of assets earned 8.30% net of investment and operating expenses. As a result of cumulative unrecognized gains, the actuarial assets earned 7.66% which is 0.36% more than the actuarial assumption of 7.30%. The return on the actuarial assets differs from the return on fair value of assets because the actuarial value of assets spreads gains and losses over four years.

The following table compares the annual returns for the past five fiscal years.

Fiscal Year	Fair Value Return	Actuarial Return	Fair Value Return Over/(Under) Assumption Rate	Actuarial Return Over/(Under) Assumption Rate
7/01/2018 - 6/30/2019	5.69%	7.00%	(1.81)%	(0.50)%
7/01/2019 - 6/30/2020	2.72%	7.00%	(4.78)%	(0.50)%
7/01/2020 - 6/30/2021	27.73%	10.68%	20.23%	3.18%
7/01/2021 - 6/30/2022	(4.13)%	8.14%	(11.63)%	0.64%
7/01/2022 - 6/30/2023	8.30%	7.66%	1.00%	0.36%

Asset gains or losses result when the return on the actuarial value of assets differs from the actuarial investment return assumption of 7.30% effective July 1, 2022.

The net result as of July 1, 2023 is that the fair value of assets is \$51.1 million less than the actuarial value of assets. This 51.1 million in unrecognized asset losses will either offset any future investment gains or, if there are none, increase the amortization period of the UAAL in future valuations.

As of July 1, 2023, the System's Actuarial Value of Assets increased by 172.3 million from \$4.800 billion at July 1, 2022 to \$4.972 billion at July 1, 2023. The Actuarial Accrued Liability at July 1, 2023 was \$6.858 billion. This resulted in an UAAL of \$1.886 billion at July 1, 2023. This was a net decrease in the unfunded position of \$5.3 million compared to July 1, 2022.

TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF MONTANA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AS OF JUNE 30, 2023

	2023
Assets	
Cash and Short-Term Investments (Note B)	\$63,011,378
Receivables:	
Accounts Receivable	24,571,800
Interest Receivable	266,894
Total Receivables	\$24,838,694
Investments, at Fair Value: (Note B)	
Equity in Pooled Investments	\$4,835,048,177
Securities Lending Collateral (Note B)	49,737,244
Total Investments	\$4,884,785,421
Assets Used in Plan Operations (Note C):	
Leasehold Improvements	\$243,881
Accumulated Depreciation	(121,940)
Equipment and Intangible Assets	187,918
Accumulated Depreciation	(16,286)
Intangible Right to Use Building	2,810,123
Accumulated Depreciation	(330,603)
Total Other Assets	2,773,093
Total Assets	\$4,975,408,586
Pension Deferred Outflows (Note E)	\$336,218
OPEB Deferred Outflows (Note G)	\$168,376
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	\$179,747
Securities Lending Liability (Note B)	49,737,244
Compensated Absences (Note B)	218,004
OPEB Implicit Rate Subsidy (Note G)	53,547
Net Pension Liability (Note E)	1,851,315
Standard Lease (Note C)	2,595,185
Total Liabilities	\$54,635,042
Pension Deferred Inflows (Note E)	\$135,533
OPEB Deferred Inflows (Note G)	\$299,492
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits	\$4,920,843,113

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements section is an integral part of this financial statement.

TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF MONTANA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	2023
Additions	
Contributions:	
Employer	\$113,441,533
Plan member	87,024,738
Other	48,437,855
Total Contributions	\$248,904,126
Miscellaneous Income	\$55,137
Investment Income:	
Net Appreciation/(Depreciation) in Fair	
Value of Investments	\$412,780,805
Investment Earnings	2,241,955
Security Lending Income (Note B)	2,670,499
Investment Income/(Loss)	417,693,259
Investment Expense	(27,623,923)
Security Lending Expense (Note B)	(1,623,360)
Net Investment Income/(Loss)	388,445,976
Total Additions	637,405,239
Deductions	
Benefit Payments	\$429,121,173
Withdrawals	7,830,941
Administrative Expense	3,745,792
OPEB Expense (Note G)	7,070
Pension Expense (Note E)	306,634
Total Deductions	\$441,011,610
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position	\$196,393,629
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits	
Beginning of the Year	\$4,724,449,484
Prior Period Adjustment (Note B)	\$0
Net Position End of Year	\$4,920,843,113

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements section is an integral part of this financial statement.

TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF MONTANA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE A. DESCRIPTION OF THE PLAN

Teachers' Retirement System (TRS or the System) is a mandatory-participation multiple-employer cost-sharing defined-benefit public pension plan that provides retirement services to individuals employed as teachers, administrators, and other skilled public education professionals in Montana.

The Teachers' Retirement System Board (the Board) and staff administer the retirement system in conformity with the laws set forth in Title 19, chapter 20 of the Montana Code Annotated, and administrative rules set forth in Title 2, chapter 44 of the Administrative Rules of Montana. Additional information pertaining to membership, benefit structure, and prior years' actuarial valuations, as well as links to applicable statutes and administrative rules may be obtained by visiting the TRS website at trs.mt.gov.

The Montana Board of Investments (MBOI) manages the State's Unified Investment Program, which includes the TRS plan investments as required by §19-20-501, MCA. Per the Montana Constitution, Article VIII Section 13(3), investment of TRS assets shall be managed in a fiduciary capacity in the same manner that a prudent expert acting in a fiduciary capacity and familiar with the circumstances would use in the conduct of an enterprise of a similar character with similar aims. MBOI's stand-alone financial statements and information on investment policies, investment activity, investment management fees, and a listing of specific investments owned by the pooled asset accounts can be obtained from the Montana Board of Investments, P.O. Box 200126, Helena, MT 59620-0126. The MBOI website can be found at investmentmt.com.

The Board is the governing body of the System. The System was established by the State of Montana in 1937 to provide retirement, death, and disability benefits to individuals employed in public education in Montana. TRS as an employer does not participate in the plan and acts only as the administrator of the plan.

Board Composition

The Board consists of six members, all appointed by the Governor. Three Board members must be teaching professionals who, when appointed, are active members of TRS; at least one of the active members must be an active classroom teacher. One Board member must be a retired teacher who was a member of TRS at the time of retirement. Two Board members are appointed from the public at large. TRS Board members serve staggered five-year terms. Three Board members constitutes a quorum.

Reporting Entities

At June 30, 2023, the number and type of reporting entities participating in the system were as follows:

Total	364	
State Agencies	7	
University System Units	2	
Community Colleges	3	
Local School Districts, Counties, and Co-ops	352	

System Membership

At July 1, 2023, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, system membership consisted of the following:

Retirees and Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	17,707
Terminated Members:	
Vested	2,214
Non-vested	5,854
Active Plan Members:	
Full-Time	13,814
Part-Time	6,164
Deceased Members Pending Account Settlement	407
Total Membership	46,160

Summary of Benefits

Through June 30, 2013, all members enrolled in TRS participated in a single-tiered plan (Tier One). In the Tier One plan, employees with a minimum of 25 years of service or who have reached age 60 with 5 years of service are eligible to receive an annual retirement benefit equal to creditable service years divided by 60 times the average final compensation. Final compensation is the average of the highest three consecutive years of earned compensation. Benefits fully vest after 5 years of creditable service. Vested employees may retire at or after age 50 and receive reduced retirement benefits.

Beginning July 1, 2013, new members in TRS participate in a second benefit tier (Tier Two), which differs from Tier One as follows:

- Tier Two uses a 5-year average final compensation (AFC) (as opposed to 3-year AFC in Tier One);
- Tier Two provides for unreduced service retirement benefits at age 60 with 5 years of creditable service or at age 55 with at least 30 years of creditable service (rather than at age 60 with 5 years of service or at any age with creditable service of 25 years in Tier One);
- Tier Two provides for early retirement benefits with 5 years of creditable service at age 55 (rather than age 50 in Tier One);
- Tier Two has a one percent higher normal employee contribution rate (though a temporary 1% supplemental employee contribution rate is also now currently in place for Tier One members), and
- Tier Two provides for an enhanced benefit calculation 1.85% x AFC x years of creditable service for members retiring with at least 30 years of creditable service and at least 60 years of age (rather than 1.6667% x AFC x years of creditable service for Tier One).

A guaranteed annual benefit adjustment (GABA) is payable on January 1st of each calendar year for each retiree who has received at least 36 monthly retirement benefit payments prior to that date. The GABA is applicable to both Tier One and Tier Two members. The GABA is calculated at 1.5% of the benefit payable as of January 1st. For Tier Two members, the GABA to be calculated each year may vary from 0.5% to 1.5% based on the retirement system's funding status and the period required to amortize any unfunded accrued actuarial liability as determined in the prior actuarial valuation.

Overview of Contributions

The TRS funding policy provides for monthly employee and employer contributions at rates specified by state law. Plan members, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, were required to contribute 8.15% of their earned compensation. School district, education cooperative, county, and community college employers were required to contribute 9.37% of earned compensation. University System and State Agency employers were required to contribute 11.75% of earned compensation.

The TRS funding policy also provides for monthly supplemental contributions at rates specified by state law. The State's general fund contributes an additional 2.38% of earned compensation for school district, education cooperative, county, and community college employees each month. The State's general fund also contributes an additional 0.11% of earned compensation for all TRS members each month. These monthly general fund contributions along with an annual lump-sum contribution of \$25 million from the general fund make up the "Other" contribution category on the financial statements.

Each employer in the Montana University System contributes to TRS a supplemental employer contribution currently at a rate of 4.72% of the total compensation for employees participating in the Montana University System Retirement Program (MUS-RP).

Contribution rates for FY 2022, 2023, and 2024 for school district, education cooperative, county, and community college employers are listed below.

Fiscal Year	Members	Employers	General Fund	Total
July 1, 2021– June 30, 2022	8.15%	9.27%	2.49%	19.91%
July 1, 2022– June 30, 2023	8.15%	9.37%	2.49%	20.01%
July 1, 2023– June 30, 2024	8.15%	9.47%	2.49%	20.11%

Contribution rates for FY 2022, 2023, and 2024 for state agencies and university system employers are listed below.

Fiscal Year	Members	Employers	General Fund	Total
July 1, 2021– June 30, 2022	8.15%	11.65%	0.11%	19.91%
July 1, 2022– June 30, 2023	8.15%	11.75%	0.11%	20.01%
July 1, 2023– June 30, 2024	8.15%	11.85%	0.11%	20.11%

Pursuant to §19-20-609, MCA, the employer contribution rate will increase by 0.10% each year beginning July 1, 2014 through fiscal year 2024.

NOTE B. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting

Teachers' Retirement System, a fiduciary component unit Pension Trust Fund of the State of Montana financial reporting entity, prepares its financial statements using the accrual basis of accounting. Member contributions and employer contributions are recognized when due. Revenues are recorded in the accounting period in which they are earned, realized, and become measurable in accordance with the terms of the System. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized in the accounting period in which they are due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Expenses are recognized in the period incurred. The System adheres to all applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements.

Prior Period Adjustments

Prior period adjustments relate to corrections of errors and changes in accounting policy from prior periods. The System had no prior period adjustments for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Significant Accounting Changes

Significant accounting policies are specific accounting principles and methods used and considered to be the most appropriate to use in current circumstances in order to fairly present the financial statements. The System had no significant accounting changes for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences represent 100 percent of accrued vacation and 25 percent of accrued sick leave for TRS personnel. Compensated absences were recorded as a liability of \$218,004 at June 30, 2023.

Investments

The Montana Board of Investments (MBOI) manages the State's Unified Investment Program, which includes the TRS plan investments as required by §19-20-501, MCA. Per the Montana Constitution, Article VIII Section 13(3), investment of TRS assets shall be managed in a fiduciary capacity in the same manner that a prudent expert acting in a fiduciary capacity and familiar with the circumstances would use in the conduct of an enterprise of a similar character with similar aims. Investments administered by MBOI for TRS are subject to MBOI's investment risk policies. MBOI's stand-alone financial statements and information on investment policies, investment activity, investment management fees, and a listing of specific investments owned by the pooled asset accounts can be obtained from the Montana Board of Investments, P.O. Box 200126, Helena, MT 59620-0126. The MBOI website can be found at investmentmt.com.

At June 30, 2023, TRS investments include the Short-Term Investment Pool (STIP) and the Consolidated Asset Pension Pool (CAPP).

Short-Term Investment Pool (STIP)

The Montana Public Retirement Plans investment in STIP will provide the Plans with exposure to Cash related investments. STIP will be managed internally by MBOI utilizing an active investment strategy. STIP invests primarily in short-term, high quality, fixed income securities with a maximum maturity of 397 days or less. Variable securities shall have a maximum maturity of 2 years. STIP shall maintain a dollar-weighted average portfolio maturity of 120 days or less. This Pool is managed to preserve principal while providing 24-hour liquidity for state agency and local government participants.

Consolidated Asset Pension Pool (CAPP)

CAPP invests directly in the underlying Pension Asset Classes (PACs) on behalf of the nine retirement systems within the MBOI Board-approved asset allocation ranges. Each PAC has an underlying set of MBOI Board-approved investment objectives and investment guidelines. Below is a short description of each PAC within the CAPP. For liquidity purposes, each PAC and external manager has a limited amount of cash/cash equivalents. With the exception of the Cash PAC, it is invested in the State Street Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF), which invests in high quality short-term securities. For external managers, it is invested per MBOI established guidelines.

Domestic Equities PAC

Invests primarily in US traded equity securities such as common stock. The type of portfolio structures utilized are separately managed accounts, commingled accounts, limited partnerships, or limited liability companies, and exchange traded funds.

International Equities PAC

Invests primarily in international equity securities that trade on foreign exchanges in developed and emerging markets. The type of portfolio structures utilized are separately managed accounts, commingled accounts, limited partnerships, or limited liability companies, and exchange traded funds.

Private Investments PAC

Invests in the entire capital structure of private companies. The type of portfolio structures include private partnership interests, separate accounts, commingled funds and exchange traded funds. The investments typically have well-defined strategies such as buyout, venture, or distressed debt. Private Equity investments are considered long-term. Exchange traded funds are utilized to minimize the cash position.

Real Estate PAC

Invests primarily in real estate properties. The type of portfolio structures include private partnership interests, real estate investment trusts (REITs), separate accounts, commingled funds and exchange traded funds. The funds typically have well-defined strategies such as core, value-add, or opportunistic. Real Estate investments generally require long, time horizon to realize the value of the assets. Exchange traded funds are utilized to minimize the cash position.

Real Assets PAC

Invests in energy, timber investments or other commodity related assets. The type of portfolio structures include private partnership interests, separate accounts, commingled funds and exchange traded funds. Natural Resources investments generally require a long, time horizon to realize the value of the asset.

Core Fixed Income PAC

Invests primarily in marketable, publicly traded, investment grade fixed income securities denominated in U.S. dollars. The type of portfolio structures include internally managed portfolios or externally managed separate accounts, commingled funds and limited partnerships.

Non-Core Fixed Income PAC

Invests primarily in marketable, publicly traded, high yield corporate debt, emerging market debt, convertible debt and preferred securities. The type of portfolio structures include separately managed accounts, commingled accounts, and limited partnerships.

Cash PAC

Invests primarily in highly liquid, money-market type securities. The type of portfolio structures include the MBOI managed Short-Term Investment Pool (STIP) or cash vehicles managed through MBOI's custodian or other Security Exchange Commission registered U.S. government money market funds.

TRS Investment Portfolio June 30, 2023						
Investment			Fair Value			
Short-Term Investment Pool		\$	54,469,383			
Consolidated Asset Pension Pool			4,835,048,177			
	Total	\$	4,889,517,559			

Consolidated Asset Pension Pool (CAPP)

CAPP is an internal investment pool managed and administered under the direction of the Montana Board of Investments (MBOI) as statutorily authorized by the Unified Investment Program. CAPP is a commingled internal investment pool and only the retirement systems can participate in CAPP. As necessary, redemptions are processed by MBOI in order to maintain required asset allocations and to provide liquidity for retirement benefits. The fair values of the investments in this category have been determined using the Net Asset Value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) of the investment.

Short-Term Investment Pool (STIP)

STIP is an external investment pool managed and administered under the direction of MBOI as statutorily authorized by the Unified Investment Program. It is a commingled pool for investment purposes and participant requested redemptions from the pool are redeemed the next business day. The fair values of the investments in this category have been determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the investment.

Refer to the fair value measurement note disclosures within MBOI's annual financial statements for the underlying investments within the fair value hierarchy. The hierarchy is no longer specific to pools. MBOI displays the hierarchy in the aggregate for all investment pools.

Investments Measured at Fair Value

Investments	6/30/2023		Fair Value Measurements Using "Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets 6/30/2023 (Level 1)"		"Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)"		"Significant Unobservable (Level 3)"	
Total Investments by fair value level	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Investments measured at the NAV								
Consolidated Asset Pension Pool (CAPP)	4,83	5,048,177						
Short-Term Investment Pool (STIP)	54,469,383							
Total investments measured at the NAV	4,88	9,517,559						

Investments Measured at Net Asset Value

Investments	Fair Value	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency (If Currently Eligible)	Redemption Notice Period
Consolidated Asset Pension Pool (CAPP)	4,835,048,177	-	Monthly	30 days
Short-Term Investment Pool (STIP)	54,469,383	-	Daily	1 day
Total investments measured at the NAV	\$ 4,889,517,559			

Investment Risks

The investment risks for the pooled investments that TRS participates in are described in the following paragraphs. Investments are administered by MBOI, for TRS, as part of the State of Montana's Unified Investment Program. The MBOI Board approves all Investment Policy Statements (IPS), including risk policies. MBOI's stand-alone financial statements detail the investment risks associated with the securities held by the pools.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter-party to a transaction, the entity will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Per policy, the MBOI's custodial bank must be rated, at a minimum, at the 6th highest investment grade rating by at least two Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations (NRSROs) on an annual basis.

As of June 30, 2023 all the public securities as well as securities held by the separate public equity account managers were registered in the nominee name for the Montana Board of Investments and held in the possession of the MBOI's custodial bank. The equity index funds, securities held at the State's depository bank, real estate, mortgage, and loan investments were purchased and recorded in the MBOI's name. Commingled fund investments are registered in the name of the Montana Board of Investments. Therefore, the MBOI is not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributable to the magnitude of any single investment per issuer name. Investments explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government are excluded from the concentration of credit risk requirement. Concentration of credit risk is addressed within all IPS's as set by the MBOI Board.

The STIP IPS limits concentration to credit risk exposure by limiting portfolio investment types to 3% in an issuer except for U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities as well as any repurchase agreements with a financial institution.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counter-party to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. Except for U.S. Government securities, CAPP's fixed income instruments have credit risk as measured by NRSRO ratings. Credit risk is contemplated for each individual portfolio in the IPS. Credit risk is managed by constraining portfolio purchases around investment grade NRSRO ratings as appropriate. The U.S. Government guarantees its securities directly or indirectly. Obligations of the U.S. Government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit risk.

As a matter of STIP investment policy, the MBOI's fixed income investment staff can only purchase securities from a pre-approved "Approved Issuer" list. By STIP policy, permitted money market investments include only SEC registered 2a-7 Institutional Money Market Funds that are considered "US Treasury" or "US Government" money market mutual funds according to the SEC regulations or short-term investment vehicle available through the custodial bank.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Per MBOI policy, there are maximum restrictions that can be held on non-US securities in a foreign currency and only CAPP is allowed to have foreign currency exposure. According to the CAPP IPS, the Core Fixed Income Asset Class and Non-Core Asset Class sections have maximum restrictions that can be held. Currency exposures may be hedged, in a defensive manner, at the discretion of the active managers to preserve the U.S. dollar value of investment made.

TRS' position in CAPP is approximately 34.59% at June 30, 2023. The Montana BOI CAPP investments in EURO cash and securities had a fair value of approximately \$291.9 million at June 30, 2023. The Montana BOI CAPP had cash and securities with a foreign currency value of approximately \$1.063 billion at June 30, 2023.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. MBOI uses effective duration as a measure of interest rate risk for all fixed income portfolios and STIP uses the weighted average maturity.

According to the STIP investment policy, "the STIP portfolio will minimize interest rate risk by:

- Structuring the investment portfolio so securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations thereby normally avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity;
- Maintaining a dollar-weighted average portfolio maturity (WAM) of 120 days or less (for this purpose, the date to the next coupon reset date will be used for all floating or variable rate securities), and
- STIP will maintain a reserve account."

The TRS investments subject to credit and interest rate risk at June 30, 2023 are categorized in the following table:

Investment	Fair Value 6/30/23	Credit Quality Rating 6/30/23	Effective Duration / Weighted Average Maturity 6/30/23
CAPP	4,835,048,177	N/R	N/A
STIP	54,469,383	N/R	0.16 yrs or 57 days WAM

With the exception of the U.S. Government securities, the fixed income instruments have credit risk as measured by major credit rating services. Obligations of the U.S. Government or obligation explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality. For a more complete picture of the interest rate risk associated with CAPP please see the MBOI financial statements and IPSs. Interest rate risk is addressed within all IPS's as set by the MBOI Board. CAPP and STIP investments have been rated by investment security type. However, CAPP as an internal investment pool and STIP as an external investment pool, have not been rated.

Securities Lending Activity

The MBOI is authorized by law to lend its securities and has contracted with the custodial bank, to lend the MBOI's securities to broker-dealers and other entities with a simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future. On any day, including June 30th, the markets may move in a positive or negative direction resulting in under or over collateralization. The custodial bank compensates for market movement by recalculating on the following business day to meet the collateralization requirements. The MBOI and the custodial bank split the earnings 85% and 15% respectively, on securities lending activities. The MBOI retains all rights and risks of ownership during the loan period. The custodial bank indemnifies the MBOI's credit risk exposure to the borrowers. The custodial bank does not have the ability to sell collateral securities unless the borrower defaults. Only CAPP participates in security lending. There were no failures by any borrowers to return or pay distributions thereon during the period that resulted in a declaration and notice of default of the borrower. There were no losses during the fiscal year resulting from a borrower default. As of June 30, 2023, no securities were recalled and not yet returned.

The MBOI has an established schedule with the custodial bank that identifies the minimum credit rating and margin requirements for each securities lending instrument.

NOTE C. ASSETS USED IN PLAN OPERATIONS

Assets Used in Plan Operations consist of the amounts shown in the following table as of June 30, 2023. Assets under \$5,000 are expensed in the year purchased. Assets valued between \$5,000-\$500,000 or more are recorded at cost less straight-line depreciation/amortization over the estimated useful life of the asset. Capitalization thresholds are set forth in State of Montana accounting policy and vary by asset type between \$5,000 and \$500,000. TRS had no asset purchases that met the capitalization thresholds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

TRS completed Phase II of its upgrade to the pension administration system project (M-Trust) in FY 2017. The system upgrade was implemented on a modular basis with all modules completed by February 2017. In FY 2017 TRS initiated Phase III of the upgrade to the pension administration system project (M-Trust). The system upgrade was implemented on a modular basis with all modules completed by November 2019. The investments in Phase II and Phase III of the M-Trust project as of June 30, 2023 are shown below and on the Basic Financial Statements in the Intangible Assets less Accumulated Amortization line items.

In July 2019 TRS moved to a new location. As part of the move, construction costs were incurred at the new location to make the space fit TRS business needs. The investment in the leasehold improvements at June 30, 2023 are shown below and on the Basic Financial Statements as part of the Leasehold Improvements less Accumulated Depreciation line items.

Assets Used in Plan Operations 2023			
Leasehold Improvements	\$	243,881	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(121,940)	
Equipment		16,286	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(16,286)	
Intangible Assets		4,287,347	
Less: Accumulated Amortization		(4,115,715)	
Intangible Right-to-Use Building		2,810,123	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(330,603)	
Net Other Assets	\$	2,773,093	

Intangible Right-to-Use Lease Assets

TRS enters into contracts that convey control of the right to use an underlying asset for a period of time, as specified in the contract, in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. For eligible contracts with a term greater than 12 months, TRS records intangible right-to-use lease assets and a related lease liability at the commencement date of the lease. The Standard Lease liability, on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position, represents TRS's obligation to make lease payments

arising from the lease and are measured at the present value of expected lease payments over the term of the lease. The contract does not provide information about the discount rate implicit in the lease. Therefore, TRS has elected to use its incremental borrowing rate of 1.65% at commencement date July 1, 2021 to calculate the present value of the expected lease payments. The intangible right-to-use building lease asset, under Assets Used in Plan Operations on the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position, is based on the initial measure of the lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term and certain direct costs. The State of Montana has adopted a capitalization threshold of \$100,000 for intangible right-to-use lease assets. Intangible right-to-use lease assets are amortized over the term of the contract and the useful life of the underlying asset. Interest expense is recognized ratable over the contract term.

TRS negotiated a 19-year lease for office space in February 2019, at the location of 100 North Park Avenue, Helena, MT. The lease is payable monthly. The lease agreement contains a termination clause whereby TRS can terminate the lease for any reason, by providing 729 days (2 year) notice. TRS is not expected to terminate the lease and therefore, the lease liability and right-to-use asset include the entire lease period. The building lease expires on June 30, 2038. The lease provides for increases in future minimum annual rental payments based on an escalation scale of 3% per year. Since, these future increases are considered likely, they are included in the measurement of the lease liability.

The outstanding lease liability as of June 30, 2023 is \$2,595,185. Total future minimum lease payments under the lease agreement are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	ı	Principal	lr	nterest	Leas	Total e Payments	
2024	\$	120,512	\$	38,316	\$	158,828	
2025	\$	123,694	\$	39,899	\$	163,593	
2026	\$	130,695	\$	37,806	\$	168,501	
2027	\$	137,962	\$	35,594	\$	173,556	
2028	\$	145,501	\$	33,261	\$	178,763	
2029-2033	\$	850,838	\$	126,710	\$	977,548	
2034-2038	\$	1,085,983	\$	47,263	\$	1,133,245	
Totals	\$	2,595,185	\$	358,849	\$	2,954,034	

NOTE D. NET PENSION LIABILITY - TRS PLAN REPORTING

Net Pension Liability - TRS Plan

Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2023

	,	
Total Pension Liability	\$	6,858,305,970
Fiduciary Net Position	\$	4,920,843,113
Net Pension Liability	\$	1,937,462,857
Ratio of Fiduciary Net Position to Total Pension Liability		71.75%

The net pension liability is the retirement system's total pension liability (TPL) determined in accordance with GASB No. 67 less the fiduciary net position (FNP). As of June 30, 2023, the TRS net pension liability is \$1,937,462,857. July 1, 2023 is the date of the actuarial valuation upon which the TPL is based. Roll forward procedures were not used.

Actuarial valuation of the ongoing System involves estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and future salary increases. Amounts determined regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The most recent experience study was performed in May of 2022 for the five year period ending July 1, 2021. The Schedule of Net Pension Liability presents multi-year trend information about whether the plan's fiduciary net position is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability. This schedule is presented in the Required Supplementary Information section.

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions – TRS Plan

The TPL as of June 30, 2023, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2023. There were several significant assumptions and other inputs used to measure the total pension liability.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2023 valuation were based on the results of the last actuarial experience study, dated May 3, 2022. Among those assumptions were the following:

Salary Increases*	3.50% to 9.00%
Investment Rate of Return	7.30%
Price Inflation	2.75%
Payroll Growth	3.25%
Growth in Membership	0.00%
Post-retirement Benefit Increases (Starting Three Years After Retirement) - Tier 1 members	1.50%
Post-retirement Benefit Increases (Starting Three Years After Retirement) - Tier 2 members	0.50%
Interest on Member Accounts	4.00%

^{*}Total Wage Increases include 3.50% general wage increase assumption and a range of 0.00% to 5.50% merit and longevity increases based on years of service.

Target Allocations – TRS Plan

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation (a)	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return Arithmetic Basis (b)	Portfolio Long-Ter Rate of Ret (a) x (b)	urn* .
Domestic Equity	30.00%	5.90%		1.77%
International Equity	17.00%	7.14%		1.21%
Private Investments	15.00%	9.13%		1.37%
Real Assets	5.00%	4.03%		0.20%
Real Estate	9.00%	5.41%		0.49%
Core Fixed Income	15.00%	1.14%		0.17%
Non-Core Fixed Income	6.00%	3.02%		0.18%
Cash	3.00%	(0.33%)		(0.01%)
Totals	100.00%			5.38%
			Inflation	2.75%
_		Portfolio long-term expe	cted rate of return	8.13%

^{*}The portfolio long-term expected rate of return above of 8.13% differs from the total TRS long-term rate of return assumption of 7.30% (Discount Rate). The assumed rate of 7.30% is comprised of a 2.75% inflation rate and an expected long-term real rate of return of 4.55%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.30% is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared for the System about every five years. The current long-term rate of return is based on analysis in the experience study report dated May 3, 2022. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and an analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation), along with estimates of variability and correlations for each asset class. These ranges were combined to develop the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption (30 to 50 years) and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the underlying inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The discount rate (long-term rate of return assumption) used to measure the total pension liability was 7.30%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating plan members, employers, and non-employer contributing entities will be made based on the Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rates under Montana State Code. These rates are shown in the following tables. In addition to these contributions the State general fund will contribute \$25 million annually to the System payable July 1st of each year. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be adequate to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members through the year 2132. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. No municipal bond rate was used in determining the discount rate.

History of Legislated Contributions – School Districts, Community Colleges, Counties, and Education Cooperatives by Percent of Covered Payroll

	Members	Employers	General Fund	Total
Prior to July 1, 2007	7.15%	7.47%	0.11%	14.73%
July 1, 2007 to June 30, 2009	7.15%	7.47%	2.11%	16.73%
July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2013	7.15%	7.47%	2.49%	17.11%
July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014	8.15%	8.47%	2.49%	19.11%
July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015	8.15%	8.57%	2.49%	19.21%
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016	8.15%	8.67%	2.49%	19.31%
July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017	8.15%	8.77%	2.49%	19.41%

History of Legislated Contributions – School Districts, Community Colleges, Counties, and Education Cooperatives by Percent of Covered Payroll

	Members	Employers	General Fund	Total
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018	8.15%	8.87%	2.49%	19.51%
July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019	8.15%	8.97%	2.49%	19.61%
July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020	8.15%	9.07%	2.49%	19.71%
July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021	8.15%	9.17%	2.49%	19.81%
July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022	8.15%	9.27%	2.49%	19.91%
July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023	8.15%	9.37%	2.49%	20.01%
July 1, 2023 to June 30, 2024	8.15%	9.47%	2.49%	20.11%

State and University Employers

	Members	Employers	General Fund	Total
Prior to July 1, 2007	7.15%	7.47%	0.11%	14.73%
July 1, 2007 to June 30, 2009	7.15%	9.47%	0.11%	16.73%
July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2013	7.15%	9.85%	0.11%	17.11%
July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014	8.15%	10.85%	0.11%	19.11%
July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015	8.15%	10.95%	0.11%	19.21%
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016	8.15%	11.05%	0.11%	19.31%
July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017	8.15%	11.15%	0.11%	19.41%
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018	8.15%	11.25%	0.11%	19.51%
July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019	8.15%	11.35%	0.11%	19.61%
July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020	8.15%	11.45%	0.11%	19.71%
July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021	8.15%	11.55%	0.11%	19.81%
July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022	8.15%	11.65%	0.11%	19.91%
July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023	8.15%	11.75%	0.11%	20.01%
July 1, 2023 to June 30, 2024	8.15%	11.85%	0.11%	20.11%

Pursuant to §19-20-609, MCA, the employer contribution rate will increase by 0.10% each year beginning July 1, 2014, through fiscal year 2024.

Sensitivity Analysis – TRS Plan

	1.0% Decrease	Current	1.0% Increase
	(6.30%)	Discount Rate	(8.30%)
Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,737,017,492	\$ 1,937,462,857	\$ 1,268,911,200

In accordance with GASB 67 regarding the disclosure of the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate, the above table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.30%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00% lower (6.30%) or 1.00% higher (8.30%) than the current rate.

Schedule of Investment Returns - TRS Plan

TRS Plan Schedule of Investment Returns

	2023
Annual Money Weighted Rate Return, Net of Investment Expense	8.40%

The annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments expresses investment performance, net of pension plan investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

NOTE E. NET PENSION LIABILITY - EMPLOYER REPORTING

In accordance with GASB Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, TRS is required to recognize and report certain amounts associated with their participation in the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS). Statement 68 includes requirements to record and report employers' proportionate share of the collective Net Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of resources associated with pensions.

In accordance with Statement 68, the State of Montana has a funding situation that is Special Funding whereby the State general fund provides statutorily required contributions to the PERS plan. Due to the existence of a special funding situation, TRS is required to report the portion of the State of Montana's proportionate share of the collective Net Pension Liability that is associated with TRS. The following table displays the amounts and the percentages of Net Pension Liability for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022 (reporting dates).

Net Pension Liability – PERS Plan

	-	Net Pension iability as of 6/30/23	Net Pension iability as of 6/30/22	Percent of Collective NPL as 6/30/23	Percent of Collective NPL as 6/30/22	Change in Percent of Collective NPL
TRS Proportionate Share	\$	1,851,315	\$ 1,394,112	0.077856%	0.076886%	0.000970%
State of Montana Proportionate Share Associated with TRS	\$	531,950	\$ 394,640	0.022371%	0.021765%	0.000606%
Total	\$	2,383,265	\$ 1,788,752	0.100227%	0.098651%	0.001576%

At June 30, 2023, TRS recorded a liability of \$1,851,315 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. Roll forward procedures were not used.

TRS' proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the employer contributions received by PERS during the measurement period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERS' participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the TRS' proportion was 0.077856 percent.

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions – PERS Plan

Changes in actuarial assumptions and methods:

The following changes in assumptions or other inputs were made that affected the measurement of the TPL.

- The discount rate was increased from 7.06% to 7.30%
- The investment rate of return was increased from 7.06% to 7.30%
- Updated all mortality tables to the PUB2010 tables for general employees.
- Updated the rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability.
- Lowered the payroll growth assumption from 3.50% to 3.25%.
- The inflation rate was increased from 2.40% to 2.75%.

Changes in benefit terms:

There have been no changes in benefit terms since the previous measurement date.

Changes in proportionate share:

There were no changes between the measurement date of the collective Net Pension Liability and TRS's reporting date that are expected to have a significant effect on the TRS's proportionate share percentage of the collective NPL.

Pension Expense - PERS Plan

	Pension Exp	ense as of 6/30/23
TRS Proportionate Share	\$	251,497
Proportionate Share of Montana State General Fund Appropriation Associated with TRS	\$	55,137
Total	\$	306,634

At June 30, 2023, TRS recognized a Pension Expense of \$306,634 for its proportionate share of the PERS' pension expense. TRS also recognized grant revenue of \$55,137 for the support provided by the State of Montana for the proportionate share of the general fund contributions made to PERS that are associated with TRS.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows - PERS Plan

At June 30, 2023, TRS reported its proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to TRS from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Deferred Inflo Resources Resource			
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience	\$	23,601	\$	0
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	\$	68,991	\$	135,533
Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	\$	54,409	\$	0
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between TRS Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	\$	55,468	\$	0
*Contributions Paid to PERS Subsequent to the Measurement Date – FY 2023 Contributions	\$	133,749	\$	0
Total	\$	336,218	\$	135,533

^{*}Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from TRS's contributions in FY 2023 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	Amount Recognized as an Increase (or Decrease) to Pension Expense in Future Years		
2024	\$	68,374	
2025	\$	(66,634)	
2026	\$	(58,683)	
2027	\$	123,879	
Thereafter		-	

Plan Description - PERS Plan

The PERS-Defined Benefit Retirement Plan (DBRP), administered by the Montana Public Employee Retirement Administration (MPERA), is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan established July 1, 1945, and governed by Title 19, chapters 2 and 3, MCA. This plan provides retirement benefits to covered employees of the State, local governments, certain employees of the Montana University System, and school districts.

All new members are initially members of the PERS-DBRP and have a 12-month window during which they may choose to remain in the PERS-DBRP or join the PERS-Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (PERS-DCRP) by filing an irrevocable election. Members may not be members of both the defined contribution and defined benefit retirement plans. All new members from the universities also have a third option to join the university system's Montana University System Retirement

Program (MUS-RP). For members that choose to join the PERS-DCRP or the MUS-RP, a percentage of the employer contributions will be used to pay down the liability of the PERS-DBRP.

The PERS-DBRP provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. Benefits are established by state law and can only be amended by the Legislature. Benefits are based on eligibility, years of service, and highest average compensation. Member rights are vested after five years of service.

Summary of Benefits - PERS Plan

Eligibility for Benefit

Service retirement:

Hired prior to July 1, 2011:

- Age 60, 5 years of membership service;
- Age 65, regardless of membership service, or
- Any age, 30 years of membership service.

Hired on or after July 1, 2011:

- Age 65, 5 years of membership service;
- Age 70, regardless of membership service.

For PERS-DCRP Plan, members are eligible for benefit at termination of service.

Early retirement, actuarially reduced:

Hired prior to July 1, 2011:

- Age 50, 5 years of membership service, or
- Any age, 25 years of membership service.

Hired on or after July 1, 2011:

• Age 55, 5 years of membership service.

Vesting

Five years of membership service.

For PERS-DCRP Plan, members are vested immediately for participant's contributions and attributable income. Member's must have 5 years of membership to become eligible for the employer's contributions to individual accounts and attributable income.

Member's Highest Average Compensation (HAC)

Hired prior to July 1, 2011:

• Highest average compensation during any consecutive 36 months;

Hired on or after July 1, 2011:

• Highest average compensation during any consecutive 60 months;

Hired on or after July 1, 2013:

• 110% annual cap on compensation considered as part of a member's highest average compensation.

Monthly Benefit Formula

Members hired prior to July 1, 2011:

Less than 25 years of membership service:

• 1.785% of HAC per year of service credit;

25 years of membership service or more:

• 2% of HAC per year of service credit.

Members hired on or after July 1, 2011:

Less than 10 years of membership service:

• 1.5% of HAC per year of service credit.

10 years or more, but less than 30 years of membership service:

• 1.785% of HAC per year of service credit.

30 years or more of membership service:

• 2% of HAC per year of service credit.

For PERS-DCRP, Plan member's benefit depends entirely on vesting and individual account balance. Various payout options are available, including: taxable lump-sum payouts, periodic payments, per member instructions and IRS permitted rollovers.

Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA)

After the member has completed 12 full months of retirement, the member's benefit increases by the applicable percentage (provided below) each January, inclusive of other adjustments to the member's benefit.

- GABA is 3% for members hired prior to July 1, 2007.
- GABA is 1.5% for members hired on or after July 1, 2007.
- Members hired on or after July 1, 2013:
 - (a) 1.5% for each year PERS is funded at or above 90%;
 - (b) 1.5% reduced by 0.1% for each 2.0% PERS is funded below 90%; and
 - (c) 0% whenever the amortization period for PERS is 40 years or more.

Overview of Contributions - PERS Plan

Rates are specified by state law for periodic member and employer contributions and are a percentage of the member's compensation. Contributions are deducted from each member's salary and remitted by participating employers. The State legislature has the authority to establish and amend contribution rates to the plan.

- 1. Member contributions to the system of 7.9% are temporary and will be decreased to 6.9% on January 1, following actuary valuation results that show the amortization period has dropped below 25 years and would remain below 25 years following the reduction of both the additional employer and additional member contribution rates.
- 2. Employer contributions to the system:
 - a. Effective July 1, 2014, following the 2013 Legislative Session, PERS-employer contributions increase an additional 0.1% a year and will continue over 10 years through 2024. The additional employer contributions including the 0.27% added in 2007 and 2009, will terminate on January 1, following an actuary valuation that shows the amortization

period of the PERS-DBRP has dropped below 25 years and remains below the 25 years following the reduction of both the additional employer and member contributions rates.

i. Effective July 1, 2013, employers are required to make contributions on working retirees' compensation. Member contributions for working retirees are not required.

3. Non-employer Contributions:

- a. Special Funding
 - i. The State contributes 0.1% of members' compensation on behalf of local government entities.
 - ii. The State contributes 0.37% of members' compensation on behalf of school district entities.
 - iii. The state contributed a Statutory Appropriation from the General Fund of \$34,633,570.

Stand-Alone Statements - PERS Plan

The PERS financial information is reported in the Public Employees' Retirement Board's (PERB) Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. It is available from the PERB at 100 North Park Avenue, PO Box 200131, Helena MT 59620-0131, 406-444-3154.

ACFR information including PERS stand-alone financial statements and the GASB 68 report can be found on their website at mpera.mt.gov.

The latest actuarial valuation and experience study can also be found at their website at mpera.mt.gov.

Actuarial Assumptions - PERS Plan

The total pension liability measured as of June 30, 2022, was determined on the results of an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement. Among those assumptions were the following:

General Wage Growth*	3.50%
*Includes Inflation at	2.75%
Merit Wage Increases	0% to 4.80%
Investment Return	7.30%

Post-retirement Benefit Increases

After the member has completed 12 full months of retirement, the member's benefit increases by the applicable percentage (provided below) each January, inclusive of other adjustments to the member's benefit.

- GABA is 3.0% for members hired prior to July 1, 2007.
- GABA is 1.5% for members hired on or after July 1, 2007
- GABA is 1.5% for members hired on or after July 1, 2013 for each year PERS is funded at or above 90%. The 1.5% is reduced by 0.1% for each 2.0% PERS is funded below 90%
- GABA is 0.0% for members hired on or after July 1, 2013 for each year the PERS amortization period is 40 years or more

Mortality assumptions

Active Participants - PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Employer Mortality projected to 2021 for males and females. Projected generationally using MP-2021.

Disabled Retirees - PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Disabled Retiree Mortality table, projected to 2021, set forward one year for both males and females.

Contingent Survivors - PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Contingent Survivor Mortality projected to 2021 with ages set forward one year for males and females. Projected generationally using MP-2021.

Healthy Retirees - PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Healthy Retiree Mortality table projected to 2021, with ages set forward one year and adjusted 104% for males and 103% for females. Projected generationally using MP-2021.

Discount Rate - PERS Plan

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 7.30%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating plan members, employers, and non-employer contributing entities will be made based on the PERS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rates under Montana Code Annotated. The State contributes 0.10% of salaries for local governments and 0.37% for school districts. In addition, the State contributes a statutory appropriation from the general fund. Based on those assumptions, the PERS' fiduciary net position was projected to be adequate to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members through the year 2126. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability. No municipal bond rate was incorporated in the discount rate.

Target Allocations - PERS Plan

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Long- Term Expected Real Rate of Return Arithmetic Basis
Cash Equivalents	3.0%	(0.33%)
Domestic Equity	30.0%	5.90%
International Equity	17.0%	7.14%
Private Investments	15.0%	9.13%
Real Assets	5.0%	4.03%
Real Estate	9.0%	5.41%
Core Fixed Income	15.0%	1.14%
Non-Core Fixed Income	6.0%	3.02%
Total	100.0%	

The long-term expected return on pension plan assets is reviewed as part of the regular experience studies prepared for the Plan. The long-term rate of return as of June 30, 2022, is based on analysis in the experience study report dated May 2, 2022 without consideration for the administrative expense analysis shown. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and an analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation), along with estimates of variability and correlations for each asset class. These ranges were combined to develop the longterm expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption (30 to 50 years) and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the underlying inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of the most recent experience study, are summarized in the Target Allocations – PERS Plan table above.

Sensitivity Analysis - PERS Plan

	1.0	1.0% Decrease Current Discount (6.30%) Rate (7.30%)			1.0% Increase (8.30%)		
TRS' Proportion of Net Pension Liability	\$	2,668,757	\$	1,851,315	\$	1,165,491	

In accordance with GASB 68 regarding the disclosure of the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate, the above table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.30%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00% lower (6.30%) or 1.00% higher (8.30%) than the current rate.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – PERS Plan

The Montana Public Employee Retirement Administration (MPERA) prepares its financial statements using the accrual basis of accounting. For the purposes of measuring the Net Pension Liability, deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, Pension Expense, information about the fiduciary net position, and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same accrual basis as they are reported by MPERA. For this purpose, member contributions are recognized in the period in which contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period they are earned and become measurable. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized in the accounting period when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Expenses are recognized in the period incurred. Investments are reported at fair value. MPERA adheres to all applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) statements.

Defined Contribution Plan - PERS Plan

TRS contributed to the state of Montana Public Employee Retirement System Defined Contribution Retirement Plan (PERS-DCRP) for employees that have elected the DCRP. The PERS-DCRP is administered by the PERB and is reported as a multiple-employer plan established July 1, 2002, and governed by Title 19, chapters 2 & 3, MCA.

All new PERS members are initially members of the PERS-DBRP and have a 12-month window during which they may choose to remain in the PERS-DBRP or join the PERS-DCRP by filing an irrevocable election. Members may not be participants of both the defined benefit and defined contribution retirement plans.

Member and employer contribution rates are specified by state law and are a percentage of the member's compensation. Contributions are deducted from each member's salary and remitted by participating employers. The state Legislature has the authority to establish and amend contribution rates.

Benefits are dependent upon eligibility and individual account balances. Participants are vested immediately in their own contributions and attributable income. Participants are vested after 5 years of membership service for the employer's contributions to individual accounts and the attributable income. Non-vested contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment per 19-3-2117(5), MCA. Such forfeitures are used to cover the administrative expenses of the PERS-DCRP.

At the plan level for the measurement period ended June 30, 2022, the PERS-DCRP employer did not recognize any net pension liability or pension expense for the defined contribution plan. Plan level non-vested forfeitures for the 344 employers that have participants in the PERS-DCRP totaled \$1,681,603.

NOTE F. TRS PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS

The TRS funding policy provides for monthly employee and employer contributions at rates specified by state law. Plan members, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, were required to contribute 8.15% of their earned compensation and the employer contribution rate for school district, education cooperative, county, and community college employers for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023 was 9.37% of earned compensation. For state agency and university system employers, the employer contribution rate was 11.75% of members' earned compensation.

The State's general fund contributed an additional 2.38% of earned compensation for TRS members employed at school districts, community colleges, educational cooperatives, and counties in Montana. In addition, the State's general fund contributed 0.11% of earned compensation for all TRS members. The State's general fund also contributes a statutory supplemental contribution of \$25 million to TRS due on July 1st each year. Each employer in the Montana University System contributed 4.72% of earned compensation for all employees participating in the Montana University System Retirement Program (MUS-RP).

The TRS actuary determines the actuarial implications of the funding requirement in annual actuarial valuations. The actuarial method used to determine the implications of the statutory funding level is the entry age actuarial cost method, with both normal cost and amortization of the accrued liability determined as a level percentage of earned compensation.

Contribution rates consist of an amount for normal cost, the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the members during the current year, and an amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Contributions made by employers and members were in accordance with actuarially computed funding requirements. Information with regard to contributions to the System, for the year ended June 30, 2023, is indicated in the Required Supplemental Information, Schedule of Employer Contributions.

NOTE G. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

TRS through the State of Montana provides optional post-employment healthcare benefits in accordance with Section 2-18-704, MCA to the following employees and dependents who elect to continue coverage and pay administratively established contributions: (1) employees and dependents who retire under applicable retirement provisions and (2) surviving dependents of deceased employees. Medical, dental, and vision benefits are available through this plan.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post Employment Benefits Other than Pensions, TRS is required to recognize and report certain amounts associated with their employees and dependents that are eligible to receive health care through the State Group Benefits Plan administered by the Montana Department of Administration. Statement 75 includes requirements to record and report employers' proportionate share of the collective Total OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources associated with OPEB.

The State of Montana OPEB plan is not administered through a trust; as such, there are no plan assets accumulated to offset the total OPEB liability. The State of Montana OPEB plan is reported as a single-employer plan.

The State of Montana pays for post-employment healthcare benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. Section 2-18-811, MCA gives authority for establishing and amending the funding policy to the Department of Administration for the State group health insurance plan. Plan coverage is on a calendar year basis. For GASB Statement No. 75 reporting, the State Group Benefits Plan is considered a single-employer plan.

As of December 31, 2022, the State Plan's administratively established retiree medical contributions vary between \$466 and \$2,272 per month depending on the medical plan selected, family coverage, and Medicare eligibility. Administratively established dental contributions vary between \$41.10 and \$70 and vision hardware contributions vary between \$7.64 and \$22.26 depending on the coverage selected. The plan is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis. Therefore, there are no investment objectives of the OPEB plan.

The following estimates were prepared based on an actuarial valuation prepared as of the year ending December 31, 2022 for the Department of Administration, with update procedures to roll forward the OPEB amounts to the measurement date of March 31, 2023. The resulting State of Montana Actuarial Valuation of Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) contains the TRS data and is available at the following address:

Montana Department of Administration State Accounting Division Room 255, Mitchell Bldg 125 N Roberts Street PO Box 200102 Helena, MT 59620-0102

Total OPEB Liability and Changes in Total OPEB Liability

TRS' Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2023 was \$53,547. TRS proportionate share of the collective Total OPEB Liability was 0.1728%. The basis on which TRS' proportionate share was calculated was by taking TRS calculated OPEB Liability as a percentage of the Total OPEB Liability for the State of Montana.

The following table presents the Changes in the Total OPEB Liability:

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	TRS
Balance as of 06/30/22	\$ 235,221
Changes for the Year:	
Service Cost	9,601
Interest	8,039
Diff b/w Expected and Actual Experience	(121,113)
Changes of Assumptions and Other Inputs	(74,283)
Benefit Payments (Contributions)	(3,918)
Net Changes in Total OPEB Liability	 (181,674)
Balance as of 06/30/23	\$ 53,547

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The Total OPEB Liability in the latest actuarial valuation dated December 31, 2022, the following assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

Actuarial Assumptions:

- Actuarial valuation date: December 31, 2022
- Actuarial measurement date: March 31, 2023
 - Update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to the measurement date March 31, 2023.
- Discount rate: 3.98%
- Projected payroll increases: 3.50%
- Participation Future retirees: 40.00% of future retirees are assumed to elect medical coverage. 70.00% of the future retirees who elect medical coverage and are married are assumed to elect spousal coverage as well.
- Marital status at retirement: Future retired members who elect to participate in the plan are assumed to be married at a rate of 70%.

Mortality – Contributing Members: For TRS employees, mortality follows the Pub-2010 Teacher table, projected generationally using MP-2021. For general MPERA members, mortality follows the Pub-2010 General Employee table, projected generationally using MP-2021. For safety MPERA members, mortality follows the Pub-2010 Safety table, projected generationally using MP-2021.

Mortality – Retired Members: For TRS retirees, mortality follows the Pub-2010 Retired Teacher table adjusted 102% for males and 103% for females, projected generationally using MP-2021. For general MPERA retirees, mortality follows the Pub-2010 General Retiree table set forward 1 year and adjusted 104% for males, or adjusted 103% for females, projected generationally using MP-2021. For safety MPERA retirees, mortality follows the Pub-2010 Safety Retiree table set forward 1 year and adjusted 105% for males, or adjusted 100% for females, projected generationally using MP-2021.

Mortality – Surviving Beneficiaries: For TRS survivors, mortality follows the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor table, projected generationally using MP-2021. For general MPERA survivors, mortality follows the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor table set forward 1 year for males and females, projected generationally using MP-2021. For safety MPERA survivors, mortality follows the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor table set forward 1 year for males, projected generationally using MP-2021.

Mortality – Disabled Members: For TRS retirees, mortality follows the Pub-2010 General Disabled table, projected generationally using MP-2021. For general MPERA retirees, mortality follows the Pub-2010 General Disabled table set

forward 1 year for males and females, projected generationally using MP-2021. For safety MPERA retirees, mortality follows the Pub-2010 Safety Disabled table set forward 1 year for males, projected generationally using MP-2021.

Changes in actuarial assumptions and methods since last measurement date:

- Changes in actuarial assumptions include an increase in the interest/discount rate from 3.31% to 3.98%.
- Updated health care cost trend rates in future years.
- An increse in the inflation rate from 2.50% to 3.50%.
- Decrement tables updated per the Fiscal Year 2022 TRS and MPERA Actuarial Reports.

Changes in benefit terms since last measurement date:

• None.

Sensitivity Analysis

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of TRS if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00% lower (2.98%) or 1.00% higher (4.98%) than the current discount rate (3.98%):

Discount Rate	1% Decrease (2.98%)	Discount Rate (3.98%)	1% Increase (4.98%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$75,665	\$53,547	\$37,752

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates:

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of TRS if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1.00% lower (5.5%) or 1.00% higher (7.5%) than the current healthcare cost trend rate (6.5%):

Healthcare Rate	1% Decrease (5.50%)	Healthcare Rate (6.50%)	1% Increase (7.50%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$37,699	\$53,547	\$76,296

OPEB Expense

For the year ended June 30, 2023, TRS recognized an OPEB expense of \$7,070.

Deferred Outflow of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, TRS recorded deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$4,651	\$149,207
Changes of assumptions of other inputs	\$163,318	\$150,285
*Benefit Payments associated with transactions subsequent to the measurement date of the total OPEB liability	\$407	\$0
Total	\$168,376	\$299,492

*Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from TRS's Benefit Payments in FY 2023 (April 1, 2023 through June 30, 2023) subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	Amount recognized as Increase or (Decrease) to OPEB Expense
2024	(\$10,816)
2025	(\$10,816)
2026	(\$10,816)
2027	(\$10,816)
2028	(\$10,816)
Thereafter	(\$77,443)

NOTE H. PENDING LITIGATION

As of June 30, 2023, TRS had no pending litigation that would significantly affect the information presented in this financial report.

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TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF MONTANA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION AND NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability – TRS Plan

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Total Pension Liability					
Service Cost	\$ 95,850,764	\$ 96,144,734	\$ 81,016,509	\$ 76,334,643	\$ 75,236,616
Interest	479,511,418	463,209,558	461,973,793	452,258,006	441,958,241
Benefit Changes	-	-	-	-	-
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	28,621,052	21,772,825	21,712,947	22,424,700	6,775,269
Changes of Assumptions	-	(238,551,692)	200,170,596	107,293,117	(6,059,430)
Benefit Payments	(429,121,173)	(414,346,628)	(399,897,777)	(384,396,941)	(367,779,905)
Refunds of Contributions	(7,830,941)	(10,338,308)	(8,889,937)	(5,171,751)	 (6,008,447)
Net Change in Total Liability	167,031,120	(82,109,511)	356,086,131	268,741,774	144,122,344
Total Pension Liability Beginning	\$ 6,691,274,850	\$ 6,773,384,361	\$ 6,417,298,230	\$ 6,148,556,456	\$ 6,004,434,112
Total Pension Liability Ending (a)	\$ 6,858,305,970	\$ 6,691,274,850	\$ 6,773,384,361	\$ 6,417,298,230	\$ 6,148,556,456
Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions - Employer	\$ 113,441,533	\$ 109,672,148	\$ 103,219,072	\$ 102,420,318	\$ 97,303,048
Contributions - Member	87,024,738	85,736,884	81,120,904	80,194,548	78,150,923
Contributions - Non-Employer Contributing Entities	48,437,855	47,999,525	47,020,904	45,948,388	45,495,334
Miscellaneous Income	55,137	36,921	974,981	51,927	31,040
Net Investment Income	388,445,976	(207,441,090)	1,129,751,837	112,588,645	227,892,287
Benefit Payments	(429,121,173)	(414,346,628)	(399,897,777)	(384,396,941)	(367,779,905)
Administrative Expenses	(3,745,792)	(3,555,107)	(3,936,633)	(3,767,693)	(2,947,109)
Refund of Contributions	(7,830,941)	(10,338,308)	(8,889,937)	(5,171,751)	(6,008,447)
Other	(313,704)	(163,969)	(353,364)	(204,156)	 (174,476)
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	196,393,629	(392,399,624)	949,009,550	(52,336,715)	71,962,695
Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	4,724,449,484	5,116,849,108	4,167,839,558	4,220,285,752	4,148,324,206
Prior Period Adjustment	-	-	-	(109,479)	(1,149)
Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 4,920,843,113	\$ 4,724,449,484	\$ 5,116,849,108	\$ 4,167,839,558	\$ 4,220,285,752
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a - b)	\$ 1,937,462,857	\$ 1,966,825,366	\$ 1,656,535,253	\$ 2,249,458,672	\$ 1,928,270,704

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability					
Service Cost	\$ 76,009,950	\$ 71,429,117	\$ 73,530,938	\$ 73,820,438	\$ 77,006,174
Interest	428,866,673	417,307,148	402,339,969	390,555,879	373,456,442
Benefit Changes	-	-	-	-	-
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	14,571,084	5,420,919	(5,245,998)	9,660,152	20,297,029
Changes of Assumptions	206,321,172	-	(12,445,656)	(4,670,553)	46,502,421
Benefit Payments	(352,854,025)	(333,633,717)	(320,810,259)	(303,675,300)	(285,182,358)
Refunds of Contributions	(5,322,642)	(7,355,344)	(5,086,816)	 (5,368,359)	(4,788,688)
Net Change in Total Liability	367,592,212	153,168,123	132,282,178	160,322,257	227,291,020
Total Pension Liability Beginning	\$ 5,636,841,900	\$ 5,483,673,777	\$ 5,351,391,599	\$ 5,191,069,342	\$ 4,963,778,322
Total Pension Liability Ending (a)	\$ 6,004,434,112	\$ 5,636,841,900	\$ 5,483,673,777	\$ 5,351,391,599	\$ 5,191,069,342
Fiduciary Net Position					
Contributions - Employer	\$ 94,233,469	\$ 91,853,678	\$ 88,643,646	\$ 87,290,863	\$ 83,439,612
Contributions - Member	74,594,333	74,253,046	72,740,665	72,215,797	70,468,354
Contributions - Non-Employer Contributing Entities	45,005,672	44,414,109	43,902,606	43,389,534	64,923,320
Miscellaneous Income	31,829	27,504	29,123	27,297	6,000
Net Investment Income	343,720,833	427,042,359	71,487,661	165,684,953	540,277,362
Benefit Payments	(352,854,025)	(333,633,717)	(320,810,259)	(303,675,300)	(285,182,358)
Administrative Expenses	(2,849,527)	(2,459,458)	(2,318,818)	(2,035,081)	(2,022,636)
Refund of Contributions	(5,322,642)	(7,355,344)	(5,086,816)	(5,368,359)	(4,788,688)
Other	(157,777)	(211,532)	(142,849)	(140,631)	(58,073)
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	197,402,165	293,930,645	(51,555,041)	57,389,073	467,062,894
Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	3,950,761,443	3,656,830,798	3,708,385,838	3,652,220,265	3,185,064,406
Prior Period Adjustment	160,598	-	-	(1,223,501)	92,965
Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 4,148,324,206	\$ 3,950,761,443	\$ 3,656,830,798	\$ 3,708,385,838	\$ 3,652,220,265
Net Pension Liability - Ending (a - b)	\$ 1,856,109,906	\$ 1,686,080,457	\$ 1,826,842,979	\$ 1,643,005,761	\$ 1,538,849,077

Note to RSI - Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Net Pension Liability

The TPL contained in these schedules was provided by the System's actuary, Cavanaugh Macdonald Consulting, LLC. The TPL is measured as the TPL less the amount of the FNP of the Retirement System. Prior to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the Net Investment Income, Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position, and Prior Period Adjustment items in the Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position matched the Statement of Changes in Net position. However, there was an ACFR only adjustment in FY2018 that was issued by the MBOI after the Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position above had been complete. The adjustment affected the Net Investment Income, Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position, and Prior Period Adjustment items by \$56,880 (the amount of the ACFR only adjustment).

Schedule of the Net Pension Liability - TRS Plan

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Total Pension Liability	\$ 6,858,305,970	\$ 6,691,274,850	\$ 6,773,384,361	\$ 6,417,298,230	\$ 6,148,556,456
Fiduciary Net Position	 4,920,843,113	4,724,449,484	5,116,849,108	4,167,839,558	4,220,285,752
Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,937,462,857	\$ 1,966,825,366	\$ 1,656,535,253	\$ 2,249,458,672	\$ 1,928,270,704
Ratio of Fiduciary Net Position to Total Pension Liability	71.75%	70.61%	75.54%	64.95%	68.64%
Covered Payroll	\$ 983,749,464	\$ 960,836,370	\$ 922,764,585	\$ 880,667,518	\$ 857,467,932
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	196.95%	204.70%	179.52%	255.43%	224.88%
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability	\$ 6,004,434,112	\$ 5,636,841,900	\$ 5,483,673,777	\$ 5,351,391,599	\$ 5,191,069,342
Fiduciary Net Position	 4,148,324,206	3,950,761,443	3,656,830,798	3,708,385,838	3,652,220,265
Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,856,109,906	\$ 1,686,080,457	\$ 1,826,842,979	\$ 1,643,005,761	\$ 1,538,849,077
Ratio of Fiduciary Net Position to Total Pension Liability	69.09%	70.09%	66.69%	69.30%	70.36%
Covered Payroll	\$ 829,708,595	\$ 818,122,561	\$ 795,920,906	\$ 768,718,699	\$ 750,604,063
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	223.71%	206.09%	229.53%	213.73%	205.01%

Schedule of Investment Returns - TRS Plan

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Annual Money Weighted Rate Return, Net of Investment Expense	8.40%	(4.14)%	27.71%	2.72%	5.61%
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Annual Money Weighted Rate Return, Net of Investment Expense	8.88%	11.92%	1.99%	4.62%	17.18%

Schedule of Employer and Non-employer Contributing Entities Contributions – TRS Plan

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Actuarially Determined Employer Contributions	\$ 161,879,388	\$ 157,671,673	\$ 150,239,539	\$ 148,368,706	\$ 143,107,320
Actual Contributions:					
Employers	113,441,533	109,672,148	103,219,072	102,420,318	97,303,048
Non-Employer Contributing Entities	\$ 48,437,855	\$ 47,999,525	\$ 47,020,467	\$ 45,948,388	\$ 45,495,334
Total	\$ 161,879,388	\$ 157,671,673	\$ 150,239,539	\$ 148,368,706	\$ 142,798,382
Annual Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)	-	-	-	-	308,938
Covered Payroll	983,749,464	960,836,370	922,764,585	880,667,518	857,467,932
Actual Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	16.46%	16.41%	16.28%	16.85%	16.65%

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially Determined Employer Contributions	\$ 139,239,141	\$ 136,267,787	\$ 132,546,252	\$ 130,680,397	\$ 148,362,932
Actual Contributions:					
Employers	94,233,469	91,853,678	88,643,646	87,290,863	83,439,612
Non-Employer Contributing Entities	\$ 45,005,672	\$ 44,414,109	\$ 43,902,606	\$ 43,389,534	\$ 64,923,320
Total	\$ 139,239,141	\$ 136,267,787	\$ 132,546,252	\$ 130,680,397	\$ 148,362,932
Annual Contribution Deficiency/ (Excess)	-	-	-	-	-
Covered Payroll	829,708,595	818,122,561	795,920,906	768,718,699	750,604,063
Actual Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	16.78%	16.66%	16.65%	17.00%	19.77%

Note to RSI – Schedule of Employer Contributions

The actuarially determined employer contributions and amount of those contributions actually made are presented in the schedule.

Note to RSI – Actuarial Assumptions – TRS Plan

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was used in the actuarial valuation for purposes of determining the actuarially determined contribution rate. The assumptions and methods used for this actuarial valuation were recommended by the actuary and adopted by the Board. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Note to RSI - Changes of Benefit Terms - TRS Plan

There have been no material changes of benefit terms in the past ten years.

Note to RSI - Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Methods - TRS Plan

The following changes to the actuarial assumptions were adopted in 2022:

- The discount rate was increased from 7.06% to 7.30%.
- The investment rate of return assumption was increased from 7.06% to 7.30%.
- The inflation rate was increased from 2.40% to 2.75%.
- Updated all mortality tables to the PUB-2010 tables for teachers.
- Updated the rates of retirement and termination.
- Updated the salary scale merit rates.

The following changes to the actuarial assumptions were adopted in 2021 for the GASB 67/68 report and disclosures only:

- The discount rate was lowered from 7.34% to 7.06%.
- The investment rate of return assumption was lowered from 7.34% to 7.06%.

The following changes to the actuarial assumptions were adopted in 2020 for the GASB 67/68 report and disclosures only:

- The discount rate was lowered from 7.50% to 7.34%.
- The investment rate of return assumption was lowered from 7.50% to 7.34%.
- The inflation rate was reduced from 2.50% to 2.40%.

The following changes to the actuarial assumptions were adopted in 2019:

• The Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA) for Tier Two members is a variable rate between 0.50% and 1.50% as determined by the Board. Since an increase in the amount of the GABA is not automatic and must be approved by the Board, the assumed increase was lowered from 1.50% to the current rate of 0.50% per annum.

The following changes to the actuarial assumptions were adopted in 2018:

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 2.50%
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.25%
- Investment return assumption was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- Wage growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.25%
- Mortality among contributing members, service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following:
 - For Males and Females: RP-2000 Healthy Combined Mortality Table projected to 2022 adjusted for partial credibility setback for two years. The tables include margins for mortality improvement which is expected to occur in the future.
- Mortality among disabled members was updated to the following:
 - For Males: RP 2000 Disabled Mortality Table, set back three years, with mortality improvements projected by Scale BB to 2022.
 - For Females: RP 2000 Disabled Mortality Table, set forward two years, with mortality improvements projected by Scale BB to 2022.
- Retirement rates were updated.
- Termination rates were updated.
- · Rates of salary increases were updated.

The following changes to the actuarial assumptions were adopted in 2016:

• The normal cost method has been updated to align the calculation of the projected compensation and the total present value of plan benefits so that the normal cost rate reflects the most appropriate allocation of plan costs over future compensation.

The following changes to the actuarial assumptions were adopted in 2015:

- Correctly reflect the proportion of members that are assumed to take a refund of contributions upon termination and appropriately reflect the three year COLA deferral period for Tier 2 Members.
- The 0.63% load applied to the projected retirement benefits of the university members "to account for larger than average annual compensation increases observed in the years immediately preceding retirement" is not applied to benefits expected to be paid to university members on account of death, disability and termination (prior to retirement eligibility.
- The actuarial valuation was updated to reflect the assumed rate of retirement for university members at age 60 is 8.50% as stated in the actuarial valuation report.
- The actuarial valuation was updated to reflect the fact that vested terminations are only covered by the \$500 death benefit for the one year following their termination and, once again when the terminated member commences their deferred retirement annuity (they are not covered during the deferral period). Additionally, only the portion of the terminated members that are assumed to "retain membership in the System" are covered by the \$500 death benefit after termination.

The following changes to the actuarial assumptions were adopted in 2014:

- Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.50% to 3.25%.
- Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 4.50% to 4.00%.
- Assumed real wage growth was reduced from 1.00% to 0.75%.
- Investment return assumption was changed from net of investment and administrative expenses to net of investment expenses only.
- Mortality among contributing members, service retired members, and beneficiaries was updated to the following:
 - For Males: RP 2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for ages 50 and above and the RP 2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for ages below 50, set back four years, with mortality improvements projected by Scale BB to 2018.
 - For Females: RP 2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for ages 50 and above and the RP 2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for ages below 50, set back two years, with mortality improvements projected by Scale BB to 2018.
- Mortality among disabled members was updated to the following:
 - For Males: RP 2000 Disabled Mortality Table for Males, set forward one year, with mortality improvements projected by Scale BB to 2018.
 - For Females: RP 2000 Disabled Mortality Table for Females, set forward five years, with mortality improvements projected by Scale BB to 2018.

Note to RSI – Method and Assumptions Used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions – TRS Plan

The actuarial determined contribution rates are determined on an annual basis. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine contribution rates reported for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, which were based on the results of the July 1, 2022 actuarial valuation.

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Pay, Open
Remaining Amortization Period	25 years
Asset Valuation Method	4-year Smoothed Fair Value
Inflation	2.75 Percent
Salary Increase	3.50 – 9.00 Percent, Including Inflation for Non-University Members and 4.25 Percent for University Members including inflation;
Investment Rate of Return	7.30 Percent, Net of Pension Plan Investment Expense, and Including Inflation

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – TRS as Employer of PERS Plan

	2023
TRS' Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.0779%
TRS' Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$1,851,315
State of Montana's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated With the TRS	\$531,650
Total NPL	\$2,383,265
Covered Payroll	\$1,352,969
TRS' Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll	136.8%
Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	73.7%

The amounts presented above for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30th, the measurement date. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Schedule of Contributions – TRS as Employer of PERS Plan

		2023	
-	Contractually Required Contributions	\$133,749	
	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions	\$133,749	
	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	
	Covered Payroll	\$1,484,429	
	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	9.01%	

The amounts presented above for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30th, the most recent fiscal year end. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
0.0769%	0.0715%	0.0697%	0.0691%	0.0896%	0.0882%	0.0843%	0.08102%
\$1,394,112	\$1,885,625	\$1,457,558	\$1,443,205	\$1,745,606	\$1,502,397	\$1,177,820	\$1,009,567
\$394,640	\$571,643	\$456,803	\$464,136	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$1,788,752	\$2,457,268	\$1,914,361	\$1,907,341	\$1,745,606	\$1,502,397	\$1,177,820	\$1,009,567
\$1,342,785	\$1,185,534	\$1,137,253	\$1,123,898	\$1,098,725	\$1,043,891	\$971,504	\$905,963
103.8%	159.1%	128.2%	128.4%	158.9%	143.9%	121.2%	111.4%
79.9%	68.9%	73.9%	73.5%	73.8%	74.7%	78.4%	79.9%

2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$121,685	\$120,353	\$105,067	\$98,953	\$96,318	\$93,062	\$89,095	\$82,288
\$121,685	\$120,353	\$105,067	\$98,953	\$96,318	\$93,062	\$89,095	\$82,288
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$1,352,969	\$1,342,785	\$1,185,534	\$1,137,460	\$1,123,898	\$1,098,725	\$1,043,891	\$971,504
8.99%	8.96%	8.86%	8.70%	8.57%	8.47%	8.53%	8.47%

Note to RSI - Changes of Benefit Terms - PERS Plan

The following changes to the plan provision were made as identified:

2013 Legislative Changes:

Working Retirees – House Bill 95

- The law requires employer contributions on working retiree compensation.
- Member contributions are not required.
- Working retiree limitations are not impacted. PERS working retirees may still work up to 960 hours a year, without impacting benefits.

Highest Average Compensation (HAC) Cap – House Bill 97, effective July 1, 2013

- All PERS members hired on or after July 1, 2013, are subject to a 110% annual cap on compensation considered as part of a member's highest or final average compensation.
- All bonuses paid to PERS members on or after July 1, 2013, will not be treated as compensation for retirement purposes.

House Bill 454 - Permanent Injunction Limits Application of the GABA Reduction passed under HB 454

Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA)

- After the member has completed 12 full months of retirement, the member's benefit increases by the applicable percentage (provided below) each January, inclusive of all other adjustments to the member's benefit.
- 3% for members hired prior to July 1, 2007.
- 1.5% for members hired on or after July 1, 2007, and before July 1, 2013.
- Members hired on or after July 1, 2013:
 - a. 1.5% each year PERS is funded at or above 90%;
 - b. 1.5% is reduced by 0.1% for each 2% PERS is funded below 90%, and
 - c. 0% whenever the amortization period for PERS is 40 years or more.

2015 Legislative Changes:

General Revisions – House Bill 101, effective January 1, 2016

Second Retirement Benefit

- 1. Applies to PERS members who return to active service on or after January 1, 2016. Members who retire before January 1, 2016, return to PERS-covered employment and accumulate less than 2 years of service credit before retiring again:
 - refund of member's contributions from second employment plus regular interest (currently 0.25%);
 - no service credit for second employment;
 - start same benefit amount the month following termination, and
 - GABA starts again in the January immediately following second retirement.
- 2. For members who retire before January 1, 2016, return to PERS-covered employment and accumulate two or more years of service credit before retiring again:
 - · member receives a recalculated retirement benefit based on laws in effect at second retirement, and
 - GABA starts in the January after receiving recalculated benefit for 12 months.

- 3. For members who retire on or after January 1, 2016, return to PERS-covered employment and accumulate less than 5 years of service credit before retiring again:
 - refund of member's contributions from second employment plus regular interest (currently 0.25%);
 - no service credit for second employment;
 - start same benefit amount the month following termination, and
 - GABA starts again in the January immediately following second retirement.
- 4. For members who retire on or after January 1, 2016, return to PERS-covered employment and accumulate five or more years of service credit before retiring again:
 - member receives same retirement benefit as prior to return to service;
 - member receives second retirement benefit for second period of service based on laws in effect at second retirement, and
 - GABA starts on both benefits in January after member receives original and new benefit for 12 months.

Employer Contributions and the Defined Contribution Plan

The Plan Choice Rate (PCR) was paid off effective March 2016 and the contributions of 2.37%, .47%, and the 1.0% increase previously directed to the PCR are now directed to the Defined Contribution or MUS-RP member's account.

2017 Legislative Changes:

Working Retiree Limitations

If a PERS retiree returns as an independent contractor to what would otherwise be PERS-covered employment, general contractor overhead costs are excluded from PERS working retiree limitations.

Refunds

- 1. Terminating members eligible to retire may, in lieu of receiving a monthly retirement benefit, refund their accumulated contributions in a lump sum.
- 2. Terminating members with accumulated contributions between \$200 and \$1,000 who wish to rollover their refund must do so within 90 days of termination of service.
- 3. Trusts, estates, and charitable organizations listed as beneficiaries are entitled to receive only a lump-sum payment.

Interest credited to member accounts

Effective July 1, 2017, the interest rate credited to member accounts increased from 0.25% to 0.77%.

Lump-sum payouts

Effective July 1, 2017, lump-sum payouts in all systems are limited to the member's accumulated contributions rather than the present value of the member's benefit.

Disabled PERS Defined Contribution (DC) Members

PERS members hired after July 1, 2011 have a normal retirement age of 65. PERS DC members hired after July 1, 2011 who became disabled were previously only eligible for a disability benefit until age 65. Effective July 1, 2017, these individuals will be eligible for a disability benefit until they reach 70, thus ensuring the same 5-year time period available to PERS DC disabled members hired prior to July 1, 2011 who have a normal retirement age of 60 and are eligible for a disability benefit until age 65.

PERS Statutory Appropriation - House Bill 648, effective July 1, 2017

Revenue from coal severance taxes and interest income from the coal severance tax permanent fund previously statutorily-appropriated to the PERS defined benefit trust fund will be replaced with the following statutory appropriations:

- 1. FY2018 \$31.386 million
- 2. FY2019 \$31.958 million
- 3. Beginning July 1, 2019 through at least June 30, 2025, 101% of the contribution from the previous year from the general fund to the PERS defined benefit trust fund, as follows:
 - a. FY2020 \$32.277 million
 - b. FY2021 \$32.6 million
 - c. FY2022 \$32.926 million
 - d. FY2023 \$33.255 million
 - e. FY2024 \$33.588 million
 - f. FY2025 \$33.924 million

Note to RSI – Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Methods – PERS Plan

Method and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions

The following actuarial assumptions and methods were used to determine contribution rates reported for fiscal year ending June 30,2022, which were based on the results of the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation:

General Wage Growth*	3.50%
Investment Rate of Return*	7.65%
*Includes inflation at	2.75%
Merit salary increases	0% to 8.47%
Asset valuation method	4-year smoothed fair value
Actuarial cost method	Entry age Normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, open
Remaining amortization period	30 years
Mortality (Healthy members)	For Males and Females: RP 2000 Combined Employee and Annuitant Mortality Table projected to 2020 using Scale BB, males set back 1 year
Mortality (Disabled members)	For Males and Females: RP 2000 Combined Mortality Table
Admin Expense as % of Payroll	0.29%

Administrative expenses are recognized by an additional amount added to the normal cost contribution rate for the System. This amount varies from year to year based on the prior year's actual administrative expenses.

Other Post-employment Benefits Plan Information

	2023*	2022*	2021*	2020*	2019*	2018*
TRS Proportionate Share of the Total OPEB Liability	0.17275	0.19026%	0.19026%	0.18724%	0.24391%	0.27378%
TRS Total OPEB Liability	\$53,547	\$235,221	\$280,653	\$88,643	\$135,851	\$138,145
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$1,352,969	\$1,342,785	\$1,185,534	\$1,137,253	\$1,123,898	\$1,098,725
TRS Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	3.96%	17.52%	23.67%	7.79%	12.09%	12.57%

^{*}The amounts presented above for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30th, the measurement date. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Note to RSI - OPEB Information

The State of Montana OPEB plan is not administered through a trust; as such, there are no plan assets accumulated to offset the total OPEB liability. The State of Montana OPEB plan is reported as single-employer plan.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs

The total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation dated December 31, 2022, the following assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

- Actuarial valuation date: December 31, 2022
- Actuarial measurement date*: March 31, 2023
- · Actuarial cost method: Entry age normal funding method
- Amortization method: Open basis
- Asset valuation method: Not applicable since no assets meet the definition of plan assets under GASB 75
- Actuarial Assumptions:
 - Discount rate: 3.98%
 - Projected payroll increases: 3.50%
 - Participation: Future retirees 40.00%, Future eligible spouses 70.00%
 - Marital status at retirement: Actual spouse information is used for current retirees. Future retired
 members who elect to participate in the plan are assumed to be married at a rate of 70%. Males are
 assumed to be 3 years older than females.

Mortality – Contributing members: For TRS employees, mortality follows the Pub-2010 Teacher table, projected generationally using MP-2021.

Mortality – Retired: For TRS retirees, mortality follows the Pub-2010 Retired Teacher table adjusted 102% for males and 103% for females, projected generationally using MP-2021.

Mortality – Surviving Beneficiaries: For TRS survivors, mortality follows the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor table, projected generationally using MP-2021.

Mortality – Disabled: For TRS retirees, mortality follows the Pub-2010 General Disabled table, projected generationally using MP-2021.

^{*} Update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to the measurement date March 31, 2023.

TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF MONTANA SUPPORTING SCHEDULES / SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

SCHEDULE OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Expenses for the administration of the plan, excluding compensated absences, depreciation and amortization are budgeted and approved by the TRS Board. The administrative costs of TRS are financed through realized investment income. The expenses, less amortization of assets, may not exceed 1.50% of retirement benefits paid. Administrative expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, were 0.87% of benefits paid. The administrative expenses by category are outlined below:

Administrative Expenses

		2023
Personal Services:		
Salaries	\$	1,512,007
Other Compensation		4,250
Employee Benefits		524,657
Total Budgeted Personal Services	\$	2,040,914
Operating Expenses:		
Contracted Services	\$	893,907
Supplies and Material		43,974
Communications		113,119
Travel		26,547
Rent		2,993
Repair and Maintenance		16,006
Other Expenses		85,793
Total Budgeted Operating Expenses	\$	1,182,339
Non-Budgeted Expenses:		
OPEB Contribution Expense	\$	(4,325)
Pension Contribution Offset	Ψ	(134,072)
Compensated Absences		1,567
Amortization Expense		411,920
Depreciation Expense		34,840
Lease Amortization Expense		165,301
Lease Principal Expense		(83,946)
Lease Interest Expense		131,254
Total Non-Budgeted Expenses	\$	522,540
Total Administrative Expenses	\$	3,745,792

SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT EXPENSES

		External		
Investment	 MBOI	Managers	Other	Total
Short-Term Investment Pool	\$ 70,281	N/A	\$ 1,543	\$ 71,824
Consolidated Asset Pension Pool	\$ 1,842,782	\$ 19,669,479	\$ 6,039,838	\$ 27,552,099
Totals	\$ 1,913,063	\$ 19,669,479	\$ 6,041,381	\$ 27,623,923

SCHEDULE OF PAYMENTS TO CONSULTANTS

Costs included in the table below are a result of administrative expenses, as well as several costs associated with the M-Trust project as of June 30, 2023.

	2023
Actuarial Services	\$ 152,131
Project Consulting Services	91,579
Legal Services	4,873
Audit Services	93,579
Medical Evaluations	1,495
IT Contracts	16,006
Non-Project IT Services and Consulting	144,000
Project IT Services and Consulting	84,800
Total Consultant Payments	\$ 588,463

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TRS Annual Report Investment Letter

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

The Montana Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) realized an 8.46% net return during the 2023 fiscal year. Net return performance for TRS since inception was 7.72% annualized. Returns over longer frames compare favorably with the public fund, peer universe with 10-year returns ranked in the top decile. More importantly, long-term returns exceed the current TRS actuarial return rate of 7.30%

Returns across asset classes were mixed in fiscal year 2023. Some asset classes enjoyed strong returns as economic growth exceeded expectations. Conversely, a few suffered as global central banks raised interest rates to reduce inflation. Domestic Equity (18.87%), International Equity (12.48%), Real Assets (12.20%), Non-Core Fixed Income (8.03%), Cash (4.96%), and Private Investments (2.83%) posted positive returns. Real Estate (-2.10%) and Core Fixed Income (-0.83%) posted negative returns.

The asset allocation approved by the Montana Board of Investments (BOI) is designed to achieve the strategic objective of TRS while minimizing risk. It provides a framework to capture gains over the long-term while protecting against unmanageable losses during periodic economic declines.

Going forward, the market faces multiple obstacles including rising geopolitical tensions, higher interest rates, demographic shifts, and slower global growth projections. Market uncertainty is elevated, thus making prudent diversification a critical pillar of the portfolio.

BOI continues to pursue attractive investment opportunities. We expect periods of extreme market volatility and continually mitigate risks to meet the liquidity needs of the pension plan. BOI believes that disciplined execution of our investment process will help us achieve the long-term objective of the TRS pension.

Respectfully submitted,

Jon Putnam, CFA, FRM, CAIA Chief Investment Officer Montana Board of Investments

> 2401 COLONIAL DRIVE, FLOOR THREE, HELENA, MT 59602 P.O. BOX 200126, HELENA, MT 59620 - 0126 406-444-0001 | INVESTMENTMT.COM

Investment Policy

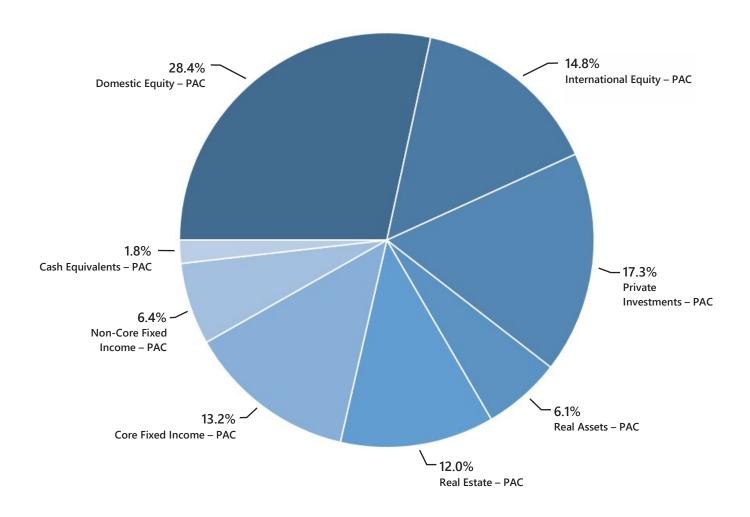
BOI manages the State's Unified Investment Program, which includes TRS plan investments as required by §19-20-501, MCA. The Unified Investment Program is required by law to operate under the "prudent expert principle," defined as:

- 1) discharging its duties with the care, skill, prudence, and diligence that a prudent person acting in a like capacity with the same resources and familiar with like matters exercises in the conduct of an enterprise of like character and like aims:
- 2) diversifying the holdings of each fund to minimize the risk of loss and maximize the rate of return, and
- 3) discharging its duties solely in the interest of and for the benefit of the funds managed.

Basis of Presentation

The BOI provides the investment returns for the Pension Asset Classes (PACs) based on data made available by the fund's custodian, State Street Bank. Performance calculations were prepared using time-weighted rates of return and are net-of-fees unless otherwise indicated.

CAPP INVESTMENT ALLOCATION



INVESTMENT RESULTS

TRS Rates of Returns

	FY 2023	3-Year	5-Year	10-Year	Inception to Date
Short-term Investment Pool	3.77%	1.41%	1.64%	1.12%	2.31%
- Short Term Custom Benchmark	3.94%	1.39%	1.54%	1.07%	2.23%
Consolidated Asset Pension Pool	8.51%	9.94%	7.65%	N/A	8.08%
- CAPP Custom Benchmark	10.32%	8.69%	6.52%	N/A	7.16%
Domestic Equity - PAC	18.87%	14.37%	10.96%	12.02%	9.69%
- Domestic Equity PAC Custom Blend	19.20%	14.09%	11.55%	12.51%	10.36%
Internnational Equity - PAC	12.48%	6.97%	3.50%	5.08%	4.63%
- International Equity PAC Custom Blend	12.47%	7.33%	3.38%	4.85%	4.89%
Core Fixed Income - PAC	(0.75%)	(3.47%)	0.84%	1.67%	5.06%
- Core Fixed Income Custom Benchmark	(0.94%)	(3.96%)	0.31%	1.26%	4.41%
Non-Core Fixed Income - PAC	7.71%	1.72%	2.53%	3.71%	6.31%
- BBG BARC US HY - 2% Issr Cap	9.07%	3.12%	3.34%	4.43%	7.38%
Private Investments - PAC	2.83%	21.10%	14.91%	13.34%	12.95%
- Private Equity PAC Custom	14.94%	14.13%	6.96%	11.66%	10.64%
Real Estate - PAC	(2.10%)	9.51%	7.48%	9.17%	4.79%
- Real Estate - PAC Custom Blend	(3.91%)	7.46%	3.73%	6.67%	5.10%
Real Assets - PAC	12.20%	15.45%	5.43%	N/A	5.66%
- Real Assets - PAC Custom Blend	4.23%	11.26%	(0.76%)	N/A	2.50%
Cash Equivalents - PAC	4.96%	1.85%	1.94%		1.85%
- Short Term Custom Benchmark	3.94%	1.39%	1.54%		1.53%
TOTAL PORTFOLIO RETURN	8.46%	9.84%	7.55%	8.17%	7.72%

INVESTMENT SUMMARY AND ASSET ALLOCATION

TRS Cash Equivalent and Investment Portfolio June 30, 2023

Investment	Book Value	Fair Value
Short-term Investment Pool	\$ 54,498,660 \$	54,469,383
Consolidated Asset Pension Pool	3,030,707,888	4,835,048,176
Total	\$ 3,085,206,548 \$	4,889,517,559

Investment Pool Holdings at June 30, 2023

Domestic Equity Pension Asset Class	Fair Value
APPLE INC	\$249,801,549
MICROSOFT CORP	196,015,846
ISHARES CORE S+P TOTAL US STOC	139,783,323
AMAZON.COM INC	97,962,542
NVIDIA CORP	85,071,437
ISHARES CORE S+P 500 ETF	76,987,934
ISHARES CORE S+P SMALL CAP ETF	68,449,585
TESLA INC	60,777,759
ALPHABET INC CL A	58,030,081
ALPHABET INC CL C	52,888,810
International Equity Pension Asset Class	Fair Value
ACWI EX US SUPERFUN	\$683,884,707
BLACKROCK ACWI EX US SMALL CAP	135,248,407
ISHARES MSCI EAFE EFT	107,734,455
ISHARES CORE MSCI EMERGING MAR	67,541,496
STATE STREET BANK + TRUST CO	19,470,265
TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR MANUFAC	14,018,783
HDFC BANK LTD ADR	12,519,096
WALMART DE MEXICO SAB DE CV	12,237,811
RELX PLC	11,716,818
CIE FINANCIERE RICHEMO A REG	11,169,197
Private Investments Pension Asset Class	Fair Value
Private Investments Pension Asset Class OCP ASIAFUND III LP	Fair Value \$75,301,903
OCP ASIAFUND III LP	\$75,301,903 64,879,631 62,243,640
OCP ASIAFUND III LP TREE LINE DIRECT LENDING III	\$75,301,903 64,879,631 62,243,640 61,205,914
OCP ASIAFUND III LP TREE LINE DIRECT LENDING III DEERPATH CAPITAL ADVANTAGE IV CRESCENT ASIA CONS AND DVF II LEVINE LEICHTMAN CAPITAL VI LP	\$75,301,903 64,879,631 62,243,640 61,205,914 53,130,485
OCP ASIAFUND III LP TREE LINE DIRECT LENDING III DEERPATH CAPITAL ADVANTAGE IV CRESCENT ASIA CONS AND DVF II LEVINE LEICHTMAN CAPITAL VI LP SUMERU EQUITY PARTNERS III LP	\$75,301,903 64,879,631 62,243,640 61,205,914 53,130,485 52,917,341
OCP ASIAFUND III LP TREE LINE DIRECT LENDING III DEERPATH CAPITAL ADVANTAGE IV CRESCENT ASIA CONS AND DVF II LEVINE LEICHTMAN CAPITAL VI LP SUMERU EQUITY PARTNERS III LP VERITAS CAPITAL FUND VII, L.P	\$75,301,903 64,879,631 62,243,640 61,205,914 53,130,485 52,917,341 52,653,107
OCP ASIAFUND III LP TREE LINE DIRECT LENDING III DEERPATH CAPITAL ADVANTAGE IV CRESCENT ASIA CONS AND DVF II LEVINE LEICHTMAN CAPITAL VI LP SUMERU EQUITY PARTNERS III LP VERITAS CAPITAL FUND VII, L.P GRIDIRON CAPITAL FUND III	\$75,301,903 64,879,631 62,243,640 61,205,914 53,130,485 52,917,341 52,653,107 51,976,183
OCP ASIAFUND III LP TREE LINE DIRECT LENDING III DEERPATH CAPITAL ADVANTAGE IV CRESCENT ASIA CONS AND DVF II LEVINE LEICHTMAN CAPITAL VI LP SUMERU EQUITY PARTNERS III LP VERITAS CAPITAL FUND VII, L.P GRIDIRON CAPITAL FUND III VERITAS CAPITAL FD VI LP	\$75,301,903 64,879,631 62,243,640 61,205,914 53,130,485 52,917,341 52,653,107 51,976,183 49,265,643
OCP ASIAFUND III LP TREE LINE DIRECT LENDING III DEERPATH CAPITAL ADVANTAGE IV CRESCENT ASIA CONS AND DVF II LEVINE LEICHTMAN CAPITAL VI LP SUMERU EQUITY PARTNERS III LP VERITAS CAPITAL FUND VII, L.P GRIDIRON CAPITAL FUND III	\$75,301,903 64,879,631 62,243,640 61,205,914 53,130,485 52,917,341 52,653,107 51,976,183
OCP ASIAFUND III LP TREE LINE DIRECT LENDING III DEERPATH CAPITAL ADVANTAGE IV CRESCENT ASIA CONS AND DVF II LEVINE LEICHTMAN CAPITAL VI LP SUMERU EQUITY PARTNERS III LP VERITAS CAPITAL FUND VII, L.P GRIDIRON CAPITAL FUND III VERITAS CAPITAL FD VI LP	\$75,301,903 64,879,631 62,243,640 61,205,914 53,130,485 52,917,341 52,653,107 51,976,183 49,265,643
OCP ASIAFUND III LP TREE LINE DIRECT LENDING III DEERPATH CAPITAL ADVANTAGE IV CRESCENT ASIA CONS AND DVF II LEVINE LEICHTMAN CAPITAL VI LP SUMERU EQUITY PARTNERS III LP VERITAS CAPITAL FUND VII, L.P GRIDIRON CAPITAL FUND III VERITAS CAPITAL FD VI LP ODYSSEY INVESTMENT PRINS FD VI	\$75,301,903 64,879,631 62,243,640 61,205,914 53,130,485 52,917,341 52,653,107 51,976,183 49,265,643 48,732,870
OCP ASIAFUND III LP TREE LINE DIRECT LENDING III DEERPATH CAPITAL ADVANTAGE IV CRESCENT ASIA CONS AND DVF II LEVINE LEICHTMAN CAPITAL VI LP SUMERU EQUITY PARTNERS III LP VERITAS CAPITAL FUND VII, L.P GRIDIRON CAPITAL FUND III VERITAS CAPITAL FD VI LP ODYSSEY INVESTMENT PRTNS FD VI	\$75,301,903 64,879,631 62,243,640 61,205,914 53,130,485 52,917,341 52,653,107 51,976,183 49,265,643 48,732,870 Fair Value
OCP ASIAFUND III LP TREE LINE DIRECT LENDING III DEERPATH CAPITAL ADVANTAGE IV CRESCENT ASIA CONS AND DVF II LEVINE LEICHTMAN CAPITAL VI LP SUMERU EQUITY PARTNERS III LP VERITAS CAPITAL FUND VII, L.P GRIDIRON CAPITAL FUND III VERITAS CAPITAL FD VI LP ODYSSEY INVESTMENT PRINS FD VI Real Assets Pension Asset Class KIMMERIDGE ENERGY EXPLOR FD V	\$75,301,903 64,879,631 62,243,640 61,205,914 53,130,485 52,917,341 52,653,107 51,976,183 49,265,643 48,732,870 Fair Value \$82,601,059
OCP ASIAFUND III LP TREE LINE DIRECT LENDING III DEERPATH CAPITAL ADVANTAGE IV CRESCENT ASIA CONS AND DVF II LEVINE LEICHTMAN CAPITAL VI LP SUMERU EQUITY PARTNERS III LP VERITAS CAPITAL FUND VII, L.P GRIDIRON CAPITAL FUND III VERITAS CAPITAL FD VI LP ODYSSEY INVESTMENT PRINS FD VI Real Assets Pension Asset Class KIMMERIDGE ENERGY EXPLOR FD V TSY INFL IX N/B	\$75,301,903 64,879,631 62,243,640 61,205,914 53,130,485 52,917,341 52,653,107 51,976,183 49,265,643 48,732,870 Fair Value \$82,601,059 77,938,132
OCP ASIAFUND III LP TREE LINE DIRECT LENDING III DEERPATH CAPITAL ADVANTAGE IV CRESCENT ASIA CONS AND DVF II LEVINE LEICHTMAN CAPITAL VI LP SUMERU EQUITY PARTNERS III LP VERITAS CAPITAL FUND VII, L.P GRIDIRON CAPITAL FUND III VERITAS CAPITAL FD VI LP ODYSSEY INVESTMENT PRINS FD VI Real Assets Pension Asset Class KIMMERIDGE ENERGY EXPLOR FD V TSY INFL IX N/B ITE RAIL FUND LP MOLPUS WOODLANDS FUND III LP COPENHAGEN INFRASTRUCTURE IV	\$75,301,903 64,879,631 62,243,640 61,205,914 53,130,485 52,917,341 52,653,107 51,976,183 49,265,643 48,732,870 Fair Value \$82,601,059 77,938,132 53,926,097 47,278,724 44,184,408
OCP ASIAFUND III LP TREE LINE DIRECT LENDING III DEERPATH CAPITAL ADVANTAGE IV CRESCENT ASIA CONS AND DVF II LEVINE LEICHTMAN CAPITAL VI LP SUMERU EQUITY PARTNERS III LP VERITAS CAPITAL FUND VII, L.P GRIDIRON CAPITAL FUND III VERITAS CAPITAL FD VI LP ODYSSEY INVESTMENT PRINS FD VI Real Assets Pension Asset Class KIMMERIDGE ENERGY EXPLOR FD V TSY INFL IX N/B ITE RAIL FUND LP MOLPUS WOODLANDS FUND III LP COPENHAGEN INFRASTRUCTURE IV CBRE MSHELL INFRA INVESTMENTS	\$75,301,903 64,879,631 62,243,640 61,205,914 53,130,485 52,917,341 52,653,107 51,976,183 49,265,643 48,732,870 Fair Value \$82,601,059 77,938,132 53,926,097 47,278,724 44,184,408 37,085,616
OCP ASIAFUND III LP TREE LINE DIRECT LENDING III DEERPATH CAPITAL ADVANTAGE IV CRESCENT ASIA CONS AND DVF II LEVINE LEICHTMAN CAPITAL VI LP SUMERU EQUITY PARTNERS III LP VERITAS CAPITAL FUND VII, L.P GRIDIRON CAPITAL FUND III VERITAS CAPITAL FD VI LP ODYSSEY INVESTMENT PRINS FD VI Real Assets Pension Asset Class KIMMERIDGE ENERGY EXPLOR FD V TSY INFL IX N/B ITE RAIL FUND LP MOLPUS WOODLANDS FUND III LP COPENHAGEN INFRASTRUCTURE IV CBRE MSHELL INFRA INVESTMENTS EQT INFRASTRUCTURE V	\$75,301,903 64,879,631 62,243,640 61,205,914 53,130,485 52,917,341 52,653,107 51,976,183 49,265,643 48,732,870 Fair Value \$82,601,059 77,938,132 53,926,097 47,278,724 44,184,408 37,085,616 36,998,846
OCP ASIAFUND III LP TREE LINE DIRECT LENDING III DEERPATH CAPITAL ADVANTAGE IV CRESCENT ASIA CONS AND DVF II LEVINE LEICHTMAN CAPITAL VI LP SUMERU EQUITY PARTNERS III LP VERITAS CAPITAL FUND VII, L.P GRIDIRON CAPITAL FUND III VERITAS CAPITAL FD VI LP ODYSSEY INVESTMENT PRINS FD VI Real Assets Pension Asset Class KIMMERIDGE ENERGY EXPLOR FD V TSY INFL IX N/B ITE RAIL FUND LP MOLPUS WOODLANDS FUND III LP COPENHAGEN INFRASTRUCTURE IV CBRE MSHELL INFRA INVESTMENTS EQT INFRASTRUCTURE V TRILANTIC ENERGY PARTNERS II	\$75,301,903 64,879,631 62,243,640 61,205,914 53,130,485 52,917,341 52,653,107 51,976,183 49,265,643 48,732,870 Fair Value \$82,601,059 77,938,132 53,926,097 47,278,724 44,184,408 37,085,616 36,998,846 35,609,785
OCP ASIAFUND III LP TREE LINE DIRECT LENDING III DEERPATH CAPITAL ADVANTAGE IV CRESCENT ASIA CONS AND DVF II LEVINE LEICHTMAN CAPITAL VI LP SUMERU EQUITY PARTNERS III LP VERITAS CAPITAL FUND VII, L.P GRIDIRON CAPITAL FUND III VERITAS CAPITAL FD VI LP ODYSSEY INVESTMENT PRINS FD VI Real Assets Pension Asset Class KIMMERIDGE ENERGY EXPLOR FD V TSY INFL IX N/B ITE RAIL FUND LP MOLPUS WOODLANDS FUND III LP COPENHAGEN INFRASTRUCTURE IV CBRE MSHELL INFRA INVESTMENTS EQT INFRASTRUCTURE V	\$75,301,903 64,879,631 62,243,640 61,205,914 53,130,485 52,917,341 52,653,107 51,976,183 49,265,643 48,732,870 Fair Value \$82,601,059 77,938,132 53,926,097 47,278,724 44,184,408 37,085,616 36,998,846

Real Estate Pension Asset Class	Fair Value
STOCKBRIDGE NICHE LOGISTICS FD	\$129,458,750
CENTERSQUARE DOMESTIC REIT MU6	125,638,374
FIDELITY ADVISOR SER IV	108,717,885
HEITMAN AMERICA RE TRUST LP	91,145,146
PRISA LP	91,132,599
552992935 JPM STRATEGIC PROPRT	80,385,823
OCP ASIA OPPOR FUND US LP	67,547,903
EW SILVER BOW HOLDINGS LLC	62,273,843
AG CREDO III	59,576,160
UBS TRUMBULL PROPERTY FUND	49,813,497
Core Fixed Income Asset Class	Fair Value
US TREASURY N/B	\$554,957,035
FEDERAL FARM CREDIT BANK	94,237,820
FEDERAL HOME LOAN BANK	49,838,350
FINANCE OF AMERICA STRUCTURED	46,751,484
STATE STREET BANK + TRUST CO	32,674,672
BANK OF AMERICA CORP	28,784,070
FRESB MULTIFAMILY MORTGAGE PAS	28,771,598
FANNIE MAE	27,828,040
TSY INFL IX N/B	27,113,953
CAPITAL ONE FINANCIAL CO	20,303,420
Non-Core Fixed Income Asset Class	Fair Value
STATE STREET BANK + TRUST CO	\$21,889,804
FORD MOTOR CREDIT CO LLC	8,843,325
TRANSDIGM INC	8,614,144
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA	8,495,536
CCO HLDGS LLC/CAP CORP	8,429,004
TENET HEALTHCARE CORP	7,568,052
BANK OF AMERICA CORP	6,707,389
CAESARS ENTERTAIN INC	6,696,791
WELLS FARGO + COMPANY	6,075,550
IRON MOUNTAIN INC	5,980,293
Cash Equivalents	Fair Value
SHORT TERM INVESTMENT POOL	245,411,043
STATE STREET BANK + TRUST CO	1,509,720

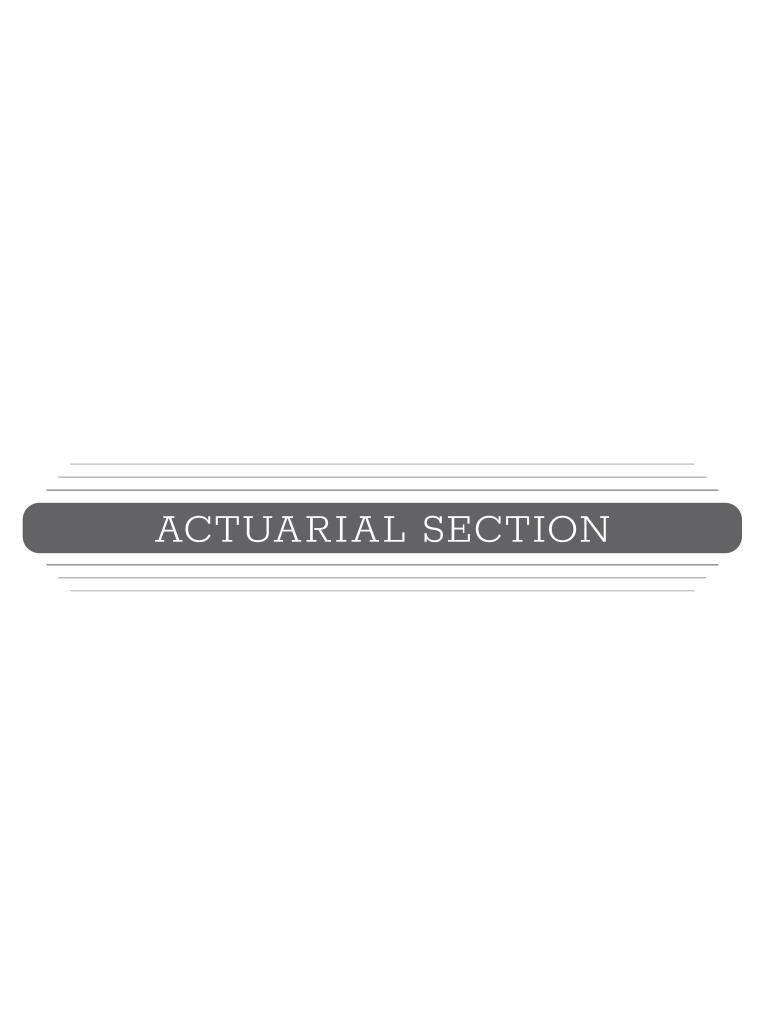
The holdings in the Pension Asset Classes above represent the MBOI overall holdings in the CAPP and STIP pools. TRS owns a portion of each pool (approximately 34.59%). A complete list of the portfolio holdings is available upon request from BOI.

Investment Management Fees

The State Legislature sets the management fees MBOI charges. The maximum fee is set at the aggregate level at the beginning of each fiscal year. The MBOI management fees are allocated to the pools and separately managed accounts according to their proportionate share of the total Unified Investment Program. TRS investment management fees charged to each Pool are shown below:

Schedule of Investment Expenses as of 06/30/2023

Investment	MBOI	External Managers	Other	Total
Short-term Investment Pool	\$ 70,281	N/A	\$ 1,543	\$ 71,824
Consolidated Asset Pension Pool	\$ 1,842,782	\$ 19,669,479	\$ 6,039,838	\$ 27,552,099
Totals	\$ 1,913,063	\$ 19,669,479	\$ 6,041,381	\$ 27,623,923



Teachers' Retirement Board State of Montana P.O. Box 200139 Helena, MT 59620-0139

Members of the Board:

We have completed the annual valuation of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Montana as of July 1, 2023. The purpose of this valuation is to determine the financial status of the Retirement System. To achieve this purpose, an actuarial valuation is made at the beginning of each fiscal year as required by MCA 19-20-201.

The purpose of this letter is to provide the Actuarial Section, the Schedule of Funding Progress, and the Schedule of Contributions from the Employers and Other Contributing Entities for the System's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

The funding objective of the System is to establish contribution rates that will tend to remain level as a percentage of payroll. The contribution rates are:

History of Legislated Contributions (as a Percent of Pay)

School District and Other Employers						
	Members	Employers	General Fund	Total		
Prior to July 1, 2007	7.15%	7.47%	0.11%	14.73%		
July 1, 2007 to June 30, 2009	7.15%	7.47%	2.11%	16.73%		
July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2013	7.15%	7.47%	2.49%	17.11%		
July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014	8.15%	8.47%	2.49%	19.11%		
July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015	8.15%	8.57%	2.49%	19.21%		
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016	8.15%	8.67%	2.49%	19.31%		
July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017	8.15%	8.77%	2.49%	19.41%		
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018	8.15%	8.87%	2.49%	19.51%		
July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019	8.15%	8.97%	2.49%	19.61%		
July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020	8.15%	9.07%	2.49%	19.71%		
July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021	8.15%	9.17%	2.49%	19.81%		
July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022	8.15%	9.27%	2.49%	19.91%		
July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023	8.15%	9.37%	2.49%	20.01%		
July 1, 2023 to June 30, 2024	8.15%	9.47%	2.49%	20.11%		

State and University Employers						
	Members	Employers	General Fund	Total		
Prior to July 1, 2007	7.15%	7.47%	0.11%	14.73%		
July 1, 2007 to June 30, 2009	7.15%	9.47%	0.11%	16.73%		
July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2013	7.15%	9.85%	0.11%	17.11%		
July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014	8.15%	10.85%	0.11%	19.11%		
July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015	8.15%	10.95%	0.11%	19.21%		
July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016	8.15%	11.05%	0.11%	19.31%		
July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017	8.15%	11.15%	0.11%	19.41%		
July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018	8.15%	11.25%	0.11%	19.51%		
July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019	8.15%	11.35%	0.11%	19.61%		
July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2020	8.15%	11.45%	0.11%	19.71%		
July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021	8.15%	11.55%	0.11%	19.81%		
July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022	8.15%	11.65%	0.11%	19.91%		
July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023	8.15%	11.75%	0.11%	20.01%		
July 1, 2023 to June 30, 2024	8.15%	11.85%	0.11%	20.11%		

In addition to these rates, the System receives \$25 million annually payable on July 1st each year.

Finally, employers are now required to contribution 9.85% of total compensation plus the supplemental contribution required under 19-20-609, MCA, of re-employed retirees who are employed in TRS covered positions. Pursuant to MCA 19-20-609, the amount shall increase by 1.00% for fiscal year 2014 and increase by 0.10% each fiscal year through 2024 until the total employer contribution is equal to 11.85% of re-employed retiree compensation.

The July 1, 2023 actuarial valuation indicates that the current employer rate of 11.96% is sufficient to pay the System's normal cost and to amortize the System's Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) over a 24-year period. The normal cost of 10.75% of pay consists of 2.60% employer contributions and 8.15% employee contributions. The remaining contribution of 9.36% plus the previously mentioned cash contributions go toward funding the amortization of the UAAL, which is \$1,886.4 million as of July 1, 2023.

A funding measurement that may be considered is the funding ratio of the Actuarial Accrued Liability to Assets. This ratio is shown in the Schedule of Funding Progress. As the actuarial experience varies from year to year, the funding ratio will reflect actuarial gains and losses. The Actuarial Accrued Liability represents the portion of the total plan benefits and expenses which is not provided for by future Normal Cost contributions.

The actuarial assumptions used in our 2023 actuarial valuation are summarized in Exhibit 1. Adoption dates vary by assumption and are provided in Exhibit 1.

In preparing our actuarial valuation reports, we relied, without audit, on the financial statements prepared by the staff of the System. We also relied upon the employee and beneficiary data provided to us by the staff. We compared the data for the July 1, 2023 actuarial valuation with corresponding information from the prior valuation and tested for missing or incomplete items, such as birth dates and hire dates. Based on these tests, we believe the data to be sufficient and reliable for the purposes of our calculations. It should be noted that if any data or other information is inaccurate or incomplete, our calculations might need to be revised.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices which are consistent with the Actuarial Standards of Practice promulgated by the Actuarial Standards Board and the applicable Guides to Professional Conduct, amplifying Opinions, and supporting Recommendations of the American Academy of Actuaries.

In order to prepare the results in this report, we have utilized appropriate actuarial models that were developed to measure liabilities and develop actuarial costs. These models include tools that we have produced and tested, along with commercially available valuation software that we have reviewed to confirm the appropriateness and accuracy of the output. In utilizing these models, we develop and use input parameters and assumptions about future contingent events along with recognized actuarial approaches to develop the needed results.

The assumptions and methods used for funding purposes meet the parameters set by Actuarial Standards of Practice. The assumptions represent our best estimate of future conditions affecting the System, and we believe they are reasonably related to the past experience of the System. Nevertheless, the emerging costs of the System will vary from those presented in our report to the extent that actual experience differs from that projected by the actuarial assumptions. Gains or losses in future experience may result in changes in future contribution rates. The current actuarial asset method smoothed investment gains and losses over a four year period.

Future actuarial results may differ significantly from the current results presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Since the potential impact of such factors is outside the scope of a normal annual actuarial valuation, an analysis of the range of results is not presented herein.

Funding and Benefits Policy

The Teachers' Retirement System has adopted a Funding and Benefits Policy to provide general guidelines to help ensure decisions are made based on sound, consistent, and thoroughly examined criteria. The Funding and Benefits Policy includes guidance on the following topics:

1) Additional Funding

- a) The Funding and Benefits Policy states:
 - "1. If the amortization period is greater than 30 years, the actuary will recommend the single contribution rate increase that can reasonably expect to fully amortize the UAAL over a closed 30-year period effective July 1, following the next regular legislative session.
 - 2. If the amortization period is less than 30 years, but greater than 0, and it is projected to continue to decline over the remainder of the closed period, the actuary will not recommend a change in the statutory contribution rates.
 - 3. If the amortization period is less than 30 years, but has increased over prior valuations and is projected to continue to grow, the actuary will recommend a contribution rate increase that is reasonably expected to reverse the recent trend and reestablish a closed amortization period equal to that of the last valuation."
- 2) Analysis: The amortization period as of July 1, 2023 is 24 years based on actuarial assets and 25 years based on market assets. Assuming experience follows the actuarial assumptions, the amortization period is projected to decline.

3) Ultimate Goal

- a) The Funding and Benefits Policy states: "It is the desire of the Board to fully fund the System. However, until the System becomes fully funded, any unfunded liabilities will be amortized over a closed period of no more than 30 years and funded as a level percent of pay. At such time as the System becomes fully funded and has a stabilization reserve of at least 10% of the actuarial accrued liability, the allowed amortization period for any subsequent unfunded liabilities will be reduced to a closed period of not greater than 20 years."
- b) Analysis: If all the assumptions are met, the amortization period on an actuarial value of asset basis is 24 years and is anticipated to decline.

4) Benefit Enhancements

a) The Funding and Benefits Policy states: "Any recommendation for a benefit enhancement must include recommendations for necessary additional funding or other benefit reduction to cover any increase in normal cost arising from the recommended enhancement and to amortize any increase in the unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities arising from the recommended enhancement over a period not to exceed 25 years.

The Board will determine its position with respect to supporting or opposing legislation, on a caseby-case basis, and will apply this policy, actuarial funding standards, and other industry-standard information and resources it finds persuasive, as decision guides. The Board may not support legislation to enhance benefits if the funded ratio is less than 85%, and the amortization period is greater than 20 years."

b) Analysis: Since the funded ratio at July 1, 2023 of 72.49% is below 85% the Board's Funding and Benefits policy does not currently support enhanced benefits.

Assumption Changes

There have been no assumption changes since the previous valuation that would have a material effect on the liabilities of the System.

Benefit Changes

There have been no benefit changes since the previous valuation that would have a material effect on the liabilities of the System.

Contribution Changes

An employer supplemental contribution of 1% of compensation is required beginning in fiscal year 2014 which will increase by 0.10% each subsequent fiscal year through 2024. For fiscal years beginning after June 30, 2024, the supplemental employer contribution will equal 2.00% of compensation.

Method Changes

There have been no method changes since the previous valuation.

Impact of Changes

The following table summarizes how experience has changed the UAAL since the July 1, 2022 Actuarial Valuation.

Changes in the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (In millions)

\$ 1,891.7
(17.1)
\$ 1,874.6
\$ 28.6
(16.8)
0.0
0.0
\$ 11.8
\$ 1,886.4

Contributions

As shown in the "History of Legislated Contributions" at the beginning of this section, the employer contributions from the General Fund have increased to 2.49% of pay as of July 1, 2009. The supplemental contribution to ensure university member benefits are funded by university employers was increased from 4.04% to 4.72% of Montana University System Retirement Program (MUS-RP) member pay at July 1, 2007. The valuation that determined the 4.72% contribution rate of MUS-RP member pay was based on the valuation completed as of July 1, 2006. It is our understanding the contribution will not stop unless legislative action is taken. The most recent MUS-RP valuation completed as of July 1, 2022 indicated an increase is needed in the supplemental contribution rate from 4.72% to 13.53% of MUS-RP member compensation rate.

MCA 19-20-608 and MCA 19-20-609 dictate that employers and members are required to make supplemental contributions if the funded ratio of the System is less than 90%. Since the funded ratio is currently 72.49%, Tier One Members are required to contribute an additional 1% of compensation. The individual employers are required to contribute an additional 1% of compensation. The employer contribution shall increase by 0.1% each year following July 1, 2013 until the total employer supplemental contribution is equal to 2% of compensation.

MCA 19-20-607 requires the State to contribute \$25 million annually each July 1st to the System.

MCA 19-20-605 requires each employer to contribute 9.85% of total compensation paid to all re-employed TRS retirees employed in a TRS reportable position. Pursuant to MCA 19-20-609, this amount shall increase by 1.00% for fiscal year 2014 and increase by 0.10% each fiscal year through 2024 until the total employer contribution is equal to 11.85% of re-employed retiree compensation.

The following exhibits provide further information.

Exhibit 1	Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods
Exhibit 2	Schedule of Active Member Valuation Data
Exhibit 3	Schedule of Retirees and Beneficiaries Added to and Removed from Rolls
Exhibit 4	Solvency Test
Exhibit 5	Analysis of Financial Experience
Exhibit 6	Provisions of Governing Law
Exhibit 7	Schedule of Funding Progress
Exhibit 8	Schedule of Contributions from Employers and other Contributing Entities

This is to certify that the undersigned are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion contained herein. This also certifies that the undersigned have experience in performing valuations for public retirement systems, that the valuation was prepared in accordance with principles of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board, and that the actuarial calculations were performed by qualified actuaries in accordance with accepted actuarial procedures, based on the current provisions of the retirement system and on actuarial assumptions that are internally consistent and reasonably based on the actual experience of the System.

Sincerely,

/s/ Todd Green /s/ Bryan Hoge

Todd Green, ASA, EA, FCA, MAAA
President
Bryan Hoge, FSA, EA, FCA, MAAA
Consulting Actuary

/s/ Micki R. Taylor

Micki R. Taylor, ASA, EA, FCA, MAAA Consulting Actuary

Enclosures

Exhibit 1

MONTANA TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

The assumptions for investment return, price inflation, wage inflation, mortality, retirement and withdrawal have been updated to reflect the experience study for the period ending July 1, 2021 adopted by the Board in May 2022.

The current asset valuation method was adopted for the July 1, 2007 valuation.

Tables A-3 through A-5 give rates of decrement for service retirement, other terminations of employment, and probability of remaining membership.

Actuarial Cost Method

The actuarial valuation was prepared using the entry age actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the valuation is allocated as a level percentage of the individual's projected compensation between entry age and assumed exit. The portion of this actuarial present value allocated to a valuation year is called the normal cost. The normal cost was first calculated for each individual member. The normal cost rate is defined to equal the total of the individual normal costs, divided by the total pay rate.

The portion of this actuarial present value not provided for at a valuation date by the sum of (a) the actuarial value of the assets and (b) the actuarial present value of future normal costs is called the UAAL. The UAAL is amortized as a level percentage of the projected salaries of present and future members of the System.

Records and Data

The data used in the valuation consist of financial information; records of age, sex, service, salary, contribution rates, and account balances of contributing members; and records of age, sex, and amount of benefit for retired members and beneficiaries. All of the data were supplied by the System and are accepted for valuation purposes without audit.

Replacement of Terminated Members

The ages at entry and distribution by sex of future members are assumed to average the same as those of the present members they replace. If the number of active members should increase, it is further assumed that the average entry age of the larger group will be the same, from an actuarial standpoint, as that of the present group. Under these assumptions, the normal cost rates for active members will not vary with the termination of present members.

Employer Contributions

At the time of this valuation, the total employer contribution rate for normal costs and amortization of the UAAL was 11.96% of members' salaries. The employer contribution rate will increase by 0.10% each year beginning July 1, 2014 until the total employer contribution rate equals 11.96%.

Administrative and Investment Expenses

The administrative and investment expenses of the System are assumed to be funded by investment earnings in excess of 7.30% per year.

MONTANA TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

Valuation of Assets – Actuarial Basis

The actuarial asset valuation method spreads asset gains and losses over four years. The expected return is determined each year based on the beginning of year market value and actual cash flows during the year. Any difference between the expected market value return and the actual market value return is recognized evenly over a period of four years. The actuarial value of assets is not allowed to be greater than 120% or less than 80% of the market assets. (Adopted effective July 1, 2007.)

Investment Earnings

The annual rate of investment earnings of the assets of the System is assumed to be 7.30% per year net of administrative and investment expenses, compounded annually. (Adopted effective May 2022.)

Interest on Member Contributions

Interest on member contributions is assumed to accrue at a rate of 4.00% per annum, compounded annually. This assumption was set as of July 1, 2023.

Postretirement Benefit Increases

Tier 1 Members:

On January 1 of each year, the retirement allowance payable is increased by 1.5% if the retiree has received benefits for at least 36 months prior to January 1 of the year in which the adjustment is to be made

Tier 2 Members:

On January 1 of each year, the retirement allowance payable is assumed to increase by 0.5% if the retiree has received benefits for at least 36 months prior to January 1 of the year in which the adjustment is to be made.

Future Salaries

The rates of annual salary increase assumed for the purpose of the valuation are illustrated in Table A-2. In addition to increases in salary due to merit and longevity, this scale includes an assumed 3.50% annual rate of increase in the general wage level of the membership. The merit and longevity increases for the MUS members did not show a pattern of increasing or decreasing with service at the time of our most recent study. Therefore, the MUS members have a flat 0.75% merit and longevity assumption. The general wage increase assumption and merit and longevity scales were adopted in May 2022.

Montana University System (MUS) members are assumed to have a 0.63% higher average final compensation to account for the larger than average annual compensation increases observed in the years immediately preceding retirement.

Service Retirement

Table A-3 shows the annual assumed rates of retirement among members eligible for service retirement. Separate rates are used when a member is eligible for reduced benefits, for the first year a member is eligible for full benefits, and for the years following the first year a member is eligible for full benefits. The rates were adopted May 2022.

MONTANA TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

Disablement

The rates of disablement used in this valuation are illustrated in Table A-4. These rates were adopted May 2010.

Mortality

A written description of each mortality table used in this valuation is included in Table A-1. These rates were adopted May 2022.

Other Terminations of Employment

The rates of assumed future withdrawal from active service for reasons other than death, disability or retirement are shown for representative ages in Table A-5. These rates were adopted May 2022.

Part-Time Employees

The valuation data for active members identify part-time members. For part-time members earning more than \$1,000, total credited service is adjusted based on the ratio of actual earnings to annualized earnings. The liability and normal cost calculations for these members are based on the adjusted service and actual earnings for the prior year.

Part-time members earning less than \$1,000 during the last year were valued at their current member contribution balance.

Montana University System Retirement Program (MUS-RP)

MUS-RP payroll as of June 30, 2023 was \$288,172,574.

Effective for fiscal years after June 30, 2007, the MUS-RP contribution rate is 4.72%, pursuant to MCA 19-20-621. It is our understanding the contribution will not stop unless legislative action is taken.

Buybacks, Purchase of Service, and Military Service

The active liabilities and normal cost (excluding liabilities and normal cost in respect of Return of Employee Contributions) were increased to 100.5% of their original value to fund this additional service based on a study of the System's experience for the five calendar years 1995 through 1999. Effective July 1, 2008.

Probability of Marriage & Dependent Children

If death occurs in active status, all members are assumed to have an eligible surviving spouse and two children. The spouse is assumed to be the same age as the member. For members who die prior to age 50, dependent children are assumed to be eight years old. For members who die after age 50 but prior to age 55, children are assumed to be 13 years old. Members who die after age 55 are assumed to have no dependent children under the age of 18.

Records with no Birth Date

New records with no birth date are assumed to be 25 years old. Records that are not new and have no birth date used the same birth date as the prior year's valuation.

MONTANA TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

Table A-1

Summary of Valuation Assumptions

	Гаа		
I.		nomic assumptions	2.500/
	A.	General wage increases*	3.50%
	В.	Investment return	7.30%
	C.	Price Inflation Assumption	2.75%
	D.	Payroll Growth Assumption	3.25%
	E.	Growth in membership	0.00%
	F.	Postretirement benefit increases (Starting three years after retirement)	
		Tier One	1.50%
		Tier Two	0.50%
	G.	Interest on member accounts	4.00%
II.	Dei	mographic assumptions	
	A.	Individual salary increase due to promotion and longevity	Table A-2
	B.	Retirement	Table A-3
	C.	Disablement	Table A-4
	D.	Mortality among contributing members.	
		PUBT-2010 General Employee mortality table projected to 2021.	
		Projected generationally using MP-2021.	
	E.	Mortality among service retired members.	
		PUBT-2010 Retiree mortality projected to 2021 adjusted 102% for	
		males and 103% for females. Projected generationally using MP-2021.	
	F.	Mortality among beneficiaries.	
		PUBT-2010 Contingent Survivor table projected to 2021. Projected	
		generationally using MP-2021.	
	G.	Mortality among disabled members.	
		PUBT-2010 Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2021.	
	Н.	Other terminations of employment	Table A-5
	• ••		

^{*} Montana University System (MUS) members are assumed to have a 0.63% higher average final compensation to account for the larger than average annual compensation increases observed in the years immediately preceding retirement.

MONTANA TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

Table A-2

Future Salaries

	General Members			University Members		
Years of Service	Individual Merit & Longevity	General Wage Increase	Total Salary Increase	Individual Merit & Longevity	General Wage Increase	Total Salary Increase
1	5.50%	3.50%	9.00%	0.75%	3.50%	4.25%
2	4.50	3.50	8.00	0.75	3.50	4.25
3	3.50	3.50	7.00	0.75	3.50	4.25
4	3.50	3.50	7.00	0.75	3.50	4.25
5	2.50	3.50	6.00	0.75	3.50	4.25
6	2.50	3.50	6.00	0.75	3.50	4.25
7	2.50	3.50	6.00	0.75	3.50	4.25
8	1.50	3.50	5.00	0.75	3.50	4.25
9	1.50	3.50	5.00	0.75	3.50	4.25
10	1.50	3.50	5.00	0.75	3.50	4.25
11	1.50	3.50	5.00	0.75	3.50	4.25
12	1.50	3.50	5.00	0.75	3.50	4.25
13	0.50	3.50	4.00	0.75	3.50	4.25
14	0.50	3.50	4.00	0.75	3.50	4.25
15	0.50	3.50	4.00	0.75	3.50	4.25
16	0.50	3.50	4.00	0.75	3.50	4.25
17	0.50	3.50	4.00	0.75	3.50	4.25
18	0.00	3.50	3.50	0.75	3.50	4.25
19	0.00	3.50	3.50	0.75	3.50	4.25
20	0.00	3.50	3.50	0.75	3.50	4.25
21	0.00	3.50	3.50	0.75	3.50	4.25
22 & Up	0.00	3.50	3.50	0.75	3.50	4.25

MONTANA TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

Table A-3

Retirement
Annual Rates

		All Members	
Age	Eligible for Reduced Benefits	First Year Eligible for Full Benefits	Thereafter
45		7.0%	8.0%
46		7.0	8.0
47		7.0	8.0
48		7.0	8.0
49	*	7.0	6.0
50	5.0%	7.0	6.0
51	5.0	7.0	6.3
52	5.0	7.0	9.0
53	5.0	7.0	9.0
54	5.0	7.0	9.0
55	5.0	8.0	10.0
56	5.0	8.0	11.3
57	5.0	15.0	12.5
58	5.0	15.0	13.1
59	5.0	15.0	14.8
60	*	13.5	20.0
61		18.0	24.0
62		18.0	23.0
63		18.0	23.0
64		35.0	27.5
65		35.0	39.0
66		30.0	25.0
67		30.0	25.0
68		30.0	25.0
69		30.0	25.0
70		**	**

^{*} All benefits are unreduced after attaining age 60. Reduced benefits are not available before age 50.

^{**} Immediate retirement is assumed at age 70 or over.

MONTANA TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

Table A-4

Disablement Annual Rates

All Members
.005%
.005
.008
.028
.044
.063
.084
.100

MONTANA TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

Table A-5

Other Terminations of Employment Among Members Not Eligible to Retire
Annual Rates

Years of Service	Full-Time Members	Part-Time Members
Less than 1	28.0%	30.0%
1	16.0	23.0
2	12.0	19.0
3	9.0	16.0
4	7.0	13.0
5	6.0	11.5
6	5.0	10.5
7	4.0	10.0
8	3.0	9.0
9	3.0	9.0
10	3.0	9.0
11	2.0	9.0
12	2.0	8.0
13	2.0	8.0
14	2.0	8.0
15	2.0	8.0
16	2.0	8.0
17	2.0	8.0
18	2.0	8.0
19	1.0	8.0
20	1.0	8.0
21	1.0	8.0
22	1.0	8.0
23	1.0	8.0
24	1.0	8.0

Exhibit 2

MONTANA TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF ACTIVE MEMBER VALUATION DATA

		Full-Time Membe	rs	
Valuation Date	Number	Annual Payroll	Average Annual Payroll	Annualized % of Increase in Average Pay
July 1, 2014	12,286	638,467,000	51,967	1.1%
July 1, 2015	12,468	655,204,000	52,551	1.1%
July 1, 2016	12,769	673,891,000	52,776	0.4%
July 1, 2017	12,808	689,638,000	53,844	2.0%
July 1, 2018	13,027	706,351,000	54,222	0.7%
July 1, 2019	13,196	728,831,000	55,231	1.9%
July 1, 2020	13,515	751,479,000	55,603	0.7%
July 1, 2021	13,803	787,155,000	57,028	2.6%
July 1, 2022	13,765	806,077,000	58,560	2.7%
July 1, 2023	13,814	824,237,000	59,667	1.9%

		Part-Time Member	3	
Valuation Date	Number	Annual Payroll	Average Annual Payroll	Annualized % of Increase in Average Pay
July 1, 2014	5,428	74,300,000	13,688	0.4%
July 1, 2015	5,337	74,449,000	13,950	1.9%
July 1, 2016	5,563	81,141,000	14,586	4.6%
July 1, 2017	5,576	86,293,000	15,476	6.1%
July 1, 2018	5,619	86,148,000	15,332	(0.9)%
July 1, 2019	5,798	90,073,000	15,535	1.3%
July 1, 2020	5,531	89,375,000	16,159	4.0%
July 1, 2021	5,358	93,640,000	17,477	8.2%
July 1, 2022	5,787	107,320,000	18,545	6.1%
July 1, 2023	5,719	110,793,000	19,373	4.5%

^{*} Excludes part-time active members with annual compensation less than \$1,000.

Exhibit 3

MONTANA TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

SCHEDULE OF RETIREES AND BENEFICIARIES ADDED TO AND REMOVED FROM

ROLLS

	Add	Added to Rolls		Removed from Rolls		Rolls End of Year		
Year Ended	No	Annual Allowances	No.	Annual Allowances	No	Annual Allowances	% Increases in Annual Allowances	Average Annual Allowances
June 30, 2014	792	24,241,000	312	5,054,489	14,349	303,520,000	6.7%	21,153
June 30, 2015	864	24,213,000	374	6,222,000	14,839	321,511,000	5.9%	21,667
June 30, 2016	767	22,328,000	442	7,374,000	15,164	336,465,000	4.7%	22,188
June 30, 2017	779	22,320,000	377	6,780,000	15,566	352,005,000	4.6%	22,614
June 30, 2018	784	23,386,000	417	7,401,000	15,933	367,990,000	4.5%	23,096
June 30, 2019	741	23,163,000	418	7,658,000	16,256	383,495,000	4.2%	23,591
June 30, 2020	770	24,602,000	421	7,986,000	16,605	400,111,000	4.3%	24,096
June 30, 2021	810	23,957,000	430	8,523,000	16,985	415,545,000	3.9%	24,465
June 30, 2022	822	25,312,000	438	9,910,000	17,369	430,947,000	3.7%	24,811
June 30, 2023	857	26,458,000	519	11,125,000	17,707	446,280,000	3.6%	25,204

Exhibit 4

MONTANA TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM SOLVENCY TEST

(\$ in millions)

		Aggregate Accrued Liabilities For (1) (2) (3)				of Accrued Lia	
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Active Member Contributions	Retirants and Beneficiaries	Active Members (Employer Financed Portion)	(1)	(2)	(3)
July 1, 2014	3,397.4	741.7	3,354.6	1,094.7	100.0%	79.2%	0.0%
July 1, 2015	3,609.8	727.1	3,527.6	1,096.7	100.0%	81.7%	0.0%
July 1, 2016	3,798.9	724.0	3,662.2	1,097.5	100.0%	84.0%	0.0%
July 1, 2017	3,973.5	728.2	3,797.8	1,110.8	100.0%	85.5%	0.0%
July 1, 2018	4,094.4	734.7	4,083.7	1,186.0	100.0%	82.3%	0.0%
July 1, 2019	4,219.5	746.2	4,221.8	1,180.6	100.0%	82.3%	0.0%
July 1, 2020	4,344.0	764.9	4,370.7	1,174.4	100.0%	81.9%	0.0%
July 1, 2021	4,616.3	768.7	4,485.2	1,209.3	100.0%	85.8%	0.0%
July 1, 2022	4,799.5	775.9	4,557.8	1,357.4	100.0%	88.3%	0.0%
July 1, 2023	4,971.9	788.3	4,676.0	1,394.0	100.0%	89.5%	0.0%

Exhibit 5

MONTANA TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL EXPERIENCE

An analysis of financial experience is performed in conjunction with all regularly scheduled valuations.

The results of our analysis of the financial experience of the System in the two most recent regular actuarial valuations are presented in this Exhibit 5. Each gain or loss shown represents our estimate of how much the given type of experience caused the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability or Funding Reserve to change in the period since the previous actuarial valuation.

Gains and losses shown due to demographic sources are approximate. Demographic experience is analyzed in greater detail in our periodic assumption studies.

Non-recurring gains and losses result from changes in the actuarial assumptions and benefit improvements.

MONTANA TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL EXPERIENCE

(\$ in millions)

	UAAL (Gain)/Loss					
	June 30, 202	3 June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021			
Investment Income Investment income was (greater) less than expected based on actuarial value of assets	\$ (16.8) \$ (28.9)	\$ (135.1)			
Pay Increases						
Pay increases were (less) greater than expected	(1.1	5.9	16.0			
Age & Service Retirements Members retired at (older) younger ages or with (less) greater final average pay than expected	26.9	27.0	22.1			
Disability Retirements						
Disability claims were (less) greater than expected	0.0	0.3	0.3			
Death-in-Service Benefits						
Survivor claims were (less) greater than expected	(0.5	(0.5)	(3.0)			
Withdrawal From Employment (More) less reserves were released by withdrawals than expected	16.4	17.6	17.4			
Death After Retirement						
Retirees (died younger) lived longer than expected	5.3	8.3	13.3			
Data Adjustments and Benefit Payment Timing Service purchases, data corrections, etc.	(24.8) (40.2)	(45.3)			
Other						
Miscellaneous (gains) and losses	6.4	(0.3)	(0.9)			
Total (Gain) or Loss During Period From Financial Experience	\$ 11.8	\$ (10.8)	\$ (115.2)			
Non-Recurring Items						
Changes in actuarial assumptions and methods Changes in benefits caused a (gain) loss		- 78.1 - <u>-</u>	_ 			
Composite (Gain) Loss During Period	\$ 11.8	s \$ 67.3	\$ (115.2)			

Exhibit 6

MONTANA TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM PROVISIONS OF GOVERNING LAW

Effective Date

September 1, 1937.

Vesting Period

Five years. No benefits are payable unless the member has a vested right, except the return of employee contributions with interest.

Tier One Member

A person who became a member before July 1, 2013 and who has not withdrawn the member's account balance.

Tier Two Member

A person who became a member on or after July 1, 2013, or who after withdrawing the member's account balance, became a member again after July 1, 2013.

Final Compensation

Tier One Members

Average of highest three consecutive years of earned compensation.

Tier Two Members

Average of highest five consecutive years of earned compensation.

Normal Form of Benefits

Life only annuity. All benefits cease upon death; however, in no event will the member receive less than the amount of employee contributions with interest.

Normal Retirement Benefits

Tier One Members

Eligibility: 25 years of service or age 60 with five years of service.

Benefit: The retirement benefit is equal to 1/60 of final compensation for each year of service.

Tier Two Members

Eligibility: Age 55 with 30 years of service or age 60 with five years of service.

Benefit: A member age 60 with at least 30 years of creditable service will receive a retirement

allowance equal to 1.85% of final compensation for each year of service. Otherwise, the multiplier used to calculate the retirement allowance will equal 1/60 of final

compensation for each year of service.

Early Retirement Benefits

Tier One Members

Eligibility: Five years of service and age 50.

Benefit: The retirement benefit is calculated in the same manner as described for normal

retirement, but the benefit is actuarially reduced by the lesser of the number of years equal to the age of the participant at the early retirement subtracted from age 60 or the number of years of service at early retirement subtracted from 25 years of service.

Tier Two Members

Eligibility: Five years of service and age 55.

Benefit: The retirement benefit is calculated in the same manner as described for normal

retirement, but the benefit is actuarially reduced by the lesser of the number of years equal to the age of the participant at the early retirement subtracted from age 60 or the number of years of service at early retirement subtracted from 30 years of service.

Death Benefit

Eligibility: Five years of service.

Benefit: The death benefit is equal to 1/60 of final compensation for each year of service

accrued at date of death, with an actuarial adjustment based on the relation of the member's age at death to the beneficiary's age. A monthly benefit of \$200 is paid to each child until age 18. In addition, a lump-sum benefit of \$500 is paid upon the

death of an active or retired member.

Disability Benefit

Eligibility: Five years of service.

Benefit: The disability benefit is equal to 1/60 of final compensation for each year of service

accrued at date of disability. The minimum benefit is 1/4 of the final compensation. A Tier Two Member is not eligible for a disability retirement if the member is or will be eligible for a service retirement on or before the member's date of determination.

Withdrawal Benefits

With less than five years of service, the accumulated employee contributions with interest are returned. With more than five years, the member may elect a refund of contributions with interest or leave the contributions and interest in the System and retain a vested right to retirement benefits.

Contributions

Tier One Members

7.15% of compensation. Tier One members are required to contribute a Supplemental Contribution equal to an additional 1% of compensation. The Board may decrease the Supplemental Contribution if the average funded ratio of the System based on the last three actuarial valuations is equal to or greater than 90% and the period necessary to amortize the unfunded liabilities of the System based on the most recent actuarial valuation is less than 15 years. Following one or more decreases in the supplemental contribution the Board may increase the supplemental contribution to a rate not to exceed 1% if the average funded ratio of the System based on the last three annual actuarial valuations is equal to or less than 80% and the period necessary to amortize all liabilities of the System based on the most recent annual actuarial valuation is greater than 20 years.

Tier Two Members

8.15% of compensation. The Board may require a Tier Two member to contribute a Supplemental Contribution if the average funded ratio of the System based on the last three actuarial valuations is equal to or less than 80% and the period necessary to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is greater than 20 years and a State or employer contribution rate increase or a flat dollar contribution to the System has been enacted which is equivalent to or greater than the Supplemental Contribution Rate imposed by the Board. A singe Tier Two Supplemental Contribution Rate increase cannot exceed 0.5% of compensation and in total cannot exceed 9.15% of compensation. The Board may decrease the Supplemental Contribution if the average funded ratio of the System based on the previous three annual actuarial valuations is equal to or greater than 90%; and the period necessary to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is less than 15 years.

Employers

9.96% of compensation. Employers are required to contribute a supplemental contribution equal to 1% for fiscal year 2014 and increase by 0.1% each fiscal year through 2024. The Board may decrease the Employer Supplemental Contribution if the average funded ratio of the System based on the last three actuarial valuations is equal to or greater than 90% and the period necessary to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on the most recent valuation is less than 15 years and the GABA has been increased to the maximum allowable. Following one or more decreases in the Supplemental Contribution Rate the Board may increase the Supplemental Contribution Rate to a rate not to exceed 1% if the average funded ratio of the System based on the last three actuarial valuations is equal to or less than 80% and the period necessary to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is greater than 20 years.

MCA 19-20-604 specifies that the employer contribution rate will be reduced by 0.11% when the amortization period of the System's UAAL is 10 years or less according to the System's latest actuarial valuation.

State Supplemental Contribution

\$25 million per year on an annual basis payable on July 1st of each year.

Re-employed Retirees

Each employer is required to contribute 9.85% of total compensation paid to all re-employed TRS retirees employed in a TRS reportable position. This amount shall increase by 1.00% for fiscal year 2014 and increase by 0.10% each fiscal year through 2024 until the total employer contribution is equal to 11.85% of re-employed retiree compensation.

Interest on Member Contributions

Effective July 1, 2023, the interest credited on member contributions increased from 0.25% to 4.00% per annum.

Guaranteed Annual Benefit Adjustment (GABA)

On January 1 of each year, if the retiree has received benefits for at least 36 months prior to January 1 of the year in which the adjustment is to be made.

For Tier One Members, the retirement allowance will be increased by 1.5%. For Tier Two Members, the retirement allowance will be increased by an amount equal to or greater than 0.5% but no more than 1.5% if the most recent actuarial valuation shows the System to be at least 90% funded and the provisions of the increase is not projected to cause the funded ratio to be less than 85%.

Exhibit 7

MONTANA TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

(\$ in millions)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (AAL) ¹	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (UAAL) ²	Funded Ratio ³	Covered Payroll ⁴	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
July 1, 2023	\$4,971.9	\$6,858.3	\$1,886.4	72.5%	\$983.7	191.8%
July 1, 2022	4,799.5	6,691.3	1,891.7	71.7%	960.8	196.9%
July 1, 2021	4,616.3	6,463.2	1,846.9	71.4%	922.8	200.1%
July 1, 2020	4,344.0	6,310.0	1,966.0	68.8%	880.7	223.2%
July 1, 2019	4,219.6	6,148.6	1,929.0	68.6%	857.5	225.0%
July 1, 2018	4,094.4	6,004.4	1,910.0	68.2%	829.7	230.2%
July 1, 2017	3,973.5	5,636.8	1,663.3	70.5%	818.1	203.3%
July 1, 2016	3,798.9	5,483.6	1,684.7	69.3%	795.9	211.7%
July 1, 2015	3,609.8	5,351.4	1,741.6	67.5%	768.7	226.6%
July 1, 2014	3,397.4	5,191.1	1,793.6	65.5%	750.6	239.0%

¹ Actuarial present value of benefits less actuarial present value of future normal costs based on entry age actuarial cost method.

² Actuarial accrued liabilities less actuarial value of assets and present value of future university supplemental contributions.

³ Funded Ratio is the ratio of the actuarial value of assets over the actuarial accrued liabilities less the present value of future university supplemental contributions.

⁴ Covered Payroll includes compensation paid to all active employees on which contributions are calculated.

Exhibit 8

MONTANA TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FROM EMPLOYERS AND OTHER CONTRIBUTING ENTITIES

	32	12	ଥା	32	ı	53	%
2014	\$148,362,932	\$ 83,439,612	64,923,320	\$148,362,932	₩	\$750,604,063	19.77%
2015	\$130,680,397	\$ 87,290,863	43,389,534	\$130,680,397	- ₩	\$768,718,699	17.00%
2016	\$132,546,252	\$ 88,643,646	43,902,606	\$132,546,252	•	\$795,920,906	16.65%
2017	\$136,267,787	\$ 91,853,678	44,414,109	\$136,267,787	. ←	\$818,122,561	16.66%
2018	\$139,239,141	\$ 94,233,469	45,005,672	\$139,239,141	. ↔	\$829,708,595	16.78%
2019	\$143,107,320	\$ 97,303,048	45,495,334	\$142,798,382	\$ 308,938	\$857,467,932	16.65%
2020	\$148,368,706	\$ 102,420,318	45,948,388	\$148,368,706	. ←	\$880,667,518	16.85%
2021	\$150,239,539	\$103,219,072	47,020,467	\$150,239,539	•	\$922,764,585	16.28%
2022	\$157,671,673	\$109,672,148	47,999,525	\$157,671,673	-	\$960,836,370	16.41%
2023	\$161,879,388	\$113,441,533	48,437,855	\$161,879,388	- ₩	\$983,749,464	16.46%
	Actuarially determined employer contribution	Actual contributions Employers	Non-employer contributing entities	Total	Annual contribution deficiency (excess)	Covered-employee payroll	Actual contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll

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Statistical Section Narrative

This section of the Teachers' Retirement System Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information that expands on the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information that speak to the overall financial health of TRS.

Financial Trends – These schedules contain trend information about how the financial performance and well-being of TRS has changed over time.

Demographic Information – These schedules contain demographic and historical information regarding membership and employer participation in TRS.

Schedule of Changes in Net Position – Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands)

Shown below is the abbreviated version of the Schedule of Changes in Net Position for the last 10 years.

2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
87,025	85,737	81,121	80,195	78,151
113,442	109,672	103,219	102,420	97,303
48,438	48,000	47,020	45,948	45,495
55	37	975	51	31
388,446	(207,441)	1,129,752	112,589	227,892
637,406	36,004	1,362,087	341,204	448,872
394,794	381,702	368,911	354,968	339,908
30,581	28,946	27,302	25,743	24,306
3,746	3,700	3,685	3,686	3,566
7,831	10,338	8,890	5,172	6,008
3,746	3,555	3,937	3,768	2,947
314	164	353	204	174
441,012	428,404	413,078	393,541	376,910
196,394	(392,400)	949,009	(52,337)	71,963
2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
2010	2017	2010	2013	2014
75 504	7/1 252	88 644	97 201	70,468
				83,440
				64,923
,				6
				540,277
<u> </u>		*		759,114
330,323	037,331	270,004	300,000	733,114
325.932	307.158	297.199	281.920	277,012
	•			5,055
				3,115
		0/= . =	3,032	
		5.087	5.369	4.789
5,323	7,355	5,087 2 319	5,369 2,035	
5,323 2,850	7,355 2,459	2,319	2,035	
5,323	7,355			4,789 2,023 58 292,052
	87,025 113,442 48,438 55 388,446 637,406 394,794 30,581 3,746 7,831 3,746 314 441,012	87,025 85,737 113,442 109,672 48,438 48,000 55 37 388,446 (207,441) 637,406 36,004 394,794 381,702 30,581 28,946 3,746 3,700 7,831 10,338 3,746 3,555 314 164 441,012 428,404 196,394 (392,400) 2018 2017 75,594 74,253 94,233 91,854 45,006 44,414 32 28 343,664 427,042 558,529 637,591 325,932 307,158 23,564 21,411	87,025 85,737 81,121 113,442 109,672 103,219 48,438 48,000 47,020 55 37 975 388,446 (207,441) 1,129,752 637,406 36,004 1,362,087 394,794 381,702 368,911 30,581 28,946 27,302 3,746 3,700 3,685 7,831 10,338 8,890 3,746 3,555 3,937 314 164 353 441,012 428,404 413,078 196,394 (392,400) 949,009 2018 2017 2016 75,594 74,253 88,644 94,233 91,854 72,741 45,006 44,414 43,903 32 28 29 343,664 427,042 71,488 558,529 637,591 276,804 325,932 307,158 297,199 23,564 21,411 20,399	87,025 85,737 81,121 80,195 113,442 109,672 103,219 102,420 48,438 48,000 47,020 45,948 55 37 975 51 388,446 (207,441) 1,129,752 112,589 637,406 36,004 1,362,087 341,204 394,794 381,702 368,911 354,968 30,581 28,946 27,302 25,743 3,746 3,700 3,685 3,686 7,831 10,338 8,890 5,172 3,746 3,555 3,937 3,768 314 164 353 204 441,012 428,404 413,078 393,541 196,394 (392,400) 949,009 (52,337) 2018 2017 2016 2015 75,594 74,253 88,644 87,291 94,233 91,854 72,741 72,216 45,006 44,414 43,903 43,389 32 28 29 27 343,664 427,042 71,488 165,685 558,529 637,591 276,804 368,608 325,932 307,158 297,199

Schedule of Average Benefit Payments – Last Ten Fiscal Years

Shown below is the number of retirees with X years of credited service grouped by five-year periods and the retirees' average monthly final compensation (Average AFC) and average monthly benefit (Average Benefit) in nominal dollar amounts.

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Number of Retirees										
5-9	62	83	74	68	60	75	80	66	85	79
10-14	60	78	56	87	68	71	85	81	79	69
15-19	56	73	77	73	73	72	68	62	74	81
20-24	71	103	88	85	76	96	97	84	108	93
25-29	149	125	119	140	149	119	135	115	127	141
30+	178	178	193	192	183	203	200	233	255	270
Average AFC										
5-9	3,101	2,779	2,897	2,861	2,731	2,884	2,313	2,683	2,657	2,634
10-14	4,270	3,801	3,843	3,138	3,161	3,151	3,612	2,957	2,907	3,249
15-19	4,308	4,498	4,344	4,490	3,932	4,270	3,484	3,698	3,669	3,892
20-24	5,279	5,294	5,139	5,092	5,260	4,857	4,747	4,593	4,674	4,538
25-29	6,712	6,356	6,140	6,332	5,967	5,591	5,355	5,582	5,524	5,279
30+	7,036	7,045	6,506	6,924	6,604	6,567	6,309	6,127	6,205	6,046
Average Benefit										
5-9	360	328	343	324	294	316	285	316	311	332
10-14	802	725	772	620	617	603	699	618	539	616
15-19	1,138	1,186	1,179	1,261	1,083	1,176	976	1,029	1,017	1,017
20-24	1,891	1,870	1,797	1,816	1,866	1,710	1,669	1,601	1,655	1,640
25-29	2,928	2,756	2,656	2,728	2,585	2,410	2,315	2,413	2,358	2,299
30+	3,802	3,855	3,544	3,810	3,674	3,716	3,487	3,393	3,485	3,369

Schedule of Membership for Active and Inactive Members – Ten Years Ended June 30, 2023

Shown below is the number of Active members in the System as of June 30th for the last 10 years.

D : 15 1 1	A 42 - BA - 1	Inactive Vested	Inactive	-	
Period Ended	Active Members	Members	Non-vested	Total	
June 30, 2023	19,978	2,214	5,854	28,046	
June 30, 2022	19,975	2,015	5,656	27,646	
June 30, 2021	19,658	1,955	7,869	29,482	
June 30, 2020	19,751	1,828	14,941	36,520	
June 30, 2019	19,686	1,791	14,261	35,738	
June 30, 2018	19,267	1,772	13,967	35,006	
June 30, 2017	18,917	1,779	13,712	34,408	
June 30, 2016	19,048	1,704	12,888	33,640	
June 30, 2015	18,316	1,664	12,839	32,819	
June 30, 2014	18,272	1,654	12,308	32,234	

Schedule of Retired Members and Benefit Recipients by Type of Benefit – Last Ten Fiscal Years

Shown below is the number of Benefit Recipients in the System as of June 30th for the last 10 years.

	Period Ended	Service Retirements & Surviving Beneficiaries	Survivors of Active Deceased Members	Disability Retirements	Total	
_						-
	June 30, 2023	17,048	487	172	17,707	
	June 30, 2022	16,711	475	183	17,369	
	June 30, 2021	16,325	478	182	16,985	
	June 30, 2020	15,945	470	190	16,605	
	June 30, 2019	15,589	468	199	16,256	
	June 30, 2018	15,243	489	201	15,933	
	June 30, 2017	14,878	485	203	15,566	
	June 30, 2016	14,478	480	206	15,164	
	June 30, 2015	14,164	471	204	14,839	
	June 30, 2014	13,685	460	204	14,349	
	June 30, 2013	13,206	459	203	13,868	

Schedule of Retired Members and Beneficiaries by Type of Benefit as of June 30, 2023

Shown below is the number of Benefit Recipients by type in the System as of June 30, 2023. The Recipients are grouped by the amount of their monthly benefit in \$500 increments.

Amount of Monthly Benefit	Total Benefit Recipients	Retirees	Beneficiaries	Disability
\$0 - 500	2,592	2,128	414	50
501 - 1,000	2,190	1,738	334	118
1,001 - 1,500	1,840	1,403	349	88
1,501 - 2,000	2,339	2,044	261	34
2,001 - 2,500	2,584	2,381	186	17
2,501 - 3,000	2,327	2,201	123	3
3,001 - 3,500	1,725	1,641	83	1
3,501 - 4,000	1,077	1,025	52	-
4,001 - 4,500	647	623	24	-
4,501 - 5,000	337	316	21	-
Over 5,000	466	446	19	1
Totals	18,124	15,946	1,866	312
Total Benefit Payments	\$429,121,173	\$394,794,216	\$30,580,799	\$3,746,158

Schedule of Principal Participating Employers as of June 30, 2023

Shown below are the twenty largest TRS Employers in the System by Active Member totals and the percent of the overall active membership each employer represents as of June 30, 2023.

Employer	Active Members	Percent of Total Active Members
Billings Public Schools	1,757	8.76%
Great Falls Public Schools	1,233	6.15%
Missoula County Public Schools	1,150	5.74%
Helena Public Schools	935	4.66%
Bozeman Public Schools	854	4.26%
Kalispell Public Schools	691	3.45%
Butte Public Schools	406	2.03%
Belgrade Public Schools	371	1.85%
Columbia Falls Public Schools	282	1.41%
Browning Public Schools	265	1.32%
Hardin Public Schools	256	1.28%
Havre Public Schools	240	1.20%
Whitefish Public Schools	239	1.19%
Laurel Public Schools	226	1.13%
East Helena Public Schools	201	1.00%
Miles City Public Schools	193	0.96%
Hamilton Public Schools	191	0.95%
Ronan Public Schools	188	0.94%
Polson Public Schools	188	0.94%
Lockwood Public Schools	185	0.92%

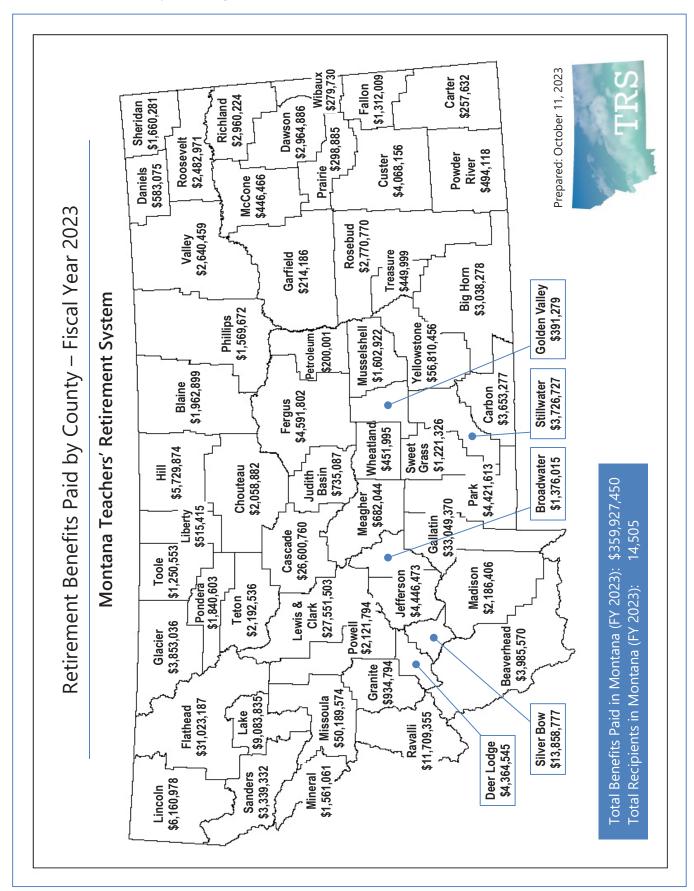
Location of Benefit Recipients by Country and State as of June 30, 2023

Shown below is total benefit in nominal dollars that was distributed in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 to each country in the world and each state within the United States.

Country	State	Gross Benefit (in dollars)	Count
Australia		7,174	1
Belgium		4,138	1
Canada		286,182	20
Switzerland		9,401	1
Costa Rica		6,730	1
France		6,662	1
United Kingdom		84,799	4
Israel		51,953	2
Italy		28,917	1
Netherlands		755	1
New Zealand		8,623	1
Thailand		19,499	2
United States	AE	10,905	2
United States	AK	520,470	42
United States	AL	260,908	13
United States	AR	164,256	13
United States	AZ	14,324,223	588
United States	CA	3,145,293	173
United States	CO	2,995,011	152
United States	СТ	142,538	10
United States	DC	39,255	3
United States	DE	40,622	2
United States	FL	1,902,955	112
United States	GA	322,058	18
United States	HI	240,923	15
United States	IA	409,863	28
United States	ID	4,584,539	240
United States	IL	581,174	32
United States	IN	372,807	27
United States	KS	291,986	18
United States	KY	256,568	13
United States	LA	67,867	9
United States	MA	431,487	17
United States	MD	199,726	14
United States	ME	136,288	9
United States	MI	704,479	35
United States	MN	2,610,483	136
United States	МО	546,765	45
United States	MS	83,572	4

United States	MT	359,927,450	14,505
United States	NC	709,533	38
United States	ND	2,588,168	142
United States	NE	393,802	26
United States	NH	194,968	9
United States	NJ	30,408	4
United States	NM	895,533	43
United States	NV	2,544,636	127
United States	NY	295,923	18
United States	ОН	423,193	30
United States	OK	295,157	27
United States	OR	4,327,986	236
United States	PA	253,401	15
United States	RI	18,252	1
United States	SC	319,937	18
United States	SD	1,507,229	73
United States	TN	411,574	25
United States	TX	2,127,599	123
United States	UT	2,010,631	104
United States	VA	462,892	25
United States	VT	176,320	8
United States	WA	9,851,569	514
United States	WI	647,859	44
United States	WV	5,172	2
United States	WY	2,638,336	161

Shown below is a map depicting the total benefit in nominal dollars that was distributed to recipients in each county in the state of Montana in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023.



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