

Financial Statements and Schedules

April 30, 2006 and 2005

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)



KPMG LLP Suite 1000 1000 Walnut Street Kansas City, MO 64106-2162

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Directors Firefighters' Pension System City of Kansas City, Missouri:

We have audited the accompanying statements of plan net assets of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Firefighters' Pension System (the Plan) as of April 30, 2006 and 2005, and the related statements of changes in plan net assets for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Plan's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Plan's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in note 1, the financial statements present only the City of Kansas City, Missouri Firefighters' Pension System and are not intended to present fairly the financial position of the City of Kansas City, Missouri, and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Firefighters' Pension System as of April 30, 2006 and 2005, and the changes in its financial position for the years then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 6 and the schedules of funding progress and employer contributions on pages 16 through 18 are not required parts of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by U.S generally accepted accounting principles. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the schedules. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

KPMG LLP

Kansas City, Missouri September 22, 2006

Management's Discussion and Analysis
April 30, 2006 and 2005
(Unaudited)

The City of Kansas City, Missouri Firefighters' Pension System (the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit plan covering fire suppression personnel of the City of Kansas City, Missouri (the City). The Plan was established by City ordinance in 1953 and is administered by a seven-person board of trustees (the Board) to provide retirement, disability, death, and survivor benefits to members and beneficiaries. This discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Plan provides an overview of financial activities for the fiscal years ending April 30, 2006 and 2005 and should be read along with the financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

The basic financial statements presented by the Plan consist of the (1) statements of plan net assets, where net assets equal assets, less liabilities at fiscal year-end, and (2) statements of changes in plan net assets in which the net change in net assets is equal to additions, less deductions.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements and include information not necessarily discernable in the financial statements themselves. Following the notes are required supplemental information and other schedules that may be helpful in evaluating the financial condition of the Plan.

2006 Compared to 2005

Summary comparative information of plan net assets:

		Apr	Percentage	
		2006	2005	change
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Investments at fair value	\$	11,090,667 3,218,805 415,310,456	10,921,226 1,336,653 360,104,072	1.55% 140.81% 15.33%
Total assets	-	429,619,928	372,361,951	15.38%
Due to broker for purchases of investments Administrative and investment expenses payable	_	3,513,913 525,097	1,074,335 360,925	227.08% 45.49%
Total liabilities	_	4,039,010	1,435,260	181.41%
Plan net assets	\$_	425,580,918	370,926,691	14.73%

Management's Discussion and Analysis
April 30, 2006 and 2005
(Unaudited)

Summary comparative information of changes in plan net assets:

		Year Apr	Percentage	
	-	2006	2005	change
Contributions Investment income, net	\$	14,668,068 64,512,484	14,352,279 25,110,721	2.20% 156.91%
Total additions		79,180,552	39,463,000	100.65%
Benefits paid to participants Refunds of contributions Administrative expenses	_	23,886,687 574,435 65,203	22,710,137 1,512,048 80,204	5.18% (62.01)% (18.70)%
Total deductions	. more	24,526,325	24,302,389	0.92%
Net increase		54,654,227	15,160,611	260.50%
Plan net assets—beginning of year	_	370,926,691	355,766,080	4.26%
Plan net assets—end of year	\$ _	425,580,918	370,926,691	14.73%

2006 Financial Highlights

Plan net assets of the Plan, as reported in the statements of plan net assets, totaled \$425,580,918 at April 30, 2006. This represents an increase of \$54,654,227, or approximately 14.73%, from the end of the prior fiscal year. The Plan's emphasis on equity securities helped the overall Plan portfolio, as stock markets across the globe trended steadily upward throughout the period. On a market value basis, the Plan's portfolio return was 17.64%, as calculated by the Plan's actuary, exceeding the 8.00% net investment return assumed for actuarial purposes by a wide margin. To put this in perspective, domestic stocks (measured by the Russell 300 Index) rose 18.1% and U.S. bonds (the Lehman Aggregate Index) gained only 0.7%, as tightening of credit conditions by the Federal Reserve Board exerted pressure on interest rates. Non-U.S. equities (MSCI EAFE Index) climbed by 33.5%, so the Plan's 20% targeted allocation to foreign stocks enhanced performance. Diversification into real estate was also beneficial, as that area continued to produce solid returns.

The statements of changes in plan net assets indicate a \$79,180,552 increase in additions to net assets during the year ended April 30, 2006. A net investment gain of \$64,512,484 resulted from appreciation in the fair value of investments, together with interest and dividend income, due to the aforementioned rise in global equity prices. In aggregate, City and member contributions were \$14,668,068, an increase of approximately 2.20% from the prior period. This was primarily attributable to normal increases in member salaries, as the number of participants did not change materially. Regular retirements and cost-of-living adjustments were responsible for total deductions from net assets rising approximately 1.0%, to \$24,526,325, during the year ended April 30, 2006.

Management's Discussion and Analysis April 30, 2006 and 2005 (Unaudited)

2006 Operational Highlights

No changes to the investment structure of the Plan occurred during the fiscal year ending April 30, 2006. An Actuarial Experience Study was conducted by the Plan's actuary, which resulted in changes to salary increase, withdrawal rate, and mortality assumptions and modification of the method used to determine the actuarial value of assets, all of which are reflected in the May 1, 2006 actuarial valuation.

2005 Compared to 2004

Summary comparative information of plan net assets:

		Apr	Percentage	
	-	2005	2004	<u>change</u>
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Investments at fair value	\$	10,921,226 1,336,653 360,104,072	12,804,003 2,671,024 342,999,918	(14.70)% (49.96)% 4.99%
Total assets		372,361,951	358,474,945	3.87%
Due to broker for purchases of investments Administrative and investment expenses payable	-	1,074,335 360,925	1,943,356 765,509	(44.72)% (52.85)%
Total liabilities	_	1,435,260	2,708,865	(47.02)%
Plan net assets	\$_	370,926,691	355,766,080	4.26%

Summary comparative information of changes in plan net assets:

		Year Apr	Percentage	
	-	2005	2004	change
Contributions Investment income (loss), net	\$ _	14,352,279 25,110,721	13,858,274 64,922,785	3.56% (61.32)%
Total additions (losses)		39,463,000	78,781,059	(49.91)%
Benefits paid to participants Refunds of contributions Administrative expenses		22,710,137 1,512,048 80,204	21,038,619 2,505,195 45,772	7.94% (39.64)% 75.23%
Total deductions	,	24,302,389	23,589,586	3.02%
Net increase (decrease)		15,160,611	55,191,473	(72.53)%
Plan net assets—beginning of year	3404	355,766,080	300,574,607	18.36%
Plan net assets—end of year	\$ _	370,926,691	355,766,080	4.26%

Management's Discussion and Analysis
April 30, 2006 and 2005
(Unaudited)

2005 Financial Highlights

Plan net assets of the Plan, as reported in the statements of plan net assets, totaled \$370,926,691 at April 30, 2005. This represents an increase of \$15,160,611, or approximately 4.26%, from the end of the prior fiscal year, which was due largely to a rebound in the global equity markets. On a market value basis, the Plan's portfolio return was 7.15%, as calculated by the Plan's actuary. Even though this fell slightly below the 8.0% net investment return assumed for actuarial purposes, it still constituted the second highest rate registered in the past five years. By comparison, stocks (measured by the Russell 300 Index) rose 7.0%, while bonds (defined as the Lehman Aggregate Index) returned 5.3%. Exposure to non-U.S. stocks, particularly emerging market issues, and real estate tended to enhance performance, as those areas registered gains.

The statements of changes in plan net assets indicate a \$39,463,000 increase in additions to net assets during the year ended April 30, 2005. A net investment gain of \$25,110,721 resulted from appreciation in the fair value of investments, together with interest and dividend income, due to the rebound in global equity markets. In aggregate, City and member contributions were \$14,352,279, an increase of approximately 3.6% from the prior period primarily due to an increase in firefighter salaries. Ongoing retirements and cost-of-living adjustments caused total deductions from net assets to rise approximately 3.0%, to \$24,302,389, during the year ended April 30, 2005.

Statements of Plan Net Assets April 30, 2006 and 2005

		2006	2005
Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,090,667	10,921,226
Investments at fair value: Collective trusts—equities Collective trusts—fixed income Domestic common stocks		166,985,821 109,487,737 138,836,898	137,143,870 103,138,062 119,822,140
Total investments at fair value		415,310,456	360,104,072
Receivables: Contributions Investment income Due from broker for sales of investments Total receivables Total assets		418,988 146,335 2,653,482 3,218,805 429,619,928	566,777 131,474 638,402 1,336,653 372,361,951
Liabilities: Due to broker for purchases of investments Administrative and investment expenses payable Total liabilities	-	3,513,913 525,097 4,039,010	1,074,335 360,925 1,435,260
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits (an unaudited schedule of funding progress is presented in schedule 1)	\$ _	425,580,918	370,926,691

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statements of Changes in Plan Net Assets

Years ended April 30, 2006 and 2005

	2006	2005
Additions:		
Contributions:		
Contributions from the City of Kansas City, Missouri \$	10,006,610	9,648,388
Contributions from firefighters	4,661,458	4,703,891
Total contributions	14,668,068	14,352,279
Investment income:		
Interest income	468,067	238,420
Dividend income	1,948,654	1,830,713
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	64,420,850	25,128,517
Less investment expense	(2,325,087)	(2,086,929)
Total investment income, net	64,512,484	25,110,721
Total additions	79,180,552	39,463,000
Deductions:		
Benefits paid to participants	23,850,687	22,678,137
Funeral benefits	36,000	32,000
Refunds:		
Termination	9,722	87,537
Retirement	564,713	1,424,511
Administrative expenses	65,203	80,204
Total deductions	24,526,325	24,302,389
Net increase	54,654,227	15,160,611
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits:		
Beginning of year	370,926,691	355,766,080
End of year \$	425,580,918	370,926,691

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2006 and 2005

(1) Description of the Plan

(a) General

The City of Kansas City, Missouri Firefighters' Pension System (the Plan) is a contributory, single-employer, defined benefit, public employee retirement system covering all employees of the Firefighting Division of the City of Kansas City, Missouri (the City). The Plan is considered part of the City's financial reporting entity and is included in the City's comprehensive annual financial report as a pension trust fund. Employees should refer to the plan agreement for more complete information.

At May 1, 2006 and 2005, the Plan's membership consisted of the following:

	2006	2005
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees entitled to benefits but		
not yet receiving them	892	893
Current employees:		
Vested	471	457
Nonvested	437	445
Total	1,800	1,795

(b) Retirement Benefits

Employees with 10 or more years of service are entitled to retirement benefits based on an average of 2.5% of final compensation per year of service up to 80%. If members terminate prior to retirement and before rendering 10 years of service, they forfeit the right to receive the portion of their accumulated plan benefits attributable to City contributions and are refunded their member contributions with interest. Such refunds result in the forfeiture of all other benefits under the Plan and are reduced by a service charge if the terminated employee has less than five years of service. Members terminating prior to retirement with 10 or more years of service may elect to receive a refund of their member contributions with interest as a lump-sum distribution, or they may elect to receive a deferred pension. An annual cost-of-living adjustment of 3% per year is provided in the Plan. The Plan also provides for a minimum monthly payment of \$600 to all current and future service and disability retirees.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2006 and 2005

(c) Death Benefits

If an active member dies, the following benefits shall be paid:

- A funeral benefit of \$2,000 to the spouse or named beneficiary.
- To the member's spouse until death, a pension equal to one-half of the member's accrued pension, but not less than 25% of the member's average final compensation. The minimum monthly benefit is \$275 to all spouses. Certain benefit provisions have been established for deaths sustained in the performance of a member's duties, or deaths of active members prior to retirement who have achieved 25 years or more of creditable service.
- To the member's children, an allowance of \$100 a month each until the attainment of age 18, unless certain conditions are met whereby benefits may continue.
- To the member's designated beneficiary or estate, if there is no surviving spouse or qualifying child, any remaining member contributions and interest.

If a retired member dies, the following benefits shall be paid:

- To the member's spouse until death, a retirement benefit equal to one-half of the member's normal retirement benefit.
- To the member's designated beneficiary or estate, if there is no surviving spouse, any remaining member contributions and interest.

(d) Disability Benefits

Disability benefits are available for members and are based on an average final compensation. The Plan provides for a minimum monthly payment of \$600 to all current and future disability retirees.

(e) Health Insurance

Effective May 1, 1991, the Plan established a health insurance subsidy fund (subsidy). The City and active firefighters each contribute 2% and 1% of salary, respectively. Prior to April 1 of each year, the board of trustees of the Plan establishes the dollar value of the monthly subsidy. The monthly subsidy for the years ended April 30, 2006 and 2005 was \$200 and \$190, respectively.

The subsidy is invested in both fixed income and equity securities and is stated at fair value. Investments totaled approximately \$1,800,206 and \$1,576,405 at April 30, 2006 and 2005, respectively.

The May 1, 2006 and 2005 actuarial valuations do not consider the subsidy's plan net assets, which at April 30, 2006 and 2005 were approximately \$1,800,206 and \$1,575,901, respectively. According to the City ordinance that established the subsidy, if the net assets available for the subsidy are zero, the subsidy will no longer be available.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2006 and 2005

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the Plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid in accordance with the terms of each plan. Certain amounts in the prior year's financial statements have been reclassified for consistent presentation.

(b) Investments

Investments owned are valued at fair value as follows:

- (1) Common and preferred stock:
 - Listed—closing prices as reported on the composite summary of national securities exchanges
 - Over-the-counter-bid prices
- (2) Collective trusts—the Plan's investments in collective trust accounts have been reported to the Plan by the trustee at fair value, which represents the quoted redemption value determined principally based on quoted market prices of the underlying investments.

Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade date (date order to buy or sell is executed) and dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date. Interest income is recognized on an accrual basis. Realized gains and losses from investments are determined on an average cost basis.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2006 and 2005

(c) Administrative Expenses

Plan administrative salary, duplicating, telecommunications, and travel expenses are included in the Plan's administrative expenses when incurred. The City provides office space, administrative and clerical services of the Human Resources Department, and accounting services of the Finance Department without any direct charge to the Plan.

(d) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires the plan administrator to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of additions and deductions during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(3) Deposits and Investments

The City administrative code and ordinances passed by the City Council provide that Plan investments may include, but are not limited to, obligations of the United States Government, state of Missouri, and municipal corporations, including school districts, corporate bonds, real estate mortgages, and common and preferred stocks. The Plan purchases investments from Securities and Exchange Commission registered securities broker-dealers and banks through its investment managers. Investments in United States Treasury obligations are held at the Federal Reserve Bank through the customer account of a financial institution.

(a) Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Plan will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The deposits are held in multiple financial institutions with a balance of up to \$100,000 insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). At April 30, 2006 and 2005, all deposits were insured. Cash balances represent both operating cash accounts held by the banks and investment cash on deposit with the investment custodian. The Plan has not established a policy in regards to custodial credit risk.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2006 and 2005

(b) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the Plan. As of April 30, 2006 and 2005, the Plan's fixed income assets that are not government guaranteed represented 100% of the fixed income portfolio. The Plan has not established a policy in regards to credit risk. The following table summarizes the Plan's fixed income portfolio exposure levels and credit qualities at April 30, 2006:

Average Credit Quality and Exposure Levels of Nongovernment Guaranteed Securities

Fixed income security type	Fair value April 30, 2006	Percentage of all fixed income assets	Weighted average credit quality	Ratings dispersion requiring further exposure
Collective trusts	109,487,737	100.00%	Not rated	None

The following table summarizes the Plan's fixed income portfolio exposure levels and credit qualities at April 30, 2005:

Average Credit Quality and Exposure Levels of Nongovernment Guaranteed Securities

Fixed income security type	Fair value April 30, 2005	Percentage of all fixed income assets	Weighted average credit quality	Ratings dispersion requiring further exposure
Collective trusts	103,138,062	100.00%	Not rated	None

Each portfolio is managed in accordance with operational guidelines that are specific as to permissible credit quality ranges, exposure levels within individual quality tiers, and the average credit quality of the overall portfolios.

(c) Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issue. The Plan's policy for each specific portfolio limits investments in any corporate entity to no more than 5% of the market value of the account for actively managed portfolios. As of April 30, 2006 and 2005, there were no investments in any corporate entity greater than 5%.

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2006 and 2005

(d) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Plan has not established a policy in regards to interest rate risk.

Effective Duration of Fixed Income Assets by Security Type at April 30, 2006

Fixed income security type	Fair value April 30, 2006	Percentage all fixed income assets	Weighted avg. effective duration (yrs)	Interest rate risk requiring further exposure
Collective trusts	109,487,737	100.00%	N/A	None

Effective Duration of Fixed Income Assets by Security Type at April 30, 2005

Fixed income security type	Fair value April 30, 2005	Percentage all fixed income assets	Weighted avg. effective duration (yrs)	Interest rate risk requiring further exposure
Collective trusts	103,138,062	100.00%	N/A	None

^{**} A common or commingled collective trust (CCT) is a vehicle that provides for collective investment and reinvestment of assets contributed from the Plan. The trust is maintained by a bank, trust company, or similar institution that is regulated, supervised, and subject to periodic examination by a state or federal agency. The Plan actually owns an interest in the underlying assets of the CCT. The unit value for a CCT is determined by the manager of the CCT based on the fair value of the CCT's underlying assets. The CCT does not have a maturity date, even though its underlying assets do have maturity dates. Therefore, the effective duration of the asset is not applicable.

14

Notes to Financial Statements April 30, 2006 and 2005

(4) Funding Policy

Funding is provided by contributions from the Plan's members, the City, and earnings on investments. Firefighters contribute 9.55% of their base salary and an additional 1% to fund the health insurance subsidy. The City's contribution is set by the City Council in conjunction with its approval of the City's annual budget, based on information provided by the Plan's consulting actuary and board of trustees.

The recommended contribution rate is determined by the Plan's consulting actuary using the entry age normal actuarial cost funding method. Significant actuarial assumptions used to compute contribution requirements are the same as those used to compute the actuarial accrued liability.

Based upon the May 1, 2004 actuarial valuation, which was the most recent actuarial data available when the budget was developed for the year ended April 30, 2006, the actuary recommended a City contribution rate of 22.33%. The board of trustees certified a scheduled City contribution rate of 19.60% for 2006. The City Council approved a City contribution rate of 19.60% (and 2% to fund the health insurance subsidy) for the year ended April 30, 2006. The May 1, 2005 actuarial valuation, which calculated the 2006 annual required contribution, recommended a City contribution rate of 21.46%.

The City's contribution rate of 19.6% of salary and firefighters' contributions of 9.55% is not expected to fund the normal cost and amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over 30 years.

(5) Risks and Uncertainties

The Plan invests in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statements of Plan net assets.

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Funding Progress

Last Six Fiscal Years

Actuarial valuation date	 (a) Actuarial value of assets	(b) Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) entry age	(b)-(a) Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	(a)/(b) Funded ratio	(c) Covered payroll	[(b)-(a)]/(c) UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll
05/01/01	\$ 314,419,934	334,755,464	20,335,530	93.93% \$	36,046,956	56.41%
05/01/02	313,619,727	358,688,291	45,068,564	87.44%	41,698,908	108.08%
05/01/03	306,204,360	371,993,884	65,789,524	82.31%	42,315,396	155.47%
05/01/04	318,841,561	384,247,836	65,406,275	82.98%	43,920,060	148.92%
05/01/05	332,415,711	392,856,425	60,440,714	84.62%	45,700,578	132.25%
05/01/06	381,404,249	434,033,285	52,629,036	87.87%	47,022,072	111.92%

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to required supplementary information.

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Last Six Fiscal Years

	_	Annual required contributions	Percentage contributed
Year ended April 30:			
2001	\$	6,990,611	100.00%
2002		7,709,082	100.00%
2003		8,215,224	100.00%
2004		9,632,622	87.78%
2005		9,808,923	89.14%
2006		9,807,644	92.70%

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to required supplementary information.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

April 30, 2006 and 2005

(Unaudited)

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules 1 and 2 was determined as part of the actuarial valuations as of the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date

May 1, 2005

Actuarial cost method

Entry age

Amortization method

Level percentage of projected payroll, open

Remaining amortization period

30 years

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return

8.0% per annum

Projected salary increases*

3.0% to 8.0% per annum, depending on age

Cost-of-living adjustments* 3.0%, simple per annum

Actuarial Value of Assets

The Plan has adopted the five-year, smoothed market method of valuing assets that recognizes the fair market value of assets. The following represents the components of the asset valuation:

- a. The actuarial value of the beginning of the year; plus
- b. Net new money; plus
- c. Interest at the assumed net rate of investment return on an actuarial basis; plus
- d. 20% of the gain (excess of market value of assets over the preliminary value of assets) for the year plus the sum of the unrecognized gains and losses from each of the four prior years.
- e. If the actuarial value of assets is less than 90% or more than 110% of the market value, an adjustment is made to the actuarial value to bring the value within this corridor.

^{*} Includes inflation rate of 3%.