

City of Kansas City, Missouri
The Employees' Retirement System
A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri
Independent Accountants' Report and Financial Statements
April 30, 2009 and 2008



City of Kansas City, Missouri
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A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri
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Independent Accountants' Report on Financial Statements and Supplementary Information	1
Required Supplementary Information	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	2
Financial Statements	
Statements of Plan Net Assets	7
Statements of Changes in Plan Net Assets	8
Notes to Financial Statements.....	9
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Funding Progress	26
Schedule of Employer Contributions.....	27

Independent Accountants' Report on Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

The Board of Trustees
The Employees' Retirement System
Kansas City, Missouri

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Employees' Retirement System (the Plan), a component unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2009, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Plan's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. The financial statements of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Employees' Retirement System as of and for the year ended April 30, 2008, before they were retroactively restated for the matter discussed in Note 2, were audited by other accountants whose report dated October 31, 2008, expressed an unqualified opinion on those statements.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the 2009 financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Employees' Retirement System of the City of Kansas City, Missouri as of April 30, 2009, and changes in its financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 2, in 2008 the Plan retroactively changed its method of accounting for securities lending transactions.

As described more fully in Note 4 to the financial statements, the Plan implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures. The effect of this statement is reflected in additional note disclosures throughout the notes to the financial statements.

The accompanying management's discussion and analysis and schedules of funding progress and employer contributions as listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

BKD, LLP

Kansas City, Missouri
October 27, 2009

City of Kansas City, Missouri
The Employees' Retirement System
A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri
Management's Discussion and Analysis
April 30, 2009 and 2008

The City of Kansas City, Missouri The Employees' Retirement System (ERS or the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit plan covering general municipal employees and elected officials of the City of Kansas City, Missouri (the City). ERS was established by City ordinance in 1962 and is administered by a nine-person board of trustees (the Board) to provide retirement, death, and survivor benefits to members and beneficiaries. This discussion and analysis of the financial performance of ERS provides an overview of financial activities for the fiscal years ending April 30, 2009 and 2008, and should be read along with the financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

The basic financial statements presented by ERS consist of the: (1) statements of plan net assets where net assets equal assets less liabilities at fiscal year-end and (2) statements of changes in plan net assets in which the net change in net assets is equal to additions less deductions.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements and include information not necessarily discernable in the statements themselves. Following the notes are required supplemental information and other schedules that may be helpful in evaluating the financial condition of the Plan.

2009 and 2008 Summary Comparative Information of Plan Net Assets

	April 30, 2009	(Restated) April 30, 2008	Amount Change	Percentage Change
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 23,789,683	\$ 49,835,605	\$ (26,045,922)	-52.26%
Receivables	11,064,539	10,371,989	692,550	6.68%
Investments at fair value	631,672,324	885,547,657	(253,875,333)	-28.67%
Securities lending collateral	35,078,779	84,232,158	(49,153,379)	-58.35%
Total assets	<u>701,605,325</u>	<u>1,029,987,409</u>	<u>(328,382,084)</u>	-31.88%
Due to broker for purchases of investments	24,921,381	62,193,482	(37,272,101)	-59.93%
Administrative and investment expenses payable	1,542,048	461,536	1,080,512	234.11%
Securities lending collateral	35,078,779	84,232,158	(49,153,379)	-58.35%
Total liabilities	<u>61,542,208</u>	<u>146,887,176</u>	<u>(85,344,968)</u>	-58.10%
Net assets	<u>\$ 640,063,117</u>	<u>\$ 883,100,233</u>	<u>\$ (243,037,116)</u>	-27.52%

City of Kansas City, Missouri
The Employees' Retirement System
A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri
Management's Discussion and Analysis
April 30, 2009 and 2008

2009 and 2008 Summary Comparative Information of Changes in Plan Net Assets

	<u>April 30, 2009</u>	<u>April 30, 2008</u>	<u>Amount Change</u>	<u>Percentage Change</u>
Member contributions	\$ 6,994,133	\$ 6,528,004	\$ 466,129	7.14%
Employer contributions	20,330,486	20,011,617	318,869	1.59%
Net investment income (loss)	<u>(225,310,754)</u>	<u>(15,594,149)</u>	<u>(209,716,605)</u>	1344.84%
Total additions	<u>(197,986,135)</u>	<u>10,945,472</u>	<u>(208,931,607)</u>	-1908.84%
Benefits paid to members	41,673,938	39,980,654	1,693,284	4.24%
Refunds of contributions	3,263,505	2,220,881	1,042,624	46.95%
Administrative expenses	<u>113,538</u>	<u>103,905</u>	<u>9,633</u>	9.27%
Total deductions	<u>45,050,981</u>	<u>42,305,440</u>	<u>2,745,541</u>	6.49%
Net Decrease	(243,037,116)	(31,359,968)	(211,677,148)	674.99%
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	<u>883,100,233</u>	<u>914,460,201</u>	<u>(31,359,968)</u>	-3.43%
Net Assets, End of Year	<u>\$ 640,063,117</u>	<u>\$ 883,100,233</u>	<u>\$ (243,037,116)</u>	-27.52%

2009 Financial Highlights

The credit crisis that unfolded during the year, which caused declines of historic proportions in equity prices and many segments of the bond markets, had a significantly negative impact on the condition of the Plan. Plan net assets dropped by 27.5%, marking the worst year on record. As reported by the Plan's investment consultant, the portfolio suffered a net of fee loss of 25.7%, while the Policy Portfolio benchmark registered a 22.4% loss. Most of the performance shortfall relative to the benchmark was attributable to the active fixed income component of the portfolio, as it was significantly underrepresented in the top performing Treasury sector. The global tactical asset allocation strategy employed by the Plan also detracted meaningfully from results, primarily due to its persistent overweighting of non-U.S. stock markets that even fell more than our own. The majority of the Plan's equity managers performed in line with their respective benchmarks.

Changes in net plan assets were driven by a net investment loss of \$225.3 million. Contributions continued to increase, but the increase was smaller than that experienced in the prior fiscal year. This occurred because active membership decreased and salary increases were lower, even though employer and employee contribution rates were flat. Benefit payments climbed by 4.2%, virtually matching the percentage gain the year earlier, as the number of retirees/beneficiaries climbed modestly and cost-of-living adjustments were applied. An uptick in the number of retiring employees coupled with slightly elevated employee turnover prompted a 47.0% surge in contribution refunds. Administrative expenses rose by a modest amount.

City of Kansas City, Missouri
The Employees' Retirement System
A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri
Management's Discussion and Analysis
April 30, 2009 and 2008

2009 Operational Highlights

No investment manager, or other service provider, changes were made in the period. At the height of the financial crisis, the Board temporarily suspended its asset rebalancing policy because of the excessive volatility and lack of liquidity plaguing the markets. This resulted in fixed income investments exceeding their target level at the end of the period. The Board also changed the unfunded actuarial liability amortization method to be used for liabilities created during the plan year. The collapse of Lehman Brothers, and related events, resulted in the booking of a \$1.0 million liability in connection with securities lending. It is possible that most of this liability will be recovered over time.

2008 and 2007 Summary Comparative Information of Plan Net Assets

	<i>(Restated)</i> <u>April 30, 2008</u>	<i>(Restated)</i> <u>April 30, 2007</u>	Amount Change	Percentage Change
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 49,835,605	\$ 47,650,873	\$ 2,184,732	4.58%
Receivables	10,371,989	24,293,948	(13,921,959)	-57.31%
Investments at fair value	885,547,657	922,227,290	(36,679,633)	-3.98%
Securities lending collateral	84,232,158	92,680,726	(8,448,568)	-9.12%
Total assets	<u>1,029,987,409</u>	<u>1,086,852,837</u>	<u>(56,865,428)</u>	-5.23%
Due to broker for purchases of investments	62,193,482	78,963,408	(16,769,926)	-21.24%
Administrative and investment expenses payable	461,536	748,502	(286,966)	-38.34%
Securities lending collateral	84,232,158	92,680,726	(8,448,568)	-9.12%
Total liabilities	<u>146,887,176</u>	<u>172,392,636</u>	<u>(25,505,460)</u>	-14.79%
Net assets	<u>\$ 883,100,233</u>	<u>\$ 914,460,201</u>	<u>\$ (31,359,968)</u>	-3.43%

City of Kansas City, Missouri
The Employees' Retirement System
A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri
Management's Discussion and Analysis
April 30, 2009 and 2008

2008 and 2007 Summary Comparative Information of Changes in Plan Net Assets

	<u>April 30, 2008</u>	<u>April 30, 2007</u>	<u>Amount Change</u>	<u>Percentage Change</u>
Member contributions	\$ 6,528,004	\$ 6,080,638	\$ 447,366	7.36%
Employer contributions	20,011,617	18,496,476	1,515,141	8.19%
Net investment income (loss)	(15,594,149)	101,546,024	(117,140,173)	-115.36%
Total additions	<u>10,945,472</u>	<u>126,123,138</u>	<u>(115,177,666)</u>	-91.32%
Benefits paid to members	39,980,654	38,349,323	1,631,331	4.25%
Refunds of contributions	2,220,881	1,788,315	432,566	24.19%
Administrative expenses	103,905	104,180	(275)	-0.26%
Total deductions	<u>42,305,440</u>	<u>40,241,818</u>	<u>2,063,622</u>	5.13%
Net Increase (Decrease)	(31,359,968)	85,881,320	(117,241,288)	-136.52%
Net Assets, Beginning of Year	<u>914,460,201</u>	<u>828,578,881</u>	<u>85,881,320</u>	10.36%
Net Assets, End of Year	<u>\$ 883,100,233</u>	<u>\$ 914,460,201</u>	<u>\$ (31,359,968)</u>	-3.43%

2008 Financial Highlights

ERS net plan assets contracted by 3.43% in the period, as seen in the statement of net plan assets. The market environment began to deteriorate in the second half of calendar 2007, and got progressively worse through the balance of the fiscal year. Nearly all equity indices registered declines during the period, including both the Russell 3000 and MSCI Index, while bonds, as measured by the Lehman Aggregate Index garnered modest positive returns. According to the Plan's investment consultant, the portfolio lost 2.7% net of all fees, compared to a 2.0% gain in the Policy Portfolio benchmark. Underperformance was widespread, with the fixed income and global tactical asset allocation components exhibiting particularly disappointing results. Additionally, only three of the Plan's eleven equity managers exceeded their respective performance targets.

Total additions, as shown on the statement of changes in net plan assets, were \$10.9 million, a 91.32% decline from the prior year. Although Contributions rose 7.99%, attributable to both salary adjustments and a slightly higher number of employees, net investment income dropped by \$117.1 million. Benefits paid climbed by 4.25%, due to cost-of-living adjustments and a higher number of retirees, while Refunds (related to employee turnover) increased 24.19%. Administrative expenses were basically flat.

City of Kansas City, Missouri
The Employees' Retirement System
A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri
Management's Discussion and Analysis
April 30, 2009 and 2008

2008 Operational Highlights

Two investment manager additions were made in the fiscal year, in efforts to improve diversification. The GMO Core Plus Bond product was funded in May, by reducing the Plan's position in the passive NTGI Aggregate Bond Fund. In September, a position in the non-U.S. equity BGI Alpha Advantage Fund was established by cutting exposure to the non-U.S. equity BGI Alpha Tilts Fund. A special actuarial study was conducted, which resulted in adoption of changes in asset smoothing methodology and corridor, unfunded actuarial liability amortization method and investment return assumption. Also, an asset allocation study was completed that will lead to a modestly higher real estate allocation, at the expense of global tactical asset allocation, and a greater commitment to global equity to be achieved by reducing U.S. equity.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide members of the City of Kansas City, Missouri Employees' Retirement System, citizens, investors and creditors of the City of Kansas City, Missouri with a general overview of the Employees' Retirement System's finances and to demonstrate its accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the City of Kansas City, Missouri Employees' Retirement System, City Hall, 414 East 12th Street, 12th Floor, Kansas City, Missouri 64106-2705.

There are no other currently known facts, conditions or decisions that are expected to have a significant effect on the financial position or results of operations of the Plan.

City of Kansas City, Missouri
The Employees' Retirement System
Statements of Plan Net Assets
April 30, 2009 and 2008

Assets	2009	(Restated) 2008
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 23,789,683	\$ 49,835,605
Investments, At Fair Value		
U.S. Treasuries	2,222,778	1,412,186
U.S. Federal agencies	2,416,600	3,244,822
U.S. government index linked bonds	5,604,529	5,802,247
U.S. government backed mortgages	47,928,606	65,979,435
Asset backed securities	5,217,286	9,059,828
Commercial mortgage backed securities	4,122,698	6,145,255
Collateralized mortgage obligations	11,128,884	12,299,191
Guaranteed fixed income	3,311,744	-
Foreign debt obligations	699,673	749,975
Warrants	616	12,928
Corporate bonds	46,950,800	47,356,370
Domestic preferred equities	143,363	878,392
Domestic common equities	173,353,620	265,089,559
Partnerships	9,152,331	15,437,154
Futures contracts and options	(35,114)	(313,491)
Collective trusts - equities	220,986,347	282,210,072
Collective trusts - fixed income	75,108,398	138,994,696
Collective trusts - real estate	23,359,165	31,189,038
Total investments	<u>631,672,324</u>	<u>885,547,657</u>
Securities Lending Collateral	<u>35,078,779</u>	<u>84,232,158</u>
Receivables		
Contributions	1,399,399	1,017,505
Investment income	1,386,429	1,297,288
Due from broker for sales of investments	8,278,711	8,057,196
Total receivables	<u>11,064,539</u>	<u>10,371,989</u>
Total assets	<u>701,605,325</u>	<u>1,029,987,409</u>
Liabilities		
Due to broker for purchases of investments	24,921,381	62,193,482
Administrative and investment expenses payable	553,183	461,536
Securities lending liability	988,865	-
Securities lending collateral	35,078,779	84,232,158
Total liabilities	<u>61,542,208</u>	<u>146,887,176</u>
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	<u>\$ 640,063,117</u>	<u>\$ 883,100,233</u>
<i>See Schedule of Funding Progress on Page 26</i>		

City of Kansas City, Missouri
The Employees' Retirement System
Statements of Changes in Plan Net Assets
April 30, 2009 and 2008

Additions	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
Investment Income (Loss)		
Interest income	\$ 17,352,456	\$ 13,860,773
Dividend income	6,160,581	5,906,590
Net depreciation in fair value of investments	(245,635,662)	(30,865,468)
Less investment expense	<u>(3,188,129)</u>	<u>(4,496,044)</u>
Net investment loss	<u>(225,310,754)</u>	<u>(15,594,149)</u>
Contributions		
Contributions from the City of Kansas City, Missouri	20,330,486	20,011,617
Contributions from members	<u>6,994,133</u>	<u>6,528,004</u>
Total contributions	<u>27,324,619</u>	<u>26,539,621</u>
Total additions (deductions)	<u>(197,986,135)</u>	<u>10,945,472</u>
Deductions		
Benefits Paid to Members	<u>41,673,938</u>	<u>39,980,654</u>
Refunds		
Termination	1,408,677	1,115,342
Retirement	1,854,828	1,105,539
Administrative Expenses	<u>113,538</u>	<u>103,905</u>
Total deductions	<u>45,050,981</u>	<u>42,305,440</u>
Net Decrease	(243,037,116)	(31,359,968)
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits, Beginning of Year	<u>883,100,233</u>	<u>914,460,201</u>
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits, End of Year	<u>\$ 640,063,117</u>	<u>\$ 883,100,233</u>

City of Kansas City, Missouri
The Employees' Retirement System
Notes to Financial Statements
April 30, 2009 and 2008

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

The City of Kansas City, Missouri The Employees' Retirement System (the Plan) is a contributory, single-employer, defined benefit, public employee retirement system covering employees and elected officials of the City of Kansas City, Missouri (the City). Members of the Police and Fire Departments' pension systems are excluded. The Plan is considered part of the City's financial reporting entity and is included in the City's comprehensive annual financial report as a pension trust fund. Employees should refer to the plan agreement for more complete information.

At April 30, 2009 and 2008, the Plan's membership consists of the following:

	2009	2008
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	2,034	2,013
Current employees:		
Vested	2,337	2,397
Nonvested	1,044	1,291
Inactive	468	137
 Total	 <u>5,883</u>	 <u>5,838</u>

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to the Plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when paid in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the plan administrator to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of additions and deductions during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

City of Kansas City, Missouri
The Employees' Retirement System
Notes to Financial Statements
April 30, 2009 and 2008

Investments

Investments are valued at fair value as follows:

Government securities and corporate bonds – prices quoted by a major dealer in such securities

Common stock, preferred stock, foreign preferred stock, warrants, futures contracts and options, and indexed notes and bonds: (A) Listed – closing prices as reported on the composite summary of national securities exchanges (B) Over-the-counter – bid prices

Collective trusts – Represent quoted redemption values determined principally based on quoted market prices of the underlying investments.

Where investment securities are not listed on an exchange, quotations are estimated by management based on information obtained from brokerage firms or national pricing services. The estimated value of such investments is subject to uncertainty and, therefore, may differ from the value that would have been used had a market for such investments existed.

Investment transactions are accounted for on a trade-date basis (the date the order to buy or sell is executed), and the dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date. Interest income is recognized on an accrual basis. Realized gains and losses from investments are determined on an average-cost basis.

Contributions

Funding is provided by contributions from Plan members, the City and earnings on investments. Members contribute 4% of their base salary. The City's contribution is set by the City Council in conjunction with its approval of the annual budget, based on information provided by the Plan's consulting actuary and board of trustees (the Board).

The recommended contribution rate is determined by the Plan's consulting actuary using the entry age normal actuarial cost funding method. Significant assumptions used to compute contribution requirements are the same as those used to compute the actuarial accrued liability.

Based upon the April 30, 2008 actuarial valuation, which was the most recent actuarial data available, the actuary recommended a City contribution rate of 11.4%. The City contributed at a rate of 12.03% in 2008 and 12.11% in 2009 for general employees. The City's contribution rate was 19.5% for judges elected officials for 2009 and 2008.

The plan is dependent upon the relationship of actual Plan experience with the underlying actuarial assumptions and sufficient funding by the City to meet future cash flow needs. The Plan's funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are sufficient to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Level percentage of payroll employer contribution rates are determined using the individual entry age normal method.

City of Kansas City, Missouri
The Employees' Retirement System
Notes to Financial Statements
April 30, 2009 and 2008

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the Plan as of April 30, 2008, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	(a) Actuarial Value of Assets	(b) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age	(b - a) Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	(a/b) Funded Ratio	(c) Covered Payroll	[(b - a)/c] UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
4/30/2008	\$ 873,680,276	\$934,333,865	\$60,653,589	94%	\$169,867,066	36%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Retirement Benefits

Employees with five or more years of service are entitled to retirement benefits based on final average compensation multiplied by years and months of creditable service. If married at the time of retirement, the percentages are 2.0% for general employees and 2.2% for elected officials, and if unmarried at the date of retirement, the percentage is 2.2% up to a maximum of 70% of final average compensation. If the employee has at least 10 years of creditable service, the minimum benefit is \$400 per month. If members terminate prior to retirement and before rendering five years of service, they forfeit the right to receive the portion of their accumulated plan benefits attributable to City contributions and are refunded their member contributions with interest. Such refunds result in the forfeiture of all other benefits under the Plan. Members terminating prior to retirement with five or more years of service may elect to receive a refund of their member contributions with interest as a lump-sum distribution, or they may elect to receive a deferred pension. An annual cost-of-living adjustment of 3% is provided annually.

Death Benefits

If a retired member dies, the following benefits shall be paid:

To the member's spouse until death, a retirement benefit equal to one-half of the member's normal retirement benefit.

To the member's designated beneficiary or estate, if there is no surviving spouse, any remaining member contributions and interest.

City of Kansas City, Missouri
The Employees' Retirement System
Notes to Financial Statements
April 30, 2009 and 2008

If an active member dies, the member contributions and interest are distributed to the surviving spouse or, if none, to the designated beneficiary. The surviving spouse, however, may elect to receive monthly benefit payments instead of the lump-sum distribution if the member had five or more years of creditable service.

Administrative Expenses

Plan administrative salary, duplicating, telecommunications and travel expenses are included in the Plan's administrative expenses when incurred. The City provides office space, a portion of administrative and clerical services of the Human Resources Department and accounting services of the Finance Department without any direct charge to the Plan.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2008 financial statements to conform to the 2009 financial statement presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on the statements of changes in plan net assets.

Note 2: Deposits and Investments

The City administrative code and ordinances passed by the City Council provide that Plan investments may include, but are not limited to, obligations of the U.S. government, state of Missouri and municipal corporations, including school districts, corporate bonds, real estate mortgages, common and preferred stocks, partnerships, collective trusts and derivatives. The Plan purchases investments from Securities and Exchange Commission registered securities broker-dealers and banks through its investment managers. Investments in U.S. Treasury obligations are held at the Federal Reserve Bank through the customer account of a financial institution.

Securities Lending Transactions (Restated)

The 2008 financial statements have been restated to include required disclosures related to Securities Lending Transactions. The restatement to the 2008 financial statements increased assets and liabilities by \$84,232,158 on the statement of plan net assets with no effect on the statement of changes in plan net assets.

City ordinances and the Plan's Board policies permit the Plan to use investments of the Plan to enter into securities lending transactions – loans of securities to broker-dealers and other entities for collateral with a simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future.

The Plan has contracted with Northern Trust as its third-party lending agent to lend domestic equity and debt securities for cash collateral of not less than 102% of the market value and international debt and equity securities of not less than 105% of the market value. At April 30, 2009, management

City of Kansas City, Missouri
The Employees' Retirement System
A Component Unit of the City of Kansas City, Missouri
Notes to Financial Statements
April 30, 2009 and 2008

believes the Plan has no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amounts the Plan owes the borrowers exceed the amounts the borrowers owe the Plan. Contracts with the lending agent require it to indemnify the Plan if borrowers fail to return the securities, if the collateral is inadequate to replace the securities lent or if the borrowers fail to pay the Plan for income distributions by the securities' issuers while the securities are on loan; therefore, non-cash collateral is not recorded as an asset or liability on the financial statements.

	2009	(Restated) 2008
Market value of securities loaned	\$ 34,301,807	\$ 84,046,650
Market value of cash collateral received from borrowers	\$ 35,078,779	\$ 84,232,158
Market value of non-cash collateral received from borrowers	-	1,872,519
Total market value of collateral	\$ 35,078,779	\$ 86,104,677

All securities loans can be terminated on demand by either the Plan or the borrower. The cash collateral received on each security loan was invested, in accordance with the Plan investment guidelines, in short-term funds. The maturities of the resulting investments generally match the maturities of the securities lending arrangements themselves. The Plan is not permitted to pledge or sell collateral received unless the borrower defaults.

At April 30, 2009, the Plan, under its securities lending agreement with Northern Trust, was responsible for a collateral deficiency of \$988,865, which is recorded as a liability on the Plan's statement of plan assets. This obligation is due to certain market events that have driven the markets into a highly illiquid condition. The obligation may be reduced over time as holdings mature and investment valuations return to normal; however, the liability will continue to exist reflecting any impaired holdings which are expected to pay out at a percentage of par.

City of Kansas City, Missouri
The Employees' Retirement System
Notes to Financial Statements
April 30, 2009 and 2008

At April 30, 2009, the Plan had the following investments and maturities:

Type	Fair Value	Maturities in Years				Loaned Under Securities Lending Agreements
		Less than 1	1 - 5	6 - 10	More than 10	
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 2,222,778	\$ -	\$ 19,775	\$ 745,814	\$ 1,457,189	\$ 2,222,778
U.S. Federal agencies	2,416,600	-	934,073	1,457,837	24,690	1,311,360
U.S. Government index linked bonds	5,604,529	-	-	643,936	4,960,593	-
U.S. Government backed mortgages	47,928,606	-	62,552	53,345	47,812,709	3,945,934
Asset backed securities	5,217,286	-	-	-	5,217,286	-
Commercial mortgage backed securities	4,122,698	-	-	-	4,122,698	-
Collateralized mortgage obligations	11,128,884	688,327	-	-	10,440,557	-
Guaranteed fixed income	3,311,744	-	3,311,744	-	-	-
Foreign debt obligations	699,673	-	167,440	11,982	520,251	-
Corporate bonds	39,481,389	566,678	10,943,663	18,743,521	9,227,527	4,349,024
		<u>\$ 1,255,005</u>	<u>\$15,439,247</u>	<u>\$21,656,435</u>	<u>\$ 83,783,500</u>	
Warrants	616					-
Corporate bond funds	7,469,411					-
Domestic preferred stocks	143,363					-
Domestic common stocks	173,353,620					22,472,711
Partnerships	9,152,331					-
Futures contracts and options	(35,114)					-
Collective trusts - equities	220,986,347					-
Collective trusts - fixed income	75,108,398					-
Collective trusts - real estate	23,359,165					-
	<u>\$631,672,324</u>					<u>\$ 34,301,807</u>

City of Kansas City, Missouri
The Employees' Retirement System
Notes to Financial Statements
April 30, 2009 and 2008

At April 30, 2008, the Plan had the following investments and maturities:

Type	Fair Value	Maturities in Years				Loaned Under Securities Lending Agreements
		Less than 1	1 - 5	6 - 10	More than 10	
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 1,412,186	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,412,186	\$ 1,412,186
U.S. Federal agencies	3,244,822	170,774	2,012,048	-	1,062,000	2,825,403
U.S. Government index linked bonds	5,802,247	-	315,382	688,631	4,798,234	-
U.S. Government backed mortgages	65,979,435	-	-	-	65,979,435	4,212,486
Asset backed securities	9,059,828	-	-	-	9,059,828	-
Commercial mortgage backed securities	6,145,255	-	-	-	6,145,255	-
Collateralized mortgage obligations	21,353,575	-	844,265	-	20,509,310	-
Foreign debt obligations	749,975	-	102,343	81,955	565,677	-
Corporate bonds	37,688,785	823,072	8,705,073	15,526,266	12,634,374	7,304,402
		<u>\$ 993,846</u>	<u>\$11,979,111</u>	<u>\$16,296,852</u>	<u>\$ 122,166,299</u>	
Warrants	12,928					-
Corporate bond funds	9,567,585					-
Domestic preferred stocks	878,392					-
Domestic common stocks	265,089,559					68,292,173
Partnerships	15,437,154					-
Futures contracts and options	(313,491)					-
Collective trusts - equities	282,210,072					-
Collective trusts - fixed income	130,040,312					-
Collective trusts - real estate	31,189,038					-
	<u>\$885,547,657</u>					<u>\$ 84,046,650</u>

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Plan will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The deposits are held in multiple financial institutions with a balance of up to \$100,000 insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The Plan has not established a policy with regard to custodial credit risk. At April 30, 2009 and 2008, \$23,789,683 and \$1,142,892 of deposits were uncollateralized, respectively.

Cash balances represent both operating cash accounts held by the banks and investment cash on deposit with the investment custodian.

City of Kansas City, Missouri
The Employees' Retirement System
Notes to Financial Statements
April 30, 2009 and 2008

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the Plan. The Plan's policy is that fixed income securities must have a minimum investment quality of "B" at the time of purchase. The weighted average credit rating of the portfolio must have a minimum investment quality of "A." As of April 30, 2009 and 2008, the Plan's fixed income assets that are not government guaranteed represented 78% and 82%, respectively, of the fixed income portfolio. The following tables summarize the Plan's fixed income portfolio exposure levels and credit qualities at April 30, 2009 and 2008:

Average Credit Quality and Exposure Levels of Nongovernmental Guaranteed Securities

Fixed Income Security Type	Fair Value April 30, 2009	Percentage of all Fixed Income Assets	S&P Weighted Average Credit Quality
Corporate bonds	\$ 46,950,800	21.55%	A
Government securities - nonguaranteed	90,255,794	41.42%	AAA
Indexed notes and bonds	5,604,529	2.56%	AAA
Collective trusts	75,108,398	34.47%	Not rated
Total fixed income investments	<u>\$ 217,919,521</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	

Fixed Income Security Type	Fair Value April 30, 2008	Percentage of all Fixed Income Assets	S&P Weighted Average Credit Quality
Corporate bonds	\$ 47,356,370	18.50%	A
Government securities - nonguaranteed	63,850,305	24.94%	AAA
Indexed notes and bonds	5,802,247	2.27%	AAA
Collective trusts	138,994,696	54.29%	Not rated
Total fixed income investments	<u>\$ 256,003,618</u>	<u>100.00%</u>	

City of Kansas City, Missouri
The Employees' Retirement System
Notes to Financial Statements
April 30, 2009 and 2008

Each portfolio is managed in accordance with operational guidelines that are specific as to permissible credit quality ranges, exposure levels within individual quality tiers, and the average credit quality of the overall portfolios.

Credit risk for derivative instruments held by the Plan results from counterparty risk assumed by the Plan. This is essentially the risk that the borrower will be unable to meet its obligation. Information regarding the Plan's credit risk related to derivatives is found under the derivatives disclosures found in Note 3.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issue. The Plan's policy for each specific portfolio limits investments in any corporate entity to no more than 5% of the market value of the account for actively managed portfolios, excluding U.S. government and agency obligations. As of April 30, 2009 and 2008, there were no investments in any corporate entity greater than 5%. Approximately 5.9% and 5.1% of the Plan's investments were invested in Federal National Mortgage Association as of April 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. This risk is managed within the portfolio using the effective duration of option-adjusted methodology. The Plan's policy is to manage duration to a maximum 25% of underweighting/overweighting relative to the Lehman Aggregate Bond Index.

City of Kansas City, Missouri
The Employees' Retirement System
Notes to Financial Statements
April 30, 2009 and 2008

Effective Duration of Fixed Income Assets by Security Type at April 30, 2009

Fixed Income Security Type	Fair Value April 30, 2009	Percentage of all Fixed Income Assets	Weighted Average Effective Duration (Years)
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 2,222,778	1.8%	13.6
U.S. Federal agencies	2,416,600	2.0%	7.0
U.S. Government index linked bonds	5,604,529	4.6%	16.5
U.S. Government backed mortgages	47,928,606	39.2%	28.9
Asset backed securities	5,217,286	4.3%	27.8
Commercial mortgage backed securities	4,122,698	3.4%	31.9
Collateralized mortgage obligations	11,128,884	9.1%	29.5
Guaranteed fixed income	3,311,744	2.7%	3.0
Foreign debt obligations	699,673	0.6%	19.8
Corporate bonds	39,481,389	32.3%	9.7
	<u>\$ 122,134,187</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	

Effective Duration of Fixed Income Assets by Security Type at April 30, 2008

Fixed Income Security Type	Fair Value April 30, 2008	Percentage of all Fixed Income Assets	Weighted Average Effective Duration (Years)
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 1,412,186	0.9%	14.9
U.S. Federal agencies	3,244,822	2.1%	9.4
U.S. Government index linked bonds	5,802,247	3.8%	16.4
U.S. Government backed mortgages	65,979,435	43.6%	30.8
Asset backed securities	9,059,828	6.0%	28.7
Commercial mortgage backed securities	6,145,255	4.1%	32.5
Collateralized mortgage obligations	21,353,575	14.1%	30.5
Foreign debt obligations	749,975	0.5%	21.0
Corporate bonds	37,688,785	24.9%	12.8
	<u>\$ 151,436,108</u>	<u>100.0%</u>	

City of Kansas City, Missouri
The Employees' Retirement System
Notes to Financial Statements
April 30, 2009 and 2008

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely impact the fair value of an investment. The Plan's currency risk exposure, or exchange rate risk, primarily reside within the Plan's cash and cash equivalent holdings through the Plan's various asset managers. The Plan's policy for each specific portfolio does not place limits on the amount of foreign exposure that can be held by the individual asset managers. As noted in Note 3, the Plan invested in foreign derivative financial instruments of \$3,012 and \$(104,538) at April 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Note 3: Derivative Financial Instruments

Some of the Plan's managers invest in derivative securities. A derivative security is an investment whose payoff depends upon the value of other assets, such as bond and stock prices, a market index or commodity prices. During the year, derivative investments included futures and options. These derivatives are used to add incremental value at the margin and to hedge or reduce risk. They were used mainly to adjust yield curve exposure, add yield and adjust the duration of the portfolio. Derivative transactions involve, to varying degrees, credit risk and market risk. Credit risk is the possibility that a loss may occur because a party to a transaction fails to perform according to terms. This risk is minimized by using exchange-traded futures and options. Market risk is the possibility that a change in interest or currency rates will cause the value of a financial instrument to decrease or become more costly to settle. The market risk associated with derivatives, the prices of which are constantly fluctuating, is regulated by imposing strict limits as to the types, amounts and degree of risk that investment managers may undertake. The Board and senior management approve these limits. The Plan's investment consultant reviews the risk positions of the investment managers on a regular basis to monitor compliance with the limits.

The Plan's investment managers utilize financial futures to replicate an underlying security they desire to hold (sell) in the portfolio. In certain instances, it may be beneficial to own a futures contract rather than the underlying security (arbitrage). Financial future contracts are also used to improve the yield or adjust the duration of the portfolio. Financial futures contracts are agreements to buy or sell a specified amount at a specified delivery or maturity date for an agreed-upon price. The market values of the futures contracts vary from the original contract price; a gain or loss is recognized and paid to or received from the clearinghouse. Financial futures represent an off-balance sheet obligation, as there are no balance sheet assets or liabilities associated with those contracts. The cash or securities to meet these obligations are held in the investment portfolio.

The Board's investment managers utilize options in an effort to add value to the portfolio (collect premiums) or protect (hedge) a position in the portfolio. Options are agreements that give one party the right, but not the obligation, to buy or sell a specific amount of an asset for a specific price (called the strike price) on or before a specified expiration date. As the writer of financial options, the Plan receives a premium at the outset of the agreement and bears the risk of an unfavorable change in the price of the instrument underlying the option. As the purchaser, the Plan pays a premium at the outset of the agreement and the counterparty bears the risk of an unfavorable change in the price of the financial instrument underlying the option.

City of Kansas City, Missouri
The Employees' Retirement System
Notes to Financial Statements
April 30, 2009 and 2008

The Plan's collective trusts also invest in various derivatives; however, these holdings are not reflected in the following table. As of April 30, 2009, the Plan held a Fannie Mae discount note of \$1,142,892 as collateral for futures. The following table presents the futures and options positions held by the Plan as of April 30, 2009 and 2008:

	April 30, 2009		
	Number of Contracts	Contract Principal*	Fair Value of Futures/Options
Domestic:			
Fixed income futures purchased:			
2-year note due June 2009	15	\$ 3,263,203	\$ -
5-year note due June 2009	146	17,102,531	-
U.S. bond due June 2009	42	5,147,625	-
Fixed income futures sold:			
10-year note due June 2009	61	7,377,188	-
Fixed income written call options:			
U.S. 10-year future option due June 2009	47	5,684,063	(8,813)
U.S. 10-year future option due June 2009	3	362,813	(326)
U.S. 10-year future option due June 2009	6	725,625	(281)
U.S. 5-year future option due June 2009	26	3,045,656	(6,703)
U.S. bond future option due June 2009	11	1,348,188	(4,297)
U.S. bond future option due June 2009	5	612,813	(860)
Fixed income written put options:			
U.S. 10-year future option due June 2009	6	725,625	(2,157)
U.S. 10-year future option due June 2009	32	3,870,000	(20,000)
U.S. 10-year future option due June 2009	6	725,625	(19,500)
U.S. 10-year future option due June 2009	13	1,572,188	(26)
U.S. 5-year future option due June 2009	20	2,342,813	(4,063)
U.S. bond future option due June 2009	3	367,688	(8,203)
			<u>\$ (75,229)</u>

* Contract principal amounts shown represent the fair value of the underlying assets the contracts control. These are shown to present the volumes of the transactions, but do not reflect the extent to which positions may offset one another. These amounts do not represent the much smaller amounts potentially subject to risk. Contract principal values also do not represent actual statement of plan net asset values.

City of Kansas City, Missouri
The Employees' Retirement System
Notes to Financial Statements
April 30, 2009 and 2008

	April 30, 2009		
	Number of Contracts	Contract Principal*	Fair Value of Futures/Options
Foreign:			
Fixed income futures purchased:			
90-day Euro future due June 2009	18	\$ 18,000,000	\$ -
90-day Euro future due September 2009	46	46,000,000	-
90-day Euro future due March 2010	17	17,000,000	-
90-day Euro future due September 2010	13	13,000,000	-
Fixed income purchased call options:			
Euro future option due June 2009	13	13,000,000	3,575
Fixed income written put options:			
Euro future option due June 2009	10	10,000,000	(63)
Euro future option due June 2009	10	10,000,000	(500)
			<u>\$ 3,012</u>

* Contract principal amounts shown represent the fair value of the underlying assets the contracts control. These are shown to present the volumes of the transactions, but do not reflect the extent to which positions may offset one another. These amounts do not represent the much smaller amounts potentially subject to risk. Contract principal values also do not represent actual statement of plan net asset values.

City of Kansas City, Missouri
The Employees' Retirement System
Notes to Financial Statements
April 30, 2009 and 2008

	April 30, 2008		
Domestic:	Number of Contracts	Contract Principal*	Fair Value of Futures/Options
Fixed income futures purchased:			
5-year note due June 2008	133	\$ 14,893,922	\$ -
U.S. long bond due June 2008	61	7,130,328	-
Fixed income futures sold:			
10-year note due June 2008	162	1,876,165	-
Fixed income purchased call options:			
U.S. bond future option due June 2008	10	1,158,125	156
U.S. bond future option due June 2008	2	233,781	594
Fixed income written call options:			
U.S. 10-year future option due June 2008	10	1,158,125	(3,906)
U.S. 10-year future option due June 2008	78	9,033,375	(14,625)
U.S. 10-year future option due June 2008	6	694,875	(563)
U.S. 10-year future option due June 2008	4	463,250	(63)
U.S. 10-year future option due June 2008	39	4,461,844	(26,813)
U.S. 10-year future option due June 2008	10	1,144,063	(10,938)
U.S. bond future option due June 2008	12	1,402,688	(9,563)
Fixed income written put options:			
U.S. 10-year future option due June 2008	8	895,875	(5,000)
U.S. 10-year future option due June 2008	18	2,015,719	(22,641)
U.S. 10-year future option due June 2008	41	4,748,313	(5,125)
U.S. 10-year future option due June 2008	26	3,011,125	(13,406)
U.S. 10-year future option due June 2008	10	1,158,125	(9,531)
U.S. 10-year future option due June 2008	36	4,169,250	(56,813)
U.S. 10-year future option due June 2008	6	694,875	(563)
U.S. bond future option due June 2008	4	467,563	(188)
U.S. bond future option due June 2008	26	3,039,156	(14,219)
U.S. bond future option due June 2008	12	1,402,688	(15,750)
			<u>\$ (208,957)</u>

* Contract principal amounts shown represent the fair value of the underlying assets the contracts control. These are shown to present the volumes of the transactions, but do not reflect the extent to which positions may offset one another. These amounts do not represent the much smaller amounts potentially subject to risk. Contract principal values also do not represent actual statement of plan net asset values.

City of Kansas City, Missouri
The Employees' Retirement System
Notes to Financial Statements
April 30, 2009 and 2008

	April 30, 2008		
	Number of Contracts	Contract Principal*	Fair Value of Futures/Options
Foreign:			
Fixed income futures purchased:			
90-day Euro future due September 2008	51	\$ 51,000,000	\$ -
90-day Euro future due June 2008	131	131,000,000	-
90-day Euro future due June 2008	30	30,000,000	-
90-day Euro future due June 2008	37	37,000,000	-
Fixed income futures sold:			
90-day Euro future due December 2008	1	1,000,000	-
90-day Euro future due September 2008	2	2,000,000	-
Fixed income written call options:			
Euro future option due June 2008	4	4,000,000	(25)
Euro future option due June 2008	20	20,000,000	(125)
Euro future option due June 2008	11	11,000,000	(69)
Euro future option due June 2008	8	8,000,000	(150)
Euro future option due June 2008	28	28,000,000	(5,425)
Euro future option due June 2008	32	32,000,000	(35,000)
Euro future option due September 2008	6	6,000,000	(1,575)
Euro future option due September 2008	49	49,000,000	(62,169)
			<u>\$ (104,538)</u>

* Contract principal amounts shown represent the fair value of the underlying assets the contracts control. These are shown to present the volumes of the transactions, but do not reflect the extent to which positions may offset one another. These amounts do not represent the much smaller amounts potentially subject to risk. Contract principal values also do not represent actual statement of plan net asset values.

Note 4: Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

During the current year, the Plan adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures. The effect of the adoption was to require additional disclosures about the actuarial methods and assumptions used in the valuations on which reported information about the annual required contributions, the funded status and funding progress are based.

An actuary from Cheiron determines the actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits, which is the amount that results from applying actuarial assumptions to adjust the accumulated plan benefits to reflect the time value of money (through discounts for interest) and the probability of payment (by means of decrements such as for death, disability, withdrawal or retirement) between the valuation date and the expected date of payment.

City of Kansas City, Missouri
The Employees' Retirement System
Notes to Financial Statements
April 30, 2009 and 2008

The information presented in the required supplemental schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations as of the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date	April 30, 2008 and 2007
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal cost
Amortization method	20-year layered amortization, level percent of pay
Remaining amortization period	20 years

Actuarial Assumptions

Investment rate of return	7.50% per annum
Projected salary increases*	4.0% to 6.0% per annum, depending on age
Cost-of-living adjustments	3.0% per annum

* Includes inflation rate of 3%.

Actuarial Value of Assets

The Plan has adopted a smoothed market method of valuing assets called the "Expected Asset Method," which recognizes the fair market value of assets. The following represents the components of the asset valuation:

- (a) The actuarial value at the beginning of the year; plus
- (b) The contributions less benefits paid during the year; plus
- (c) Interest at the assumed net rate of investment return on an actuarial basis; plus
- (d) 25% of the difference between market value and the sum of (a), (b) and (c).

If the actuarial value of assets is less than 85% or more than 110% of the market value, an adjustment is made to the actuarial value to bring the value within the corridor.

Note 5: Risks and Uncertainties

The Plan invests in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of plan net assets.

City of Kansas City, Missouri
The Employees' Retirement System
Notes to Financial Statements
April 30, 2009 and 2008

Plan contributions are made and the actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits are reported based on certain assumptions pertaining to interest rates, inflation rates and employee demographics, all of which are subject to change. Due to uncertainties inherent in the estimation and assumption process, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in these estimates and assumptions in the near term would be material to the financial statements.

Current Economic Conditions

The current economic environment presents pension systems with unprecedented circumstances and challenges, which in some cases have resulted in large declines in the fair value of investments. The financial statements have been prepared using values and information currently available to the Plan.

Given the volatility of current economic conditions, the values of assets recorded in the financial statements could change rapidly, resulting in material future adjustments in investment values that could negatively impact the Plan.

Required Supplementary Information

City of Kansas City, Missouri
The Employees' Retirement System
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Funding Progress
Last Six Fiscal Years

Actuarial Valuation Date	(a) Actuarial Value of Assets	(b) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age	(b - a) Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	(a/b) Funded Ratio	(c) Covered Payroll	[(b - a)/c] UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
4/30/2003	\$624,897,653	\$ 707,513,176	\$ 82,615,523	88%	\$130,028,040	64%
4/30/2004	627,078,139	740,186,346	113,108,207	85%	137,207,640	82%
4/30/2005	645,609,869	781,899,987	136,290,118	83%	141,605,640	96%
4/30/2006	745,720,993	800,839,808	55,118,815	93%	146,365,332	38%
4/30/2007	823,014,181	847,393,167	24,378,986	97%	158,779,836	15%
4/30/2008	873,680,276	934,333,865	60,653,589	94%	169,867,066	36%

City of Kansas City, Missouri
The Employees' Retirement System
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Employer Contributions
Last Six Fiscal Years

Year Ended April 30,	<u>Annual Required Contributions</u>	<u>Percentage Contributed</u>
2003	\$ 13,996,455	66%
2004	20,018,740	60%
2005	23,406,798	63%
2006	25,770,978	68%
2007	17,652,900	105%
2008	15,623,936	128%