## ? $\begin{aligned} & \text { Gabriel Roeder Smith \& Company } \\ & \text { Consultants \& Actuaries }\end{aligned}$

PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION OF MINNESOTA GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT PLAN ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT AS OF JULY 1, 2015

November 25, 2015

Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota Trustees of the General Employees Retirement Plan
St. Paul, Minnesota
Dear Trustees of the General Employees Retirement Plan:
The results of the July 1, 2015 annual actuarial valuation of the General Employees Retirement Plan are presented in this report. This report was prepared at the request of the Board and is intended for use by the Board and staff and those designated or approved by the Board. This report may be provided to parties other than the Plan only in its entirety. GRS is not responsible for the consequences of any unauthorized use of this report.

The purpose of the valuation is to measure the Plan's funding progress and to determine the required contribution rate for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2015. Note that we have not attempted to quantify the impact of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68 in this report.

The valuation was based upon information furnished by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA), concerning benefits, financial transactions, plan provisions and active members, terminated members, retirees and beneficiaries. We checked for internal and year-to-year consistency, but did not otherwise audit the data. We are not responsible for the accuracy or completeness of the information provided by PERA.

Actuarial assumptions, including discount rates, mortality tables and others identified in this report, are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR), and the Trustees. These parties are responsible for selecting the plan's funding policy, actuarial valuation methods, asset valuation methods, and assumptions. The policies, methods and assumptions used in this valuation are those that have been so prescribed and are described in the Actuarial Basis of this report. PERA is solely responsible for communicating to GRS any changes required thereto.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Due to the limited scope of our assignment, we did not perform an analysis of the potential range of such future measurements.

Trustees of the General Employees Retirement Plan
November 25, 2015
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Actuarial standards do not require the actuary to evaluate the ability of the plan sponsor or other contributing entity to make required contributions to the plan when due. Such an evaluation was not within the scope of this project and is not within the actuary's domain of expertise. Consequently, the actuary performed no such evaluation.

This report should not be relied on for any purpose other than the purpose described herein. Determinations of the financial results associated with the benefits described in this report in a manner other than the intended purpose may produce significantly different results.

The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor. We are not aware of any relationship that would impair the objectivity of our work.

Brian B. Murphy and Bonita J. Wurst are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein. In addition, Mr. Murphy meets the requirements of "approved actuary" under Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215, Subdivision 1, Paragraph (c).

This report has been prepared by actuaries who have substantial experience valuing public employee retirement systems. To the best of our knowledge and belief the information contained in this report is accurate and fairly presents the actuarial position of the General Employees Retirement Plan as of the valuation date and was performed in accordance with the requirements of Minnesota Statutes Section 356.215 , and the requirements of the Standards for Actuarial Work established by the LCPR. All calculations have been made in conformity with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices, and with the Actuarial Standards of Practice issued by the Actuarial Standards Board and with applicable statutes.

We are available to answer any questions or provide further details.
Respectfully submitted,


Brian B. Murphy, FSA, EA, MAAA


Bonita J. Wurst, ASA, EA, MAAA
BBM/BJW:mrb

## Other Observations

## General Implications of Contribution Allocation Procedure or Funding Policy on Future Expected Plan Contributions and Funded Status

Given the plan's contribution allocation procedure, if there are no changes in benefits or contributions and all actuarial assumptions are met (including the assumption of the plan earning $8.0 \%$ on the actuarial value of assets), it is expected that:
(1) The unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities will be fully amortized after 24 years, and
(2) The funded status of the plan will increase gradually towards a $100 \%$ funded ratio.
(3) The unfunded liability will grow initially as a dollar amount before beginning to decline.

## Limitations of Funded Status Measurements

Unless otherwise indicated, a funded status measurement presented in this report is based upon the actuarial accrued liability and the actuarial value of assets. Unless otherwise indicated, with regard to any funded status measurements presented in this report:
(1) The measurement is inappropriate for assessing the sufficiency of plan assets to cover the estimated cost of settling the plan's benefit obligations, in other words of transferring the obligations to a unrelated third party in an arm's length market value type transaction.
(2) The measurement is dependent upon the actuarial cost method which, in combination with the plan's amortization policy, affects the timing and amounts of future contributions. The amounts of future contributions will most certainly differ from those assumed in this report due to future actual experience differing from assumed experience based upon the actuarial assumptions. A funded status measurement in this report of $100 \%$ is not synonymous with no required future contributions. If the funded status were $100 \%$, the plan would still require future normal cost contributions (i.e., contributions to cover the cost of the active membership accruing an additional year of service credit).
(3) The measurement would produce a different result if the market value of assets were used instead of the actuarial value of assets, unless the market value of assets is used in the measurement.

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## Summary of Valuation Results

## Contributions

The following table summarizes important contribution information as described in the Development of Costs section.

|  | Actuarial Valuation as of |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July 1, 2015 |  | July 1, 2014 |  |
| Statutory Contributions - Chapter 353 (\% of Payroll) |  | $14.66 \%$ |  | $13.75 \%$ |
| Required Contributions - Chapter 356 (\% of Payroll) |  | $15.89 \%$ |  | $15.80 \%$ |
| Sufficiency/(Deficiency) |  | $(1.23) \%$ |  | $(2.05) \%$ |

The statutory contribution deficiency decreased from $2.05 \%$ of payroll to $1.23 \%$ of payroll. The primary reasons for the decrease are the recognition of deferred gains on assets from prior years and the additional supplemental contributions arising from the full merger of the MERF division.

Based on the actuarial value of assets and scheduled contribution rates, statutory contributions are not sufficient to fully amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over the statutory amortization period of 18 years. Based on current statutory contributions, the actuarial value of assets, and other methods and assumptions described in this report, the unfunded liability will be eliminated in 24 years. On a market value of assets basis, contributions are deficient by $0.35 \%$ of payroll.

The Plan Assets section provides detail on the plan assets used for the valuation including a development of the Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA). The Market Value of Assets (MVA) earned approximately $4.4 \%$ for the plan year ending June 30, 2015. The AVA earned approximately $12.1 \%$ for the plan year ending June 30,2015 as compared to the assumed rate of $8.0 \%$. The assumed rate is mandated by Minnesota Statutes.

Participant reconciliation and statistics are detailed in the Membership Data section. The Actuarial Basis section includes a summary of plan provisions and actuarial methods and assumptions used for the calculations in this report.

Accounting information prepared according to Statements No. 67 and No. 68 will be provided in a separate report.

## Summary of Valuation Results

A summary of principal valuation results from the current valuation and the prior valuation follows. Any changes in Plan provisions, actuarial assumptions or valuation methods and procedures between the two valuations are described after the summary.

Actuarial Valuation as of

Contributions (\% of Payroll)
Statutory - Chapter 353
14.66\%
13.75\%

Required - Chapter 356
15.89\%
15.80\%

Sufficiency/(Deficiency)
(1.23)\%
(2.05)\%

Funding Ratios (dollars in thousands)
Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio

- Current assets (AVA)
\$ 17,974,439
\$ 15,644,540
- Current benefit obligations
- Funding ratio

22,503,855
20,246,103
$79.87 \%$
$77.27 \%$
Accrued Liability Funding Ratio

- Current assets (AVA)
- Market value of assets (MVA)
- Actuarial accrued liability
- Funding ratio (AVA)
- Funding ratio (MVA)

Projected Benefit Funding Ratio

- Current and expected future assets
- Current and expected future benefit obligations
- Projected benefit funding ratio
\$ 25,830,668
26,678,663
96.82\%
\$ 22,716,547
24,123,025
94.17\%


## Participant Data

Active members

| - Number |  | 145,650 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| - Projected annual earnings (000s) | $\$$ | $5,616,092$ | $\$ 3,343$ |
| - Average projected annual earnings | $\$$ | 38,559 | $\$$ |
| - Average age | 46.7 | 37,621 |  |
| - Average service | 10.4 | 47.0 |  |
| Service retirements | 78,372 | 10.7 |  |
| Survivors | 8,419 | 71,740 |  |
| Disability retirements | 3,801 | 7,690 |  |
| Deferred retirements | 51,605 | 3,704 |  |
| Terminated other non-vested | 125,366 | 48,505 |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{4 1 3 , 2 1 3}$ | 121,019 |  |
|  |  | $\mathbf{3 9 6 , 0 0 1}$ |  |

## Summary of Valuation Results

## Effects of Changes

The following changes in plan provisions, actuarial assumptions and methods were recognized as of July 1, 2015:

- The discount rate was changed from $8.0 \%$ through June 30, 2017 and $8.5 \%$ thereafter to $8.0 \%$ for all years.
- The inflation assumption was changed from $3.00 \%$ to $2.75 \%$.
- The payroll growth assumption was changed from $3.75 \%$ to $3.50 \%$.
- Assumed increases in member salaries were decreased by $0.25 \%$ at all ages.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from $1.0 \%$ per year through 2026 and $2.5 \%$ thereafter to $1.0 \%$ per year through 2034 and $2.5 \%$ per year thereafter. See page 4 for additional detail about this assumption.
- The MERF Division was fully merged into PERA's General Employees Retirement Plan on January 1, 2015.
- The Contribution Stabilizer statutes were revised to make changes to contribution rates less prescriptive and more flexible.

Refer to the Actuarial Basis section of this report for a complete description of these changes.
The combined impact of the above changes was to increase the accrued liability by $\$ 1.4$ billion and increase the required contribution by $0.8 \%$ of pay, as follows:

|  | Before <br> Assumption <br> Changes | Reflecting <br> Assumption <br> Changes | Reflecting <br> Assumption <br> Changes and <br> MERF Merger |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Normal Cost Rate, \% of Pay | $7.4 \%$ | $7.6 \%$ | $7.6 \%$ |
| Amortization of Unfunded Accrued Liability, | $7.5 \%$ | $7.8 \%$ | $8.1 \%$ |
| \% of pay | $0.2 \%$ | $0.2 \%$ | $0.2 \%$ |
| $\quad$ Expenses (\% of Pay) | $15.1 \%$ | $15.6 \%$ | $15.9 \%$ |
| Total Required Contribution, \% of Pay | $76.8 \%$ | $76.1 \%$ | $76.3 \%$ |
| Accrued Liability Funding Ratio | $97.0 \%$ | $95.8 \%$ | $96.8 \%$ |
| Projected Benefit Funding Ratio | $\$ 5.2$ | $\$ 5.4$ | $\$ 5.6$ |
| Unfunded Accrued Liability (in billions) |  |  |  |

## Summary of Valuation Results

## Valuation of Future Post-Retirement Benefit Increases

Benefit recipients receive a future annual $1.0 \%$ post-retirement benefit increase. If the funding ratio reaches $90 \%$ (based on a $2.5 \%$ post-retirement benefit increase assumption) for two consecutive years, the benefit increase will revert to $2.5 \%$. If, after reverting to a $2.5 \%$ benefit increase, the funding ratio declines to less than $80 \%$ for one-year or less than $85 \%$ for two consecutive years, the benefit increase will decrease to $1.0 \%$. Benefit increases already granted, however, will not be affected.

To determine an assumption regarding a future change in the post-retirement benefit increase, we performed a projection of liabilities and assets based on the following methods and assumptions:

- Future investment returns of $8.00 \%$;
- Open group; stable active population (new member profile based on average new members hired in recent years);
- The post-retirement benefit increase rate is assumed to be $1.0 \%$ per year until the funding ratio threshold required to pay a $2.5 \%$ post-retirement benefit increase is reached; and
- Current statutory contributions (i.e., not including potential contribution increases under the contribution stabilizer statutes).

Based on these assumptions and methods, the projection indicates that this plan is expected to attain the funding ratio threshold required to pay a $2.5 \%$ post-retirement benefit increase in the year 2034, and that the plan would begin paying $2.5 \%$ benefit increases on January 1, 2035. This assumption is reflected in our calculations.

## Summary of Valuation Results

## Risk Measures Summary (Dollars in Thousands)

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Valuation } \\ \text { Date } \\ (6 / 30) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | (1) <br> Accrued <br> Liabilities <br> (AAL) | (2) <br> Market <br> Value of Assets | $(3)$ <br>  <br> Market <br> Value <br> Unfunded <br> AAL | (4) <br> Valuation Payroll | (5) Market Value Funded Ratio $(2) /(1)$ | (6) <br> Retiree Liabilities | (7) $\begin{gathered} \text { RetLiab/ } \\ \text { AAL } \\ (\mathbf{6}) /(\mathbf{1}) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | (8) <br> AAL/ <br> Payroll <br> (1)/(4) | (9) <br> Assets/ <br> Payroll <br> (2)/(4) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2010 | \$17,180,956 | \$11,338,582 | \$5,842,374 | \$4,804,627 | 66.0\% | \$7,900,020 | 46.0\% | 357.6\% | 236.0\% |
| 2011 | 17,898,849 | 13,616,622 | 4,282,227 | 5,079,429 | 76.1\% | 8,315,059 | 46.5\% | 352.4\% | 268.1\% |
| 2012 | 18,598,897 | 13,577,653 | 5,021,244 | 5,142,592 | 73.0\% | 8,870,045 | 47.7\% | 361.7\% | 264.0\% |
| 2013 | 19,379,769 | 15,084,608 | 4,295,161 | 5,246,928 | 77.8\% | 9,351,606 | 48.3\% | 369.4\% | 287.5\% |
| 2014 | 21,282,504 | 17,404,822 | 3,877,682 | 5,351,920 | 81.8\% | 10,229,051 | 48.1\% | 397.7\% | 325.2\% |
| 2015 | 23,560,951 | 18,581,795 | 4,979,156 | 5,549,255 | 78.9\% | 12,092,665 | 51.3\% | 424.6\% | 334.9\% |


| (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) <br> Non- | (14) <br> Valuation <br> Date <br> (6/30) | Portfolio <br> StdDev | Std Dev <br> \% of Pay <br> (9) x (10) | (15) <br> Unfunded/ <br> Payroll |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2010 |  |  | $121.6 \%$ | (16) <br> Cash Flow <br> (NICF) | (298,297) <br> Assets <br> $(\mathbf{1 3}) /(2)$ | Market <br> Rate of <br> Return | 5-year <br> Trailing <br> Average |
| 2011 |  |  | $84.3 \%$ | $(329,963)$ | $-2.4 \%$ | $15.7 \%$ | N/A |
| 2012 |  |  | $97.6 \%$ | $(359,950)$ | $-2.7 \%$ | $23.0 \%$ | N/A |
| 2013 |  |  | $81.9 \%$ | $(396,791)$ | $-2.6 \%$ | $14.2 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ |
| 2014 |  |  | $72.5 \%$ | $(441,245)$ | $-2.5 \%$ | $18.5 \%$ | $14.5 \%$ |
| 2015 | $14.1 \%$ | $47.2 \%$ | $89.7 \%$ | $(492,445)$ | $-2.7 \%$ | $4.4 \%$ | $12.2 \%$ |

(5). The Funded ratio is the most widely known measure of a plan's financial strength, but the trend in the funded ratio is much more important than the absolute ratio. The funded ratio should trend to $100 \%$. As it approaches $100 \%$, it is important to re-evaluate the level of investment risk in the portfolio and potentially to re-evaluate the assumed rate of return.
(6) and (7). The ratio of Retiree liabilities to total accrued liabilities gives an indication of the maturity of the system. As the ratio increases, cash flow needs increase, and the liquidity needs of the portfolio change. A ratio on the order of $50 \%$ indicates a maturing system.
(8) and (9) The ratios of liabilities and assets to payroll gives an indication of both maturity and volatility. Many systems have ratios between $500 \%$ and $700 \%$. Ratios significantly above that range may indicate difficulty in supporting the benefit level as a level \% of payroll.
(10) and (11). The portfolio standard deviation measures the volatility of investment return. When multiplied by the ratio of assets to payroll it gives the effect of a one standard deviation asset move as a percent of payroll. This figure helps users understand the difficulty of dealing with investment volatility and the challenges volatility brings to sustainability.
(12) The ratio of unfunded liability to payroll gives an indication of the plan sponsor's ability to actually pay off the unfunded liability. A ratio above approximately $300 \%$ or $400 \%$ may indicate difficulty in discharging the unfunded liability within a reasonable time frame.
(13) and (14) The ratio of Non-Investment Cash Flow to assets is an important measure of sustainability. Negative ratios are common and expected for a maturing system. In the longer term, this ratio should be on the order of approximately $-4 \%$. A ratio that is significantly more negative than that for an extended period could be a leading indicator of potential exhaustion of assets.
(15) and (16) Investment return is probably the largest single risk that most systems face. The year by year return and the 5 year geometric average give an indicator of the realism of the systems assumed return. Of course past performance is not a guarantee of future results.

## Supplemental Information

The remainder of the report includes information supporting the results presented in the previous sections.

- Plan assets presents information about the Plan's assets as reported by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota. The assets represent the portion of total fund liabilities that has been funded.
- Membership data presents and describes the membership data used in the valuation.
- Development of costs shows the liabilities for Plan benefits and the derivation of the contribution amount.
- Actuarial basis describes the Plan provisions, as well as the methods and assumptions used to value the Plan. The valuation is based on the premise that the Plan is ongoing.
- Additional schedules shows the Schedule of Funding Progress and Schedule of Contributions.
- Glossary defines the terms used in this report.


## Plan Assets

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position (Dollars in Thousands)

| Assets in Trust | June 30, 2015 |  | June 30, 2014 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash, equivalents, short term securities | \$ | 355,041 | \$ | 457,676 |
| Fixed income |  | 4,364,607 |  | 4,061,777 |
| Equity |  | 11,528,261 |  | 10,675,284 |
| SBI Alternative |  | 2,288,787 |  | 2,195,599 |
| Other |  | 7,382 |  | 7,626 |
| Total Assets in Trust | \$ | 18,544,078 | \$ | 17,397,962 |
| Assets Receivable |  | 46,518 |  | 16,199 |
| Amounts Payable |  | $(8,801)$ |  | $(9,339)$ |
| Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits | \$ | 18,581,795 | \$ | 17,404,822 |

## Plan Assets

## Reconciliation of Plan Assets (Dollars in Thousands)

The following exhibits show the revenue, expenses and resulting assets of the Fund as reported by the Public Employees Retirement Association for the prior two fiscal years.

## Change in Assets

## Year Ending

1. Fund balance at market value at beginning of year
2. Contributions
a. Member
b. Employer
c. Other sources
d. Total contributions
3. Investment income
a. Investment income/(loss)
b. Investment expenses
c. Net subtotal
4. Other
5. Total income: (2.d.) + (3.c.) + (4.)
6. Benefits Paid
a. Annuity benefits
b. Refunds
c. Total benefits paid
7. Expenses
a. Other
b. Administrative
c. Total expenses
8. Total disbursements: (6.c.) + (7.c. $)$
9. Transfer between funds
10. Fund balance at market value at end of year
11. Approximate return on market value of assets

Market Value

| June 30, 2015 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | June 30, 2014 |

353,765
435,115
$\begin{array}{rr}0 \\ & 0 \\ \end{array}$

|  | $\begin{gathered} 803,212 \\ (25,708) \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,785,047 \\ (24,193) \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 777,504 |  | 2,760,854 |
|  | 278 |  | 605 |
| \$ | 1,566,662 | \$ | 3,478,205 |
|  | $(1,235,303)$ |  | $(1,109,866)$ |
|  | $(35,655)$ |  | $(38,264)$ |
|  | (1,270,958) |  | $(1,148,130)$ |


|  | 0 |  | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $(10,367)$ |  | $(9,861)$ |
|  | $(10,367)$ |  | $(9,861)$ |
|  | (1,281,325) |  | (1,157,991) |
| \$ | 891,636 | \$ | 0 |
| \$ | 18,581,795 | \$ | 17,404,822 |
|  | 4.4\% |  | 18.5\% |

## Plan Assets

## Actuarial Asset Value (Dollars in Thousands)

June 30, 2015
June 30, 2014

1. Market value of assets available for benefits
2. Determination of average balance
a. Total assets available at beginning of year
b. Total assets available at end of year
c. Net investment income for fiscal year
d. Average balance $[a .+b .-c$.] /2
3. Expected return [8.0\% * 2.d.]
4. Actual return
5. Current year asset gain/(loss) [4. - 3.]
6. Unrecognized asset returns
a. Year ended June 30, 2015
b. Year ended June 30, 2014
c. Year ended June 30, 2013
d. Year ended June 30, 2012
e. Year ended June 30, 2011
f. Unrecognized return adjustment
7. Actuarial value at end of year (1. - 6.f.)
8. Approximate return on actuarial value of assets during fiscal year
9. Ratio of actuarial value of assets to market value of assets
\$ 18,581,795 \$ 17,404,822

| $17,404,822$ | $15,084,608$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| $18,581,795$ | $17,404,822$ |
| 777,504 | $2,760,854$ |
| $17,604,557$ | $14,864,288$ |
| $1,408,365$ | $1,189,143$ |
| 777,504 | $2,760,854$ |
| $(630,861)$ | $1,571,711$ |

Original

| Amount | Unrecognized Amount |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$(630,861) | \$ (504,689) | N/A |
| 1,571,711 | 943,027 | \$ 1,257,369 |
| 833,405 | 333,362 | 500,043 |
| $(821,722)$ | $(164,344)$ | $(328,689)$ |
| 1,657,793 | N/A | 331,559 |
|  | 607,356 | 1,760,282 |
|  | \$17,974,439 | \$ 15,644,540 |
| during fiscal year | 12.1\% | 14.1\% |
| of assets | 0.97 | 0.90 |

## Membership Data

## Distribution of Active Members (Total)

| Age | Years of Service as of June 30, 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | <3* | 3-4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-34 | 35+ | Total |
| $<25$ | 5,420 | 228 | 17 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5,665 |
| Avg. Earnings | 14,215 | 23,764 | 17,911 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 14,611 |
| 25-29 | 8,405 | 1,908 | 1,076 | 21 |  |  |  |  |  | 11,410 |
| Avg. Earnings | 22,979 | 32,846 | 35,041 | 34,037 |  |  |  |  |  | 25,786 |
| 30-34 | 6,573 | 2,059 | 3,512 | 849 | 23 |  |  |  |  | 13,016 |
| Avg. Earnings | 26,817 | 37,760 | 43,406 | 45,711 | 44,697 |  |  |  |  | 34,288 |
| 35-39 | 5,502 | 1,849 | 3,328 | 2,413 | 750 | 6 |  |  |  | 13,848 |
| Avg. Earnings | 25,368 | 36,409 | 44,615 | 53,522 | 53,844 | 63,470 |  |  |  | 37,933 |
| 40-44 | 4,729 | 1,820 | 3,313 | 2,454 | 2,107 | 426 | 11 |  |  | 14,860 |
| Avg. Earnings | 23,739 | 31,074 | 39,092 | 51,916 | 59,410 | 56,093 | 53,382 |  |  | 38,721 |
| 45-49 | 4,159 | 1,787 | 4,131 | 3,183 | 2,584 | 1,634 | 623 | 21 |  | 18,122 |
| Avg. Earnings | 23,191 | 28,636 | 34,057 | 43,640 | 55,244 | 60,868 | 58,830 | 60,045 |  | 39,032 |
| 50-54 | 3,451 | 1,583 | 4,254 | 4,068 | 3,533 | 2,317 | 2,007 | 856 | 55 | 22,124 |
| Avg. Earnings | 22,951 | 29,131 | 32,064 | 37,162 | 45,804 | 56,419 | 63,208 | 61,140 | 59,951 | 40,135 |
| 55-59 | 2,886 | 1,294 | 3,174 | 3,746 | 4,077 | 3,117 | 2,537 | 1,599 | 882 | 23,312 |
| Avg. Earnings | 22,709 | 30,913 | 32,809 | 37,085 | 40,574 | 46,995 | 59,456 | 65,353 | 60,700 | 41,583 |
| 60-64 | 1,865 | 883 | 2,001 | 2,280 | 2,580 | 2,510 | 2,056 | 1,019 | 1,210 | 16,404 |
| Avg. Earnings | 19,342 | 26,962 | 33,368 | 37,415 | 39,776 | 43,399 | 52,053 | 62,338 | 65,769 | 41,065 |
| 65-69 | 942 | 370 | 796 | 672 | 589 | 550 | 441 | 198 | 286 | 4,844 |
| Avg. Earnings | 13,200 | 16,887 | 24,254 | 33,725 | 38,970 | 40,984 | 49,546 | 56,126 | 68,297 | 32,750 |
| 70+ | 480 | 217 | 490 | 385 | 165 | 116 | 71 | 48 | 73 | 2,045 |
| Avg. Earnings | 9,191 | 11,752 | 13,033 | 18,126 | 25,470 | 30,987 | 37,738 | 43,706 | 56,305 | 18,098 |
| Total | 44,412 | 13,998 | 26,092 | 20,071 | 16,408 | 10,676 | 7,746 | 3,741 | 2,506 | 145,650 |
| Avg. Earnings | 22,345 | 31,405 | 36,108 | 41,853 | 46,707 | 50,207 | 57,641 | 62,772 | 63,870 | 36,786 |

[^0]In each cell, the top number is the count of active participants for the age/service combination and the bottom number is average valuation earnings for the fiscal year ending on the valuation date.

## Membership Data

## Distribution of Active Members (Basic)

|  | Years of Service as of June 30, 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age | $<3^{*}$ | $3-4$ | $5-9$ | $10-14$ | $15-19$ | $20-24$ | $25-29$ | $30-34$ | 35+ |

$<25$
Avg. Earnings
25-29
Avg. Earnings
30-34
Avg. Earnings

35-39
Avg. Earnings
40-44
Avg. Earnings
45-49
Avg. Earnings
50-54
Avg. Earnings
55-59
Avg. Earnings
60-64
Avg. Earnings

| $65-69$ | 4 | $\mathbf{4}$ |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
| Avg. Earnings | 63,138 | $\mathbf{6 3 , 1 3 8}$ |
| $70+$ | 3 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| Avg. Earnings | 61,868 | $\mathbf{6 1 , 8 6 8}$ |
| Total |  | $\mathbf{7}$ |
| Avg. Earnings | $\mathbf{6 2 , 5 9 4}$ | $\mathbf{6 2 , 5 9 4}$ |

* This exhibit does not reflect service earned in other PERA or Combined Service Annuity benefits. It should not be relied upon as an indicator of non-vested status.

In each cell, the top number is the count of active participants for the age/service combination and the bottom number is average valuation earnings for the fiscal year ending on the valuation date.

## Membership Data

## Distribution of Active Members (Coordinated)

| Age | Years of Service as of June 30, 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | <3* | 3-4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-34 | 35+ | Total |
| $<25$ | 5,420 | 228 | 17 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5,665 |
| Avg. Earnings | 14,215 | 23,764 | 17,911 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 14,611 |
| 25-29 | 8,405 | 1,908 | 1,076 | 21 |  |  |  |  |  | 11,410 |
| Avg. Earnings | 22,979 | 32,846 | 35,041 | 34,037 |  |  |  |  |  | 25,786 |
| 30-34 | 6,573 | 2,059 | 3,512 | 849 | 23 |  |  |  |  | 13,016 |
| Avg. Earnings | 26,817 | 37,760 | 43,406 | 45,711 | 44,697 |  |  |  |  | 34,288 |
| 35-39 | 5,502 | 1,849 | 3,328 | 2,413 | 750 | 6 |  |  |  | 13,848 |
| Avg. Earnings | 25,368 | 36,409 | 44,615 | 53,522 | 53,844 | 63,470 |  |  |  | 37,933 |
| 40-44 | 4,729 | 1,820 | 3,313 | 2,454 | 2,107 | 426 | 11 |  |  | 14,860 |
| Avg. Earnings | 23,739 | 31,074 | 39,092 | 51,916 | 59,410 | 56,093 | 53,382 |  |  | 38,721 |
| 45-49 | 4,159 | 1,787 | 4,131 | 3,183 | 2,584 | 1,634 | 623 | 21 |  | 18,122 |
| Avg. Earnings | 23,191 | 28,636 | 34,057 | 43,640 | 55,244 | 60,868 | 58,830 | 60,045 |  | 39,032 |
| 50-54 | 3,451 | 1,583 | 4,254 | 4,068 | 3,533 | 2,317 | 2,007 | 856 | 55 | 22,124 |
| Avg. Earnings | 22,951 | 29,131 | 32,064 | 37,162 | 45,804 | 56,419 | 63,208 | 61,140 | 59,951 | 40,135 |
| 55-59 | 2,886 | 1,294 | 3,174 | 3,746 | 4,077 | 3,117 | 2,537 | 1,599 | 875 | 23,305 |
| Avg. Earnings | 22,709 | 30,913 | 32,809 | 37,085 | 40,574 | 46,995 | 59,456 | 65,353 | 60,703 | 41,577 |
| 60-64 | 1,865 | 883 | 2,001 | 2,280 | 2,580 | 2,510 | 2,056 | 1,019 | 1,196 | 16,390 |
| Avg. Earnings | 19,342 | 26,962 | 33,368 | 37,415 | 39,776 | 43,399 | 52,053 | 62,338 | 65,724 | 41,041 |
| 65-69 | 942 | 370 | 796 | 672 | 589 | 550 | 441 | 198 | 278 | 4,836 |
| Avg. Earnings | 13,200 | 16,887 | 24,254 | 33,725 | 38,970 | 40,984 | 49,546 | 56,126 | 68,079 | 32,679 |
| 70+ | 480 | 217 | 490 | 385 | 165 | 116 | 71 | 48 | 66 | 2,038 |
| Avg. Earnings | 9,191 | 11,752 | 13,033 | 18,126 | 25,470 | 30,987 | 37,738 | 43,706 | 55,746 | 17,949 |
| Total | 44,412 | 13,998 | 26,092 | 20,071 | 16,408 | 10,676 | 7,746 | 3,741 | 2,470 | 145,614 |
| Avg. Earnings | 22,345 | 31,405 | 36,108 | 41,853 | 46,707 | 50,207 | 57,641 | 62,772 | 63,815 | 36,778 |

* This exhibit does not reflect service earned in other PERA or Combined Service Annuity benefits. It should not be relied upon as an indicator of non-vested status.

In each cell, the top number is the count of active participants for the age/service combination and the bottom number is average valuation earnings for the fiscal year ending on the valuation date.

## Membership Data

## Distribution of Active Members (MERF)

|  | Years of Service as of June 30, 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age | $<3^{*}$ | $\mathbf{3 - 4}$ | $\mathbf{5 - 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 - 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 - 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 - 2 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 5 - 2 9}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 - 3 4}$ | $\mathbf{3 5 +}$ | Total |

$<25$
Avg. Earnings

25-29
Avg. Earnings

30-34
Avg. Earnings

35-39
Avg. Earnings

40-44
Avg. Earnings

45-49
Avg. Earnings
50-54
Avg. Earnings

| 55-59 | 7 | 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Avg. Earnings | 60,365 | 60,365 |
| 60-64 | 14 | 14 |
| Avg. Earnings | 69,608 | 69,608 |
| 65-69 | 4 | 4 |
| Avg. Earnings | 88,622 | 88,622 |
| 70+ | 4 | 4 |
| Avg. Earnings | 61,353 | 61,353 |
| Total | 29 | 29 |
| Avg. Earnings | 68,861 | 68,861 |

* This exhibit does not reflect service earned in other PERA or Combined Service Annuity benefits. It should not be relied upon as an indicator of non-vested status.

In each cell, the top number is the count of active participants for the age/service combination and the bottom number is average valuation earnings for the fiscal year ending on the valuation date.

## Membership Data

## Distribution of Service Retirements (Total)

Years Retired as of June 30, 2015

| Age | <1 | 1-4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25+ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $<50$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50-54 | 12 | 24 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 37 |
| Avg. Benefit | 13,036 | 10,665 | 12,690 |  |  |  |  | 11,489 |
| 55-59 | 764 | 1,579 | 76 | 11 |  |  |  | 2,430 |
| Avg. Benefit | 15,738 | 13,034 | 19,540 | 37,030 |  |  |  | 14,197 |
| 60-64 | 2,212 | 5,814 | 2,510 | 192 | 12 |  |  | 10,740 |
| Avg. Benefit | 15,489 | 15,405 | 13,034 | 30,529 | 31,331 |  |  | 15,156 |
| 65-69 | 1,965 | 9,700 | 6,133 | 2,699 | 178 | 9 |  | 20,684 |
| Avg. Benefit | 14,095 | 13,878 | 14,526 | 14,483 | 41,020 | 39,536 |  | 14,415 |
| 70-74 | 311 | 2,683 | 6,119 | 4,652 | 2,250 | 19 | 4 | 16,038 |
| Avg. Benefit | 10,337 | 11,183 | 12,163 | 13,708 | 15,113 | 47,859 | 34,490 | 12,873 |
| 75-79 | 81 | 588 | 1,497 | 4,418 | 4,030 | 1,128 | 28 | 11,770 |
| Avg. Benefit | 6,243 | 8,365 | 9,372 | 10,711 | 15,313 | 20,333 | 38,648 | 12,957 |
| 80-84 | 34 | 211 | 421 | 972 | 3,618 | 2,545 | 600 | 8,401 |
| Avg. Benefit | 6,933 | 5,078 | 6,247 | 8,178 | 12,842 | 21,020 | 22,640 | 14,930 |
| 85-89 | 7 | 56 | 136 | 266 | 710 | 2,417 | 1,629 | 5,221 |
| Avg. Benefit | 5,144 | 6,011 | 4,905 | 5,939 | 11,091 | 17,253 | 24,758 | 17,722 |
| 90+ | 1 | 6 | 24 | 69 | 116 | 457 | 2,378 | 3,051 |
| Avg. Benefit | 4,581 | 8,077 | 4,154 | 6,563 | 7,017 | 14,472 | 20,239 | 18,407 |
| Total | 5,387 | 20,661 | 16,917 | 13,279 | 10,914 | 6,575 | 4,639 | 78,372 |
| Avg. Benefit | 14,505 | 13,620 | 12,718 | 12,533 | 14,527 | 19,165 | 22,259 | 14,405 |

In each cell, the top number is the count of retired participants for the age/years retired combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

## Membership Data

## Distribution of Service Retirements (Basic)

Years Retired as of June 30, 2015

| Age | <1 | 1-4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25+ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $<50$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50-54 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 55-59 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60-64 |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  |  |  | 24,980 |  |  | 24,980 |
| 65-69 | 1 | 6 | 18 | 87 | 11 |  |  | 123 |
| Avg. Benefit | 32,303 | 16,025 | 29,846 | 41,896 | 26,316 |  |  | 37,399 |
| 70-74 |  | 15 | 51 | 188 | 296 | 2 | 1 | 553 |
| Avg. Benefit |  | 25,652 | 31,004 | 38,285 | 43,188 | 33,817 | 24,192 | 39,853 |
| 75-79 |  | 3 | 15 | 113 | 487 | 283 | 9 | 910 |
| Avg. Benefit |  | 74,995 | 26,395 | 27,786 | 43,431 | 48,146 | 28,961 | 42,635 |
| 80-84 |  | 1 | 4 | 33 | 232 | 598 | 201 | 1,069 |
| Avg. Benefit |  | 93,893 | 17,287 | 30,412 | 30,351 | 46,182 | 41,401 | 41,297 |
| 85-89 |  | 1 |  | 6 | 47 | 417 | 575 | 1,046 |
| Avg. Benefit |  | 53,490 |  | 35,492 | 30,469 | 35,992 | 41,249 | 38,647 |
| 90+ |  |  |  | 1 | 5 | 73 | 888 | 967 |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  |  | 26,891 | 26,837 | 36,801 | 31,449 | 31,824 |
| Total | 1 | 26 | 88 | 428 | 1,079 | 1,373 | 1,674 | 4,669 |
| Avg. Benefit | 32,303 | 32,819 | 29,358 | 35,574 | 39,719 | 42,975 | 35,992 | 38,725 |

In each cell, the top number is the count of retired participants for the age/years retired combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

## Membership Data

## Distribution of Service Retirements (Coordinated)

Years Retired as of June 30, 2015

| Age | <1 | 1-4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25+ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| <50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50-54 | 12 | 24 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 37 |
| Avg. Benefit | 13,036 | 10,665 | 12,690 |  |  |  |  | 11,489 |
| 55-59 | 761 | 1,572 | 52 |  |  |  |  | 2,385 |
| Avg. Benefit | 15,617 | 12,901 | 10,626 |  |  |  |  | 13,718 |
| 60-64 | 2,202 | 5,773 | 2,392 | 59 | 2 |  |  | 10,428 |
| Avg. Benefit | 15,390 | 15,234 | 11,764 | 10,721 | 15,497 |  |  | 14,446 |
| 65-69 | 1,957 | 9,623 | 5,968 | 2,387 | 19 |  |  | 19,954 |
| Avg. Benefit | 14,007 | 13,784 | 14,009 | 10,908 | 14,222 |  |  | 13,530 |
| 70-74 | 311 | 2,646 | 6,002 | 4,287 | 1,792 |  |  | 15,038 |
| Avg. Benefit | 10,337 | 10,918 | 11,790 | 11,826 | 7,513 |  |  | 11,107 |
| 75-79 | 81 | 578 | 1,462 | 4,209 | 3,355 | 796 | 2 | 10,483 |
| Avg. Benefit | 6,243 | 7,643 | 9,057 | 9,859 | 10,045 | 8,354 | 22,338 | 9,545 |
| 80-84 | 34 | 209 | 409 | 916 | 3,262 | 1,793 | 336 | 6,959 |
| Avg. Benefit | 6,933 | 4,565 | 5,753 | 7,002 | 10,885 | 11,574 | 5,629 | 9,787 |
| 85-89 | 7 | 55 | 135 | 254 | 629 | 1,878 | 862 | 3,820 |
| Avg. Benefit | 5,144 | 5,148 | 4,796 | 4,443 | 8,186 | 12,367 | 10,201 | 10,278 |
| 90+ | 1 | 6 | 24 | 65 | 107 | 360 | 1,229 | 1,792 |
| Avg. Benefit | 4,581 | 8,077 | 4,154 | 5,313 | 5,064 | 9,396 | 9,782 | 9,177 |
| Total | 5,366 | 20,486 | 16,445 | 12,177 | 9,166 | 4,827 | 2,429 | 70,896 |
| Avg. Benefit | 14,413 | 13,459 | 12,127 | 10,409 | 9,673 | 11,189 | 9,367 | 11,914 |

In each cell, the top number is the count of retired participants for the age/years retired combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

## Membership Data

## Distribution of Service Retirements (MERF)

| Age | Years Retired as of June 30, 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $<1$ | 1-4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25+ | Total |
| $<50$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50-54 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 55-59 | 3 | 7 | 24 | 11 |  |  |  | 45 |
| Avg. Benefit | 46,566 | 43,033 | 38,854 | 37,030 |  |  |  | 39,572 |
| 60-64 | 10 | 41 | 118 | 133 | 9 |  |  | 311 |
| Avg. Benefit | 37,188 | 39,455 | 38,777 | 39,316 | 35,556 |  |  | 38,953 |
| 65-69 | 7 | 71 | 147 | 225 | 148 | 9 |  | 607 |
| Avg. Benefit | 36,130 | 26,494 | 33,617 | 41,809 | 45,553 | 39,536 |  | 38,847 |
| 70-74 |  | 22 | 66 | 177 | 162 | 17 | 3 | 447 |
| Avg. Benefit |  | 33,121 | 31,530 | 33,169 | 47,878 | 49,511 | 37,923 | 38,909 |
| 75-79 |  | 7 | 20 | 96 | 188 | 49 | 17 | 377 |
| Avg. Benefit |  | 39,446 | 19,605 | 27,978 | 36,486 | 54,299 | 45,696 | 36,210 |
| 80-84 |  | 1 | 8 | 23 | 124 | 154 | 63 | 373 |
| Avg. Benefit |  | 23,488 | 25,999 | 23,139 | 31,562 | 33,282 | 53,506 | 35,318 |
| 85-89 |  |  | 1 | 6 | 34 | 122 | 192 | 355 |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  | 19,545 | 39,723 | 38,045 | 28,421 | 40,724 | 36,162 |
| 90+ |  |  |  | 3 | 4 | 24 | 261 | 292 |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  |  | 26,857 | 34,495 | 22,686 | 31,335 | 30,622 |
| Total | 20 | 149 | 384 | 674 | 669 | 375 | 536 | 2,807 |
| Avg. Benefit | 38,225 | 32,404 | 34,246 | 36,278 | 40,393 | 34,654 | 37,797 | 36,862 |

In each cell, the top number is the count of retired participants for the age/years retired combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

## Membership Data

## Distribution of Survivors (Total)

Years Since Death as of June 30, 2015

| Age | $<1$ | 1-4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25+ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $<45$ | 20 | 70 | 51 | 17 | 15 | 5 | 4 | 182 |
| Avg. Benefit | 8,688 | 6,799 | 4,602 | 4,301 | 8,860 | 7,806 | 20,494 | 6,656 |
| 45-49 | 3 | 36 | 29 | 13 | 8 | 3 | 3 | 95 |
| Avg. Benefit | 12,018 | 5,790 | 5,790 | 9,882 | 8,060 | 9,320 | 3,961 | 6,791 |
| 50-54 | 20 | 53 | 38 | 14 | 10 | 9 | 5 | 149 |
| Avg. Benefit | 8,780 | 7,436 | 8,277 | 5,381 | 10,541 | 14,158 | 10,732 | 8,363 |
| 55-59 | 35 | 155 | 87 | 39 | 21 | 11 | 5 | 353 |
| Avg. Benefit | 14,591 | 10,260 | 9,816 | 8,537 | 13,812 | 9,579 | 13,244 | 10,622 |
| 60-64 | 47 | 223 | 184 | 87 | 50 | 21 | 14 | 626 |
| Avg. Benefit | 13,066 | 10,627 | 11,402 | 11,407 | 15,059 | 21,659 | 18,420 | 12,045 |
| 65-69 | 84 | 281 | 227 | 134 | 55 | 30 | 22 | 833 |
| Avg. Benefit | 10,823 | 13,012 | 11,765 | 12,192 | 19,535 | 23,339 | 14,756 | 13,168 |
| 70-74 | 77 | 295 | 230 | 139 | 90 | 64 | 69 | 964 |
| Avg. Benefit | 13,195 | 12,746 | 11,999 | 12,672 | 14,775 | 18,794 | 20,257 | 13,722 |
| 75-79 | 83 | 332 | 226 | 198 | 142 | 102 | 104 | 1,187 |
| Avg. Benefit | 17,882 | 14,277 | 15,295 | 15,190 | 19,421 | 22,378 | 25,829 | 17,199 |
| 80-84 | 82 | 323 | 245 | 208 | 175 | 133 | 185 | 1,351 |
| Avg. Benefit | 19,154 | 19,484 | 16,181 | 17,997 | 19,443 | 18,767 | 24,885 | 19,300 |
| 85-89 | 72 | 297 | 248 | 236 | 177 | 171 | 308 | 1,509 |
| Avg. Benefit | 24,142 | 20,016 | 17,761 | 19,904 | 21,069 | 20,447 | 25,021 | 21,019 |
| 90+ | 33 | 137 | 190 | 165 | 139 | 148 | 358 | 1,170 |
| Avg. Benefit | 23,496 | 20,729 | 16,512 | 17,589 | 19,239 | 18,369 | 21,811 | 19,535 |
| Total | 556 | 2,202 | 1,755 | 1,250 | 882 | 697 | 1,077 | 8,419 |
| Avg. Benefit | 16,194 | 14,656 | 13,711 | 15,478 | 18,496 | 19,585 | 23,212 | 16,588 |

In each cell, the top number is the count of survivors for the age/years since death combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

## Membership Data

## Distribution of Survivors (Basic)

Years Since Death as of June 30, 2015

| Age |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | <1 | 1-4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25+ | Total |
| $<45$ |  | 2 |  | 1 |  | 1 | 2 | 6 |
| Avg. Benefit |  | 22,800 |  | 5,676 |  | 20,418 | 27,532 | 21,126 |
| 45-49 |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  | 2 |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  |  |  |  | 12,796 |  | 12,796 |
| 50-54 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 4 |
| Avg. Benefit | 29,403 |  |  | 2,337 | 4,698 | 36,686 |  | 18,281 |
| 55-59 |  |  |  | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5 |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  |  | 8,029 | 15,943 | 9,058 | 36,855 | 15,583 |
| 60-64 |  | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 6 | 22 |
| Avg. Benefit |  | 14,611 | 9,533 | 10,749 | 14,935 | 54,358 | 28,865 | 20,706 |
| 65-69 | 4 | 14 | 8 | 10 | 5 | 8 | 7 | 56 |
| Avg. Benefit | 26,470 | 24,236 | 20,435 | 29,080 | 37,719 | 34,103 | 20,082 | 26,812 |
| 70-74 | 9 | 33 | 29 | 22 | 10 | 21 | 27 | 151 |
| Avg. Benefit | 34,314 | 24,743 | 24,616 | 31,387 | 30,613 | 29,105 | 26,707 | 27,604 |
| 75-79 | 15 | 64 | 61 | 46 | 36 | 31 | 46 | 299 |
| Avg. Benefit | 37,092 | 26,812 | 32,657 | 34,564 | 37,368 | 30,937 | 30,406 | 31,964 |
| 80-84 | 23 | 110 | 79 | 71 | 61 | 43 | 68 | 455 |
| Avg. Benefit | 39,279 | 31,451 | 29,869 | 32,569 | 34,606 | 31,741 | 28,361 | 31,735 |
| 85-89 | 26 | 104 | 92 | 91 | 90 | 81 | 120 | 604 |
| Avg. Benefit | 34,303 | 32,846 | 31,233 | 36,037 | 32,259 | 29,816 | 26,597 | 31,408 |
| 90+ | 13 | 58 | 82 | 79 | 71 | 78 | 156 | 537 |
| Avg. Benefit | 37,450 | 32,289 | 26,324 | 26,745 | 30,212 | 24,631 | 19,216 | 25,503 |
| Total | 91 | 389 | 355 | 326 | 278 | 269 | 433 | 2,141 |
| Avg. Benefit | 36,073 | 30,139 | 29,012 | 31,694 | 32,607 | 28,791 | 24,580 | 29,468 |

In each cell, the top number is the count of survivors for the age/years since death combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

## Membership Data

## Distribution of Survivors (Coordinated)

| Age | Years Since Death as of June 30, 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | <1 | 1-4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25+ | Total |
| $<45$ | 20 | 68 | 51 | 16 | 15 | 4 | 2 | 176 |
| Avg. Benefit | 8,688 | 6,329 | 4,602 | 4,215 | 8,860 | 4,653 | 13,456 | 6,163 |
| 45-49 | 3 | 34 | 29 | 13 | 8 | 1 | 3 | 91 |
| Avg. Benefit | 12,018 | 4,571 | 5,790 | 9,882 | 8,060 | 2,370 | 3,961 | 6,226 |
| 50-54 | 19 | 52 | 37 | 13 | 9 | 7 | 5 | 142 |
| Avg. Benefit | 7,695 | 7,405 | 7,623 | 5,615 | 11,190 | 8,568 | 10,732 | 7,751 |
| 55-59 | 35 | 148 | 86 | 35 | 17 | 10 | 3 | 334 |
| Avg. Benefit | 14,591 | 9,753 | 9,563 | 6,971 | 7,030 | 9,631 | 4,944 | 9,734 |
| 60-64 | 46 | 214 | 176 | 80 | 34 | 15 | 7 | 572 |
| Avg. Benefit | 12,440 | 10,087 | 10,675 | 10,940 | 10,068 | 14,168 | 10,080 | 10,682 |
| 65-69 | 77 | 249 | 216 | 113 | 39 | 15 | 9 | 718 |
| Avg. Benefit | 8,477 | 10,915 | 11,002 | 8,889 | 12,837 | 13,763 | 7,434 | 10,481 |
| 70-74 | 63 | 245 | 200 | 115 | 71 | 34 | 18 | 746 |
| Avg. Benefit | 8,707 | 9,622 | 10,145 | 8,872 | 10,689 | 9,833 | 8,118 | 9,644 |
| 75-79 | 59 | 252 | 165 | 148 | 92 | 49 | 28 | 793 |
| Avg. Benefit | 9,692 | 9,400 | 8,876 | 8,680 | 9,677 | 9,792 | 8,189 | 9,192 |
| 80-84 | 53 | 193 | 166 | 136 | 109 | 73 | 48 | 778 |
| Avg. Benefit | 10,100 | 10,363 | 9,668 | 10,202 | 10,505 | 9,395 | 8,573 | 9,987 |
| 85-89 | 39 | 166 | 156 | 143 | 85 | 82 | 74 | 745 |
| Avg. Benefit | 12,019 | 9,197 | 9,817 | 9,750 | 9,385 | 9,694 | 9,458 | 9,683 |
| 90+ | 18 | 68 | 108 | 86 | 67 | 68 | 72 | 487 |
| Avg. Benefit | 11,409 | 8,797 | 9,062 | 9,179 | 7,623 | 10,282 | 9,804 | 9,214 |
| Total | 432 | 1,689 | 1,390 | 898 | 546 | 358 | 269 | 5,582 |
| Avg. Benefit | 10,235 | 9,557 | 9,619 | 9,208 | 9,823 | 10,029 | 9,061 | 9,601 |

In each cell, the top number is the count of survivors for the age/years since death combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

## Membership Data

## Distribution of Survivors (MERF)

Years Since Death as of June 30, 2015

| Age | $<\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{1 - 4}$ | $\mathbf{5 - 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 - 1 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 5 - 1 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 - 2 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 5 +}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $<45$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Avg. Benefit

| $45-49$ | 2 | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
| Avg. Benefit | 26,503 | $\mathbf{2 6 , 5 0 3}$ |


| $50-54$ | 1 | 1 | 1 | $\mathbf{3}$ |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Avg. Benefit | 9,021 | 32,496 | 30,753 | $\mathbf{2 4 , 0 9 0}$ |

$\begin{array}{llllllll}55-59 & 7 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 & \mathbf{1 4}\end{array}$
Avg. Benefit
$\begin{array}{lllllllll}\text { Avg. Benefit } & 41,901 & 30,543 & 45,277 & 21,226 & 28,139 & 33,400 & 14,125 & \mathbf{3 0 , 4 4 3}\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{crrrrrrr}65-69 & 3 & 18 & 3 & 11 & 11 & 7 & 6 \\ \text { Avg. Benefit } & 50,178 & 33,298 & 43,608 & 30,760 & 35,018 & 31,559 & 19,527 \\ \mathbf{3 2 , 9 2 1}\end{array}$

| $70-74$ | 5 | 17 | 1 | 2 | 9 | 9 | 24 |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Avg. Benefit | 31,728 | 34,488 | 16,785 | 25,327 | 29,410 | 28,584 | 22,104 | $\mathbf{2 7 , 8 3 3}$


| $75-79$ | 9 | 16 | 4 | 14 | 22 | 30 | $\mathbf{9 5}$ |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Avg. Benefit | 39,551 | 40,952 | 33,245 | 37,307 | 38,352 | 35,275 | $\mathbf{3 7 , 5 6 3}$ |


| $80-84$ | 6 | 20 | 1 | 5 | 17 | 69 | $\mathbf{1 1 8}$ |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Avg. Benefit | 21,981 | 41,690 | 43,471 | 29,317 | 26,192 | 32,807 | $\mathbf{3 2 , 7 5 1}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $85-89$ | 7 | 27 | 2 | 2 | 8 | 114 | $\mathbf{1 6 0}$ |
| Avg. Benefit | 53,951 | 37,113 | 11,932 | 14,026 | 35,800 | 33,466 | $\mathbf{3 4 , 5 8 2}$ |


| $90+$ | 2 | 11 |  | 1 | 2 | 130 | $\mathbf{1 4 6}$ |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Avg. Benefit | 41,577 | 33,534 |  |  | 18,346 | 49,059 | 31,576 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{3 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 6}$ | $\mathbf{5 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 7 5}$ |
| Avg. Benefit | $\mathbf{3 9 , 3 8 6}$ | $\mathbf{3 5 , 5 4 1}$ | $\mathbf{3 9 , 2 7 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 8 , 7 3 6}$ | $\mathbf{3 2 , 5 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 3 , 0 8 6}$ | $\mathbf{3 1 , 7 8 2}$ |
| $\mathbf{3 2 , 9 9 8}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

In each cell, the top number is the count of survivors for the age/years since death combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

## Membership Data

## Distribution of Disability Retirements (Total)

Years Disabled* as of June 30, 2015

| Age | <1 | 1-4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25+ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $<45$ | 4 | 16 | 6 | 3 |  |  |  | 29 |
| Avg. Benefit | 9,668 | 5,932 | 4,392 | 3,300 |  |  |  | 5,856 |
| 45-49 | 3 | 31 | 20 | 12 |  |  |  | 66 |
| Avg. Benefit | 8,619 | 8,280 | 6,700 | 4,496 |  |  |  | 7,128 |
| 50-54 | 21 | 62 | 66 | 34 | 5 | 8 |  | 196 |
| Avg. Benefit | 15,422 | 9,243 | 8,550 | 6,558 | 5,351 | 6,410 |  | 8,991 |
| 55-59 | 23 | 186 | 144 | 105 | 42 | 19 | 4 | 523 |
| Avg. Benefit | 18,648 | 14,755 | 10,801 | 9,621 | 6,193 | 6,909 | 6,673 | 11,772 |
| 60-64 | 27 | 292 | 281 | 158 | 87 | 32 | 7 | 884 |
| Avg. Benefit | 16,311 | 14,998 | 12,708 | 11,203 | 11,121 | 10,159 | 5,080 | 12,996 |
| 65-69 | 174 | 571 | 72 | 36 | 20 | 7 | 16 | 896 |
| Avg. Benefit | 12,426 | 13,211 | 11,980 | 8,100 | 18,746 | 16,767 | 23,261 | 13,085 |
| 70-74 |  | 100 | 444 | 11 | 8 | 5 | 6 | 574 |
| Avg. Benefit |  | 9,979 | 13,038 | 14,618 | 27,917 | 43,690 | 36,872 | 13,259 |
| 75+ |  |  | 46 | 292 | 168 | 68 | 59 | 633 |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  | 13,288 | 14,961 | 16,171 | 17,641 | 20,592 | 15,973 |
| Total | 252 | 1,258 | 1,079 | 651 | 330 | 139 | 92 | 3,801 |
| Avg. Benefit | 13,571 | 13,187 | 12,154 | 12,117 | 13,847 | 14,698 | 20,332 | 13,021 |

[^1]In each cell, the top number is the count of disabled participants for the age/years disabled combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

## Membership Data

## Distribution of Disability Retirements (Basic)

| Age | Years Disabled* as of June 30, 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | <1 | 1-4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25+ | Total |
| $<45$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 45-49 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50-54 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 55-59 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60-64 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 65-69 |  | 7 |  |  |  |  |  | 7 |
| Avg. Benefit |  | 45,230 |  |  |  |  |  | 45,230 |
| 70-74 |  |  | 14 |  |  | 1 |  | 15 |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  | 43,725 |  |  | 72,150 |  | 45,620 |
| 75+ |  |  | 3 | 23 | 32 | 15 | 18 | 91 |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  | 31,535 | 45,392 | 35,798 | 36,701 | 28,870 | 36,861 |
| Total |  | 7 | 17 | 23 | 32 | 16 | 18 | 113 |
| Avg. Benefit |  | 45,230 | 41,574 | 45,392 | 35,798 | 38,917 | 28,870 | 38,542 |

[^2]In each cell, the top number is the count of disabled participants for the age/years disabled combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

## Membership Data

## Distribution of Disability Retirements (Coordinated)

| Age | Years Disabled* as of June 30, 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | <1 | 1-4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25+ | Total |
| $<45$ | 4 | 16 | 6 | 3 |  |  |  | 29 |
| Avg. Benefit | 9,668 | 5,932 | 4,392 | 3,300 |  |  |  | 5,856 |
| 45-49 | 3 | 31 | 20 | 12 |  |  |  | 66 |
| Avg. Benefit | 8,619 | 8,280 | 6,700 | 4,496 |  |  |  | 7,128 |
| 50-54 | 21 | 62 | 66 | 34 | 5 | 8 |  | 196 |
| Avg. Benefit | 15,422 | 9,243 | 8,550 | 6,558 | 5,351 | 6,410 |  | 8,991 |
| 55-59 | 23 | 186 | 144 | 104 | 42 | 19 | 4 | 522 |
| Avg. Benefit | 18,648 | 14,755 | 10,801 | 9,453 | 6,193 | 6,909 | 6,673 | 11,743 |
| 60-64 | 26 | 280 | 281 | 158 | 87 | 32 | 7 | 871 |
| Avg. Benefit | 15,975 | 14,719 | 12,708 | 11,203 | 11,121 | 10,159 | 5,080 | 12,865 |
| 65-69 | 174 | 564 | 72 | 36 | 11 | 4 | 1 | 862 |
| Avg. Benefit | 12,426 | 12,814 | 11,980 | 8,100 | 5,712 | 7,136 | 1,173 | 12,338 |
| 70-74 |  | 100 | 430 | 7 |  |  |  | 537 |
| Avg. Benefit |  | 9,979 | 12,039 | 8,889 |  |  |  | 11,615 |
| 75+ |  |  | 43 | 269 | 134 | 49 | 13 | 508 |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  | 12,015 | 12,359 | 11,495 | 10,888 | 6,582 | 11,812 |
| Total | 251 | 1,239 | 1,062 | 623 | 279 | 112 | 25 | 3,591 |
| Avg. Benefit | 13,525 | 12,926 | 11,683 | 10,784 | 10,242 | 9,551 | 5,960 | 11,866 |

[^3]In each cell, the top number is the count of disabled participants for the age/years disabled combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

## Membership Data

## Distribution of Disability Retirements (MERF)

| Age | Years Disabled* as of June 30, 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | <1 | 1-4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25+ | Total |
| $<45$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 45-49 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50-54 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 55-59 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  |  | 27,112 |  |  |  | 27,112 |
| 60-64 | 1 | 12 |  |  |  |  |  | 13 |
| Avg. Benefit | 25,040 | 21,505 |  |  |  |  |  | 21,777 |
| 65-69 |  |  |  |  | 9 | 3 | 15 | 27 |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  |  |  | 34,676 | 29,608 | 24,733 | 28,589 |
| 70-74 |  |  |  | 4 | 8 | 4 | 6 | 22 |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  |  | 24,643 | 27,917 | 36,575 | 36,872 | 31,338 |
| 75+ |  |  |  |  | 2 | 4 | 28 | 34 |
| Avg. Benefit |  |  |  |  | 15,472 | 28,891 | 21,775 | 22,242 |
| Total | 1 | 12 |  | 5 | 19 | 11 | 49 | 97 |
| Avg. Benefit | 25,040 | 21,505 |  | 25,137 | 29,809 | 31,881 | 24,529 | 26,060 |

* Based on effective date as provided by PERA; "Years Disabled" may reflect years since age 65 for members over age 65.

In each cell, the top number is the count of disabled participants for the age/years disabled combination and the bottom number is the average annual benefit amount.

## Membership Data

## Reconciliation of Members

|  | Actives | Terminated |  | Recipients |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Deferred Retirement | Other NonVested | Service Retirement | Disability Retirement | Survivor |  |
| GERP Members on 7/1/2014 | 143,343 | 48,505 | 121,019 | 71,740 | 3,704 | 7,690 | 396,001 |
| New members | 18,407 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18,407 |
| Return to active | 2,709 | (925) | $(1,780)$ | 0 | (4) | 0 | 0 |
| Terminated non-vested | $(7,782)$ | 0 | 7,782 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Service retirements | $(3,134)$ | $(2,561)$ | 0 | 5,695 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Terminated deferred | $(5,484)$ | 5,484 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Terminated refund/transfer | $(2,122)$ | (895) | $(1,198)$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | $(4,215)$ |
| Deaths | (194) | (120) | (297) | $(1,952)$ | (142) | (508) | $(3,213)$ |
| New beneficiary | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 576 | 576 |
| Disabled | (103) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 103 | 0 | 0 |
| Data adjustments | (19) | 2,080 | (160) | 82 | 43 | (35) | 1,991 |
| Net change | 2,278 | 3,063 | 4,347 | 3,825 | 0 | 33 | 13,546 |
| GERP Members on 6/30/2015 | 145,621 | 51,568 | 125,366 | 75,565 | 3,704 | 7,723 | 409,547 |
| MERF Members on 6/30/2015 | 29 | 37 | 0 | 2,807 | 97 | 696 | 3,666 |
| Total Members on 6/30/2015 | 145,650 | 51,605 | 125,366 | 78,372 | 3,801 | 8,419 | 413,213 |


|  | Deferred | Other Non- |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Terminated Member Statistics | 51,605 | 125,366 | 176,971 |
| Number* | 50.6 | 47.1 | 48.1 |
| Average age | 7.5 | 1.0 | 2.9 |
| Average service |  |  |  |
| Average annual benefit, with augmentation to Normal |  | Vested | Total |
| $\quad$ Retirement Date and 60\% CSA load** | $\$ 9,558$ | N/A | $\$ 9,558$ |
| Average refund value, with 60\% CSA load | $\$ 15,313$ | $\$ 1,007$ | $\$ 5,179$ |
| $\quad$ *Includes 37 deferred MERF members |  |  |  |
| $\quad * *$ 30\% CSA load for deferred MERF members |  |  |  |

## Development of Costs

## Actuarial Valuation Balance Sheet (Dollars in Thousands)

The actuarial balance sheet is based on the principle that the long-term projected benefit obligations of the plan should be ideally equal to the long-term resources available to fund those obligations. The resources available to meet projected obligations for current members consist of current fund assets plus the present value of anticipated future contributions intended to fund benefits for current members. In the exhibit below, B. 2 is the estimated present value of contributions to fund the normal cost rate for current members until their respective termination dates. Item B. 1 is the present value of the total $14.66 \%$ statutory contribution net of normal cost and anticipated plan expenses during the period from the valuation date to the statutory unfunded amortization date.

The contributions made in excess of amounts required for current benefit payments are accumulated as a reserve to help meet benefit payments in later years. It is this reserve system which permits the establishment of a level rate of contribution each year.


## Development of Costs

## Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability and Supplemental Contribution Rate (Dollars in Thousands)

| Actuarial Present | Actuarial Present |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Value of Projected | Value of Future | Actuarial Accrued |
| Benefits | Normal Costs | Liability |

A. Determination of Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)

1. Active members
a. Retirement annuities
b. Disability benefits
c. Survivor's benefits
d. Deferred retirements
e. Refunds*
\$ 10,805,715
\$ 2,217,043
8,588,672
384,404
137,201
247,203
200,687
55,136
145,551
f. Total
558,436
527,001
31,435
181,331
$(118,536)$
\$ 12,012,037
\$ 3,117,712
\$ 8,894,325
2,513,778
60,183
12,092,665
$\$ \frac{0}{3,117,712} \frac{12,092,665}{\$ 23,560,951}$
B. Determination of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL)
2. Actuarial accrued liability
3. Current assets (AVA)

17,974,439
3. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability
\$ 5,586,512
C. Determination of Supplemental Contribution Rate

1. Present value of future payrolls through the amortization date of June 30, 2033
\$ 69,175,431
2. Supplemental contribution rate: (B.3.)/(C.1.)
[^4]
## Development of Costs

## Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (Dollars in Thousands)



## Development of Costs

## Determination of Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency) - Total (Dollars in Thousands)

The required contribution is defined in Minnesota statutes as the sum of normal cost, a supplemental contribution to amortize the UAAL, and an allowance for expenses.

|  | Percent-ofPayroll | Dollar <br> Amount |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. Statutory Contributions - Chapter 353 |  |  |  |
| 1. Employee contributions | 6.50\% | \$ | 365,125 |
| 2. Employer contributions | 7.50\% |  | 421,273 |
| 3. Employer supplemental contributions | 0.55\% |  | 31,000 |
| 4. State contributions | 0.11\% |  | 6,000 |
| 5. Total | 14.66\% | \$ | 823,398 |
| B. Required Contributions - Chapter 356 |  |  |  |
| 1. Normal cost |  |  |  |
| a. Retirement benefits | 5.59\% | \$ | 313,912 |
| b. Disability benefits | 0.32\% |  | 18,011 |
| c. Survivors | 0.14\% |  | 7,865 |
| d. Deferred retirement benefits | 1.14\% |  | 64,063 |
| e. Refunds* | 0.43\% |  | 24,159 |
| f. Total | 7.62\% | \$ | 428,010 |
| 2. Supplemental Contribution amortization of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability by June 30, 2033 | 8.08\% | \$ | 453,780 |
| 3. Allowance for Expenses | 0.19\% |  | 10,671 |
| 4. Total | 15.89\% ** | \$ | 892,461 |
| C. Contribution Sufficiency/(Deficiency) (A.3. - B.4.) | (1.23)\% | \$ | $(69,063)$ |

Note: Projected annual payroll for fiscal year beginning on the valuation date: $\$ 5,616,092$.

* Includes non-vested refunds and non-married survivor benefits only.
** The required contribution on a market value of assets basis is $15.01 \%$ of payroll.


## Development of Costs

## Determination of Normal Cost - Basic (Dollars in Thousands)

This exhibit compares statutory contributions to normal cost for the group of Basic Plan active members.

| Percent-of- <br> Payroll |  | Dollar <br> Amount |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| $9.10 \%$ |  | 41 |  |
| $11.78 \%$ |  | 53 |  |
| $20.88 \%$ |  | $\$$ | 94 |

B. Required contributions - Chapter 356

1. Normal cost
a. Retirement benefits
2.81\%
\$ 13
b. Disability benefits
0.24\%
c. Survivors
0.10\%
d. Deferred retirement benefits
3.30\%
e. Refunds*
f. Total

| $0.57 \%$ | 3 |
| ---: | ---: |
| $7.02 \%$ | $\$ \quad 32$ |

* Includes non-vested refunds and non-married survivor benefits only.

Note: Projected annual payroll for fiscal year beginning on the valuation date: $\$ 452$.

## Development of Costs

This exhibit compares statutory contributions to normal cost for the group of Coordinated Plan active members.

## Determination of Normal Cost - Coordinated (Dollars in Thousands)

|  | Percent-ofPayroll | Dollar <br> Amount |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. Statutory contributions - Chapter 353 |  |  |  |
| 1. Employee contributions | 6.50\% | \$ | 364,882 |
| 2. Employer contributions | 7.50\% |  | 421,018 |
| 3. Total | 14.00\% | \$ | 785,900 |
| B. Required contributions - Chapter 356 |  |  |  |
| 1. Normal cost |  |  |  |
| a. Retirement benefits | 5.59\% | \$ | 313,798 |
| b. Disability benefits | 0.32\% |  | 17,963 |
| c. Survivors | 0.14\% |  | 7,859 |
| d. Deferred retirement benefits | 1.14\% |  | 63,995 |
| e. Refunds* | 0.43\% |  | 24,138 |
| f. Total | 7.62\% | \$ | 427,753 |

[^5]
## Development of Costs

This exhibit compares statutory contributions to normal cost for the MERF Plan active members.

## Determination of Normal Cost - MERF (Dollars in Thousands)



Note: Projected annual payroll for fiscal year beginning on the valuation date: $\$ 2,072$.

## Development of Costs

## Special Groups - Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund (MERF)

The MERF Division merged with PERA on January 1, 2015. Former members of the MERF Division are now members of this plan.

Year Ending June 30, 2015

| Group | Number | Average Annual <br> Benefits | Average <br> Age | Actuarial Accrued <br> Liability (000's) |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | :---: | ---: |
| Active Members | 29 | N/A | 63.1 | $\$ 18,984$ |
| Deferred Retirements | 37 | N/A | 62.5 | 6,522 |
| Service Retirements | 2,807 | $\$ 36,862$ | 75.7 | 931,449 |
| Disability Retirements | 97 | 26,060 | 72.7 | 20,713 |
| Survivors | 696 | 32,998 | 81.1 | 161,009 |
| Total | $\mathbf{3 , 6 6 6}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 3 5 , 8 2 4}$ | $\mathbf{7 6 . 4}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 1 3 8 , 6 7 7}$ |

## Actuarial Basis

## Actuarial Methods

All actuarial methods are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement, or the Board of Trustees. Different methodologies may also be reasonable and results based on other methodologies would be different.

## Actuarial Cost Method

Actuarial Accrued Liability and required contributions in this report are computed using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. This method is prescribed by Minnesota Statute. Under this method, a normal cost is developed by amortizing the actuarial value of benefits expected to be received by each active participant (as a level percentage-of-pay) over the total working lifetime of that participant, from hire to termination. Age as of the valuation date was calculated based on the dates of birth provided by the Fund. Entry age for valuation purposes was calculated as the age on the valuation date minus the provided years of service on the valuation date.

To the extent that current assets and future normal costs do not support participants' expected future benefits, an Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ("UAAL") develops. The UAAL is amortized over the statutory amortization period using level percent-of-payroll assuming payroll increases. The total contribution developed under this method is the sum of normal cost, expenses, and the payment toward the UAAL.

## Valuation of Future Post-Retirement Benefit Increases

If the plan has reached the funding ratio threshold required to pay a $2.5 \%$ benefit increase, Minnesota statutes require the $2.5 \%$ benefit increase rate to be reflected in the liability calculations. If the plan has not yet reached the funding ratio threshold required to pay a $2.5 \%$ benefit increase, Minnesota statutes require a projection to be performed to determine the expected attainment of the funding ratio threshold, and the expected reversion to a $2.5 \%$ benefit increase rate must be reflected in the liability calculations.

## Funding Objective

The fundamental financing objective of the fund is to establish contribution rates which, when expressed as a percentage of active member payroll, will remain approximately level from generation to generation and meet the required deadline for full funding.

## Decrement Timing

All decrements are assumed to occur mid-year.

## Actuarial Basis

## Actuarial Methods (Concluded)

## Asset Valuation Method

The assets are valued based on a five-year moving average of expected and market values (five-year average actuarial value) determined as follows:

- At the end of each plan year, an average asset value is calculated as the average of the market asset value at the beginning and end of the fiscal year net of investment income for the fiscal year;
- The investment gain or (loss) is taken as the excess of actual investment income over the expected investment income based on the average asset value as calculated above;
- The investment gain or (loss) so determined is recognized over five years at $20 \%$ per year; and
- The asset value is the sum of the market asset value plus the scheduled recognition of investment gains or (losses) during the current and the preceding four fiscal years.


## Payment on the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability

Payment equals a level percentage-of-payroll each year to the statutory amortization date of June 30, 2033 assuming payroll increases of $3.50 \%$ per annum ( $3.50 \%$ for MERF). If there is a negative Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability, the surplus amount is amortized over 30 years as a level percentage-of-payroll. If the unfunded liability increases due to changes in benefits, assumptions, or methods, the statutory amortization date will be re-determined. Projected payroll is multiplied by 0.959 in the determination of the present value of future payroll to account for timing differences (as required by the Standards for Actuarial Work).

## Changes in Methods since Prior Valuation

Based on direction from the LCPR's actuary, the July 1, 2014 entry age normal accrued liability and normal cost were calculated using an equivalent single interest rate of $8.41 \%$ due to the statutory select and ultimate discount rate structure. This method is no longer needed since the discount rate was changed from the select and ultimate assumptions to $8.00 \%$ for all years effective July 1, 2015.

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Actuarial Assumptions - Basic and Coordinated

The following assumptions were used in valuing the liabilities and benefits under the plan. All actuarial assumptions are prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR), or the Board of Trustees. These parties are responsible for selecting the assumptions used for this valuation. The assumptions prescribed are based on the experience study dated August 2009, prepared by a former actuary, and an economic assumption review dated September 11, 2014. An experience study for the 2008-2014 period was issued on June 30, 2015. This report recommended many changes to demographic assumptions, expected to be effective at a future date.

The Allowance for Combined Service Annuity was also based on a recommendation by a former actuary. We are unable to judge the reasonableness of this assumption without performing a substantial amount of additional work beyond the scope of the assignment.

| Investment return | $8.00 \%$ per annum. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Benefit increases after <br> retirement | $1.00 \%$ per annum through 2034 and 2.5\% per annum thereafter. |
| Salary increases | Reported salary at valuation date increased according to the rate table, to current <br> fiscal year and annually for each future year. Prior fiscal year salary is annualized <br> for members with less than one-year of service earned during the year. |
| Inflation | $2.75 \%$ per year. |
| Payroll growth | $3.50 \%$ per year. |
| Mortality rates <br> Healthy Pre-retirement | RP-2000 employee generational mortality table, projected with mortality <br> improvement scale AA, white collar adjustment, set forward 5 years for males and <br> set back 3 years for females. |
| Healthy Post-retirement | RP-2000 annuitant generational mortality table, projected with mortality <br> improvement scale AA, white collar adjustment, no adjustment for males and set <br> back 2 years for females, | back 2 years for females.

The RP-2000 employee mortality table as published by the Society of Actuaries (SOA) contains mortality rates for ages 15 to 70 and the annuitant mortality table contains mortality rates for ages 50 to 95 . We have applied the annuitant mortality table for active members beyond age 70 until the assumed retirement age and the
Disabled employee mortality table for annuitants younger than age 50 .

RP-2000 disabled mortality table set back 4 years for males and set forward 7 years for females.
Retirement Members retiring from active status are assumed to retire according to the age related rates shown in the rate table. Members who have attained the highest assumed retirement age are assumed to retire in one-year.

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Actuarial Assumptions - Basic and Coordinated (Continued)

| Withdrawal | Select and Ultimate rates based on actual experience. Ultimate rates after the third year are shown in rate table. Select rates in the first three years are: |
| :---: | :---: |
| Disability | Age-related rates based on experience; see table of sample rates. |
| Allowance for combined service annuity | Liabilities for active members are increased by $0.80 \%$ and liabilities for former members are increased by $60.00 \%$ to account for the effect of some participants having eligibility for a Combined Service Annuity. |
| Administrative expenses | Prior year administrative expenses expressed as percentage of prior year projected payroll. |
| Refund of contributions | Account balances accumulate interest until normal retirement dates are discounted back to the valuation date. All employees withdrawing after becoming eligible for a deferred benefit take the larger of their contributions accumulated with interest or the value of their deferred benefit. |
| Commencement of deferred benefits | Members receiving deferred annuities (including current terminated deferred members) are assumed to begin receiving benefits at Normal Retirement. |
| Percentage married | $75 \%$ of male and $70 \%$ of female active members are assumed to be married. Actual marital status is used for members in payment status. |
| Age of spouse | Males are assumed to have a beneficiary 3 years younger, while females are assumed to have a beneficiary 2 years older. For members in payment status, actual spouse date of birth is used, if provided. |
| Eligible children | Retiring members are assumed to have no dependent children. |
| Form of payment | Married members retiring from active status are assumed to elect subsidized joint and survivor form of annuity as follows: |
|  | Males: $\quad 5 \%$ elect $25 \%$ Joint \& Survivor option $15 \%$ elect $50 \%$ Joint \& Survivor option $10 \%$ elect $75 \%$ Joint \& Survivor option $30 \%$ elect $100 \%$ Joint \& Survivor option |
|  | Females: $\quad 5 \%$ elect $25 \%$ Joint \& Survivor option $5 \%$ elect $50 \%$ Joint \& Survivor option $5 \%$ elect $75 \%$ Joint \& Survivor option $15 \%$ elect $100 \%$ Joint \& Survivor option |
|  | Remaining married members and unmarried members are assumed to elect the Straight Life option. |
|  | Members receiving deferred annuities (including current terminated deferred members) are assumed to elect a straight life annuity. |
| Eligibility testing | Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and service on the date the decrement is assumed to occur. |
| Decrement operation | Withdrawal decrements do not operate during retirement eligibility. |
| Service credit accruals | It is assumed that members accrue one-year of service credit per year. |

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Actuarial Assumptions - Basic and Coordinated (Continued)

Unknown data for certain To prepare this report, GRS has used and relied on participant data supplied by members
the Fund. Although GRS has reviewed the data in accordance with Actuarial Standards of Practice No. 23, GRS has not verified or audited any of the data or information provided.

In cases where submitted data was missing or incomplete, the following assumptions were applied:

Data for active members:
There were 2,257 members reported with zero salary. We used prior year salary ( 1,491 members), if available; otherwise high five salary with a $10 \%$ load to account for salary increases ( 692 members). If neither prior year salary or high five salary was available, we assumed a value of $\$ 35,000$.

There were also 1,922 members reported without a gender and 135 members reported with an invalid date of birth. We assumed a date of birth based on an entry age of 38 (the average age of new entrants in the 2014 valuation) and female gender.

## Data for terminated members:

We calculated benefits for these members using the reported Average Salary and credited service. If Average Salary was not reported ( 251 members), we assumed a value of $\$ 24,000$. If credited service was not reported ( 125 members), we assumed credited service was elapsed time from hire to termination date ( 84 members); otherwise nine years. If termination date was not reported (115 members), we assumed the termination date was equal to hire date plus credited service; otherwise the valuation date unless they are noted as a pre-July 1, 1989 hire, then June 30, 1989. If reported termination date occurs prior to reported hire date, the two dates were swapped.

There were 37 members reported with an invalid date of birth and 223 members reported without a gender. We assumed a date of birth of July 1, 1967 and female gender.

Data for retired members:
There were seven members reported with an invalid date of birth. We assumed a date of birth of July 1, 1945.

The discount rate was changed from $8.0 \%$ through June 30, 2017 and $8.5 \%$ thereafter to $8.0 \%$ for all years.

The inflation assumption was changed from $3.00 \%$ to $2.75 \%$
The payroll growth assumption was changed from $3.75 \%$ to $3.50 \%$.
Assumed increases in member salaries were decreased by $0.25 \%$ at all ages.
The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from $1.0 \%$ per year through 2026 and $2.5 \%$ thereafter to $1.0 \%$ per year through 2034 and $2.5 \%$ per year thereafter. See page 4 for additional detail about this assumption.

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

| Age | Rate (\%)* |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Healthy Post-Retirement Mortality** |  | Healthy Pre-Retirement Mortality** |  | Disability <br> Mortality |  |
|  | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male | Female |
| 20 | 0.03\% | 0.02\% | 0.04\% | 0.02\% | 2.26\% | 0.75\% |
| 25 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 2.26 | 0.75 |
| 30 | 0.04 | 0.02 | 0.06 | 0.02 | 2.26 | 0.75 |
| 35 | 0.06 | 0.04 | 0.09 | 0.04 | 2.26 | 0.75 |
| 40 | 0.09 | 0.06 | 0.13 | 0.05 | 2.26 | 0.90 |
| 45 | 0.13 | 0.08 | 0.20 | 0.08 | 2.26 | 1.35 |
| 50 | 0.60 | 0.13 | 0.27 | 0.12 | 2.38 | 1.87 |
| 55 | 0.54 | 0.29 | 0.43 | 0.19 | 3.03 | 2.41 |
| 60 | 0.66 | 0.47 | 0.67 | 0.28 | 3.67 | 3.13 |
| 65 | 1.16 | 0.74 | 0.98 | 0.45 | 4.35 | 4.29 |
| 70 | 1.93 | 1.24 | 3.36 | 0.70 | 5.22 | 5.95 |

* Generally, mortality rates are expected to increase as age increases. Due to the combination of pre-retirement rates, postretirement rates, the white collar adjustment, and Projection Scale AA, the prescribed mortality tables have a few ages where assumed mortality decreases slightly instead of increases. We have used the rates as prescribed, but we note that although the prescribed assumption is reasonable in total, it may not be reasonable at every age. If the rates were reasonably adjusted so that they decreased at all ages, we would not expect the valuation results to be materially different.
** These rates were adjusted for mortality improvements using Projection Scale AA.

| Age | Withdrawal Rates After Third Year |  | Disability Retirement |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male | Female | Male | Female |
| 20 | 8.40\% | 8.40\% | 0.01\% | 0.01\% |
| 25 | 6.90 | 6.90 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| 30 | 5.40 | 5.40 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| 35 | 3.90 | 4.20 | 0.05 | 0.04 |
| 40 | 3.00 | 3.50 | 0.09 | 0.06 |
| 45 | 2.50 | 3.00 | 0.14 | 0.09 |
| 50 | 2.00 | 2.50 | 0.23 | 0.16 |
| 55 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.49 | 0.26 |
| 60 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.82 | 0.46 |
| 65 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 70 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Actuarial Assumptions (Concluded)

| Age | Retirement |  | Salary Scale |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Rule of 90 Eligible | Other | Year | Increase |
| 55 | 20\% | 6\% | 1 | 11.78\% |
| 56 | 20 | 6 | 2 | 8.65 |
| 57 | 20 | 6 | 3 | 7.21 |
| 58 | 20 | 7 | 4 | 6.33 |
| 59 | 20 | 8 | 5 | 5.72 |
| 60 | 20 | 8 | 6 | 5.27 |
| 61 | 25 | 12 | 7 | 4.91 |
| 62 | 35 | 20 | 8 | 4.62 |
| 63 | 25 | 16 | 9 | 4.38 |
| 64 | 25 | 18 | 10 | 4.17 |
| 65 | 35 | 35 | 11 | 3.99 |
| 66 | 25 | 25 | 12 | 3.83 |
| 67 | 20 | 20 | 13 | 3.69 |
| 68 | 20 | 20 | 14 | 3.57 |
| 69 | 20 | 20 | 15 | 3.45 |
| 70 | 20 | 20 | 16 | 3.35 |
| 71+ | 100 | 100 | 17 | 3.26 |
|  |  |  | 18+ | 3.25 |

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Actuarial Assumptions - MERF

The following assumptions were used in valuing the liabilities and benefits under the plan for MERF members only. Assumptions regarding investment return, mortality, and benefit increases are the same as shown in the Basic and Coordinated Plan assumption summary.

| Salary increases | Total reported pay for prior calendar year increased $1.86 \%$ (half year of 3.75\%, compounded) to prior fiscal year and $3.75 \%$ annually for each future year. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Retirement | Active members are assumed to retire at age 61 , or immediately if currently age 61 or older. |
| Withdrawal | Rates are shown in rate table. |
| Disability | Age-related rates based on experience; see table of sample rates. |
| Allowance for combined service annuity | Liabilities for active members are increased $0.20 \%$ and liabilities for former members are increased by $30.00 \%$ to account for the effect of some participants having eligibility for a Combined Service Annuity. |
| Commencement of deferred benefits | Members receiving deferred annuities (including current terminated deferred members) are assumed to begin receiving benefits at age 60 . |
| Percentage married | $66.67 \%$ of active members are assumed to be married. Actual marital status is used for members in payment status. |
| Age of spouse | Females are assumed to be three years younger than their male spouses. For members in payment status, actual spouse date of birth is used, if provided. |
| Eligible children | Retiring members are assumed to have no dependent children. |
| Form of payment | Members are assumed to elect a life annuity. |
| Unknown data for certain members | To prepare this report, GRS has used and relied on participant data supplied by the Fund. Although GRS has reviewed the data in accordance with Actuarial Standards of Practice No. 23, GRS has not verified or audited any of the data or information provided. |
|  | In cases where submitted data was missing or incomplete, the following assumptions were applied: |
|  | There were no members with missing genders or dates of birth. |
|  | Data for active members: |
|  | There were no active members with missing salary or service. |
|  | Data for terminated members: |
|  | Benefits were provided by PERA for 8 members. For the remaining members, we calculated benefits using the reported Average Salary, credited service and termination date from the 2014 valuation data file. |
|  | Data for Retired members: |
|  | There was one survivor reported with an expired benefit. This member was excluded from the valuation and the enclosed exhibits. There were no members reported with missing benefits. |

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Actuarial Assumptions - MERF (Concluded)

| Age | Withdrawal |  | Disability Retirement |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male | Female | Male | Female |
| 20 | 21.00\% | 21.00\% | 0.21\% | 0.21\% |
| 25 | 11.00 | 11.00 | 0.21 | 0.21 |
| 30 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 0.23 | 0.23 |
| 35 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 0.30 | 0.30 |
| 40 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.41 | 0.41 |
| 45 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.61 | 0.61 |
| 50 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.93 | 0.93 |
| 55 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.60 | 1.60 |
| 60 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 65 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Plan Provisions - Basic

Following is a summary of the major plan provisions used in the valuation of this report. PERA is solely responsible for the validity, accuracy and comprehensiveness of this information. If any of the plan provisions shown below are not accurate and complete, the valuation results may differ significantly from those shown in this report and may require a revision of this report.

| Plan year | July 1 through June 30. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Eligibility | A public employee who is not covered under the Social Security Act. General <br> exceptions are employees covered by other public funds, certain part-time <br> employees and full-time students under age 23. |
| Contributions | Shown as a percent of salary: |
|  | $\underline{\text { Member }} \quad 9.10 \%$ of salary |
|  | $\underline{\text { Employer }} \quad 11.78 \%$ of salary |
|  | Member contributions are "picked up" according to the provisions of Internal <br> Revenue Code 414(h). |
| Allowable service member contributions were made. May also include |  |
| Salary | Service during which member <br> certain leaves of absence and military service. |
| Includes amounts deducted for deferred compensation or supplemental <br> retirement plans, net income from fees and sick leave payments funded by the <br> employer. Excludes unused annual leaves and sick leave payments, severance <br> payments, Workers' Compensation benefits and employer-paid flexible |  |
| spending accounts and employer-paid deferred compensation deposits, cafeteria |  |
| plans, healthcare expense accounts, day-care expenses, fringe benefits and the |  |
| cost of insurance coverage. |  |

## Retirement

## Normal retirement benefit

Age/service requirement

Amount $\quad 2.70 \%$ of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service.

Early retirement benefit

Age/service requirement
(a.) Age 55 and vested
(b.) Any age with 30 years of Allowable Service.
(c.) Rule of 90: Age plus Allowable Service totals 90.

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Plan Provisions - Basic (Continued)

## Retirement (Continued)

Early retirement benefit
(Continued)

Age/service requirement

Amount

The greater of (a) or (b):
(a.) $2.20 \%$ of Average Salary for each of the first ten years of Allowable Service and $2.70 \%$ of Average Salary for each subsequent year with reduction of $0.25 \%$ for each month if the Member is under age 65 at time of retirement and has less than 30 years of Allowable Service or if the Member is under age 62 and has 30 or more years of Allowable Service. No reduction if age plus years of Allowable Service totals 90.
(b.) $2.70 \%$ of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service assuming augmentation to age 65 at $3.00 \%$ per year and actuarial reduction for each month the Member is under age 65.

Life annuity with return on death of any balance of contributions over aggregate monthly payments. Actuarially equivalent options are:
$25 \%, 50 \%, 75 \%$ or $100 \%$ Joint and Survivor. If a Joint and Survivor benefit is elected and the beneficiary predeceases the annuitant, the annuitant's benefit increases to the Life Annuity amount. This "bounce back" is subsidized by the plan.

Benefit increases Benefit recipients receive a future annual $1.0 \%$ post-retirement benefit increase. If the funding ratio reaches $90 \%$ for two consecutive years, the benefit increase will revert to $2.5 \%$. If, after reverting to a $2.5 \%$ benefit increase, the funding ratio declines to less than $80 \%$ for one-year or less than $85 \%$ for two consecutive years, the benefit increase will decrease to $1.0 \%$.

A benefit recipient who has been receiving a benefit for at least 12 full months as of June 30 will receive a full increase. Members receiving benefits for at least one month but less than 12 full months as of June 30 will receive a pro rata increase. Members retired under laws in effect before July 1, 1973 receive an additional lump sum payment each year. In 1989, this lump sum payment is the greater of $\$ 25$ times each full year of Allowable Service or the difference between $\$ 400$ times each full year of Allowable Service and the sum of benefits paid from any Minnesota public pension plan plus cash payments from the Social Security Administration for the preceding fiscal year July 1, 1988 through June 30, 1989. In each following year, the lump sum payment will increase by the same percentage increase that is applied to regular annuities paid from the fund. Effective January 1, 2002, annual lump sum payment is divided by 12 and paid as a monthly life annuity in the annuity form elected.

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Plan Provisions - Basic (Continued)

Disability<br>Disability benefit

Age/service requirement Total and permanent disability before normal retirement age if vested. Since all remaining active Basic members are over normal retirement age, none are eligible for disability benefits.


#### Abstract

Amount


Form of payment Same as for retirement
Benefit increases Same as for retirement.
Retirement after disability
Age/service requirement
Amount Any optional annuity continues. Otherwise, the larger of the disability benefit paid before normal retirement age or the normal retirement benefit available at normal retirement age, or an actuarially equivalent optional annuity.

Benefit increases Same as for retirement.

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Plan Provisions - Basic (Continued)

## Death <br> Surviving spouse benefit <br> Age/service requirement

Amount $\quad 50.00 \%$ of salary averaged over last six months. Family benefit is maximum of $70.00 \%$ and minimum of $50.00 \%$ of average salary. Benefit paid until spouse's death but no payments while spouse is remarried prior to July 1, 1991.

If a member becomes deceased prior to July 1, 1997 and the beneficiary was not eligible to commence their survivor benefit as of July 1, 1997, the benefit payable is calculated under the laws in effect before July 1, 1997, and an actuarial increase shall be made for the change in the post-retirement interest rates from $5.00 \%$ to $6.00 \%$.

Surviving spouse optional annuity may be elected in lieu of this benefit.
Benefit increases Same as for retirement.
Active Member with 18 months of Allowable Service or while Member is receiving a disability benefit.

Surviving dependent children's benefit

Age/service requirement

Amount $\quad 10.00 \%$ of salary averaged over last six months for each child. Family benefit minimum (including spouse's benefit) of $50.00 \%$ of salary and maximum of $70.00 \%$ of average salary. Benefits paid until child marries, dies, or attains age 18 (age 22 if full-time student).

If a member becomes deceased prior to July 1, 1997 and the beneficiary was not eligible to commence their survivor benefit before July 1, 1997, the benefit payable is calculated under the laws in effect before July 1, 1997, and an actuarial increase shall be made for the change in the post-retirement interest rates from $5.00 \%$ to $6.00 \%$.

Benefit increases
Active Member with 18 months of Allowable Service or while Member is receiving a disability benefit.

Same as for retirement.

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Plan Provisions - Basic (Continued)

| Death (Continued) |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| annuity |  |
| Age/service requirement | Member or former Member who dies before retirement benefits commence and other survivor annuity is waived by spouse. |
| Amount | Survivor's payment of the $100 \%$ joint and survivor benefit the Member could have elected if terminated or an actuarial equivalent term certain annuity. If commencement is prior to age 65 (age 62 if 30 years of service), the benefit is reduced the same as early retirement with half the applicable reduction factor used from age 55 to the actual commencement age. If no surviving spouse, then an actuarial equivalent dependent child benefit is paid to age 20 or for five years if longer. |
|  | If a member becomes deceased prior to July 1, 1997 and the beneficiary was not eligible to commence their survivor benefit as of July 1, 1997, the benefit payable is calculated under the laws in effect before July 1, 1997, and an actuarial increase shall be made for the change in the post-retirement interest rates from $5.00 \%$ to $6.00 \%$. |
| Benefit increases | Same as for retirement. |
| Refund of contributions with interest |  |
| Age/service requirement | Member dies before receiving any retirement benefits and survivor benefits are not payable. |
| Amount | The excess of the Member's contributions with $6.00 \%$ interest until June 30, $2011 ; 4.00 \%$ interest thereafter over any disability or survivor benefits paid. |
| Termination |  |
| Refund of contributions |  |
| Age/service requirement | Termination of public service. |
| Amount | If member terminated before July 1, 2011, member's contributions credited with $6 \%$ interest compounded annually prior to July 1, 2011 and $4 \%$ interest thereafter. If member terminated after June 30, 2011, member's contributions credited with $4 \%$ interest compounded annually. |
|  | A deferred annuity may be elected in lieu of a refund if three or more years of Allowable Service. |

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Plan Provisions - Basic (Continued)

## Termination (Continued) <br> Deferred benefit <br> Age/service requirement Fully vested.

Amount Benefit computed under law in effect at termination and increased by the following "augmentation" percentage compounded annually for terminations prior to 2012:
(a.) $0.00 \%$ before July 1, 1971;
(b.) $5.00 \%$ from July 1, 1971 to January 1, 1981;
(c.) $3.00 \%$ thereafter until the earlier of January 1 of the year following attainment of age 55 and January 1, 2012;
(d.) $5.00 \%$ thereafter until the earlier of the date the annuity begins and January 1,2012; and
(e.) $1.00 \%$ from January 1, 2012 thereafter.

Members who terminate after 2011 will receive no future augmentation.
Members active with a public employer the day prior to the privatization of the employer become vested immediately and receive enhanced augmentation (unless the enhancement results in a net loss to the Plan). Amount is payable at a normal or early retirement. Augmentation equals $2 \%$ compounded annually, unless the enhancement results in a net loss to the Plan, in which case augmentation equals $1 \%$ compounded annually. If privatization occurred prior to January 1, 2011, augmentation occurs at the rate of $4.0 \%$ compounded annually through the year the Member turns age 55 and $6.0 \%$ thereafter until the annuity begins. If privatization occurred prior to January 1, 2007 (or January 1, 2008 for Hutchinson Area Health Care), augmentation occurs at the rate of 5.5\% compounded annually through the year the Member turns age 55 and $7.5 \%$ thereafter until the annuity begins.

If a member terminated employment prior to July 1,1997 but was not eligible to commence their pension before July 1, 1997, the benefit payable is calculated under the laws in effect before July 1, 1997 and an actuarial increase shall be made for the change in the post-retirement interest rates from $5.00 \%$ to $6.00 \%$.

Form of payment Same as for retirement.

Optional form conversion factors

Actuarially equivalent factors based on the RP-2000 mortality table for healthy annuitants, white collar adjustment, projected to 2025, females set back two years and no setback for males, blended $45 \%$ males, $7.5 \%$ post-retirement interest, and $8.5 \%$ pre-retirement interest.

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Plan Provisions - Basic (Concluded)

Combined service annuity Members are eligible for combined service benefits if they:
(a.) Meet minimum retirement age for each plan participated in and total public service meets the vesting requirements of each plan; or
(b.) Have three or more years of service under PERA and the covered fund(s) (if hired prior to July 1, 2010).

Other requirements for combined service include:
(a.) Member must have at least six months of allowable service credit in each plan worked under; and
(b.) Member may not be in receipt of a benefit from another plan.

Members who meet the above requirements must have their benefit based on the following:
(a.) Allowable service in all covered plans are combined in order to determine eligibility for early retirement.
(b.) Average salary is based on the high five consecutive years during their entire service in all covered plans.

## Changes in plan provisions None.

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Plan Provisions - Coordinated

Following is a summary of the major plan provisions used in the valuation of this report. PERA is solely responsible for the validity, accuracy and comprehensiveness of this information. If any of the plan provisions shown below are not accurate and complete, the valuation results may differ significantly from those shown in this report and may require a revision of this report.

| Plan year | July 1 through June 30. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Eligibility | A public employee who is covered under the Social Security Act. General exceptions are employees covered by other public funds, certain part-time employees and full-time students under age 23. City managers and persons holding certain elective office positions may choose to become Members. |
| Contributions Effective date | Shown as a percent of salary: |
|  | Member Employer |
| January 1, 2015 | 6.50\% 7.50\% |
|  | Member contributions are "picked up" according to the provisions of Internal Revenue Code 414(h). |
| Allowable service | Service during which member contributions are deducted. May also include certain leaves of absence and military service. |
| Salary | Includes amounts deducted for deferred compensation or supplemental retirement plans, net income from fees and sick leave payments funded by the employer. Excludes unused annual leave and sick leave payments, severance payments, Workers' Compensation benefits and employer-paid flexible spending accounts and employer-paid deferred compensation deposits, cafeteria plans, healthcare expense accounts, day-care expenses, fringe benefits and the cost of insurance coverage. |
| Average salary | Average of the five highest successive years of annual salary. Average salary is based on all Allowable Service if less than five years. |
| Vesting | Hired before July 1, 2010: $100 \%$ vested after three years of Allowable Service. |
|  | Hired after June 30, 2010: $100 \%$ vested after five years of Allowable Service. |
| Retirement$\quad$ Normal retirement benefitAge/service requirement First hired before July 1, 1989: |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

(a.) Age 65 and vested.
(b.) Proportionate retirement annuity is available at age 65 and one year of Allowable Service.

Amount $1.70 \%$ of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service.

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Plan Provisions - Coordinated (Continued)

## Retirement (Continued) <br> Normal retirement benefit (Continued) <br> Age/service requirement

Amount

Early retirement benefit
Age/service requirement

First hired after June 30, 1989:
(a.) The greater of age 65 or the age eligible for full Social Security retirement benefits but no later than age 66 and vested.
(b.) Proportionate Retirement Annuity is available at normal retirement age and one year of Allowable Service.
$1.70 \%$ of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service.

First hired before July 1, 1989:
(a.) Age 55 and vested.
(b.) Any age with 30 years of Allowable Service.
(c.) Rule of 90: Age plus Allowable Service totals 90.

First hired after June 30, 1989:
(a.) Age 55 and vested.

First hired before July 1, 1989:
The greater of (a) or (b):
(a.) $1.20 \%$ of Average Salary for each of the first ten years of Allowable Service and $1.70 \%$ of Average Salary for each subsequent year with reduction of $0.25 \%$ for each month the Member is under age 65 at time of retirement or under age 62 if 30 years of Allowable Service. No reduction if age plus years of Allowable Service totals 90 .
(b.) $1.70 \%$ of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service assuming augmentation to age 65 at $3.00 \%$ per year and actuarial reduction for each month the Member is under age 65 .

First hired after June 30, 1989:
(a.) $1.70 \%$ of Average Salary for each year of Allowable Service assuming augmentation to normal retirement age at $3.00 \%$ per year $(2.50 \%$ if hired after June 30, 2006) and actuarial reduction for each month the Member is under normal retirement age.

Life annuity with return on death of any balance of contributions over aggregate monthly payments. Actuarially equivalent options are:
$25 \%, 50 \%, 75 \%$ or $100 \%$ Joint and Survivor . If a Joint and Survivor benefit is elected and the beneficiary predeceases the annuitant, the annuitant's benefit increases to the Life Annuity amount. This "bounce back" is subsidized by the plan.

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Plan Provisions - Coordinated (Continued)

## Retirement (Continued)

Benefit increases
Benefit recipients receive a future annual $1.0 \%$ post-retirement benefit increase. If the funding ratio reaches $90 \%$ for two consecutive years, the benefit increase will revert to $2.5 \%$. If, after reverting to a $2.5 \%$ benefit increase, the funding ratio declines to less than $80 \%$ for one-year or less than $85 \%$ for two consecutive years, the benefit increase will decrease to $1.0 \%$.

A benefit recipient who has been receiving a benefit for at least 12 full months as of June 30 will receive a full increase. Members receiving benefits for at least one month but less than 12 full months as of June 30 will receive a pro rata increase.

Members retired under laws in effect before July 1, 1973 receive an additional lump sum payment each year. In 1989, this lump sum payment is $\$ 25$ times each full year of Allowable Service. In each following year, the lump sum payment will increase by the same percentage increase that is applied to regular annuities paid from the fund.

Disability<br>Disability benefit

Age/service requirement Total and permanent disability before normal retirement age if vested.
Amount Normal Retirement benefit based on Allowable Service and Average Salary at disability without reduction for commencement before normal retirement age. The disability benefit is reduced to that amount which, when added to Workers' Compensation, does not exceed the salary the disabled Member received as of the date of the disability or the salary currently payable for the same employment position substantially similar to the one the person held as of the date of the disability, whichever is greater.

If a Member becomes disabled prior to July 1, 1997 but did not commence his or her benefit before July 1, 1997, the benefit payable is calculated under the laws in effect before July 1, 1997, and an actuarial increase shall be made for the change in the post-retirement interest rates from $5.00 \%$ to $6.00 \%$.

Payments stop if disability ceases or death occurs. Payments change to a retirement annuity at normal retirement age. Benefits may be reduced on resumption of partial employment.

Form of payment Same as for retirement.
Benefit increases Same as for retirement.

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Plan Provisions - Coordinated (Continued)

## Disability (Continued)

Retirement after disability
Age/service requirement
Amount Any optional annuity continues. Otherwise, the larger of the disability benefit paid before normal retirement age or the normal retirement benefit available at normal retirement age, or an actuarially equivalent optional annuity.

Benefit increases Same as for retirement.

## Death

Surviving spouse optional
annuity
Age/service requirement Member or former Member who dies before retirement or disability benefits commence.

Amount Survivor's payment of the $100 \%$ joint and survivor benefit the Member could have elected if terminated or an actuarial equivalent term certain annuity. If commencement is prior to age 65 (age 62 if 30 years of service), the benefit is reduced the same as early retirement with half the applicable reduction factor used from age 55 to the actual commencement age. If no surviving spouse, then an actuarial equivalent dependent child benefit is paid to age 20 or for five years if longer.

If a member becomes deceased prior to July 1, 1997 and the beneficiary was not eligible to commence their survivor benefit before July 1, 1997, the benefit payable is calculated under the laws in effect before July 1, 1997, and an actuarial increase shall be made for the change in the post-retirement interest rates from $5.00 \%$ to $6.00 \%$.

Benefit increases Same as for retirement.
Refund of contributions
Age/service requirement
Member dies before receiving any retirement benefits and survivor benefits are not payable.

The excess of the Member's contributions with $6.00 \%$ interest until June 30, 2011; $4.00 \%$ interest thereafter over any disability or survivor benefits paid.

## Termination

Refund of contributions
Age/service requirement Termination of public service.
Amount If member terminated before July 1, 2011, member's contributions credited with $6 \%$ interest compounded annually prior to July 1, 2011 and $4 \%$ interest thereafter. If member terminated after June 30, 2011, member's contributions credited with $4 \%$ interest compounded annually.

A deferred annuity may be elected in lieu of a refund if vested.

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Plan Provisions - Coordinated (Continued)

Termination (Continued)<br>Deferred benefit<br>Age/service requirement Fully vested.

Amount Benefit computed under law in effect at termination and increased by the following percentage (augmentation) compounded annually for terminations prior to 2012:
(a.) $0.00 \%$ before July 1, 1971;
(b.) $5.00 \%$ from July 1, 1971 to January 1, 1981;
(c.) $3.00 \%(2.50 \%$ if hired after June 30 , 2006) thereafter until the earlier of January 1 of the year following attainment of age 55 and January 1, 2012;
(d.) $5.00 \%$ ( $2.50 \%$ if hired after June 30, 2006) thereafter until the earlier of the date the annuity begins and January 1, 2012; or
(e.) $1.00 \%$ from January 1, 2012 to when the benefit begins.

Members who terminate after 2011 will receive no future augmentation.
Members active with a public employer the day prior to the privatization of the employer become vested immediately and receive enhanced augmentation (unless the enhancement results in a net loss to the Plan). Amount is payable at a normal or early retirement. Augmentation equals $2 \%$ compounded annually, unless the enhancement results in a net loss to the Plan, in which case augmentation equals $1 \%$ compounded annually. If privatization occurred prior to January 1, 2011, augmentation occurs at the rate of $4.0 \%$ compounded annually through the year the Member turns age 55 and $6.0 \%$ thereafter until the annuity begins. If privatization occurred prior to January 1, 2007 (or January 1, 2008 for Hutchinson Area Health Care), augmentation occurs at the rate of 5.5\% compounded annually through the year the Member turns age 55 and $7.5 \%$ thereafter until the annuity begins.

If a member terminated employment prior to July 1,1997 but was not eligible to commence their pension before July 1, 1997, the benefit payable is calculated under the laws in effect before July 1, 1997 and an actuarial increase shall be made for the change in the post-retirement interest rates from $5.00 \%$ to $6.00 \%$.

Form of payment Same as for retirement.

## Actuarial equivalent factors <br> Actuarially equivalent factors based on the RP-2000 mortality table for healthy annuitants, white collar adjustment, projected to 2025, females set back two years and no setback for males, blended $45 \%$ males, $7.5 \%$ post-retirement interest and $8.5 \%$ pre-retirement interest. The post-retirement interest rate will change to $6.5 \%$ on the earlier of the effective date of the next mortality adjustment or July 1, 2017.

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Plan Provisions - Coordinated (Concluded)

## Combined service annuity Members are eligible for combined service benefits if they:

(a.) Meet minimum retirement age for each plan participated in and total public service meets the vesting requirements of each plan; or
(b.) Have three or more years of service under PERA and the covered fund(s) (if hired prior to July 1, 2010).

Other requirements for combined service include:
(a.) Member must have at least six months of allowable service credit in each plan worked under;
(b.) Member may not be in receipt of a benefit from another plan.

Members who meet the above requirements must have their benefit based on the following:
(a.) Allowable service in all covered plans are combined in order to determine eligibility for early retirement.
(b.) Average salary is based on the high five consecutive years during their entire service in all covered plans
Contribution Stabilizer The following is a summary of contribution stabilizer provisions in Minnesota Statute 353.27:

- If a contribution sufficiency of more than $1.0 \%$ exists, member and employer contributions may be adjusted by the Board of Directors to a level necessary to maintain a $1.0 \%$ sufficiency. Member and employer contributions may not be less than the sum of normal cost and administrative expenses.
- If a contribution deficiency of at least $0.5 \%$ exists, the member and employer contribution rates may be increased by the Board of Directors to eliminate the deficiency.
- Any adjustment to the contribution rates must be reported to the Legislative Commission on Pensions and Retirement (LCPR) by January 15 following the most recent valuation report. If the LCPR does not recommend against or alter the change in rates, the adjustment becomes effective on the salary paid after the next January 1st.
Changes in Plan Provisions The Contribution Stabilizer statutes were revised to make changes to contribution rates less prescriptive and more flexible.


## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Plan Provisions of Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund (MERF)

Following is a summary of the major plan provisions used in the valuation of this report. PERA is solely responsible for the validity, accuracy and comprehensiveness of this information. If any of the plan provisions shown below are not accurate and complete, the valuation results may differ significantly from those shown in this report and may require a revision of this report.

| Plan year | July 1 through June 30. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Eligibility/employee rule | An employee of the City of Minneapolis, the Metropolitan Airports Commission, the Met Council/Environmental Services, the Municipal Employees Retirement Fund, and Special School District No. 1 if covered prior to July 1, 1978. Employees covered July 1, 1978 or later are covered by the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Plan. |
|  | Effective July 1, 1992, licensed peace officers and firefighters who are employed by the Metropolitan Airports Commission and covered by the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund will receive the greater of retirement, disability, or survivor benefits under: |
|  | a) The Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund; or |
|  | b) The Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) Police \& Fire Plan. |
| Full consolidation | The MERF Division fully merged with PERA's General Employees Retirement Plan, effective January 1, 2015. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised as shown herein. |
| Contributions |  |
| Member | 9.75\% of salary |
| Employer | 9.75\% of salary (Employer Regular Contributions) |
|  | Employer Regular and Additional Contributions will be paid as long as there are active members. |
|  | Employer Supplemental Contribution equals $\$ 31,000,000$ in calendar years 2015 and 2016 and 21,000,000 in calendar years 2017 to 2031. |
| Contribution Allocation | Employer Supplemental Contributions are allocated to the employers in proportion to their share of the actuarial accrued liability of MERF on July 1, 2009, as follows: |


| Employer | Allocation |
| :--- | ---: |
| City of Minneapolis | $54.78 \%$ |
| Minneapolis Park Board | $10.33 \%$ |
| Met Council | $1.74 \%$ |
| Metropolitan Airport Commission | $5.76 \%$ |
| Municipal Building Commission | $1.08 \%$ |
| Minneapolis School District No. | $23.04 \%$ |
| Hennepin County | $3.17 \%$ |
| MnSCU | $0.10 \%$ |
| Total | $100.00 \%$ |

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Plan Provisions of Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund (MERF) (Continued)

| State contributions | The State's contribution equals $\$ 6,000,000$ in 2015 and 2016, and $\$ 16,000,000$ <br> thereafter. |
| :--- | :--- |
| The State's contributions are payable by September 30 each year and end on <br> September 15, 2031. |  |
| Allowable service | Service during which member contributions were made. Allowable Service may <br> also include certain leaves of absence, military service and service prior to <br> becoming a member. Allowable service also includes time on duty disability <br> provided that the member returns to active service if the disability ceases. |
| Average salary | All amounts of salary, wages or compensation. |
| Retirement | Average of the five highest calendar years of salary out of the last ten calendar <br> years. |
| Normal retirement benefit | Age/service requirement <br> Age 60 and 10 years of employment. Any age with 30 years of employment. <br> Proportionate retirement annuity is available at age 65 and 1 year allowable <br> service. |
| $2.00 \%$ of average salary for the first 10 years of allowable service plus $2.50 \%$ of <br> average salary for each subsequent year of allowable service. |  |

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Plan Provisions of Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund (MERF) (Continued)

## Disability

## Disability benefit

Age/service requirement Total and permanent disability before age 60 with five years of allowable service, or no allowable service if a work-related disability.

Amount $\quad 2.00 \%$ of average salary for the first 10 years of disability service plus $2.50 \%$ of average salary for each subsequent year of disability service. Disability service is the greater of (a) or (b) where:
(a.) equals allowable service plus service projected to age 60 , subject to a maximum of 22 years, and
(b.) equals allowable service.

Benefit is reduced by Workers' Compensation benefits.
Payments stop at age 60 or earlier if disability ceases or death occurs. Benefits may be reduced on resumption of partial employment.

Disability after separation
Age/service requirement
Total and permanent disability after electing to receive a retirement benefit but before age 60 .

Amount Actuarial equivalent of total credit to member's account.

Retirement after disability
Age/service requirement
Total and permanent disability after electing to receive a retirement benefit but before age 60 . Employee is still disabled after age 60.

Benefit continues according to the option selected.

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Plan Provisions of Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund (MERF) (Continued)

```
Death
    Pre-retirement survivor's
    spouse benefit
    Age/service requirement Active member with 18 months of allowable service.
    Amount 30% of salary averaged over the last six months to the surviving spouse plus
    10% of salary averaged over the last six months to each surviving child.
    Maximum benefit is $900 per month.
```

Pre-retirement survivor's
spouse annuity

Age/service requirement

Amount Actuarial equivalent of a single life annuity which would have been paid as a retirement benefit on the date of death without regard to eligibility age for retirement benefit. If there is no surviving spouse, the designated beneficiary may be a dependent child or dependent parent.

Refund of accumulated city contributions

Age/service requirement

Amount

Age/service requirement
Death prior to service or disability retirement without an eligible surviving beneficiary.

Amount $\$ 750$ with less than 10 years allowable service, or $\$ 1,500$ with 10 or more years of allowable service.

Refund of member contributions at death

Age/service requirement
Amount
Active member or former member who dies before retirement with 20 years of allowable service. -

Active member or former member dies after 10 years of allowable service and prior to retirement.

Present value of the City's annual installments of $\$ 60$ or, in the case of a former member, the net accumulation of city deposits. This benefit is not payable if survivor's benefits are paid.

## Lump sum

Age/service requirnent

Active member or former member dies before retirement.
The excess of the member's contributions (exclusive of the contributions to the survivor's account) plus interest to the date of death.

## Actuarial Basis

## Summary of Plan Provisions of Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund (MERF) (Concluded)

| Termination |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Deferred benefit |  |
| Age/service requirement | Three years of allowable service. |
| Amount | Benefit computed under law in effect at termination and increased by the following percentage (augmentation), compounded annually: |
|  | (a.) $0.00 \%$ prior to July 1, 1971, |
|  | (b.) $5.00 \%$ from July 1, 1971 to January 1, 1981, and |
|  | (c.) $3.00 \%$ thereafter until the annuity begins. |
|  | Amount is payable at or after age 60. |
| Refund of member contributions upon termination |  |
| Age/service requirement | Termination of public service. |
| Amount | Member's contributions with interest. A deferred annuity may be elected in lieu of a refund if vested. |
| Form of payment | - Life annuity. <br> - Life annuity with $3,5,10$ or 15 years guaranteed. <br> - Life annuity with lump sum death benefit. <br> - Joint \& Survivor (with or without bounce back feature). |
| Optional form conversion factors | 1986 PET mortality table with a one-year setback, blended $50 \%$ male and $50 \%$ female, and 5\% interest. |
| Two dollar bill and annuity | Optional Two Dollar Bill money purchase annuity available at age 55 with 20 years of service if member had service prior to June 28, 1973. According to PERA, this option is rarely utilized. We have assumed that remaining active members will not elect this optional benefit. |
| Benefit increases | Benefit recipients receive future annual $1.0 \%$ benefit increases. If the accrued liability funding ratio of the General Employees Retirement Plan reaches 90\% (on a market value of assets basis) for two consecutive years, the benefit increase will change to $2.5 \%$. If, after reverting to a $2.5 \%$ benefit increase, the funding ratio declines to less than $80 \%$ for one-year or less than $85 \%$ for two consecutive years, the benefit increase will decrease to $1.0 \%$. |
| Changes in plan provisions | The MERF Division was fully merged with PERA's General Employees Retirement Plan effective January 1, 2015. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised. |

## Additional Schedules

## Schedule of Funding Progress ${ }^{1}$ (Dollars in Thousands)

| Actuarial <br> Valuation Date | Actuarial Value of Assets <br> (a) | Actua Liab | Accrued (AAL) <br> (b) |  | Unfunded Overfunded) AAL (UAAL) (b) - (a) | Funded Ratio (a)/(b) | Actual Covered Payroll (Previous FY) (c) | UAAL as a <br> Percentage <br> of Covered <br> Payroll <br> [(b)-(a)]/(c) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7-1-1993 | \$ 4,374,459 | \$ | 5,784,318 | \$ | 1,409,859 | 75.63 \% | \$ 2,403,558 | 58.66 \% |
| 7-1-1994 | 4,747,128 |  | 6,223,622 |  | 1,476,494 | 76.28 | 2,557,522 | 57.73 |
| 7-1-1995 | 5,138,461 |  | 6,622,069 |  | 1,483,608 | 77.60 | 2,679,069 | 55.38 |
| 7-1-1996 | 5,786,398 |  | 7,270,073 |  | 1,483,675 | 79.59 | 2,814,126 | 52.72 |
| 7-1-1997 | 6,658,410 |  | 8,049,666 |  | 1,391,256 | 82.72 | 2,979,260 | 46.70 |
| 7-1-1998 | 7,636,668 |  | 8,769,303 |  | 1,132,635 | 87.08 | 3,271,737 | 34.62 |
| 7-1-1999 | 8,489,177 |  | 9,443,678 |  | 954,501 | 89.89 | 3,302,808 | 28.90 |
| 7-1-2000 | 9,609,367 |  | 11,133,682 |  | 1,524,315 | 86.31 | 3,437,954 | 44.34 |
| 7-1-2001 | 10,527,270 |  | 12,105,337 |  | 1,578,067 | 86.96 | 3,466,587 | 45.52 |
| 7-1-2002 | 11,017,414 |  | 12,958,105 |  | 1,940,691 | 85.02 | 3,809,864 | 50.94 |
| 7-1-2003 | 11,195,902 |  | 13,776,198 |  | 2,580,296 | 81.27 | 4,387,649 | 58.81 |
| 7-1-2004 | 11,477,961 |  | 14,959,465 |  | 3,481,504 | 76.73 | 3,968,034 | 87.74 |
| 7-1-2005 | 11,843,936 |  | 15,892,555 |  | 4,048,619 | 74.53 | 4,096,138 | 98.84 |
| 7-1-2006 | 12,495,207 |  | 16,737,757 |  | 4,242,550 | 74.65 | 4,247,109 | 99.89 |
| 7-1-2007 | 12,985,324 |  | 17,705,627 |  | 4,720,303 | 73.34 | 4,448,954 | 106.10 |
| 7-1-2008 | 13,048,970 |  | 17,729,847 |  | 4,680,877 | 73.60 | 4,722,432 | 99.12 |
| 7-1-2009 | 13,158,490 |  | 18,799,416 |  | 5,640,926 | 69.99 | 4,778,708 | 118.04 |
| 7-1-2010 | 13,126,993 |  | 17,180,956 |  | 4,053,963 | 76.40 | 4,804,627 | 84.38 |
| 7-1-2011 | 13,455,753 |  | 17,898,849 |  | 4,443,096 | 75.18 | 5,079,429 ${ }^{2}$ | 87.47 |
| 7-1-2012 | 13,661,682 |  | 18,598,897 |  | 4,937,215 | 73.45 | 5,142,592 ${ }^{3}$ | 96.01 |
| 7-1-2013 | 14,113,295 |  | 19,379,769 |  | 5,266,474 | 72.82 | 5,246,928 ${ }^{3}$ | 100.37 |
| 7-1-2014 | 15,644,540 |  | 21,282,504 |  | 5,637,964 | 73.51 | 5,351,920 ${ }^{3}$ | 105.34 |
| 7-1-2015 | 17,974,439 |  | 23,560,951 |  | 5,586,512 | 76.29 | 5,549,255 ${ }^{4}$ | 100.67 |

[^6]
## Additional Schedules

## Schedule of Contributions from the Employer and Other Contributing Entities ${ }^{1}$ (Dollars in Thousands)



## Glossary of Terms

Accrued Benefit Funding Ratio<br>Accrued Liability Funding Ratio<br>Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)

Actuarial Assumptions

## Actuarial Cost Method

## Actuarial Equivalent

## Actuarial Present Value (APV)

## Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits

## Actuarial Valuation

Actuarial Value of Assets

The ratio of assets to Current Benefit Obligations.

The ratio of assets to Actuarial Accrued Liability.

The difference between the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits, and the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs.

Assumptions about future plan experience that affect costs or liabilities, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement, and retirement; future increases in salary; future rates of investment earnings; future investment and administrative expenses; characteristics of members not specified in the data, such as marital status; characteristics of future members; future elections made by members; and other items.

A procedure for allocating the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits between the Actuarial Present Value of future Normal Costs and the Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Of equal Actuarial Present Value, determined as of a given date and based on a given set of Actuarial Assumptions.

The amount of funds required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. It is determined by discounting the future payments with an assumed interest rate and with the assumed probability each payment will be made.

The Actuarial Present Value of amounts which are expected to be paid at various future times to active members, retired members, beneficiaries receiving benefits, and inactive, non-retired members entitled to either a refund or a future retirement benefit. Expressed another way, it is the value that would have to be invested on the valuation date so that the amount invested plus investment earnings would provide sufficient assets to pay all projected benefits and expenses when due.

The determination, as of a valuation date, of the Normal Cost, Actuarial Accrued Liability, Actuarial Value of Assets, and related Actuarial Present Values for a plan. An Actuarial Valuation for a governmental retirement system typically also includes calculations of items needed for compliance with GASB No. 25, such as the Funded Ratio and the Annual Required Contribution (ARC).

The value of the assets as of a given date, used by the actuary for valuation purposes. This may be the market or fair value of plan assets or a smoothed value in order to reduce the year-to-year volatility of calculated results, such as the funded ratio and the actuarially required contribution (ARC).

## Glossary of Terms (Continued)

Amortization Method<br>Amortization Payment<br>Amortization Period<br>Annual Required Contribution (ARC)<br>Augmentation<br>Closed Amortization Period

Current Benefit Obligations

Employer Normal Cost

Expected Assets

Experience Gain/Loss

A method for determining the Amortization Payment. Under the Level Percentage-of-Pay method, the Amortization payment is one of a stream of increasing payments, whose Actuarial Present Value is equal to the UAAL. The stream of payments increases at the rate at which total covered payroll of all active members is assumed to increase.

That portion of the plan contribution or ARC which is designed to pay interest on and to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.

The period used in calculating the Amortization Payment.
The employer's periodic required contributions, expressed as a dollar amount or a percentage of covered plan compensation, determined under GASB No. 25. The ARC consists of the Employer Normal Cost and Amortization Payment.

Annual increases to deferred benefits.

A specific number of years that is reduced by one each year, and declines to zero with the passage of time. For example if the amortization period is initially set at 30 years, it is 29 years at the end of one year, 28 years at the end of two years, etc.

The present value of benefits earned to the valuation date, based on current service and including future salary increases to retirement.

The portion of the Normal Cost to be paid by the employer. This is equal to the Normal Cost less expected member contributions.

The present value of anticipated future contributions intended to fund benefits for current members.

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of Actuarial Assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuations. To the extent that actual experience differs from that assumed, Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities emerge which may be larger or smaller than projected. Gains are due to favorable experience, e.g., the assets earn more than projected, salaries do not increase as fast as assumed, members retire later than assumed, etc. Favorable experience means actual results produce actuarial liabilities not as large as projected by the actuarial assumptions. On the other hand, losses are the result of unfavorable experience, i.e., actual results that produce Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities which are larger than projected.

## Glossary of Terms (Concluded)

GASB
GASB No. 25 and GASB No. 27

GASB No. 50

GASB No. 67 and GASB No. 68

Governmental Accounting Standards Board.
These are the governmental accounting standards that set the accounting rules for public retirement systems and the employers that sponsor or contribute to them. Statement No. 27 sets the accounting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems, while Statement No. 25 sets the rules for the systems themselves.

The accounting standard governing a state or local governmental employer's accounting for pensions.

Statements No. 67 and No. 68, issued in June 2012, replace the requirements of Statements No. 25 and No. 27, respectively. Statement No. 68 , effective for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2014, sets the accounting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems, while Statement No. 67, effective for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2013, sets the rules for the systems themselves. Accounting information prepared according to Statements No. 67 and No. 68 will be provided in a separate report.

The annual cost assigned, under the Actuarial Cost Method, to the current plan year.

The ratio of the sum of Actuarial Value of Assets and Expected Assets to the Actuarial Present Value of Projected Benefits.

The difference between the Actuarial Accrued Liability and Actuarial Value of Assets.

The date as of which the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits are determined. The benefits expected to be paid in the future are discounted to this date.


[^0]:    * This exhibit does not reflect service earned in other PERA or Combined Service Annuity benefits. It should not be relied upon as an indicator of non-vested status.

[^1]:    * Based on effective date as provided by PERA, "Years Disabled" may reflect years since age 65 for members over age 65.

[^2]:    * Based on effective date as provided by PERA; "Years Disabled" may reflect years since age 65 for members over age 65.

[^3]:    * Based on effective date as provided by PERA; "Years Disabled" may reflect years since age 65 for members over age 65.

[^4]:    * Includes non-vested refunds and non-married survivor benefits only.
    ** The amortization factor as of June 30, 2015 is 12.3174.

[^5]:    Note: Projected annual payroll for fiscal year beginning on the valuation date: $\$ 5,613,568$.

[^6]:    ${ }^{1}$ Information prior to 2012 provided by prior actuaries. See prior reports for additional detail
    ${ }^{2}$ Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by $6.125 \%$.
    ${ }^{3}$ Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by $6.25 \%$.
    ${ }^{4}$ Assumed equal to actual member contributions divided by $6.375 \%$.

