

### MICHIGAN STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM ANNUAL ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

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May 5, 2015

The Retirement Board Michigan State Employees' Retirement System General Office Building, Third Floor P.O. Box 30171 Lansing, Michigan 48909

#### Re: Michigan State Employees' Retirement System - Actuarial Valuation as of September 30, 2014

Dear Board Members:

The results of the September 30, 2014 annual actuarial valuation of the Michigan State Employees' Retirement System pension benefits are presented in this report. The purpose of the valuation was to measure the System's funding progress and to determine the employer contribution for the 2014-2015 fiscal year. The report should not be relied upon for any other purpose. This report may be provided to parties other than the Office of Retirement Services only in its entirety and only with the permission of the Office of Retirement Services.

The valuation was based upon information, furnished by the Office of Retirement Services, concerning Retirement System benefits, financial transactions, and active members, terminated members, retirees and beneficiaries. Data was checked for internal and year-to-year consistency, but was not otherwise audited by us. As a result, we are unable to assume responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of the data provided. Year 2005 and prior years' valuation results back to 1993 were not prepared by GRS and are reproduced for comparison with the current year's results.

The valuation summarized in this report involves actuarial calculations that require making assumptions about future events. We believe that the assumptions and methods used in this report are reasonable and appropriate. However, other assumptions and methods could also be reasonable and could result in materially different results. Some of the numbers in this report are rounded. The use of the rounded numbers for plan liabilities should not imply a lack of precision. In addition, because it is not possible or practical to consider every possible contingency, we may use summary information, estimates or simplifications or calculations to facilitate the modeling of future events. We may also exclude factors or data that we deem to be immaterial.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law.

The Retirement Board May 5, 2015 Page 2

To the best of our knowledge, this report is accurate and fairly presents the actuarial position of the Retirement System. The valuation was conducted in accordance with standards of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board and in compliance with the applicable state statutes. Mita D. Drazilov and Louise M. Gates are independent of the plan sponsor and are members of the American Academy of Actuaries (MAAA) who meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions contained herein. It is our opinion that the actuarial assumptions used for the valuation produce results which are reasonable.

Sincerely,

Mita D. Drazilov, ASA, MAAA

MDD/LMG:mrb

Louin Gates

Louise M. Gates, ASA, MAAA

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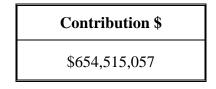
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### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY/BOARD SUMMARY**

#### 1. Required Employer Contributions to Support Retirement Benefits

The computed employer contribution for the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2014 is shown below. Computed contributions are displayed as annual dollar amounts. The Retirement System is closed to new members and as a result, contributions expressed as percentages of active member payroll are not useful. We understand that the current policy is to contribute on the basis of the dollar amount shown below.



#### 2. Contribution Comparison

The chart below compares the results of this valuation of the Retirement System with the results of the prior year's valuation.

Valuation Date	9/30/2013	9/30/2014	
Contribution \$	\$624,467,122	\$654,515,057	

#### 3. Reasons for Change

There are three general reasons why contribution rates change from one valuation to the next. The first is a change in the benefits or eligibility conditions of the plan. The second is a change in the valuation assumptions used to predict future occurrences. The third is the difference during the year between the plan's actual experience and what the assumptions predicted.

There were no benefit changes reported to the actuary for the year ended September 30, 2014. Assumption changes, based on the adoption of the findings of the experience study covering the period October 1, 2007 through September 30, 2012, increased the computed liabilities (see pages A-3 to A-5). Experience for the year ended September 30, 2014 was overall favorable and is described in more detail in Section B of this report.

# **SECTION A** INTRODUCTION

### **CONTRIBUTION REQUIREMENTS**

		September 30			
	Contributions for	2013	2014		
(1)	Total Normal Cost of Benefits (as a % of member pay)	7.22%	7.44%		
(2)	Member Contribution %	4.00%	4.00%		
(3)	Employer Normal Cost $\% = (1) - (2)$	3.22%	3.44%		
(4)	Projected Active Member Payroll for Coming Year	\$ 1,071,366,890	\$ 999,226,396		
(5)	Employer Normal Cost  = (3) x (4)	34,498,014	34,373,388		
	a. Tier 2 Employer Normal Cost \$	6,687,146	6,070,121		
	b. Total Employer Normal Cost $= (5) + (5a)$	\$ 41,185,160	\$ 40,443,509		
(6)	Total Accrued Liability	15,647,718,258	16,172,937,851		
(7)	Funding Value of Assets	9,437,627,369	9,961,903,019		
(8)	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities $(UAAL) = (6) - (7)$	\$ 6,210,090,889	\$ 6,211,034,832		
	a. Present Value of Budgeted Early Retirement Incentive Payments	144,467,485	144,467,485		
	b. Present Value of Remaining Early Retirement Incentive Payments	123,857,583	64,310,668		
	c. Present Value of Future Reconciliation Payments	494,044,692	317,520,340		
	d. Net UAAL to be Amortized = (8) - (8a) - (8b) - (8c)	\$ 5,447,721,129	\$ 5,684,736,339		
(9)	Amortization Period (years)	23	22		
(10)	Amortization Factor (level dollar payments)	10.78058071	10.60354019		
(11)	Amortization Payment (Credit) = $(8d) / (10)$	\$ 505,327,243	\$ 536,116,829		
(12)	Amortization Period for Early Retirement Incentive (years)	2	1		
(13)	Amortization Payment (ERI)^	\$ 77,954,719	\$ 77,954,719		
(14)	Total Computed Employer Contribution = $(5b) + (11) + (13)$	\$ 624,467,122	\$ 654,515,057		

#### **Development of Employer Contributions for the Indicated Valuation Date**

<sup>^</sup> The first amortization payment for the Early Retirement Incentive (ERI) was paid Fiscal Year (FY) 2013 and the last payment is assumed to be paid FY 2017.

#### **Computed Employer Contributions**

Based on the assumptions outlined in Section E, the long term employer contribution rate for Tier 1 members of the Michigan State Employees' Retirement System is expected to be 3.44% of payroll (the employer normal cost rate) until the last active member retires. However, there is also an employer normal cost contribution needed to fund the disability and death-in-service benefits for the growing Tier 2 member population. For the current year, a contribution is also needed to fund the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL). The sum of these contributions is the recommended employer contribution.

### **CONTRIBUTION REQUIREMENTS**

### **Determining Employer Dollar Contributions**

For any period of time, the percent-of-payroll contribution rate needs to be converted to dollars, then promptly contributed to the Retirement System. The employer normal cost rate (expressed as a % of active member payroll) is 3.44%. Applying the employer normal cost contribution rate of 3.44% to the projected payroll for the coming fiscal year, produces annual employer normal cost contributions of \$34,373,388. The Tier 2 annual employer normal cost contributions are \$6,070,121. The amortization payment for funding the remaining liability resulting from the ERI is \$77,954,719. The amortization payment for funding the UAAL, \$536,116,829, when added to the two normal cost contributions and the ERI amortization payment produces a total employer contribution of \$654,515,057. This contribution requirement is in addition to the reconciliation payments required by subsection 38(5) of the SERS statute.

#### **Disability and Death-In-Service Benefits for Tier 2 Participants**

Section 67a of the SERS statute provides that if a Tier 2 participant (defined contribution plan) becomes disabled or dies in employment, there may be a disability pension or survivor pension payable from the defined benefit plan. The pension amount would be based on the regular disability and death-in-service provisions of the defined benefit plan (Tier 1), but would be reduced to reflect the lump sum payment from the participant's defined contribution account. Beginning with the September 30, 2010 annual actuarial valuation, this Tier 2 benefit provision is included in the calculation of liabilities and the employer contribution requirement. In prior years, there was no advance funding for this benefit provision. When a Tier 2 participant became disabled or died in employment and a defined benefit pension was payable, an actuarial loss occurred and future employer contribution requirements were increased.

### **DISCUSSION OF CHANGES**

### **Revisions in Benefits**

No benefit changes were reported to GRS in connection with this valuation of the Retirement System.

### **Revisions in Actuarial Assumptions or Methods**

Assumptions were changed based on the adoption of the findings of the experience study covering the period October 1, 2007 through September 30, 2012. These changes resulted in increased computed liabilities.

### Actuarial Experience

Actuarial Experience during the year ended 9/30/2014 was more favorable than that anticipated by the actuarial assumptions. The net actuarial gain was approximately \$203 million. The gain was primarily due to recognized investment gains during the last plan year.

### **Comment on the Investment Markets**

Investment markets continue to be volatile. The actuarial value of assets (funding value), used to determine both the funded status and the required employer contribution, is based on a 5-year smoothed value of assets. This reduces the volatility of the valuation results.

### **MEASURES OF FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS**

The purpose of this section of the report is to provide certain measures which indicate the financial soundness of the program. These measures relate to long term solvency and level funding.

The various percentages listed in this section as of a single valuation date are not overly significant standing alone. What is more significant is the trend of the rates over a period of years. It is also important to keep in mind that each time benefits or assumptions are revised, actuarial liabilities are created or diminished. Any newly created liabilities are financed systematically over a period of future years. All actuarially computed values in this analysis are based on the actuarial assumptions utilized in the respective years' actuarial valuations.

#### Long Term Solvency

Over the longer term, the solvency of an ongoing plan can be measured by comparing the actuarial value of assets to an amount known as the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) under the Entry Age actuarial cost method. This item has often been called the "past service liability". The AAL may be affected immediately by any revisions in benefits or assumptions. The accumulation of assets to equal the AAL can be considered a long range funding goal. Largely because of periodic benefit increases, very few retirement programs have attained this goal.

Valuation	Actuarial	Actuarial	% of AAL
Date	Value of Assets	Accrued Liability	Covered by Assets
9/30/2014 *	\$ 9,961,903,019	\$16,172,937,851	61.6%
9/30/2014	9,961,903,019	15,770,544,428	63.2
9/30/2013	9,437,627,369	15,647,718,258	60.3

\* Revised actuarial assumptions and/or methods.

The chart above illustrates that the funded percent has increased since the prior year. Page B-7 of this report shows the funded percent for a longer period and in greater detail. In particular, the funded percent for current benefit recipients is now 80.4% (compared to 79.9% last year).

### **MEASURES OF FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS**

#### Level Contributions

The actuarial assumptions and cost methods have been chosen with the intent of producing required employer contributions which remain fairly level. In a closed plan, the normal cost dollar amount will eventually decline as active members retire and terminate employment.

	Employer	Amortization	Total
Valuation Date	Normal Cost	Payment	Contribution
9/30/2014 1*	\$ 40,443,509	\$614,071,548	\$654,515,057
9/30/2014 1	38,683,208	576,122,578	614,805,786
9/30/2013 1	41,185,160	583,281,962	624,467,122

<sup>1</sup> Reflects the amortization of the remaining liability for the ERI. \* Revised actuarial assumptions and/or methods.

A major factor affecting the stability of the contribution requirements shown above is how well the actual plan experience compares to the actuarial assumptions. The value of the difference between what actually occurred and what was assumed to occur is called the actuarial gain or loss. Gains tend to lower the subsequent cost of the program while losses tend to cause subsequent costs to rise.

Year	
Ending	Actuarial Gain/(Loss)
9/30/2014	\$202,925,386
9/30/2013	(96,786,815)

Analysis of all the benchmarks listed above, over a period of years, will provide an indication of whether the program is becoming financially stronger or weaker.

### **OTHER OBSERVATIONS**

#### <u>General Implications of Contribution Allocation Procedure or Funding Policy on Future</u> <u>Expected Plan Contributions and Funded Status</u>

Given the plan's contribution allocation procedure, if all actuarial assumptions are met (including the assumption of the plan earning 8.0% on the actuarial value of assets), it is expected that:

- (1) employer normal cost dollar amounts will eventually decrease as active payroll declines due to the closed nature of the plan,
- (2) amortization payment dollar amounts (excluding ERI payments) will remain level over the next 22 years,
- (3) the unfunded actuarial accrued liability will be fully amortized after 22 years, and
- (4) the funded status of the plan will increase gradually towards a 100% funded ratio.

#### Limitations of Funded Status Measurements

Unless otherwise indicated, a funded status measurement presented in this report is based upon the actuarial accrued liability and the actuarial value of assets. Unless otherwise indicated, with regards to any funded status measurements presented in this report:

- (1) The measurement is inappropriate for assessing the sufficiency of plan assets to cover the estimated cost of settling the plan's benefit obligations.
- (2) The measurement is inappropriate for assessing the need for or the amount of future employer contributions.
- (3) The measurement would produce a different result if the market value of assets were used instead of the actuarial value of assets, unless the market value of assets is used in the measurement.

## **SECTION B** FUNDING RESULTS

## PRESENT VALUE OF FUTURE BENEFITS AND ACCRUED LIABILITY

#### Determination of Unfunded Accrued Liability as of September 30, 2014

	All Divisions
A. Accrued Liability	
1. For retirees and beneficiaries	\$ 12,149,248,671
2. For vested and other terminated members	434,804,512
3. For other inactive members*	71,011,903
4. For present active members	
a. Value of expected future benefit payments	3,954,344,335
b. Value of future normal costs	436,471,570
c. Active member accrued liability: (a) - (b)	3,517,872,765
5. Total accrued liability	16,172,937,851
B. Present Valuation Assets (Funding Value)	9,961,903,019
C. Unfunded Accrued Liability: (A.5) - (B)	6,211,034,832
D. Funding Ratio: (B) / (A.5)	61.6%

\* Liability for employees who transferred to the DC pension plan in connection with PA 264 of 2011.

### **EXPERIENCE GAIN/(LOSS)**

A. Derivation of Actuarial Gain/(Loss):

	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) - Previous Valuation Total Normal Cost (employer plus member) for Year Ending 9/30/2014	\$6,210,090,889 84,039,836		
3.	Total Contributions (employer plus member) for Year Ending 9/30/2014	752,627,687		
4.	Interest at 8% on:			
	a. UAAL: .08 x (1)	496,807,271		
	b. Normal Cost and Contributions: .04 x [(2) - (3)]	(26,743,514)		
	c. Net Total: $(a) + (b)$	470,063,757		
5.	Change in UAAL due to Benefit Changes	0		
6.	Change in UAAL due to Assumption Changes	402,393,423		
7.	Expected UAAL Current Year:			
	(1) + (2) - (3) + (4c) + (5) + (6)	6,413,960,218		
8.	Actual UAAL Current Year	6,211,034,832		
9.	Experience Gain/(Loss): (7) - (8)	202,925,386		
B. Ap	B. Approximate Portion of Gain/(Loss) due to Investments 258,487,007			
C. Ap	pproximate Portion of Gain/(Loss) due to Liabilities: (A.9) - (B)	(55,561,621)		

The schedule above shows the net aggregate experience for the System. The next page shows this experience in detail.

### **DETAILED EXPERIENCE GAIN/(LOSS)**

#### Gains/(Losses) during the Year Ended September 30, 2014 Resulting from Differences between Assumed and Actual Experience

#### TYPE OF ACTIVITY

	Gain/(Loss)
1. <b>Retirements</b> (including disability retirement). If members retire at older ages or with lower final average pay than assumed, there is a gain. If younger ages or higher average pays, a loss.	\$ (9,864,227)
2. Withdrawal from Employment (including death-in-service). If more liabilities are released by withdrawals and deaths than assumed, there is a gain. If smaller releases, a loss.	(9,241,852)
3. <b>Pay Increases.</b> If there are smaller pay increases than assumed, there is a gain. If greater increases, a loss.	28,467,040
4. <b>Investment Income.</b> If there is greater investment income than assumed, there is a gain. If less income, a loss.	258,487,007
5. <b>Death After Retirement.</b> If retirants and inactive vested members live longer than assumed, there is a loss. If not as long, a gain.	(21,368,117)
6. Rehires. Rehires into the System will generally result in an actuarial loss.	(5,606,789)
7. <b>Other.</b> Miscellaneous gains and losses resulting from data adjustments, timing of financial transactions, etc.	(37,947,676)
8. Composite Gain/(Loss) During Year.	\$ 202,925,386

### **EXPERIENCE GAIN/(LOSS)**

Plan Year Ending September 30	Experio Gain/(I		Gain/(Lo Due to Investme	)	Actua Value Investm	of	Investm Gain/(Lo as % o Assets	oss) f
2014	\$ 202	,925	\$ 258,4	87	\$ 9,961	,903	2.59%	
2013	(96	,787)	(213,84	45)	9,437	,627	(2.27)	
2012	(807	,610)	(850,8	15)	9,447	,057	(9.01)	
2011	(1,004	,765)	(767,3	18)	10,212	,036	(7.51)	
2010	(631	,285)	(670,7	<del>9</del> 1)	10,782	,287	(6.22)	

#### **Five-Year History** (Amounts Shown in Thousands)

Plan Year Ending September 30	Gain/(Loss) Due to Liabilities	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Liability Gain/(Loss) as % of Accrued Liability
2014	\$ (55,562)	\$ 16,172,938	(0.34)%
2013	117,058	15,647,718	0.75
2012	43,205	15,654,138	0.28
2011	(237,447)	15,596,984	(1.52)
2010	39,506	14,860,375	0.27

### HISTORICAL FUNDING LEVELS FOR ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITIES

	Actuarial	Actuarial			Active	Unfunded/(Overfunded)
Valuation Date	Accrued	Value of	Funded	Unfunde d/(Overfunde d)	Member	As % of
September 30	Liability	Assets	Ratio	Accrued Liability	<b>Reported Payroll</b>	Active Payroll
1999	\$ 9,028,621	\$ 9,648,383	106.9%	\$ (619,762)	\$ 2,213,851	(28.0) %
2000	9,473,873	10,336,872	109.1	(863,000)	2,253,818	(38.3)
2000	9,878,161	10,632,677	107.6	(754,516)	2,230,562	(33.8)
2001	10,752,684	10,616,278	98.7	136,406	2,133,477	6.4
2002	11,761,147	10,440,611	88.8	1,320,536	1,859,555	71.0
2004	12,166,603	10,149,275	83.4	2,017,328	1,889,410	106.8
2004 2	12,003,995	10,149,275	84.6	1,854,719	1,889,410	98.2
2005	12,400,361	9,896,760	79.8	2,503,601	1,880,179	133.2
2006	12,798,520	10,110,658	79.0	2,687,861	1,847,653	145.5
2006 1	12,798,520	10,889,925	85.1	1,908,595	1,847,653	103.3
2007	13,161,656	11,343,529	86.2	1,818,126	1,825,889	99.6
2008	13,765,638	11,402,861	82.8	2,362,777	1,763,672	134.0
2009	14,233,710	11,106,969	78.0	3,126,741	1,734,325	180.3
2010	14,527,692	10,782,287	74.2	3,745,405	1,621,709	231.0
2010 <sup>2</sup>	14,860,375	10,782,287	72.6	4,078,088	1,621,709	251.5
2011	15,596,984	10,212,036	65.5	5,384,948	1,276,058	422.0
2012	15,654,138	9,447,057	60.3	6,207,081	1,155,591	537.1
2013	15,647,718	9,437,627	60.3	6,210,091	1,081,729	574.1
2014	15,770,544	9,961,903	63.2	5,808,641	1,010,987	574.6
2014 2	16,172,938	9,961,903	61.6	6,211,035	1,010,987	614.4

#### (Amounts Shown in Thousands)

Revised asset valuation method.
Provised actuarial assumptions a

Revised actuarial assumptions and/or methods.

## RECOMMENDED AND ACTUAL STATE CONTRIBUTIONS HISTORICAL COMPARISON

Valuation	Contribution Rates		Employer Contribution for Fiscal Year	
		Actual Payroll		Actual
-		-	-	\$ 61,927,219 <sup>4</sup>
				<sup>3</sup> 01,927,219 128,326,810 <sup>4</sup>
				128,520,810
2004	17.30	1,844,786,278	319,148,026	-
2004 2	16.31	1,844,786,278	300,884,642	256,433,052
2005	19.50	1,789,601,622	348,972,316	270,705,017
2006	N/A	1,783,386,714	380,308,846	-
$2006^{-3}$	N/A 6	1,783,386,714	382,729,234	-
2006 1	N/A	1,783,386,714	316,138,419	-
2006 7	N/A	1,783,386,714	238,929,773	192,162,537 <sup>8</sup>
2007	N/A	1,775,357,906	308,019,761	355,732,115
2008	N/A	1,698,833,836	351,646,663	343,787,486
2009	N/A	1,603,842,498	418,427,738	369,952,868
2010	N/A	1,321,472,297	467,008,177	-
2010 <sup>2</sup>	N/A	1,321,472,297	447,924,105	424,546,805
2011	N/A	1,155,756,859	512,615,918	419,926,997
2012 3	N/A	1,104,669,153	611,132,218	604,845,495
2013	N/A	1,006,632,785	624,467,122	705,100,454
2014	N/A		614,805,786	
2014 2	N/A		654,515,057	
	Date September 30 2002 2003 2004 2004 2005 2006 2006 2006 2006 2007 2007 2008 2009 2010 2010 2010 2010 2010 2011 2012 3 2013 201	Date September 30     As Percents of Valuation Payroll       2002     8.63 %       2003     14.12       2004     17.30       2004 <sup>2</sup> 16.31       2005     19.50       2006 <sup>3</sup> N/A       2006 <sup>7</sup> N/A       2006 <sup>7</sup> N/A       2007     N/A       2008     N/A       2009     N/A       2010 <sup>2</sup> N/A       2010 <sup>2</sup> N/A       2011     N/A       2013     N/A	Date September 30As Percents of Valuation PayrollActual Payroll20028.63 %\$ 1,859,884,999200314.121,759,588,178200417.301,844,786,2782004 216.311,844,786,278200519.501,789,601,6222006N/A1,783,386,7142006 3N/A 61,783,386,7142006 7N/A1,783,386,7142006 7N/A1,783,386,7142006 7N/A1,783,386,7142007N/A1,698,833,8362009N/A1,603,842,4982010N/A1,321,472,2972010 2N/A1,125,756,8592012 3N/A1,104,669,1532013N/A1,006,632,7852014N/A1,006,632,785	Date September 30     As Percents of Valuation Payroll     Actual Payroll     for Fiscal Computed       2002     8.63 %     \$ 1,859,884,999     \$ 160,508,075       2003     14.12     1,759,588,178     248,453,851       2004     17.30     1,844,786,278     319,148,026       2004 <sup>2</sup> 16.31     1,844,786,278     300,884,642       2005     19.50     1,789,601,622     348,972,316       2006 <sup>3</sup> N/A     1,783,386,714     380,308,846       2006 <sup>7</sup> N/A     1,783,386,714     382,729,234       2006 <sup>7</sup> N/A     1,775,357,906     308,019,761       2008     N/A     1,698,833,836     351,646,663       2009     N/A     1,603,842,498     418,427,738       2010     N/A     1,321,472,297     447,008,177       2010 <sup>2</sup> N/A     1,155,756,859     512,615,918       2012 <sup>3</sup> N/A     1,104,669,153     611,132,218       2013     N/A     1,006,632,785     624,467,122       2014     N/A     1,006,632,785     624,467,122

<sup>1</sup> *Revised asset valuation method.* 

<sup>2</sup> Revised actuarial assumptions and/or methods.

<sup>3</sup> *Revised benefit provisions.* 

<sup>4</sup> Net after transfer was made to the Health Advance Funding Subaccount from employer contributions.

<sup>5</sup> For the year ending September 30, 2015 the actual payroll and actual contributions are not yet known.

<sup>6</sup> For the 2006 and later valuations a contribution percentage is not computed because the Retirement System is closed.

<sup>7</sup> *Interest-only funding adopted for one year only.* 

<sup>8</sup> Includes transfer from the Health Advance Funding Subaccount.

	Actuarial Accrued Liability							
		(\$ in Mi	llions)					
	(1)	(2)	(3)					
Valuation	Active	Retirants	Active and	Valuation	Portion of Actuarial Accrued Lia		Liability	
Date	Member	and	Inactive Members	Assets		Covered	by Assets	
September 30	Contributions	Beneficiaries	(Employer Financed Portion)	(\$ in Millions)	(1)	(2)	(3)	<b>(4)</b> <sup>4</sup>
1999	\$ 35	\$ 4,538	\$ 4,456	\$ 9,648	100%	100%	113.9%	107.2%
2000	29	4,659	4,786	10,337	100	100	118.0	109.1
2001	34	4,677	5,167	10,633	100	100	114.6	107.6
2002	123	5,512	5,118	10,616	100	100	97.3	98.7
2003	57	7,386	4,318	10,441	100	100	69.4	88.8
2004	78	7,503	4,586	10,149	100	100	56.0	83.4
$2004^{-2}$	78	7,503	4,423	10,149	100	100	58.1	84.5
2005	97	7,607	4,696	9,896	100	100	46.7	79.8
2006	107	7,607	5,085	10,111	100	100	47.1	79.0
$2006^{-1}$	107	7,607	5,085	10,890	100	100	62.5	85.1
2007	116	7,847	5,199	11,344	100	100	65.0	86.2
2008	119	8,361	5,286	11,403	100	100	55.3	82.8
2009	127	8,681	5,426	11,107	100	100	42.4	78.0
2010	138	9,151	5,239	10,782	100	100	28.5	74.2
2010 <sup>2</sup>	138	9,265	5,457	10,782	100	100	25.3	72.6
2011	93	11,197	4,307	10,212	100	90.4	0.0	65.5
2012	121	11,392	4,141	9,447	100	81.9	0.0	60.3
2013	162	11,612	3,874	9,438	100	79.9	0.0	60.3
2014	195	11,869	3,707	9,962	100	82.3	0.0	63.2
$2014^{-2}$	195	12,149	3,829	9,962	100	80.4	0.0	61.6

### HISTORICAL FUNDING LEVELS FOR PRIORITIZED ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY

<sup>1</sup> *Revised asset valuation method.* 

<sup>2</sup> *Revised actuarial assumptions and/or methods.* 

<sup>3</sup> Revised actuarial assumptions and asset valuation method.
<sup>4</sup> Parcent funded on a total valuation agent and total actuaria

Percent funded on a total valuation asset and total actuarial accrued liability basis.

FINANCIAL OBJECTIVE ACHIEVEMENT INDICATORS – HISTORICAL COMPARISON
(DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

		Termination	n Indicator	
		Actuarial		Experience
		Present Value		Indicator
Valuation	Valuation	of Vested	Funded	Actuarial
September 30	Assets	Benefits	Ratio	Gain/(Loss)
1999	\$ 9,648,383	\$ 7,351,103	131.3 %	\$ 6,923
2000	10,336,872	7,535,245	137.2	252,243
2001	10,632,677	7,917,271	134.3	(106,544)
2002	10,616,278	8,861,608	119.8	(553,528)
2003	10,440,611	10,146,046	102.9	(460,905)
2004	10,149,275	10,513,034	96.5	(560,154)
2004 <sup>2</sup>	10,149,275	10,503,835	96.6	(560,154)
2005	9,896,760	10,886,913	90.9	(600,525)
2006	10,110,658	12,122,695	83.4	26,951
2006 1	10,889,925	12,122,695	89.8	806,218
2007	11,343,529	12,516,362	90.6	181,987
2008	11,402,861	13,144,428	86.8	(436,904)
2009	11,106,969	13,638,715	81.4	(787,953)
2010	10,782,287	13,976,277	77.1	(631,285)
2010 <sup>2</sup>	10,782,287	14,361,594	75.1	(631,285)
2011	10,212,036	15,193,088	67.2	(1,004,765)
2012	9,447,057	15,318,309	61.7	(807,610)
2013	9,437,627	15,338,434	61.5	(96,787)
2014	9,961,903	15,487,041	64.3	202,925
2014 2	9,961,903	15,880,526	62.7	202,925

<sup>1</sup> *Revised asset valuation method.* 

<sup>2</sup> *Revised actuarial assumptions and/or method.* 

<sup>3</sup> Revised actuarial assumptions and asset valuation method.

# **SECTION C** FUND ASSETS

### STATEMENT OF PLAN NET ASSETS (ASSETS AT MARKET OR FAIR VALUE)

	September 30			
	2013	2014		
Cash	\$ 126,097,660	\$ 117,593,301		
Total Receivables	92,004,495	75,732,702		
Short Term Investment Pools	347,769,182	573,185,426		
Fixed Income Pools	1,220,702,039	1,271,342,563		
Domestic Equity Pools	2,726,093,747	3,266,962,256		
Real Estate Pool	1,093,158,907	1,004,240,866		
Alternative Investment Pools	1,952,328,386	1,873,669,988		
International Equity Pools	1,483,987,691	1,664,427,525		
Absolute Return Pools	1,053,071,476	1,153,386,785		
Securities Lending Collateral less Obligations	(172,271,736)	(25,307,990)		
Total Assets	9,922,941,847	10,975,233,422		
Other Liabilities	(425,650)	(427,331)		
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$9,922,516,197	\$10,974,806,091		

Note: Asset amounts exclude assets held for health benefits.

## **RECONCILIATION OF PLAN NET ASSETS**

	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2014
Market Value, Beginning of Year	\$9,272,335,930	\$9,922,516,197
Additions		
Member Contributions	53,035,321	47,527,233
Employer Contributions	604,845,495	705,100,454
Net Investment Income	1,185,982,164	1,529,625,883
Audit Adjustment	0	0
Total Additions	1,843,862,980	\$2,282,253,570
Deductions		
Benefit Payments	1,187,911,357	1,222,881,091
Contribution Refunds/Transfers	113,038	151,929
Administrative Expenses	5,658,318	6,930,656
Total Deductions	1,193,682,713	1,229,963,676
Market Value, End of Year	\$9,922,516,197	\$10,974,806,091

### SERS Annual Actuarial Valuation

### **DEVELOPMENT OF VALUATION ASSETS**

		2014	2015		2016		2017	2018
1. Beg	inning of Year Assets	-					-	
Ũ	Market Value	\$ 9,922,516,197						
	Valuation Assets	9,437,627,369						
2. End	of Year Assets at Market Value	10,974,806,091						
3. Net	Additions to Market Value	-,- ,- ,,						
	Member Contributions	47,527,233						
	Employer Contributions	705,100,454						
	Investment Income	1,529,625,883						
	Benefit Payments	(1,222,881,091)						
	Contribution Refunds/Transfers	(151,929)						
	Administrative Expenses	(6,930,656)						
	Transfer (to) from Stabilization Subaccount	0						
-	Audit Adjustment	0						
	Total Additions to Market Value	1,052,289,894						
4. Sum	mary of Net Additions to Market Value							
	Net Contributions = $3a + 3b + 3e + 3g$	752,475,758						
	Net Investment Income = $3c + 3f$	1,522,695,227						
	Benefit Payments $= 3d$	(1,222,881,091)						
	Audit Adjustment = $3h$	0						
	Total Additions to Market Value	1,052,289,894						
5. Ave	rage Valuation Assets =							
	b + .5 x (4a + 4c) + 4d	9,202,424,703						
	uted Income at Valuation Rate = $8.00\% \times 5$	736,193,976						
*	(Loss) from Investments = $4b - 6$	786,501,251						
	ion of Gains (Losses) Recognized from Prior Years	, , .						
	From this year = $.2 * 7$	157,300,250						
	From one year ago	89,153,004	5 157,300,25	0				
	From two years ago	106,385,047	89,153,00		157,300,250	)		
	From three years ago	(96,527,032)	106,385,04		89,153,00		157,300,250	
	From four years ago	2,175,738	(96,527,03		106,385,04		89,153,003	\$ 157,300,251
	Total	258,487,007	256,311,20	8	352,838,300	)	246,453,253	157,300,251
9. Cha	nge in Valuation Assets = $4a + 4c + 4d + 6 + 8f$	524,275,650						
	of Year Assets	- , ,						
	Market Value $= 2$	10,974,806,091						
b	Valuation Assets	-,- ,- ,,						
	b1. Preliminary Valuation Assets $= 1b + 9$	9,961,903,019						
	b2. Corridor Percent	30%						
	b3. Upper Corridor Limit: (100% + 10b2) x 10a	14,267,247,918						
	b4. Lower Corridor Limit: (100% - 10b2) x 10a	7,682,364,264						
	b5. Final Valuation Assets	9,961,903,019						
11. Act	uarial Rate of Return	10.81%						

### **DEVELOPMENT OF VALUATION ASSETS (CONTINUED)**

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
1. Beginning of Year Assets					
a. Market Value	\$ 9,781,238,658	\$ 8,583,154,616	\$ 8,940,141,973	\$ 8,654,574,665	\$ 9,272,335,930
b. Valuation Assets	11,402,861,293	11,106,969,100	10,782,286,541	10,212,036,130	9,447,057,129
2. End of Year Assets at Market Value	8,583,154,616	8,940,141,973	8,654,574,665	9,272,335,930	9,922,516,197
3. Net Additions to Market Value					
a. Member Contributions	6,994,975	26,055,668	25,830,556	33,290,784	53,035,321
b. Employer Contributions	343,787,486	369,952,868	424,546,805	419,926,997	604,845,495
c. Investment Income	(678,455,022)	883,646,242	360,430,046	1,330,021,741	1,185,982,164
d. Benefit Payments	(870,278,863)	(917,328,820)	(1,089,822,880)	(1,156,035,451)	(1,187,911,357)
e. Contribution Refunds/Transfers	(272,631)	(265,155)	(472,818)	(188,926)	(113,038)
f. Administrative Expenses	(4,865,232)	(5,073,446)	(6,079,017)	(9,253,880)	(5,658,318)
g. Transfer (to) from Stabilization Subaccount	0	0	0	0	0
h. Audit Adjustment	5,005,245	0	0	0	0
i. Total Additions to Market Value	(1,198,084,042)	356,987,357	(285,567,308)	617,761,265	650,180,267
4. Summary of Net Additions to Market Value					
a. Net Contributions = $3a + 3b + 3e + 3g$	350,509,830	395,743,381	449,904,543	453,028,855	657,767,778
b. Net Investment Income = $3c + 3f$	(683,320,254)	878,572,796	354,351,029	1,320,767,861	1,180,323,846
c. Benefit Payments $= 3d$	(870,278,863)	(917,328,820)	(1,089,822,880)	(1,156,035,451)	(1,187,911,357)
d. Audit Adjustment = $3h$	5,005,245	0	0	0	0
e. Total Additions to Market Value	(1,198,084,042)	356,987,357	(285,567,308)	617,761,265	650,180,267
5. Average Valuation Assets =					
1b + .5 x (4a + 4c) + 4d	11,147,982,022	10,846,176,381	10,462,327,373	9,860,532,832	9,181,985,340
6. Imputed Income at Valuation Rate = $8.00\% \times 5$	891,838,562	867,694,110	836,986,190	788,842,627	734,558,827
7. Gain (Loss) from Investments $= 4b - 6$	(1,575,158,816)	10,878,686	(482,635,161)	531,925,234	445,765,019
8. Portion of Gains (Losses) Recognized from Prior Years	(1,070,100,010)	10,070,000	(102,000,101)	001,020,201	
a. From this year = $.2 * 7$	(315,031,763)	2,175,737	(96,527,032)	106,385,047	89,153,004
b. From one year ago	(547,817,019)	(315,031,763)	2,175,737	(96,527,032)	106,385,047
c. From two years ago	189,881,815	(547,817,019)	(315,031,763)	2,175,737	(96,527,032
d. From three years ago	0	189,881,815	(547,817,019)	(315,031,763)	2,175,737
e. From four years ago	0	0	189,881,813	(547,817,021)	(315,031,764
f. Total	(672,966,967)	(670,791,230)	(767,318,264)	(850,815,032)	(213,845,008
9. Change in Valuation Assets = $4a + 4c + 4d + 6 + 8f$	(295,892,193)	(324,682,559)	(570,250,411)	(764,979,001)	(9,429,760)
10. End of Year Assets	(2)3,0)2,1)3)	(321,002,007)	(370,230,111)	(101,979,001)	(),12),700
a. Market Value = $2$	8,583,154,616	8,940,141,973	8,654,574,665	9,272,335,930	9,922,516,197
b. Valuation Assets	0,000,104,010	0,740,141,775	0,007,077,000	),212,333,730	7,722,010,197
b). Valuation Assets b). Preliminary Valuation Assets = $1b + 9$	11,106,969,100	10,782,286,541	10,212,036,130	9,447,057,129	9,437,627,369
b2. Corridor Percent	11,100,909,100	10,702,200,541	10,212,050,150	),++1,051,12)	,437,027,307
b3. Upper Corridor Limit: $(100\% + 10b2) \times 10a$					
b). Using the contrast limit: $(100\% + 1052) \times 10a$ b). Lower Corridor Limit: $(100\% + 1052) \times 10a$					
b5. Final Valuation Assets	11,106,969,100	10,782,286,541	10,212,036,130	9,447,057,129	9,437,627,369
11. Actuarial Rate of Return	1.96 %	1.82 %	0.67 %	(0.63)%	5.67 %
12. Market Rate of Return				15.91 %	
12. Warket Kate of Keturn	(7.17)%	10.56 %	4.11 %	15.91 %	13.10 %

### HISTORY OF APPROXIMATE INVESTMENT RETURN RATES

Plan Year Ending	Approximate R	ate of Return <sup>1</sup>
September 30	Market	Actuarial
2005	12.66	2.11 %
2006	12.58	7.24
2006 2	12.58	15.31 <sup>2</sup>
2007	16.96	9.79
2008	(15.59)	4.78
2009	(7.17)	1.96
2010	10.56	1.82
2011	4.11	0.67
2012	15.91	(0.63)
2013	13.10	5.67
2014	15.72	10.81
Average Returns:		
Last five years:	11.79 %	3.59 %
Last ten years:	7.34 %	5.12 %

<sup>1</sup> Approximate return based on ratio of total investment return to average asset value, using an assumed beginning-ofyear timing of audit adjustments (if any) and an assumed mid-year timing of other asset flows (see previous two pages).

<sup>2</sup> After adjusting to market value as of September 30, 2006.

	ŀ	Revenues by Source			Expenses by Type		
Fiscal Year Ended September 30	Member Contributions	Employer Contributions	Net Investment Income <sup>1</sup>	Retirement Benefits	Return of Contributions and Transfers	Administrative Expenses	Market Value of Assets
1995	\$ 2,260,511	\$ 256,845,912	\$ 405,103,276 <sup>3</sup>	\$ 289,266,598	\$ 80,453	\$ 5,547,632	\$ 5,312,238,091
1996	2,619,067	285,766,953	1,939,209,206 <sup>3</sup>	321,314,081	30,082	3,489,761	7,214,999,393
1997	12,144,153	288,590,215	1,677,780,071	382,866,379	7,848,649	5,247,943	8,797,550,861
1998	5,158,744	147,599,551	702,058,316	429,879,875	134,533,763	4,297,092	9,083,656,742
1999	6,186,018	121,119,857	1,465,196,232	446,219,254	728,366	4,330,623	10,224,880,606
2000	4,606,662	121,817,366	1,359,608,718	458,803,774	222,163	3,954,992	11,247,932,423
2001	3,341,381	112,299,808	(1,264,290,456)	478,525,328	91,699	4,149,284	9,616,516,845
2002	173,232,835	87,486,128	(1,005,732,436)	503,453,879	87,504,459 2	6,432,819	8,274,112,215
2003	80,185,475	79,291,845	1,215,018,189	701,664,432	17,484,652 <sup>2</sup>	5,192,039	8,924,266,601
2004	37,682,883	103,873,294	1,073,759,972	731,009,109	(24,206,316) <sup>2</sup>	4,316,433	9,428,463,524
2005	30,395,040	256,433,052	1,168,692,344	746,673,263	187,049	4,297,985	10,132,825,663
2006	9,434,310	270,705,017	1,248,722,460	767,000,706	133,474	4,628,043	10,889,925,227
2007	19,696,132	150,858,506	1,802,354,022	795,842,013	(41,180,003) <sup>2</sup>	5,115,226	12,103,056,651
2008	5,643,805	355,732,115	(1,840,403,196)	832,553,176	183,559	5,048,737	9,786,243,903
2009	6,994,975	343,787,486	(678,455,022)	870,278,863	272,631	4,865,232	8,583,154,616
2010	26,055,668	369,952,868	883,646,242	917,328,820	265,155	5,073,446	8,940,141,973
2011	25,830,556	424,546,805	360,430,046	1,089,822,880	472,818	6,079,017	8,654,574,665
2012	33,290,784	419,926,997	1,330,021,741	1,156,035,451	188,926	9,253,880	9,272,335,930
2013	53,035,321	604,845,495	1,185,982,164	1,187,911,357	113,038	5,658,318	9,922,516,197
2014	47,527,233	705,100,454	1,529,625,883	1,222,881,091	151,929	6,930,656	10,974,806,091

### HISTORICAL GROWTH OF ASSETS AT MARKET VALUE

<sup>1</sup> Includes miscellaneous income.

<sup>2</sup> Includes transfers to/from the Health Advance Funding Subaccount.

<sup>3</sup> Includes other changes in net assets/reserves/fund balances and, in 1996, a \$990,253,705 cumulative adjustment due to GASB Statement Nos. 25 and 26. Note: Data for the year 2007 and prior years was provided by the State of Michigan Department of Technology, Management and Budget - Financial Services.

# SECTION D CENSUS DATA

	As of September 30		
	2013	2014	
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits:			
Regular benefits	46,436	47,103	
Survivor benefits	6,926	7,001	
Disability benefits	3,492	3,511	
Total	56,854	57,615	
Current Employees:			
Vested	16,091	14,682	
Non-vested	375	303	
Total	16,466	14,985	
Inactive participants entitled to benefits and not			
yet receiving them*:	5,343	5,007	
Total Participants	78,663	77,607	

### SUMMARY OF PARTICIPANT DATA BY CATEGORY

\* Includes members who have chosen to participate in Group 3 (DB/DC Blend) and have not yet commenced their pension benefits.

Minor data adjustments were made subsequent to the delivery of membership counts for Note 1 of the September 30, 2013 CAFR and September 30, 2014 CAFR.

### **RETIREES AND BENEFICIARIES – HISTORICAL COMPARISON**

			Rolls End of Year		% Increase	Average
Year Ended	Number	Number		Annual	in Annual	Annual
September 30	Added	Removed	Number	<b>Benefit</b> <sup>1</sup>	Benefits	Benefit
1995	1,566	966	30,562	\$ 290,694	6.3 %	\$ 9,512
1996	1,595	1,064	31,093	307,933	5.9	9,904
1997 <sup>2</sup>	6,098	1,068	36,123	421,060	36.7	11,656
1998	1,279	1,217	36,185	432,456	2.7	11,951
1999	1,409	1,248	36,346	444,167	2.7	12,221
2000	1,540	1,181	36,705	463,969	4.5	12,640
2001	1,648	1,242	37,111	471,407	1.6	12,703
2002 <sup>2</sup>	3,806	1,251	39,666	546,968	16.0	13,789
2003 <sup>2</sup>	6,448	623	45,491	708,607	29.6	15,577
2004	1,561	1,433	45,619	729,087	2.9	15,982
2005	1,542	1,360	45,801	747,428	2.5	16,319
2006	1,728	1,549	45,980	769,096	2.9	16,727
2007	2,206	1,300	46,886	802,018	4.3	17,106
2008	2,653	1,461	48,078	842,612	5.1	17,526
2009	2,423	1,472	49,029	880,763	4.5	17,964
2010	2,937	1,504	50,462	934,092	6.1	18,511
2011 <sup>2</sup>	6,656	1,470	55,648	1,113,963	19.3	20,018
2012	2,186	1,546	56,288	1,143,400	2.6	20,313
2013	2,181	1,615	56,854	1,175,329	2.8	20,673
2014	2,421	1,660	57,615	1,212,333	3.1	21,042

Amounts shown in thousands of dollars.
ERI.

### **RETIREES AND BENEFICIARIES** AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 BY TYPE OF RETIREMENT AND SELECTED OPTION

Amount of Monthly	Number of	Type of Retirement*								
Benefit	Retirees	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
\$ 1 - 200	386	242	94	4	32	0	9	1	4	
201 - 400	2,005	1,361	332	11	188	2	44	2	65	
401 - 600	3,633	2,262	553	26	481	0	126	11	174	
601 - 800	4,654	2,664	594	164	685	16	229	31	271	
801 - 1,000	4,549	2,754	589	6	647	1	186	89	277	
1,001 - 1,200	4,301	2,665	429	18	602	1	203	149	234	
1,201 - 1,400	4,322	2,686	383	20	582	0	200	250	201	
1,401 - 1,600	4,374	2,942	401	11	405	1	159	327	128	
1,601 - 1,800	4,336	3,231	308	11	210	1	113	381	81	
1,801 - 2,000	4,100	3,159	239	8	149	0	84	415	46	
Over 2,000	20,955	16,913	630	6	142	0	177	3,001	86	
Totals	57,615	40,879	4,552	285	4,123	22	1,530	4,657	1,567	

#### Amount of

Monthly	Number of	Selected Option**								
Benefit	Retirees	Reg.	Opt. A	Opt. B	Opt. C	Opt. E	Opt. E1	Opt. E2	Opt. E3	
\$ 1 - 200	386	120	113	106	6	30	6	5	0	
201 - 400	2,005	810	543	414	45	118	34	39	2	
401 - 600	3,633	1,479	1,044	615	89	220	73	105	8	
601 - 800	4,654	1,954	1,210	707	113	371	111	181	7	
801 - 1,000	4,549	1,677	1,172	758	124	519	97	181	21	
1,001 - 1,200	4,301	1,756	1,172	647	121	342	78	165	20	
1,201 - 1,400	4,322	1,865	1,238	624	168	256	59	96	16	
1,401 - 1,600	4,374	1,954	1,311	651	177	158	61	51	11	
1,601 - 1,800	4,336	1,827	1,332	756	218	104	58	36	5	
1,801 - 2,000	4,100	1,694	1,245	699	266	87	62	32	15	
Over 2,000	20,955	8,302	5,795	3,672	1,519	822	315	384	146	
Totals	57,615	23,438	16,175	9,649	2,846	3,027	954	1,275	251	

#### \* Type of Retirement

- 1 Normal retirement for age & service
- 2 Survivor payment normal or early retirement
- 3 Duty disability retirement (incl. survivors)
- 4 Non-duty disability retirement (incl. survivors)
- 5 Survivor payment duty death in service
- 6 Survivor payment non-duty death in service
- 7 Retirees with supplemental benefits for early retirement incentive factors
- 8 Retirees with reduced benefits for early retirement reduction factors

#### \*\* Selected Option

- Reg. Straight life allowance
- Opt. A 100% survivor option
- Opt. B 50% survivor option
- Opt. C 75% survivor option Opt. E Social Security equated
- Opt. E1 Social Security equated w/100% survivor option
- Opt. E2 Social Security equated w/50% survivor option
- Opt. E3 Social Security equated w/75% survivor option

	September 30, 2013	September 30, 2014
Conservation Officers		
Number	63	62
Average Age	47.5	48.4
Average Service	20.3	21.3
Reported Payroll	\$ 4,455,694	\$ 4,887,658
Average Annual Payroll	70,725	78,833
<b>Corrections Officers</b>		
Number	4,481	3,850
Average Age	50.2	50.5
Average Service	23.1	23.7
Reported Payroll	\$ 292,648,011	\$ 259,535,809
Average Annual Payroll	65,309	67,412
All Other		
Number	11,922	11,073
Average Age	54.3	54.9
Average Service	25.7	26.6
Reported Payroll	\$784,625,221	\$746,563,485
Average Annual Payroll	65,813	67,422
Total		
Number	16,466	14,985
Average Age	53.2	53.7
Average Service	25.0	25.8
Reported Payroll	\$1,081,728,926	\$1,010,986,952
Average Annual Payroll	65,695	67,467

## **ACTIVE MEMBERS BY CLASSIFICATION**

### **ACTIVE MEMBERS**

#### Members in Active Service as of September 30, 2014 by Age and Years of Service

	Years of Service							Total	Total	Average
Age	0 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 & up	Count	Pay <sup>1</sup>	Pay
Less than 30	-							-	\$ -	\$ -
30 - 34	-	-	-	-				-	-	-
35 - 39	7	22	27	72	12			140	8,860,211	63,287
40 - 44	26	40	70	640	336	34		1,146	75,190,468	65,611
45 - 49	23	37	54	721	1,066	774	73	2,748	183,447,492	66,757
50 - 54	16	33	60	492	1,097	1,814	586	4,098	277,193,635	67,641
55 - 59	15	30	68	371	762	1,201	1,495	3,942	262,278,856	66,534
60 - 64	12	26	29	153	365	534	1,099	2,218	153,973,659	69,420
65 - 69	3	6	12	44	78	111	282	536	38,731,048	72,259
70 & up	3	4	1	8	13	20	108	157	11,311,583	72,048
Total	105	198	321	2,501	3,729	4,488	3,643	14,985	\$ 1,010,986,952	\$67,467

<sup>1</sup> Total payroll for Group 1 active members is \$993,456,825. Total payroll for Group 2 active members is \$17,530,127.

## ACTIVE AND INACTIVE MEMBERS REPORTED FOR VALUATION HISTORICAL COMPARISON

	Number of	Active Members								
Inactive										
Valuation Date	Vested		Reported	Annual	%		Years of			
September 30	Members	Number	<b>Payroll</b> $^1$	Pay	Increase	Age	Service			
1995	5,276	65,133	\$ 2,348,534	\$ 36,058	3.1 %	43.2	12.7			
1996	6,667	63,807	2,515,420	39,422	9.3	43.8	13.0			
1997	7,656	55,434	2,273,203	41,007	4.0	43.7	13.1			
1998	8,021	49,717	2,107,996	42,400	3.4	44.8	14.8			
1999	7,376	49,612	2,213,851	44,623	5.2	45.9	15.8			
2000	7,556	47,778	2,253,818	47,173	5.7	46.7	16.7			
2001	8,809	45,852	2,230,562	48,647	3.1	47.4	17.7			
2002	7,917	43,064	2,133,477	49,542	1.8	48.0	18.6			
2003	7,528	36,536	1,859,555	50,897	2.7	47.7	17.9			
2004	7,397	34,749	1,889,410	54,373	6.8	48.4	19.0			
2005	7,200	33,770	1,880,179	55,676	2.4	49.3	20.0			
2006	7,217	32,575	1,847,653	56,720	1.9	50.1	21.0			
2007	6,663	30,864	1,825,889	59,159	4.3	50.8	21.8			
2008	6,912	28,568	1,763,672	61,736	4.4	51.4	22.7			
2009	6,613	27,455	1,734,325	63,170	2.3	52.1	23.5			
2010	6,243	25,478	1,621,709	63,651	0.8	52.6	24.1			
2011	6,094	19,650	1,276,058	64,939	2.0	51.9	23.3			
2012	6,271	17,860	1,155,591	64,703	(0.4)	52.5	24.2			
2013	5,343	16,466	1,081,729	65,695	1.5	53.2	25.0			
2014	5,007	14,985	1,010,987	67,467	2.7	53.7	25.8			

<sup>1</sup> Amounts shown in thousands of dollars.

# **SECTION E** METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

# VALUATION METHODS

*Actuarial Cost Method* - Normal cost and the allocation of benefit values between service rendered before and after the valuation date was determined using an Individual Entry-Age Actuarial Cost Method having the following characteristics:

- (i) the annual normal cost for each individual active member, payable from the date of employment to the date of retirement, is sufficient to accumulate the value of the member's benefit at the time of retirement;
- (ii) each annual normal cost is a constant percentage of the member's year by year projected covered pay.

Actuarial gains (losses), as they occur, reduce (increase) the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.

*Financing of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities* - Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (full funding credit if assets exceed liabilities) were amortized by level (principal and interest combined) dollar contributions over a reasonable period of future years.

*Present Value of Future Reconciliation Payments* – Subsection 38(5) of the SERS statute provides for a process to reconcile actual employer contributions to the actuarially computed contribution requirements. In order to avoid duplication of the employer contributions, the present value of future reconciliation payments is subtracted from the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The net unfunded actuarial accrued liability is then amortized, resulting in the required amortization payment. Please refer to page A-1.

Actuarial Value of System Assets - The actuarial value of assets recognizes assumed investment income fully each year. Differences between actual and assumed investment income are phased in over a closed five-year period. During periods when investment performance exceeds the assumed rate, actuarial value of assets will tend to be less than market value. During periods when investment performance is less than the assumed rate, actuarial value of assets will tend to be greater than market value. The actuarial value of assets is not permitted to deviate from the market value of assets by more than 30%.

In accordance with Subsection 38(1) of the SERS statute (Act 240 of the Public Acts of 1943, as amended) the actuarial assumptions are adopted by the Retirement Board and the Department of Management and Budget after consultation with the actuary and investment counsel. The actuarial assumptions were based upon the results of an Experience Study for SERS covering the period October 1, 2007 through September 30, 2012. A report dated April 21, 2014 presented the results of this Experience Study. The actuarial assumptions represent estimates of future experience.

*The rate of investment return* was 8.0% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses.

The assumed real rate of investment return is the rate of investment return in excess of either wage inflation or price inflation. Considering a wage inflation assumption of 3.5% and a price inflation assumption of 2.5%, the 8.0% nominal rate of investment return translates into a real rate of investment return of 4.5% over wage inflation and 5.5% over price inflation.

*The rates of pay increase* used for individual members are in accordance with the table below. This assumption is used to project a member's current pay to the pay upon which System benefits will be based. These rates were first used for the September 30, 2010 valuation of the System.

	Salary Increase Assumptions For an Individual Member		
Sample	Merit &	Base	Increase
Ages	Seniority	(Economy)	Next Year
20	9.0%	3.5%	12.5%
25	6.0	3.5	9.5
30	2.6	3.5	6.1
35	1.2	3.5	4.7
40	0.8	3.5	4.3
45	0.5	3.5	4.0
50	0.4	3.5	3.9
55	0.4	3.5	3.9
60	0.0	3.5	3.5
65	0.0	3.5	3.5
Ref	326		

The charts shown in this section of the report may include a reference number (for example, 326 is used above). These reference numbers are used by GRS to track and identify assumption tables.

*The healthy life post-retirement mortality table* used in this valuation of the System was the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvements to 2015 using projection scale BB. This assumption was first used for the September 30, 2014 valuation of the System. Sample rates of mortality and years of life expectancy are shown below. This assumption is used to measure the probabilities of each benefit payment being made after retirement. With regard to a margin for mortality improvement, based upon the results of the last Experience Study, the assumed rates assume 9% fewer deaths for males and 13% fewer deaths for females than those observed during the period 2007-2012.

Sample	Probability of		Futur	e Life
Attained	Dying N	ext Year	Expectancy (years)	
Ages	Men	Women	Men	Women
50	0.20%	0.16%	32.44	35.09
55	0.35	0.25	27.83	30.41
60	0.61	0.43	23.39	25.85
65	1.06	0.81	19.21	21.52
70	1.77	1.40	15.34	17.51
75	3.02	2.35	11.83	13.87
80	5.13	3.83	8.79	10.64
Ref:	713 x 1.00 sf 0	714 x 1.00 sf 0		

*For active members* the probabilities of dying before retirement were based upon the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvements to 2015 using projection scale BB. For men, 50% of the male table rates were used. For women, 50% of the female table rates were used. This assumption was first used for the September 30, 2014 valuation of the System. Sample rates of mortality and years of life expectancy are shown on the following page.

Sample Attained	Probability of Dying Next Year			e Life cy (years)
Ages	Men	Women	Men	Women
20	0.02%	0.01%	68.30	71.55
25	0.02	0.01	63.35	66.59
30	0.02	0.01	58.41	61.62
35	0.04	0.02	53.49	56.67
40	0.05	0.03	48.60	51.74
45	0.07	0.05	43.73	46.84
50	0.10	0.08	38.90	41.98
55	0.17	0.13	34.14	37.17
60	0.30	0.22	29.49	32.45
65	0.53	0.40	25.01	27.87
Ref:	713 x 0.50	714 x 0.50		

For Conservation Officers, 80% of active member deaths are assumed to be non-duty deaths and 20% of the deaths are assumed to be duty related. For Correction Officers, 70% of active member deaths are assumed to be non-duty deaths and 30% of the deaths are assumed to be duty related. For all others, 90% of active member deaths are assumed to be non-duty deaths are assumed to be duty related.

*The disabled life mortality table* used in this valuation of the System was RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvements to 2015 using projection scale BB, set-forward 10 years. This assumption was first used for the September 30, 2014 valuation of the System. For disabled retirees, the sample rates of mortality and years of life expectancy are shown below. This assumption is used to measure the probabilities of each benefit payment being made after retirement.

Sample Attained	Probability of Dying Next Year			e Life cy (years)
Ages	Men	Women	Men	Women
50	0.61%	0.43%	23.39	25.85
55	1.06	0.81	19.21	21.52
60	1.77	1.40	15.34	17.51
65	3.02	2.35	11.83	13.87
70	5.13	3.83	8.79	10.64
75	8.83	6.46	6.25	7.85
80	15.54	11.16	4.29	5.64
Ref:	713 x 1.00 sf 10	714 x 1.00 sf 10		

*The rates of regular retirement* used to measure the probability of eligible members retiring with an unreduced benefit during the next year are shown below. This assumption was first used for the September 30, 2010 valuation of the System.

	Percent of Eligible Members Retiring		
Retirement	Conservation	Corrections	
Ages	Officers	Officers	Others
45	290/		
45	28%		
46	28		
47 48	28		
48 49	28		
49	28		
50	28		
51	28	27%	
52	28	21	
53	28	14	
54	28	16	
55	28	16	15%
56	28	22	14
57	28	15	10
58	28	12	10
59	28	12	11
60	28	18	14
61	28	18	13
62	50	32	22
63	40	24	19
64	40	22	16
65	60	16	25
66	50	22	22
67	50	30	21
68	50	40	20
69	50	50	22
70	100	100	50
71	100	100	60
72	100	100	70
73	100	100	80
74	100	100	90
75	100	100	100
Ref	1603	1604	1605

Note: For Conservation Officers, 40% are assumed to retire in their first year of eligibility for unreduced benefits (completion of 25 years of service).

*The rates of early retirement* used to measure the probability of eligible members retiring with reduced retirement benefits during the next year are shown below. These rates were first used for the September 30, 2010 valuation of the System.

Retirement	Percent of	
Ages	Eligible Members Retiring	
55	5.5%	
56	8.0	
57	7.0	
58	7.0	
59	7.0	
Ref	1606	

*The rates of separation from active membership* used in the valuation are shown below (rates do not apply to members eligible to retire and do not include separation on account of death or disability). This assumption measures the probabilities of members remaining in employment, and was first used for the September 30, 2014 actuarial valuation of the System.

Sample	Years of	Percent Separating
Ages	Service	Within Next Year
All	0	12 000/
All	0	12.00%
	1	8.50
	2	6.50
	3	5.00
	4	4.00
20	5 & Over	4.00
25		3.50
30		2.82
35		2.38
40		2.06
45		1.84
50		1.68
55		1.60
60		1.60
Ref	405	1291

*Rates of disability* among active members used in the valuation are shown below, and were first used for the September 30, 2010 valuation of the System.

	Percent Becoming Disabled Within Next Year	
Sample	Non-Duty	Duty
Ages	Disability	Disability
25	0.03%	0.00%
30	0.05	0.01
35	0.10	0.01
40	0.20	0.02
45	0.34	0.04
50	0.47	0.06
55	0.92	0.08
60	2.10	0.11
65	2.30	0.16
Ref.	571	14 x .20

# MISCELLANEOUS AND TECHNICAL ASSUMPTIONS

Benefit Service	Exact fractional service is used to determine the amount of benefit payable.
Decrement Operation	Disability and withdrawal decrements do not operate during retirement eligibility.
Decrement Timing	Decrements of all types are assumed to occur mid-year.
Eligibility Testing	Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday and service nearest whole year on the date the decrement is assumed to occur.
Forfeitures	For vested separations from service, it is assumed that 0% of members separating will withdraw their contributions and forfeit an employer financed benefit. It was further assumed that the liability at termination is the greater of the vested deferred benefit (if any) or the member's accumulated contributions.
Incidence of Contributions	Contributions are assumed to be received continuously throughout the year.
Liability Adjustments	Retirement liabilities were increased by 1% to account for unused vacation time. Inactive vested member liabilities were increased by 2% to reflect the value of the death benefit provision.
Marriage Assumption	75% of males and 60% of females were assumed to be married for purposes of death-in-service benefits. Male spouses are assumed to be three years older than female spouses for active member valuation purposes.
Normal Form of Benefit	A straight life benefit is the normal form of benefit.
Pay Increase Timing	Pay increases were assumed to be at the beginning of the fiscal year. This is equivalent to assuming that reported pays represent amounts paid to members during the year ended on the valuation date.
Service Credit Accruals	Members were assumed to accrue one year of service credit per year.
Service Purchase Load	A \$19,773,166 load has been included in the accrued liability, to account for the amounts included in the plan's reported assets for purchased service that has not been paid for yet by the members.

# **SECTION F** PLAN PROVISIONS

On December 15, 2011, the Governor signed Public Act 264 of 2011 into law. The legislation granted members a one time opportunity to choose their future retirement plan which resulted in three distinct benefit groups within the State Employees Retirement System defined benefit (DB) pension plan.

**Group 1: DB Classified:** Members who elected to remain in the DB plan for future years of service and contribute 4% of their annual compensation to the pension fund until they terminate state employment. The 4% member contributions began on April 1, 2012.

**Group 2: DB 30:** Members who elected to remain in the DB plan for future years of service and contribute 4% of pay until they complete 30 years of service. When they complete 30 years of service, they will switch to the State's defined contribution (DC) pension plan. The 4% member contributions began on April 1, 2012, and will continue until they switch to the DC plan or terminate state employment, whichever comes first.

**Group 3: DB/DC Blend:** Members who chose not to pay the 4% contributions and therefore became active participants in the DC pension plan for future years of service beginning April 1, 2012.

Group 2 and Group 3 members may be eligible to receive a pension benefit from the SERS DB plan based on service, compensation and the retirement benefit formula in effect as of their date of transfer into the DC plan. This benefit is payable upon meeting the retirement or other eligibility conditions of the DB plan.

### **<u>Regular Retirement</u>** (no reduction factor for age):

<u>Eligibility</u> - Age 55 with 30 years of service; or age 60 with 10 or more years service. Corrections Officers may retire at age 51 with 25 or more years service; or age 56 with 10 or more years service. Conservation Officers may retire after 25 years of service regardless of age.

<u>Final Average Compensation</u> - Regular retirement benefit is based on final average compensation (FAC), which is usually the average of highest 3 consecutive years (2 years for Conservation Officers).

<u>Annual Amount</u> - Total service times 1.5% of FAC. For members with 20 or more years of service, a \$3,000 minimum annual benefit is payable. Corrections Officers receive an additional temporary supplement to age 62 equal to the product of supplemental service times 0.5% of FAC. Conservation Officers retiring after 25 years receive a benefit equal to 60% of FAC. For eligible Group 2 and Group 3 members, the benefit amount (regular retirement and any supplemental benefit) is determined as of the date of transfer to the DC pension plan, based on FAC and service at the time of transfer.

#### **Early Retirement** (age reduction factor used):

Eligibility - Age 55 with 15 or more years of service.

<u>Annual Amount</u> - Computed as described above under "regular retirement" but reduced by  $\frac{1}{2}$ % for each month under age 60.

### Deferred Retirement (vested benefit):

<u>Eligibility</u> - 10 years service (5 years for unclassified persons in the executive or legislative branch). Benefit commences at age 60.

<u>Annual Amount</u> - Computed as described above under "regular retirement" based on service and FAC at termination of State employment for Group 1.

#### Duty Disability Retirement:

Eligibility - No age or service requirement.

<u>Annual Amount</u> - <u>Disability age 60+</u>: Computed as a regular retirement benefit with minimum benefit based on 10 years service. <u>Disability prior to age 60</u>: To age 60, benefit is computed as a regular retirement benefit using service at the time of disability retirement with a minimum benefit of \$6,000 per year. Additional limitation such that benefit plus workers' compensation does not exceed final compensation. At age 60, benefit is recomputed as a regular retirement benefit with service granted for period in receipt of disability benefit before age 60. If the member dies before age 60, benefits are payable to a surviving spouse computed as a regular retirement benefit but based on service at time of disability retirement plus elapsed time between date of retirement and age 60. Eligible Group 2 and Group 3 members may elect this benefit in lieu of the Frozen DB plan benefit (established on their transfer date) and their DC plan account balance.

#### Non-Duty Disability Retirement:

Eligibility - 10 years of service.

<u>Annual Amount</u> - Computed as regular retirement benefit based on service and FAC at time of disability. Minimum annual benefit is \$600. Eligible Group 2 and Group 3 members may elect this benefit in lieu of the Frozen DB plan benefit (established on their transfer date) and their DC plan account balance.

#### Duty Death Before Retirement:

Eligibility - No age or service requirement.

<u>Annual Amount</u> - Surviving spouse receives annual benefit computed as a regular retirement benefit as if the deceased member retired the day before date of death and elected Option A. Benefit is based on member's service at time of death, or 10 years of service, whichever is greater. A minimum benefit of \$6,000 per year is payable. Children under age 21 each receive an equal share of 1/2 of the benefit payable (surviving spouse receives the other 1/2), to a maximum of 1/2 for all children. A given child's share of benefits terminates upon the child's marriage, death or attainment of age 21. In the event that there is no surviving spouse, the benefit is allocated equally among all children subject to the limitations described above. In the event that there is no surviving spouse or eligible children, benefits may be paid to an eligible, dependent parent. Benefits end upon the marriage or death of the surviving parent. Additional limitation such that benefit plus workers' compensation does not exceed final compensation. Eligible Group 2 and Group 3 members may elect this benefit in lieu of the Frozen DB plan benefit (established on their transfer date) and their DC plan account balance.

#### Non-Duty Death Before Retirement:

<u>Eligibility</u> - 10 years of service. In the case of a deceased vested former member, the survivor benefit commences when the deceased former member would have attained age 60.

<u>Annual Amount</u> - Computed as a regular retirement benefit but reduced in accordance with a 100% Joint and Survivor form of payment. Eligible Group 2 and Group 3 members may elect this benefit in lieu of the Frozen DB plan benefit (established on their transfer date) and DC plan account balance.

#### Post Retirement Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA):

One-time upward adjustments have been made in 1972, 1974, 1976, 1977, and 1987. Beginning in 1983 some benefit recipients share in a distribution of a portion of investment income earned in excess of 8% annually (supplemental payment). Beginning in 1988 all benefit recipients are eligible for automatic 3% annual (non-compounded) benefit increases, with a maximum \$300 annual increase. Eligibility for the above benefits:

Retired before October 1, 1987 - Greater of supplemental payment or the combination of the 1987 one-time adjustment and the automatic increases.

Retired on or after October 1, 1987 - Automatic increases only.

Eligible members of Groups 1, 2 and 3 receive automatic post retirement COLA.

#### Member Contributions:

Group 1 Members: 4% of annual pay effective April 1, 2012.

**Group 2 Members:** 4% of annual pay effective April 1, 2012 until the date of transfer to DC pension plan.

Group 3 Members: N/A

### Defined Contribution Legislation (Public Act 487 of 1996):

New state employees hired on or after March 31, 1997 become participants in Tier 2 (*i.e.*, a defined contribution plan) rather than Tier 1 (*i.e.*, the above described defined benefit plan).

Active members on March 30, 1997 could irrevocably elect to terminate membership in Tier 1 and become participants in Tier 2. Elections had to be in writing and submitted between January 2, 1998 and April 30, 1998. Such members became Tier 2 participants on June 1, 1998, and had the actuarial present value of their Tier 1 accrued benefit transferred into Tier 2 by November 30, 1998.

A defined benefit disability pension or death-in-service pension may be payable if a Tier 2 participant becomes disabled or dies in service.

#### Former Tier 1 Members:

A former non-vested member who is reemployed on or after January 1, 2014 is not eligible for membership in Tier 1. This type of member shall become a qualified participant in Tier 2, and shall be treated as being first employed by the State as of his or her date of reemployment.

# SECTION G GLOSSARY

### GLOSSARY

Actuarial Accrued Liability	The difference between (i) the actuarial present value of future plan benefits, and (ii) the actuarial present value of future normal cost. Sometimes referred to as "accrued liability" or "past service liability."
Accrued Service	The service credited under the plan which was rendered before the date of the actuarial valuation.
Actuarial Assumptions	Estimates of future plan experience with respect to rates of mortality, disability, turnover, retirement, rate or rates of investment income and salary increases. Decrement assumptions (rates of mortality, disability, turnover and retirement) are generally based on past experience, often modified for projected changes in conditions. Economic assumptions (salary increases and investment income) consist of an underlying rate in an inflation-free environment plus a provision for a long-term average rate of inflation.
Actuarial Cost Method	A mathematical budgeting procedure for allocating the dollar amount of the "actuarial present value of future plan benefits" between the actuarial present value of future normal cost and the actuarial accrued liability. Sometimes referred to as the "actuarial funding method."
Actuarial Equivalent	A single amount or series of amounts of equal value to another single amount or series of amounts, computed on the basis of the rate(s) of interest and mortality tables used by the plan.
Actuarial Present Value	The amount of funds presently required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. It is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.
Amortization	Paying off an interest-bearing liability by means of periodic payments of interest and principal, as opposed to paying it off with a lump sum payment.
Experience Gain/(Loss)	A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, in accordance with the actuarial cost method being used.

## GLOSSARY

Normal Cost	The annual cost assigned, under the actuarial funding method, to current and subsequent plan years. Sometimes referred to as "current service cost." Any payment toward the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is not part of the normal cost.
Reserve Account	An account used to indicate that funds have been set aside for a specific purpose and is not generally available for other uses.
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	The difference between the actuarial accrued liability and valuation assets. Sometimes referred to as "unfunded accrued liability."
Valuation Assets	The value of current plan assets recognized for valuation purposes. Generally based on market value plus a portion of unrealized appreciation or depreciation.