

MICHIGAN PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

ANNUAL ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT SEPTEMBER 30, 2007



April 7, 2008

The Retirement Board Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System General Office Building, Third Floor P.O. Box 30171 Lansing, Michigan 48909

Re: Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System - Actuarial Valuation as of September 30, 2007

Dear Board Members:

The results of the annual actuarial valuation of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System pension benefits are presented in this report. The purpose of the valuation was to measure the System's funding progress and to determine the employer contribution for the next fiscal year.

The valuation was based upon information furnished by the Office of Retirement Services, concerning Retirement System benefits, financial transactions, and active members, terminated members, retirees and beneficiaries. Data was checked for internal and year-to-year consistency, but was not otherwise audited. Year 2005 and prior years' valuation results back to 1993 were not prepared by GRS and are reproduced for comparison with the current year's results.

The valuation summarized in this report involves actuarial calculations that require making assumptions about future events. We believe that the assumptions and methods used in this report are reasonable and appropriate. However, other assumptions and methods could also be reasonable and could result in materially different results. Some of the numbers in this report are rounded. The use of rounded numbers for plan liabilities should not imply a lack of precision. In addition, because it is not possible or practical to consider every possible contingency, we may use summary information, estimates or simplifications of calculations to facilitate the modeling of future events. We may also exclude factors or data that we deem to be immaterial.

To the best of our knowledge, this report is complete and accurate and the valuation was conducted in accordance with standards of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board and in compliance with the applicable state statutes. All of the undersigned are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries (M.A.A.A.) and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion contained herein. It is our opinion that the actuarial assumptions used for the valuation produce results which are reasonable.

Sincerely,

Alan Sonnanstine, ASA, MAAA

Ala E. Sonnanston

Cathy Way Cathy Nagy, FSA, MAAA

AES/CN:lr

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY/BOARD SUMMARY

1. Required Employer Contributions to Support Retirement Benefits

The computed employer contribution for the fiscal year beginning October 1, 2007 is shown below. Computed contributions are shown as a percentage of active member payroll and as an annual dollar amount.

Total Computed Employer Contribution					
As a percentage of active member payroll	8.87%				
As an annual dollar amount	\$904,409,331				

2. Contribution Comparison

The chart below compares the results of this valuation of the Retirement System with the results of the prior year's valuation:

Valuation Date	9/30/2006	9/30/2007		
Contribution % Contribution \$	10.90% \$1,106,314,895	8.87% \$904,409,331		

3. Reasons for Change

There are three general reasons why contribution rates change from one valuation to the next. The first is a change in the benefits or eligibility conditions of the plan. The second is a change in the valuation assumptions used to predict future occurrences. The third is the difference during the year between the plan's actual experience and what the assumptions predicted.

There were no benefit changes reported to the actuary for the year ended September 30, 2007. There were no material assumption changes. The actuarial value of assets was increased to market value for the September 30, 2006 valuation after the valuation report was published. Experience for the year ended September 30, 2007 was overall favorable and is described in more detail in Section B of this report.

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SECTION AINTRODUCTION

CONTRIBUTION REQUIREMENTS

Development of Employer Contributions for the Indicated Valuation Date

			September 30				
	Contributions for		2006		2007		
(1) (2) (3)	Total Normal Cost of Benefits (as a % of member pay) Member Contribution % (weighted average) Employer Normal Cost % = (1) - (2)		9.41% <u>3.98%</u> 5.43%		9.40% <u>3.99%</u> 5.41%		
(4)	Projected Active Member Payroll for Coming Year	\$	10,149,677,942	\$	10,196,272,059		
(5)	Employer Normal Cost $\$ = (3) x (4)$		551,127,512		551,618,318		
(6) (7) (8)	Total Accrued Liability Funding Value of Assets Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (UAAL) = (6) - (7)	\$	49,136,170,650 39,892,950,554 9,243,220,096		51,106,828,473 45,335,413,233 5,771,415,240		
(9) (10)	Amortization Period Amortization Factor (level percent of payroll payments)		30 16.65646971		29 16.37632881		
(11) (12)	Amortization Payment $\% = (8) / (10) / (4)$ Amortization Payment $\$ = (11) \times (4)$	\$	5.47% 555,187,383	\$	3.46% 352,791,013		
(13) (14)	Total Computed Employer Contribution $\% = (3) + (11)$ Total Computed Employer Contribution $\$ = (5) + (12)$	\$	10.90% 1,106,314,895	\$	8.87% 904,409,331		

Computed Employer Contributions

Based on the assumptions outlined in Section E, the long term contribution rate for the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System is expected to be 5.41% of payroll (the employer normal cost rate). However, for the current year there is also a contribution needed to fund the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL). The sum of these two contributions is the recommended employer contribution rate.

Determining Employer Dollar Contributions

For any period of time, the percent-of-payroll contribution rate needs to be converted to dollars, then promptly contributed to the Retirement System. The employer normal cost rate (expressed as a % of active member payroll reported for this valuation) was 5.41%. Applying the employer normal cost contribution rate of 5.41% to the projected payroll for the coming fiscal year, produces annual employer normal cost contributions of \$551,618,318. The amortization payment for funding the UAAL, \$352,791,013, when added to the normal cost contribution produces a total employer contribution of \$904,409,331.

DISCUSSION OF CHANGES

Revisions in Benefits

There have been no revisions in plan benefits.

Revisions in Actuarial Assumptions or Methods

There have been no material revisions in actuarial assumptions. As indicated on page 1, this valuation of the plan reflects a change from the prior year's valuation, namely, a beginning of year actuarial value of assets equal to the market value of assets. Five year asset value smoothing restarted October 1, 2006. In addition, after the 2006 valuation report was published, the legislature adopted, for one year only (fiscal year 2006/2007), an amortization payment equal to real-interest-only on the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (instead of 30 year principal and interest amortization). Unlike the change in the asset valuation method, the interest-only change does not affect the 2007 and later valuation reports (other than the impact of the smaller 2006/2007 employer contribution). The effects of these changes are reported on the following two pages.

Actuarial Experience

Actuarial Experience was more favorable than that anticipated by the actuarial assumptions. The total actuarial gain was \$614 million. The gain was primarily due to investment gains, offset somewhat by longer than projected retiree lifetimes.

MEASURES OF FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS

The purpose of this section of the report is to provide certain measures which indicate the financial soundness of the program. These measures relate to long term solvency and level funding.

The various percentages listed in this section as of a single valuation date are not overly significant standing alone. What is more significant is the trend of the rates over a period of years. It is also important to keep in mind that each time benefits or assumptions are revised, actuarial liabilities are created or diminished. Any newly created liabilities are financed systematically over a period of future years. All actuarially computed values in this analysis are based on the actuarial assumptions utilized in the respective years' actuarial valuations.

Long Term Solvency

Over the longer term, the solvency of an ongoing plan can be measured by comparing the actuarial value of assets to an amount known as the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) under the Entry Age actuarial cost method. This item has often been called the "past service liability". The AAL is affected immediately by any revisions in benefits or assumptions. The accumulation of assets to equal the AAL can be considered a long range funding goal. Largely because of periodic benefit increases, very few retirement programs have attained this goal.

	Actuarial	Actuarial	% of AAL
Valuation Date	Value of Assets	Accrued Liability	Covered by Assets
9/30/2007	\$45,335,413,233	\$51,106,828,473	88.7 %
9/30/2006 1	42,995,406,246	49,136,170,650	87.5
9/30/2006	39,892,950,554	49,136,170,650	81.2

¹ Revised asset valuation method.

MEASURES OF FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS

Level Contributions

The actuarial assumptions and cost methods have been chosen with the intent of producing required employer contributions which remain fairly level as a percentage of active member payroll.

Valuation Date	Normal Cost	Amortization Payment	Total Contribution
9/30/2007	5.41 %	3.46 %	8.87 %
9/30/2006 ²	5.43	2.72	8.15
9/30/2006 1	5.43	3.63	9.06
9/30/2006	5.43	5.47	10.90

¹ Revised asset valuation method.

A major factor affecting the stability of the contribution requirements just shown is how well the actual plan experience compares to the actuarial assumptions. The value of the difference between what actually occurred and what was assumed to occur is called the actuarial gain or loss. Gains tend to lower the subsequent cost of the program while losses tend to cause subsequent costs to rise.

Year Ending	Actuarial Gain (Loss)				
9/30/2007	\$	614,085,701			
9/30/2006		539,349,743			

Analysis of all the benchmarks listed above over a period of years will provide an indication of whether the program is becoming financially stronger or weaker.

² Interest-only funding adopted for one year only.

SECTION B

FUNDING RESULTS

PRESENT VALUE OF FUTURE BENEFITS AND ACCRUED LIABILITY

Determination of Unfunded Accrued Liability as of September 30, 2007

A.	Accrued Liability	
	1. For retirees and beneficiaries	\$31,253,963,755
	2. For vested terminated members	761,659,320
	3. For present active members	
	a. Value of expected future benefit payments	27,248,326,554
	b. Value of future normal costs	8,157,121,156
	c. Active member accrued liability: (a) - (b)	19,091,205,398
	4. Total accrued liability	51,106,828,473
B.	Present Assets (Funding Value)	45,335,413,233
C.	Unfunded Accrued Liability: (A.4) - (B)	5,771,415,240
D.	Funding Ratio: (B) / (A.4)	88.7%

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EXPERIENCE GAIN/(LOSS)

A. Derivation of Actuarial Gain/(Loss)

1.	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability(UAAL) - Previous Valuation	\$9,243,220,096
2.	Total Normal Cost (employer plus member) for Year Ending 9/30/2007	955,084,694
3.	Total Contributions (employer plus member) for Year Ending 9/30/2007	1,192,127,594
4.	Interest at 8% on:	
	a. UAAL: .08 x (1)	739,457,608
	b. Normal Cost and Contributions: .04 x [(2) - (3)]	(9,481,716)
	c. Net Total: (a) + (b)	729,975,892
5.	Change in UAAL due to Benefit Changes	-
6.	Change in UAAL due to Assumption Changes	-
	a. Change in UAAL due to Revised Asset Valuation Method	(3,350,652,147)
7.	Expected UAAL Current Year:	
	(1) + (2) - (3) + (4c) + (5) + (6) + (6a)	6,385,500,941
8.	Actual UAAL Current Year	5,771,415,240
9.	Experience Gain/(Loss): A.7 - A.8	614,085,701
B. Ap	proximate Portion of Gain/(Loss) due to Investments	756,879,915
C. Ap	proximate Portion of Gain/(Loss) due to Liabilities: (A.9) - (B)	(142,794,214)

The schedule above shows the net, aggregate experience for the System. The next page shows this experience in detail.

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DETAILED EXPERIENCE GAIN/(LOSS)

Gains/(Losses) During the Year Ended September 30, 2007 Resulting from Differences Between Assumed and Actual Experience

TYPE OF ACTIVITY

	Gain/(Loss)
1. Retirements (including disability retirement). If members retire at older ages or with lower final average pay than assumed, there is a gain. If younger ages or higher average pays, a loss.	\$ 35,353,917
2. Withdrawal from Employment (including death-in-service). If more liabilities are released by withdrawals and deaths than assumed, there is a gain. If smaller releases, a loss.	3,088,291
3. Pay Increases. If there are smaller pay increases than assumed, there is a gain. If greater increases, a loss.	17,182,307
4. Investment Income. If there is greater investment income than assumed, there is a gain. If less income, a loss.	756,879,915
5. Death After Retirement. If retirants and inactive vested members live longer than assumed, there is a loss. If not as long, a gain.	(231,416,672)
6. New Entrants/Rehires.	(90,007,837)
7. Other. Miscellaneous gains and losses resulting from data adjustments, timing of financial transactions, etc.	123,005,780
8. Composite Gain (or Loss) During Year.	\$614,085,701



EXPERIENCE GAIN/(LOSS)

Five Year History (Amounts Shown in Millions)

Plan Year Ending September 30	-	erience n/(Loss)	I	in/(Loss) Due to estments	V	ctuarial alue of estments	Investment Gain/(Loss) as % of Assets
2007	\$	614	\$	757	\$	45,335	1.67%
2006^{-1}				3,102			
2006		539		(205)		39,893	(0.51)
2005		(1,868)		(2,086)		38,211	(5.46)
2004		(2,001)		(1,960)		38,784	(5.05)
2003		(2,337)		(1,684)		38,726	(4.35)

¹ Assets reset to market value on September 30, 2006.

Plan Year Ending September 30	Due	Gain/(Loss) Due to Liabilties		ctuarial ccrued iability	Liability Gain/(Loss) as % of Accrued Liability	
2007	\$	(143)	\$	51,107	(0.28)%	
2006		744		49,136	1.51	
2005		218		48,206	0.45	
2004		(41)		46,317	(0.09)	
2003		(653)		44,769	(1.46)	

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HISTORICAL FUNDING LEVELS FOR ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITIES

(Amounts Shown in Millions)

Valuation Date September 30	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Actuarial Value of Assets	Funded Ratio	Unfunded/(Overfunded) Accrued Liability	Active Member Reported Payroll ²	Unfunded/(Overfunded) As % of Active Payroll
1993 ¹	\$21,699	\$16,999	78.3 %	\$4,700	\$ 7,070	66.5%
1994	23,500	18,503	78.7	4,997	7,344	68.0
1994 ³	25,014	18,503	74.0	6,511	7,344	88.7
1995	27,402	20,455	74.6	6,947	7,565	91.8
1996	28,571	22,529	78.9	6,042	7,807	77.4
1997	30,179	25,485	84.4	4,694	8,027	58.5
1997 ⁴	29,792	30,051	100.9	(259)	8,027	(3.2)
1998	32,137	31,870	99.2	267	8,265	3.2
1998 ³	32,863	31,870	97.0	993	8,265	12.0
1999	34,348	34,095	99.3	253	8,644	2.9
2000	37,139	36,893	99.3	246	8,985	2.7
2001	39,774	38,399	96.5	1,375	9,264	14.8
2002	41,957	38,382	91.5	3,575	9,707	36.8
2003	44,769	38,726	86.5	6,043	10,044	60.2
2004	47,055	38,784	82.4	8,271	10,465	79.0
2004 3	46,317	38,784	83.7	7,533	10,407	72.4
2005	48,206	38,211	79.3	9,995	10,206	97.9
2006	49,136	39,893	81.2	9,243	9,806	94.3
2006 1	49,136	42,995	87.5	6,141	9,806	62.6
2007	51,107	45,335	88.7	5,771	9,851	58.6

¹ Revised asset valuation method.

GRS

² Valuation payroll includes payroll projection factor through 1994.

³ Revised actuarial assumptions.

Revised actuarial assumptions and asset valuation method.

RECOMMENDED AND ACTUAL EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS HISTORICAL COMPARISON

(Amounts Shown in Millions)

Fiscal Year Ending	Valuation Date	Contribution Rates As Percents of		Employer Contribution for Fiscal Year	
September 30	September 30	Valuation Payroll	Actual Payroll	Computed	Actual
1994	1993 ²	8.62 %	\$ 7,319.5	\$ 630.9	\$ 809.8
1995	1994	10.91	7,433.5	811.0	769.9
1996	1995	11.21	7,732.5	866.8	829.6
1997	1996 ³	10.97	8,028.6	880.7	904.9
1998	1997	10.22	8,226.1	840.7	-
1998	1997 ¹	6.70	8,226.1	551.1	674.7
1999	1998	6.96	8,447.7	588.0	-
1999	1998 1	7.18	8,447.7	606.5	574.4
2000	1999	6.63	9,169.3	607.9	655.3
2001	2000	6.48	9,374.8	607.5	756.0
2002	2001	7.22	9,719.6	701.8	604.0
2003	2002	8.37	10,021.1	838.8	697.9
2004	2003	9.74	10,029.2	976.8	697.6
2005	2004	10.72	10,137.4	1,086.7	-
2005	2004 1	9.83	10,137.4	996.5	715.0
2006	2005	11.38	10,242.5	1,165.6	996.0
2007	2006	10.90	10,307.6	1,123.5	-
2007	2006 2	9.06	10,307.6	933.9	-
2007	2006 5	8.15	10,307.6	840.1	835.4
2008 4	2007	8.87			

Revised actuarial assumptions and/or methods.

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² Revised asset valuation method.

³ Amortization period changed from rolling 50 years to declining 40 years effective 10-1-96.

⁴ For the year ending September 30, 2008 the actual payroll and actual contribution are not yet known.

⁵ Interest-only funding adopted for one year only.

HISTORICAL FUNDING LEVELS FOR PRIORITIZED ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY

	Actuarial Accrued Liability							
	(\$ in Millions)							
	(4)	(2)	(3)					
77.1	(1)	(2)	Active and	W7 N	5			
Valuation	Active	Retirants	Inactive Members	Valuation	Portion		al Accrued	Liability
Date	Members	and	(Employer Financed	Assets			by Assets	4
September 30	Contributions	Beneficiaries	Portion)	(\$ in Millions)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4) ⁴
1993 ¹	\$1,700	\$ 9,177	\$ 10,822	\$16,999	100%	100%	56.6%	78.3%
1994	1,892	10,051	11,557	18,502	100	100	56.8	78.7
1994 ²	1,892	10,312	12,810	18,502	100	100	49.2	74.0
1995	2,057	11,569	13,776	20,455	100	100	49.6	74.6
1996	2,261	12,590	13,720	22,529	100	100	56.0	78.9
1997	2,500	14,303	13,376	25,485	100	100	64.9	84.4
1997 ³	2,500	14,303	12,989	30,051	100	100	102.0	100.9
1998	2,505	15,689	13,943	31,870	100	100	98.1	99.2
1998 ²	2,505	15,888	14,470	31,870	100	100	93.1	97.0
1999	2,706	17,291	14,351	34,095	100	100	98.2	99.3
2000	2,932	19,200	15,007	36,893	100	100	98.4	99.3
2001	3,244	20,943	15,587	38,399	100	100	91.2	96.5
2002	3,490	22,480	15,987	38,382	100	100	77.6	91.5
2003	3,720	24,080	16,969	38,726	100	100	64.4	86.5
2004	3,800	26,178	17,077	38,784	100	100	51.6	82.4
2004 ²	3,800	26,178	16,339	38,784	100	100	53.9	83.7
2005	3,898	28,047	16,261	38,211	100	100	38.5	79.3
2006	4,082	29,505	15,549	39,893	100	100	40.6	81.2
2006 1	4,082	29,505	15,549	42,995	100	100	60.5	87.5
2007	4,376	31,254	15,477	45,335	100	100	62.7	88.7

¹ Revised asset valuation method.

² Revised actuarial assumptions.

Revised actuarial assumptions and asset valuation method.

Percent funded on a total valuation asset and total actuarial accrued liability basis.

FINANCIAL OBJECTIVE ACHIEVEMENT INDICATORS – HISTORICAL COMPARISON (DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN MILLIONS)

		Terminatio	n Indicator	
		Actuarial		Experience
		Present Value		Indicator
Valuation	Valuation	of Vested	Funded	Actuarial
September 30	Assets	Benefits	Ratio	Gain (Loss)
1993	\$ 16,999	\$15,892	107.0 %	N/A
1994	18,503	17,493	105.8	N/A
1994 ²	18,503	18,488	100.1	N/A
1995	20,455	20,192	101.3	\$ (168)
1996	22,529	21,365	105.4	1,186
1997	25,485	23,413	108.8	1,563
1997 ³	30,051	23,601	127.3	1,563
1998	31,870	25,838	123.3	(583)
1998 ²	31,870	26,205	121.6	(583)
1999	34,095	27,755	122.8	904
2000	36,893	30,264	121.9	2
2001	38,399	32,755	117.2	(1,259)
2002	38,382	34,686	110.7	(2,096)
2003	38,726	37,424	103.5	(2,337)
2004	38,784	39,659	97.8	(2,001)
2004 ²	38,784	39,737	97.6	(2,001)
2005	38,211	41,595	91.9	(1,868)
2006	39,893	45,549	87.6	539
2006 1	42,995	45,549	94.4	3,641
2007	45,335	47,502	95.4	614

¹ Revised asset valuation method.

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² Revised actuarial assumptions.

Revised actuarial assumptions and asset valuation method.

SECTION C

FUND ASSETS

PLAN NET ASSETS (ASSETS AT MARKET OR FAIR VALUE)

	September 30		
	2006	2007	
Equity in Common Cash	\$ 80,357,839	\$ 107,566,776	
Total Receivables	569,126,376	508,622,398	
Short-Term Investment Pool	1,157,408,825	1,044,227,905	
Fixed Income Pool	6,938,206,663	7,853,184,370	
Domestic Equity Pool	20,495,719,082	22,491,305,149	
Real Estate Investment Pool	3,193,943,571	4,262,390,199	
Alternative Investment Pool	5,404,053,481	6,696,601,576	
International Investment Pool	5,190,712,951	5,420,219,819	
Total Assets	43,029,528,788	48,384,118,192	
Other Assets (Liabilities)	(34,122,542)	(21,185,297)	
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$42,995,406,246	\$48,362,932,895	

Note: Asset amounts exclude assets held for health benefits.

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RECONCILIATION OF PLAN ASSETS

	September 30, 2006	September 30, 2007
Market Value, BOY	\$39,216,068,515	\$42,995,406,246
Additions		
Member Contributions	518,599,720	356,761,212
Employer Contributions	995,996,999	835,366,382
Net Investment Income	4,927,177,496	7,177,114,740
Transfer From Stabilization Account	0	0
Adjustments	145,381,065	(64,574) *
Total Additions	6,587,155,280	8,369,177,760
Deductions		
Benefit Payments	(2,761,292,217)	(2,944,920,179)
Contribution Refunds/Transfers	(24,024,234)	(32,241,730)
Administrative Expenses	(22,501,098)	(24,489,202)
Total Deductions	(2,807,817,549)	(3,001,651,111)
Market Value, EOY	\$42,995,406,246	\$48,362,932,895

^{*} Reflects adjustment made to the September 30, 2005 and September 30, 2006 assets after the 2005 and 2006 actuarial reports were published, respectively. Also see line 3h on the following two pages.

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DEVELOPMENT OF VALUATION ASSETS

	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
1. Beginning of Year Assets					
a. Market Value	\$ 42,995,406,246				
b. Valuation Assets	42,995,406,246				
2. End of Year Assets at Market Value	48,362,932,895				
3. Net Additions to Market Value					
a. Member Contributions	356,761,212				
b. Employer Contributions	835,366,382				
c. Investment Income	7,177,114,740				
d. Benefit Payments	(2,944,920,179)				
e. Contribution Refunds/Transfers	(32,241,730)				
f. Administrative Expenses	(24,489,202)				
g. Transfer (to) from stabilization subaccount	0				
h. Audit Adjustment	(64,574)				
i. Total Additions to Market Value	5,367,526,649				
4. Summary of Net Additions to Market Value					
a. Net Contributions and Transfers = $3a + 3b + 3e + 3g$	1,159,885,864				
b. Net Investment Income = $3c + 3f$	7,152,625,538				
c. Benefit Payments = 3d	(2,944,920,179)				
d. Audit Adjustment = 3h	(64,574)				
e. Total Additions to Market Value	5,367,526,649				
5. Average Valuation Assets =					
1b + .5 x (4a + 4c) + 4d	42,102,824,514				
6. Imputed Income at Valuation Rate = 8.00% x 5	3,368,225,961				
7. Gain (Loss) from investments = 4b - 6	3,784,399,577				
8. Portion of Gains (Losses) recognized from prior years					
a. From this year = $.2 * 7$	756,879,915				
b. From one year ago	0	\$756,879,915			
c. From two years ago	0	0	\$756,879,915		
d. From three years ago	0	0	0	\$756,879,915	
e. From four years ago	0	0	0	0	\$756,879,917
f. Total	756,879,915	756,879,915	756,879,915	756,879,915	756,879,917
9. Change in Valuation Assets = $4a + 4c + 4d + 6 + 8f$	2,340,006,987				
10. End of Year Assets					
a. Market Value = 2	48,362,932,895				
b. Valuation Assets = $1b + 9$	45,335,413,233				
11. Actuarial Rate of Return	9.80%				
12. Market Rate of Return	16.99%				



DEVELOPMENT OF VALUATION ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
1. Beginning of Year Assets					
a. Market Value	\$ 34,605,769,223	\$ 29,655,593,676	\$ 33,162,274,148	\$ 36,288,506,853	\$ 39,216,068,515
b. Valuation Assets	38,399,142,454	38,382,189,323	38,726,183,662	38,783,811,565	38,211,008,964
2. End of Year Assets at Market Value	29,655,593,676	33,162,274,148	36,288,506,853	39,216,068,515	42,995,406,246
3. Net Additions to Market Value					
a. Member Contributions	413,163,871	379,084,549	456,352,606	278,290,298	518,599,720
b. Employer Contributions	603,949,327	697,906,265	697,647,338	714,980,264	995,996,999
c. Investment Income	(3,865,135,521)	4,532,071,835	4,184,883,142	4,476,382,374	4,927,177,496
d. Benefit Payments	(2,041,439,863)	(2,180,574,193)	(2,358,216,073)	(2,554,278,925)	(2,761,292,217)
e. Contribution Refunds/Transfers	(20,813,845)	(13,642,300)	(18,397,014)	(22,061,718)	(24,024,234)
f. Administrative Expenses	(23,529,221)	(23,016,963)	(19,374,673)	(19,997,954)	(22,501,098)
g. Transfer (to) from stabilization subaccount	(16,370,295)	114,851,279	183,337,379	54,247,323	0
h. Audit Adjustment	0	0	0	0	145,381,065
i. Total Additions to Market Value	(4,950,175,547)	3,506,680,472	3,126,232,705	2,927,561,662	3,779,337,731
4. Summary of Net Additions to Market Value					
a. Net Contributions and Transfers = $3a + 3b + 3e + 3g$	979,929,058	1,178,199,793	1,318,940,309	1,025,456,167	1,490,572,485
b. Net Investment Income = $3c + 3f$	(3,888,664,742)	4,509,054,872	4,165,508,469	4,456,384,420	4,904,676,398
c. Benefit Payments = 3d	(2,041,439,863)	(2,180,574,193)	(2,358,216,073)	(2,554,278,925)	(2,761,292,217)
d. Audit Adjustment = 3h	0	0	0	0	145,381,065
e. Total Additions to Market Value	(4,950,175,547)	3,506,680,472	3,126,232,705	2,927,561,662	3,779,337,731
5. Average Valuation Assets =					
$1b + .5 \times (4a + 4c + 4d)$	37,868,387,052	37,881,002,123	38,206,545,780	38,019,400,186	37,648,339,630
6. Imputed Income at Valuation Rate = 8.00% x 5	3,029,470,964	3,030,480,170	3,056,523,662	3,041,552,015	3,011,867,170
7. Gain (Loss) from investments = 4b - 6	(6,918,135,706)	1,478,574,702	1,108,984,807	1,414,832,405	1,892,809,228
8. Portion of Gains (Losses) recognized from prior years					
a. From this year = $.2 * 7$	(1,383,627,141)	295,714,940	221,796,961	282,966,481	3,481,017,538 1
b. From one year ago	(1,502,383,099)	(1,383,627,141)	295,714,940	221,796,961	282,966,481
c. From two years ago	408,878,343	(1,502,383,099)	(1,383,627,141)	295,714,940	221,796,961
d. From three years ago	497,305,526	408,878,343	(1,502,383,099)	(1,383,627,141)	295,714,940
e. From four years ago	(5,086,919)	497,305,526	408,878,343	(1,502,383,099)	(1,383,627,141)
f. Total	(1,984,913,290)	(1,684,111,431)	(1,959,619,995)	(2,085,531,858)	2,897,868,779
9. Change in Valuation Assets = $4a + 4c + 4d + 6 + 8f$	(16,953,131)	343,994,339	57,627,903	(572,802,601)	4,784,397,282
10. End of Year Assets	, , , ,	, ,	, ,	, , , ,	, ,
a. Market Value = 2	29,655,593,676	33,162,274,148	36,288,506,853	39,216,068,515	42,995,406,246
b. Valuation Assets = $1b + 9$	38,382,189,323	38,726,183,662	38,783,811,565	38,211,008,964	42,995,406,246
11. Actuarial Rate of Return	2.76%	3.55%	2.87%	2.51%	15.70%
12. Market Rate of Return	(11.41)%	15.47%	12.76%	12.54%	12.69%
	, ,,,,,				

¹ After adjusting to market value as of September 30, 2006.

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HISTORY OF APPROXIMATE INVESTMENT RETURN RATES

Plan Year Ending	Approximate Rate of Return ¹				
September 30	Market	Actuarial			
2000	13.29 %	10.67 %			
2001	(11.60)	6.35			
2002	(11.41)	2.76			
2003	15.47	3.55			
2004	12.76	2.87			
2005	12.54	2.51			
2006	12.69	7.46			
$2006^{\ 2}$	12.69	15.70^{-2}			
2007	16.99	9.80			
Average Returns:					
Last five years:	14.08 %	6.76 %			
Last eight years:	6.97 %	6.68 %			

Approximate return based on ratio of total investment return to average asset value, using an assumed mid-year timing of asset flows (see previous two pages).

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² After adjusting to market value as of September 30, 2006.

HISTORICAL GROWTH OF ASSETS AT MARKET VALUE

	Revenues by Source				Expenses by Typ		
Fiscal Year Ended September 30	Member Contributions	Employer Contributions	Investment Income (Market Basis)	Retirement Benefits	Return of Contributions	Administrative Expenses	Market Value of Assets
1988	\$ 141,662,530	\$ 597,092,668	N/A	\$ 616,882,022	\$ 1,560,025	\$ 8,184,566	N/A
1989	157,309,641	566,307,528	N/A	741,995,367	1,425,086	8,251,139	N/A
1990	174,658,758	654,221,516	N/A	821,705,321	2,418,522	9,162,434	N/A
1991	175,136,454	673,399,035	N/A	897,827,918	3,317,244	17,398,261	N/A
1992	208,791,106	751,909,882	N/A	1,002,123,397	3,453,421	25,990,432	\$ 16,498,623,006
1993	242,018,294	760,446,814	\$ 1,980,352,703	1,094,442,442	3,940,883	36,407,714	18,346,649,778
1994	264,638,521	877,409,856	444,815,417	1,208,331,304	5,457,370	45,812,746	18,673,912,152
1995	271,859,995	1,017,486,956	3,116,656,100	1,359,988,407	8,369,566	48,211,560	21,663,345,670
1996	279,052,573	1,110,808,092	3,299,263,857	1,533,696,715	186,198,045	52,518,344	24,580,057,088
1997	278,789,985	1,222,326,910	5,766,520,214	1,650,304,796	17,904,603	41,833,668	30,137,651,130
1998	266,105,558	984,274,725	2,413,274,166	1,811,893,540	21,252,147	47,154,514	31,921,005,378
1999	549,259,484	920,601,920	5,104,774,748	1,955,626,410	15,585,460	51,061,591	36,473,368,069
2000	355,229,988	1,084,255,551	4,765,922,069	2,161,697,019	17,486,704	53,957,715	40,445,634,239
2001	415,565,528	1,260,006,294	(4,564,964,529)	2,347,069,816	19,908,136	58,691,608	35,130,571,972
2002	456,381,392	1,208,577,347	(3,823,824,261)	2,554,611,684	20,880,961	68,383,190	30,327,830,615
2003	426,478,552	1,355,314,526	4,557,655,910	2,739,257,114	13,706,711	70,924,708	33,843,391,070
2004	509,118,487	1,316,478,440	4,166,118,397	2,973,632,976	18,494,863	70,493,524	36,772,485,031
2005	340,797,914	1,415,347,006	4,569,347,953	3,260,262,708	22,253,862	75,517,986	39,739,943,348
2006	590,413,273	1,828,307,622	4,969,087,485	3,396,104,065	24,066,605	81,960,788	43,625,620,270
2007	356,761,212	835,301,808	7,177,114,740	2,944,920,179	32,241,730	24,489,202	48,362,932,895

¹ Includes audit adjustment (see page C-2).

Note: Starting with the 2007 valuation, no health assets or revenues/expenses are included in this exhibit.

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SECTION D

CENSUS DATA

SUMMARY OF PARTICIPANT DATA BY CATEGORY

	2006	2007
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits:		
Regular benefits	138,306	143,394
Survivor benefits	13,484	13,941
Disability benefits	5,373	5,509
Total	157,163	162,844
Current Employees:		
Vested	119,192	119,989
Non-vested	189,041	175,995
Total	308,233	295,984
Inactive employees entitled to benefits and not		
yet receiving them:	15,679	14,999
Total Participants	481,075	473,827

RETIREES AND BENEFICIARIES – HISTORICAL COMPARISON

	Rolls E	nd of Year			Average
Year Ended		Annual	Annual %	6 Increase	Annual
September 30	Number	Benefit ¹	Number	Benefits	Benefit
1988	76,111	\$ 547,015	3.8%	9.3%	\$ 7,187
1989	79,917	611,424	5.0	11.8	7,651
1990	83,286	686,850	4.2	12.3	8,247
1991	86,253	749,717	3.6	9.2	8,692
1992	90,201	831,290	4.6	10.9	9,216
1993	93,574	911,686	3.7	9.7	9,743
1994	97,989	1,018,819	4.7	11.8	10,397
1995	103,151	1,141,972	5.3	12.1	11,071
1996	107,465	1,251,811	4.2	9.6	11,649
1997	111,842	1,371,479	4.1	9.6	12,263
1998	116,620	1,505,362	4.3	9.8	12,908
1999	120,913	1,639,825	3.7	8.9	13,562
2000	126,115	1,798,028	4.3	9.6	14,257
2001	130,790	1,943,444	3.7	8.1	14,859
2002	135,277	2,094,382	3.4	7.8	15,482
2003	139,814	2,251,766	3.4	7.5	16,105
2004	145,378	2,431,636	4.0	8.0	16,726
2005	151,706	2,644,700	4.4	8.8	17,433
2006	157,163	2,828,460	3.6	6.9	17,997
2007	162,844	3,013,075	3.6	6.5	18,503

¹ In thousands of dollars.

RETIREES AND BENEFICIARIES AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2007 By Type of Retirement and Selected Option

Amount of			Type of Retirement*				9	Selected Opt	ion**			
Monthly Benefit	Number of Retirees	1	2	3	4	5	6	Opt. 1	Opt. 2	Opt. 3	Opt. 4	Opt 1E 2E,3E,4E
\$ 1 - 200	13,413	11,620	1,085	106	426	1	175	7,685	2,653	1,924	123	1,028
201 - 400	19,817	16,437	1,495	124	1,356	1	404	11,193	3,795	3,284	266	1,279
401 - 600	14,673	11,928	1,124	83	1,113	1	424	7,821	3,006	2,622	259	965
601 - 800	11,441	9,207	890	44	884	1	415	5,793	2,261	2,191	252	944
801 - 1,000	9,225	7,407	788	26	620	0	384	4,444	1,882	1,774	231	894
1,001 - 1,200	7,992	6,548	679	15	479	0	271	3,623	1,689	1,403	205	1,072
1,201 - 1,400	7,328	6,122	596	13	355	0	242	3,005	1,490	1,333	197	1,303
1,401 - 1,600	6,899	5,891	518	4	262	0	224	2,648	1,473	1,150	183	1,445
1,601 - 1,800	6,969	6,139	409	1	249	0	171	2,616	1,498	1,190	220	1,445
1,801 - 2,000	7,099	6,349	389	7	180	0	174	2,617	1,744	1,236	299	1,203
Over 2,000	57,988	55,746	1,385	6	309	1	541	24,815	11,183	11,972	3,429	6,589
Totals	162,844	143,394	9,358	429	6,233	5	3,425	76,260	32,674	30,079	5,664	18,167

* Type of Retirement

- 1 Normal retirement for age & service
- 2 Survivor payment normal retirement
- 3 Duty disability retirement (including survivors)
- 4 Non-duty disability retirement (including survivors)
- 5 Survivor payment duty death in service
- 6 Survivor payment non-duty death in service

** Selected Option

- Opt. 1 Straight life allowance
- Opt. 2 100% survivor option
- Opt. 3 50% survivor option
- Opt. 4 75% survivor option
- Opt. 1E, 2E, 3E, 4E equated retirement plans

ACTIVE MEMBERS BY CLASSIFICATION

	September 30, 2006	September 30, 2007
Basic Members		
Number	49,855	46,332
Average Age	51.9 years	52.5 years
Average Service	20.9 years	21.5 years
Reported Payroll	\$2,336,416,102	\$2,241,071,381
Average Annual Pay	\$46,864	\$48,370
MIP Members		
Number	258,378	249,652
Average Age	42.6 years	43.0 years
Average Service	7.8 years	8.2 years
Reported Payroll	\$7,470,036,016	\$7,610,399,208
Average Annual Pay	\$28,911	\$30,484
Total		
Number	308,233	295,984
Average Age	44.1 years	44.5 years
Average Service	9.9 years	10.3 years
Reported Payroll	\$9,806,452,118	\$9,851,470,589
Average Annual Pay	\$31,815	\$33,284

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ACTIVE MEMBERS

Members in Active Service as of September 30, 2007 by Age and Years of Service

		Years of Service					Total	Total	Average	
Age	0 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 & up	Count	Pay	Pay
Under 20	644							644	\$ 7,146,469	\$ 11,097
20 - 24	11,466	43						11,509	125,429,181	10,898
25 - 29	19,449	3,525	50					23,024	546,180,162	23,722
30 - 34	11,137	12,548	2,227	33				25,945	904,562,931	34,865
35 - 39	24,378	8,425	9,394	2,148	100			44,445	1,298,309,497	29,212
40 - 44	16,094	8,585	5,969	6,080	2,324	83		39,135	1,285,708,457	32,853
45 - 49	12,580	9,656	7,057	4,663	5,468	1,926	185	41,535	1,349,609,618	32,493
50 - 54	9,249	7,947	7,780	6,097	5,069	5,806	3,281	45,229	1,696,260,753	37,504
55 - 59	5,935	4,897	5,237	5,655	5,071	4,138	8,659	39,592	1,735,553,080	43,836
60 - 64	3,375	2,139	1,892	2,110	2,342	1,837	4,101	17,796	725,065,767	40,743
65 - 69	1,631	728	463	367	392	329	843	4,753	137,733,781	28,978
70 & Over	1,103	474	194	142	109	100	255	2,377	39,910,893	16,790
Total	117,041	58,967	40,263	27,295	20,875	14,219	17,324	295,984	\$ 9,851,470,589	\$ 33,284

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ACTIVE AND INACTIVE MEMBERS REPORTED FOR VALUATION HISTORICAL COMPARISON

	Number of			Active Me	mbers		
	Inactive					erage	
Valuation Date	Vested		Reported	Annual	%		
September 30	Members	Number	Payroll ¹	Pay	Increase	Age	Service
1988	*	285,992	\$ 4,989,959	\$17,448	(0.7) %	41.1	9.2
1989	*	287,750	5,284,205	18,364	5.2	41.0	9.4
1990	*	288,865	5,633,895	19,504	6.2	41.3	9.5
1991	*	293,503	6,032,513	20,553	5.4	41.5	9.6
1992	*	297,230	6,427,775	21,626	5.2	41.7	9.5
1993	*	296,585	6,897,924	23,258	7.5	42.2	9.8
1994	*	291,006	7,164,807	24,621	5.9	42.5	10.0
1995	*	294,911	7,564,876	25,651	4.2	43.4	10.1
1996	*	295,096	7,807,029	26,456	3.1	43.6	9.9
1997	*	295,691	8,027,450	27,148	2.6	43.6	10.0
1998	*	302,016	8,265,463	27,368	0.8	43.5	9.7
1999	*	309,324	8,643,718	27,944	2.1	43.6	9.5
2000	*	312,699	8,984,737	28,733	2.8	43.6	9.7
2001	*	318,538	9,264,183	29,083	1.2	43.6	9.6
2002	14,403	326,350	9,707,281	29,745	2.3	43.6	9.5
2003	14,247	326,938	10,043,862	30,721	3.3	43.8	9.7
2004	15,756	322,494	10,407,072	32,271	5.0	43.8	9.7
2005	16,806	316,151	10,205,972	32,282	0.0	43.7	9.7
2006	15,679	308,233	9,806,452	31,815	(1.4)	44.1	9.9
2007	14,999	295,984	9,851,471	33,284	4.6	44.5	10.3

^{*} Not available

Reported payroll in thousands. Beginning with the September 30, 2006 valuation, the payroll is no longer adjusted, and is the sum of the actual pays reported for each active member.



VALUATION METHODS

Actuarial Cost Method - Normal cost and the allocation of benefit values between service rendered before and after the valuation date was determined for most decrements using an Individual Entry-Age Actuarial Cost Method having the following characteristics:

- (i) the annual normal cost for each individual active member, payable from the date of employment to the date of retirement, is sufficient to accumulate the value of the member's benefit at the time of retirement;
- (ii) each annual normal cost is a constant percentage of the member's year by year projected covered pay.

Normal Cost contributions for death and disability benefits were determined using the term cost method. This method produces normal cost contributions that are expected to be sufficient to fund the value of both pre-retirement death and disability benefits likely to be paid during the next year.

Actuarial gains (losses), as they occur, reduce (increase) the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Financing of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities - Unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (full funding credit if assets exceed liabilities) were amortized by level (principal and interest combined) percent-of-payroll contributions over a reasonable period of future years.

Actuarial Value of System Assets - The actuarial value of assets recognizes assumed investment income fully each year. Differences between actual and assumed investment income are phased in over a closed five year period. During periods when investment performance exceeds the assumed rate, actuarial value of assets will tend to be less than market value. During periods when investment performance is less than assumed rate, actuarial value of assets will tend to be greater than market value. The actuarial value of assets was reset to market value as of September 30, 2006, with five-year smoothing restarted at that time.

The rate of investment return was 8.0% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses.

The assumed real return is the rate of return in excess of wage inflation. Considering other assumptions used in the valuation, the 8.0% nominal rate translates to a net real return of 4.5% a year.

The rates of pay increase used for individual members are in accordance with the table below. This assumption is used to project a member's current pay to the pay upon which System benefits will be based. The current assumption was first used for the September 30, 2004 valuation of the System.

	Pay Increase Assumptions For an Individual Member				
Sample	Merit &	Base	Increase		
Ages	Seniority	(Economy)	Next Year		
20	12.4 %	3.5 %	15.9 %		
25	8.8	3.5	12.3		
30	5.2	3.5	8.7		
35	3.7	3.5	7.2		
40	2.6	3.5	6.1		
45	1.7	3.5	5.2		
50	0.8	3.5	4.3		
55	0.3	3.5	3.8		
60	0.0	3.5	3.5		
65	0.0	3.5	3.5		
Ref	269				

The charts shown in this section may include a reference number (for example, 269 is used above). These reference numbers are used by GRS to track and identify assumption tables.

The healthy life mortality table used in this valuation of the System was the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality table unadjusted. This assumption was first used for the September 30, 1998 valuation of the System. Sample rates of mortality and years of life expectancy are shown below:

Sample	nple Probability of		Future Life		
Attained	Dying N	ext Year	Expectancy (years)		
Ages	Men	Women	Men	Women	
50	0.26 %	0.14 %	30.73	34.93	
55	0.44	0.23	26.19	30.21	
60	0.80	0.44	21.87	25.63	
65	1.45	0.86	17.88	21.32	
70	2.37	1.37	14.33	17.35	
75	3.72	2.27	11.16	13.64	
80	6.20	3.94	8.41	10.35	
Ref:	261 x 1.0	262 x 1.0			

This assumption is used to measure the probabilities of each benefit payment being made after retirement. For active members, the probabilities of dying before retirement were based upon the same mortality table as members dying after retirement.

The disabled life mortality table used in this valuation was developed by the prior actuary pursuant to an experience study. For disabled retirees, the sample rates of mortality and years of life expectancy are shown below, and were first used for the September 30, 1998 valuation of the System.

Sample		oility of	Future Life	
Attained	Dying N	ext Year	Expectan	cy (years)
Ages	Men	Women	Men	Women
50	2.50 %	1.72 %	20.99	25.36
55	2.68	2.04	18.52	22.55
60	3.16	2.44	15.99	19.90
65	3.94	2.84	13.55	17.35
70	5.02	3.24	11.28	14.78
75	6.58	3.76	9.19	12.11
80	8.74	5.32	7.31	9.39
Ref:	476 x 1.0	477 x 1.0		

The rates of retirement used to measure the probability of eligible members retiring during the next year are shown below. These assumptions were first used for the September 30, 2004 valuation of the System.

	Percent of Eligible Members Retiring				
		Retirement	Early Re	tirement	
Retirement	Basic	MIP	Basic	MIP	
Ages	Members	Members	Members	Members	
46-49		40 %			
50		40			
51		30			
52		25			
53		20			
54		20			
55	35 %	20	11.5 %	11.5 %	
56	18	20	5.5	7.0	
57	20	20	6.0	7.5	
58	20	22	6.0	8.5	
59	20	24	7.5	9.5	
60	22	26			
61	20	22			
62	35	36			
63	25	25			
64	23	23			
65	36	36			
66	25	25			
67	22	22			
68	22	22			
69	25	25			
70	25	25			
71	25	25			
72	25	25			
73	25	25			
74	25	25			
75 & Over	100	100			
Ref	1338	1339	1341	1340	

A member is eligible for normal retirement after attaining age 55 with 30 or more years of credited service (no age requirement for MIP members), or after attaining age 60 with 10 or more years of credited service (5 years for MIP members).

A member is eligible for early retirement after attaining age 55 with 15 but less than 30 years of credited service.

Rates of separation from active membership used in the valuation are shown below (rates do not apply to members eligible to retire and do not include separation on account of death or disability). This assumption measures the probabilities of members remaining in employment, and was first used for the September 30, 2004 valuation of the System.

Sample Ages	Years of Service	Percent Separating Within Next Year
All	0	28.00 %
	1	15.00
	2	9.00
	3	7.00
	4	5.50
20	5 & over	5.00 %
25		5.00
30		3.50
35		2.65
40		2.10
45		1.60
50		1.40
55		1.40
60		1.40
Ref	437	742

Rates of disability among active members used in the valuation are shown below, and were first used in the September 30, 1998 valuation of the System.

Sample Ages	Percent Becoming Disabled Within Next Year
20	0.00 %
25	0.01
30	0.01
35	0.02
40	0.06
45	0.13
50	0.23
55	0.33
60	0.45
Ref.	393

Unknown Data: Members with unknown gender were assumed to be female. Members with unknown dates of birth were assumed to have entry-age equal to 35 for MIP and 31 for Basic members. Active members who were reported without any annual pay were assumed to have pay equal to the average pay of the entire active group.

MISCELLANEOUS AND TECHNICAL ASSUMPTIONS

Benefit Service Exact Fractional service is used to determine the amount of benefit

payable.

Decrement Operation Disability and withdrawal decrements do not operate during

retirement eligibility.

Decrement Timing Retirement decrements are assumed to occur on July 1. All other

decrements are assumed to occur mid-year.

Eligibility Testing Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest

birthday and service nearest whole year on the date the decrement

is assumed to occur.

For vested separations from service, it is assumed that 0% of

members separating will withdraw their contributions and forfeit an employer financed benefit. It was further assumed that the liability at termination is the greater of the vested deferred benefit

(if any) or the member's accumulated contributions.

Incidence of Contributions Contributions are assumed to be received continuously throughout

the year.

Liability Adjustments None.

Marriage Assumption 75% of males and 65% of females are assumed to be married for

purposes of death-in-service benefits. Male spouses are assumed to be three years older than female spouses for active member

valuation purposes.

Normal Form of Benefit A straight life benefit is the normal form of benefit.

Pay Increase Timing Pay increases were assumed to be at the beginning of the fiscal

year. This is equivalent to assuming that reported pays represent amounts paid to members during the year ended on the valuation

date.

Service Credit Accruals Members were assumed to accrue .92 years of service credit per

year.

SECTION F

PLAN PROVISIONS

PLAN PROVISIONS

Our actuarial valuation of the System as of September 30, 2007 is based on the present provisions of the Public School Employees' Retirement Act (Act 300 of 1980, as amended).

<u>Regular Retirement</u> (no reduction factor for age):

<u>Eligibility</u> - Age 55 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service. For Member Investment Plan (MIP) members, any age with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service; or age 60 with 5 years of credited service provided member worked through 60th birthday and has credited service in each of the last 5 years.

Mandatory Retirement Age - None.

Annual Amount - Total credited service times 1.5% of final average compensation.

<u>Final Annual Compensation</u> - Average of highest 5 consecutive years. (3 years for MIP members).

Early Retirement (age reduction factor used):

<u>Eligibility</u> - Age 55 with 15 or more years of credited service and earned credited service in each of the last 5 years.

<u>Annual Amount</u> - Regular retirement benefit, reduced by 1/2% for each month by which the commencement age is less than 60.

Deferred Retirement (vested benefit):

<u>Eligibility</u> - 10 years of credited service. Benefit commences at the time age qualification is met.

<u>Annual Amount</u> - Regular retirement benefit based on service and final average compensation at time of termination.

<u>Duty Disability Retirement</u>:

Eligibility - No age or service requirement; in receipt of workers' disability compensation.

Annual Amount - Computed as regular retirement benefit with minimum benefit based on 10 years credited service. Additional limitation such that disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings limited to 100% of final average compensation (increased by 2% each year retired).

GRS F-1

PLAN PROVISIONS

Non-Duty Disability Retirement:

Eligibility - 10 years of credited service.

<u>Annual Amount</u> - Computed as regular retirement benefit based on credited service and final average compensation at time of disability. Additional limitation such that disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings limited to 100% of final average compensation (increased by 2% each year retired).

Duty Death Before Retirement

<u>Eligibility</u> – No age or service requirement. Beneficiary is in receipt of workers' compensation. Also applies to "duty disability" retirees during first three years of disability

<u>Annual Amount</u> – Spouse benefit computed as regular retirement benefit with minimum benefit based on 10 years of credited service, reduced for 100% Joint and Survivor election. If no surviving spouse, children under 18 share in benefit; if no spouse or children, a disabled and dependent parent is eligible.

Non-Duty Death Before Retirement

<u>Eligibility</u> - 15 years of credited service, or age 60 and 10 years of credited service. 10 years of credited service, or age 60 and 5 years of credited service for MIP members.

<u>Annual Amount</u> - Computed as regular retirement benefit, reduced in accordance with a 100% Joint and Survivor election, with payments commencing first of month following death. For the beneficiary of a deferred member, benefit commences at time member would have attained the minimum age qualification.

Member Contributions:

MIP Participants hired before January 1, 1990 - 3.9% of pay.

MIP Participants hired on or after January 1, 1990 - 3.0% of first \$5,000 of pay, plus 3.6% of next \$10,000 of pay, plus 4.3% pay in excess of \$15,000.

Non-MIP Participants – None

GRS F-2

PLAN PROVISIONS

Post-Retirement Cost-of-Living Adjustments:

One-time upward adjustments have been made in 1972, 1974, 1976, and 1977 for members retired on or after July 1, 1956 and prior to July 1, 1976 who were eligible for Social Security benefits. For members who retired prior to July 1, 1956 and not eligible for Social Security benefits based upon membership service, the minimum base pension was increased in 1965, 1971, 1972, 1974, and 1981 and in 1976 and 1977 one-time upward adjustment were made.

Beginning in 1983 some benefit recipients received an annual distribution of investment earnings in excess of 8% (supplemental payment). On January 1, 1986, all members who retired prior to January 1, 1986 were given a permanent 8% increase. On January 1, 1990 a one-time upward adjustment for members who retired prior to October 1, 1981 was made.

Currently members receive annual increases based on the following schedule:

Retired before January 1, 1987 - Greater of supplemental payment or automatic 3% increases.

Retired on or after January 1, 1987 under MIP - Automatic 3% increases only.

Retired on or after January 1, 1987 not under MIP - Supplemental payment only.

GRS F-3

SECTION G

GLOSSARY

GLOSSARY

Actuarial Accrued Liability

The difference between (i) the actuarial present value of future plan benefits, and (ii) the actuarial present value of future normal cost. Sometimes referred to as "accrued liability" or "past service liability."

Accrued Service

The service credited under the plan which was rendered before the date of the actuarial valuation.

Actuarial Assumptions

Estimates of future plan experience with respect to rates of mortality, disability, turnover, retirement, rate or rates of investment income and salary increases. Decrement assumptions (rates of mortality, disability, turnover and retirement) are generally based on past experience, often modified for projected changes in conditions. Economic assumptions (salary increases and investment income) consist of an underlying rate in an inflation-free environment plus a provision for a long-term average rate of inflation.

Actuarial Cost Method

A mathematical budgeting procedure for allocating the dollar amount of the "actuarial present value of future plan benefits" between the actuarial present value of future normal cost and the actuarial accrued liability. Sometimes referred to as the "actuarial funding method."

Actuarial Equivalent

A single amount or series of amounts of equal value to another single amount or series of amounts, computed on the basis of the rate(s) of interest and mortality tables used by the plan.

Actuarial Present Value

The amount of funds presently required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. It is determined by discounting the future payments at a predetermined rate of interest, taking into account the probability of payment.

Amortization

Paying off an interest-bearing liability by means of periodic payments of interest and principal, as opposed to paying it off with a lump sum payment.

Experience Gain (Loss)

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, in accordance with the actuarial cost method being used.

GRS G-1

GLOSSARY

Normal Cost The annual cost assigned, under the actuarial funding method, to

current and subsequent plan years. Sometimes referred to as "current service cost." Any payment toward the unfunded

actuarial accrued liability is not part of the normal cost.

Reserve Account An account used to indicate that funds have been set aside for a

specific purpose and is not generally available for other uses.

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued

Liability

The difference between the actuarial accrued liability and valuation assets. Sometimes referred to as "unfunded accrued

liability."

Valuation Assets The value of current plan assets recognized for valuation purposes.

Generally based on market value plus a portion of unrealized

appreciation or depreciation.

GRS G-2