October 2010

The Fire and Police Employees' Retirement System of the City of Baltimore

Actuarial Valuation Report for June 30, 2010

MERCER



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Executive Summary

Mercer is pleased to provide the annual actuarial valuation report of the **Fire and Police Employees' Retirement System of the City of Baltimore** as of June 30, 2010. We have identified some of the more significant results and changes from the 2009 valuation as follows:

Key Results and Changes

- The results reflect Ordinance 10-306, as amended by Ordinance 10-357, which takes effect July 1, 2010. The assumption and plan provision changes associated with this bill are described in Sections 4 and 5. Please note that results contained in this report are subject to change pending the outcome of the suit against both the City and the Trustees.
- The recommended FY 2012 contribution and June 30, 2010 valuation summary have been provided under an investment return assumption of 8.0% as mandated by Ordinance 10-306/357.
- There has been an \$8.5 million increase in the City's recommended contribution from the June 30, 2009 valuation results reflecting Ordinance 10-306/357. There has been a \$2.7 million decrease in the City's recommended contribution from the 6.8% post-retirement investment return assumption and a \$66.6 million decrease from the 5.0% post-retirement investment return assumption from the 2009 valuation before reflecting the changes.
- Investments (including the Paid Up Benefit Fund and Contingency Reserve Fund) earned 15.0942%. In accordance with Ordinance 10-306/357, asset from these two funds have been reflected as transferred to the Pension Accumulation Fund and Pension Reserve Fund as of June 30, 2010, although the investments have not yet been changed.

Executive Summary

Key Results and Changes

- The offset to the City's and State's contributions due to employee contributions increased from 7% of payroll for FY 2011 to 8% of payroll for FY 2012, both after reflecting the Ordinances. Prior to reflecting the Ordinances, the employee contribution rate would have been 6% of pay.
- The 10 year phase in of negative balances in the Benefit Improvement, Employer Reserve, and Minimum Stabilization Funds and the routine smoothing of the Actuarial Value of Assets result in an Actuarial Value of Assets that exceeds the Market Value (including accrued contribution) by \$576.3 million. This difference decreased due to favorable investment experience from \$811.0 million or \$811.9 million last year depending on whether the Ordinances are reflected and whether the post-retirement investment return assumption was 5.0% or 6.8%. The GASB 25 funded ratio would be 64.2% on a market value basis instead of 83.2% on an Actuarial Value of Assets basis. The City's contribution for FY2012 would be \$156,335,834 based on the market value of assets.

The 2010 valuation determines the City's recommended contribution for FY 2012. A key result of the valuation is an \$8.5 million increase in the City's contribution from \$89,799,377 for FY 2011 based on the updated assumptions and plan provisions to reflect Ordinance 10-306/357 to \$98,275,046 for FY 2012.

Prior to reflecting the Ordinance 10-306/357 changes, the City's recommended contribution for FY 2011 would have been \$100,998,213 based on a post-retirement investment return assumption of 6.8% (City Code assumption) or \$164,916,258 based on post-retirement investment return assumption of 5.0%, as shown in the June 30, 2009 actuarial valuation report dated October 2009.

The net investment return during FY 2010 was 15.0942% compared to the prescribed long range assumption of 8.00%.

In 2005 the Benefit Improvement, Employer Reserve and Minimum Stabilization Funds expired. These funds are being incorporated into the Actuarial Value of Assets by phasing in the negative balances over 10 valuations, beginning June 30, 2005. As of June 30, 2010, the unrecognized amount of the negative balances is \$149,974,280. During FY 2010, the City made contributions in excess of the requirement by \$11,400,000. The excess contribution amount was used to pay off a portion of the negative balances immediately. During FY 2009, no excess contributions were made to pay off a portion of the negative balances immediately. However, during FY 2008 and FY 2007 the City made excess contributions of \$5,731,841 and \$5,505,220, respectively, which were also used to pay off a portion of the negative balances immediately. After taking the FY 2007, FY 2008 and FY 2010 excess contributions into account as a reduction to the negative balances, an additional credit of \$4,542, plus one year's interest at 8.00% was applied to the City's FY 2012 recommended contributions and an offsetting charge of the same amount was applied to the State's FY 2012 recommended contribution.

Assets

The market value of assets increased \$164,420,944 (from \$1,694,320,526 to \$1,858,741,470) during the 2009-2010 fiscal year. The receipts and disbursements of the fund were as follows:

Adjusted fund balance at 7/1/2009		\$1,694,320,526
Contributions		111,352,258
Member	\$ 17,254,515	
Employer	94,097,743	
Investment income		\$ 249,334,790
Interest, dividends and realized capital gains Unrealized gains (losses) Expenses	\$ 94,806,135 163,994,316 (9,465,661)	
Benefit payments and refunds		(\$ 196,266,104)
Adjusted fund balance at 6/30/2010		\$ 1,858,741,470

The excess earnings are calculated by the "asset averaging method" referred to in Article 22(36)(j) of the Baltimore City Code. This method uses one-fifth of any excess earnings for the year to adjust the unfunded actuarial liability in the current year. The other four-fifths of any excess earnings have been used for purposes such as benefit improvements, contribution reductions and changes in actuarial assumptions. Recently, this four-fifths is used to offset investment losses from previous years.

For more details on assets, see Section 1.

Valuation Summary

The major components of the **City's** costs, both as a dollar amount and a percentage of payroll are shown below, together with the corresponding figures from the June 30, 2009 report for both the 6.8% and 5.0% post-retirement investment return assumptions for comparison. Also shown are the results from our July 18, 2010 letter which incorporated the plan provisions of Ordinance 10-306, amended by Ordinance 10-357:

	2009 Valu Applies to FY2		2009 Value Applies to FY2		2009 Va Ordinances 10- Applies to FY	306 and 10-357	2010 Valuation Applies to FY2012 at 8.0%		
	Amount	Percent ¹	Amount	Percent ¹	Amount	Percent ¹	Amount	Percent ¹	
Normal cost	\$50,173,829 ²	17.91%	\$62,487,697 ³	22.30%	\$48,182,659 ⁴	17.20%	\$43,518,715 ⁵	15.80%	
Amortization of unfunded actuarial liability over 20 years	43,964,370	15.69%	89,862,421	32.07%	34,967,502	12.48%	47,481,240	17.23%	
Reduction due to transfer from Contingency Reserve Fund	(834,749)	(0.30%)	0	0.00%	N/A	0.00%	N/A	0.00%	
Adjustment due to City-only excess contribution	(2,560)	(0.00%)	(2,536)	(0.00%)	(2,590)	(0.00%)	(4,542)	(0.00%)	
Interest to 6/30/2010 (2011)	7,697,323	2.75%	12,568,676	4.49%	6,651,806	2.37%	7,279,633	2.64%	
Total lump sum contribution	\$100,998,213	36.04%	\$164,916,258	58.85%	\$89,799,377	32.05%	\$98,275,046	35.67%	

The above amounts are based on amortizing the unfunded actuarial liability over a rolling 20-year period, as approved by the Trustees in 1992.

¹ Payroll for City Members is \$280,207,946 at 6/30/2009 and \$275,499,521 at 6/30/2010.

² \$4,213,427 of the increase was due to the expense assumption, and reflects an employee contribution offset of \$17,484,976 (6% of anticipated FY2011 pay)

³ \$4,210,931 of the increase was due to the expense assumption, and reflects an employee contribution offset of \$17,484,976 (6% of anticipated FY2011 pay)

⁴ \$5,864,891 of the increase was due to the expense assumption, and reflects an employee contribution offset of \$20,399,139 (7% of anticipated FY2011 pay)

⁵ \$6,435,335 of the increase was due to the expense assumption, and reflects an employee contribution offset of \$22,921,560 (8% of anticipated FY2012 pay)

The **State** has employees at BWI airport who participate in the plan. Contributions for the 15 airport employees are billed to the State. The State's cost increased from \$772,873 for FY 2011 (based on the updated plan provisions and assumptions) to \$862,968 for FY 2012. The combined City and State contribution for FY 2012 is \$99,138,014. This amount is increased for interest if the payment is made after the first day of the 2012 fiscal year. Prior to June 30, 2010, the State actually contributed \$818,687 (discounted from \$834,588 as of June 30, 2010) which was more than the amount required after reflecting plan changes. The State's contribution was based on the results shown in the June 30, 2009 report dated October 2009 based on the "City Code" post-retirement investment return assumption of 6.8%. For consistency, the State's contribution in excess of the minimum requirement, \$61,715 as of June 30, 2010, is shown as a payable amount in the June 30, 2010 actuarial value of assets and can be allocated towards meeting the FY 2012 contribution requirement.

For more details on the valuation, see Section 2.

Plan Membership

We have reconciled the plan membership from the previous year to this year.

Changes in active membership statistics from last year are as follows for City & State employees:

Plan Statistics	2009	2010	% change
# of active members	4,690	4,584	(2.26%)
Total payroll	\$281,423,808	\$276,576,626	(1.72%)
Average salary	\$60,005	\$60,335	0.55%
Average age	38.99	39.21	0.56%
Average service	12.45	12.71	2.09%

There were 6,012 persons receiving benefits from the plan at June 30, 2010, which compares to 5,929 at June 30, 2009. Average annual benefits have increased to \$29,890. The types of retirement and average benefits appear on the following chart:

	<u>N</u>	lumber of Re	<u>tirees</u>	Average Benefit Amount			
Type of Retirement	2009	2010	% increase	2009	2010	% increase	
Normal Service Retirement	3,490	3,542	1%	\$35,474	\$36,143	2%	
Discontinued Service	14	13	(7%)	30,621	31,138	2%	
Non-Line-of-Duty Disability	292	290	(1%)	18,149	18,272	1%	
Line-of-Duty Disability	714	720	1%	31,858	32,344	2%	
Beneficiaries of Above	1,183	1,208	2%	13,514	13,614	1%	
Non-Line-of-Duty Death	160	161	1%	19,854	20,098	1%	
Line-of-Duty Death	76	78	3%	39,312	38,596	(2%)	
Total	5,929	6,012	1%	\$29,420	\$29,890	2%	

For more details on plan membership, see Section 3.

Cost of Living Adjustments

Before July 1, 2010, the retirement ordinance provided for an increase in benefits to certain retirees and beneficiaries whenever the investment performance⁶ exceeded 7.5%. Effective July 1, 2010, Ordinance 10-306/357 provides for a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) in benefits to current and future retirees based on the following schedule:

- Under age 55 No COLA
- Age 55 up to age 65 1% annual COLA
- Age 65 and older 2% annual COLA
- For current and future members receiving 100% line-of-duty disability benefit, as well as their beneficiaries, the 2% annual COLA would apply regardless of age

For COLA purposes, age would be determined as of the June 30 preceding each increase. The increases would continue to be paid on January 1 as they have been under the previous variable benefit structure. The two year wait between retirement and the June 30 preceding the first increase would continue. The 2% COLA would be first effective January 1, 2011 and the 1% COLA would first be effective January 1, 2012.

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⁶ Performance excludes earnings in Paid up Benefit Fund and Contingency Reserve Fund

Mercer has prepared this report exclusively for the Trustees of the Fire and Police Employees' Retirement System of the City of Baltimore; Mercer is not responsible for reliance upon this report by any other party. Subject to this limitation, the Trustees may direct that this report be provided to its auditors in connection with audits of the Plan or its sponsoring entities.

The only purposes of this report are to:

- Present Mercer's actuarial estimates of the Plan's liabilities and expenses based on assumptions and plan provisions reflecting Ordinance 10-306, as amended by Ordinance 10-357, for the Trustees to incorporate, as the Trustees deem appropriate, in the System's financial statements; and
- Provide the City contribution for the period beginning July 1, 2011 and the State contribution for the period beginning July 1, 2010.

This report may not be used for any other purpose; Mercer is not responsible for the consequences of any unauthorized use.

Because actual plan experience will differ from the assumptions, decisions about benefit changes, investment policy, funding amounts, benefit security and/or benefit-related issues should be made only after careful consideration of alternative future financial conditions and scenarios, and not solely on the basis of a valuation report or reports.

The Trustees are solely responsible for selecting the plan's investment policies, asset allocations and individual investments. Mercer's actuaries have not provided any investment advice to the Trustees.

A valuation report is only a snapshot of a Plan's estimated financial condition at a particular point in time; it does not predict the Plan's future financial condition or its ability to pay benefits in the future and does not provide any guarantee of future financial soundness of the Plan. Over time, a plan's total cost will depend on a number of factors, including the amount of benefits the plan pays, the number of people paid benefits, the period of time over which benefits are paid, plan expenses and the amount earned on any assets invested to pay benefits. These amounts and other variables are uncertain and unknowable at the valuation date.

Because modeling all aspects of a situation is not possible or practical, we may use summary information, estimates, or simplifications of calculations to facilitate the modeling of future events in an efficient and cost-effective manner. We may also exclude factors or data that are immaterial in our judgment. Use of such simplifying techniques does not, in our judgment, affect the reasonableness of valuation results for the plan.

To prepare the valuation report, actuarial assumptions, as described in Section 4, are used in a forward looking financial and demographic model to select a single scenario from a wide range of possibilities; the results based on that single scenario are included in the valuation. The future is uncertain and the plan's actual experience will differ from those assumptions; these

differences may be significant or material because these results are very sensitive to the assumptions made and, in some cases, to the interaction between the assumptions.

Different assumptions or scenarios within the range of possibilities may also be reasonable and results based on those assumptions would be different. As a result of the uncertainty inherent in a forward looking projection over a very long period of time, no one projection is uniquely "correct" and many alternative projections of the future could also be regarded as reasonable. Two different actuaries could, quite reasonably, arrive at different results based on the same data and different views of the future. A "sensitivity analysis" shows the degree to which results would be different if you substitute alternative assumptions within the range of possibilities for those utilized in this report. We have not been engaged to perform such a sensitivity analysis and thus the results of such an analysis are not included in this report. At the Trustees' request, Mercer is available to perform such a sensitivity analysis.

Actuarial assumptions may also be changed from one valuation to the next because of changes in mandated requirements, plan experience, changes in expectations about the future and other factors. A change in assumptions is not an indication that prior assumptions were unreasonable when made.

Because valuations are a snapshot in time and are based on estimates and assumptions that are not precise and will differ from actual experience, contribution calculations are inherently imprecise. There is no uniquely "correct" level of contributions for the coming plan year.

Valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of the Plan, only the timing of contributions into the Plan. Plan funding occurs over time. Contributions not made this year, for whatever reason, including errors, remain the responsibility of the Plan sponsor and can be made in later years. If the contribution levels over a period of years are lower or higher than necessary, it is normal and expected practice for adjustments to be made to future contribution levels to take account of this with a view to funding the plan over time.

Data, computer coding and mathematical errors are possible in the preparation of a valuation involving complex computer programming and thousands of calculations and data inputs. Errors in a valuation discovered after its preparation may be corrected by amendment to the valuation or in a subsequent year's valuation.

The 8.00% investment return assumption and certain actuarial methods are prescribed by statute. Other assumptions used are based on the last experience study, as adopted by the Trustees, or Mercer's judgment regarding the impact of plan changes on member behavior such as the timing of retirement. The City and/or the Trustees are responsible for selecting the plan's funding policy, actuarial valuation methods, asset valuation methods, and assumptions. The policies, methods and assumptions used in this valuation are those that have been so prescribed and are described in Section 4. The System is solely responsible for communicating to Mercer any changes required thereto.

To prepare this report Mercer has used and relied on financial data and participant data supplied by the Retirement System's Office and summarized in the valuation report in Sections

1 and 3 respectively. The Trustees are responsible for ensuring that such participant data provides an accurate description of all persons who are participants under the terms of the plan or otherwise entitled to benefits as of June 30, 2010 that is sufficiently comprehensive and accurate for the purposes of this report. Although Mercer has reviewed the data in accordance with Actuarial Standards of Practice No. 23, Mercer has not verified or audited any of the data or information provided.

Mercer has also used and relied on the plan documents, including amendments, and interpretations of plan provisions, supplied by the Fire and Police Employees' Retirement System including Ordinance 10-306 as amended by Ordinance10-357 effective July 1, 2010 as summarized in the valuation report in Section 5. We have assumed for purposes of this valuation that copies of any official plan document including all amendments and collective bargaining agreements as well as any interpretations of any such document have been provided to Mercer along with a written summary of any other substantive commitments. The Trustees are solely responsible for the validity, accuracy and comprehensiveness of this information. If any data or plan provisions supplied are not accurate and complete, the valuation results may differ significantly from the results that would be obtained with accurate and complete information; this may require a later revision of this report. Moreover, plan documents may be susceptible to different interpretations, each of which could be reasonable, and that the different interpretations could lead to different valuation results.

The Trustees agree to notify Mercer promptly after receipt of the valuation report if the Trustees disagree with anything contained in the valuation report or are aware of any information that would affect the results of the valuation report that has not been communicated to Mercer or incorporated therein. The valuation report will be deemed final and acceptable to the Trustees unless the Trustees promptly provide such notice to Mercer.

Professional qualifications

We are available to answer any questions on the material in this report or to provide explanations or further details as appropriate. The undersigned credentialed actuaries meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion contained in this report. We are not aware of any direct or material indirect financial interest or relationship, including investments or other services that could create a conflict of interest, that would impair the objectivity of our work.

Douglas L. Rowe, FSA, MAAA, EA

ages I Rowe

October 14, 2010

Date

James Baughman, ASA, MAAA, EA

October 14, 2010

Date

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The information contained in this document (including any attachments) is not intended by Mercer to be used, and it cannot be used, for the purpose of avoiding penalties under the Internal Revenue Code that may be imposed on the taxpayer.

Section 1: Assets

Highlights

- Total fund increased by \$164 million during FY 2010.
- Total fund's investments earned \$249 million net of expenses during FY 2010.
- Negative balances in the Benefit Improvement (BIF), Employer Reserve (ERF), and Minimum Stabilization (MSF) Funds at June 30, 2005 are being recognized in the Actuarial Value of Assets under a 10-year phase in, beginning June 30, 2005.
- City contributions in excess of the recommended amount during FY 2010 were used to pay off a portion of the unrecognized BIF, ERF, and MSF balances during FY 2010.
- For the purpose of this valuation report, assets from the Paid up Benefit Fund (PuBF) and Contingency Reserve Fund (CRF) have been reflected as transferred to the Pension Accumulation Fund and Pension Reserve Fund as of June 30, 2010, in accordance with Ordinance 10-306/357. They were also included in the beginning and end of year asset values as well as investment earnings for the purpose of calculating the June 30, 2010 actuarial value of assets. However, the investments have not yet been changed.

The funds shown on the next page serve the following purpose:

- Annuity Savings Fund (ASF) contains member contributions for active members
- Annuity Reserve Fund (ARF) contains retired member contributions
- Pension Accumulation Fund (PAF) contains City contributions for actives
- Pension Reserve Fund (PRF) contains City contributions for retired members; adjusted annually by transfers to/from PAF so that ARF plus PRF equals the actuarial present value of retiree benefits
- ⁷Paid Up Benefit Fund (PuBF) contains assets to pay for variable benefit increases already granted
- ⁷Contingency Reserve Fund (CRF) safety net for PuBF

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⁷ These funds are primarily invested in fixed income investments. They generally receive a transfer annually based on ARF plus PRF returns in excess of 7.5%. The CRF never exceeds 2.5% of the ARF plus PRF. Starting July 1, 2010, the PuBF and the CRF will no longer be maintained since the variable benefit has been removed from the plan provisions.

Assets of the Plan as of June 30, 2010

Based upon unaudited financial data furnished by the Retirement Systems Office, the change in market value of assets of the six funds during the valuation year ending June 30, 2010 is summarized as follows:

valuation year ending durie 50, 2010 is so	Annuity	Annuity	Pension	Pension			
	Savings	Reserve	Accumulation	Reserve	Paid Up *	Contingency *	
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	Benefit Fund	Reserve Fund	Total (MV)
Fund Balance on 6/30/09	\$237,159,576	\$248,456,223	(\$448,105,214)	\$1,178,502,187	\$440,111,226	\$38,196,528	\$1,694,320,526
Transfers	\$0	\$2,053,953	(\$66,307,963)	\$65,097,784	\$0	(\$843,774)	\$0
Adjustment from prior year							
Fund Balance on 6/30/09	\$237,159,576	\$250,510,176	(\$514,413,177)	\$1,243,599,971	\$440,111,226	\$37,352,754	\$1,694,320,526
Contributions							
Member	\$17,254,515	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$17,254,515
City & State	\$0	\$0	\$94,097,743	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$94,097,743
Net Investment Income							
Interest, Dividends, Real Gains ⁸	\$13,262,287	\$0	\$55,438,696	\$0	\$23,518,153	\$2,586,999	\$94,806,135
Unrealized Gains(Losses)	\$0	\$0	\$120,669,069	\$0	\$41,562,412	\$1,762,835	\$163,994,316
Expenses	\$0	\$0	(\$9,149,013)	\$0	(\$289,149)	(\$27,499)	(\$9,465,661)
Total Investment Income	\$13,262,287	\$0	\$166,958,752	\$0	\$64,791,416	\$4,322,335	\$249,334,790
Transfer for member contributions	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Transfers for annuities awarded & military							
leave credits awarded	(\$17,526,464)	\$17,536,967	(\$10,503)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Payments of Benefits & Refunds	(\$3,350,585)	(\$23,478,420)	(\$16,100,330)	(\$114,708,083)	(\$38,628,686)	\$0	(\$196,266,104)
Fund Balance on 6/30/10 (Market Value)	\$246,799,329	\$244,568,723	(\$269,467,515)	\$1,128,891,888	\$466,273,956	\$41,675,089	\$1,858,741,470
Ordinance Transfers	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$507,949,045	(\$466,273,956)	(\$41,675,089)	\$0
Fund Balance on 6/30/10 (Market Value)	\$246,799,329	\$244,568,723	(\$269,467,515)	\$1,636,840,933	\$0	\$0	\$1,858,741,470
Actuarial Transfers		400 500 770	(000 440 054)	CC7 FO4 404	\$0	\$0	\$0
7 lotadilai Tranororo	\$0	\$28,586,773	(\$96,110,954)	\$67,524,181	Φ0	Φ0	Φυ

^{*} Excluded from valuation

⁸ The earnings assumption for the ARF and PRF were removed by Ordinance 10-306. The amount shown for actuarial transfers to the ARF and PRF may be higher as a result.

Development of Investment Gain (Loss)

1.	Mean assets	\$1,651,863,603
2.	Investment return	15.0942%
3.	Investment gain (loss): [(2) – 8.00%] x (1)	\$117,186,508

Development of Unallocated Earnings

Ordinance 97-164 set up two funds – the Employer Reserve Fund (ERF) and the Benefit Improvement Fund (BIF) – which are credited with unallocated earnings, beginning with the \$50 million excess earnings from the June 30, 1996 valuation. As of June 30, 1997, a minimum stabilization fund (MSF) was established within each Fund. Ordinance 00-49 provided for increases in the minimum stabilization funds annually from 2000 through 2003. All of these funds expired as of June 30, 2005. The actuarial value of assets recognizes the negative balances as of June 30, 2005 in 10 equal amounts beginning with the June 30, 2005 valuation.

Date of Valuation	6/30/2009	6/30/2010
Investment gain (loss)	\$(509,184,262)	\$117,186,508
Unallocated earnings for prior year	(221,848,732)	(616,645,251)
Variable benefit funds	0	0
Allocation for Experience Study	0	0
Allocation for 10% of the BIF, ERF & MSF	(39,773,570)	(37,493,570)
Balance for unallocated earnings calculation	\$(770,806,564)	\$(536,952,313)
One-fifth (credit) charge	154,161,313	107,390,463
Unallocated earnings for date of valuation	\$(616,645,251)	\$(429,561,850)

The actuarial value of assets used to calculate the unfunded actuarial liability is developed as follows:

Actuarial Value of Assets	6/30/2010
Assets in the Fund: 6/30/2010	\$1,858,741,470
Remaining BIF, ERF & MSF Balance 6/30/2010	149,974,280
Unallocated excess losses (earnings) for 2010	429,561,850
Reserve for future costs under Ordinance 98-319	(3,261,757)
Present value of prior year's contribution not yet paid	89,799,377
Present value of current year's contribution overpaid	(61,715)
Actuarial value of assets on 6/30/2010	\$2,524,753,505

Due to the asset smoothing method used and the scheduled recognition of BIF, ERF and MSF balances, the actuarial value of assets (AVA) used to determine the City and State contributions in this valuation exceeds the market value of assets (MVA) by \$576.3 million (29.6%). Absent future investment gains to offset the investment losses being smoothed, future employer contributions will increase as past investment losses become recognized. If asset smoothing methods were not used for this valuation, the City's contribution, based on the market value of assets, would have been \$1,496,998 instead of \$862,968.

Section 2: Valuation Summary

Highlights

- City contribution increased 9.4% from \$89.8 million in FY 2011 based on the updated assumptions and plan provisions to reflect Ordinance 10-306 as amended by Ordinance 10-357 to \$98.3 million in FY 2012.
- Total (City plus State) unfunded liability increased from \$374.9 million to \$509.0 million at 6/30/2010.
- Total (City plus State) Net Normal Cost decreased from \$48.5 million in FY 2011 to \$43.8 million in FY 2012.
- Because the unfunded actuarial liability (UAL) is being amortized by an open or rolling amortization period (with re-amortization of the UAL in each valuation), the amortization amounts will never fully eliminate the UAL. Actuarial gains could eliminate the UAL or actuarial losses could increase it.

Section 2: Valuation Summary (continued)

Number of Participants		<u>Airport</u>	A	s of June 30, 20 <u>City</u>	10	<u>Total</u>
Active		15		4,569		4,584
Service retired		52		3,503		3,555
Disabled		8		1,002		1,010
Beneficiaries	_	8		1,439		1,447
Total participants		83		10,513		10,596
Annual compensation	\$	1,077,105	\$	275,499,521	\$	276,576,626
Development of Normal Cost and Actuarial Liab	ility	/				
Actuarial liability						
Active		9,097,063		1,047,105,850	\$	1,056,202,913
Service retired		20,533,890	•	1,426,454,370		1,446,988,260
Disabled		2,292,177		311,311,921		313,604,098
Beneficiaries	_	847,631	_	216,080,621	_	216,928,252
Total	\$	32,770,761	\$;	3,000,952,762	\$	3,033,723,523
Less: actuarial value of assets	_	N/A		N/A	_	2,524,753,505
Unfunded actuarial liability	\$	5,497,975	\$	503,472,043	\$	508,970,018
Total normal cost	\$	295,356	\$	60,004,940	\$	60,300,296
Expense Load		70,260		6,435,335		6,505,595
Expected member contributions		(89,615)		(22,921,560)		(23,011,175)
Net (of expected member contributions) normal cost, including expenses	\$	276,001	\$	43,518,715	\$	43,794,716
Development of contribution payable for the fise	cal	year beginn	ing	July 1, 2010		
Net normal cost	\$	276,001	\$	43,518,715	\$	43,794,716
Twenty-year amortization of Unfunded Actuarial Liability		518,501		47,481,240		47,999,741
Adjustment due to city-only excess contribution		4,542		(4,542)		-
Net plan cost at 7/1/2010	\$	799,044	\$	90,995,413	\$	91,794,457
Interest to 7/1/2011		63,924		7,279,633		7,343,557
Total Plan Cost at 7/1/2011	\$	862,968	\$	98,275,046	\$	99,138,014

Section 3: Plan Membership

Highlights

- Active membership decreased 2.3% from 4,690 to 4,584
- Active payroll decreased 1.7% from \$281 million to \$277 million
- Average salary increased 0.6% from \$60,005 to \$60,335
- Inactive participants increased from 126% to 131% of active membership

Plan Membership

This section contains tables which summarize the data used in the valuation. To prepare this report Mercer has used and relied on participant data supplied by the Retirement System Office as summarized in this section. The System is responsible for ensuring that such member data provides an accurate description of all persons who are members under the terms of the plan or otherwise entitled to benefits as of June 30, 2010 that is sufficiently comprehensive and accurate for the purposes of this report. Although Mercer has reviewed the data in accordance with Actuarial Standards of Practice No. 23, Mercer has not verified or audited any of the data or information provided.

A reconciliation chart is included on page 22, which traces the active membership through the year, showing the exits and entrances by category. The members are grouped by age and service in a chart on page 23.

The retired member data are displayed in charts on pages 24, 25 and 26.

Reconciliation of Active F&P Members

A.	Active members as of June 30, 2009					
B.	Exits:					
	1. Terminations:	Non-vested	70			
	2. Transfers Out		0			
	3. Leaves:	Other	0			
	4. Prior Incorrect Inclusions		0			
	5. Deaths:	Non-Line of Duty with no Survivor	0			
		Line of Duty with Survivor	0			
		Non-Line of Duty with Survivor	3 ⁹			
	6. Retirements:	Service	155			
	7. Disablements:	Non-Line of Duty	8			
		Line of Duty	26			
		Line of Duty - 100%	0			
	8. Other Exits	Hired and Terminated During Year	19			
	9. Subtotal (all exits):		281			
	10. Military Leaves:		5			
	11. Pending Disablement:		1			
C.	Remaining Active (A-B.9)		4,409			
D.	Entrances:					
	1. New Entrants		162			
	2. Prior Omissions		8			
	3. Transfers In		0			
	4. Restorations:	Pending	0			
		Leave	0			
		Retirement	0			
		Disability-Non-Line of Duty	0			
		Disability-Line of Duty	0			
		Other Termination	5			
	5. Subtotal (all entrances):		175			
E.	Active Members as of June	30, 2010 (C+D.5) ¹⁰	4,584			

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⁹ Includes 1 participant whose beneficiary did not begin payments until after 6/30/2010

 $^{^{\}rm 10}$ Includes 5 participants on military leave and 1 participant pending disablement.

Section 3: Plan Membership (continued)

Average Earnings for Active Service Groups by Age Groups

AGE	SERVICE GROUP									
GROUP	< 5	5 -9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40+	TOTAL
<20										0
20-24	239	6								245
	42,112	51,572								42,343
25-29	368	158	3							529
	44,901	56,697	58,412							48,501
30-34	218	293	140	4						655
	47,570	57,945	61,721	62,438						55,327
35-39	133	216	311	235	15					910
	49,961	57,788	62,888	67,172	76,404					61,117
40-44	81	119	183	418	180	9				990
	48,778	58,273	62,488	66,572	71,345	73,967				64,299
45-49	25	56	62	139	250	88	1			621
	49,936	58,637	61,165	64,920	68,554	73,648	90,365			66,116
50-54	11	20	15	53	86	118	57			360
	58,156	59,573	60,874	63,304	67,142	73,249	76,365			69,083
55-59	4	5	10	19	35	39	48	46	2	208
	47,957	58,490	62,419	63,249	64,580	69,545	73,308	77,393	102,196	70,029
60-64			2	2	6	10	11	20	4	55
			60,529	64,298	66,706	69,639	66,872	75,508	78,484	71,017
65-69				2				1	6	9
				64,142				11,369	69,157	61,622
70-74								1	1	2
								11,369	68,523	39,946
75+										0
TOTAL	1,079	873	726	872	572	264	117	68	13	4,584
	46,000	57,766	62,342	66,169	69,163	72,722	74,338	74,897	77,061	60,335

Total Earnings: \$276,576,626

Average Age: 39.21 Average Service: 12.71

Reconciliation of Retired Fire and Police Members and their Beneficiaries

			R	etired	Dis	abled	
A.	Members as	of June 30, 2009	Primary 3,504	Beneficiary 981	Primary 1,006	Beneficiary 438	Total 5,929
B.	Exits:						
	 Payments Returned t Prior Incom Deaths: 	o Active Membership	0 0 0 48 0 <u>52</u>	2 0 0 0 37 <u>0</u>	0 0 0 14 0 <u>19</u>	2 0 0 0 23 <u>0</u>	4 0 0 62 60 <u>71</u>
	5. Subtotal (a	all exits)	100	39	33	25	197
C.	Remaining N Adjustments	lembers (A-B.5)	3,404 (4)	942 4	973 3	413 -3	5,732 0
	Adjusted Re	maining Members	3,400	946	976	410	5,732
D.	Entrances:						
	 Beneficiary Prior Omis 	nth: Beneficiary Assumes Payments	155 0 0 0 0	0 2 52 4 <u>8</u>	34 0 0 0 0	0 0 19 5 <u>1</u>	189 2 71 9
	6. Subtotal (a	all entrances)	155	66	34	25	280
E.	Members as (C+D.6)	of June 30, 2010	3,555	1,012	1,010	435	6,012

Schedule of Benefit Recipients by Attained Age and Type of Retirement F&P June 30, 2010 – PRIMARY MEMBERS

Type of Retirement¹¹

	Type of Retirement										
AGE		Total		NR		DS	1	NLOD Dis	LOD Dis		LOD 100
0-24		0		0		0		0	0		0
25-29		4		0		0		1	3		0
30-34		24		0		0		4	20		0
35-39		73		0		0		16	57		0
40-44		145		57		4		16	67		1
45-49		300		178		6		25	90		1
50-54		463		384		1		20	58		0
55-59		603		530		1		20	52		0
60-64		866		771		1		20	74		0
65-69		642		530		0		35	77		0
70-74		526		424		0		40	60		2
75-79		440		328		0		39	72		1
80-84		294		212		0		31	51		0
85+		185		128		0		23	34		0
TOTAL		4,565		3,542		13		290	715		5
Average Annual											
Benefit	\$	34,394	\$	36,143	\$	31,138	\$	18,272	\$ 32,164	\$	58,124

¹¹ Type of Retirement

NR Normal Retirement for age and service

DS Discontinued Service

NLOD Dis Non-Line-of-Duty Disability

LOD Dis Line-of-Duty Disability

LOD 100 Line-of-Duty Disability 100% of Compensation

Schedule of Benefit Recipients by Attained Age and Type of Retirement

June 30, 2010 - BENEFICIARIES

		-			Type of Re	tirement ¹²			-	
AGE	Total	NR	DS	NLOD Dis	LOD Dis	LOD 100	NLOD DR	NLOD Dth1	NLOD Dth2	LOD Dth
<20 ¹³	26	2	0	4	5	0	0	0	6	9
20-24	5	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	1
25-29	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
30-34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
35-39	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3
40-44	10	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	3
45-49	44	25	0	3	5	0	2	0	4	5
50-54	57	39	0	2	6	0	5	2	1	2
55-59	100	65	0	8	7	0	11	3	1	5
60-64	138	75	1	15	12	0	13	9	4	9
65-69	163	99	0	18	20	0	7	10	0	9
70-74	193	95	0	27	43	0	16	5	0	7
75-79	247	113	0	51	56	0	16	7	0	4
80-84	228	109	0	36	59	0	13	2	0	9
85+	230	145	0	22	33	0	14	3	1	12
TOTAL	1,447	772	1	189	246	0	97	41	23	78
Average Annual Benefit	\$15,682	\$14,743	\$11,971	\$9,893	\$12,937	\$0	\$24,467	\$9,834	\$19,967	\$38,596

12 Type of Retirement

Normal Retirement for age and service

DS Discontinued Service Non-Line-of-Duty Disability
Line-of-Duty Disability
Line-of-Duty Disability 100% of Compensation
Non-Line-of-Duty Death member eligible for Service Retirement
Non-Line-of-Duty Death prior to 7/1/91. NLOD Dis LOD Dis

LOD 100

NLOD DR

NLOD Dth1

Non-Line-of-Duty Death with 25% of compensation. NLOD Dth2

LOD Dth Line-of-Duty Death

¹³ Beneficiaries in this age group are children of deceased members

Section 4: Actuarial Basis

Highlights

Changes in actuarial assumptions from the 2009 valuation results shown in the June 30, 2009 actuarial valuation report dated October 2009 (also reflected in the updated 2009 results reflecting Ordinance 10-306/357) include:

- Changed the pre-retirement investment return assumption from 8.25% to 8.00% and the post-retirement return assumption from 6.8% (5.0% under Mercer's recommendation) to 8.0%, in accordance with Ordinance 10-306/357.
- Updated Full DROP2 and non-DROP2 retirement rates for non-grandfathered participants (participants with less than 15 years of service or who are not retirement eligible as of July 1, 2010).
- Incorporated early retirement rates for non-grandfathered participants.
- Updated the DROP2 participation percentage from 90% for both fire and police, to 85% for non-grandfathered fire members and 75% for non-grandfathered police members. The DROP2 participation percentage remained at 90% for grandfathered fire and police members.

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Projected Unit Credit Method

Liabilities and contributions shown in this report are computed using the Projected Unit Credit method of funding.

The objective under this method is to fund each participant's benefits under the Plan as they would accrue, taking into consideration future salary increases. The total pension, to which each participant is expected to become entitled, is broken down into units, each associated with a year of past or future credited service. When this method is introduced, there will be an initial liability for benefits credited for service prior to that date, and to the extent that the liability is not covered by assets of the Plan, there is an unfunded liability to be funded over a chosen period in accordance with an amortization schedule.

A description of the calculation follows:

An individual's **accrued benefit** for valuation purposes related to a particular separation date is the accrued benefit described under the Plan but determined using the projected salary that would be used in the calculation of the benefit on the expected separation date.

The **benefit** deemed to accrue for an individual during a plan year is the prorated portion of the projected benefit attributable to one year of service. The projected benefit is calculated at the various anticipated separation dates.

An individual's **accrued liability** is the present value of the accrued benefit for valuation purposes at the beginning of the plan year, and the normal cost is the present value of the benefit deemed to accrue in the plan year. When multiple decrements are used, the accrued liability and the normal cost for an individual are the sum of the component accrued liabilities and normal costs associated with the various anticipated separation dates. Such accrued liabilities and normal costs reflect the accrued benefits as modified to obtain the benefits payable on those dates and the probability of the individual separating on those dates.

The Plan's **normal cost** is the sum of the individual normal costs, and the Plan's **accrued** (actuarial) liability is the sum of the accrued liabilities for all participants under the Plan.

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Method of funding:

Effective June 30, 1988, the Projected Unit Credit Funding Method is used.

The current Unfunded Actuarial Liability is amortized over 20 years. This 20-year period is restarted each year. (Effective 7/1/1992)

Asset valuation:

The actuarial value of assets is equal to the market value, adjusted for investment surpluses and deficits over a five-year period. This calculation is done in the following steps:

- 1) The investment gain or loss for the current year is calculated; this equals the actual investment earnings during the year minus the expected earnings. (Through the original June 30, 2009 valuation, expected earnings were calculated using a weighted average of the pre- and post-retirement interest rate assumptions multiplied by the mean market value of assets during the year.) Effective July 1, 2010, expected earnings are calculated using the interest rate assumption multiplied by the mean market value of assets during the year. Market value for this purpose excludes the PuBF and CRF.
- 2) Through the original June 30, 2009 valuation, the amount allocated to the variable benefit fund was deducted from this total.
- 3) Of this difference, 20% is used in the current actuarial value of assets. Beginning again at June 30, 2007 the remaining 80% is held in reserve.

The actuarial value of assets is the market value (excluding the PuBF and CRF until they were eliminated) less cumulative unallocated earnings plus the remaining balance of the BIF, ERF, and Minimum Stabilization Fund. Any contribution receivable for the upcoming fiscal year (as determined in the prior year's valuation) is added to the result.

Investment return:

8.00% compounded annually effective for the 6/30/2010 valuation to reflection the new plan provisions (as well as the 6/30/2009 valuation results reflecting the Ordinances).

COLA:

Assumed to follow System provisions -0%, 1% or 2% depending on age and type of retirement (effective for the revised June 30, 2009 valuation to reflection the new plan provisions.)

Salary increases:

Salary increases are assumed to vary with age. Sample rates are as follows:

	Annual Rate of Salary Increase
Age	
20	0.0800
25	0.0700
30	0.0625
35	0.0500
40	0.0500
45	0.0500
50	0.0500
55	0.0400
60	0.0400
64	0.0400
	(effective 6/30/2008)

Post-retirement mortality: Retirees and beneficiaries:

Male and Females - 1994 Uninsured Pensioners Generational Mortality table projected 5 additional years (effective 6/30/2005).

Disabled Members:

Male and Females - GAM 1983 (M&F) set forward 4 years and reduced by 19% (effective 6/30/2008).

Sample rates are shown below.

Reti	rees and Benef	Disabled	Members	
Age				Female
55	0.004758	0.002446	0.006451	0.002940
60	0.008576	0.004773	0.010671	0.004913
65	0.015629	0.009286	0.019097	0.008404
70	0.025516	0.014763	0.031079	0.016230
75	0.040012	0.024393	0.051653	0.029663
80	0.066696	0.042361	0.081603	0.049100

^{*}Rates for individuals who are the age shown as of 6/30/2010.

Percent married: Males 75%, Females 75%

Spouse age: A husband is assumed to be 4 years older than his wife.

Remarriage rates: None

Children: All benefits with Joint & Survivor Forms of Payments for retirees

had their survivor benefits increased by 4% to account for

children's benefits.

Benefit loads: Benefits to certain types of beneficiaries receiving Line-of-Duty

death benefits were increased by 3.0% to allow for contingent

beneficiaries.

Benefits to certain types of members receiving Line-of-Duty disability benefits were increased by 1.5% to allow for possible

conversion to Line-of-Duty death benefits.

Expenses: All expenses are paid from the fund. There is an addition to the

normal cost of 35 basis points of the current market value of

assets.

The expense assumption was updated for the 6/30/2009 valuation from being implicitly reflected in the investment return to being explicitly reflected as a 35 basis point addition to the normal cost.

Mortality and Morbidity Rates for Active Members:

Sample rates of all decrements applicable to active participants are as follows:

	Non-Line-of-Duty	Line-of-Duty	Non-Line-of-	Duty Death ¹⁴	Line-of-Duty
Age	Disability	Disability	Males*	Females*	Death ¹⁵
20	0.000228	0.000864	0.000545	0.000305	0.000076
25	0.000232	0.001138	0.000711	0.000313	0.000119
30	0.000594	0.001792	0.000862	0.000377	0.000164
35	0.001914	0.003520	0.000915	0.000514	0.000253
40	0.001840	0.004988	0.001153	0.000763	0.000385
45	0.002651	0.005644	0.001697	0.001046	0.000433
50	0.002800	0.004600	0.002773	0.001536	0.000372
55	0.001446	0.004664	0.004758	0.002446	0.000300
60	0.001162	0.006208	0.008576	0.004773	0.000159
64	0.000812	0.006353	0.013914	0.008194	0.000062

^{*}Rates for individuals who are the age shown as of 6/30/2010.

The above rates for line-of-duty disability and non-line-of-duty death were effective 6/30/2008. The above rates for non-line-of-duty disability and line-of-duty death were effective 6/30/2005.

Withdrawal rates are shown below.

Years of Service	Withdrawal ¹⁶
0	0.0700
1	0.0650
2	0.0600
3	0.0575
4	0.0525
5	0.0450
6	0.0400
7	0.0325
8	0.0250
9	0.0200
10	0.0130
11-14	0.0085
15-19	0.0035
20+	0.0000

The above rates were effective 6/30/2008.

 $^{^{14}}$ Males and Females - 1994 Uninsured Pensioners Generational Mortality table projected 5 additional years

¹⁵ Benefit loaded ½% for post-disability line-of-duty death benefit.

¹⁶ Withdrawal decrements are reduced to zero when participant is eligible to retire.

Fire and Police Retirement Rates

The retirement rates are assumed to be affected by whether a member participates in the DROP or DROP2. Members who do not join DROP or DROP2 are assumed to have retirement rates that vary by service until age 50. After age 50 the rates are assumed to vary solely by age.

Members who join DROP or DROP2 are assumed to have retirement rates that vary solely by service from the time they join and leave DROP/DROP2. We have assumed that 90% of grandfathered members will elect DROP/DROP2, 75% of non-grandfathered police will elect DROP2 and 85% of non-grandfathered firefighters will elect DROP2 (see Section 5 for the definition of grandfathering). Retirement rates for members are as follows and reflect possibilities of retirement with and without DROP/DROP2 rates:

Grandfathered Non- DROP/DROP2 Rates Until Age 50				
(with 90% reduction)				
Years of	Non-DROP			
Service	Retirement			
	Rate			
20	6.00%			
21	2.25%			
22	2.25%			
23	2.93%			
24	3.38%			
25 or later	3.38%			

Grandfathered Non-						
DROP/DROP2 Rates After						
Age 50						
(with 9	(with 90% reduction)					
Age	Non-DROP					
	Retirement Rate					
50	0.64%					
51	0.46%					
52	0.46%					
53	0.47%					
54	0.59%					
55	0.73%					
56	0.69%					
57	0.69%					
58	0.69%					
59	1.39%					
60	2.12%					
61	1.72%					
62	2.55%					
63	2.55%					
64	3.23%					
65	100.00%					

Grandfathered Full DROP Rates					
Years after	DROP Retirement				
electing	Rate				
DROP					
1	4.00%				
2	5.00%				
3	8.00%				
4	10.00%				
5	25.00%				
6	17.00%				
7+	25.00%				

Grandfathered Full DROP2 Rates						
Years after	DROP2 Re	etirement				
electing	Rat	e				
DROP2						
	<u>Fire</u>	<u>Police</u>				
1	3.25%	4.75%				
2	4.25%	5.75%				
3	11.25%	12.75%				
4-5	10.25%	11.75%				
6	7.25%	9.00%				
7	7.25%	26.00%				
8-9	24.00%	26.00%				
10-13	23.50%	26.50%				
14+	23.00%	27.00%				

Fire and Police Retirement Rates (continued)

The following rates apply to non-grandfathered members (participants who have not met the full service retirement eligibility, or have less than 15 years of service as of July 1, 2010).

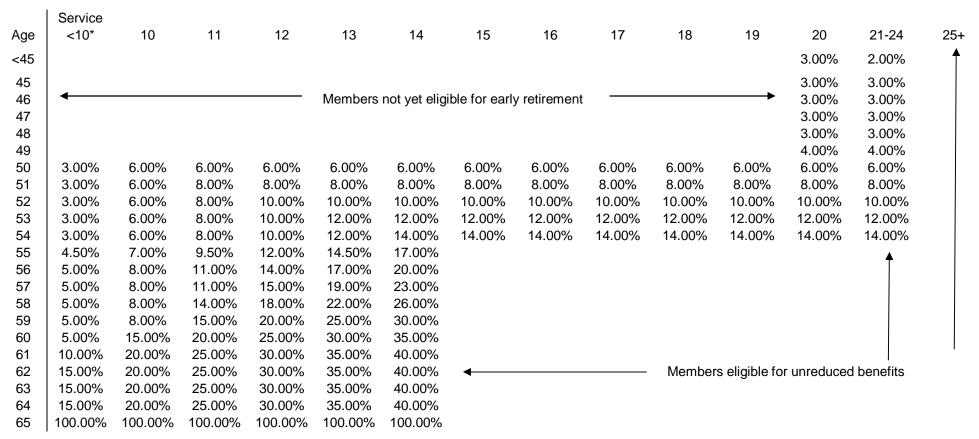
Non-Grandfathered Non-DROP2 Rates							
	= :	ire reduction)		lice reduction)			
Age	At First Eligibility	After First Eligibility	At First Eligibility	After First Eligibility			
<55	9.00%	7.50%	17.50%	15.00%			
55	9.00%	7.50%	17.50%	15.00%			
56	9.00%	7.50%	17.50%	15.00%			
57	9.00%	7.50%	17.50%	15.00%			
58	9.00%	7.50%	17.50%	15.00%			
59	9.00%	7.50%	17.50%	15.00%			
60	9.00%	7.50%	17.50%	15.00%			
61	9.00%	7.50%	17.50%	15.00%			
62	9.00%	7.50%	17.50%	15.00%			
63	9.00%	7.50%	17.50%	15.00%			
64	9.00%	7.50%	17.50%	15.00%			
65+	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%			

Non-Grandfathered Full DROP2 Rates		
Years	Fire	Police
after eligibility/	(with 85%	(with 75%
election	reduction)	reduction)
0	0.00%	0.00%
1	3.40%	4.50%
2	4.25%	5.25%
3	11.90%	12.00%
4	11.05%	11.25%
5	12.75%	13.50%
6	10.20%	10.50%
7	10.20%	27.00%
8	28.90%	27.00%
9	28.90%	27.00%
10	28.48%	27.38%
11	28.48%	27.38%
12	28.48%	27.38%
13	28.48%	27.38%
14+	28.05%	27.75%

Section 4: Actuarial Basis (continued)

Fire and Police Retirement Rates (continued)

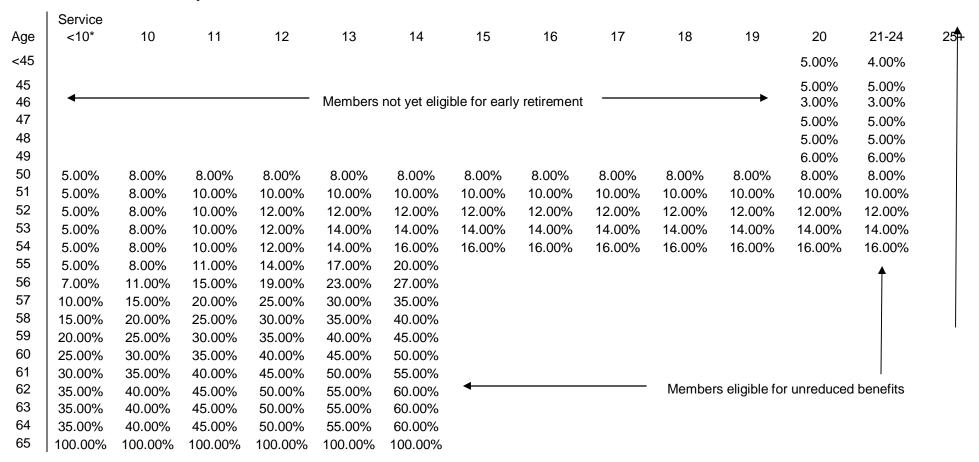
Non-Grandfathered Early Retirement Rates for Firefighters



Section 4: Actuarial Basis (continued)

Fire and Police Retirement Rates (continued)

Non-Grandfathered Early Retirement Rates for Police



Section 4: Actuarial Basis (continued)

After we know a member has elected the DROP/DROP2, only DROP/DROP2 rates will be used. If a member is eligible but has not elected the DROP/DROP2, only non-DROP/DROP2 rates without the respective reduction will be used.

The Non-DROP and DROP rates were effective 6/30/2008.

The grandfathered DROP2 rates are effective for the 6/30/2009 valuation to reflect the new DROP2 provisions effective January 1, 2010.

The non-grandfathered retirement rates (early, non-DROP2 and Full DROP2) are effective for the revised 6/30/2009 valuation to reflect the new plan provisions effective July 1, 2010.

Section 5: Summary of Plan Provisions

Highlights

Several plan provisions were updated since the 2009 valuation (also reflected in the revised 2009 valuation results reflecting the Ordinances). The changes were defined for two separate groups: grandfathered participants (those who were eligible for retirement or had 15 years of service as of July 1, 2010) and non-grandfathered participants.

Changes in plan provisions from the 2009 valuation for all participants include:

- Updating the investment return assumption to 8.0% for both pre- and post-retirement.
- Replacing the variable benefit structure with an age-based COLA.
- Increasing member contributions by 1% each year from 6% (through June 30, 2010) to 10% (for the year beginning July 1, 2013).
- Decreasing the interest on member contributions from 5.5% to 3.0%.

Changes in plan provisions from the 2009 valuation for only nongrandfathered participants include:

- Increasing the averaging period for final average pay from 18 months to 36 months.
- Changing retirement eligibility for normal retirement from age 50 or 20 years of service to the earlier of age 55 and 15 years of service, or 25 years of service (15 as a contributing member), regardless of age.
- Incorporating early retirement to equal current eligibility for normal retirement (age 50 or 20 years of service) and adding benefit reduction for early retirement.
- Moving eligibility for DROP2 from 20 years of service to 25 years of service.
- Decreasing the DROP2 interest rate from 5.5% to 3.0%.
- Incorporating a minimum annual benefit of \$16,000 for current and future beneficiaries of pre-DROP retirees.

1. Effective Date

The System was effective July 1, 1962 and has periodically been amended. This valuation incorporates the provisions of Ordinance 10-306 and Ordinance 10-357.

2. Eligibility

Any officer or employee of the Police Department or the Fire Department and certain Department of Aviation employees shall become a member as a condition of employment. Any officer or employee for whom the City makes contributions to Social Security shall be excluded.

3. Grandfathering

Effective July 1, 2010, participants who have either met retirement eligibility (see item 7.A.i.) or have attained 15 years of service prior to July 1, 2010 are considered "Grandfathered" for retirement as well as DROP2 eligibility. All other members are "Non-Grandfathered." Members have until December 31, 2010 to purchase service to satisfy the 15-year "Grandfathering" requirement.

4. Member Contributions

Members contribute at the rate of 6% of regular compensation for their entire period of service. Effective July 1, 2010, members contribute at the rate of 7% of regular compensation. This percentage will increase to 8% starting July 1, 2011, 9% starting July 1, 2012 and 10% starting July 1, 2013. Contributions are treated as made by the employer and are made to the system pre-tax according to Section 414(h)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code. Members of the ERS who transferred to this System after July 1, 1967 and did not make up the contributions which would have been made from July 1, 1962 are to have their retirement allowance reduced by the actuarial equivalent of the deficient contributions with interest. Effective July 1, 2010, interest is credited on contributions at a rate of 3.0% per annum. Previously, interest was credited at 5.5% per annum. Members' contributions were reduced in several years by a specific ordinance for each year. For purposes of calculating benefits that depend on the amount of member contributions (e.g., DROP accounts), members are deemed to have contributed the full amount.

5. Compensation

Earnable compensation is all usual compensation including lodging, subsistence, etc. When compensation is not paid in money, the Board of Trustees shall fix the value of that part of compensation. This definition excludes overtime.

For grandfathered participants, Average Final Compensation is the average annual compensation during any eighteen consecutive month period of service during which earnable compensation was highest or, if less than eighteen months, the average during total service.

For non-grandfathered participants, Average Final Compensation is the average annual compensation during any thirty-six consecutive month period of service during which earnable compensation was highest or, if less than thirty six months, the average during total service.

6. Military Service Credit

- A. Military Service Prior to Employment: A maximum of three years of service credit is granted provided the member has acquired 10 years of service and attained age 50, or has acquired 20 years of service regardless of age.
- B. Military Service Within Employment: Upon retirement or death, any member who, because of military duty, had a break in employment shall receive credit for the period of absence as provided by the Veterans Reemployment Rights Act.

7. Retirement Allowance Eligibility

- A. Service Retirement
 - i. Grandfathered
 - a. Membership commencing prior to July 1, 2003: Age 50 or 20 years of service.
 - b. Membership commencing on or after July 1, 2003: Age 50 with 10 years of service as a contributing member, or 20 years of service with 10 years of service as a contributing member.
 - ii. Non-grandfathered. Earlier of:
 - a. Age 55 with 15 years of service, or
 - b. 25 years of service, regardless of age, with 15 years of service as a contributing member.
- B. Early Retirement (Only non-grandfathered participants):
 - i. Membership commencing prior to July 1, 2003: Age 50 or 20 years of service.
 - ii. Membership commencing on or after July 1, 2003: Age 50 with 10 years of service as a contributing member, or 20 years of service with 10 years of service as a contributing member.
 - iii. The normal retirement benefit is reduced by 6.5%/year for the first 5 years, 4.5% per year for the next 5 years, 3.0% for the next 5 years and 2% per year thereafter from the date the member would have been eligible for normal retirement assuming continued service.
- C. Non-Line-of-Duty Disability Retirement: Five years of service and certified by a member of the Panel of Hearing Examiners to be mentally or physically incapacitated for the performance of duty and that incapacity is likely to be permanent.
- D. Line-of-Duty Disability Retirement: No service or age constraints apply. The benefit is awarded when a participant becomes totally and permanently incapacitated for duty as the result of an injury while in performance of duty and certified by a Hearing Examiner as incapacitated for the performance of duty where such incapacity is likely to be permanent. Should such disability further result in extensive brain damage causing total

incapacity or in the loss of or the loss of use of both hands or both arms or both feet or both legs or both eyes or any two thereof, an additional pension will be payable.

8. Termination of Employment

- A. Eligible for a Termination Retirement Allowance payable immediately upon completion of 15 years of service if removed from a position without fault. Presently, this benefit is not reflected in the valuation.
- B. Eligible for a refund of accumulated contributions if not eligible for any other benefits.

9. Retirement Allowances

A. Service Retirement:

The retirement allowance shall be the sum of:

- (1) An annuity equal to the actuarial equivalent of a member's accumulated contributions.
- (2) A pension, which together with the annuity in (1), equals 2.5% of Average Final Compensation times the first 20 years of service, plus 2.0% of Average Final Compensation times service in excess of 20 years.

DROP Benefits

Members with more than 20 years of service on or before December 31, 2009 can elect to participate in DROP at any time. A member's DROP participation period can be for one, two or three years. During that time the member will accrue no additional service. A member who continues employment at the end of his/her DROP participation period shall begin to earn additional service credit.

If a member retires during his/her DROP participation period or immediately at the end of this period, he/she shall be entitled to a Basic DROP Retirement Benefit. This shall equal:

- (1) The retirement benefit that would have been paid had the member retired at the time he/she began his/her DROP participation, plus
- (2) A lump sum equal to the member's DROP account. This equals the accumulation of the annuity payments the member would have received had he/she retired at the time his/her DROP participation began receiving benefits, plus the member contributions paid during his/her DROP participation period, plus interest at 8.25%.

If a member retires later than the end of the 3 year DROP period but less than 18 months after the conclusion of his/her DROP participation period, he/she is entitled to an Intermediate DROP Retirement Benefit. This shall equal:

- (1) The retirement benefit that would have been paid had the member retired at the time he/she began his/her DROP participation, plus
- (2) Benefit accrual of 2% plus an extra 1.5% per year (not to exceed 18 months) for service after the DROP participation period.
- (3) A lump sum equal to the DROP account. No additions (other than interest) are added after the conclusion of the DROP participation period.

If a member retires more than 18 months after the conclusion of his/her DROP participation period, he/she is entitled to a Full DROP Retirement Benefit. This shall equal:

- (1) The retirement benefit based on current average final compensation and all service excluding service while a participant in DROP.
- (2) Benefit accrual includes an extra 1.5% per year (not to exceed four years) for service after the DROP participation period.
- (3) A lump sum equal to the DROP account. No additions (other than interest) are added after the conclusion of the DROP participation period.

DROP2 Benefits

Members with more than 20 years of service on or after January 1, 2010, but not before December 31, 2009, can elect to participate in DROP2. Effective July 1, 2010, the 20 year requirement was moved to 25 years for non-grandfathered members. A member's DROP2 participation period can be for one, two or three years. The participant must remain in DROP2 for at least 1 year. Those participants who retire prior to the end of the first year are not entitled to receive any amounts accumulated in the DROP2 account. No additional service is accrued during DROP2 participation. A member who continues employment at the end of the DROP2 participation period shall begin to earn additional service credit.

If a member retires during the DROP2 participation period or immediately at the end of this period, the member is entitled to an Early DROP2 Retirement Benefit. This is equal to:

(1) The retirement benefit that would have been paid had the member retired at the time he/she began his/her DROP2 participation, plus

(2) A lump sum equal to the member's DROP2 account. This equals the accumulation of the annuity payments the member would have received had he/she retired at the time his/her DROP2 participation began plus the member contributions paid during his/her DROP2 participation period, plus interest at 5.5% for grandfathered participants and 3.0% for non-grandfathered participants.

If a member retires later than the end of the 3 year DROP2 period but less than 3.5 years for police employees or 5 years for fire employees after the conclusion of his/her DROP2 participation period, he/she is entitled to a Mid DROP2 Retirement Benefit. This is equal to:

- (1) The retirement benefit that would have been paid had the member retired at the time he/she began his/her DROP2 participation, plus
- (2) Benefit accrual of 2% for service after the DROP2 participation period began.
- (3) An additional benefit accrual of 1.5% per year (not to exceed four years) for service after the DROP2 participation period for fire employee only. Police employees do not receive an additional benefit accrual.
- (4) A lump sum equal to the DROP2 account. No additions (other than interest) are added after the conclusion of the DROP2 participation period.

If a member retires more than 3.5 years for police employees or 5 years for fire employees after the conclusion of his/her DROP2 participation period, he/she is entitled to a Complete DROP2 Retirement Benefit. This shall equal:

- (1) The retirement benefit based on current average final compensation and all service excluding service while a participant in DROP2.
- (2) Benefit accrual includes an extra 1.5% per year (not to exceed four years) for service after the DROP2 participation period for fire employees only. Police employees do not receive an additional benefit accrual.
- (3) A lump sum equal to the DROP2 account. No additions (other than interest) are added after the conclusion of the DROP2 participation period.
- B. Non-Line-of-Duty Disability Retirement: A member shall receive an annuity equal to the actuarial equivalent of a member's accumulated contributions plus a pension which, together with the annuity, shall equal 2.5% of his/her Average Final Compensation times service up to 20 years, plus 2.0% of his/her Average Final Compensation times service in excess of 20 years, but in no event less than 25% of Average Final Compensation.

NOTE: This allowance is offset by workers' compensation, if the member entered the system after July 1, 1970.

C. Line-of-Duty Disability Retirement: An annuity equal to the actuarial equivalent of a member's accumulated contributions, plus a pension equal to 66-2/3% of Average Final Compensation. An additional pension is paid for certain disabilities so that the retirement allowance is equal to 100% of compensation at the time of retirement.

Note: The same offsets apply as in Non-Line-of-Duty Disability.

D. Termination Retirement Allowance: Determined the same as if the member had retired on a Non-Line-of-Duty Disability Allowance.

10. Optional Methods of Receiving Benefit Payments

These options are available for Service, Non-Line-of-Duty Disability and Line-of-Duty Disability Retirement. The option and/or beneficiary may be changed within 30 days after retirement. For purposes of determining the amount of an optional retirement benefit, a benefit of equivalent value is determined using 5% per annum compounded annually and the UP-84 mortality table set forward 1 year, except that in the case of disability retirements, the table is set forward 7 years.

- A. Joint and 50% to unremarried spouse or dependent children until the last marries, dies or attains age 18 (age 22 if a full-time student) (this is known as the maximum service allowance)
- B. Cash refund to designated beneficiary with refund based on present value of allowance at retirement less payments made
- C. Joint and 100% to Contingent beneficiary
- D. Joint and 50% to Contingent beneficiary
- E. Some other periodic benefit subject to the approval of the Board of Trustees

11. Non-Line-of-Duty Death Benefits

Upon the non-duty related death of a member in service, benefits are payable as follows:

- A. The member's accumulated contributions shall be payable to the member's designated beneficiary or estate.
- B. If a member had one or more years of service, 50% of the greater of his/her current annual compensation or Average Final Compensation will be payable as a lump-sum.

- C. In lieu of the A and B above, if the member had at least two years of continuous service, the benefit is an annual sum equal to 25% of the member's regular gross compensation, plus 1.5% of regular gross compensation times years of service in excess of 2 years, up to a maximum benefit of 50% of regular gross compensation. The death benefit shall be payable to:
 - (1) the widow(er), if the beneficiary so elects, during widowhood only, or
 - (2) if no eligible widow(er), the child or children until the last marries, dies or attains age 18 (age 22 if a full-time student).
- D. If the member was eligible for a service retirement or, if retired on account of service or non-line-of-duty disability and dies within 30 days of retirement, and the member's designated beneficiary is the member's spouse with whom the member had been living for at least one year or the member's surviving parent(s), such beneficiary may elect, in lieu of (A) and (B) above, an allowance equal to the amount that would have been paid under the Joint and 100% Contingent Option.

These benefits are offset by workers' compensation, if the member entered the system after July 1, 1970. If no beneficiary and if intestate without heirs, then the benefit shall remain part of the System.

12. Line-of-Duty Death Benefits

If a member's death arose out of and in the performance of duty as certified by a Hearing Examiner, or if the member dies within five years as a result of the last injury which resulted in a Line-of-Duty Disability Retirement, a refund of accumulated contributions shall be paid, plus a pension of 100% of current compensation (not less than \$15,000) shall be payable to:

- A. the surviving spouse, or
- B. if no eligible spouse or if the spouse dies, any children, equally, until age 18 (or age 22 if full-time student(s)), or
- C. if no eligible spouse or children, any dependent father or dependent mother for their lifetime.

This benefit is offset by workers' compensation, if the member entered the system after July 1, 1970. If no beneficiary and if intestate without heirs, then the benefit shall remain part of the System.

13. Minimum Benefits

Effective July 1, 2010 for current and future beneficiaries of "pre-DROP" retirees (members who retired prior to August 1, 1996 with 20 or more years of service), the minimum annual benefit is \$16,000. Benefits will increase based on the applicable COLA. However, for future beneficiaries of the current pre-DROP retirees, the \$16,000 minimum will not be adjusted while the primary annuitant (retiree) is still alive. Once payments to the beneficiaries commence, benefits will increase with the applicable COLA regardless of whether the minimum applies.

14. Post-Retirement Benefit Increase

Post-retirement benefit increases (Cost of Living Adjustments or COLAs) are automatically provided to all current and future retirees and beneficiaries according to the following schedule:

- Under age 55 No COLA
- Age 55 to age 65 1% annual COLA
- After age 65 2% annual COLA

For current and future members receiving a 100% line-of-duty disability benefit as well as their beneficiaries, the 2% annual COLA will apply regardless of age.

Only retirees and beneficiaries who have been receiving periodic benefit payments for two or more years as of the June 30 determination date are eligible for the increase. For a member who retires during or at the end of the DROP participation period, the member's DROP participation period counts toward the eligibility requirement for post-retirement benefit increases. The 2% COLA is first effective January 1, 2011 and the 1% COLA is first effective January 1, 2012.

Prior to June 30, 2010, investment return based increases were provided to retirees and beneficiaries.

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