# MUNICIPAL POLICE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM 

ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2011

## G. S. CURRAN \& COMPANY, LTD.

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December 30, 2011

Board of Trustees<br>Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System<br>7722 Office Park Boulevard, Suite 200<br>Baton Rouge, LA 70809<br>Ladies and Gentlemen:

We are pleased to present our report on the actuarial valuation of the Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011. Our report is based on the actuarial assumptions specified and relies on the data supplied by the system's administrators and accountants. This report was prepared at the request of the Board of Trustees of the Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of the State of Louisiana. The primary purposes of the report are to determine the actuarially required contribution for the retirement system for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012, to recommend the net direct employer contribution rate for fiscal 2013, and to provide information for the system's financial statements. This report was prepared exclusively for the Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System for a specific limited purpose. It is not for the use or benefit of any third party for any purpose.

This report has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, fairly reflects the actuarial present values and costs stated herein. The undersigned actuaries are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and have met the qualification standards for the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions incorporated in this report, and are available to provide further information or answer any questions with respect to this valuation.

Sincerely,


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## SUMMARY OF VALUATION RESULTS MUNICIPAL POLICE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM



Minimum Recommended Net Direct Employer Cont. Rate
For Employees with Earnings Below Poverty Level-
For Employees with Earnings Above Poverty Level -

Fiscal 2013: 33.50\%
Fiscal 2012: $29.00 \%$
Fiscal 2013: 31.00\%

Fiscal 2012: $26.50 \%$

Employee Contribution Rate: $7.50 \%$ of payroll below poverty level $/ 10.00 \%$ of payroll above poverty level
Actuarial Cost Method: Individual Entry Age Normal with allocation of cost based on earnings.
Valuation Interest Rate: 7½\% (Net of Investment Expense)
Exclusions from Census: None
Basis of Actuarial Asset Value: A transition from the prior method, a four year smoothing of unrealized capital gains, to an actuarial value of assets based on the market value of assets adjusted to phase in asset earnings above or below the assumed rate of return over a five-year period with limits set at $85 \%$ and $115 \%$ of the market value of assets. When the adjusted value falls outside of the limits, the actuarial value is set equal to the average of the limited and adjusted value.

Changes in Valuation Methods, Assumptions, and/or Amortization Periods: Mortality tables utilized for employees and non-disabled annuitants were changed to the sex distinct RP 2000 Employee Tables (set back 1 year) for employees and the sex distinct RP 2000 Healthy Annuitant Tables (set back 1 year) for non-disabled annuitants. Also, technical changes to various assumptions were made to conform to a change in valuation software.

Method of Recognizing Gains and Losses: Gains and losses are amortized over 30 years, with the exception of contribution surpluses or shortfalls which are amortized over 15 years.
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## COMMENTS ON DATA

For the valuation, the administrator of the system furnished a census on CD derived from the system's master data processing file indicating each active covered employee's sex, date of birth, service credit, annual salary, and accumulated contributions. Information on retirees detailing dates of birth of retirees and beneficiaries, sex, as well as option categories and benefit amounts, was provided in like manner. In addition, data was supplied on former employees who are vested or who have contributions remaining on deposit. As illustrated in Exhibit X, there are 5,933 active contributing members in the system of whom 2,470 have vested retirement benefits; in addition, there are 231 participants in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP); 4,165 former system members or their beneficiaries are receiving retirement benefits. An additional 1,379 members have contributions remaining on deposit with the system; of this number, 128 have vested rights for future retirement benefits. All individuals submitted were included in the valuation.

Census data submitted to our office is tested for errors. Several types of census data errors are possible; to ensure that the valuation results are as accurate as possible, a significant effort is made to identify and correct these errors. In order to minimize coverage errors (i.e., missing or duplicated individual records) the records are checked for duplicates, and a comparison of the current year's records to those submitted in prior years is made. Changes in status, new records, and previous records that have no corresponding current record are identified. This portion of the review indicates the annual flow of members from one status to another and is used to check some of the actuarial assumptions such as retirement rates, rates of withdrawal, and mortality. In addition, the census is checked for reasonableness in several areas such as age, service, salary, and current benefits. The records identified by this review as questionable are checked against data from prior valuations; those not recently verified are included in a detailed list of items sent to the system's administrative staff for verification and/or correction. Once the identified data has been researched and verified or corrected, it is returned to us for use in the valuation. Occasionally some requested information is either unavailable or impractical to obtain. In such cases, values may be assigned to missing data. The assigned values are based on information from similar records or based on information implied from other data in the record.

In addition to the statistical information provided on the system's participants, the system's administrator furnished general information related to other aspects of the system's expenses, benefits and funding. Valuation asset values as well as income and expenses for the fiscal year were based on information furnished by the system's auditor, the firm of Duplantier, Hrapmann, Hogan \& Maher, Certified Public Accountants. As indicated in the system's financial statements, the net market value of the system's assets was $\$ 1,440,795,586$ as of June 30, 2011. Net investment income for fiscal 2011 measured on a market value basis amounted to $\$ 274,910,796$. Contributions to the system for fiscal 2011 totaled $\$ 106,054,387$; benefits and expenses amounted to $\$ 115,253,303$.

Notwithstanding our efforts to review both census and financial data for apparent errors, we must rely upon the system's administrative staff and accountants to provide accurate information. Our review of submitted information is limited to validation of reasonableness and consistency. Verification of submitted data to source information is beyond the scope of our efforts.

## COMMENTS ON ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

This valuation is based on the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method. Prior to fiscal 2002, experience gains and losses as well as contribution gains and losses were amortized over fifteen years with level amortization payments. Act 1079 of 2003 explicitly changed the amortization period for experience gains and losses, changes in assumptions, changes in methods, cost of living increases, and changes in plan benefit provisions to thirty years with level amortization payments.

Since it was not practical to perform a detailed analysis of plan experience, the assumptions utilized in this report, with the exception of active and healthy annuitant mortality, were designed to match, to the extent possible, those used by the prior actuary for the fiscal 2010 valuation. Adjustments to some non-mortality decrements were necessary due to differences in software design. Nevertheless, a comparative valuation utilizing the same mortality assumptions produced aggregate normal cost and accrued liability values that were within $1 \%$ of the published values for June 30, 2010. Differences in the total accrued liabilities produced by the two valuations as of June 30, 2010 amounted to a decrease of $\$ 12,158,673$. The prior valuation used the 2000 RP Combined Healthy table for both employees and healthy annuitants. Based upon our review of similar law enforcement mortality, in accordance with current standards of practice, and in order to provide for future improvement in mortality, for this valuation we have used the sex distinct 2000 RP Employee Tables set back 1 year for active participants and the sex distinct 2000 RP Healthy Annuitant Tables set back 1 year for non-disabled, inactive participants. This change led to an increase in the accrued liability for fiscal 2011 of \$14,425,073.

In addition, we have changed the method for determining the actuarial value of assets. The prior valuation utilized a four year phase-in of all unrealized capital gains and losses at $25 \%$ per year. With this valuation, we have begun to transition to a five year phase-in of all market earnings above or below the valuation interest rate, subject to a corridor with a maximum of $115 \%$ of the market value of assets and a minimum of $85 \%$ of the market value of assets. In the event that the preliminary value of the actuarial value of assets falls outside of the corridor, the final value will be determined by averaging the preliminary value with the nearest corridor limit. In order to transition to the new method for calculating the actuarial value of assets, the deferral of capital gains for all years before fiscal 2011 was based upon the prior method. The deferral of all gains and losses for fiscal 2011 and later was based on the new method.

The current year actuarial assumptions utilized for the report are outlined on pages thirty-seven through forty-one. In aggregate the assumptions represent our "best estimate" of future long-term experience for the fund. All calculations, recommendations, and conclusions are based on the assumptions specified. To the extent that prospective experience differs from that assumed, adjustments will be required to contribution levels. Such differences will be revealed in future actuarial valuations.

## CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

The following changes in plan provisions were enacted during the 2011 Regular Session of the Louisiana Legislature:

Act 82 provides that if a member is not married to the natural parent of any child and if the member has created a trust for the benefit of such child, any survivor payments due to the child are to be paid to the trustee of the trust.

Act 231 requires a member to repay any refunded employee contributions with interest thereon in order to be approved for disability benefits.

Act 238 changes the employee contribution rate effective July 1, 2011 from a fixed rate of $7.5 \%$ to a rate which is at least $7.5 \%$ but not greater than $10 \%$ based on the total contribution expressed as a percentage of payroll after applying all required tax contributions. The employee rate, when such contributions total $25 \%$ or less, is set at $7.5 \%$. The employee rate then increases $0.25 \%$ for each $0.75 \%$ increase in the total rate, and an additional $0.25 \%$ when the rate exceeds $28.75 \%$, subject to a maximum rate of $10 \%$. The change does not apply to members whose earnable compensation is less than or equal to the poverty guidelines issued by the U. S. Department of Health and Human Services.

The act also allows the Board of Trustees to maintain the net direct employer contribution rate at the prior fiscal year level at such time as the rate would otherwise decrease or to set the rate at any point between the previous year's net direct employer contribution rate and the recommended net direct employer contribution rate. Any excess funds collected, resulting from the higher contribution rate, are used to reduce the system's unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The Board may not utilize the above provision to set the net direct employer contribution rate at a level higher than $15 \%$.

The act also limited the earnings to be considered in calculating final average compensation such that the earnings for the thirteenth through the twenty-fourth month may not exceed $115 \%$ of the earnings for the first twelve months and the earnings to be considered for the final twelve months may not exceed $115 \%$ of the earnings for the thirteenth through the twenty-fourth months. However, the provision set the minimum average final compensation to be used in the calculation of retirement benefits to the average compensation as it existed prior to the effective date of the act. In addition, the act excludes salary increases related to a promotion within the civil service system.

The act also increased the Board of Trustees from eleven to fifteen members. The four additional members include the Commissioner of Administration, or his designee, the State Treasurer, or his designee, and two mayors appointed by the Louisiana Municipal Association from municipalities having police departments participating in the system. In addition, the act changed quorum requirements and permitted the House and Senate Retirement Committee Chairmen to appoint designees for their positions.

The act also made various changes to the structure of the Funding Review Panel.
Act 377 excludes from earnable compensation for any member of a state or statewide retirement system who was elected for a term commencing July 1, 2011 or later, and who is employed in another position of public office or employment, any compensation earned from legislative service.

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## ASSET EXPERIENCE

The actuarial and market rates of return for the past ten years are given below. These rates of return on assets were arrived at by assuming a uniform distribution of income and expense throughout the fiscal year.

|  | Market Value | Actuarial Value <br> 2002 |
| :--- | ---: | :---: |
| $-5.3 \%$ | $-4.1 \%$ |  |
| 2003 | $3.8 \%$ | $-6.8 \%$ |
| 2004 | $12.9 \%$ | $7.8 \%$ |
| 2005 | $9.3 \%$ | $9.4 \%$ |
| 2006 | $8.7 \%$ | $13.2 \%$ |
| 2007 | $16.5 \%$ | $13.6 \%$ |
| 2008 | $-7.6 \%$ | $6.4 \%$ |
| 2009 | $-24.2 \%$ | $-16.7 \%$ |
| 2010 | $12.4 \%$ | $-0.8 \%$ |
| 2011 | $23.5 \%$ | $3.9 \%$ |

* Includes the effect of transition to a new method for calculating the actuarial value of assets. The new method for calculating the actuarial value of assets is based on the market value of investment securities adjusted to phase in asset earnings above or below the assumed rate of return over a five-year period with limits set at $85 \%$ and $115 \%$ of the market value of assets. When the adjusted value falls outside of the limits, the actuarial value is set equal to the average of the limited and adjusted value.

The market rate of return gives a measure of investment return on a total return basis and includes realized and unrealized capital gains and losses as well as interest income. This rate of return gives an indication of performance for an actively managed portfolio where securities are bought and sold with the objective of producing the highest total rate of return. During 2011, the fund earned $\$ 33,957,112$ of dividends, interest and other recurring income. In addition, the Fund had net realized and unrealized capital gains on investments of $\$ 247,038,743$. Investment expenses amounted to $\$ 6,085,059$. The geometric mean of the market value rate of return was $4.1 \%$ measured over the last ten years.

The actuarial rate of return is presented for comparison to the assumed long-term rate of return of $7.5 \%$ used for the valuation. This rate is calculated based on the actuarial value of assets and all interest, dividends, and recognized capital gains as given in Exhibit VI. Investment income used to calculate this yield is based upon a smoothing of investment returns above or below the valuation interest rate over a four year period (five year period after the transition period is completed) subject to constraints. The difference between rates of return on an actuarial and market value basis results from the smoothing of gains or losses on investments relative to the valuation interest rate. Yields in excess of the $7.5 \%$ assumption will reduce future costs; yields below $7.5 \%$ will increase future costs. For fiscal 2011, the system experienced net actuarial investment earnings of $\$ 45,730,863$ below the actuarial assumed earnings rate of $7.5 \%$ which produced an actuarial loss and increased the interest-adjusted amortization payments on the system's UAL by $\$ 4,996,733$ or $1.81 \%$ of payroll, in fiscal 2012.

## PLAN DEMOGRAPHICS AND LIABILITY EXPERIENCE

The average active contributing member is 39 years old with 10.61 years of service credit and an annual salary of $\$ 46,073$. The system's active contributing membership experienced a decrease during fiscal 2011 of 264 members. The number of DROP participants increased by 37. Over the last five years active membership has increased by 164 members.

The average service retiree is 65 years old with a monthly benefit of $\$ 2,407$. The number of retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits from the system increased by 137 during the fiscal year. Over the last five years, the number of retirees increased by 426 with annual benefits in payment increasing by \$22,325,343.

## FUNDING ANALYSIS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Actuarial funding of a retirement system is a process whereby funds are accumulated over the working lifetimes of employees in such a manner as to have sufficient assets available at retirement to pay for the lifetime benefits accrued by each member of the system. The required contributions are determined by an actuarial valuation based on rates of mortality, termination, disability, and retirement, as well as investment return and other statistical measures specific to the particular group. Each year a determination is made of two cost components, and the actuarially required contributions are based on the sum of these two components plus administrative expenses. These two components are the normal cost and the amortization payments on the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The normal cost refers to the annual cost for active members allocated to each year by the particular cost method utilized. The term unfunded accrued liability (UAL) refers to the excess of the present value of plan benefits over the sum of current assets and future normal costs. Each year the UAL grows with interest and is reduced by payments. In addition it may be increased or diminished by plan experience, changes in assumptions, or changes in benefits including COLA's. Contributions in excess of or less than the actuarially required amount can also decrease or increase the UAL balance. New entrants to the system can also increase or lower costs as a percent of payroll depending upon their demographic distribution. Finally, payroll growth affects plan costs since payments on the system's unfunded liability are on a fixed, level schedule. If payroll increases, these costs are reduced as a percentage of payroll.

In order to establish the actuarially required contribution in any given year, it is necessary to define the assumptions, funding method, and method of amortizing the UAL. Thus, the determination of what contribution is actuarially required depends upon the funding method and amortization schedules employed. Regardless of the method selected, the ultimate cost of providing benefits is dependent upon the benefits, expenses, and investment earnings. Only to the extent that some methods accumulate assets more rapidly and thus produce greater investment earnings does the funding method affect the ultimate cost.

The derivation of the actuarially required contribution for the current fiscal year is given in Exhibit I. The normal cost for fiscal 2012 as of July 1, 2011 is $\$ 45,607,236$. The amortization payments on the system's unfunded actuarial accrued liability as of July 1, 2011 total $\$ 76,616,490$. The total actuarially required contribution is determined by adjusting the sum of these two values for interest (since payments are made throughout the fiscal year) and adding estimated administrative expenses. As given in line 11 of Exhibit I the total actuarially required contribution for fiscal 2012 is $\$ 127,797,631$. We estimate insurance premium taxes of $\$ 15,637,701$ will be paid to the system in fiscal 2012. Hence,
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the total actuarially required net direct combined contribution (consisting of employee contributions and the net direct employer contribution) for fiscal 2012 amounts to $\$ 112,159,930$ or $40.52 \%$ of payroll.

Since the actual net direct combined contribution rate for fiscal 2012 is $36.50 \%$ of payroll, we estimate that there will be a contribution shortfall of $4.02 \%$ of payroll. The effect of this shortfall will be to increase the required contributions for fiscal 2013 by $0.42 \%$ of payroll. The statutes require rounding the net direct employer contribution rate to the nearest $0.25 \%$. Therefore, we recommend a combined employee and net direct employer contribution rate of $41.00 \%$ for fiscal 2013. For members with earnings less than or equal to the Department of HHS poverty guidelines, employee contributions will be set equal to $7.50 \%$ of payroll. The employer contribution rate to be applied to the earnings of such members should be set equal to $33.50 \%$ of payroll. For members with earnings greater than the Department of HHS poverty guidelines, employee contributions will be set equal to $10.00 \%$ of payroll. The employer contribution rate to be applied to the earnings of such members should be set equal to $31.00 \%$ of payroll.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions, changes in economic or demographic assumptions, completion of amortization payments or credit schedules, and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Analysis of the effect of all these factors is beyond the scope of this report. We have, however, calculated the sensitivity of the plan's costs to a change in two factors. First, we have determined that based on current assets and demographics, for each percentage under (over) the assumed rate of return on the actuarial value of assets, there will be a corresponding increase (reduction) in the actuarially required contribution as a percentage of projected payroll of $0.37 \%$. In addition, we have determined that a $1 \%$ reduction in the valuation interest rate for the Fund would increase the actuarially required contribution rate for fiscal 2012 by $8.32 \%$.

## COST OF LIVING INCREASES

During fiscal 2011, the actual cost of living (as measured by the US Department of Labor CPI-U) increased by $3.56 \%$. Cost of living provisions for the system are detailed in R.S. 11:2225(A)(7) and R.S. 11:246. The former statute allows the board to use interest earnings in excess of the normal requirements to grant annual cost of living increases of $3 \%$ of each retiree's original or current benefit. R. S. 11:2225(A)(7)(c) and (d) provide that the board of trustees is authorized to provide a one-time cost of living adjustment of $3 \%$ of each retiree's normal monthly benefit from excess interest earnings without regard to the provisions of R.S. 11:242 (which describes the target ratio). R.S. 11:246 provides cost of living increases to retirees and beneficiaries over the age of 65 equal to $2 \%$ of the benefit in payment on October 1, 1977, or the date the benefit was originally received if retirement commenced after that date. R.S. 11:241 provides that cost of living benefits shall be in the form (unless the board otherwise specifies) of $\$ \mathrm{X} \times(\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B})$ where X is at most $\$ 1$ and "A" represents the number of years of credited service accrued at retirement or at death of the member or retiree and "B" is equal to the number of years since retirement or since death of the member or retiree to June $30^{\text {th }}$ of the initial year of such increase. The provisions of this subpart do not repeal provisions relative to cost of living adjustments contained within the individual laws governing systems; however, they are to be controlling in cases of conflict. All of the above provisions require that the system earn sufficient excess interest earnings to fund the increases. In addition, the ratio of the plan's assets to benefit obligations must meet the criteria established in R.S. 11:242. This section sets forth a minimum
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"target ratio" of the actuarial value of assets to the Pension Benefit Obligation. We have determined that for fiscal 2011 the plan has not met the necessary target ratio and does not have excess investment earnings. Therefore, the Fund is unable to grant COLAs to retirees at this time.

# Components of Present Value of Future Benefits June 30, 2011 



## Unfunded Accrued Liability



## Actuarial Value of Assets vs. Actuarial Accrued Liability



Components of Actuarial Funding

(2012 employee contribution level is based on members with earnings above the poverty level)

Net Non-Investment Income


|  | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non-Investment Income (\$Mil) | 43.8 | 43.6 | 58.7 | 74.6 | 66.7 | 66.3 | 69.3 | 60.6 | 67.0 | 106.1 |
| Benefits and Expenses (\$Mil) | 70.9 | 75.3 | 79.6 | 86.2 | 89.6 | 92.9 | 96.9 | 100.7 | 107.2 | 115.3 |
| Net Non-Investment Income (\$Mil) | -27.1 | -31.7 | -20.9 | -11.6 | -22.9 | -29.6 | -27.6 | -40.1 | -40.2 | -9.2 |

Total Income vs. Expenses
(Based on Market Value of Assets)


|  |  | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Income (\$Mil) | $\square$ | -26.6 | 83.5 | 199.6 | 188.6 | 181.6 | 299.2 | -53.6 | -291.8 | 198.1 | 381.0 |
| Benefits and Expenses (\$Mil) | $\square$ | 70.9 | 75.3 | 79.6 | 86.2 | 89.6 | 92.9 | 96.9 | 100.7 | 107.2 | 115.3 |
| Net Change in MVA (\$Mil) | - | -97.5 | 8.2 | 120.0 | 102.4 | 92.0 | 206.3 | -150.5 | -392.5 | 90.9 | 265.7 |

Historical Asset Yields


## EXHIBITS

## EXHIBIT I ANALYSIS OF ACTUARIALLY REQUIRED CONTRIBUTIONS

1. Normal Cost of Retirement Benefits ..... \$ 34,995,729
2. Normal Cost of Death Benefits ..... \$ 1,410,119
3. Normal Cost of Disability Benefits ..... \$ 2,217,565
4. Normal Cost of Deferred Retirement Benefits ..... \$ 1,474,491
5. Normal Cost of Contribution Refunds ..... \$ 5,509,332
6. TOTAL Normal Cost as of July 1, $2011(1+2+3+4+5)$ ..... \$ 45,607,236
7. Amortization of Unfunded Accrued Liability of \$929,386,692 ..... \$ 76,616,490
8. TOTAL Normal Cost \& Amortization Payments (6+7) ..... \$ 122,223,726
9. Normal Cost and Amortization Payments Interest Adjusted for Midyear Payment ..... \$ 126,724,256
10. Estimated Administrative Cost for Fiscal 2012 ..... \$ 1,073,375
11. TOTAL Administrative and Interest Adjusted Actuarial Costs (9+10) ..... \$ 127,797,631
12. Expected Insurance Premium Taxes due in Fiscal 2012 ..... \$ 15,637,701
13. Net Direct Combined Actuarially Req'd Contributions for Fiscal 2012 (11-12). ..... \$ 112,159,930
14. Projected Payroll For Contributing Members
July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012 ..... \$276,812,479
15. Net Direct Combined Actuarially Required Contributions as a \% of Projected Payroll for Fiscal $2012(13 \div 14)$ ..... 40.52\%
16. Actual Net Direct Combined Contribution Rate for Fiscal 2012 ..... $36.50 \%$
17. Contribution Gain (Loss) as a Percentage of Payroll (16-15) ..... (4.02\%)
18. Adjustment to Following Year Payment for Contribution Gain (Loss) ..... (0.42\%)
19. Recommended Net Direct Combined Contribution Rate for Fiscal 2013 (15-18) (Rounded to nearest $0.25 \%$ ) ..... 41.00\%
20. Recommended Net Direct Employee Contribution Rate (for members with earnings less than or equal to the Department of HHS poverty guidelines) ..... 7.50\%
21. Recommended Net Direct Employer Contribution Rate (for members with earnings less than or equal to the Department of HHS poverty guidelines) ..... $33.50 \%$
22. Recommended Net Direct Employee Contribution Rate (for members with earnings more than the Department of HHS poverty guidelines) ..... 10.00\%
23. Recommended Net Direct Employer Contribution Rate (for members with earnings more than the Department of HHS poverty guidelines) ..... $31.00 \%$

## EXHIBIT II <br> PRESENT VALUE OF FUTURE BENEFITS

Present Value of Future Benefits for Active Members:
Retirement Benefits ..... \$ 1,344,638,304
Survivor Benefits ..... 20,140,660
Disability Benefits ..... 32,142,969
Vested Deferred Termination Benefits ..... 29,131,439
Contribution Refunds ..... 53,580,953
TOTAL Present Value of Future Benefits for Active Members ..... \$ 1,479,634,325
Present Value of Future Benefits for Terminated Members:
Terminated Vested Members Due Benefits at Retirement ..... \$ ..... 3,770,315
Terminated Members with Reciprocals
Due Benefits at Retirement ..... 12,577
Terminated Members Due a Refund ..... 17,319,988
TOTAL Present Value of Future Benefits for Terminated Members

$\qquad$ ..... \$
Present Value of Future Benefits for Retirees:
Regular Retirees ..... \$ 870,178,741
Disability Retirees ..... 46,536,940
Survivors \& Widows ..... 115,773,670
Retiree DROP \& IBO Account Balance ..... 45,857,710
TOTAL Present Value of Future Benefits for Retirees \& Survivors ..... \$ 1,078,347,061
TOTAL Present Value of Future Benefits ..... \$ 2,579,084,266

## EXHIBIT III - Schedule A MARKET VALUE OF ASSETS

Current Assets:
Cash \& Cash Equivalents in Banks ..... \$ 18,983,631
Contributions Receivable from Members ..... 1,772,654
Contributions Receivable from Employers ..... 6,004,796
Accrued Interest and Dividends on Investments ..... 3,754,315
Other Receivables ..... 138,161
Investments Receivables ..... 13,414,991
Due From Merged Systems ..... 559,134
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS ..... \$44,627,682
Property, Plant and Equipment (Net of accumulated depreciation) ..... \$ 2,358,276
Other Assets ..... \$ ..... 55,053
Investments:
Marketable Securities - Domestic ..... \$470,516,047
Mutual Funds ..... 95,470,665
Pooled Bond Fund ..... 117,294,767
Real Estate Fund ..... 102,684,689
Bonds - Domestic \& Foreign ..... 189,722,651
Cash \& Cash Equivalents ..... 34,706,510
Marketable Securities - International ..... 267,987,562
Investment in Partnership ..... 39,243,352
Other Investments ..... 76,906,407
Real Estate - Land \& Rental ..... 726,563
Real Estate - Olde Oaks Development ..... 6,911,100
Real Estate - Olde Oaks Golf Course ..... 3,012,628
Real Estate - The Golf Club at Stone Bridge ..... 2,706,475
TOTAL INVESTMENTS\$ 1,407,889,416
TOTAL ASSETS ..... \$ 1,454,930,427
Current Liabilities:
Accrued Payroll \& Taxes ..... 58,799
Investment Payables ..... 8,009,162
Accounts Payable ..... 735,793
Refunds Payable ..... 341,358
Deferred Contributions ..... 60,144
Other Liabilities ..... 3,000
Capital Lease Payable ..... 40,381
Other Post-Employment Benefits ..... 363,131
Obligations Under Securities Lending Program ..... 4,523,073
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES

## EXHIBIT III - SCHEDULE B ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS

Excess (Shortfall) of invested income for current and previous 4 years:
Fiscal year 2011 ..... \$ 187,118,241
Fiscal year 2010 Unrealized Capital Gain (Loss) ..... 89,331,921
Fiscal year 2009 Unrealized Capital Gain (Loss) ..... $(159,410,474)$
Fiscal year 2008 Unrealized Capital Gain (Loss) ..... (239,025,571)
Fiscal year 2007
Total for five years\$ $(121,985,883)$
Deferral of excess (shortfall) of invested income:
Fiscal year 2011 (80\%) ..... \$ 149,694,593
Fiscal year 2010 (50\%) ..... 44,665,961
Fiscal year 2009 (25\%) ..... $(39,852,619)$Fiscal year 2008 ( 0\%)0
Fiscal year 2007 ( 0\%) ..... N/A
Total deferred for year ..... \$ 154,507,935
Market value of plan net assets, end of year ..... \$ 1,440,795,586
Preliminary actuarial value of plan assets, end of year ..... \$ 1,286,287,651
Actuarial value of assets corridor
$85 \%$ of market value, end of year ..... \$ 1,224,676,248
$115 \%$ of market value, end of year ..... \$ 1,656,914,924
Final actuarial value of plan net assets, end of year ..... \$ 1,286,287,651

## EXHIBIT IV PRESENT VALUE OF FUTURE CONTRIBUTIONS

Employee Contributions to the Annuity Savings Fund ..... \$ 201,145,415
Employer Normal Contributions to the Pension Accumulation Fund ..... 162,264,508
Employer Payments on the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ..... 929,386,692
TOTAL PRESENT VALUE OF FUTURE CONTRIBUTIONS ..... \$ 1,292,796,615
EXHIBIT V - SCHEDULE A ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITIES
LIABILITY FOR ACTIVE MEMBERS
Accrued Liability for Retirement Benefits ..... \$ 1,061,934,812
Accrued Liability for Survivor Benefits ..... 9,375,429
Accrued Liability for Disability Benefits ..... 15,204,839
Accrued Liability for Vested Termination Benefits ..... 17,726,336
Accrued Liability for Refunds of Contributions ..... 11,982,986
TOTAL Actuarial Accrued Liability for Active Members ..... \$ 1,116,224,402
LIABILITY FOR TERMINATED MEMBERS ..... \$ ..... 21,102,880
LIABILITY FOR RETIREES AND SURVIVORS ..... \$ 1,078,347,061
TOTAL ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY ..... \$2,215,674,343
ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS ..... \$ 1,286,287,651
UNFUNDED ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY ..... \$ 929,386,692
EXHIBIT V - SCHEDULE B CHANGE IN UNFUNDED ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY
Prior Year Unfunded Accrued Liability ..... \$ ..... 836,262,926
Interest on Unfunded Accrued Liability ..... \$ 62,719,719
Normal Cost for Prior Year ..... 46,584,782
Interest on the Normal Cost ..... 3,493,859
Administrative Expenses ..... 1,164,842
Interest on Expenses ..... 42,892
TOTAL Increases to Unfunded Accrued Liability ..... \$ ..... $114,006,094$
Required Contributions for Prior Year with interest ..... \$ 121,757,733
Contribution Excess (Shortfall) with accrued interest ..... $(11,941,362)$
Asset Method Gains (Losses) ..... 443,778
Investment Gains (Losses) ..... $(45,730,863)$
Liability Experience Gains (Losses) ..... $(41,380,558)$
Liability Assumption Gains (Losses) ..... $(2,266,400)$
TOTAL Decreases to Unfunded Accrued Liability ..... \$CURRENT YEAR UNFUNDED ACCRUED LIABILITY
$\qquad$

## G. S. CURRAN \& COMPANY, LTD.

## EXHIBIT V - SCHEDULE C AMORTIZATION OF UNFUNDED ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2011

| FISCAL |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| YEAR | DESCRIPTION |
| 1997 | Contribution Loss (Gain) |
| 1997 | Change In Liability |
| 1998 | Contribution Loss (Gain) |
| 1998 | Change In Liability |
| 1999 | Contribution Loss (Gain) |
| 1999 | Change In Liability |
| 2000 | Contribution Loss (Gain) |
| 2000 | Change In Liability |
| 2001 | Contribution Loss (Gain) |
| 2001 | Change In Liability |
| 2002 | Contribution Loss (Gain) |
| 2002 | Change In Liability |
| 2003 | Contribution Loss (Gain) |
| 2003 | Change In Liability |
| 2004 | Contribution Loss (Gain) |
| 2004 | Change In Liability |
| 2005 | Contribution Loss (Gain) |
| 2005 | Change In Liability |
| 2006 | Contribution Loss (Gain) |
| 2006 | Change In Liability |
| 2007 | Contribution Loss (Gain) |
| 2007 | Change In Liability |
| 2008 | Contribution Loss (Gain) |
| 2008 | Change In Liability |
| 2009 | Contribution Loss (Gain) |
| 2009 | Change In Liability |
| 2010 | Contribution Loss (Gain) |
| 2010 | Change In Liability |
| 2011 | Contribution Loss (Gain) |
| 2011 | Change In Liability |


| AMORT. | INITIAL | YEARS | REMAINING | AMORT. |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| PERIOD | BALANCE REMAINING |  | BALANCE | PAYMENTS |
| 15 | 76,966 | 1 | 7,998 | 7,998 |
| 15 | $7,807,987$ | 1 | 811,421 | 811,421 |
| 15 | $(176,672)$ | 2 | $(35,508)$ | $(18,396)$ |
| 15 | $(50,648,475)$ | 2 | $(10,179,341)$ | $(5,273,635)$ |
| 15 | 89,574 | 3 | 26,123 | 9,344 |
| 15 | $(45,292,161)$ | 3 | $(13,208,402)$ | $(4,724,769)$ |
| 15 | 15,208 | 4 | 5,723 | 1,589 |
| 15 | $(4,827,975)$ | 4 | $(1,816,685)$ | $(504,561)$ |
| 15 | $(65,357)$ | 5 | $(29,760)$ | $(6,842)$ |
| 15 | $90,820,890$ | 5 | $41,354,743$ | $9,508,310$ |
| 15 | $(88,166)$ | 6 | $(46,654)$ | $(9,247)$ |
| 30 | $207,093,231$ | 21 | $182,072,811$ | $16,264,500$ |
| 15 | $(225,280)$ | 7 | $(134,746)$ | $(23,666)$ |
| 30 | $184,314,964$ | 22 | $165,381,608$ | $14,490,024$ |
| 15 | $13,640,571$ | 8 | $9,037,120$ | $1,435,238$ |
| 30 | $31,940,093$ | 23 | $29,198,680$ | $2,513,402$ |
| 15 | $(2,13,182)$ | 9 | $(1,527,083)$ | $(222,695)$ |
| 30 | $(99,765,418)$ | 24 | $(92,775,990)$ | $(7,857,917)$ |
| 15 | $(2,889,137)$ | 10 | $(2,246,630)$ | $(304,467)$ |
| 30 | $(35,359,493)$ | 25 | $(33,373,198)$ | $(2,785,053)$ |
| 15 | $(4,778,013)$ | 11 | $(3,959,750)$ | $(503,523)$ |
| 30 | $(84,963,993)$ | 26 | $(81,288,562)$ | $(6,692,099)$ |
| 15 | $(11,106,672))$ | 12 | $(9,732,869)$ | $(1,170,459)$ |
| 30 | $63,387,672$ | 27 | $61,407,179$ | $4,992,663$ |
| 15 | $3,102,817$ | 13 | $2,856,308$ | 326,989 |
| 30 | $448,280,459$ | 28 | $439,284,450$ | $35,308,335$ |
| 15 | $36,539,742$ | 14 | $35,140,736$ | $3,850,685$ |
| 30 | $113,378,069$ | 29 | $112,281,565$ | $8,930,103$ |
| 15 | $11,941,362$ | 15 | $11,941,362$ | $1,258,422$ |
| 30 | $88,934,043$ | 30 | $88,934,043$ | $7,004,796$ |

TOTAL Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability $\quad \$$ 929,386,692
TOTAL Fiscal 2012 Amortization Payments
\$ 76,616,490

## EXHIBIT VI <br> ANALYSIS OF INCREASE IN ASSETS

Actuarial Value of Assets (June 30, 2010) ..... \$ 1,247,546,395
Income:
Regular Member Contributions ..... \$ 20,549,471
Regular Employer Contributions ..... 69,936,156
Insurance Premium Taxes ..... 15,430,686
Irregular Contributions ..... 138,074
TOTAL CONTRIBUTIONS\$ 106,054,387
Net Appreciation of Fair Value of Investments ..... \$247,038,743
Dividends - Stock ..... 14,633,038
Interest - Notes, Bonds, Etc. ..... 11,913,441
Income on Real Estate Investments ..... 4,833,332
Dividends - Commingled Funds ..... 1,811,259
Interest - Securities Lending ..... 503,767
Miscellaneous ..... 172,108
Contributions from Mergers ..... 52,511
Interest - Sweep Account ..... 25,465
Interest - Cash Equivalents ..... 12,191
Investment Expenses ..... $(6,085,059)$
SUBTOTAL OF ALL MARKET INVESTMENT INCOME ..... \$ 274,910,796
TOTAL Income\$ 380,965,183
Expenses:
Benefits ..... \$ 110,405,145
Refunds of Contributions ..... 2,757,367
Administrative Expenses ..... 1,164,842
Transfers to Other Systems ..... 925,949
TOTAL Expenses ..... \$ 115,253,303
Net Market Income for Fiscal 2011 (Income - Expenses) ..... \$ 265,711,880
Adjustment for Actuarial Smoothing. ..... \$ $(226,970,624)$
Actuarial Value of Assets (June 30, 2011) ..... \$ 1,286,287,651

## EXHIBIT VII <br> FUND BALANCE

Present Assets of the System Creditable to:
Annuity Savings Fund ..... \$ 165,498,584
Annuity Reserve Fund ..... $1,032,489,351$
Pension Accumulation Fund ..... 161,697,732
Deferred Retirement Option Plan/IBO Account ..... 81,109,919
NET MARKET VALUE OF ASSETS ..... \$ 1,440,795,586
ADJUSTMENT FOR ACTUARIAL SMOOTHING ..... $(154,507,935)$
NET ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS ..... \$ 1,286,287,651

## EXHIBIT VIII COST OF LIVING ADJUSTMENTS - TARGET RATIO

Actuarial Value of Assets Divided by PBO as of Fiscal 1986: ..... 93.19\%
Amortization of Unfunded Balance over 30 years: ..... 5.68\%
Adjustments in Funded Ratio Due to Mergers or Changes in Assumption(s):
Changes for Fiscal 1987 ..... (8.84\%)
Changes for Fiscal 1988 ..... 12.27\%
Changes for Fiscal 1991 ..... (0.91\%)
Changes for Fiscal 1993 ..... (1.35\%)
Changes for Fiscal 1996 ..... (1.67\%)
Changes for Fiscal 1999 ..... (0.57\%)
Changes for Fiscal 2000 ..... (5.72\%)
Changes for Fiscal 2004 ..... (0.96\%)
Changes for Fiscal 2005 ..... 3.94\%
Changes for Fiscal 2009 ..... (1.09\%)
Changes for Fiscal 2011 ..... (0.04\%)TOTAL Adjustments.(4.94\%)
Amortization of Adjustments in Funded Ratio over 30 years:
Changes for Fiscal 1987 ..... 7.07\%
Changes for Fiscal 1988 ..... (9.41\%)
Changes for Fiscal 1991 ..... 0.61\%
Changes for Fiscal 1993 ..... 0.81\%
Changes for Fiscal 1996 ..... 0.84\%
Changes for Fiscal 1999 ..... 0.23\%
Changes for Fiscal 2000 ..... 2.10\%
Changes for Fiscal 2004 ..... 0.22\%
Changes for Fiscal 2005 ..... (0.79\%)
Changes for Fiscal 2009 ..... 0.07\%
Changes for Fiscal 2011 0.00\%
TOTAL Amortization of Adjustments ..... 1.75\%
Target Ratio for Current Fiscal Year ..... 95.68\%
Actuarial Value of Assets Divided by Actuarial Accrued Liability as of Fiscal 2011 ..... 58.05\%

## EXHIBIT IX <br> CENSUS DATA

## ACTIVES CENSUS BY AGE:

| Age | Number Male | Number <br> Female | Total <br> Number | Average Salary | Total <br> Salary |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16-20 | 7 | 2 | 9 | 28,691 | 258,217 |
| 21-25 | 290 | 68 | 358 | 33,451 | 11,975,625 |
| 26-30 | 713 | 198 | 911 | 38,769 | 35, 318, 311 |
| 31-35 | 779 | 232 | 1,011 | 42,233 | 42, 697,297 |
| 36-40 | 798 | 218 | 1,016 | 46,139 | 46,877,705 |
| 41-45 | 860 | 201 | 1,061 | 49,411 | 52,424,585 |
| 46-50 | 673 | 166 | 839 | 52,917 | 44,397,241 |
| 51-55 | 329 | 113 | 442 | 54,054 | 23,891, 701 |
| 56-60 | 143 | 57 | 200 | 54,788 | 10,957,535 |
| 61-65 | 51 | 16 | 67 | 54,190 | 3,630,717 |
| 66-70 | 11 | 5 | 16 | 47,611 | 761,772 |
| 71-75 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 35,287 | 35,287 |
| 76-80 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 55,845 | 55,845 |
| 81-85 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 66,796 | 66,796 |
| TOTAL | 4,657 | 1,276 | 5,933 | 46,073 | 273,348,634 |

THE ACTIVE CENSUS INCLUDES 2,470 ACTIVES WITH VESTED BENEFITS, INCLUDING 189 ACTIVE FORMER DROP PARTICIPANTS. THE 231 CURRENT DROP PARTICIPANTS ARE EXCLUDED.

DROP PARTICIPANTS BY AGE:

| Age | Number <br> Male | Number <br> Female | Total <br> Number | Average <br> Benefit | Total <br> Benefit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| $46-50$ | 42 | 7 | 49 | 51,335 | $2,515,407$ |
| $51-55$ | 91 | 20 | 111 | 53,897 | $5,982,546$ |
| $56-60$ | 45 | 11 | 56 | 47,544 | $2,662,480$ |
| $61-65$ | 11 | 0 | 1 | 14 | 34,832 |

TERMINATED MEMBERS DUE A DEFERRED RETIREMENT BENEFIT:

| Age | Number <br> Male | Number <br> Female | Total <br> Number | Average <br> Benefit | Total <br> Benefit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| $31-35$ | 3 | 0 | 3 |  |  |
| $36-40$ | 18 | 3 | 23,549 | 70,646 |  |
| $41-45$ | 31 | 3 | 34 | 19,683 | 413,336 |
| $46-50$ | 34 | 10 | 44 | 22,298 | 758,117 |
| $51-55$ | 17 | 1 | 1 | 22,576 | 993,357 |
| $56-60$ | 1 | 0 | 2 | 17,703 | 407,176 |
| $71-75$ | 105 | 23 | 128 | 11,014 | 22,028 |
| $T O T A L$ |  |  |  | 1,656 | 1,656 |
|  |  |  |  | 20,831 | $2,666,316$ |

TERMINATED MEMBERS DUE A REFUND OF CONTRIBUTIONS:

| Contributions Ranging |  | Total |  |
| ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| From | To | Number | Contributions |
| 0 | - | 99 | 206 |


| Age | Number <br> Male | Number <br> Female | Total <br> Number | Average <br> Benefit | Total <br> Benefit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| $41-45$ | 3 | 0 | 3 | 20,064 | 60,191 |
| $46-50$ | 56 | 8 | 64 | 40,363 | $2,583,253$ |
| $51-55$ | 260 | 51 | 311 | 39,079 | $12,153,656$ |
| $56-60$ | 515 | 77 | 592 | 33,547 | $19,859,821$ |
| $61-65$ | 642 | 71 | 713 | 29,281 | $20,877,230$ |
| $66-70$ | 496 | 43 | 539 | 24,434 | $13,169,906$ |
| $71-75$ | 261 | 18 | 279 | 23,679 | $6,606,338$ |
| $76-80$ | 173 | 12 | 185 | 21,464 | $3,970,929$ |
| $81-85$ | 96 | 5 | 6 | 101 | 19,333 |
| $86-90$ | 9 | 1 | 170 | 17,105 | 852,598 |
| $91-99$ | 2,557 | 29 | 2,849 | 15,625 | 156,252 |
| TOTAL |  |  | 28,880 | $82,279,609$ |  |

DISABILITY RETIREES:

| Age | Number <br> Male |
| :---: | :---: |
| $26-30$ | 1 |
| $31-35$ | 3 |
| $36-40$ | 10 |
| $41-45$ | 21 |
| $46-50$ | 23 |
| $51-55$ | 38 |
| $56-60$ | 39 |
| $61-65$ | 46 |
| $66-70$ | 19 |
| $71-75$ | 12 |
| $76-80$ | 10 |
| $81-85$ | 2 |
| $91-99$ | 2 |
| TOTAL | 226 |


| Number | Total | Average |
| :---: | :---: | :--- |
| Female | Number | Benefit |
| 0 | 1 | 14,947 |
| 1 | 4 | 21,426 |
| 7 | 17 | 16,228 |
| 3 | 24 | 15,631 |
| 12 | 35 | 17,783 |
| 6 | 44 | 16,148 |
| 14 | 53 | 15,194 |
| 8 | 54 | 15,476 |
| 4 | 23 | 14,248 |
| 1 | 13 | 12,629 |
| 0 | 10 | 11,613 |
| 0 | 2 | 10,033 |
| 0 | 2 | 13,865 |
| 56 | 282 | 15,537 |

Total
Benefit 14,947 85,703
275,875
375,148
622,417
710,503
805,303
835, 722
327,709
164,179
116,127
20,065
27, 729
4,381,427

SURVIVORS:

| Age | Number Male | Number <br> Female | Total <br> Number | Average <br> Benefit | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { Benefit } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0-25 | 54 | 59 | 113 | 5, 611 | 634,010 |
| 26-30 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1,803 | 1,803 |
| 31-35 | 0 | 7 | 7 | 18,517 | 129,616 |
| 36-40 | 0 | 11 | 11 | 17,257 | 189,824 |
| 41-45 | 1 | 24 | 25 | 15,247 | 381,187 |
| 46-50 | 0 | 44 | 44 | 16,495 | 725,764 |
| 51-55 | 5 | 37 | 42 | 18,934 | 795,221 |
| 56-60 | 7 | 69 | 76 | 15,687 | 1,192,181 |
| 61-65 | 3 | 97 | 100 | 15,998 | 1,599,773 |
| 66-70 | 11 | 132 | 143 | 13,415 | 1,918,287 |
| 71-75 | 4 | 115 | 119 | 12,814 | 1,524,873 |
| 76-80 | 7 | 125 | 132 | 11,910 | 1,572,147 |
| 81-85 | 5 | 114 | 119 | 12,601 | 1,499,509 |
| 86-90 | 5 | 71 | 76 | 10,402 | 790,559 |
| 91-99 | 2 | 24 | 26 | 9,529 | 247,757 |
| total | 105 | 929 | 1,034 | 12,768 | 13,202,511 |

ACTIVE MEMBERS：

| $\varepsilon \varepsilon 6 S$ | $8 \varepsilon \tau$ | $L S Z$ | 9ZS | EZL | 866 | $\bar{\nabla} \bar{\square} \boldsymbol{Z}$ | च98 | OTV | 809 | 607 | GSE | stezor |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\varepsilon$ | $\tau$ |  | $\tau$ | $\tau$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | TVAO э TL |
| 97 | 9 | $\tau$ | S | $\boldsymbol{z}$ | $\tau$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | OL－ 99 |
| $\angle 9$ | $\varepsilon \tau$ | 81 | 6 | 6 | S | $z$ | $\tau$ |  |  |  |  | S9－ 19 |
| OOZ | 9S | $6 \varepsilon$ | $\tau \Sigma$ | $\tau \varepsilon$ | $\varepsilon \varepsilon$ | \＃$\tau$ | $z$ |  | $z$ | $\tau$ |  | 09－9S |
| マォす | TS | 68 | $\varepsilon L$ | T8 | $\angle 9$ | TS | DI | S | S | $\varepsilon$ | $\varepsilon$ | $S G-T S$ |
| 688 | $\tau$ | EOT | G脑 | L9T | もてT | OOT | $6 I$ | $\boldsymbol{Z}$ | $0 \varepsilon$ | $9 \tau$ | $\boldsymbol{Z}$ | OS－9V |
| T90 ${ }^{\prime}$ |  | 9 | 697 | OTE | $9 \varepsilon 乙$ | SST | $\varepsilon \bar{V}$ | $\varepsilon \varepsilon$ | SV | $8 \varepsilon$ | 97 | $S \bar{V}-T \bar{V}$ |
| $970^{\prime}$ L |  |  | $\varepsilon$ | $\boldsymbol{Z \tau}$ | $\angle L \mathcal{L}$ | 697 | ZS | $\bar{\nabla} G$ | $\angle S$ | $\bar{\nabla} \bar{\square}$ | $8 \varepsilon$ | OV－ 9 － |
| TTO＇L |  |  |  |  | $\bar{\nabla} G T$ | च®可 | $\angle 8$ | 90T | $\overline{\text { v }} 6$ | Z8 | \％ 5 | Gร－TE |
| TL6 |  |  |  |  | $\tau$ | STZ | GET | 8ST | $\varepsilon 8 \tau$ | $8 て \tau$ | T6 | OE－9Z |
| 8SE |  |  |  |  |  | \％ | $\tau \tau$ | Z $\bar{\square}$ | Z6 | L6 | ZTI | SZ－TZ |
| 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 | OZ－0 |
| тe70］ | T®＾OPOE | $6 z-G Z$ | $\bar{\nabla} \boldsymbol{-}-0 Z$ | $6 \tau-G \tau$ | $\bar{\nabla} \tau-0 \tau$ | $6-G$ | $\dagger$ | $\varepsilon$ | $z$ | $\tau$ | 0 | งəб甘 |


| Attained Ages | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5－9 | 10－14 | 15－19 | 20－24 | 25－29 | 30\＆Over | Average Salary |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0－20 | 28，691 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 28，691 |
| 21－25 | 28，022 | 33，738 | 37，251 | 38，206 | 34，705 | 37，769 |  |  |  |  |  | 33，451 |
| 26－30 | 29，372 | 35，282 | 38，998 | 39，702 | 39，996 | 43，182 | 36，139 |  |  |  |  | 38，769 |
| 31－35 | 28，736 | 34，270 | 38，096 | 37，839 | 40，133 | 45，285 | 49，338 |  |  |  |  | 42，233 |
| $36-40$ | 30，445 | 33，831 | 37，577 | 38，055 | 39，845 | 44，599 | 51，062 | 53，561 | 60，449 |  |  | 46，139 |
| 41－45 | 31，027 | 32，299 | 36，982 | 39，508 | 41，137 | 42，121 | 48，997 | 55，138 | 58，998 | 83，032 |  | 49，411 |
| 46－50 | 32，766 | 35，419 | 35，033 | 36，767 | 37，477 | 41，580 | 47，520 | 52，686 | 60，555 | 69，558 | 55，988 | 52，917 |
| 51－55 | 42，986 | 41，535 | 31，811 | 34，698 | 41，990 | 40，134 | 45，230 | 49，315 | 61，599 | 65，012 | 65，947 | 54，054 |
| 56－60 |  | 21，886 | 56，311 |  | 39，231 | 43，009 | 39，540 | 51，375 | 52，925 | 59，130 | 67，431 | 54，788 |
| 61－65 |  |  |  |  | 32，102 | 56，832 | 35，561 | 39，769 | 48，184 | 54，013 | 67，101 | 54，190 |
| 66－70 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 32，155 | 30，898 | 31，879 | 51，808 | 67，468 | 47，611 |
| 71 \＆Over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 55，845 | 35，287 |  | 66，796 | 52，643 |
| Average | 29，393 | 34，298 | 37，940 | 38，687 | 39，901 | 43，839 | 48，984 | 53，232 | 59，362 | 65，489 | 66，742 | 46，073 |

terminated members due a deferred retirement benefit:

| Attained Ages | Years Until Retirement Eligibility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30\&Over | Total |
| 0-30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 31-35 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  | 3 |
| 36-40 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21 |  |  |  | 21 |
| 41-45 |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 32 |  |  |  |  | 34 |
| 46-50 | 3 | 3 |  | 1 |  | 37 |  |  |  |  |  | 44 |
| 51-55 | 5 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 9 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  | 23 |
| 56-60 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| 61-65 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 66-70 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 71-75 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 76 \& Over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| Totals | 11 | 7 | 1 | 4 | 9 | 40 | 32 | 21 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 128 |
| AVERAGE ANNUAL benefits of terminated members due a deferred retirement benefit: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Years Until Retirement Eligibility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Attained Ages | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30\&Over | Average Benefit |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0-30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 31-35 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 23,549 |  |  | 23,549 |
| 36-40 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 19,683 |  |  |  | 19,683 |
| 41-45 |  |  |  |  |  | 47,207 | 20,741 |  |  |  |  | 22,298 |
| 46-50 | 47,626 | 32,411 |  | 45,520 |  | 19,128 |  |  |  |  |  | 22,576 |
| 51-55 | 15,078 | 18,653 | 25,426 | 15,820 | 18,648 | 16,455 |  |  |  |  |  | 17,703 |
| 56-60 | 11,014 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11,014 |
| 61-65 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 66-70 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 71-75 | 1,656 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,656 |
| 76 \& Over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| Average | 21,996 | 24,549 | 25,426 | 23,245 | 18,648 | 20,465 | 20,741 | 19,683 | 23,549 | 0 | 0 | 20,831 |

SERVICE RETIREES:
Completed Years Since Retirement

Completed Years Since Retirement

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Attained } \\ \text { Ages } \end{gathered}$ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 308Over | Average Benefit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0-50 | 45,542 | 39,940 | 37,139 | 35,168 | 30,845 | 29,235 |  |  |  |  |  | 39,454 |
| 51-55 | 43,805 | 41,497 | 39,666 | 39,305 | 36,532 | 36,139 | 11,822 |  |  |  |  | 39,079 |
| 56-60 | 37,751 | 36,881 | 35,111 | 35,788 | 32,285 | 33,976 | 27,444 | 11,729 | 18,201 |  |  | 33,547 |
| 61-65 | 37,258 | 36,029 | 38,538 | 37,135 | 32,696 | 28,484 | 27,944 | 28,035 | 28,026 | 15,879 | 11,987 | 29,281 |
| 66-70 | 20,655 | 43,040 | 21,202 | 28,829 | 28,307 | 25,776 | 22,644 | 27,264 | 26,980 | 13,357 | 12,948 | 24,434 |
| 71-75 | 23,282 |  | 40,534 | 20,370 |  | 25,211 | 20,078 | 27,919 | 28,215 | 21,476 | 14,342 | 23,679 |
| 76-80 |  | 62,309 |  |  | 37,317 | 18,459 | 18,847 | 22,783 | 27,429 | 25,046 | 14,709 | 21,464 |
| 81-85 |  |  |  | 17,213 |  | 2,600 | 30,447 | 11,514 | 23,561 | 23,784 | 16,964 | 19,333 |
| 86-90 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,365 | 35,542 | 25,582 | 21,923 | 15,079 | 17,105 |
| 91 \& Over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15,625 | 15,625 |
| Average | 40,290 | 39,491 | 36,806 | 36,224 | 33,231 | 31,279 | 25,649 | 27,036 | 27,469 | 20,948 | 15,034 | 28,880 |

DISABILITY RETIREES:

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Attained } \\ \text { Ages } \end{gathered}$ | Completed Years Since Retirement |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30\&Over | Total |
| 0-30 |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 31-35 | 2 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |
| 36-40 | 5 |  | 1 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 1 |  |  |  |  | 17 |
| 41-45 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 7 | 8 |  |  |  |  | 24 |
| 46-50 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 10 | 10 | 3 | 2 |  |  | 35 |
| 51-55 | 2 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 13 | 16 | 5 | 5 | 1 |  | 44 |
| 56-60 | 4 | 4 | 1 |  | 2 | 7 | 6 | 16 | 10 | 3 |  | 53 |
| 61-65 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 6 | 6 | 16 | 11 | 9 | 3 | 54 |
| 66-70 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 3 | 5 | 5 | 8 | 23 |
| 71-75 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 5 | 13 |
| 76-80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 | 10 |
| 81-85 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 |
| 86-90 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 91 \& Over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 2 |
| Totals | 17 | 13 | 6 | 8 | 9 | 48 | 50 | 44 | 37 | 20 | 30 | 282 |

average annual benefits payable to disability retirees:
Completed Years Since Retirement

| Attained Ages | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30\&Over | Average Benefit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0-30 |  | 14,947 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 14,947 |
| 31-35 | 13,439 | 18,479 | 40,345 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21,426 |
| 36-40 | 18,757 |  | 14,013 | 14,263 | 14,081 | 17,355 | 10,349 |  |  |  |  | 16,228 |
| 41-45 | 10,369 | 16,688 | 27,726 | 22,723 | 12,766 | 16,448 | 11,365 |  |  |  |  | 15,631 |
| 46-50 | 26,935 | 38,492 | 33,517 | 39,862 | 28,669 | 12,295 | 10,777 | 15,068 | 9,745 |  |  | 17,783 |
| 51-55 | 24,694 | 20,038 |  |  | 23,202 | 20,245 | 14,606 | 14,607 | 8,329 | 6,320 |  | 16,148 |
| 56-60 | 15,672 | 21,124 | 13,441 |  | 11,359 | 22,465 | 15,069 | 14,008 | 11,467 | 11,834 |  | 15,194 |
| 61-65 |  |  | 11,676 | 13,160 | 14,245 | 13,575 | 18,528 | 18,278 | 14,453 | 13,042 | 11,738 | 15,476 |
| 66-70 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10,446 | 12,902 | 17,147 | 12,573 | 14,938 | 14,248 |
| 71-75 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11,982 | 8,572 | 10,156 | 17,757 | 13,497 | 12,629 |
| 76-80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11,613 | 11,613 |
| 81-85 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10,032 | 10,032 |
| 86-90 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| 91 \& Over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 13,865 | 13,865 |
| Average | 19,054 | 23,346 | 23,453 | 20,498 | 17,603 | 17,224 | 13,544 | 15,502 | 12,463 | 12,879 | 12,871 | 15,537 |

SURVIVING BENEFICIARIES OF FORMER MEMBERS:


| Attained Ages | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 3080vex | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0-20$ | 7 | 9 | 3 | 13 | 11 | 19 | 10 | 13 |  |  |  | 85 |
| $21-25$ |  | 1 |  | 2 | 1 | 5 | 9 | 8 | 2 |  |  | 28 |
| 26-30 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| 31-35 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 2 | 1 |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | 7 |
| 36-40 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |  | 2 | 2 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 11 |
| 41-45 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 25 |
| 46-50 |  | 1 |  | 2 | 2 | 6 | 12 | 14 | 5 | 2 |  | 41 |
| 51-55 | 2 | 3 |  | 2 | 2 | 6 | 11 | 8 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 42 |
| 56-60 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 2 | 14 | 14 | 16 | 13 | 8 | 7 | 76 |
| 61-65 |  | 2 |  | 2 | 1 | 10 | 29 | 22 | 13 | 8 | 13 | 100 |
| 66-70 |  |  |  |  |  | 5 | 14 | 31 | 26 | 25 | 42 | 143 |
| $71-75$ |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 7 | 9 | 17 | 28 | 57 | 119 |
| 76-80 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 5 | 7 | 18 | 14 | 87 | 132 |
| 81-85 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 13 | 22 | 81 | 119 |
| 86-90 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 2 | 4 | 69 | 76 |
| 91 \& Ovex |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 | 24 | 26 |
| Totals | 12 | 18 | 7 | 27 | 23 | 75 | 121 | 134 | 114 | 118 | 385 | 1034 |


| Attained Ages | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 3080 Orex | Average Benefit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0-20 | 3,405 | 10,511 | 9,990 | 4,178 | 6,739 | 7,646 | 3,920 | 4,383 |  |  |  | 6,098 |
| 21-25 |  | 16,076 |  | 14,346 | 9,586 | 7,640 | 2,220 |  | 1,586 |  |  | 4,132 |
| 26-30 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,803 |  |  |  |  | 1,803 |
| 31-35 | 13,318 |  |  | 25,703 | 23,187 | 26,392 |  |  | 15,364 |  | 2,465 | 18,517 |
| 36-40 | 31,054 | 16,950 | 13,998 | 30,225 |  | 20,090 | 9,151 | 5,297 |  |  | 3,593 | 17,257 |
| 41-45 | 18,645 | 34,267 | 32,950 | 26,766 | 21,992 | 11,803 | 8,728 | 10,560 | 21,683 | 13,184 | 3,624 | 15,247 |
| 46-50 |  | 31,260 |  | 36,554 | 47,069 | 26,300 | 12,440 | 10,204 | 12,577 | 7,218 |  | 16,495 |
| 51-55 | 24,593 | 41,926 |  | 34,320 | 27,061 | 20,437 | 18,101 | 13,718 | 9,772 | 8,408 | 5,743 | 18,934 |
| 56-60 |  |  | 29,193 | 23,116 | 22,033 | 21,560 | 19,188 | 15,285 | 10,669 | 11,829 | 6,777 | 15,687 |
| 61-65 |  | 24,027 |  | 23,968 | 41,931 | 17,844 | 16,742 | 18,042 | 15,711 | 10,946 | 8,396 | 15,998 |
| 66-70 |  |  |  |  |  | 16,394 | 13,253 | 19,326 | 16,664 | 10,592 | 8,420 | 13,415 |
| 71-75 |  |  |  |  |  | 19,518 | 14,005 | 21,253 | 19,428 | 12,852 | 9,226 | 12,814 |
| 76-80 |  |  | 60,562 |  |  |  | 13,550 | 8,227 | 20,544 | 13,240 | 9,553 | 11,910 |
| 81-85 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,896 | 23,540 | 25,729 | 14,406 | 9,829 | 12,601 |
| 86-90 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,896 |  | 17,141 | 19,520 | 9,758 | 10,402 |
| 91 \& Over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8,062 | 9,651 | 9,529 |
| Average | 11,336 | 20,388 | 23,811 | 16,129 | 17,753 | 15,774 | 13,112 | 14,053 | 17,346 | 12,452 | 9,323 | 12,768 |

## EXHIBIT X YEAR-TO-YEAR COMPARISON

|  | Fiscal 2011 | Fiscal 2010 | Fiscal 2009 | Fiscal 2008 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of Active Contributing Members | 5,933 | 6,197 | 6,071 | 5,908 |
| Number of Retirees \& Survivors | 4,165 | 4,028 | 3,984 | 3,896 |
| DROP Participants | 231 | 194 | 185 | 213 |
| Number Terminated Due Deferred Benefits | 128 | 112 | 112 | 114 |
| Number of Terminated Due Refund | 1,251 | 1,198 | 1,197 | 1,095 |
| Active Lives Payroll (excludes DROP participants) | \$ 273,348,634 | \$ 280,977,278 | \$ 270,236,561 | \$ 252,562,020 |
| Retiree Benefits in Payment | \$ 99,863,547 | \$ 93,382,980 | \$ 90,285,300 | \$ 85,848,060 |
| Market Value of Assets | \$1,440,795,586 | \$1,175,083,706 | \$1,084,169,309 | \$1,476,652,461 |
| Ratio of Actuarial Value of Assets to Actuarial Accrued Liability | 58.05\% | 59.87\% | 65.23\% | 86.95\% |
| Actuarial Accrued Liability | \$2,215,674,343 | \$2,083,809,321 | \$1,988,394,358 | \$1,841,234,995 |
| Actuarial Value of Assets | \$1,286,287,651 | \$1,247,546,395 | \$1,297,128,398 | \$1,600,941,810 |
| UAL (Funding Excess) | \$ 929,386,692 | \$ 836,262,926 | \$ 691,265,960 | \$ 240,293,185 |
| *********************************************************************************************************************** |  |  |  |  |
|  | Fiscal 2012 | Fiscal 2011 | Fiscal 2010 | Fiscal 2009 |
| Employee Contribution Rate (For employees with earnings above the poverty level) | 10.00\% | 7.50\% | 7.50\% | 7.50\% |
| Required Tax Contributions as a Percentage of Projected Payroll | 5.65\% | 5.36\% | 5.52\% | 5.85\% |
| Actuarially Required Employer Contribution as a Percentage of Projected Payroll (For employees with earnings above the poverty level) | 30.52\% | 27.84\% | 24.13\% | 10.98\% |
| Actual Employer Contribution Rate (For employees with earnings above the poverty level) | 26.50\% | 25.00\% | 11.00\% | 9.5\% |


| Fiscal 2007 | Fiscal 2006 | Fiscal 2005 | Fiscal 2004 | Fiscal 2003 | Fiscal 2002 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5,840 | 5,769 | 6,000 | 6,013 | 5,957 | 5,924 |
| 3,834 | 3,739 | 3,652 | 3,648 | 3,544 | 3,438 |
| 217 | 227 | 239 | 265 | 247 | 272 |
| 108 | 99 | 88 | 80 | 79 | N/A |
| 993 | 926 | 602 | 687 | 679 | N/A |
| \$ 229,145,048 | \$ 223,213,661 | \$ 215,638,892 | \$ 208,756,800 | \$ 197,254,559 | \$ 187,567,901 |
| \$ 81,976,596 | \$ 77,538,204 | \$ 73,587,564 | \$ 69,061,812 | \$ 65,454,708 | \$ 61,576,524 |
| \$1,627,120,612 | \$1,420,792,356 | \$1,328,792,481 | \$1,226,382,950 | \$1,106,407,469 | \$1,098,224,003 |
| 89.05\% | 83.10\% | 79.47\% | 72.89\% | 73.93\% | 85.90\% |
| \$1,719,536,371 | \$1,651,055,550 | \$1,552,332,283 | \$1,561,739,325 | \$1,455,791,019 | \$1,384,605,589 |
| \$1,531,297,284 | \$1,371,981,645 | \$1,233,572,172 | \$1,138,387,070 | \$1,076,306,717 | \$1,189,425,521 |
| \$ 188,239,087 | \$ 279,073,905 | \$ 318,760,111 | \$ 423,352,255 | \$ 379,484,302 | \$ 195,180,068 |


| Fiscal 2008 | Fiscal 2007 | Fiscal 2006 | Fiscal 2005 | Fiscal 2004 | Fiscal 2003 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7.50\% | 7.50\% | 7.50\% | 7.50\% | 7.50\% | 7.50\% |
| 5.59\% | 5.66\% | 5.44\% | 5.60\% | 5.07\% | 4.57\% |
| 10.45\% | 13.70\% | 15.59\% | 20.73\% | 21.77\% | 15.38\% |
| 13.75\% | 16.50\% | 20.25\% | 21.50\% | 15.25\% | 9.00\% |

## SUMMARY OF PRINCIPAL PLAN PROVISIONS

The Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System was established as of July 1, 1973, for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits as described under R.S. 11:2211 11:2235. The following summary of plan provisions is for general informational purposes only and does not constitute a guarantee of benefits.

MEMBERSHIP - All full-time police officers empowered to make arrests, all full-time police officers decommissioned due to illness or injury, empowered by a municipality of the state of Louisiana, and engaged in law enforcement, all individuals in a position as defined in the municipal fire and police civil service system who are employed on a full-time basis by a police department of any municipality of this state, and are under the direction of a chief of police, and are paid from the budget of the applicable police department are required to become members of this retirement system, if they earn at least $\$ 375$ per month excluding state supplemental pay. All elected chiefs of police, whose salary is at least $\$ 100$ per month, all academy recruits who are participating in or awaiting participation in a formal training program, required prior to commission as a municipal police officer, with complete law enforcement office authority, all full-time secretaries to an appointed chief or elected chief of police, and all full-time employees of the system are required to become members of this retirement system. Persons must be under the age of fifty on their date of employment to be eligible for system membership. Certain restrictions to membership apply to those who are receiving disability or regular retirement benefits from another system.

CONTRIBUTION RATES - The fund is financed by employee and employer contributions together with funds from dedicated insurance premium taxes as allocated by the Public Retirement Systems' Actuarial Committee in accordance with RS 22:1476A(3). Employee contribution rates effective July 1,2011 changed from a fixed rate of $7.5 \%$ to a rate which is at least $7.5 \%$ but not greater than $10 \%$ based on the total contribution expressed as a percentage of payroll after applying all required tax contributions. The employee rate, when such contributions total $25 \%$ or less, is set at $7.5 \%$. The employee rate then increases $0.25 \%$ for each $0.75 \%$ increase in the total rate, and an additional $0.25 \%$ when the rate exceeds $28.75 \%$, subject to a maximum rate of $10 \%$. The change does not apply to members whose earnable compensation is less than or equal to the poverty guidelines issued by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Net direct employer contributions are nine percent $(9.0 \%)$ of earnable compensation unless the funds allocated from dedicated taxes are insufficient to provide the actuarially required contributions or the actuarially required contributions are less than $9.0 \%$. Members are not required to contribute to the system once they have enough service to have accrued $100 \%$ of final average compensation, but the employer is required to continue to contribute the employer's contribution until the member retires or enters DROP.

CONTRIBUTION REFUNDS - Upon withdrawal from service, members not entitled to a retirement allowance may receive a refund of accumulated contributions. Refunds are payable thirty days after the effective date of withdrawal from service, if the member's employer has submitted all contributions.

AVERAGE FINAL COMPENSATION - The average annual earned compensation of an employee for the highest period of thirty-six successive or joined months of service as an employee.

RETIREMENT BENEFITS - Members with twelve years of creditable service may retire at age fiftyfive; members with twenty years of service may retire at age fifty; members with twenty-five years of
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service may retire regardless of age. The retirement allowance is equal to three and one-third percent of the member's average final compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service, not to exceed one hundred percent of his average final compensation.
Members with twenty or more years of creditable service who leave employment before age fifty may elect to receive early retirement benefits equal to an actuarially reduced accrued normal retirement benefit.

EARLY RETIREMENT - Members with twenty or more years of creditable service who leave employment before age fifty may elect to receive early retirement benefits equal to an actuarially reduced accrued normal retirement benefit.

OPTIONAL ALLOWANCES - Members may receive their benefits as a life annuity, or in lieu of such receive a reduced benefit according to the option selected which is the actuarial equivalent of the maximum benefit.

Option 1 - If the member dies before he has received in annuity payments the present value of his member's annuity as it was at the time of retirement the balance is paid to his beneficiary.

Option 2 - Upon retirement, the member receives a reduced benefit. Upon the member's death, the designated beneficiary will continue to receive the same reduced benefit.

Option 3 - Upon retirement, the member receives a reduced benefit. Upon the member's death, the designated beneficiary will receive one-half of the member's reduced benefit.

Option 4 - Upon retirement, the member elects to receive a board approved benefit which is actuarially equivalent to the maximum benefit.

A member may also elect to receive an actuarially reduced benefit which provides for an automatic $2 \frac{1}{2} \%$ annual compound increase in monthly retirement benefits based on the reduced benefit and commencing on the later of age fifty-five or retirement anniversary; this COLA is in addition to any ad hoc COLAs which are payable.

Initial Benefit Option - This option is available only to regular retirees who have not participated in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan. Under this option members may receive an initial benefit plus a reduced monthly retirement allowance which, when combined, equal the actuarially equivalent amount of the maximum retirement allowance. The initial benefit may not exceed an amount equal to thirty-six payments of the member's maximum retirement allowance. The initial benefit can be paid either as a lump-sum payment or placed in an account called an "initial benefit account" with interest credited thereto and monthly payments made from the account.

DISABILITY BENEFITS - Any member who has been officially certified as totally disabled solely as the result of injuries sustained in the performance of his official duties, or for any cause, provided the member has a least ten years of creditable service and provided that the disability was incurred while the member was an active contributing member, is entitled to disability benefits. Disability retirees will receive a benefit equal to three percent of final average compensation multiplied by the number of years of service, subject to a minimum of $40 \%$ of final compensation and a maximum of $60 \%$ of final compensation. Any disability retiree who is in a coma or paraplegic, or who is blinded or loses the total use of a limb, solely as a result of injuries sustained in the line of duty will receive a benefit equal to $100 \%$ of final average compensation. Disability retirees who retired with a service-connected
disability benefit have the option, at normal retirement age, to continue receiving a disability benefit or to convert to receiving their vested retirement benefit. All other disability retirees, at normal retirement age, will receive the greater of their disability retirement benefit or their vested benefit.

SURVIVOR BENEFITS - Benefits are payable to survivors of any active contributing member who dies before retirement, or disability retirees who die after retirement as follows. If he leaves a surviving spouse, she will receive an annual benefit equal to $31 / 3 \%$ of the deceased member's average final compensation multiplied by his total years of creditable service; however, in no event is the annual benefit less than $40 \%$ nor more than $60 \%$ of the deceased member's average final compensation. If the surviving spouse remarries, the benefits shall cease unless the remarriage occurs after age fifty-five. If the member dies as a result of injuries sustained in the line of duty, the surviving spouse receives a benefit equal to $100 \%$ of final average compensation, which shall not cease due to remarriage, less any benefits payable to surviving children. Unmarried children of the deceased member who are under the age of eighteen years are entitled to the greater of $\$ 200$ per month or $10 \%$ of average final compensation (not to exceed $100 \%$ of average final compensation when combined with the surviving spouse's benefit) until reaching the age of eighteen, or until the age of twenty-three, assuming they remain unmarried, if enrolled full-time in an institution of higher learning, high school, or vocational-technical school, unless the surviving child is physically handicapped or mentally retarded in which case the benefit is payable regardless of age. If a deceased member dies leaving no surviving spouse, but at least one minor child, each child is entitled to receive forty percent of the deceased's average final compensation, not to exceed an aggregate of sixty percent of average final compensation, subject to the same age restrictions as in the case of a surviving spouse with minor children. If a member dies after he is eligible for retirement but before actual retirement, his surviving spouse will be paid the greater of the surviving spouse benefits detailed above, or an automatic option 2 benefit. Members who have terminated employment with at least twelve years of service credit are eligible for the benefits detailed in this paragraph.

DEFERRED RETIREMENT OPTION PLAN - In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member of the system who is eligible to receive a regular retirement allowance may elect to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan for up to thirty-six months and defer the receipt of benefits. Upon commencement of participation in the plan, membership in the system terminates and neither the employee nor employer contributions are payable. Compensation and creditable service will remain as they existed on the effective date of commencement of participation in the plan. The monthly retirement benefits that would have been payable, had the member elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the deferred retirement option plan account. Upon termination of employment at the end of the specified period of participation, a participant in the program may receive, at his option, a lump sum payment from the account equal to the payments to the account, or a true annuity based upon his account, or he may elect any other method of payment if approved by the board of trustees. The monthly benefits that were being paid into the fund during the period of participation will begin to be paid to the retiree. If employment is not terminated at the end of the thirty-six months, payments into the account cease and the member resumes active contributing membership in the system. Such members may accumulate an additional benefit for service rendered after completion of the Deferred Retirement Option Plan. If the participant dies during the period of participation in the program, a lump sum payment equal to his account balance is paid to his named beneficiary or, if none, to his estate; in addition, normal survivor benefits are payable to survivors of retirees.

COST OF LIVING INCREASES - Pursuant to R.S. 11:2225, the board of trustees is authorized to use interest earnings in excess of the normal requirements to grant annual cost of living increases of $3 \%$ of
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each retiree's original or current benefit. R.S. 11:246 provides cost of living increases to retirees and beneficiaries over the age of 65 equal to $2 \%$ of the benefit in payment on October 1, 1977, or the date the benefit was originally received if retirement commenced after that date. R.S. 11:241 provides that cost of living benefits shall be in the form (unless the board otherwise specifies) of $\$ \mathrm{X} \times(\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B})$ where X is at most $\$ 1$ and " A " represents the number of years of credited service accrued at retirement or at death of the member or retiree, and " B " is equal to the number of years since retirement or since death of the member or retiree to June $30^{\text {th }}$ of the initial year of such increase. The provisions of this subpart do not repeal provisions relative to cost of living adjustments contained within the individual laws governing systems; however, they are to be controlling in cases of conflict. All of the above provisions require that the system earn sufficient excess interest earnings to fund the increases. In addition, the ratio of the plan's assets to accrued liabilities must meet the criteria established in R.S. 11:242. This section sets forth a minimum "target ratio" of the actuarial value of assets to the system's accrued liabilities.
R. S. 11:2225(A)(7)(c) and (d) provide that the board of trustees is authorized to provide a one-time cost of living adjustment of $3 \%$ of each retiree's normal monthly benefit from excess interest earnings without regard to the provisions of R.S. 11:242 (which describes the target ratio).

## ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

In determining actuarial costs, certain assumptions must be made regarding future experience under the plan. These assumptions include the rate of investment return, mortality of plan members, rates of salary increase, rates of retirement, rates of termination, rates of disability, and various other factors that have an impact on the cost of the plan. To the extent that future experience varies from the assumptions selected for valuation, future costs will be either higher or lower than anticipated. The following chart illustrates the effect of emerging experience on the plan.

Factor
Investment Earnings Rate
Annual Rate of Salary Increase
Rates of Retirement
Rates of Termination
Rates of Disability
Rates of Mortality
ACTUARIAL COST METHOD:

VALUATION INTEREST RATE:

ACTUARIAL ASSET VALUES

## ACTUARIAL ASSET VALUES ULTIMATE METHOD:

Increase in Factor Results in
Decrease in Cost
Increase in Cost
Increase in Cost
Decrease in Cost
Increase in Cost
Decrease in Cost
Individual Entry Age Normal With Allocation of Cost Based on Earnings. Entry and Attained Ages Calculated on an Age Near Birthday Basis.
7.5\% (Net of investment expense)

For this valuation, the Actuarial Value of Assets was calculated by phasing in to the ultimate approach as given below from the prior method which smoothed unrealized capital gains of losses over a four year period at $25 \%$ per year. The deferral of capital gains for all years before fiscal 2011 was based on the prior method. The deferral of gains and losses for fiscal 2011 and later is based on the ultimate method.

All assets are valued at market value adjusted to defer four-fifths of all earnings above or below the valuation interest rate in the valuation year, three-fifths of all earnings above or below the valuation interest rate in the prior year, two-fifths of all earnings above or below the valuation interest rate from two years prior, and one-fifth of all earnings above or below the valuation interest rate from three years prior. The resulting smoothed values are subject to a corridor of $85 \%$ to $115 \%$ of the market value of assets. If the smoothed value falls outside the corridor, the actuarial value is set equal to the average of the corridor limit and the smoothed value.

ACTIVE MEMBER MORTALITY: RP 2000 Sex Distinct Employee Tables set back 1 year for males and set back 1 year for females.

## ANNUITANT AND BENEFICIARY MORTALITY:

RETIREE COST OF LIVING INCREASES:

## ANNUAL SALARY INCREASE RATE:

RETIREMENT RATES: The table of these rates is included later in the report. These rates apply only to those individuals eligible to retire.

RETIREMENT LIMITATIONS: Projected retirement benefits are not subject to IRS Section 415 limits.

DROP ENTRY RATES: These rates apply only to those individuals eligible to participate. These rates are determined by the age a member enters the system.

| Entry Age | $\frac{\text { Rate }}{}$ |
| :---: | ---: |
| $30 \&$ Under | $4.5 \%$ |
| 31 | $7 \%$ |
| $32-33$ | $5 \%$ |
| 34 | $6.5 \%$ |
| $35-44$ | $2.5 \%$ |
| $45-46$ | $8 \%$ |
| 47 | $6 \%$ |
| $48 \&$ Above | $4 \%$ |

DROP PARTICIPATION PERIOD:

## RETIREMENT RATES FOR ACTIVE

 FORMER DROP PARTICIPANTS:DISABILITY RATES: The table of these rates is included later in this report.

WITHDRAWAL RATES: The rates of withdrawal are applied based upon the attained age and are given later in the report. Those rates are multiplied by the following factors based on the member's completed years of service.

| Service | Factor |
| :---: | :---: |
| <1 | 1.25 |
| 1 | 1.20 |
| 2 | 1.15 |
| 3 | 1.10 |
| >3 | 1.00 |

Note: The withdrawal rate for individuals eligible to retire is assumed to be zero.

MARRIAGE STATISTICS: $80 \%$ of the members are assumed to be married; husbands are assumed to be three years older than wives.

SERVICE RELATED DEATH: $20 \%$ of Total Deaths

FAMILY STATISTICS: Assumptions utilized in determining the costs of various survivor benefits are listed below.

| Member's <br> $\frac{\text { Age }}{25}$ | \% With <br> Children | Number of <br> Children | Average <br> Age |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 35 | $80 \%$ | 1.16 | 3 |
| 45 | $80 \%$ | 1.71 | 7 |
| 55 | $80 \%$ | 1.38 | 12 |
| 65 | $80 \%$ | 0.83 | 16 |
|  | 0.28 | 18 |  |

DISABLED LIVES MORTALITY: RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Tables for Males and Females

VESTING ELECTING PERCENTAGE: $20 \%$ of those vested elect deferred benefits in lieu of contribution refunds.

## ACTUARIAL TABLES AND RATES

| Age | Male <br> Employee <br> Mortality | Female <br> Employee <br> Mortality | Male <br> Retiree <br> Mortality | Female <br> Retiree <br> Mortality | Retirement Rates | Disability Rates | Remarriage Rates | Withdrawal Rates |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 | 0.00030 | 0.00018 | 0.00030 | 0.00018 | 0.00000 | 0.00010 | 0.00000 | 0.085 |
| 19 | 0.00032 | 0.00019 | 0.00032 | 0.00019 | 0.00000 | 0.00010 | 0.09349 | 0.085 |
| 20 | 0.00033 | 0.00019 | 0.00033 | 0.00019 | 0.00000 | 0.00010 | 0.09350 | 0.085 |
| 21 | 0.00035 | 0.00019 | 0.00035 | 0.00019 | 0.00000 | 0.00010 | 0.09152 | 0.085 |
| 22 | 0.00036 | 0.00019 | 0.00036 | 0.00019 | 0.00000 | 0.00010 | 0.08954 | 0.085 |
| 23 | 0.00037 | 0.00019 | 0.00037 | 0.00019 | 0.00000 | 0.00010 | 0.08757 | 0.085 |
| 24 | 0.00037 | 0.00020 | 0.00037 | 0.00020 | 0.00000 | 0.00010 | 0.08569 | 0.080 |
| 25 | 0.00038 | 0.00020 | 0.00038 | 0.00020 | 0.00000 | 0.00100 | 0.08402 | 0.080 |
| 26 | 0.00038 | 0.00021 | 0.00038 | 0.00021 | 0.00000 | 0.00100 | 0.08225 | 0.080 |
| 27 | 0.00038 | 0.00021 | 0.00038 | 0.00021 | 0.00000 | 0.00100 | 0.08028 | 0.070 |
| 28 | 0.00038 | 0.00022 | 0.00038 | 0.00022 | 0.00000 | 0.00100 | 0.07802 | 0.070 |
| 29 | 0.00039 | 0.00024 | 0.00039 | 0.00024 | 0.00000 | 0.00100 | 0.07556 | 0.070 |
| 30 | 0.00041 | 0.00025 | 0.00041 | 0.00025 | 0.00000 | 0.00200 | 0.07281 | 0.070 |
| 31 | 0.00044 | 0.00026 | 0.00044 | 0.00026 | 0.00000 | 0.00200 | 0.06976 | 0.060 |
| 32 | 0.00050 | 0.00031 | 0.00050 | 0.00031 | 0.00000 | 0.00200 | 0.06652 | 0.060 |
| 33 | 0.00056 | 0.00035 | 0.00056 | 0.00035 | 0.00000 | 0.00200 | 0.06308 | 0.060 |
| 34 | 0.00063 | 0.00039 | 0.00063 | 0.00039 | 0.00000 | 0.00200 | 0.05945 | 0.060 |
| 35 | 0.00070 | 0.00044 | 0.00070 | 0.00044 | 0.00000 | 0.00200 | 0.05582 | 0.060 |
| 36 | 0.00077 | 0.00047 | 0.00077 | 0.00047 | 0.00000 | 0.00200 | 0.05230 | 0.050 |
| 37 | 0.00084 | 0.00051 | 0.00084 | 0.00051 | 0.00000 | 0.00200 | 0.04890 | 0.050 |
| 38 | 0.00090 | 0.00055 | 0.00090 | 0.00055 | 0.00000 | 0.00300 | 0.04570 | 0.050 |
| 39 | 0.00096 | 0.00060 | 0.00096 | 0.00060 | 0.00000 | 0.00300 | 0.04271 | 0.036 |
| 40 | 0.00102 | 0.00065 | 0.00102 | 0.00065 | 0.00000 | 0.00300 | 0.03993 | 0.036 |
| 41 | 0.00108 | 0.00071 | 0.00108 | 0.00071 | 0.00000 | 0.00300 | 0.03769 | 0.036 |
| 42 | 0.00114 | 0.00077 | 0.00114 | 0.00077 | 0.00000 | 0.00300 | 0.03480 | 0.036 |
| 43 | 0.00122 | 0.00085 | 0.00122 | 0.00085 | 0.00000 | 0.00300 | 0.03256 | 0.036 |
| 44 | 0.00130 | 0.00094 | 0.00130 | 0.00094 | 0.00000 | 0.00300 | 0.03037 | 0.036 |
| 45 | 0.00140 | 0.00103 | 0.00140 | 0.00103 | 0.00000 | 0.00300 | 0.02822 | 0.036 |
| 46 | 0.00151 | 0.00112 | 0.00151 | 0.00112 | 0.00000 | 0.00300 | 0.02632 | 0.036 |
| 47 | 0.00162 | 0.00122 | 0.00162 | 0.00122 | 0.20500 | 0.00100 | 0.02455 | 0.040 |
| 48 | 0.00173 | 0.00133 | 0.00173 | 0.00133 | 0.20500 | 0.00100 | 0.02303 | 0.040 |
| 49 | 0.00186 | 0.00143 | 0.00186 | 0.00143 | 0.20500 | 0.00100 | 0.02154 | 0.040 |
| 50 | 0.00200 | 0.00155 | 0.00200 | 0.00155 | 0.22500 | 0.00350 | 0.02019 | 0.050 |
| 51 | 0.00214 | 0.00168 | 0.00535 | 0.00234 | 0.20000 | 0.00500 | 0.01889 | 0.050 |
| 52 | 0.00229 | 0.00181 | 0.00553 | 0.00246 | 0.22000 | 0.00500 | 0.01808 | 0.050 |
| 53 | 0.00245 | 0.00197 | 0.00564 | 0.00265 | 0.22000 | 0.00250 | 0.01733 | 0.050 |
| 54 | 0.00262 | 0.00213 | 0.00572 | 0.00290 | 0.23500 | 0.00250 | 0.01671 | 0.050 |
| 55 | 0.00281 | 0.00232 | 0.00580 | 0.00319 | 0.42500 | 0.00250 | 0.01622 | 0.050 |
| 56 | 0.00303 | 0.00253 | 0.00590 | 0.00353 | 0.22500 | 0.00250 | 0.01596 | 0.050 |
| 57 | 0.00331 | 0.00276 | 0.00612 | 0.00393 | 0.17000 | 0.00250 | 0.01584 | 0.050 |
| 58 | 0.00363 | 0.00301 | 0.00644 | 0.00438 | 0.17000 | 0.00100 | 0.01589 | 0.050 |
| 59 | 0.00400 | 0.00329 | 0.00690 | 0.00492 | 0.19000 | 0.00100 | 0.01622 | 0.050 |
| 60 | 0.00441 | 0.00360 | 0.00749 | 0.00553 | 0.26000 | 0.00100 | 0.01682 | 0.050 |
| 61 | 0.00488 | 0.00393 | 0.00820 | 0.00620 | 0.26000 | 0.00100 | 0.01764 | 0.050 |
| 62 | 0.00538 | 0.00429 | 0.00900 | 0.00692 | 0.26000 | 0.00100 | 0.01906 | 0.050 |
| 63 | 0.00592 | 0.00466 | 0.00991 | 0.00769 | 0.26000 | 0.00100 | 0.02061 | 0.050 |
| 64 | 0.00647 | 0.00504 | 0.01095 | 0.00851 | 0.26000 | 0.00100 | 0.02239 | 0.000 |
| 65 | 0.00703 | 0.00543 | 0.01212 | 0.00939 | 0.26000 | 0.00000 | 0.02446 | 0.050 |

## GLOSSARY

Accrued Benefit - The pension benefit that an individual has earned as of a specific date based on the provisions of the plan and the individual's age, service, and salary as of that date.

Actuarial Accrued Liability - The actuarial present value of benefits payable to members of the fund less the present value of future normal costs attributable to the members.

Actuarial Assumptions - Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs. These assumptions include rates of mortality, withdrawal, disablement, and retirement. Also included are rates of investment earnings, changes in compensation, as well as statistics related to marriage and family composition.

Actuarial Cost Method - A procedure for determining the portion of the cost of a pension plan to be allocated to each year. Each cost method allocates a certain portion of the actuarial present value of benefits between the actuarial accrued liability and future normal costs. Once this allocation is made, a determination of the normal cost attributable to a specific year can be made along with the payment to amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liability. To the extent that a particular funding method allocates a greater (lesser) portion of the actual present value of benefits to the actuarial accrued liability it will allocate less (more) to future normal costs.

Actuarial Equivalence - Payments or receipts with equal actuarial value on a given date when valued using the same set of actuarial assumptions.

Actuarial Gain (Loss) - The financial effect on the fund of the difference between the expected and actual experience of the fund. The experience may be related to investment earnings above (or below) those expected or changes in the liability structure due to fewer (or greater) than the expected numbers of retirements, deaths, disabilities, or withdrawals. In addition, other factors such as pay increases above (or below) those forecast can result in actuarial gains or losses. The effect of such gains (or losses) is to decrease (or increase) future costs.

Actuarially Required Net Direct Combined Contribution - The sum of the actuarially required employee contributions and net direct employer contributions after reduction for projected Insurance Premium Taxes due to the system.

Actuarial Present Value - The value, as of a specified date, of an amount or series of amounts payable or receivable thereafter, with each amount adjusted to reflect the time value of money (through accrual of interest) and the probability of payments. For example: if $\$ 600$ invested today will be worth $\$ 1,000$ in 10 years and there is a $50 \%$ probability that a person will live 10 years, then the actuarial present value of $\$ 1,000$ payable to that person if he should survive 10 years is $\$ 300$.

Actuarial Value of Assets - The value of cash, investments, and other property belonging to the pension plan as used by the actuary for the purpose of the actuarial valuation. This may correspond to the book value, market value, or some modification involving either or both book and market value. Adjustments to market values are often made to reduce the volatility of asset values.

Asset Gain (Loss) - That portion of the actuarial gain attributable to investment performance above (below) the expected rate of return in the actuarial assumptions.

Amortization Payment - That portion of the pension plan contribution designated to pay interest and reduce the outstanding principal balance of unfunded actuarial accrued liability. If the amortization
payment is less than the accrued interest on the unfunded actuarial accrued liability the outstanding principal balance will increase.

Contribution Shortfall (Excess) - The difference between contributions recommended in the prior valuation and the actual amount received.

Decrements - Events which result in the termination of membership in the system such as retirement, disability, withdrawal, or death.

Employer Normal Cost - That portion of the normal cost not attributable to employee contributions. It includes both direct contributions made by the employer and contributions from other non-employee sources such as revenue sharing and revenues related to taxes.

Funded Ratio - A measure of the ratio of assets to liabilities of the system according to a specific definition of those two values. Typically the assets used in the measure are the actuarial value of assets; the liabilities are defined by reference to some recognized actuarial funding method. Thus the funded ratio of a plan depends not only on the financial strength of the plan but also on the funding method used to determine the liabilities and the asset valuation method used to determine the assets in the ratio.

Normal Cost - That portion of the actuarial present value of pension plan benefits and expenses allocated to a valuation year by the actuarial cost method. This is analogous to one year's insurance premium.

Pension Benefit Obligation - The actuarial present value of benefits earned or credited to date based on the members expected final average compensation at retirement. For current retirees or terminated members this is equivalent to the actuarial present value of their accrued benefit.

Projected Benefits - The benefits expected to be paid in the future based on the provisions of the plan and the actuarial assumptions. The projected values are based on anticipated future advancement in age and accrual of service as well as increases in salary paid to the participant.

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability - The excess of the actuarial accrued liability over the actuarial value of assets.

Vested Benefits - Benefits that the members are entitled to even if they withdraw from service.

## NOTES:

