# LOUISIANA SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM 

ACTUARIAL VALUATION AS OF

JUNE 30, 2015

# G. S. CURRAN \& COMPANY, LTD. 

Actuarial Services
10555 N. Glenstone Place • Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70810 • (225)769-4825

Gary S. Curran, FCA, MAAA, ASA, EA
Gregory M. Curran, FCA, MAAA, ASA, EA
Consulting Actuary
Consulting Actuary

September 22, 2015

Board of Trustees
Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System
8401 United Plaza Boulevard.
Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809
Ladies and Gentlemen:
We are pleased to present our report on the actuarial valuation of the Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. Our report is based on the actuarial assumptions specified and relies on the data supplied by the system's administrators and accountants. This report was prepared at the request of the Board of Trustees of Louisiana School Employees’ Retirement System of the State of Louisiana. The primary purposes of the report are to determine the actuarially required contribution for the retirement system for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, and to recommend the net direct employer contribution rate for fiscal 2017. This report does not contain the information necessary for accounting disclosures as required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements 67 and 68; that information is included in a separate report. This report was prepared exclusively for Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System for a specific limited purpose. It is not for the use or benefit of any third party for any purpose.

In our opinion, all of the assumptions on which this valuation is based are reasonable individually and in the aggregate. Both economic and demographic assumptions are based on our expectations for future experience for the fund. This report has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, fairly reflects the actuarial present values and costs stated herein. The undersigned actuaries are members of the American Academy of Actuaries and have met the qualification standards for the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinions incorporated in this report, and are available to provide further information or answers to any questions with respect to this valuation.

Sincerely,
G. S. CURRAN \& COMPANY, LTD.


## TABLE OF CONTENTS

SUBJECT PAGE
SUMMARY OF VALUATION RESULTS .....  1
COMMENTS ON DATA ..... 2
COMMENTS ON ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS ..... 3
CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS ..... 4
ASSET EXPERIENCE ..... 4
DEMOGRAPHICS AND LIABILITY EXPERIENCE ..... 5
FUNDING ANALYSIS AND RECOMMENDATIONS ..... 6
COST OF LIVING ADJUSTMENTS ..... 8
GRAPHS ..... 9
EXHIBIT I - Analysis of Actuarially Required Contributions ..... 14
EXHIBIT II - Present Value of Future Benefits ..... 15
EXHIBIT III - SCHEDULE A - Market Value of Assets ..... 16
EXHIBIT III - SCHEDULE B - Actuarial Value of Assets ..... 17
EXHIBIT IV - Present Value of Future Contributions ..... 18
EXHIBIT V - SCHEDULE A - Actuarial Accrued Liabilities ..... 18
EXHIBIT V - SCHEDULE B - Change in Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ..... 18
EXHIBIT V - SCHEDULE C - Amortization of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ..... 19
EXHIBIT V - SCHEDULE D - Cumulative Amortization Base Adjustment ..... 20
EXHIBIT VI - Analysis of Change in Assets ..... 21
EXHIBIT VII - SCHEDULE A - Employee Experience Account ..... 22
EXHIBIT VII - SCHEDULE B - Amortization Conversion Account ..... 22
EXHIBIT VIII - Census Data ..... 23
EXHIBIT IX - Year-to-Year Comparison ..... 32
SUMMARY OF PRINCIPAL PLAN PROVISIONS ..... 34
ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS ..... 41
GLOSSARY ..... 45

## SUMMARY OF VALUATION RESULTS LOUISIANA SCHOOL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

| Valuation Date: | June 30, 2015 | June 30, 2014 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | ---: |
| Census Summary: | Active Members | 12,061 | 12,054 |
|  | Retired Members and Survivors | 13,024 | 12,711 |
|  | DROP Participants | 660 | 537 |
|  | Terminated Due a Deferred Benefit | 276 | 413 |
|  | Terminated Due a Refund | 3,940 | 3,793 |$\dagger$

FISCAL 2016

| Employers' Normal Cost (Mid-year) | $\$$ | $27,815,696$ | $\$$ | $25,360,827$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Amortization Cost (Mid-year): | $\$$ | $57,714,437$ | $\$$ | $64,063,783$ |
| Amortization Conversion Account Supplement | $\$$ | $(3,359,318)$ | $\$$ | $(560,927)$ |
| Net Direct Employer Actuarially Required Contributions | $\$$ | $82,170,815$ | $\$$ | $88,863,683$ |
| Actuarially Required Net Direct Employer Contribution Rate |  | $28.7 \%$ | $32.0 \%$ |  |
| Actual Net Direct Employer Contribution Rate: | $30.2 \%$ | $33.0 \%$ |  |  |

Actuarial Cost Method: Individual Entry Age Normal with allocation of cost based on earnings.
Valuation Interest Rate: $7.00 \%$ (Net of Investment and Administrative Expenses)
Basis of Actuarial Asset Value: The actuarial value of assets is based on the market value of assets adjusted to phase in asset earnings above or below the assumed rate of return over a five-year period with limits set at $85 \%$ and $115 \%$ of the market value of assets. When the adjusted value falls outside of the limits, the actuarial value is set equal to the average of the limited and adjusted value.

Changes in Valuation Methods, Assumptions, and/or Amortization Periods: The valuation interest rate was lowered from $7.25 \%$ (Net of Investment Expense) to $7.00 \%$ (Net of Investment and Administrative Expenses) in order to reflect the effect of Administrative Expenses totaling approximately $0.25 \%$ of assets through the valuation interest rate. In addition, the valuation model was revised. The actuarial value of assets was adjusted to limit the effect of the corridor.

Method of Recognizing Gains and Losses: Gains and losses are amortized over 30 years with level payments, with the exception of contribution surpluses or shortfalls which are amortized over 5 years. The 30 year period will reduce to 20 years in the valuation following the year when the system's funded ratio reaches $85 \%$.

[^0]
## G. S. Curran \& Company, Ltd.

## COMMENTS ON DATA

For the valuation, the system's administration furnished a census derived from the system's master data processing file indicating each active covered employee's sex, date of birth, service credit, annual salary, and accumulated contributions. Information on retirees detailing dates of birth of retirees and beneficiaries, sex, as well as option categories and benefit amounts, was provided in like manner. In addition, data was supplied on former employees who are vested or who have contributions remaining on deposit. As illustrated in Exhibit VIII, there are 12,061 active contributing members in the system of whom 4,820 have vested retirement benefits; in addition, there are 660 participants in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP); 13,024 former members or their beneficiaries are receiving retirement benefits. An additional 4,216 terminated members have contributions remaining on deposit with the system; of this number 276 have vested rights for future retirement benefits.

Census data submitted to our office is tested for errors. Several types of census data errors are possible; to ensure that the valuation results are as accurate as possible, a significant effort is made to identify and correct these errors. In order to minimize coverage errors (i.e., missing or duplicated individual records) the records are checked for duplicates, and a comparison of the current year's records to those submitted in prior years is made. Changes in status, new records, and previous records that have no corresponding current record are identified. This portion of the review indicates the annual flow of members from one status to another and is used to check some of the actuarial assumptions such as retirement rates, rates of withdrawal, and mortality. In addition, the census is checked for reasonableness in several areas such as age, service, salary, and current benefits. The records identified by this review as questionable are checked against data from prior valuations; those not recently verified are included in a detailed list of items sent to the system's administrative staff for verification and/or correction. Once the identified data has been researched and verified or corrected, it is returned to us for use in the valuation. Occasionally some requested information is either unavailable or impractical to obtain. In such cases, values may be assigned to missing data. The assigned values are based on information from similar records or based on information implied from other data in the record.

Errors in the prior year data file limited our ability to validate current records. Notwithstanding this, we believe that the valuation data was reviewed in sufficient detail with the system's staff to allow us to make the necessary improvements to calculate results that reasonably represent the liabilities of the system. This detailed data review found a significant number of incomplete records due to the typical processing time for members entering DROP or retiring. These records were updated to reflect the member's status as of the valuation date. An effort was made to review a large number of records that were included in the prior valuation data file and not included in the current year data file. The base data used to calculate the estimated benefit on terminated, vested records was reviewed since estimates on many of these records differed with the value used by the prior actuary. Records for retirees who chose to receive benefits in the form of a "popup" annuity, which provides for the retiree's benefit to increase to the maximum on the death of their option beneficiary, do not include the original maximum benefit. Therefore, an estimate was made based on an estimate of the option factor at the time of retirement and the original benefit paid to the retiree. A significant number of records with missing information were corrected based on answers to our data review questions by the system's staff.

In addition to the statistical information provided on the system's participants, the system's administrator furnished general information related to other aspects of the system's expenses, benefits and funding. Valuation asset values as well as income and expenses for the fiscal year were based on information furnished by the system's auditor, the firm of Duplantier, Hrapmann, Hogan \& Maher, Certified Public Accountants. As indicated in the system's financial statements, the net market value of

## G. S. Curran \& Company, Ltd.

system's assets was $\$ 1,851,456,181$ as of June 30, 2015. Net investment income for fiscal 2015 measured on a market value basis amounted to a gain of $\$ 54,091,029$. Contributions to the system for the fiscal year totaled $\$ 117,134,201$; benefits and expenses amounted to $\$ 177,136,105$.

Notwithstanding our efforts to review both census and financial data for apparent errors, we must rely upon the system's administrative staff and accountants to provide accurate information. Our review of submitted information is limited to validation of reasonableness and consistency. Verification of submitted data to source information is beyond the scope of our efforts.

## COMMENTS ON ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

This valuation is based on the Individual Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method. The unfunded accrued liability is amortized with level payments over various periods as specified in Louisiana Revised Statute R.S. 11:102. Effective with the June 30, 2014 valuation, the system's outstanding amortization bases were consolidated and re-amortized over thirty years with level payments. Subsequent amortization bases for actuarial asset and liability gains or losses (except as noted below) or changes in assumptions will be amortized over 30 years until such time as the plan reaches a funded ratio of at least $85 \%$ when such amortization period shall be twenty years for any new such base. Contribution shortfalls and excesses are amortized as a level dollar amount over 5 years. In each valuation, the first $\$ 15,000,000$ of any asset gain (adjusted pro-rata for increases in the Actuarial Value of Assets) is used to immediately reduce the system's oldest outstanding amortization base without re-amortization. After the system's funded percentage reaches $85 \%$, the remaining balance of the amortization base after application of the first level of asset gains by $\$ 15,000,000$ will be re-amortized over the remaining amortization period. Fifty percent of the asset gains which exceed the $\$ 15,000,000$ threshold can be used to fund the system's Employee Experience Account (otherwise referred to as the Experience Account) which may be allocated to future permanent benefit increases (commonly referred to cost of living adjustments), subject to certain limitations. Effective with the June 30, 2019 valuation, any such allocation will be amortized as a loss with level payments over ten years. The funding methodology for the plan also includes the application of LSERS "side funds" defined by R.S. 11:102. The funds include the "Amortization Conversion Account" of the system's "Employee Experience Account." For funding purposes, the actuarial value of assets excludes both the Amortization Conversion Account and the Experience Account.

The Amortization Conversion Account was initially funded from the residual balance in the experience account of June 30, 2013. Payments from the account are made as an offset to employer contributions based on the provisions of Act 478 of the 2014 Regular Legislative Session each year through fiscal 2019. Any balances in the account as of 2019 will be amortized as an experience gain.

The system's Experience Account is funded by $50 \%$ of any investment gains above $\$ 15,000,000$ subject to the limits on the account value. In addition, each year the balance in the account is credited with investment earnings. The balance in the account cannot exceed the reserve necessary to grant one (two if the system is funded $80 \%$ or greater) cost-of-living adjustment (or permanent benefit increase) as otherwise authorized by law. Any funds credited to the Experience Account reduce those allocated to the Investment Gain/Loss Experience base.

The general economic and non-economic assumptions used by the prior actuary for the June 30, 2014 valuation were reviewed and a determination was made to retain them with the exception of the statistics related to family composition and rates of remarriage. The change was made in these categories to better
accommodate the software model used in this valuation. We do not believe that these changes will have any material effect. In addition, the software model used for this valuation is fundamentally different in several respects from the one used in the prior valuation. Among the differences is the use of beginning of year decrements and treatment of DROP as a decrement as opposed to a special form of retirement decrement. The valuation interest rate was determined by reviewing recent and long-term historical economic data as well as forward looking estimates provided by the fund's investment consultant, Segal Rogerscasey, and other consulting groups. Consideration was also given to expected investment and administrative costs. Inherent in the determination of future expected nominal returns was an assumption of future long-term inflation of $2.75 \%$. The valuation interest rate was reduced from $7.25 \%$ to $7.00 \%$ as of June 30, 2015. The reduction was made to account for the funding of administrative expenses out of investment earnings. Prior to this valuation, no explicit provision was made to fund or offset administrative expenses. As a result, such expenses generated a liability experience loss as they accrued. The reduction in the valuation interest rate by $0.25 \%$ is projected to provide sufficient margin to offset administrative costs. Future valuations will offset investment income by the sums of both investment and general administrative costs in determining net investment income.

Decrement levels and salary scale were based on those values used by the prior actuary. Since no experience was available to set these assumptions, they were reviewed for reasonableness. In addition, a review was made of the prior actuary's experience report, dated April 5, 2013. This report detailed the experience for the plan over the prior five year period. In particular, a review of the mortality as given in the experience report indicated that even though the RP2000 table without projection was utilized, it included significant margins for mortality improvement; hence no projection was made to the table.

In addition, we have estimated that the correction in system data errors and the change in the valuation model used to determine the accrued liability reduced the system's unfunded accrued liability by $\$ 42,073,134$, which produced an interest adjusted amortization credit of $\$ 3,277,742$, or $1.15 \%$ of projected payroll. We have estimated that the reduction in the system's valuation interest rate from $7.25 \%$ to $7.00 \%$ resulted in an increase in the unfunded accrued liability of $\$ 53,611,597$. The interest adjusted amortization payment on the increase amounts to $\$ 4,176,655$, or $1.46 \%$ of projected payroll.

## CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

There were no legislative changes directly affecting the retirement system enacted during the 2015 Regular Session of the Louisiana Legislature.

## ASSET EXPERIENCE

The actuarial and market rates of return for the past ten years are given below. These investment rates of return were determined by assuming a uniform distribution of income and expense throughout the fiscal year.

|  | Market Value | $\dagger$ | Actuarial Value |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2006 | $5.77 \%$ | $9.19 \%$ |  |
| 2007 | $14.90 \%$ | $9.85 \%$ |  |
| 2008 | $-4.74 \%$ | $5.87 \%$ |  |
| 2009 | $-16.94 \%$ | $-7.08 \%$ |  |
| 2010 | $13.02 \%$ | $0.55 \%$ |  |

## G. S. Curran \& Company, Ltd.

| 2011 | $23.28 \%$ | $4.35 \%$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| 2012 | $2.27 \%$ | $9.07 \%$ |
| 2013 | $13.73 \%$ | $12.04 \%$ |
| 2014 | $16.96 \%$ | $13.63 \%$ |
| 2015 | $3.00 \%$ | $11.63 \%$ |

$\dagger$ Rates of return calculated based on assets inclusive of Amortization Conversion Account and Experience Account but exclusive of money market DROP assets and income.

The market rate of return gives a measure of investment return on a total return basis and includes realized and unrealized capital gains and losses as well as interest income. The rate of return is calculated on assets invested in the system's portfolio. DROP and IBRP assets invested in money market investments have been excluded from the rate of return calculation. This rate of return gives an indication of performance for an actively managed portfolio where securities are bought and sold with the objective of producing the highest total rate of return. During 2015, the fund earned $\$ 26,686,373$ of dividends, interest and other recurring income. In addition, the Fund had net realized and unrealized capital gains on investments of $\$ 33,177,431$. This income was offset by investment expenses of $\$ 5,772,775$. The geometric mean of the market value rate of return measured over the last ten years was 6.50\%.

The actuarial rate of return is presented for comparison to the assumed long-term rate of return of $7.25 \%$ used for the valuation ( $7.0 \%$ beginning with July 1, 2015). DROP accounts that are credited with earnings based on the actual rate of return of the system should be credited with $11.13 \%$ (i.e. $11.63 \%$ less $0.5 \%$ as detailed in R.S. 11:1152(F)(3)). The actuarial rate of return is calculated based on the actuarial value of assets net of DROP and IBRP assets invested in money market accounts and includes all interest, dividends, and recognized capital gains as given in Exhibit VI net of money market income earned by DROP and IBRP assets. Investment income used to calculate this yield is based upon a smoothing of investment returns above or below the valuation interest rate over a five year period, subject to constraints. The difference between rates of return on an actuarial and market value basis results from the smoothing of gains or losses on investments relative to the valuation interest rate. Yields in excess of the $7.25 \%$ assumption will reduce future costs; yields below $7.25 \%$ will increase future costs. Beginning with Fiscal 2016, yields in excess of the $7.0 \%$ assumption will reduce cost while yields below $7.0 \%$ will increase costs. For fiscal 2015, the system experienced net actuarial investment earnings of $\$ 32,513,380$ above the actuarial assumed earnings rate of $7.25 \%$ which produced an actuarial gain and decreased the interest-adjusted amortization payments on the system's UAL by $\$ 2,532,982$ or $0.89 \%$ of projected payroll.

## DEMOGRAPHICS AND LIABILITY EXPERIENCE

The average active contributing member is 52 years old with 10.00 years of service credit and an annual salary of $\$ 22,962$. The system's active contributing membership experienced an increase of 7 members during fiscal 2015; over the last five years, the number of active contributing members decreased by 1,105 . The number of DROP participants increased by 123 (This increase includes a number of individuals who had elected to enter DROP prior to June 30, 2014 but were pending as of the prior valuation).

The average service retiree is 72 years old with a monthly benefit of $\$ 1,044$. The number of retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits from the system increased by 313 during the fiscal year. Over the last

## G. S. Curran \& Company, Ltd.

five years, the number of retirees increased by 574 with annual benefits in payment increasing by $\$ 30,839,344$.

Liability experience for the year was favorable. The total number of retirements was below projected levels. Salary increases were also below expected levels. Withdrawals and deaths were above projected levels. These factors tend to reduce costs. DROP entries and disabilities were above projected levels. This partially offset other gains. Net plan liability experience gains totaled $\$ 29,473,558$. The interest adjusted amortization payment on this gain was $\$ 2,296,161$, or $0.80 \%$ of projected payroll.

## FUNDING ANALYSIS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Actuarial funding of a retirement system is a process whereby funds are accumulated over the working lifetimes of employees in such a manner as to have sufficient assets available at retirement to pay for the lifetime benefits accrued by each member of the system. The required contributions are determined by an actuarial valuation based on rates of mortality, termination, disability, and retirement, as well as investment return and other statistical measures specific to the particular group. Each year a determination is made of two cost components, and the actuarially required contributions are based on the sum of these two components. These two components are the normal cost and the amortization payments on the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The normal cost refers to the annual cost for active members allocated to each year by the particular cost method utilized. The term unfunded accrued liability (UAL) refers to the excess of the present value of plan benefits over the sum of current assets and future normal costs. Each year the UAL grows with interest and is reduced by payments. In addition it may be increased or diminished by plan experience, changes in assumptions, or changes in benefits including COLA's. Contributions in excess of or less than the actuarially required amount can also decrease or increase the UAL balance. New entrants to the system can also increase or lower costs as a percent of payroll depending upon their demographic distribution. Finally, payroll growth affects plan costs since payments on the system's unfunded accrued liability are on a fixed, level dollar schedule. If payroll increases, these costs are reduced as a percentage of payroll. Conversely, if payroll decreases, these costs are increased as a percentage of payroll.

In order to establish the actuarially required contribution in any given year, it is necessary to define the assumptions, funding method, and method of amortizing the UAL. Thus, the determination of what contribution is actuarially required depends upon the funding method and amortization schedules employed. Regardless of the method selected, the ultimate cost of providing benefits is dependent upon the benefits, expenses, and investment earnings. Only to the extent that some methods accumulate assets more rapidly and thus produce greater investment earnings does the funding method affect the ultimate cost.

An explanation of the change in costs related to asset and liability gains and losses as well as changes in demographics and assumptions is given in prior sections of the report. In addition to these components, variances in contribution levels and payroll also affect costs. For fiscal 2015 contributions totaled $\$ 3,883,540$ more than required; the interest-adjusted amortization credit based on the contribution surplus for fiscal 2016 is $\$ 915,653$, or $0.32 \%$ of projected payroll. In addition, for fiscal 2016 the net effect of the change in payroll on amortization costs was to decrease such costs by $0.72 \%$ of projected payroll.

## G. S. Curran \& Company, Ltd.

A reconciliation of the change in costs is given below. Values listed in dollars are interest adjusted for payment throughout the fiscal year. Percentages are based on the projected payroll for fiscal 2016 except for those items labeled fiscal 2015.

|  |  | Dollars | Percentage of Payroll |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employer Normal Cost for Fiscal 2015 | \$ | 25,360,827 | 9.14\% |
| Cost of Demographic, Salary, Assumption and Model Changes | \$ | 2,454,869 | 0.58\% |
| Employer Normal Cost for Fiscal 2016 | \$ | 27,815,696 | 9.72\% |
| UAL Payments for Fiscal 2015 | \$ | 64,063,783 | 23.10\% |
| Change due to reduction in valuation interest rate | \$ | $(1,503,462)$ | (0.52\%) |
| Change due to change in payroll |  | N/A | (0.72\%) |
| Change due to elimination of Amortization | \$ | 0 | 0.00\% |
| Additional Amortization Expenses for Fiscal 2016: |  |  |  |
| Change in Data/Model | \$ | (3,277,742) | (1.15\%) |
| Assumption Loss (Gain) | \$ | 4,176,655 | 1.47\% |
| Asset Experience Loss (Gain) | \$ | $(2,532,982)$ | (0.89\%) |
| Liability Loss (Gain) | \$ | $(2,296,161)$ | (0.80\%) |
| Contribution Loss (Gain) | \$ | $(915,654)$ | (0.32\%) |
| Total Amortization Expense (Credit) for Fiscal 2016 | \$ | 57,714,437 | 20.17\% |
| Amortization Conversion Account Supplement for Fiscal 2016 | \$ | $(3,359,318)$ | (1.17\%) |
| Total Normal Cost \& Amortization Payments | \$ | 82,170,815 | 28.72\% |

The derivation of the actuarially required contribution for the current fiscal year is given in Exhibit I. The employer's normal cost for fiscal 2016, interest adjusted for mid-year payment is $\$ 49,378,818$. The amortization payments on the system's unfunded actuarial accrued liability total $\$ 57,714,438$. The total actuarially required contribution is determined by adding these two values. The net direct actuarially required employer contribution for fiscal 2016 is determined based on the sum of employer normal cost and amortization payments on the unfunded actuarial accrued liability less a payment from the system's Amortization Conversion Account set at $\$ 3,359,318$ for Fiscal 2016. As given in line 13 of Exhibit I, the total actuarially required employer contribution for fiscal 2016 is $\$ 82,170,816$, or $28.7 \%$ of projected payroll.

Since the actual employer contribution rate for fiscal 2016 is $30.2 \%$ of payroll, there will be a contribution surplus of $1.5 \%$ of payroll. This surplus will decrease the actuarially required contribution recommended for fiscal 2017. In order to determine a minimum recommended net direct employer contribution rate for Fiscal 2017, the Employer Normal Cost and Amortization Payments were estimated for Fiscal 2017, adjusted for the impact of the estimated contribution surplus for Fiscal 2016 and the scheduled payment from the Amortization Conversion Account. As given in line 21 of Exhibit I, the minimum recommended net direct employer contribution for fiscal 2017 is $\$ 80,795,148$, or $27.3 \%$ of projected payroll.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions, changes in economic or demographic assumptions, completion of amortization payments or credit schedules, and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Analysis of the effect of all these factors is beyond the scope of this report. We have, however,

## G. S. Curran \& Company, Ltd.

calculated the sensitivity of the plan's costs to a change in two factors. First, we have determined that based on current assets and demographics, for each percentage under (over) the assumed rate of return on the actuarial value of assets, there will be a corresponding increase (reduction) in the actuarially required contribution as a percentage of projected payroll of $0.48 \%$ for the fund. We have also determined that a $1 \%$ reduction in the valuation interest rate for the Fund would increase the actuarially required contribution rate for fiscal 2016 by $10.2 \%$ of payroll.

In addition to calculating the actuarially required contribution to the fund, we have also calculated the ratio of the system's funding assets to liabilities. When the actuarial value of assets is divided by the entry age normal accrued liability, the result is $70.71 \%$ as of June 30, 2015. This value in isolation does not give a measure of the ability of the fund to pay benefits in the future or indicate that future contributions are likely to be greater or less than current contributions. In addition, the ratio cannot be used to compare the relative strength of different retirement systems. However, the trend of this ratio over time can give some insight into the financial health of the plan. Even in this regard caution is warranted since market fluctuations in asset values and changes in plan assumptions can distort the underlying trends in this value.

## COST OF LIVING ADJUSTMENTS

During fiscal 2015, the actual cost of living (as measured by the US Department of Labor CPI-U) increased by $0.12 \%$. Cost of living provisions for the system are detailed in R.S. 11:1145.1 within the statutes relative to the Experience Account. The Experience Account cannot be credited with funds that would cause the balance in the account to exceed the reserve of one cost of living adjustment if the system is less than $80 \%$ funded or two cost of living adjustments if the system is at least $80 \%$ funded. R.S. 11:1145.1(2) sets forth the basis for determining the maximum percentage increase in the benefits permissible. The maximum percentage increase is based upon the funded percentage of the system as of the most recent actuarial valuation, and is limited to $2.0 \%$ in any year in which the system does not earn an actuarial rate of return of at least $7.25 \%$, according to the following:

| Funded Percentage of the System |  | Maximum Percent COLA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least $80 \%$ | $3.0 \%$ |  |
| At least 75\% but less than $80 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ |  |
| At least 65\% but less than 75\% | $2.0 \%$ |  |
| At least 55\% but less than 65\% |  | $1.5 \%$ |
| Less than 55\% | No COLA permitted |  |

In addition, if the fund is less than $85 \%$ funded and the legislature granted a cost of living adjustment in the preceding fiscal year, no increase may be granted.

If there are sufficient funds in the Experience Account and the system met the necessary criteria to grant a cost of living adjustment, the Board of Trustees may recommend to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives that the system be permitted to grant a cost of living adjustment. Cost of living adjustments are based on the benefit in payment at the time the adjustment is approved with a maximum adjustment based on the first $\$ 60,000$ of benefits, where the $\$ 60,000$ limit is increased annually by the consumer price index for all urban consumers from July 1, 2015. No cost of living adjustment can be paid in an amount greater than the increase in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers during the twelve month period ending on the system's valuation date. Cost of living adjustments may be provided only to retirees who have received benefits for at least one full year. In addition, non-disabled retirees may only receive a cost of living adjustment if they have attained age sixty.

## G. S. Curran \& Company, Ltd.

# Components of Present Value of Future Benefits 

 June 30, 2015
$\square$ Actuarial Value of Assets
$\square$ Present Value of Future Employer Normal Cost

■ Present Value of Employee Contributions
$\square$ Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability

Unfunded Accrued Liability

-9-
G. S. Curran \& Company, Ltd.

## Market Value of Assets vs. Actuarial Accrued Liability



Components of Actuarial Funding


■Employee Contributions (Weighted Average)
-Required Net Direct Employer Contributions
(2012 and later employee contribution level is a weighted average of rates paid by employees in different tiers)

Net Non-Investment Income


|  |  | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Non-Investment Income (\$Mil) | $\square$ | 61.2 | 69.7 | 73.2 | 78.7 | 75.6 | 95.1 | 104.3 | 109.0 | 118.9 | 117.1 |
| Benefits and Expenses (\$Mil) | $\square$ | 131.2 | 139.3 | 141.4 | 139.1 | 143.3 | 151.9 | 157.2 | 163.3 | 171.6 | 177.1 |
| Net Non-Investment Income (\$Mil) | - | -70.0 | -69.6 | -68.2 | -60.4 | -67.7 | -56.8 | -52.9 | -54.3 | -52.7 | -60.0 |

Total Income vs. Expenses
(Based on Market Value of Assets)


|  |  | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total Income (\$Mil) | $\square$ | 145.2 | 291.5 | -3.0 | -169.5 | 225.5 | 382.7 | 137.7 | 307.3 | 387.8 | 171.2 |
| Benefits and Expenses (\$Mil) | $\square$ | 131.2 | 139.3 | 141.4 | 139.1 | 143.3 | 151.9 | 157.2 | 163.3 | 171.6 | 177.1 |
| Net Change in MVA (\$Mil) | - | 14.0 | 152.2 | -144.4 | -308.6 | 82.2 | 230.8 | -19.5 | 144.0 | 216.2 | -5.9 |

## Historical Asset Yields



## EXHIBITS

## EXHIBIT I ANALYSIS OF ACTUARIALLY REQUIRED CONTRIBUTIONS

1. Normal Cost of Retirement Benefits ..... \$
2. Normal Cost of Death Benefits ..... \$
3. Normal Cost of Disability Benefits ..... \$
4. Normal Cost of Deferred Retirement Benefits ..... \$
5. Normal Cost of Contribution Refunds ..... \$
6. TOTAL Normal Cost as of July 1, $2015(1+2+3+4+5)$ ..... \$
7. TOTAL Normal Cost Interest Adjusted for Midyear Payment ..... \$
8. Adjustment to Total Normal Cost for Employee Portion ..... \$
9. TOTAL Employer Normal Cost Adjusted for Midyear Payment (7-8) ..... \$
10. Amortization Payments on Unfunded Accrued Liability ..... \$
11. TOTAL Normal Cost \& Amortization Payments $(9+10)$ ..... \$
12. Amortization Conversion Account Supplement for Fiscal 2016 ..... \$
13. Net Direct Actuarially Required Employer Contribution for Fiscal 2016 ..... \$
14. Projected Payroll For Contributing Members (Fiscal 2016) ..... \$
15. Net Direct Actuarially Required Employer Contribution as a Percentage of Projected Payroll for Fiscal 2016 (12 $\div$ 13) ..... 28.7\%
16. Actual Net Direct Employer Contribution Rate for Fiscal 2016. ..... $30.2 \%$
17. Projected Fiscal 2016 Contribution Loss (Gain) as a \% of Payroll (13-14)... ..... (1.5\%)
18. Projected Fiscal 2016 Employer Contribution Shortfall (Surplus) $(12 \times 15)$ ..... \$
19. Estimated Amortization of Fiscal 2016 Employer Contribution Shortfall (Surplus) Based on Midyear Payment in Fiscal 2017 ..... \$ ..... $(1,046,883)$
20. Estimated Fiscal 2017 Employer Normal Cost Adjusted for Midyear Payment \$
21. Estimated Fiscal 2017 Employer Normal Cost Adjusted for Midyear Payment \$ .....  ..... 28,740,912 .....  ..... 28,740,912
22. Estimated Fiscal 2017 Amortization Payments based on Fiscal 2016 UAL
23. Estimated Fiscal 2017 Amortization Payments based on Fiscal 2016 UAL ..... \$ ..... \$ ..... 57,714,437 ..... 57,714,437
24. Amortization Conversion Account Supplement for Fiscal 2017 ..... \$
25. Estimated Actuarially Required Employer Contributions for Fiscal 2017 $(17+18+19+20)$ ..... \$
80,795,148$(4,292,427)$$(4,613,318)$
26. Projected Payroll For Contributing Members (Fiscal 2017) ..... \$ ..... 295,680,223
27. Minimum Recommended Net Direct Employer Contribution Rate for Fiscal 2017 (21 $\div 22$, Rounded to nearest $0.10 \%$ ) ..... 27.3\%

## EXHIBIT II <br> PRESENT VALUE OF FUTURE BENEFITS

PRESENT VALUE OF FUTURE BENEFITS FOR ACTIVE MEMBERS:
Retirement Benefits ..... \$ 1,123,053,220
Survivor Benefits ..... 27,908,012
Disability Benefits ..... 24,712,618
Vested Termination Benefits ..... 64,123,508
Refunds of Contributions ..... 34,631,383
TOTAL Present Value of Future Benefits for Active Members ..... \$ 1,274,428,741
PRESENT VALUE OF FUTURE BENEFITS FOR TERMINATED MEMBERS:
Terminated Vested Members Due Benefits at Retirement..... \$ ..... 20,725,727
Terminated Members with Reciprocals
Due Benefits at Retirement ..... 296,696
Terminated Members Due a Refund ..... 6,529,646
TOTAL Present Value of Future Benefits for Terminated Members

$\qquad$ ..... \$ ..... 27,552,069
PRESENT VALUE OF FUTURE BENEFITS FOR RETIREES:
Regular Retirees ..... \$ 1,303,895,250
Disability Retirees ..... 25,036,345
Survivors \& Widows ..... 120,887,197
DROP Account Balances Payable to Retirees ..... 28,593,251
IBRP Account Balance ..... 1,397,491
TOTAL Present Value of Future Benefits for Retirees \& Survivors ..... \$

## EXHIBIT III - SCHEDULE A MARKET VALUE OF ASSETS

## CURRENT ASSETS:

Cash in Banks. ..... \$ 47,855,816
Contributions Receivable ..... 16,832,874
Privatization Payments Receivable ..... 1,862,710
Investments Receivable. ..... 2,122,957
Accrued interest and dividends ..... 3,273,326
Other Current Assets ..... 444,058
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS ..... \$
72,391,741
Property Plant \& Equipment ..... \$
2,989,650
INVESTMENTS:
Cash Equivalents ..... \$ 104,171,600
Equities ..... $1,110,479,571$
Fixed Income ..... 347,330,145
Real Estate ..... 185,277,185
Alternative Investments ..... 113,049,976
Collateral for Securities Lending ..... 179,300,866
TOTAL INVESTMENTS ..... \$
2,039,609,343
OTHER ASSETS ..... \$573,210
TOTAL ASSETS ..... \$
2,115,593,944
CURRENT LIABILITIES:
Securities Lending Obligations ..... \$ 179,300,866
Investments Payable ..... 80,077,692
Other Post-Employment Benefits ..... 3,146,104
Accounts Payable ..... 1,480,507
Accrued payroll and taxes ..... 102,594
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES ..... \$
264,107,763
MARKET VALUE OF ASSETS ..... \$ ..... $1,851,456,181$

## EXHIBIT III - SCHEDULE B ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS

## Excess (Shortfall) of invested income for current and previous 4 years: $\dagger$

Fiscal year 2015 ..... \$ (76,298,518)
Fiscal year 2014 ..... 153,829,757
Fiscal year 2013 ..... 89,907,429
Fiscal year 2012 ..... $(76,675,989)$
Fiscal year 2011 ..... 194,915,640
Total for five years ..... \$ 285,678,319
Deferral of excess (shortfall) of invested income:
Fiscal year 2015 (80\%) ..... \$ $(61,038,814)$
Fiscal year 2014 (60\%) ..... 92,297,854
Fiscal year 2013 (40\%) ..... 35,962,972
Fiscal year 2012 (20\%) ..... $(15,335,198)$
Fiscal year 2011 ( 0\%) ..... 0
Total deferred for year ..... \$ 51,886,814
Market value of plan net assets, end of year ..... \$ 1,851,456,181
Preliminary actuarial value of plan assets, end of year ..... \$ 1,799,569,367
Experience Account Balance, end of year ..... \$ 23,058,055
Amortization Conversion Account Balance, end of year ..... \$ 19,079,106
Adjusted Actuarial Value of Plan Assets (Net of side funds), end of year. ..... \$ 1,757,432,206
Actuarial value of assets corridor
$85 \%$ of market value, end of year ..... \$ 1,573,737,754
$115 \%$ of market value, end of year ..... \$ 2,129,174,608
Final actuarial value of plan net assets, end of year ..... \$ 1,757,432,206

[^1]
## EXHIBIT IV PRESENT VALUE OF FUTURE CONTRIBUTIONS

Employee Contributions to the Annuity Savings Fund ..... \$
Employer Normal Contributions to the Pension Accumulation FundEmployer Amortization Payments to the Pension Accumulation Fund

Employer Amortization Payments to the Pension Accumulation FundTOTAL PRESENT VALUE OF FUTURE CONTRIBUTIONS

NS. $\qquad$EXHIBIT V - SCHEDULE AACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITIES
LIABILITY FOR ACTIVE MEMBERS
Accrued Liability for Retirement Benefits ..... \$890,455,932
Accrued Liability for Survivor Benefits. ..... 17,190,380
Accrued Liability for Disability Benefits ..... 13,719,843
Accrued Liability for Vested Termination Benefits ..... 47,668,301
Accrued Liability for Refunds of Contributions ..... 9,187,128
TOTAL Actuarial Accrued Liability for Active Members ..... \$
LIABILITY FOR TERMINATED MEMBERS ..... \$
LIABILITY FOR RETIREES AND SURVIVORS ..... \$
TOTAL ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY ..... \$
ACTUARIAL VALUE OF ASSETS ..... \$
UNFUNDED ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY ..... \$
EXHIBIT V - SCHEDULE B CHANGE IN UNFUNDED ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY
PRIOR YEAR UNFUNDED ACCRUED LIABILITY ..... \$
Interest on Unfunded Accrued Liability ..... \$
58,480,872
Liability Assumption Loss ..... 53,611,597
Transfer to Experience Account ..... 23,058,055
TOTAL Additions to UAL ..... \$
Adjustment Due to Data Changes/Changes in Method with interest ..... 42,073,134
Investment Gain ..... 70,571,435
Liability Experience Gain ..... 29,473,558
Contribution Excess with accrued interest. ..... 3,883,540
Interest Adjusted Amortization Payments ..... 67,630,587
TOTAL Reductions to UAL ..... \$
NET Change in Unfunded Accrued Liability ..... \$
CURRENT YEAR UNFUNDED ACCRUED LIABILITY ..... \$

128,101,036
168,106,121
728,150,981
$1,024,358,138$

978,221,584
27,552,069
1,479,809,534
2,485,583,187
1,757,432,206
728,150,981
806,632,711

806,632,711
135,150,524

135,150,524

213,632,254
(78,481,730)
728,150,981

# EXHIBIT V - SCHEDULE C AMORTIZATION OF UNFUNDED ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2015 

| $\begin{gathered} \text { FISCAL } \\ \text { YEAR } \end{gathered}$ | DESCRIPTION P | AMORT. PERIOD | INITIAL <br> BALANCE | YEARS <br> REMAINING | REMAINING BALANCE | AMORT PAYMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2014 | Cumulative Bases | 30 | 904,498,330 | $29 \dagger$ | 868,813,355 | 68,153,884 |
| 2014 | Asset Experience Gain <br> (Allocated by Act 399 of 2014 | 4) 5 | (7,500,000) | 4 | $(6,202,309)$ | $(1,711,305)$ |
| 2014 | Liability Experience Gain | 30 | $(81,635,532)$ | 29 | $(80,809,412)$ | $(6,151,231)$ |
| 2014 | Contribution Shortfall | 5 | 823,919 | 4 | 681,360 | 187,997 |
| 2015 | Change in Data/Model | 30 | $(42,073,134)$ | 30 | $(42,073,134)$ | $(3,168,713)$ |
| 2015 | Change in Assumptions Loss | 30 | 53,611,596 | 30 | 53,611,596 | 4,037,725 |
| 2015 | Net Investment Gain | 30 | $(32,513,380)$ | 30 | (32,513,380) | $(2,448,726)$ |
| 2015 | Liability Experience Gain | 30 | $(29,473,558)$ | 30 | $(29,473,557)$ | $(2,219,783)$ |
| 2015 | Contribution Surplus | 5 | (3,883,540) | 5 | $(3,883,540)$ | $(885,196)$ |

TOTAL Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability $\quad \$ \quad 728,150,981$
TOTAL Fiscal 2016 Amortization Payments at Beginning of Year
TOTAL Fiscal 2016 Amortization Payments Adjusted to Mid-Year
$\dagger$ Balance reduced by application of investment gains assigned by Act 399 of 2014.

## EXHIBIT V - SCHEDULE D CUMULATIVE AMORTIZATION BASE ADJUSTMENT

2014 Initial Cumulative Amortization Base ..... \$
905,696,581
Applied Base Reduction for Privatization Liability ..... $(1,198,251)$
2014 Net Initial Cumulative Amortization Base ..... 904,498,330
2014 Priority Excess Interest Applied to Base ..... (7,500,000)
2014 PBI Cap Excess Applied to Base ..... $(3,252,257)$
2014 Adjusted Initial Amortization Base ..... \$ ..... 893,746,073
Amortization Payment (Beginning of Year) ..... $(69,677,675)$
Interest on Amortization Base net of Amortization Payment ..... 59,744,957
Net Adjusted Balance ..... \$ ..... 883,813,355
2015 Priority Excess Interest Applied to Base ..... $(15,000,000)$
Net Balance as of June 30, 2015 on 2014 Cumulative Base ..... \$ ..... 868,813,355

## EXHIBIT VI ANALYSIS OF CHANGE IN ASSETS

Actuarial Value of Assets (June 30, 2014) ..... \$ 1,631,618,702
INCOME:
Member Contributions ..... \$ 20,552,109
Employer Contributions ..... 92,365,229
Irregular Contributions ..... 4,216,863
Total Contributions\$
Net Appreciation (Depreciation) of Investments ..... \$ 33,177,431
Interest \& Dividends ..... 20,067,672
Alternative Investment Income ..... 6,162,266
Miscellaneous Income ..... 456,435
Investment Expense ..... $(5,772,775)$
Net Investment Income ..... \$54,091,029
TOTAL Income\$ 171,225,230
EXPENSES:
Retirement Benefits ..... \$ 153,265,821
DROP Disbursements ..... 14,351,603
Refunds of Contributions ..... 4,213,790
Transfers to Other Systems ..... 382,937
Administrative Expenses ..... 4,921,954
TOTAL Expenses ..... \$ ..... 177,136,105
Net Market Value Income for Fiscal 2015 (Income - Expenses) ..... $\$ \quad(5,910,875)$
Income Adjustment for Actuarial Smoothing ..... \$ 131,724,379
Actuarial Value of Assets: (June 30, 2015) ..... \$ 1,757,432,206

## EXHIBIT VII - SCHEDULE A EMPLOYEE EXPERIENCE ACCOUNT

1. Experience Account Balance - June 30, 2014 ..... \$ 20,787,326
2. Present Value of Cost of Living Adjustment Paid July 1, 2014 ..... \$ ..... (20,787,326)
3. Experience Account Balance as of July 1, 2014 (Net of COLAs Paid) ( $1-2$ )....... ..... \$ ..... 0
4. Maximum Permissible Experience Account Balance (June 30, 2015) ..... \$ ..... 23,058,055
5. Maximum Permissible Experience Account Credit for Fiscal 2015 (4 - 3) ..... \$ ..... 23,058,055
6. Income (loss) on the Net Beginning Balance (Based on AVA rate of return) ..... \$ ..... 0
7. Investment Gain, if any ..... 70,571,435
8. Priority Excess Interest Allocated to Reduce UAL ..... $\$ \quad 15,000,000$
9. Residual Investment Gain, if any (7-8) ..... 55,571,435
10. Investment Gain to be Allocated to the Experience Account $(50 \% \times 9)$ ..... 27,785,717
11. Total Funds Available to be Allocated to the Experience Account $(6+10)$ ..... 27,785,717
12. Funds Credited to the Experience Account (Lesser of $5 \& 11$ ) ..... \$ ..... 23,058,055
13. Experience Account Balance - June 30, 2015 (3 +12). ..... \$23,058,055
EXHIBIT VII - SCHEDULE B AMORTIZATION CONVERSION ACCOUNT

Amortization Conversion Account Balance as of June 30, 2014 \$

19,640,033
Fiscal Year Supplemental Contributions to be funded by the Amortization Conversion Account:

| $2014-15$ | $\$$ | 560,927 |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
| $2015-16$ | $3,359,318$ |  |
| $2016-17$ | $4,613,318$ |  |
| $2017-18$ | $4,267,895$ |  |
| $2018-19$ | $\underline{2,278,309}$ |  |
| Total | $15,079,767$ |  |

Residual balance as of June 30, 2019 to be amortized as a gain \$ 4,560,266

Amortization Conversion Account Balance as of June 30, 2015 $\qquad$

## EXHIBIT VIII

CENSUS DATA

|  | Active | Terminated with Funds on Deposit | DROP | Retired | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of members as of June 30, 2014 | 12,054 | 4,206 | 537 | $\dagger 12,711$ | 29,508 |
| Additions to Census <br> Initial membership <br> Omitted in error last year <br> Death of another member <br> Adjustment for multiple records | 1,195 | 53 | 5 | $\begin{array}{r} 121 \\ 118 \\ 17 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,248 \\ 126 \\ 118 \\ 17 \end{array}$ |
| Change in Status during Year <br> Actives terminating service <br> Actives who retired <br> Actives entering DROP <br> Term. members rehired <br> Term. members who retire <br> Retirees who are rehired <br> Refunded who are rehired <br> DROP participants retiring <br> DROP returned to work <br> Omitted in error last year | $\begin{array}{r} (396) \\ (400) \\ (249) \\ 58 \\ \\ 26 \\ 106 \end{array}$ | 396 <br> \# (111) <br> (58) <br> (58) | (133) <br> (106) | 400 <br> 58 <br> 133 | 37 |
| Eliminated from Census <br> Refund of contributions <br> Deaths <br> Included in error last year <br> Adjustment for multiple records | $\begin{array}{r} (298) \\ (35) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} (204) \\ (19) \end{array}$ | (3) | $\dagger$ (534) | $\begin{aligned} & (502) \\ & (591) \end{aligned}$ |
| Number of members as of June 30, 2015 | 12,061 | 4,216 | 660 | 13,024 | 29,961 |

Adjustments were made to June 2014 census to account for 739 incorrectly coded survivor records.
$\ddagger \quad$ Members entering DROP in fiscal 2014 who were not processed by the time data was provided for actuarial valuation in fiscal 2014 were coded as Terminated Vested in 2014 valuation.

ACTIVES CENSUS BY AGE:

| Age | Number Male | Number <br> Female | Total Number | Average Salary | Total Salary |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16-20 | 3 | 3 | 6 | 20,355 | 122,132 |
| $21-25$ | 90 | 51 | 141 | 20,059 | 2,828,387 |
| $26-30$ | 160 | 158 | 318 | 21,782 | 6,926,617 |
| $31-35$ | 236 | 347 | 583 | 21,714 | 12,659,389 |
| $36-40$ | 310 | 541 | 851 | 22,074 | 18,784,827 |
| $41-45$ | 416 | 753 | 1,169 | 22,954 | 26,833,312 |
| $46-50$ | 707 | 1,223 | 1,930 | 23,444 | 45,246,265 |
| $51-55$ | 991 | 1,570 | 2,561 | 23,613 | 60,471,662 |
| $56-60$ | 982 | 1,288 | 2,270 | 23,650 | 53, 686,344 |
| $61-65$ | 586 | 588 | 1,174 | 22,234 | 26,102,834 |
| $66-70$ | 304 | 347 | 651 | 22,340 | 14,543,272 |
| $71-75$ | 160 | 140 | 300 | 21,949 | 6,584,628 |
| $76-80$ | 49 | 42 | 91 | 20,157 | 1,834,332 |
| 81-85 | 9 | 6 | 15 | 20,605 | 309,080 |
| $86-90$ | 1 | 0 | 1 | 16,719 | 16,719 |
| TOTAL | 5,004 | 7,057 | 12,061 | 22,962 | 276,949,800 |
| THE ACTIVE | IN INCLUD | 4,820 ACTIVES WITH VESTED |  | BENEFITS, INCLUDING |  |
| 553 ACTIVE | R DROP P | CIPANTS. | THE 660 C | DROP PAR | CIPANTS |
| ARE EXCLUDE |  |  |  |  |  |

DROP PARTICIPANTS:

| Age | Number Male | Number <br> Female | Total Number | Average Benefit | Total Benefit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $46-50$ | 4 | 0 | 4 | 28, 801 | 115,202 |
| $51-55$ | 37 | 13 | 50 | 32,974 | 1,648,693 |
| $56-60$ | 86 | 89 | 175 | 22,256 | 3,894,722 |
| $61-65$ | 179 | 202 | 381 | 14,527 | 5,534,823 |
| $66-70$ | 17 | 16 | 33 | 7,123 | 235,048 |
| $71-75$ | 10 | 3 | 13 | 7,880 | 102,444 |
| $76-80$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 6,408 | 19,224 |
| $81-85$ | 1 | 0 | 1 | 4, 044 | 4, 044 |
| TOTAL | 335 | 325 | 660 | 17,506 | 11,554,200 |

-24-
G. S. Curran \& Company, Ltd.

TERMINATED MEMBERS DUE A DEFERRED RETIREMENT BENEFIT:

| Age | Number Male | Number <br> Female | Total <br> Number | Average <br> Benefit | Total Benefit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 31-35 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 7,981 | 23,943 |
| 36-40 | 3 | 1 | 4 | 12,662 | 50,648 |
| 41-45 | 9 | 7 | 16 | 8,415 | 134,640 |
| 46-50 | 21 | 26 | 47 | 10,107 | 475,020 |
| 51-55 | 34 | 35 | 69 | 10,798 | 745,059 |
| 56-60 | 40 | 62 | 102 | 10,653 | 1,086,606 |
| 61-65 | 8 | 11 | 19 | 8,546 | 162,365 |
| 66-70 | 2 | 7 | 9 | 7,812 | 70,306 |
| 71-75 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 7,023 | 28,092 |
| 76-80 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1,713 | 3,425 |
| 91-99 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3,792 | 3,792 |
| TOTAL | 122 | 154 | 276 | 10,087 | 2,783,896 |

TERMINATED MEMBERS DUE A REFUND OF CONTRIBUTIONS:

| Contributions Ranging |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| From |  | To | Number | Contributions |
| 0 | - | 99 | 961 | 35,127 |
| 100 | - | 499 | 1,067 | 271,492 |
| 500 | - | 999 | 489 | 350,241 |
| 1000 | - | 1999 | 492 | 712,793 |
| 2000 | - | 4999 | 560 | 1,797,837 |
| 5000 | - | 9999 | 267 | 1,880,565 |
| 10000 | - | 19999 | 99 | 1,274,737 |
| 20000 | - | 99999 | 5 | 113,607 |
|  |  | TAL | 3,940 | 6,436,399 |

-25-
G. S. Curran \& Company, Ltd.

REGULAR RETIREES:

| Age | Number <br> Male | Number <br> Female | Total <br> Number | Average <br> Benefit | Total <br> Benefit |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| $41-45$ | 1 | 0 |  | 1 | 11,640 |

DISABILITY RETIREES:

| Age | Number Male | Number <br> Female | Total Number | Average Benefit | Total <br> Benefit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 36-40 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 23,413 | 23,413 |
| 41-45 | 3 | 8 | 11 | 8,927 | 98,193 |
| 46-50 | 16 | 24 | 40 | 7,797 | 311,880 |
| 51-55 | 34 | 54 | 88 | 8,985 | 790,723 |
| 56-60 | 49 | 104 | 153 | 7,597 | 1,162,410 |
| 61-65 | 15 | 7 | 22 | 7,498 | 164,952 |
| 66-70 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 6,189 | 49,512 |
| 71-75 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 6,499 | 32,496 |
| $76-80$ | 2 | 0 | 2 | 6,648 | 13,296 |
| 81-85 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4,296 | 4,296 |
| $86-90$ | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4,068 | 4,068 |
| TOTAL | 125 | 207 | 332 | 7,998 | 2,655,239 |

SURVIVORS:

| Age | Number Male | Number <br> Female | Total Number | Average Benefit | Total <br> Benefit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0-25 | 9 | 24 | 33 | 12,585 | 415,314 |
| $26-30$ | 1 | 3 | 4 | 8,373 | 33,492 |
| 31-35 | 4 | 2 | 6 | 5,688 | 34,128 |
| $36-40$ | 1 | 8 | 9 | 7,300 | 65,700 |
| 41-45 | 8 | 14 | 22 | 8,899 | 195,768 |
| $46-50$ | 9 | 20 | 29 | 7,325 | 212,424 |
| 51-55 | 9 | 59 | 68 | 9,928 | 675,099 |
| $56-60$ | 21 | 87 | 108 | 9,948 | 1,074,336 |
| 61-65 | 34 | 137 | 171 | 9,291 | 1,588,728 |
| 66-70 | 42 | 186 | 228 | 9,649 | 2,199,984 |
| $71-75$ | 56 | 226 | 282 | 8,110 | 2,286,912 |
| 76-80 | 54 | 249 | 303 | 7,510 | 2,275,668 |
| 81-85 | 29 | 216 | 245 | 7,843 | 1,921,518 |
| $86-90$ | 12 | 138 | 150 | 8,468 | 1,270,224 |
| 91-99 | 5 | 68 | 73 | 8,155 | 595,308 |
| TOTAL | 294 | 1,437 | 1,731 | 8,576 | 14,844,603 |

ACTIVE MEMBERS:
Completed Years of Service


TERMINATED MEMBERS DUE A DEFERRED RETIREMENT BENEFIT:


SERVICE RETIREES:
Completed Years Since Retirement


DISABILITY RETIREES:
Completed Years Since Retirement


Completed Years Since Retirement

| Attained Ages | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30 \&Over | Average Benefit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $0-35$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| $36-40$ | 23,413 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 23,413 |
| 41-45 | 7,347 | 10,812 | 8,964 | 11,388 | 7,092 | 5,460 |  |  |  |  |  | 8,927 |
| $46-50$ | 9,425 | 7,266 | 10,359 | 6,464 | 9,581 | 7,966 | 6,005 | 3,384 | 5,652 |  |  | 7,797 |
| $51-55$ | 11,779 | 12,552 | 10,978 | 8,852 | 14,691 | 7,328 | 5,173 | 4,816 | 4,824 |  |  | 8,985 |
| $56-60$ | 9,427 | 8,437 | 8,792 | 8,277 | 8,391 | 6,715 | 4,909 | 5,148 | 5,142 | 7,932 |  | 7,597 |
| 61-65 | 9,177 | 7,152 | 7,730 | 7,950 | 7,896 | 7,038 | 7,500 | 4,914 |  | 5,436 |  | 7,498 |
| $66-70$ | 7,332 | 5,832 | 7,680 |  | 8,280 |  | 4,902 |  |  | 3,252 |  | 6,189 |
| $71-75$ |  | 6,540 | 6,264 | 8,580 |  |  |  |  | 5,268 | 5,844 |  | 6,499 |
| $76-80$ |  | 5,820 |  |  | 7,476 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,648 |
| $81-85$ |  |  | 4,296 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,296 |
| $86-90$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,068 | 4,068 |
| 91 \& Over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |
| Average | 9,997 | 9,605 | 9,173 | 8,188 | 9,440 | 7,047 | 5,257 | 4,774 | 5,206 | 6,079 | 4,068 | 7,998 |

SURVIVING BENEFICIARIES OF FORMER MEMBERS:
Completed Years Since Retirement


## EXHIBIT IX YEAR-TO-YEAR COMPARISON

|  |  | Fiscal 2015 |  | Fiscal 2014 |  | Fiscal 2013 |  | Fiscal 2012 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of Active Members |  | 12,061 |  | 12,054 |  | 12,184 |  | 12,416 |
| Number of Retirees \& Survivors |  | 13,024 |  | 12,711 |  | 13,369 |  | 12,930 |
| DROP Participants |  | 660 |  | 537 |  | 559 |  | 612 |
| Number of Terminated Due Deferred Benefits |  | 276 |  | 413 |  | 355 |  | 339 |
| Number Terminated Due Refunds |  | 3,940 |  | 3,793 |  | N/A |  | N/A |
| Active Lives Payroll (excludes DROP participants) | \$ | 276,949,800 | \$ | 274,347,650 | \$ | 290,013,756 | \$ | 277,191,001 |
| Retiree Benefits in Payment | \$ | 154,831,624 | \$ | 146,084,220 | \$ | 142,752,516 | \$ | 134,573,580 |
| Market Value of Assets (Includes Side Funds) | \$ | 1,851,456,181 | \$ | 1,857,367,056 |  | 1,641,164,883 | \$ | 1,497,109,136 |
| Ratio of Actuarial Value of Assets to |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Actuarial Accrued Liability |  | 70.71\% |  | 66.92\% |  | 62.10\% |  | 61.60\% |
| Actuarial Accrued Liability (EAN) | \$ | 2,485,583,188 | \$ | 2,438,251,413 | \$ | 2,404,014,249 | \$ | 2,278,472,127 |
| Actuarial Value of Assets (Net of Side Funds) | \$ | 1,757,432,206 | \$ | 1,631,618,702 | \$ | 1,492,914,745 | \$ | 1,403,463,883 |
| UAL (Funding Excess) | \$ | 728,150,982 | \$ | 806,632,711 | \$ | 911,099,504 | \$ | 875,008,244 |
| Employee Experience Account | \$ | 23,058,055 | \$ | 20,787,326 | \$ | 31,668,697 | \$ | 11,641,275 |
| Amortization Conversion Account | \$ | 19,079,106 | \$ | 19,640,033 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 0 |

Fiscal 2015
Fiscal 2014
Fiscal 2013

| Employee Contribution Rate For Employees Hired Before July 1, 2010 | 7.50\% | 7.50\% | 7.50\% | 7.50\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employee Contribution Rate For Employees Hired On Or After July 1, 2010 | 8.00\% | 8.00\% | 8.00\% | 8.00\% |
| Actuarially Required Employer Contribution as a Percentage of Projected Payroll | 28.7\% | 32.0\% | 32.6\% | 31.6\% |
| Actual Employer Contribution as a Percentage of Projected Payroll | 30.2\% | 33.0\% | 32.3\% | 30.8\% |

-32-
G. S. Curran \& Company, Ltd.


| Fiscal 2012 | Fiscal 2011 | Fiscal 2010 | Fiscal 2009 | Fiscal 2008 | Fiscal 2007 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7.50\% | 7.50\% | 7.50\% | 7.50\% | 7.50\% | 7.50\% |
| 8.00\% | 8.00\% | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 30.1\% | 28.0\% | 23.3\% | 18.6\% | 17.5\% | 18.0\% |
| 28.6\% | 24.3\% | 17.6\% | 17.8\% | 18.1\% | 19.6\% |

-33-
G. S. Curran \& Company, Ltd.

## SUMMARY OF PRINCIPAL PLAN PROVISIONS

The Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System (LSERS) was established as of July 1, 1947, for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits as described under R.S. 11:100111:1206. The following summary of plan provisions covers many of the most important plan provisions covering LSERS, but is not a description of every plan provision and should only be used for general informational purposes. This summary does not constitute a guarantee of benefits. The provisions contained within this section are as of June 30, 2015.

## MEMBERSHIP:

Any school bus driver, janitor, custodian, maintenance employee, bus aide, monitor or attendant or other regular school employee helping with the transportation of school children, and who is a legal employee of a parish or city school board of the State of Louisiana along with employees of the system.

## CONTRIBUTION RATES:

Employees whose first employment making them eligible for membership in one of Louisiana's state retirement systems occurred before July 1, 2010 contribute $7.50 \%$ of salary and employees whose first employment making them eligible for membership in one of Louisiana's state retirement systems occurred on or after July 1, 2010 contribute $8.00 \%$ of salary. Employers contribute an actuarially determined "normal contribution" rate plus "accrued liability contribution" rate. Members are not required to contribute to the system once they have enough service to have accrued $100 \%$ of their final average compensation, but the employer is required to continue to contribute the employer's contribution until the member retires or enters DROP.

## CONTRIBUTION REFUNDS:

Upon withdrawal from service, members not entitled to a retirement allowance may receive a refund of accumulated contributions. Refunds are payable ninety days after the effective date of withdrawal from service, if the member's employer has submitted all contributions.

## FINAL AVERAGE COMPENSATION:

For members whose first employment making them eligible for membership in the system began on or before June 30, 2006, the final average compensation is based on the 36 highest successive or joined months of employment. The compensation used to determine the final average compensation cannot increase more than $10 \%$ per year, unless the raise is due to an increase in compensation by legislative act or city/parish system-wide salary increase.

For members whose first employment making them eligible for membership in the system began or after July 1, 2006, whose first employment making them eligible for membership in one of Louisiana's state retirement systems occurred on or before June 30, 2010, the final average compensation is based on the 60 highest successive or joined months of employment. The compensation used to determine the final average compensation cannot increase more than $10 \%$ per year, unless the raise is due to an increase in compensation by legislative act or city/parish system-wide salary increase.

For members whose first employment making them eligible for membership in one of Louisiana's state retirement systems began on or after July 1, 2010, the final average compensation is based on the 60 highest successive or joined months of employment. The compensation used to determine the final

## G. S. Curran \& Company, Ltd.

average compensation cannot increase more than $15 \%$ per year, unless the raise is due to an increase in compensation by legislative act or city/parish system-wide salary increase.

## VESTED WITHDRAWAL BENEFITS:

Members whose first employment making them eligible for membership in one of Louisiana's state retirement systems occurred on or before June 30, 2010, who have ten or more years of creditable service, may elect to leave accumulated contributions on deposit and after withdrawal from service receive a retirement allowance based on the creditable service and accrual rate for their period of membership upon reaching age sixty.

Members whose first employment making them eligible for membership in one of Louisiana's state retirement systems occurred on or after July 1, 2010 and on or before June 30, 2015, who have five or more years of creditable service, may elect to leave accumulated contributions on deposit and after withdrawal from service receive a retirement allowance based on the creditable service and accrual rate for their period of membership upon reaching age sixty.

Members whose first employment making them eligible for membership in one of Louisiana's state retirement systems occurred on or after July 1, 2015, who have five or more years of creditable service, may elect to leave accumulated contributions on deposit and after withdrawal from service receive a retirement allowance based on the creditable service and accrual rate for their period of membership upon reaching age sixty-two.

## NORMAL RETIREMENT BENEFITS:

For members whose first employment making them eligible for membership in one of Louisiana's state retirement systems occurred on or before June 30, 2010, eligibility for normal retirement occurs upon the attainment of age 60 and 10 years of accredited service, or age 55 and 25 years of accredited service, or at any age and 30 years of accredited service. The retirement allowance is equal to three and one-third percent of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service.

For members whose first employment making them eligible for membership in one of Louisiana's state retirement systems occurred on or after July 1, 2010 and on or before June 30, 2015, eligibility for normal retirement occurs upon the attainment of age 60 and 5 years of accredited service. The retirement allowance is equal to two and one-half percent of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service.

For members whose first employment making them eligible for membership in one of Louisiana's state retirement systems occurred on or after July 1, 2015, eligibility for normal retirement occurs upon the attainment of age 62 and 5 years of accredited service. The retirement allowance is equal to two and one-half percent of the member's final average compensation multiplied by his years of creditable service.

In addition to the normal retirement benefits, members receive a supplementary allowance equal to twenty-four dollars per annum, or two dollars per month, for each year of accredited service.

The retirement benefits provided by the system cannot annually exceed one hundred percent of average compensation.

## G. S. Curran \& Company, Ltd.

## EARLY RETIREMENT:

Members are eligible to retire under the early retirement provisions if they have at least twenty (20) years of service credit regardless of attained age, exclusive of military service and unused annual and sick leave.

The early retirement benefit is calculated, inclusive of military service credit and allowable unused annual and sick leave, actuarially reduced from the earliest age that the member would normally become eligible for a regular retirement benefit if they had continued in service to that age.

## OPTIONAL ALLOWANCES:

Members may receive their benefits as a life annuity, or in lieu of such receive a reduced benefit according to the option selected which is the actuarial equivalent of the maximum benefit.

Option 1 - If the retiree dies before receiving in annuity payments the present value of their annuity as it was at the time of retirement the balance is paid to his beneficiary.

Option 2 - Upon retirement, the member receives a reduced benefit. Upon the retiree's death, the designated beneficiary will continue to receive the same reduced benefit.

Option 3 - Upon retirement, the member receives a reduced benefit. Upon the retiree's death, the designated beneficiary will receive one-half of the member's reduced benefit.

Option 4 - Upon retirement, the member elects to receive a reduced benefit and to provide a specified benefit to their designated beneficiary, which in total is actuarially equivalent to the maximum benefit. The form of benefit selected under Option 4 must be approved by the Board of Trustees.

NOTE: Under Option 4, the Board of Trustees has approved the "pop up" form of benefit which provides a benefit that reverts to the maximum benefit if the beneficiary predeceases the retiree. This feature requires additional reduction to the member's benefit. (The system refers to the available popup options as option 2 A , providing a beneficiary benefit equal to the member's reduced benefit and option 3A, providing a beneficiary benefit equal to one-half of the member's reduced benefit)

A member may also elect to receive an actuarially reduced benefit which provides for an automatic $2 \frac{1}{2} \%$ annual compound increase in monthly retirement benefits based on the reduced benefit and commencing on the later of age fifty-five or retirement anniversary; this COLA is in addition to any ad hoc COLAs which are payable.

Initial Benefit Retirement Plan (IBRP): This plan is available only to members who have not participated in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) and who meet regular retirement eligibility requirements. Under this plan, members may receive an initial benefit plus a reduced monthly retirement allowance which, when combined, equal the actuarially equivalent amount of the maximum or optional retirement allowance. The reduced monthly retirement allowance can be paid in the form of a maximum benefit or according to options 2,3 , or 4 as described above. The initial benefit may not exceed an amount equal to thirty-six payments of the member's maximum retirement allowance. The initial benefit is placed in an account called an "IBRP Account" where interest is credited annually and can be withdrawn as a lump-sum payment, monthly payments, or other periodic payments.

## G. S. Curran \& Company, Ltd.

## DISABILITY BENEFITS:

Any member who meets the minimum service requirement for disability and who has been officially certified as likely totally and permanently incapacitated, either mentally or physically, from the further performance of the duties being performed is entitled to disability benefits.

A member whose first employment making them eligible for membership in LSERS occurred on or before June 30, 2006, may apply for disability benefits if he is not eligible to receive a regular service retirement allowance and has five years of actual credited service. The disability retirement allowance is equal to two and one-half percent of final average compensation multiplied by the years of creditable service, but not less than thirty-three and one-third percent of final average compensation. Such members are not eligible to choose an optional allowance. Upon the death of such disability retiree who leaves a surviving spouse who had been married to the deceased for at least two years prior to death, the spouse receives a benefit equal to $75 \%$ of the benefit being received by the disability retiree at death. These benefits are payable for the life of the spouse unless the spouse remarries before age 55 . In such a case, the benefit ceases upon the remarriage.

A member whose first employment making them eligible for membership in LSERS occurred on or after July 1, 2006 and whose first employment making them eligible for membership in one of Louisiana's state retirement systems occurred on or before June 30, 2010 may apply for disability benefits if he is not eligible to receive a regular service retirement allowance and has ten years of actual credited service. The disability retirement allowance is equal to three percent of final average compensation multiplied by the years of creditable service. Upon the death of such disability retiree who leaves a surviving spouse who had been married to the deceased for at least two years prior to the death of the disability retiree, the spouse receives a benefit equal to $75 \%$ of the benefit being received by the disability retiree at their death. These benefits are payable for the life of the spouse unless the spouse remarries before age 55. In such a case, the benefit ceases upon the remarriage.

A member whose first employment making them eligible for membership in LSERS occurred on or after July 1, 2010 may apply for disability benefits if he is not eligible to receive a regular service retirement allowance and has ten years of actual credited service. The disability retirement allowance is equal to the regular retirement formula without reduction by reason of age. A selection of retirement option must be made at the time of retirement and upon the death of the disabled retiree, the option amount selected is paid to the option beneficiary.

## SURVIVOR BENEFITS:

For members whose first employment making them eligible for membership in one of Louisiana's state retirement systems occurred on or before June 30, 2010:

In the case of a death of an active member with 5 years of creditable service (at least 2 years earned immediately prior to death) or a member with 20 years of service at the time of death who has a surviving spouse with a minor child or children, the benefit payable is $75 \%$ of the deceased member's final average compensation or $\$ 300$ per month, whichever is greater. One-third of this benefit is designated to the spouse and two-thirds to the minor child or children. Child benefits cease at attainment of eighteen years, or upon marriage, except that benefits may continue until age twenty-three if the child remains a full-time student at a high school, vocational school, college, or university.

## G. S. Curran \& Company, Ltd.

In the case of a death of an active member with 5 years of creditable service (at least 2 years earned immediately prior to death) or a member with 20 years of service at the time of death who has no surviving spouse but has a minor child or children, the benefit payable is $75 \%$ of the deceased member's final average compensation or $\$ 300$ per month, whichever is greater. These benefits are paid to the person having legal custody of the child and benefits cease at attainment of eighteen years, or upon marriage, except that benefits may continue until age twenty-three if the child remains a full-time student at a high school, vocational school, college, or university.

In the case of a death of an active member with 10 years of creditable service (at least 2 years earned immediately prior to death) or a member with 20 years of service at the time of death who has a surviving spouse but has no minor child or children, the benefit payable is $50 \%$ of the deceased member's final average compensation or $\$ 200$ per month, whichever is greater. Such benefits will not be paid to any surviving spouse who has remarried since the death of the member prior to the age of 55 unless the member was eligible for regular retirement or had twenty years of service credit on the date of death.

Any surviving child of a deceased member, regardless of age, who has a total physical or mental disability and is dependent on the surviving spouse or other legal guardian, may continue to receive lifetime surviving child benefits equal to $75 \%$ of the deceased member's final average compensation or $\$ 300$ per month, whichever is greater. The total benefits are reduced to an amount which, when added to the other state assistance being received, does not exceed the maximum survivor benefits payable.

In the event of death of a member with no surviving spouse or child due benefits, the accumulated contributions are payable to the designated beneficiaries, or estate.

For members whose first employment making them eligible for membership in one of Louisiana's state retirement systems occurred on or after July 1, 2010:

In the case of a death of an active member with 5 years of creditable service (at least 2 years earned immediately prior to death) or a member with 20 years of service at the time of death who has a surviving spouse with a minor child or children, a spousal survivor is paid a benefit equal to $50 \%$ of the benefit to which the member would have been entitled if he had retired on the date of his death using the member's applicable accrual rate regardless of years of service or age, or $\$ 600$ per month, whichever is greater.

These benefits are payable for the life of the spouse unless the spouse remarries before age 55 . In such a case, the benefit ceases upon the remarriage, and resumes payment upon a subsequent divorce or death of a new spouse.

When all surviving children cease to be eligible for benefits, the surviving spouse is paid the benefits due to a surviving spouse without minor children or disabled children, as described below.

In addition to any benefits payable to a spouse or in cases where only surviving minor or disabled children are due benefits, each surviving eligible child, subject to a maximum of two children, is paid $50 \%$ percent of the benefit to which a spouse with children is entitled. These benefits are payable even if a member dies after retirement leaving an eligible minor or disabled child.

Any surviving child of a deceased member, regardless of age, who has a total physical or mental disability and is dependent on the surviving spouse or other legal guardian may continue to receive

## G. S. Curran \& Company, Ltd.

surviving child benefits. The total benefits paid are reduced to an amount which, when added to the other state assistance being received does not exceed the maximum survivor benefits payable.

In the case of a death of an active member with 10 years of creditable service (at least 2 years earned immediately prior to death) or a member with 20 years of service at the time of death who has a surviving spouse to whom they were married for at least one year prior to their death who has no minor child or children, a spousal survivor benefit equal to the accrued benefit that would have been due under option 2, or $\$ 600$ per month, whichever is greater, is payable. Unless the member was eligible to retire at the time of death, such spousal benefits cease upon remarriage and resume upon a subsequent divorce or death of the new spouse.

In the event of death of a member with no surviving spouse or child due benefits, the accumulated contributions are payable to the designated beneficiaries, or estate.

## DEFERRED RETIREMENT OPTION PLAN (DROP):

In lieu of terminating employment and accepting a service retirement allowance, any member of the system who is eligible to receive a regular retirement allowance may elect within sixty calendar days after the member reaches eligibility to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Plan for up to thirty-six months and defer the receipt of benefits. Members who elect to participate in DROP within sixty days after first becoming eligible, can participate for a period up to thirty-six months. Members who elect to participate in DROP after more than sixty days after first becoming eligible must end their period of participation not more than three years and sixty calendar days from the date the member first becomes eligible for DROP. Upon commencement of participation in the plan, membership in the system terminates and neither the employee nor employer contributions are payable. Compensation and creditable service remain as they existed on the effective date of commencement of participation in the plan and creditable service excludes conversion of sick and annual leave. The monthly retirement benefits that would have been payable, had the member elected to cease employment and receive a service retirement allowance, are paid into the deferred retirement option plan account. Upon termination of employment at the end of the specified period of participation, a participant in the program may receive, at his option, a lump sum payment from the DROP account equal to the payments to the account or systematic disbursements based on the individual's subaccount in any manner approved by the Board. The monthly benefits that were being paid into the fund during the period of participation will begin to be paid to the retiree based on the option selected at DROP entry. If employment is not terminated at the end of the DROP period, payments into the account cease and employee and employer contributions resume. Monthly retirement benefits payable after termination of participation in the plan and employment include a "base benefit" equal to the participant's monthly credit to the account plus conversion of sick and annual leave, if any, based on the final average compensation rate used to calculate the monthly credit and an additional benefit if employment continues. The additional benefit is based on service credit for the period after plan participation. If the participant dies while still employed, the credits and benefits, if any, due beneficiaries are payable as if the member retired immediately prior to death.

NOTE: For anyone eligible to enter DROP prior to January 1, 2004, the DROP Account Balance earns interest at a rate of one-half of one percentage point below the percentage rate of return of the System's investment portfolio as certified by the actuary on an annual basis. For all others, DROP accounts are placed in liquid asset money market investments approved by the Board of Trustees.

## G. S. Curran \& Company, Ltd.

## COST OF LIVING ADJUSTMENTS:

Act 333 of 2007 established an Experience Account to be used to pay cost of living adjustments (COLAs), or permanent benefit increases (PBIs). The Experience Account is credited with $50 \%$ of the investment experience gain in excess of $\$ 15$ million (indexed based on increases in the actuarial value of assets after June 30, 2015) along with that portion of the net investment income, if any, attributable to the prior year balance, subject to maximum accumulation limitation based upon the Plan's funded percentage. The account is also debited with that portion of the system's net investment loss, if any, attributable to the prior year balance. In no event may the amount in the experience account fall below zero. Once the balance of the Experience Account accumulates a sum sufficient to grant retirees a COLA, the Board may recommend the granting of a COLA on benefits up to $\$ 60,000$ (indexed), not to exceed the lesser of the CPI-U or a percentage determined based on the funded level percentage attained by the system as described in R. S. 11:1145.1(C)(2), provided a COLA had not been granted in the prior year. Benefits are restricted to disability retires and those retirees and beneficiaries who have attained the age of 60 and have been retired for at least one year. Maximum limitations are outlined in ACT 399 of 2014.

## ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

In determining actuarial costs, certain assumptions must be made regarding future experience under the plan. These assumptions include the rate of investment return, mortality of plan members, rates of salary increase, rates of retirement, rates of termination, rates of disability, and various other factors that have an impact on the cost of the plan. To the extent that future experience varies from the assumptions selected for valuation, future costs will be either higher or lower than anticipated. The following chart illustrates the effect of emerging experience on the plan.

Factor
Investment Earnings Rate
Annual Rate of Salary Increase
Rates of Retirement
Rates of Termination
Rates of Disability
Rates of Mortality
ACTUARIAL COST METHOD:

VALUATION INTEREST RATE:

ACTUARIAL ASSET VALUES:

ACTIVE MEMBER MORTALITY:

ANNUITANT AND BENEFICIARY MORTALITY:

Increase in Factor Results in
Decrease in Cost
Increase in Cost
Increase in Cost
Decrease in Cost
Increase in Cost
Decrease in Cost
Individual Entry Age Normal With Allocation of Cost Based on Earnings. Entry and Attained Ages Calculated on an Age Near Birthday Basis.
7.00\% (Net of investment and administrative expenses)

All assets are valued at market value adjusted to defer four-fifths of all earnings above or below the valuation interest rate in the valuation year, threefifths of all earnings above or below the valuation interest rate in the prior year, two-fifths of all earnings above or below the valuation interest rate from two years prior, and one-fifth of all earnings above or below the valuation interest rate from three years prior. The resulting smoothed values are subject to a corridor of $85 \%$ to $115 \%$ of the market value of assets. If the smoothed value falls outside the corridor, the actuarial value is set equal to the average of the corridor limit and the smoothed value.

RP 2000 Combined Healthy Sex Distinct Tables

RP 2000 Combined Healthy Sex Distinct Tables

ANNUAL SALARY INCREASE RATE:

RETIREMENT RATES: The table of these rates through age 75 is included later in the report. These rates apply only to those individuals eligible to retire.

ACCUMULATED LEAVE POLICIES:

RETIREMENT LIMITATIONS: Projected retirement benefits are not subject to IRS Section 415 limits.

DROP ENTRY RATES: The table of these rates is included later in the report. These rates apply only to those individuals eligible to enter the DROP plan and are applied only in the year of earliest DROP eligibility.

DROP PARTICIPATION PERIOD: All DROP participants are assumed to participate for 3 years and retire at the end of this participation period.

RETIREMENT RATES FOR ACTIVE FORMER DROP PARTICIPANTS:

DISABILITY RATES: The table of these rates through age 75 is included later in this report.

WITHDRAWAL RATES: The table of these rates through age 75 is included later in the report.

MARRIAGE STATISTICS: $80 \%$ of the members are assumed to be married; husbands are assumed to be three years older than wives.

FAMILY STATISTICS: Assumptions utilized in determining the costs of various survivor benefits are listed below.

| Member's | \% With | Number of | Average |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age | Children | Children | Age |
| 25 | 62\% | 1.66 | 6 |
| 30 | 74\% | 1.94 | 8 |
| 35 | 82\% | 2.06 | 10 |
| 40 | 81\% | 1.98 | 12 |
| 45 | 66\% | 1.75 | 13 |
| 50 | 40\% | 1.48 | 14 |
| 55 | 19\% | 1.35 | 15 |
| 60 | 6\% | 1.35 | 15 |
| 65 | 2\% | 1.35 | 15 |

DISABLED LIVES MORTALITY: RP-2000 Disabled Lives Mortality Tables for Males and Females

VESTING ELECTING PERCENTAGE: For members terminating with less than twenty years of service, it is assumed that $80 \%$ will withdraw their accumulated employee contributions. For members terminating with twenty or more years of service, it is assumed that only $30 \%$ will withdraw their accumulated employee contributions. The remaining are assumed to receive a deferred vested retirement benefit.

|  |  | ACT | ARIA | TABL | AND | ATES |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age | Male Mortality Rates | Female Mortality Rates | Retirement Rates for those hired prior to 7/1/2010 | Retirement Rates for those hired after 6/30/2010 | DROP <br> Rates for those hired prior to 7/1/2010 | DROP <br> Rates for those hired after 6/30/2010 | Disability Rates | Termination Rates |
| 18 | 0.000316 | 0.000188 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.15000 |
| 19 | 0.000331 | 0.000190 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.15000 |
| 20 | 0.000345 | 0.000191 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.15000 |
| 21 | 0.000357 | 0.000192 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.15000 |
| 22 | 0.000366 | 0.000194 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.15000 |
| 23 | 0.000373 | 0.000197 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.13000 |
| 24 | 0.000376 | 0.000201 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.13000 |
| 25 | 0.000376 | 0.000207 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.13000 |
| 26 | 0.000378 | 0.000214 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.10000 |
| 27 | 0.000382 | 0.000223 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.10000 |
| 28 | 0.000393 | 0.000235 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.10000 |
| 29 | 0.000412 | 0.000248 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.10000 |
| 30 | 0.000444 | 0.000264 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.10000 |
| 31 | 0.000499 | 0.000307 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.10000 |
| 32 | 0.000562 | 0.000350 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.10000 |
| 33 | 0.000631 | 0.000394 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.08000 |
| 34 | 0.000702 | 0.000435 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.08000 |
| 35 | 0.000773 | 0.000475 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00100 | 0.07000 |
| 36 | 0.000841 | 0.000514 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00100 | 0.07000 |
| 37 | 0.000904 | 0.000554 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00100 | 0.07000 |
| 38 | 0.000964 | 0.000598 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00100 | 0.06500 |
| 39 | 0.001021 | 0.000648 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00100 | 0.06500 |
| 40 | 0.001079 | 0.000706 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00200 | 0.06500 |
| 41 | 0.001142 | 0.000774 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00200 | 0.05500 |
| 42 | 0.001215 | 0.000852 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00200 | 0.05500 |
| 43 | 0.001299 | 0.000937 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00300 | 0.05500 |
| 44 | 0.001397 | 0.001029 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00300 | 0.05500 |
| 45 | 0.001508 | 0.001124 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00300 | 0.04500 |
| 46 | 0.001616 | 0.001223 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00300 | 0.04500 |
| 47 | 0.001734 | 0.001326 | 0.80000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00400 | 0.04500 |
| 48 | 0.001860 | 0.001434 | 0.70000 | 0.00000 | 0.35000 | 0.00000 | 0.00400 | 0.04500 |
| 49 | 0.001995 | 0.001550 | 0.55000 | 0.00000 | 0.35000 | 0.00000 | 0.00500 | 0.04000 |
| 50 | 0.002138 | 0.001676 | 0.55000 | 0.00000 | 0.35000 | 0.00000 | 0.00500 | 0.04000 |
| 51 | 0.002449 | 0.001852 | 0.55000 | 0.00000 | 0.30000 | 0.00000 | 0.00600 | 0.04000 |
| 52 | 0.002667 | 0.002018 | 0.55000 | 0.00000 | 0.30000 | 0.00000 | 0.00600 | 0.04000 |
| 53 | 0.002916 | 0.002207 | 0.55000 | 0.00000 | 0.20000 | 0.00000 | 0.00600 | 0.04000 |
| 54 | 0.003196 | 0.002424 | 0.37000 | 0.00000 | 0.20000 | 0.00000 | 0.00600 | 0.04000 |
| 55 | 0.003624 | 0.002717 | 0.37000 | 0.00000 | 0.50000 | 0.00000 | 0.00700 | 0.04000 |
| 56 | 0.004200 | 0.003090 | 0.37000 | 0.00000 | 0.15000 | 0.00000 | 0.00700 | 0.04000 |
| 57 | 0.004693 | 0.003478 | 0.37000 | 0.00000 | 0.15000 | 0.00000 | 0.00600 | 0.04000 |
| 58 | 0.005273 | 0.003923 | 0.45000 | 0.00000 | 0.15000 | 0.00000 | 0.00600 | 0.04000 |
| 59 | 0.005945 | 0.004441 | 0.30000 | 0.00000 | 0.15000 | 0.00000 | 0.00300 | 0.04000 |
| 60 | 0.006747 | 0.005055 | 0.30000 | 0.48000 | 0.45000 | 0.45000 | 0.00300 | 0.04000 |
| 61 | 0.007676 | 0.005814 | 0.25000 | 0.25000 | 0.10000 | 0.10000 | 0.00300 | 0.04000 |
| 62 | 0.008757 | 0.006657 | 0.25000 | 0.25000 | 0.05000 | 0.05000 | 0.00300 | 0.04000 |
| 63 | 0.010012 | 0.007648 | 0.25000 | 0.25000 | 0.05000 | 0.05000 | 0.00300 | 0.04000 |
| 64 | 0.011280 | 0.008619 | 0.25000 | 0.25000 | 0.05000 | 0.05000 | 0.00300 | 0.04000 |
| 65 | 0.012737 | 0.009706 | 0.25000 | 0.25000 | 0.05000 | 0.05000 | 0.00300 | 0.04000 |
| 66 | 0.014409 | 0.010954 | 0.25000 | 0.25000 | 0.05000 | 0.05000 | 0.00300 | 0.04000 |
| 67 | 0.016075 | 0.012163 | 0.25000 | 0.25000 | 0.05000 | 0.05000 | 0.00300 | 0.04000 |
| 68 | 0.017871 | 0.013445 | 0.25000 | 0.25000 | 0.05000 | 0.05000 | 0.00300 | 0.04000 |
| 69 | 0.019802 | 0.014860 | 0.25000 | 0.25000 | 0.05000 | 0.05000 | 0.00300 | 0.04000 |
| 70 | 0.022206 | 0.016742 | 0.25000 | 0.25000 | 0.05000 | 0.05000 | 0.00300 | 0.04000 |
| 71 | 0.024570 | 0.018579 | 0.25000 | 0.25000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00300 | 0.04000 |
| 72 | 0.027281 | 0.020665 | 0.25000 | 0.25000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00300 | 0.04000 |
| 73 | 0.030387 | 0.022970 | 0.25000 | 0.25000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00300 | 0.04000 |
| 74 | 0.033900 | 0.025458 | 0.99000 | 0.99000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00300 | 0.04000 |
| 75 | 0.037834 | 0.028106 | 0.99000 | 0.99000 | 0.00000 | 0.00000 | 0.00300 | 0.04000 |

## GLOSSARY

Accrued Benefit - The pension benefit that an individual has earned as of a specific date based on the provisions of the plan and the individual's age, service, and salary as of that date.

Actuarial Accrued Liability - The actuarial present value of benefits payable to members of the fund less the present value of future normal costs attributable to the members.

Actuarial Assumptions - Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs. These assumptions include rates of mortality, withdrawal, disablement, and retirement. Also included are rates of investment earnings, changes in compensation, as well as statistics related to marriage and family composition.

Actuarial Cost Method - A procedure for determining the portion of the cost of a pension plan to be allocated to each year. Each cost method allocates a certain portion of the actuarial present value of benefits between the actuarial accrued liability and future normal costs. Once this allocation is made, a determination of the normal cost attributable to a specific year can be made along with the payment to amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liability. To the extent that a particular funding method allocates a greater (lesser) portion of the actual present value of benefits to the actuarial accrued liability it will allocate less (more) to future normal costs.

Actuarial Equivalence - Payments or receipts with equal actuarial value on a given date when valued using the same set of actuarial assumptions.

Actuarial Gain (Loss) - The financial effect on the fund of the difference between the expected and actual experience of the fund. The experience may be related to investment earnings above (or below) those expected or changes in the liability structure due to fewer (or greater) than the expected numbers of retirements, deaths, disabilities, or withdrawals. In addition, other factors such as pay increases above (or below) those forecast can result in actuarial gains or losses. The effect of such gains (or losses) is to decrease (or increase) future costs.

Actuarial Present Value - The value, as of a specified date, of an amount or series of amounts payable or receivable thereafter, with each amount adjusted to reflect the time value of money (through accrual of interest) and the probability of payments. For example: if $\$ 600$ invested today will be worth $\$ 1,000$ in 10 years and there is a $50 \%$ probability that a person will live 10 years, then the actuarial present value of $\$ 1,000$ payable to that person if he should survive 10 years is $\$ 300$.

Actuarial Value of Assets - The value of cash, investments, and other property belonging to the pension plan as used by the actuary for the purpose of the actuarial valuation. This may correspond to the book value, market value, or some modification involving either or both book and market value. Adjustments to market values are often made to reduce the volatility of asset values.

Asset Gain (Loss) - That portion of the actuarial gain attributable to investment performance above (below) the expected rate of return in the actuarial assumptions.

Amortization Payment - That portion of the pension plan contribution designated to pay interest and reduce the outstanding principal balance of unfunded actuarial accrued liability. If the amortization payment is less than the accrued interest on the unfunded actuarial accrued liability the outstanding principal balance will increase.

## G. S. Curran \& Company, Ltd.

Contribution Shortfall (Excess) - The difference between contributions recommended in the prior valuation and the actual amount received.

Decrements - Events which result in the termination of membership in the system such as retirement, disability, withdrawal, or death.

Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) Account - The account into which DROP accruals are paid and from which DROP lump sum balances are disbursed.

Employer Normal Cost - That portion of the normal cost not attributable to employee contributions. It includes both direct contributions made by the employer and contributions from other non-employee sources such as revenue sharing and revenues related to taxes.

Funded Ratio - A measure of the ratio of assets to liabilities of the system according to a specific definition of those two values. Typically the assets used in the measure are the actuarial value of assets; the liabilities are defined by reference to some recognized actuarial funding method. Thus the funded ratio of a plan depends not only on the financial strength of the plan but also on the funding method used to determine the liabilities and the asset valuation method used to determine the assets in the ratio.

Initial Benefit Retirement Plan (IBRP) Account - The account into which the initial benefit is deposited. Interest is credited thereto and monthly payments made from this account.

Normal Cost - That portion of the actuarial present value of pension plan benefits and expenses allocated to a valuation year by the actuarial cost method. This is analogous to one year's insurance premium.

Pension Benefit Obligation - The actuarial present value of benefits earned or credited to date based on the members expected final average compensation at retirement. For current retirees or terminated members this is equivalent to the actuarial present value of their accrued benefit.

Projected Benefits - The benefits expected to be paid in the future based on the provisions of the plan and the actuarial assumptions. The projected values are based on anticipated future advancement in age and accrual of service as well as increases in salary paid to the participant.

Side Funds - Legislatively created funds (such as the Employee Experience Account and Amortization Conversion Account) which are excluded from the actuarial value of assets in the determination of the unfunded accrued liability and the actuarially required net direct employer contribution.

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability - The excess of the actuarial accrued liability over the actuarial value of assets.

Vested Benefits - Benefits that the members are entitled to even if they withdraw from service.

## NOTES


[^0]:    * Benefits in Payment as of June 30, 2014 do not reflect permanent benefit increase effective July 1, 2014
    $\dagger \quad$ Estimated value

[^1]:    $\dagger$ Excess (shortfall) of actual investment income versus expected investment income is calculated based on assets and income adjusted to exclude the money market DROP accounts.

