

Kansas Public Employees Retirement System Actuarial Valuation Report

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July 9, 2008

Board of Trustees Kansas Public Employees Retirement System 611 S. Kansas Ave., Suite 100 Topeka, KS 66603

Dear Members of Board:

At your request, we have completed an actuarial valuation of the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System as of December 31, 2007 for determining contributions for fiscal year 2011 for the State and 2010 for Local employers. The major findings of the valuation are contained in this report. There was no change in the actuarial methods from the prior valuation. The report reflects the new assumptions adopted by the Board in November, 2007, as a result of the Triennial Experience Study. The report also reflects the \$300 one-time payment granted to certain retirees and their joint annuitants by the 2008 Legislature. There were no other changes in the benefit provisions.

In preparing our report, we relied, without audit, on information (some oral and some written) supplied by the System's staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, statutory provisions, member data and financial information. In our examination of these data, we have found them to be reasonably consistent and comparable with data used for other purposes. Since the valuation results are dependent on the integrity of the data supplied, the results can be expected to differ if the underlying data is incomplete or missing. It should be noted that if any data or other information is inaccurate or incomplete, our calculations may need to be revised.

On the basis of the foregoing, we hereby certify that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this report is complete and accurate and has been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices which are consistent with the Actuarial Standards of Practice promulgated by the Actuarial Standards Board (ASB) and the applicable Guides to Professional Conduct, amplifying Opinions, and supporting recommendations of the American Academy of Actuaries.

We hereby further certify that all costs, liabilities, rates of interest and other factors for the System have been determined on the basis of actuarial assumptions and methods which are internally consistent, individually reasonable (taking into account the experience of the System and reasonable expectations); and which, in combination, offer our best estimate of anticipated experience affecting the System. Nevertheless, the emerging costs will vary from those presented in this report to the extent actual experience differs from that projected by the actuarial assumptions. The Board of Trustees has the final decision regarding the appropriateness of the assumptions and adopted them as indicated in Appendix C.



Actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of determining the recommended funding amounts for the System. Actuarial computations under GASB Statements No. 25 and 27 are for purposes of fulfilling financial accounting requirements. The computations prepared for these two purposes may differ as disclosed in our report. The calculations in the enclosed report have been made on a basis consistent with our understanding of the System's funding requirements and goals, and of GASB Statements No. 25 and 27. Determinations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may be significantly different from the results contained in this report. Accordingly, additional determinations may be needed for other purposes.

Milliman's work product was prepared exclusively for KPERS for a specific and limited purpose. It is a complex, technical analysis that assumes a high level of knowledge concerning KPERS' operations, and uses KPERS' data, which Milliman has not audited. It is not for the use or benefit of any third party for any purpose. Any third recipient of Milliman's work product who desires professional guidance should not rely upon Milliman's work product, but should engage qualified professionals for advice appropriate to its own specific needs.

We would like to express our appreciation to Glenn Deck, Executive Director of the System, and to members of his staff, who gave substantial assistance in supplying the data on which this report is based.

I, Patrice A. Beckham F.S.A., am a member of the American Academy of Actuaries and a Fellow of the Society of Actuaries, and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

I, Brent A. Banister F.S.A., am a member of the American Academy of Actuaries and a Fellow of the Society of Actuaries, and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion contained herein.

We respectfully submit the following report and look forward to discussing it with you.

MILLIMAN, Inc.

Sincerely,

strice Beckham

Patrice A. Beckham, F.S.A. Consulting Actuary

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Brent A. Banister, F.S.A. Actuary

SECTION I **BOARD SUMMARY**

OVERVIEW

The Kansas Public Employees Retirement System is an umbrella organization which administers the following three statewide pension groups: the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), the Kansas Police and Firemen's Retirement System (KP&F) and the Kansas Retirement System for Judges (Judges). This report presents the results of the December 31, 2007 actuarial valuations for each of the Systems.

The primary purposes of performing actuarial valuations are to:

- determine the employer contribution rates required to fund each System on an actuarial • basis.
- determine the statutory employer contribution rates for each System, •
- disclose asset and liability measures as of the valuation date,
- determine the experience of the System since the last valuation date, and •
- analyze and report on trends in System contributions, assets, and liabilities over the past several years.

The 2008 Legislature passed legislation (House Bill 2390) which provides a \$300 one-time benefit payment to all retirees who retired on or before July 1, 1998, and have ten or more years of service credit and their joint survivors. The \$300 payment is contingent on the State's receipt of adequate expanded gaming revenues. For purposes of this valuation, we have assumed that expanded gaming revenues will exist and they will be sufficient to permit the \$300 one-time payment to be made, i.e. both the liability and assets reflect the payment.

There was no change in the actuarial methods used in the valuation. However, there was a change in the set of actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2007 actuarial valuation. The Board of Trustees adopted the new set of assumptions in November, 2007, following the completion of the Triennial Experience Study. The changes recommended by Milliman, Inc. and adopted by the Board of Trustees were:

KPERS

- Adjust the mortality rates to better fit observed patterns. .
- Adjust some retirement rates. •
- Change the termination of employment to be based solely on length of employment. •
- Changes to the salary growth assumption (primarily for the School group). •
- Minor adjustments to disability rates.
- Changes in the probability of electing a refund of contributions. •

KP&F

- Adjust the mortality rates. •
- Adjust some retirement rates.

Judges

- Adjust the mortality rates.
- Change the salary increase assumption from 5.5% to 4.5%.

In KPERS, State, School and Local employers do not necessarily contribute the full actuarial contribution rate. Based on legislation passed in 1993, the employer contribution rates certified by the Board may not increase by more than the statutory cap.



The statutory cap, which has been changed periodically, is currently 0.60% for the State, School and Local groups.

The valuation results provide a "snapshot" view of the System's financial condition on December 31, 2007. The unfunded actuarial liability for the System as a whole increased by \$189 million due to various factors. A detailed analysis of the change in the unfunded actuarial liability from December 31, 2006 to December 31, 2007 is shown on page 6.

A summary of actuarial and statutory employer contribution rates for the Retirement System (excluding the statutory contribution for the Death and Disability Program) for the last two valuation dates follows:

	December 31, 2007 Valuation		
System	Actuarial	Statutory	Difference
State School ¹ Local ¹ Police & Fire - Uniform Rates ² Judges	7.39% 12.48% 8.52% 12.86% 19.49%	7.39% ³ 8.17% 6.14% 12.86% 19.49%	0.00% 4.31% 2.38% 0.00% 0.00%

	December 31, 2006 Valuation		
System	Actuarial	Statutory	Difference
State School Local Police & Fire - Uniform Rates Judges	7.34% 12.07% 8.12% 13.49% 20.50%	7.34% ³ 7.57% 5.53% ⁴ 13.49% ⁵ 20.50%	0.00% 4.50% 2.59% 0.00% 0.00%

¹ By statute, rates are allowed to increase by a maximum of 0.60% plus the cost of any benefit enhancements.

² For KP&F, the statutory contribution rate is equal to the "Uniform" rate. The rate shown is for local employers. The rate for State employers is 12.72% this year, which includes a payment of 0.50% for the debt service payment on the bonds issued for the 13th check. The uniform rate does not include the payment required to amortize the unfunded past service liability or any 15% excess benefit liability determined separately for each employer. (See Table 13.)

³ The difference between the statutory rate and the actuarial contribution rate times actual State payroll is deposited to the School assets.

- ⁴ This rate was recertified to 5.54% to reflect the cost of the one-time payment for retirees of Local employers in 2008.
- ⁵ This rate was recertified to 13.51% to reflect the cost of the one-time payment for retirees of Local employers in 2008.

The long term funding outlook for KPERS has improved due to legislation, Board action and strong investment performance in the last few years. The statutory contribution rate is projected to converge with the actuarial required contribution (ARC) rate before the end of the amortization period (2033). Therefore the System is in actuarial balance over the long term <u>if all actuarial assumptions are met</u>. However, the shortfall between the actuarial and statutory contribution rate is expected to increase until the ARC Date (defined as the date at which the actuarial and statutory contribution rates are equal) is reached.

The market value of assets is about 5% higher than the actuarial value. This is due to the use of an asset smoothing method and the delayed reflection of market experience in the actuarial value of assets. These deferred gains will be reflected over the next four years. However, the net impact on the actuarial value of assets will depend on actual experience in future years.



EXPERIENCE - ALL SYSTEMS COMBINED

December 31, 2006 – December 31, 2007

In many respects, an actuarial valuation can be thought of as an inventory process. The inventory is taken as of the actuarial valuation date, which for this valuation is December 31, 2007. On that date, the assets available for the payment of benefits are appraised. The assets are compared with the liabilities of the System, which are generally in excess of assets. The actuarial process leads to a method of determining the contributions needed by members and employers in the future to balance the System assets and liabilities.

Changes in the Systems' assets and liabilities impacted the change in the actuarial contribution rates between the December 31, 2006 and December 31, 2007 actuarial valuations. On the following pages each component is examined and quantified.

MEMBERSHIP

	State	School	Local	KP&F	Judges	Total
12/31/2006 (Starting count)	23,840	84,707	35,680	6,965	257	151,449
New actives	2,316	11,013	4,077	527	11	17,944
Nonvested Terminations	688	4,899	1,563	167	0	7,317
Elected Refund	409	1,212	960	95	0	2,676
Vested Terminations	<u>395</u>	<u>917</u>	<u>539</u>	<u>47</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>1,900</u>
Total Withdrawals	1,492	7,028	3,062	309	2	11,893
Deaths	22	65	35	6	0	128
Disabilities	88	99	74	15	0	276
Early Retirements	57	214	77	3	0	351
Unreduced Retirements	<u>489</u>	<u>1,651</u>	<u>519</u>	<u>91</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>2,760</u>
Total Retirements	546	1,865	596	94	10	3,111
Other/Transfer	16	(195)	(76)	69	5	(181)
12/31/2007 (Ending count)	24,024	86,468	35,914	7,137	261	153,804

Below is a summary of the changes in active members (for KPERS) between the December 31, 2006 and December 31, 2007 actuarial valuations.

ASSETS

As of December 31, 2007, the System had total funds when measured on a market value basis, of \$14.2 billion, including the receivable of \$7 million from the State for the one-time cost-ofliving payment and excluding assets held for the Group Insurance and Optional Life reserves. This was an increase of \$0.8 billion from the December 31, 2006 figure of \$13.4 billion. The components of the change in the market value of assets for the Retirement System (in millions) are set forth below.



	Market Value \$(millions)
Assets, December 31, 2006	\$13,369
Employer and Member Contributions	623
Benefit Payments and Expenses	(974)
Investment Income	1,143
Assets, December 31, 2007	\$14,161
Receivables	7
Adjusted Assets, December 31, 2007	\$14,168

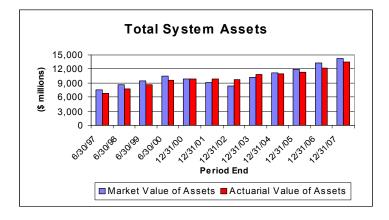
The market value of assets is not used directly in the calculation of contribution rates. An asset valuation method is used to smooth the effect of market fluctuations. The smoothing method calculates the difference between the actual return and the expected return (assumed rate of return) on the market value of assets each year. The difference is recognized equally over a five-year period. See Tables 3A through 3F and 4 for the detailed development of the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2007 for each group.

	Actuarial Value \$(millions)
Actuarial Value of Assets 12/31/06	\$12,189
Employer and Member Contributions	623
Receivable	7
 Benefit Payments and Expenses 	(974)
Investment Income	1,588
Actuarial Value of Assets 12/31/07	\$13,433

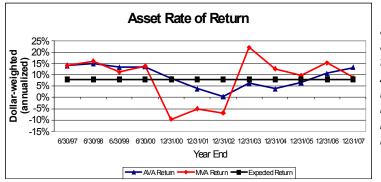
The actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2007, was \$13.433 billion. The annualized dollar-weighted rate of return for 2007 measured on the actuarial value of assets was approximately 13.2% and measured on the market value of assets, as reported by KPERS, was 8.7%, net of investment and administrative expenses.

Due to the use of an asset smoothing method, there is \$735 million of net deferred investment gain experience that has not yet been recognized. This deferred investment gain will gradually be reflected in the actuarial value of assets over the next four years, but may be offset by actual investment experience if less favorable than assumed.





The actuarial value of assets has been both above and below the market value during the period, which is to be expected when using an asset smoothing method.



The rate of return on the actuarial (smoothed) value of assets has been less volatile than the market value return. Absent losses in future years, rates of return are expected to be above 8% as the deferred investment gains are reflected in the actuarial value of assets.

LIABILITIES

The actuarial liability is that portion of the present value of future benefits that will not be paid by future employer normal costs or member contributions. The difference between this liability and asset values at the same date is referred to as the unfunded actuarial liability (UAL). The unfunded actuarial liability will be reduced if the employer's contributions exceed the employer's normal cost for the year, after allowing for interest earned on the previous balance of the unfunded actuarial liability. Benefit improvements, experience gains and losses, and changes in actuarial assumptions and methods will also impact the total actuarial liability (AL) and the unfunded portion thereof.

The liabilities in this report reflect the increase due to the one-time payment of \$300 to retirees and their joint survivors who retired on or before July 1, 1998, with ten or more years of service, that is expected to be paid in the fall of 2008.

The \$300 one-time payment to retirees increased the actuarial liability in total by approximately \$9 million. The lump-sum payment from the State of \$7 million results in an increase of \$2 million in the unfunded actuarial liability.

The unfunded actuarial liability (\$ million) by group is summarized below:

	<u>State</u>	<u>School</u>	Local	<u>KP&F</u>	<u>Judges</u>
Actuarial Liability	\$3,422	\$10,316	\$3,147	\$1,968	\$ 132
Actuarial Value of Assets	2,971	6,454	2,206	1,684	117
Unfunded Actuarial Liability	\$ 451	\$ 3,862	\$ 941	\$ 284	\$ 15



See Table 6 for the detailed development of the Actuarial Liability by System. The calculation of the Unfunded Actuarial Liability by System is shown in Table 8.

When the actuarial cost method was changed by the Legislature in 1993, the payment methodology for the unfunded actuarial liability (UAL) for all groups except the Judges System was set in statute as a level percentage of payroll over a 40 year closed period. Payments on the UAL increase four percent each year, the same as the payroll growth assumption. For over half of the amortization period, the payment is less than the interest accruing on the UAL. As a result, the dollar amount of UAL is expected to increase for many years before it begins to decline. In addition, with the planned difference in KPERS' statutory and actuarial contribution rates prior to the ARC Date, the unfunded actuarial liability is expected to increase by an additional amount each year.

Other factors influencing the UAL from year to year include actual experience versus that expected based on the actuarial assumptions (on both assets and liabilities), changes in actuarial assumptions, procedures or methods and changes in benefit provisions. The actual experience measured in this valuation is that which occurred during the prior plan year (calendar year 2007). The State, School and Local groups all had a net liability loss for the year, largely from salary experience. KP&F and Judges also had liability gains for the 2007 year. There was an experience gain from investment return on the actuarial value of assets for all groups.

Between December 31, 2006 and December 31, 2007 the change in the unfunded actuarial liabilities for the System as a whole was as follows (in millions):

	<u>\$millions</u>
Unfunded Actuarial Liability, December 31, 2006	\$ 5,364
effect of contribution cap/time lag	251
expected increase due to amortization method	78
gain from investment return	(626)
demographic experience ¹	144
all other experience	(45)
change in actuarial assumptions	384
change in benefit provisions	2
Unfunded Actuarial Liability, December 31, 2007	5,552

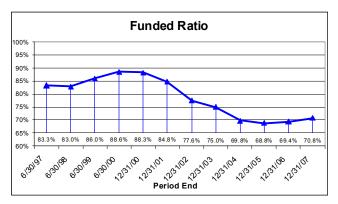
¹Liability loss is about 0.8% of total actuarial liability.

A detailed summary of the change in the unfunded actuarial liability by System is shown on page 12.

An evaluation of the unfunded actuarial liability on a pure dollar basis may not provide a complete analysis since only the difference between the assets and liabilities (which are both very large numbers) is reflected. Another way to evaluate the unfunded actuarial liability and the progress made in its funding is to track the funded status, the ratio of the actuarial value of assets to the actuarial liability. The change to the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method in the 2003 valuation and the change in actuarial assumptions in the 2004 and 2007 valuations both resulted in an increase in the UAL and a decrease in the funded status. The funded status information is shown below (in millions).

	12/31/02	12/31/03	12/31/04	12/31/05	12/31/06	12/31/07
Funded Ratio	77.6%	75.2%	69.8%	68.8%	69.4%	70.8%
Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL)	\$2,829	\$3,586	\$4,743	\$5,152	\$5,364	\$5,552





Due to strong investment returns, the funded status of the System generally improved in the last half of the 1990's. Changes in actuarial assumptions and methods, coupled with investment returns below the assumed rate, significantly reduced the funded ratio in 2002 to 2005. However, the funded ratio has stabilized around 70%.

Given the current funded status of the System, the amortization method, the amortization period, and the scheduled increases in employer contribution rates, the unfunded actuarial liability is expected to continue to grow and the funded ratio is expected to decline for many years.

CONTRIBUTION RATES

The funding objective of the System is to establish contribution rates that over time will remain relatively level, as a percentage of payroll, and to pay off the unfunded actuarial liability by the 2033 valuation.

Generally, the actuarial contribution rates to the various Systems consist of:

- a "normal cost" for the portion of projected liabilities allocated by the actuarial cost method to service of members during the year following the valuation date,
- an "unfunded actuarial liability contribution" for the excess of the portion of projected liabilities allocated to service to date over the actuarial value of assets.

There is also a statutory contribution rate that is used to finance the Death and Disability Program. Contributions for the Death and Disability Program are deposited in a separate trust fund, from which benefits are paid. A separate actuarial analysis and report is prepared for the Death and Disability Program on June 30 of each year. Therefore, the death and disability contribution rate is not reflected in this report.

The contribution rates in the December 31, 2007 valuation will set rates for fiscal year end 2011 for the State and 2010 for Local employers.

In KPERS, State, School and Local employers do not necessarily contribute the full actuarial contribution rate. Based on legislation passed in 1993, the employer contribution rates certified by the Board may not increase by more than the statutory cap. The statutory cap, which has been changed periodically, is currently 0.60% for all groups. The actuarial contribution rate of 7.39% for the State is less than the combined State/School statutory contribution rate of 8.17%. As a result, the difference between 8.17% and 7.39%, or 0.78%, of the expected State payroll for FY 2011 will be deposited into the School assets.



A summary of the actuarial and statutory employer contribution rates for the System is shown below:

	December 31, 2007 Valuation		
System	Actuarial	Statutory	Difference
State School ¹ Local ¹ Police & Fire - Uniform Rates ² Judges	7.39% 12.48% 8.52% 12.86% 19.49%	7.39% ³ 8.17% 6.14% 12.86% 19.49%	0.00% 4.31% 2.38% 0.00% 0.00%

¹ By statute, rates are allowed to increase by a maximum of 0.60% plus the cost of any benefit enhancements.

² For KP&F, the statutory contribution rate is equal to the "Uniform" rate. The rate shown is for local employers. The rate for State employers is 12.72% which includes a payment of 0.50% for the debt service payment on the bonds issued for the 13th check. The uniform rate does not include the payment required to amortize the unfunded past service liability or any 15% excess benefit liability determined separately for each employer. (See Table 13.)

³ The difference between 8.17% and the actuarial contribution rate of 7.39% times actual State payroll for FY 2011 will be deposited to the School assets.

Separate employer contribution rates are calculated for two subgroups of the State. Two Correctional Employee Groups, one with normal retirement age 55 and the other with normal retirement age 60 have higher contribution rates to finance the earlier normal retirement age. The actuarial contribution rates for the Correctional Employee Groups are shown below:

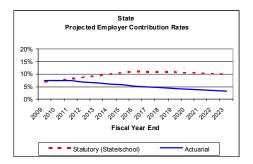
	Actuarial Rate	Statutory Rate
Retirement Age 55:	9.20%	8.64%
Retirement Age 60:	8.55%	8.50%

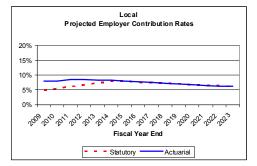
The change in the actuarial contribution rate from December 31, 2006 to December 31, 2007 and the primary components thereof are shown in the table on page 12.

Due to statutory caps, the full actuarial contribution rate is not contributed for the School and Local groups. Based on the current valuation, there is a difference (shortfall) between the actuarial and statutory contribution rates of 4.31% and 2.38% respectively for the School and Local groups. Assuming an 8% return on the market value of assets for 2008 and beyond, all other actuarial assumptions are met in the future, and the current level of statutory caps, the ARC Date (statutory and actuarial contribution rates are equal) for the School group is 2016 and the Local group is 2015.

The rate of return on the market value of assets was about 8.7% for 2007, but the return on the actuarial value of assets was around 13.2% due to recognition of some of the deferred investment experience. This generated an actuarial gain that decreased the UAL. As the remainder of the deferred investment experience is recognized in the actuarial value of assets in future years, the contribution rate for the UAL payment can be expected to decrease, absent unfavorable experience to offset the previously unrecognized gains.

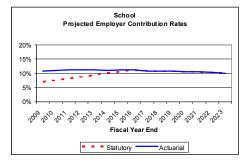






Although the State will be contributing the ARC rate in 2010 and later, the statutory rate will continue to increase, with the difference between the statutory and actuarial contribution rates applied to fund the School group.

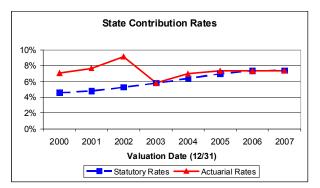
The ARC date is projected to occur in approximately 2015, assuming all actuarial assumptions are met in future years. Actual experience in future years will impact the ARC date.



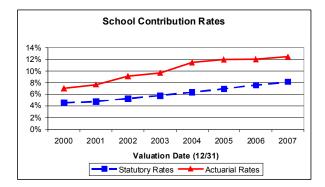
The statutory rate is expected to increase steadily before reaching the ARC Date in approximately 2016. Future experience, especially investment returns, will influence the movement in the ARC Date.

Historical contribution rates for each group are shown on the following pages. Please note that prior to the December 31, 2003 valuation, one contribution rate was developed for the State and School together as one group. Legislation passed in 2004 split the contribution rate calculations into two separate groups, although the statutory contributions are still determined on a combined basis. Significant changes in funding methods as well as a Pension Obligation Bond issue occurred in 2003 and actuarial assumptions were changed in both the 2004 and 2007 valuations. These changes impact the comparability of contribution rates between various valuation dates.

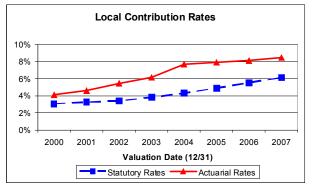




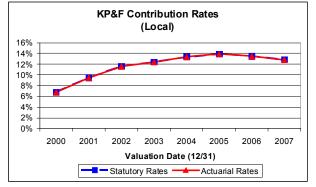
The split of the State group into a separate group with the 2003 valuation, coupled with the bond issue, lowered the actuarial contribution rate. The State's statutory contribution rate is again equal to the actuarial contribution rate in this valuation.



Due to investment experience, changes in actuarial methods and assumptions, and the magnitude of the difference between the actuarial and statutory contribution rates, the funded status of the School group has declined and the actuarial contribution rate has increased.

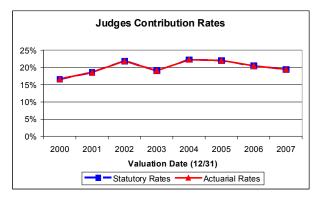


The Local contribution rate has also been impacted by changes in actuarial assumptions and methods as well as investment performance. As a result, a significant difference still exists between the statutory and actuarial contribution rate. Legislation passed in 2004 provided for increased statutory caps, under which the statutory and actuarial rates are expected to converge if all actuarial assumptions are met in future years.



Investment experience, coupled with a change in actuarial methodology, dramatically increased the contribution rates in the first half of the period. Favorable investment experience in the latter part of the period has helped to stabilize the rates.





Significant changes in the actuarial assumptions in the 2004 valuation, coupled with investment experience in recent years, have generally resulted in higher contribution rates.

Over the past few years, the Retirement System, the Governor and the Legislature have given a high priority to the development of a comprehensive plan to address the long-term funding of KPERS. HB2014, which was passed by the 2003 Legislature, increased the statutory cap on the State/School employer contribution rate from 0.20% to 0.40% in FY2006, 0.50% in FY2007 and 0.60% in FY 2008 and beyond. It also authorized the issuance of up to \$500 million in pension obligation bonds (POBs). The POBs were sold and proceeds of \$440.2 million were received on March 10, 2004. The debt service payments on the bonds are paid by the State in addition to the regular KPERS employer contribution rate.

The 2004 Legislature passed SB520, which continued to address issues related to the long term funding of the System. It gave the KPERS Board of Trustees the authority to establish the actuarial cost method and amortization method/period. With this authority, the Board changed both the actuarial cost method and the asset valuation method with the December 31, 2003 actuarial valuation. SB520 also increased the statutory cap for Local employers from 0.15% to 0.40% in FY2006, 0.50% in FY2007 and 0.60% in FY2008 and beyond and also split the State/School group into separate groups for purposes of determining employer contribution rates.

The 2005 Legislature clarified the determination of KPERS State Group and School Group employer contributions by specifying that, in any year in which the State employer rate is less than the combined State/School rate, the Legislature shall appropriate a supplemental amount to the School group, equal to the difference between the State's contributions using the combined rate and contributions using the State Group rate.

The 2007 Legislature passed SB362 which created a new benefit structure for members first employed on or after July 1, 2009. The change was made partially due to long term funding considerations, but also in response to demographic changes in the membership.

Based on the December 31, 2007 actuarial valuation results and the current statutory caps, the statutory contribution rates for the State, School and Local groups are projected to converge with the actuarial required contribution (ARC) rate before the end of the amortization period. As a result, the System is in long term actuarial balance. However, these projections assume that all actuarial assumptions are met exactly in each future year. To the extent that actual experience deviates from that expected, the ARC Date (date at which the statutory and actuarial rates are expected to converge), as well as the ARC rate, will vary. In particular, due to the School group's funded status, the projected ARC Date and rate are very sensitive to changes in the UAL. Unfavorable experience for this group could result in a situation where the statutory contribution rate never reaches the actuarial required contribution (ARC) rate. Key funding measurements should continue to be closely monitored in order to determine whether a change in the contribution cap is needed.



SUMMARY OF CHANGE IN UNFUNDED ACTUARIAL LIABILITY

DECEMBER 31,	2007 VALUATION
	(() '11')

(\$millions)

	State	School	Local	KP&F	Judges	Total
UAL in 12/31/2006 Valuation Report	\$453.9	\$3,680.7	\$892.6	\$321.5	\$14.9	\$5,363.6 ¹
 Effect of contribution cap/timing 	12.5	190.1	52.6	(4.8)	0.8	251.2
 Expected increase due to method 	5.6	54.9	13.0	4.4	(0.2)	77.7
 Actual vs. expected experience 						
Investment return	(123.4)	(324.9)	(106.7)	(66.7)	(4.3)	(626.0)
Demographic experience	48.2	70.9	11.9	12.2	1.2	144.4
All other experience	(10.4)	(17.9)	(8.0)	(7.2)	(1.4)	(44.9)
Change in assumptions	64.2	207.8	83.5	24.4	3.8	383.7
Change in benefit provisions	0.0	0.0	1.6	0.5	0.0	2.1
UAL in 12/31/2007 Valuation Report	\$450.6	\$3,861.6	\$940.5	\$284.3	\$14.8	\$5,551.8

¹May not add due to rounding.



SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL CONTRIBUTION RATE BY SYSTEM AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2007

Percentage of Payroll	State	School	Local	KP&F ¹	Judges
Actuarial Contribution Rate in 12/31/2006 Valuation	7.34%	12.07%	8.10%	13.49%	20.50%
Adjustment for 2007 COLA	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.00
Change Due to Amortization of UAL					
 effect of contribution cap/time lag 	0.08	0.38	0.24	(0.07)	0.28
amortization method	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	(0.21)
 investment experience 	(0.81)	(0.65)	(0.48)	(1.03)	(1.43)
liability experience	0.32	0.14	0.05	0.19	0.41
all other experience	(0.19)	(0.20)	(0.07)	(0.22)	(0.61)
 change in assumptions 	0.42	0.41	0.38	0.38	1.26
change in benefit provisions	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.00
Change in Normal Cost Rate					
change in benefit provisions	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
change in assumptions	0.29	0.30	0.28	0.12	(0.91)
all other experience	(0.06)	0.02	0.00	(0.02)	0.20 2
Actuarial Contribution Rate in 12/31/2007 Valuation	7.39%	12.48%	8.52%	12.86%	19.49%

¹Contribution rate for Local employers only.

²A new benefit structure was established for the Judges' System in July, 1987. The normal cost rate is impacted by the change in membership as members hired before July 1, 1987 leave active employment and are replaced with new entrants, with benefits under the current benefit structure.



SUMMARY OF HISTORICAL CHANGES IN TOTAL SYSTEM UAL as of DECEMBER 31, 2007 VALUATION

				As R	eported on	N Valuation	Date			
%(millions)	6/30/94	6/30/95	6/30/96	6/30/97	6/30/98	6/30/99	6/30/00	12/31/00	12/31/01	12/31/02
Actual Experience vs. Assumed										
Investment	\$(102)	\$(143)	\$(280)	\$(323)	\$(413)	\$(360)	\$(441)	\$(23)	\$350	\$644
• Other	320	72	136	157	104	46	99	84	(9)	68
Assumption Changes	0	(96)	0	0	350	0	0	(206)	0	0
Changes in Data/Procedures	244	0	0	0	0	21	71	145**	5	177**
Change in Cost Method	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Effect of Contribution Cap/Lag	*	95	70	63	54	78	66	60	115	143
Amortization Method	*	47	38	35	32	30	22	12	14	21
Change in Benefit Provisions	75	0	0	0	88	0	19	0	0	37
Bond Issue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	(41)
Total	\$537	\$(25)	\$(36)	\$(68)	\$215	\$(194)	\$(164)	\$72	\$475	\$1,048

*Not calculated for this year.

Unfunded actuarial liability 6/30/93: \$ 968 million Unfunded actuarial liability 12/31/07: \$ 5,552 million



This work product was prepared solely for KPERS for the purposes described herein and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work.

SUMMARY OF HISTORICAL CHANGES IN TOTAL SYSTEM UAL as of DECEMBER 31, 2007 VALUATION (continued)

	As Reported on Valuation Date12/31/0312/31/0412/31/0512/31/0612/31/07Total\$140\$456\$167\$(293)\$(626)\$(1,256)(32)16(84)139991,2150437(5)(0)384864(286)***00003771,14700001,1471781792472582511,8574768848378611310242249(440)00000(481)								
\$(millions)	12/31/03	12/31/04	12/31/05	12/31/06	12/31/07	Total			
Actual Experience vs. Assumed									
Investment	\$140	\$456	\$167	\$(293)	\$(626)	\$(1,256)			
• Other	(32)	16	(84)	139	99	1,215			
Assumption Changes	0	437	(5)	(0)	384	864			
Changes in Data/Procedures	(286)***	0	0	0	0	377			
Change in Cost Method	1,147	0	0	0	0	1,147			
Effect of Contribution Cap/Lag	178	179	247	258	251	1,857			
Amortization Method	47	68	84	83	78	611			
Change in Benefit Provisions	3	1	0	24	2	249			
Bond Issue	(440)	0	0	0	0	(481)			
Total	\$757	\$1,157	\$409	\$211	\$188	\$4,583			

**Reflects the impact of re-establishing the KP&F Supplemental Actuarial Liability at December 31, 2002. The additional

unfunded actuarial liability as of December 31, 2000 for the State/School and Local groups not recognized in the prior valuation due to the phase-in of the change in actuarial procedures is included.

***Change in asset valuation method.

Unfunded actuarial liability 6/30/93: \$ 968 million Unfunded actuarial liability 12/31/07: \$ 5,552 million



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KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STATE)

1.	PARTICIPANT DATA		12/31/2007 Valuation		12/31/2006 Valuation	% Chang	ge
	Number of:						
	Active Members		24,024		23,840	0.8	%
	Retired Members and Beneficiaries		14,994		14,937	0.4	
	Inactive Members	-	6,025	. <u> </u>	5,997	0.5	
	Total Members	=	45,043		44,774	0.6	
	Projected Annual Salaries of Active Members	\$	954,472,949	\$	887,116,943	7.6	
	Annual Retirement Payments for Retired Members and Beneficiaries	\$	167,939,366	\$	162,078,502	3.6	
2.	ASSETS AND LIABILITIES						
	Total Actuarial Liability	\$	3,422,120,738	\$	3,184,451,649	7.5	
	Assets for Valuation Purposes		2,971,538,701		2,730,530,798	8.8	
	Unfunded Actuarial Liability		450,582,037		453,920,851		
3.	EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION RATES AS A PAYROLL	A PERC	ENT OF				
	Normal Cost		4.13%		3.90%		
	Amortization of Unfunded Actuarial and Debt Service		<u>3.26%</u>		<u>3.44%</u>		
	Actuarial Contribution Rate		7.39%		7.34%		
	Statutory Employer Contribution Rate*		<u>7.39%</u>		<u>7.34%</u>		

* Statutory Employer Contribution Rate may not exceed last year's rate by more than rate increase limit of 0.60%. This rate does not include the contribution rate for the Death and Disability Program.



KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

	(SCHOOL)											
		•	12/31/2007		12/31/2006							
1.	PARTICIPANT DATA		Valuation		Valuation	% Chang	ge					
1.	PARTICIPANT DATA											
	Number of:											
	Active Members		86,468		84,707	2.1	%					
	Retired Members and Beneficiaries		35,412		34,389	3.0						
	Inactive Members	-	23,653		23,225	1.8						
	Total Members	-	145,533		142,321	2.3						
	Projected Annual Salaries of Active Members	\$	3,172,108,563	\$	2,985,385,666	6.3						
	Annual Retirement Payments for Retired Members and Beneficiaries	\$	444,027,093	\$	417,087,582	6.5						
2.	ASSETS AND LIABILITIES											
	Total Actuarial Liability	\$	10,316,004,061	\$	9,550,731,974	8.0						
	Assets for Valuation Purposes		6,454,380,538		5,870,070,892	10.0						
	Unfunded Actuarial Liability		3,861,623,523		3,680,661,082							
3.	EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION RATES AS PAYROLL	A PER	CENT OF									
	Normal Cost		4.61%		4.29%							
	Amortization of Unfunded Actuarial and Debt Service		<u>7.87%</u>		<u>7.78%</u>							
	Actuarial Contribution Rate		12.48%		12.07%							
	Statutory Employer Contribution Rate*		<u>8.17%</u>		<u>7.57%</u>							
	* Ctatutany Employer Contribution Data n		avecad last vesta		by more then							

* Statutory Employer Contribution Rate may not exceed last year's rate by more than rate increase limit of 0.60%. This rate does not include the contribution rate for the Death and Disability Program.



KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STATE/SCHOOL)

1.	PARTICIPANT DATA		12/31/2007 Valuation		12/31/2006 Valuation	% Chan	ge
	Number of:						
	Active Members		110,492		108,547	1.8	%
	Retired Members and Beneficiaries		50,406		49,326	2.2	
	Inactive Members		29,678	. <u>-</u>	29,222	1.6	
	Total Members		190,576	: =	187,095	1.9	
	Projected Annual Salaries of Active Members	\$	4,126,581,512	\$	3,872,502,609	6.6	
	Annual Retirement Payments for Retired Members and Beneficiaries	\$	611,966,459	\$	579,166,084	5.7	
2.	ASSETS AND LIABILITIES						
	Total Actuarial Liability	\$	13,738,124,799	\$	12,735,183,623	7.9	
	Assets for Valuation Purposes		9,425,919,239		8,600,601,690	9.6	
	Unfunded Actuarial Liability		4,312,205,560		4,134,581,933		
3.	EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION RATES AS A PAYROLL	PER	CENT OF				
	Normal Cost		4.50%		4.20%		
	Amortization of Unfunded Actuarial and Debt Service		<u>6.80%</u>		<u>6.78%</u>		
	Actuarial Contribution Rate		11.30%		10.98%		
	Statutory Employer Contribution Rate*		<u>8.17%</u>		<u>7.57%</u>		
	* Otatutara Englanda Ocatella tian Data mar	4					

* Statutory Employer Contribution Rate may not exceed last year's rate by more than rate increase limit of 0.60%. This rate does not include the contribution rate for the Death and Disability Program.



KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (LOCAL)

1.	PARTICIPANT DATA		12/31/2007 Valuation		12/31/2006 Valuation	% Chan	ge
	Number of:						
	Active Members		35,914		35,680	0.7	%
	Retired Members and Beneficiaries		12,761		12,482	2.2	
	Inactive Members	-	10,373		10,298	0.7	
	Total Members	=	59,048		58,460	1.0	
	Projected Annual Salaries of Active Members	\$	1,387,401,497	\$	1,318,131,075	5.3	
	Annual Retirement Payments for Retired Members and Beneficiaries	\$	108,829,381	\$	102,399,977	6.3	
2.	ASSETS AND LIABILITIES						
	Total Actuarial Liability	\$	3,147,020,449	\$	2,862,278,719	9.9	
	Assets for Valuation Purposes		2,206,473,161		1,969,679,136	12.0	
	Unfunded Actuarial Liability		940,547,288		892,599,583		
3.	EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION RATES AS A PAYROLL	PERO	CENT OF				
	Normal Cost		4.14%		3.86%		
	Amortization of Unfunded Actuarial and Supplemental Liability		<u>4.38%</u>		<u>4.26%</u>		
	Actuarial Contribution Rate		8.52%		8.12%		
	Statutory Employer Contribution Rate*		<u>6.14%</u>		<u>5.54%</u>		
	* Ctatuton (Employer Contribution Data ave	aada	laat vaaria rata bu	the	atatutan (rata inar		

 Statutory Employer Contribution Rate exceeds last year's rate by the statutory rate increase limit of 0.60%. This rate does not include the contribution rate for the Death and Disability
 Program. The rate for the 12/31/06 valuation was recertified to 5.54% to reflect the

additional 0.01% contribution to fund the 2008 one-time payment to certain retirees.



KANSAS POLICE AND FIREMEN'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM

1.	PARTICIPANT DATA		12/31/2007 Valuation		12/31/2006 Valuation	% Chang	ge
	Number of:						
	Active Members		7,137		6,965	2.5	%
	Retired Members and Beneficiaries		3,755		3,785	(0.8)	
	Inactive Members	-	1,318		1,320	(0.2)	
	Total Members	=	12,210	: =	12,070	1.2	
	Projected Annual Salaries of Active Members	\$	408,162,049	\$	383,199,478	6.5	
	Annual Retirement Payments for Retired Members and Beneficiaries	\$	92,223,463	\$	87,418,444	5.5	
2.	ASSETS AND LIABILITIES						
	Total Actuarial Liability	\$	1,968,168,480	\$	1,836,524,837	7.2	
	Assets for Valuation Purposes		1,683,915,313		1,514,988,606	11.2	
	Unfunded Actuarial Liability		284,253,167		321,536,231		
3.	EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION RATES AS A F	PER	CENT OF				
	Normal Cost		8.17%		8.07%		
	Amortization of Unfunded Actuarial and Supplemental Liability		<u>4.69%</u>		<u>5.44%</u>		
	Actuarial Contribution Rate (Local Employers)		12.86%		13.51%		
	Statutory Employer Contribution Rate*		<u>12.86%</u>		<u>13.51%</u>		

* The Statutory Employer Contribution Rate is equal to the Actuarial Rate. This is referred to as the "Uniform" rate, and varies for State and Local employers. The total contribution is equal to the

appropriate uniform rate plus the payment required to amortize any unfunded past service liability or 15% excess benefit liability, determined separately for each employer. The contribution rate for Local employers for the 12/31/06 valuation was recertified to 13.51% to reflect the additional 0.02% contribution to fund the 2008 one-time payment to certain retirees.



KANSAS RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR JUDGES

1.	PARTICIPANT DATA		12/31/2007 Valuation		12/31/2006 Valuation	% Chan	ge
	Number of:						
	Active Members		261		257	1.6	%
	Retired Members and Beneficiaries		180		172	4.7	
	Inactive Members	-	14		18	(22.2)	
	Total Members	:	455		447	1.8	
	Projected Annual Salaries of Active Members	\$	27,083,186	\$	25,360,133	6.8	
	Annual Retirement Payments for Retired Members and Beneficiaries	\$	6,092,952	\$	5,546,754	9.8	
2.	ASSETS AND LIABILITIES						
	Total Actuarial Liability	\$	131,601,196	\$	118,803,324	10.8	
	Assets for Valuation Purposes		116,807,301		103,928,012	12.4	
	Unfunded Actuarial Liability		14,793,895		14,875,312		
3.	EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION RATES AS A P PAYROLL	PER	CENT OF				
	Normal Cost		14.49%		15.20%		
	Amortization of Unfunded Actuarial and Supplemental Liability		<u>5.00%</u>		<u>5.30%</u>		
	Actuarial Contribution Rate		19.49%		20.50%		
	Statutory Employer Contribution Rate*		<u>19.49%</u>		<u>20.50%</u>		
	 Statutory Employer Contribution Rate is eq Rate. This rate excludes the contribution for the I 			roar	am		

This rate excludes the contribution for the Death and Disability Program.



ALL SYSTEMS COMBINED

1.	PARTICIPANT DATA		12/31/2007 Valuation	12/31/2006 Valuation	% Chan	ge
	Number of:					
	Active Members		153,804	151,449	1.6	%
	Retired Members and Beneficiaries		67,102	65,765	2.0	
	Inactive Members	-	41,383	 40,858	1.3	
	Total Members	-	262,289	 258,072	1.6	
	Projected Annual Salaries of Active Members	\$	5,949,228,244	\$ 5,599,193,295	6.3	
	Annual Retirement Payments for Retired Members and Beneficiaries	\$	819,112,255	\$ 774,531,259	5.8	
2.	ASSETS AND LIABILITIES					
	Total Actuarial Liability	\$	18,984,914,924	\$ 17,552,790,504	8.2	
	Assets for Valuation Purposes		13,433,115,014	12,189,197,444	10.2	
	Unfunded Actuarial Liability		5,551,799,910	5,363,593,060		



SECTION 2

SCOPE OF THE REPORT

This report presents the actuarial valuation of the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS) as of December 31, 2007. This valuation was prepared at the request of the System's Board of Trustees.

The reader is encouraged to review the actuarial certification letter, where the guidelines employed in the preparation of this report are outlined. Also included in this letter are comments on the sources and reliability of both the data and the actuarial assumptions upon which our findings are based. Those comments are the basis for our certification that this report is complete and accurate to the best of our knowledge and belief.

A summary of the findings resulting from this valuation is presented in the previous section. Section 3 describes the assets and investment experience of the System. Sections 4 and 5 describe how the obligations of the System are to be met under the actuarial cost method in use.

This report includes several appendices:

- Appendix A Schedules of valuation data classified by various categories of members.
- Appendix B A summary of the current benefit structure, as determined by the provisions of governing law on December 31, 2007, as amended by changes enacted by the 2008 Legislature.
- Appendix C A summary of the actuarial methods and assumptions used to estimate liabilities and determine contribution rates.
- Appendix D A glossary of actuarial terms.



SECTION 3

ASSETS

Market Value of Assets

The current market value represents the "snapshot" or "cash-out" value of System assets as of the valuation date. In addition, market values of assets provide a basis for measuring investment performance from time to time. At December 31, 2007 the market value of assets (excluding receivables) for the Retirement System was \$14.168 billion. Table 1 is a comparison, at market values, of System assets as of December 31, 2007, and December 31, 2006, in total and by investment category. Table 2 summarizes the change in the market value of assets from December 31, 2006 to December 31, 2007 by System.

Actuarial Value of Assets

Neither the market value of assets, representing a "cash-out" value of System assets, nor the book value of assets, representing the cost of investments, may be the best measure of the System's ongoing ability to meet its obligations.

To arrive at a suitable value for the actuarial valuation, a technique for determining the actuarial value of assets is used which dampens swings in the market value while still indirectly recognizing market values. The asset smoothing method was implemented with the December 31, 2003 actuarial valuation.

Under the asset smoothing method, the difference between the actual return and the expected return (based on the actuarial assumed rate of return) on the market value of assets is calculated each year and recognized equally over a five year period.

Tables 3A through 3F and Table 4 show the development of the actuarial value of assets (AVA) as of December 31, 2007.



TABLE 1ANALYSIS OF NET ASSETS AT MARKET VALUE

	December 31, 2007			December	31, 2006	
	<u>Amount</u> (\$ Millions)	% of <u>Total</u>		<u>Amount</u> (\$ Millions)	% of <u>Total</u>	
Cash & Equivalents	\$ 887	6.2	%	\$ 1,117	8.3	%
Alternative Investments	421	3.0		485	3.6	
Real Estate	1,004	7.1		1,003	7.5	
Fixed Income	4,054	28.5		3,143	23.5	
Domestic Equity	4,355	30.6		4,287	32.0	
International Equity	3,490	24.6		3,367	25.1	
Subtotal	\$ 14,211	100.0	%	\$ 13,402	100.0	%
Administrative Reserves	(16)			(17)		
Group Insurance and Optional Life Reserves	(34)			(23)		
Net Assets	\$ 14,161			\$ 13,362		
Receivables Adjusted Net Assets	\$ 7 14,168			\$ 13,369		

Allocation of Net Assets on December 31, 2007:

State	\$ 3,094	
School	6,863	
Local	2,340	
KP&F	1,750	
Judges	121	
Total Net Assets	\$ 14,168	1

¹ May not add due to rounding



TABLE 2SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN KPERS ASSETSDURING PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

(Market Value)

		State		School		Local		Total KPERS
Market Value of Assets as of January 1, 2007*		2,947,274,021	\$	6,501,191,800	\$	2,176,385,696	\$	11,624,851,517
Contributions:								
Employee		37,488,895		121,495,404		53,886,505		212,870,804
Employee service purchases		3,257,597		7,079,927		4,146,605		14,484,129
Employer		56,805,240		183,751,626		58,799,246		299,356,112
Miscellaneous	_	42,227	_	33,201	_	0		75,428
Total Contributions		97,593,959		312,360,158		116,832,356		526,786,473
Total Investment Income		244,076,105		564,132,397		189,733,568	_	997,942,070
Total Income		341,670,064		876,492,555		306,565,924		1,524,728,543
Less Benefits:								
Annuity Retirement Benefits		(166,128,281)		(429,281,902)		(106,811,780)		(702,221,963)
Partial Lump Sum Benefits		(16,511,237)		(57,120,066)		(16,949,135)		(90,580,438)
Retirant Dividends		(3,113,517)		(6,224,781)		(2,024,434)		(11,362,732)
Withdrawals		(7,064,780)		(19,103,595)		(13,381,017)		(39,549,392)
Death Benefits	_	(3,979,141)	_	(7,441,499)		(4,089,454)		(15,510,094)
Total Benefits		(196,796,956)		(519,171,843)		(143,255,820)		(859,224,619)
Net Increase in Assets		144,873,108		357,320,712		163,310,104		665,503,924
Receivables		2,220,000		4,730,000		0		6,950,000
Market Value of Assets as of December 31, 2007*	\$	3,094,367,129	\$	6,863,242,512	\$	2,339,695,800	\$	12,297,305,441

* Note: Assets exclude insurance and administrative reserves.



TABLE 2 (cont.)SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN KPERS ASSETSDURING PERIOD ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

(Market Value)

	KPERS		KP&F	Judges		Total
Market Value of Assets as of January 1, 2007*	\$ 11,624,851,517	\$	1,632,582,900	\$ 111,406,613	\$	13,368,841,030
Contributions:						
Employee	212,870,804		27,654,759	1,388,410		241,913,973
Employee service purchases	14,484,129		747,290	156,222		15,387,641
Employer	299,356,112		61,807,699	5,364,471		366,528,282
Miscellaneous	75,428		18,164	0		93,592
Total Contributions	526,786,473	_	90,227,912	 6,909,103	_	623,923,488
Total Investment Income	997,942,070		135,408,040	9,176,922		1,142,527,032
Total Income	1,524,728,543	_	225,635,952	 16,086,025		1,766,450,520
Less Benefits:						
Annuity Retirement Benefits	(702,221,963)		(90,341,847)	(6,072,138)		(798,635,948)
Partial Lump Sum Benefits	(90,580,438)		(11,371,878)	(525,897)		(102,478,213)
Retirant Dividends	(11,362,732)		(1,701,908)	(57,877)		(13,122,517)
Withdrawals	(39,549,392)		(4,237,170)	-		(43,786,562)
Death Benefits	(15,510,094)		(915,960)	(16,374)		(16,442,428)
Total Benefits	(859,224,619)	_	(108,568,763)	 (6,672,286)		(974,465,668)
Receivables	6,950,000		90,000	20,000		7,060,000
Net Increase in Assets	665,503,924		117,067,189	9,413,739		791,984,852
Market Value of Assets as of December 31, 2007*	* \$ 12,297,305,441	\$	1,749,740,089	\$ 120,840,352	\$	14,167,885,882

* Note: Assets exclude insurance and administrative reserves.



TABLE 3A CALCULATION OF EXCESS (SHORTFALL) INVESTMENT INCOME FOR ACTUARIAL VALUE OF NET ASSETS State*

		Plan Year End						
		12/31/2004		12/31/2005		12/31/2006		12/31/2007
1.	Market Value of Assets, beginning of year	\$ 2,370,036,710	\$	2,553,610,968	\$	2,680,153,605	\$	2,947,274,021
2.	Contributions during year	76,634,336		80,477,494		90,064,863		97,593,959
3.	Benefits during year	(162,256,907)		(172,670,110)		(184,716,537)		(196,796,956)
4.	Expected net investment income	186,243,922		200,672,116		210,699,057		231,890,140
5.	Transfers and receivables	0		0		2,300,000		2,220,000
6.	Expected Value of Assets, end of year	2,470,658,061		2,662,090,468		2,798,500,988		3,082,181,164
7.	Market Value of Assets, end of year	2,553,610,968		2,680,153,605		2,947,274,021		3,094,367,129
8.	Excess (shortfall) of net investment income	\$ 82,952,907	\$	18,063,137	\$	148,773,033	\$	12,185,965

* Includes asset values for the TIAA group



TABLE 3B CALCULATION OF EXCESS (SHORTFALL) INVESTMENT INCOME FOR ACTUARIAL VALUE OF NET ASSETS School

			Plan Year End						
		-	12/31/2004		12/31/2005		12/31/2006		12/31/2007
1.	Market Value of Assets, beginning of year	\$	4,991,542,973	\$	5,427,574,148	\$	5,773,541,598	\$	6,501,191,800
2.	Contributions during year		232,136,850		247,762,716		277,813,825		312,360,158
3.	Benefits during year		(401,994,358)		(442,053,181)		(473,994,469)		(519,171,843)
4.	Expected net investment income		392,659,845		426,583,823		454,187,066		511,982,021
5.	Transfers and receivables		0		0		4,600,000		4,730,000
6.	Expected Value of Assets, end of year		5,214,345,310		5,659,867,506		6,036,148,020		6,811,092,136
7.	Market Value of Assets, end of year		5,427,574,148		5,773,541,598		6,501,191,800		6,863,242,512
8.	Excess (shortfall) of net investment income	\$	213,228,838	\$	113,674,092	\$	465,043,780	\$	52,150,376



TABLE 3C CALCULATION OF EXCESS (SHORTFALL) INVESTMENT INCOME FOR ACTUARIAL VALUE OF NET ASSETS State/School*

			Plan Year End						
		-	12/31/2004		12/31/2005		12/31/2006		12/31/2007
1.	Market Value of Assets, beginning of year	\$	7,361,579,683	\$	7,981,185,116	\$	8,453,695,203	\$	9,448,465,821
2.	Contributions during year		308,771,186		328,240,210		367,878,688		409,954,117
3.	Benefits during year		(564,251,265)		(614,723,291)		(658,711,006)		(715,968,799)
4.	Expected net investment income		578,903,767		627,255,939		664,886,123		743,872,161
5.	Transfers and receivables		0		0		6,900,000		6,950,000
6.	Expected Value of Assets, end of year		7,685,003,371		8,321,957,974		8,834,649,008		9,893,273,300
7.	Market Value of Assets, end of year		7,981,185,116		8,453,695,203		9,448,465,821		9,957,609,641
8.	Excess (shortfall) of net investment income	\$	296,181,745	\$	131,737,229	\$	613,816,813	\$	64,336,341

* Includes asset values for the TIAA group



TABLE 3D CALCULATION OF EXCESS (SHORTFALL) INVESTMENT INCOME FOR ACTUARIAL VALUE OF NET ASSETS

Local

		Plan Year End							
		-	12/31/2004		12/31/2005		12/31/2006		12/31/2007
1. Ma	arket Value of Assets, beginning of year	\$	1,561,501,396	\$	1,743,287,610	\$	1,897,431,737	\$	2,176,385,696
2. Co	ntributions during year		91,862,152		96,419,499		104,980,627		116,832,356
3. Be	nefits during year		(106,730,071)		(117,896,660)		(127,971,578)		(143,255,820)
4. Ex	pected net investment income		124,336,836		138,620,449		150,892,593		173,074,250
5. Tra	ansfers and receivables		0		0		0		0
6. Ex	pected Value of Assets, end of year		1,670,970,313		1,860,430,898		2,025,333,379		2,323,036,482
7. Ma	arket Value of Assets, end of year		1,743,287,610		1,897,431,737		2,176,385,696		2,339,695,800
8. Ex	cess (shortfall) of net investment income	\$	72,317,297	\$	37,000,839	\$	151,052,317	\$	16,659,318



TABLE 3E CALCULATION OF EXCESS (SHORTFALL) INVESTMENT INCOME FOR ACTUARIAL VALUE OF NET ASSETS KP&F

				End					
			12/31/2004	12/31/2005		12/31/2006		12/31/2007	
1.	Market Value of Assets, beginning of year	\$	1,232,406,980	\$ 1,363,065,004	\$	1,459,554,937	\$	1,632,582,900	
2.	Contributions during year		75,287,870	71,931,377		79,129,699		90,227,912	
3.	Benefits during year		(87,682,550)	(93,936,263)		(102,440,958)		(108,568,763)	
4.	Expected net investment income		98,106,309	108,181,938		115,849,883		129,887,112	
5.	Transfers and receivables		0	0		100,000		90,000	
6.	Expected Value of Assets, end of year		1,318,118,609	1,449,242,056		1,552,093,561		1,744,219,161	
7.	Market Value of Assets, end of year		1,363,065,004	1,459,554,937		1,632,582,900		1,749,740,089	
8.	Excess (shortfall) of net investment income	\$	44,946,395	\$ 10,312,881	\$	80,489,339	\$	5,520,928	



TABLE 3F CALCULATION OF EXCESS (SHORTFALL) INVESTMENT INCOME FOR **ACTUARIAL VALUE OF NET ASSETS** S

Judges

			Plan Year End											
			12/31/2004		12/31/2005		12/31/2006		12/31/2007					
1. Market Value of Assets, begi	nning of year	\$	81,081,078	\$	90,483,059	\$	98,126,948	\$	111,406,613					
2. Contributions during year			5,090,779		5,729,305		6,514,385		6,909,103					
3. Benefits during year			(5,275,093)		(5,920,730)		(6,046,384)		(6,672,286)					
4. Expected net investment inc	ome		6,479,256		7,231,135		7,868,516		8,921,819					
5. Transfers and receivables			0		0		0		20,000					
6. Expected Value of Assets, er	nd of year		87,376,020		97,522,769		106,463,465		120,585,249					
7. Market Value of Assets, end	of year		90,483,059		98,126,948		111,406,613		120,840,352					
8. Excess (shortfall) of net inve	stment income	\$	3,107,039	\$	604,179	\$	4,943,148	\$	255,103					



TABLE 4DEVELOPMENT OF ACTUARIAL VALUE OF NET ASSETS

		State/School	State	School		Local		Total KPERS
1.	Excess (shortfall) of investment income a. Year ending 12/31/07 b. Year ending 12/31/06 c. Year ending 12/31/05 d. Year ending 12/31/04	\$ 64,336,341 613,816,813 131,737,229 296,181,745	\$ 12,185,965 148,773,033 18,063,137 82,952,907	\$	52,150,376 465,043,780 113,674,092 213,228,838	\$ 16,659,318 151,052,317 37,000,839 72,317,297	\$	80,995,659 764,869,130 168,738,068 368,499,042
	e. Total	\$ 1,106,072,128	\$ 261,975,042	\$	844,097,086	\$ 277,029,771	\$	1,383,101,899
2.	Deferral of excess (shortfall) of investment income a. Year ending 12/31/07 (80%) b. Year ending 12/31/06 (60%) c. Year ending 12/31/05 (40%) d. Year ending 12/31/04 (20%) e. Total	\$ 51,469,073 368,290,088 52,694,892 59,236,349 531,690,402	\$ 9,748,772 89,263,820 7,225,255 16,590,581 122,828,428	\$	41,720,301 279,026,268 45,469,637 42,645,768 408,861,974	\$ 13,327,454 90,631,390 14,800,336 14,463,459 133,222,639	\$	64,796,527 458,921,478 67,495,228 73,699,808 664,913,041
3.	Market Value of Assets, end of year	\$ 9,957,609,641	\$ 3,094,367,129	\$	6,863,242,512	\$ 2,339,695,800	\$	12,297,305,441
4.	Actuarial Value of Assets, end of year (3) - (2e)	\$ 9,425,919,239	\$ 2,971,538,701	\$	6,454,380,538	\$ 2,206,473,161	\$	11,632,392,400
5.	Actuarial Value divided by market value (4)/(3)	94.7%	96.0%		94.0%	94.3%		94.6%



TABLE 4 (cont.) DEVELOPMENT OF ACTUARIAL VALUE OF NET ASSETS

		Total KPERS			KP&F	Judges	Total
1.	Excess (shortfall) of investment income						
	a. Year ending 12/31/07	\$	80,995,659	\$	5,520,928	\$ 255,103	\$ 86,771,690
	b. Year ending 12/31/06		764,869,130		80,489,339	4,943,148	850,301,617
	c. Year ending 12/31/05		168,738,068		10,312,881	604,179	179,655,128
	d. Year ending 12/31/04		368,499,042		44,946,395	3,107,039	416,552,476
	e. Total	\$	1,383,101,899	\$	141,269,543	\$ 8,909,469	\$ 1,533,280,911
2.	Deferral of excess (shortfall) of investment income						
	a. Year ending 12/31/07 (80%)		64,796,527		4,416,742	204,082	69,417,351
	b. Year ending 12/31/06 (60%)		458,921,478		48,293,603	2,965,889	510,180,970
	c. Year ending 12/31/05 (40%)		67,495,228		4,125,152	241,672	71,862,052
	d. Year ending 12/31/04 (20%)		73,699,808		8,989,279	 621,408	 83,310,495
	e. Total	\$	664,913,041	\$	65,824,776	\$ 4,033,051	\$ 734,770,868
3.	Market Value of Assets, end of year	\$	12,297,305,441	\$	1,749,740,089	\$ 120,840,352	\$ 14,167,885,882
4.	Actuarial Value of Assets, end of year (3) - (2e)	\$	11,632,392,400	\$	1,683,915,313	\$ 116,807,301	\$ 13,433,115,014
5.	Actuarial Value divided by market value (4)/(3)		94.6%		96.2%	96.7%	94.8%



SECTION 4

SYSTEM LIABILITIES

In the previous section, an actuarial valuation was compared with an inventory process, and an analysis was given of the inventory of assets of the System as of the valuation date, December 31, 2007. In this section, the discussion will focus on the commitments of the System, which are referred to as its liabilities.

Table 4 contains an analysis of the actuarial present value of all future benefits (PVFB) for contributing members, inactive members, retirees and their beneficiaries. The analysis is provided for each group.

The liabilities summarized in Table 4 include the actuarial present value of all future benefits expected to be paid with respect to each member. For an active member, this value includes measures of both benefits already earned and future benefits expected to be earned. For all members, active and retired, the value extends over benefits earnable and payable for the rest of their lives and, if an optional benefit is chosen, for the lives of the surviving beneficiaries.

The actuarial assumptions used to determine liabilities are based on the results of the 2007 Triennial Experience Study. This set of assumptions, as shown in Appendix C, was adopted by the Board in November 2007 and was first used for the December 31, 2007 valuation.

The liabilities reflect the benefit structure in place as of December 31, 2007 plus the provisions of legislation passed by the 2008 Legislature.

Actuarial Liabilities

A fundamental principle in financing the liabilities of a retirement program is that the cost of its benefits should be related to the period in which benefits are earned, rather than to the period of benefit distribution. An actuarial cost method is a mathematical technique that allocates the present value of future benefits into annual costs. In order to do this allocation, it is necessary for the funding method to "breakdown" the present value of future benefits into two components:

- (1) that which is attributable to the past and
- (2) that which is attributable to the future.

Actuarial terminology calls the part attributable to the past the "past service liability" or the "actuarial liability". The portion allocated to the future is known as the present value of future normal costs, with the specific piece of it allocated to the current year being called the "normal cost". Table 6 contains the calculation of actuarial liabilities for all groups.



TABLE 5 KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM PRESENT VALUE OF FUTURE BENEFITS (PVFB) AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2007

S		State		School	Local	Total KPERS
1. Active employees						
a. Retirement Benefit b. Pre-Retirement Death Benefit c. Withdrawal Benefit d. Disability Benefit e. Total	\$	2,102,945,975 27,114,473 96,912,947 100,852,688 2,327,826,083	\$	7,388,985,739 55,080,253 296,626,802 190,487,260 7,931,180,054	\$ 2,555,027,314 45,197,441 155,995,808 116,222,045 2,872,442,608	\$ 12,046,959,028 127,392,167 549,535,557 407,561,993 13,131,448,745
2. Inactive Vested Members		123,771,738		220,659,810	121,272,552	465,704,100
3. Inactive Nonvested Members		10,418,675		35,112,719	22,312,050	67,843,444
4. Disabled Members		75,346,531		91,446,112	52,902,993	219,695,636
5. Retirees		1,351,132,168		4,058,391,192	884,666,572	6,294,189,932
6. Beneficiaries		85,454,190		109,663,325	65,767,225	260,884,740
7. Unclaimed Account Reserve	_	668,200	_	1,331,800	 500,000	 2,500,000
8. Total PVFB	\$_	3,974,617,585	\$_	12,447,785,012	\$ 4,019,864,000	\$ 20,442,266,597



TABLE 5 (cont.) KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM PRESENT VALUE OF FUTURE BENEFITS (PVFB) AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2007

		KP&F		Judges
1. Active employees				
a. Retirement Benefit b. Pre-Retirement Death Benefit c. Withdrawal Benefit d. Disability Benefit e. Total	\$	1,304,949,886 19,954,539 45,730,362 194,665,253 1,565,300,040	\$	111,646,423 1,063,390 32,568 0 112,742,381
2. Inactive Vested Members		31,751,148		1,315,876
3. Inactive Nonvested Members		11,080,560		0
4. Disabled Members		96,105,493		0
5. Retirees		720,803,786		46,841,569
6. Beneficiaries	-	86,737,805	-	8,475,990
7. Total PVFB	\$	2,511,778,832	\$	169,375,816



TABLE 6 KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM ACTUARIAL LIABILITIES AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2007

	State	School	Local	Total KPERS
1. Present Value of Future Benefits	\$ 3,974,617,585	\$ 12,447,785,012	\$ 4,019,864,000	\$ 20,442,266,597
2. Present Value of Future Normal Costs for Active Members				
a. Retirement Benefit b. Pre-Retirement Death Benefit c. Withdrawal Benefit d. Disability Benefit e. Total	\$ 401,296,364 6,951,361 106,213,228 38,035,894 552,496,847	\$ 1,718,442,701 16,764,573 332,740,999 63,832,678 2,131,780,951	\$ 642,165,021 13,962,754 173,171,529 43,544,247 872,843,551	\$ 2,761,904,086 37,678,688 612,125,756 145,412,819 3,557,121,349
3. Total Actuarial Liability (1) - (2e)	\$ 3,422,120,738	\$ 10,316,004,061	\$ 3,147,020,449	\$ 16,885,145,248



TABLE 6 (cont.) KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM ACTUARIAL LIABILITIES AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2007

	KP&F	Judges
1. Present Value of Future Benefits	\$ 2,511,778,832	\$ 169,375,816
2. Present Value of Future Normal Costs for Active Members		
a. Retirement Benefit b. Pre-Retirement Death Benefit c. Withdrawal Benefit d. Disability Benefit e. Total	\$ 372,634,568 12,434,461 58,172,119 100,369,204 543,610,352	\$ 37,278,590 451,577 44,453 0 37,774,620
3. Total Actuarial Liability (1) - (2e)	\$ 1,968,168,480	\$ 131,601,196



SECTION 5

EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

The previous two sections were devoted to a discussion of the assets and liabilities of the System. A comparison of Tables 4 and 6 indicates that current assets fall short of meeting the present value of future benefits (total liability). This is expected in all but a fully closed down fund, where no further contributions are anticipated.

In an active system, there will almost always be a difference between the actuarial value of assets and total liabilities. This deficiency has to be made up by future contributions and investment returns. An actuarial valuation sets out a schedule of future contributions that will deal with this deficiency in an orderly fashion.

The method used to determine the incidence of the contributions in various years is called the actuarial cost method. Under an actuarial cost method, the contributions required to meet the difference between current assets and current liabilities are allocated each year between two elements: (1) the normal cost and (2) the payment on the unfunded actuarial liability.

The term "fully funded" is often applied to a system in which contributions at the normal cost rate are sufficient to pay for the benefits of existing employees as well as for those of new employees. More often than not, systems are not fully funded, either because of past benefit improvements that have not been completely funded and/or because of actuarial deficiencies that have occurred because experience has not been as favorable as anticipated. Under these circumstances, an unfunded actuarial liability (UAL) exists.

Description of Rate Components

Commencing with the December 31, 2003 actuarial valuation, the actuarial cost method for all three systems was changed to the traditional Entry Age Normal (EAN) – level percent of pay cost method. Under the EAN cost method, the actuarial present value of each member's projected benefits allocates on a level basis over the member's compensation between the entry age of the member and the assumed exit ages. The portion of the actuarial present value allocated to the valuation year is called the normal cost. The actuarial present value of benefits allocated to prior years of service is called the actuarial liability. The unfunded actuarial liability represents the difference between the actuarial liability and the actuarial value of assets as of the valuation date. The unfunded actuarial liability is calculated each year and reflects experience gains/losses.

The contribution rates based on this December 31, 2007 actuarial valuation will be used to determine employer contribution rates to the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System for fiscal years beginning in 2010 (July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2011 for the State and calendar year 2010 for Local employers).

KPERS

The law provides for the calculation of separate employer contribution rates for three groups: State, School and Local (for all other covered employers).

Legislation provides that the employer rates of contribution for the State and School recommended by the Board of Trustees for all groups may not increase more than 0.40% in FY2006, 0.50% in FY2007 and 0.60% in FY2008 and later. Contribution rates for the Local group cannot increase more than 0.40% in 2006, 0.50% in 2007 and 0.60% in 2008 and later. Such limits on the increase in the statutory contribution rate do not apply to the increase in the employer



contribution rate for benefit enhancements. Although not shown in these rates, the total contribution rates for KPERS employers include the statutory employer contribution to the KPERS Group Life Insurance.

There are several components of the unfunded actuarial liability which are amortized over different periods. The increase in the unfunded actuarial liability resulting from the 1998 COLA is amortized over 15 years. The increase in the unfunded actuarial liability for Local employers resulting from 2003 legislation which made the 13th check for pre-July 2, 1987 retirees a permanent benefit is funded over a 10 year period, with the first contribution in 2005 (5 years remaining in FY2010, the fiscal year for which this valuation sets the contribution rate). The increase in the unfunded actuarial liability due to the \$300 one-time payment to retirees in 2007 and 2008 is amortized over 10 years (Local only). The State funded the increased liability for the \$300 one-time payment for its members in both 2007 and 2008. The remainder of the unfunded actuarial liability is amortized over a period originally set at 40 years beginning July 1, 1993. At the December 31, 2007 valuation date, twenty-five (25) years remain in that period.

The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of payroll. The payroll growth assumption is 4% so the annual amortization payments will increase 4% each year. As a result, if total payroll grows 4% per year, as assumed, the amortization payment will remain level as a percentage of total current payroll. If payroll increases less/more than 4% each year, the amortization payment will increase/decrease as a percentage of total payroll.

The actuarial contribution rate for KPERS is comprised of the normal cost rate and a contribution toward the unfunded actuarial liability. The State and School contribution rate includes an additional contribution necessary to pay the debt service payment on the bonds issued by the State in 2003 to finance the increase in liability from making the 13th check permanent.

Local employers who affiliate with KPERS for prior service on or after January 1, 1999 pay an additional employer contribution to finance their unfunded actuarial liability on their affiliation date.

KP&F

The actuarially determined contribution requirements for employers in KP&F are comprised of:

- (a) a "uniform" rate, determined separately for State and Local employers, which includes the normal cost and a UAL payment for the entire group, plus
- (b) any payment required to amortize the unfunded past service liability or any 15% excess benefit liability, which is determined separately for each participating employer.

For employers who enter KP&F for future service only, the total cost is the uniform contribution rate.

There are several components of the unfunded actuarial liability, which are amortized over different periods. The increase in the unfunded actuarial liability resulting from the 1998 COLA is amortized over 15 years. The increase in the unfunded actuarial liability for Local employers resulting from 2003 legislation which made the 13th check for pre-July 2, 1987 retirees a permanent benefit is funded over a 10 year period with the first contribution in 2005 (5 years remain as of FY2010, the fiscal year for which this valuation sets the contribution rate). The increase in the unfunded actuarial liability due to the \$300 one-time payment to retirees in 2007 is amortized over 10 years (Local only). The State funded the increased liability for the \$300 one-time payment for its members in both 2007 and 2008. The remainder of the unfunded actuarial liability is amortized over a period originally set at 40 years beginning July 1, 1993. At the December 31, 2007 valuation date, twenty-five (25) years remain in that period.



The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of payroll. The payroll growth assumption is 4% so the annual amortization payments will increase 4% each year. As a result, if total payroll grows 4% per year, as assumed, the amortization payment will remain level as a percentage of total current payroll. If payroll increases less/more than 4% each year, the amortization payment will increase/decrease as a percentage of total payroll

Judges

The actuarial contribution rate for the Judges is comprised of the normal cost rate and a contribution toward the unfunded actuarial liability. The UAL is amortized over a 40 year period established in 1993 with payments determined as a level dollar amount. As of this valuation date, twenty-five (25) years remain. The contribution rate includes an additional contribution necessary to pay the debt service payment on the bonds issued by the State in 2003 to finance the increase in liability from making the 13th check permanent.

Contribution Rate Summary

The normal cost rates for each System are developed in Table 7. Table 8 develops the actuarial contribution rate for the unfunded actuarial liability. Bonds were issued in 2003 by the State to finance the increase in the actuarial liability due to legislation making the 13th check for pre-July 2, 1987 retirees a permanent benefit. The debt service payment on the bonds is to be paid by an additional employer contribution to the System, effective July 1, 2004. The development of this debt service contribution rate for FY2011 is shown in Table 9. The total actuarial contribution rates determined as of December 31, 2007, are presented in Table 10. The contribution rates for local employers who affiliated with KPERS for prior service and are amortizing the payment of that liability over a period of years are shown in Tables 11A and 11B. Table 12 shows the KP&F individual employer contribution rates for fiscal years beginning in 2009 and 2010 while Tables 13 and 14 show the calculation of the additional contribution rate due to amortization of prior service UAL or excess benefit liability for fiscal years beginning in 2010.

The rates shown in this report, which are based on the actuarial assumptions and cost methods described in Appendix C, are applicable for determining employer contribution rates for fiscal years commencing in 2010.



TABLE 7 KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM NORMAL COST RATE AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2007

		State		School		State/School		Local			
1. Normal Cost at Beginning of Year											
a. Retirement Benefit b. Pre-Retirement Death Benefit c. Withdrawal Benefit d. Disability Benefit e. Total	\$	54,441,307 969,740 14,129,144 5,156,013 74,696,204	\$	210,907,978 2,200,543 41,369,416 8,326,389 262,804,326	\$	265,349,285 3,170,283 55,498,560 13,482,402 337,500,530	\$	79,929,893 1,790,661 21,365,198 5,581,587 108,667,339			
2. Estimated Covered Payroll for 2008	\$	954,472,949	\$	3,172,108,563	\$	4,126,581,512	\$	1,387,401,497			
3. Normal Cost Rate [(1e) / (2)] *1.08 ^{.5}	=	8.13%	: =	8.61%	=	8.50%	. =	8.14%			



TABLE 7 (cont.) KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM NORMAL COST RATE AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2007

	KP&F		Judges
1. Normal Cost at Beginning of Year			
a. Retirement Benefit b. Pre-Retirement Death Benefit c. Withdrawal Benefit d. Disability Benefit e. Total	\$ 39,413,116 1,402,062 6,094,775 10,839,197 57,749,150	\$	4,920,524 57,094 6,888 0 4,984,506
2. Estimated Covered Payroll for 2008	\$ 408,162,049	\$	27,083,186
3. Normal Cost Rate [(1e) / (2)] *1.08 ^{.5}	 14.70%	-	19.13%



TABLE 8 KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM UNFUNDED ACTUARIAL LIABILITY CONTRIBUTION RATES AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2007

		State		School		Local		KPF			Judges
1. Actuarial Liability	\$	3,422,120,738	\$	10,316,004,061	\$	3,147,020,449	\$	1,968,168,480		\$	131,601,196
2. Actuarial Value of Assets		2,971,538,701	-	6,454,380,538		2,206,473,161		1,683,915,313		_	116,807,301
3. Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL)		450,582,037		3,861,623,523		940,547,288		284,253,167			14,793,895
 a. UAL for 1998 COLA b. UAL for 13th Check (2003) c. UAL for 2007 One Time Payment d. UAL for 2008 One Time Payment e. Prior service and other local employer UAL* 		10,830,079 0 0 0 0 0		26,515,019 0 0 0 0		7,755,372 2,719,294 1,493,733 1,610,000 6,260,142		6,766,029 5,092,766 436,744 490,000 17,320,161			0 0 0 0
f. Remaining UAL4. Payment to Amortize UAL (assumed mid-year)		439,751,959		3,835,108,504		920,708,747		254,147,466			14,793,895
a. UAL for 1998 COLA b. UAL for 13th Check (2003) c. UAL for 2007 One Time Payment d. UAL for 2008 One Time Payment e. Remaining UAL f. Total	_	2,424,019 0 0 27,714,013 30,138,032	<u>.</u>	5,934,666 0 0 241,695,902 247,630,568		1,735,829 608,640 199,638 197,127 58,024,833 60,766,068		1,477,464 1,139,887 58,371 59,995 14,231,490 16,967,207	** * * * * * * *	-	0 0 0 1,333,558 1,333,558
5. Total Estimated Payroll for 2008	\$	954,472,949	\$	3,172,108,563	\$	1,387,401,497	\$	362,124,437	**	\$	27,083,186
6. Amortization Payment as a Percent of Payroll		3.16%		7.81%		4.38%		4.69%	**		4.92%

* These obligations are paid directly by the employer and do not enter into the overall amortization rates.

**Only includes local governments. State agencies have a different uniform rate.



TABLE 9 DEVELOPMENT OF CONTRIBUTION RATES FOR DEBT SERVICE PAYMENT ON BONDS

The 2003 Legislature made the retirant dividend (13th check) for pre-July 2, 1987 retirees a permanent benefit. To offset the estimated cost of the benefit enhancement the State issued bonds in the late summer of 2003. The debt service payment on the bonds will come from increased contribution rates for the KPERS State and School groups, the State KP&F group and the Judges.

	State	School	KPF (state)	Judges	Total
Original Bond Issue Proceeds	\$ 7,793,450	\$ 15,068,078	\$ 1,867,119	\$ 171,353	\$ 24,900,000
Scheduled Payments					
FYE 2011	1,005,871	1,944,779	240,982	22,116	3,213,748
FYE 2012	1,004,727	1,942,566	240,708	22,091	3,210,092
FYE 2013	1,004,383	1,941,902	240,625	22,083	3,208,993
FYE 2014	1,005,138	1,943,362	240,806	22,100	3,211,406
Projected Payroll for FYE 2011*	990,669,358	3,292,404,207	47,783,493	28,105,127	
Rate of Pay Required	0.10%	0.06%	0.50%	0.08%	

* Assumes 1.5% annual payroll growth



TABLE 10 KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM ACTUARIAL EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION RATES FISCAL YEAR COMMENCING IN 2010

	Total Normal Cost	Employee Normal Cost	Employer Normal Cost	Unfunded Actuarial Liability	Debt Service Payment	Total Employer Contribution*
State **	8.13%	4.00%	4.13%	3.16%	0.10%	7.39%
School	8.61%	4.00%	4.61%	7.81%	0.06%	12.48%
State/School **	8.50%	4.00%	4.50%	6.73%	0.07%	11.30%
Local	8.14%	4.00%	4.14%	4.38%	0.00%	8.52%
KP&F Uniform Contributior	n Rate					
State ***	14.70%	6.53%	8.17%	4.05%	0.50%	12.72%
Local ***	14.70%	6.53%	8.17%	4.69%	0.00%	12.86%
Judges	19.13%	4.64%	14.49%	4.92%	0.08%	19.49%

* Does not include the contribution to the Death and Disability Program.

** For Correctional Employees, employer contribution rates of 9.20% and 8.55% apply for normal retirement ages of 55 and 60, respectively.

*** The total contribution rate for each employer is equal to the appropriate uniform contribution rate (state or local) plus an additional rate, if applicable, required to amortize the unfunded past service liability or the 15% excess benefit liability, determined separately for each employer. (See Table 12)



TABLE 11ALOCAL AFFILIATION COST FACTORSFOR FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING IN 2010

Employer	Year Affiliated	Projected 2010 Annual Payroll	Projected 1/1/2010 Unfunded Actuarial Liability	Projected 1/1/2010 Excess Benefit Liability	Payment on 1/1/2010 Unfunded Liabilities ²	Payment on Unfunded Liability as % of Payroll	Total Rate for Years Commencing ¹ in 2010
St. Francis Housing Authority	1999	\$13,208	\$7,955	\$0	\$511	3.87%	10.01%
City of Burden	1999	\$111,333	\$15,693	\$0	\$1,006	0.90%	7.04%
City of Longton	1999	\$75,329	\$19,073	\$0	\$1,224	1.63%	7.77%
Bourbon County RWD#2	1999	\$200,991	\$110,545	\$0	\$7,095	3.53%	9.67%
Towanda Township	1999	\$49,526	\$9,032	\$0	\$578	1.17%	7.31%
City of Herndon	1999	\$9,375	\$21,088	\$0	\$5,895	3	3
Hays Housing Authority	2000	\$54,566	\$1,770	\$0	\$117	0.21%	6.35%
Haysville Community Library	2000	\$112,939	\$200,846	\$0	\$12,883	11.41%	17.55%
Hamilton County Library	2000	\$87,493	\$13,300	\$0	\$853	0.98%	7.12%
Ellis Public Library	2000	\$20,837	\$5,050	\$0	\$324	1.55%	7.69%
Bucklin Public Library	2000	\$16,221	\$12,568	\$0	\$808	4.98%	11.12%
Elkhart Cemetery District	2000	\$21,450	\$1,772	\$0	\$115	0.54%	6.68%
Clay County Conservation District	2000	\$32,241	\$55,926	\$0	\$3,593	11.14%	17.28%
City of Linn Valley	2000	\$67,416	\$987	\$0	\$64	0.09%	6.23%
City of Blue Mound	2000	\$59,712	\$2,826	\$0	\$177	0.30%	6.44%
Kansas Workers' Risk Coop for Counties	2000	\$278,531	\$51,024	\$0	\$3,262	1.17%	7.31%
Lindsborg Community Library	2002	\$22,420	\$3,532	\$0	\$222	0.99%	7.13%
City of North Newton	2002	\$310,264	\$162,609	\$0	\$10,247	3.30%	9.44%
City of Arcadia	2002	\$51,653	\$15,904	\$0	\$1,001	1.94%	8.08%
Four County Mental Health	2002	\$6,238,766	\$1,522,093	\$0	\$160,854	2.58%	8.72%
City of Linwood	2003	\$33,332	\$2,384	\$0	\$151	0.45%	6.59%
Cottonwood Inc.	2003	\$5,285,643	\$1,133,377	\$0	\$71,426	1.35%	7.49%
Johnson County Fire District #2 Rural	2003	\$2,408,020	\$443,281	\$0	\$27,936	1.16%	7.30%
Basehor Community Library	2003	\$98,544	\$56,363	\$0	\$3,552	3.60%	9.74%
City of Gypsum	2003	\$50,313	\$4,792	\$0	\$302	0.60%	6.74%
Greenleaf Housing Authority	2003	\$16,793	\$22,495	\$0	\$1,417	8.44%	14.58%
City of Bentley	2004	\$69,854	\$38,102	\$0	\$2,527	3.62%	9.76%
Mulvane Public Library	2004	\$50,382	\$13,663	\$0	\$906	1.80%	7.94%
The Center for Counseling and Consultation	2004	\$2,102,111	\$1,148,546	\$0	\$76,189	3.62%	9.76%



TABLE 11A (cont.) LOCAL AFFILIATION COST FACTORS FOR FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING IN 2010

Employer	Year Affiliated	Projected 2010 Annual Payroll	Projected 1/1/2010 Unfunded Actuarial Liability	Projected 1/1/2010 Excess Benefit Liability	Payment on 1/1/2010 Unfunded Liabilities ²	Payment on Unfunded Liability as % of Payroll	Total Rate for Years Commencing ¹ in 2010
Crawford County RWD #2	2005	\$34,288	\$5,469	\$0	\$4,688	13.67%	19.81%
Doniphan County RFD #2	2005	\$71,216	\$9,123	\$0	\$605	0.85%	6.99%
City of Denison	2005	\$70,051	\$20,139	\$0	\$1,336	1.91%	8.05%
Stanton County Recreation Commission	2005	\$58,754	\$24,803	\$0	\$1,645	2.80%	8.94%
City of Salina	NA	\$12,971,655	\$0	\$115,688	\$30,656	0.24%	6.38%
City of Shawnee	NA	\$8,612,667	\$0	\$213,477	\$53,332	0.62%	6.76%
Unified Government - Wyandotte Co./ KCK	NA	\$59,830,943	\$0	\$551,463	\$134,050	0.22%	6.36%
City of Emporia	NA	\$5,363,872	\$0	\$6,731	\$1,622	0.03%	6.17%
City of Leavenworth	NA	\$5,223,052	\$0	\$8,248	\$1,988	0.04%	6.18%
Total		\$110,185,763	\$5,156,128		\$625,158		
¹ Basic local employer contribution rates excluding Death and Disability contribution:					FY 2009: 5.54%	% FY 20	10: 6.14%

¹Basic local employer contribution rates excluding Death and Disability contribution:

²Payments are assumed to be mid-year for Unfunded Actuarial Liability or Excess Benefit Liability

³The City of Herndon has elected to pay off their unfunded actuarial liability according to a fixed schedule. Payments are as of January 1.



TABLE 11B LOCAL AFFILIATION COST FACTORS - AFFILIATION AFTER 1/1/06 FOR FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING IN 2010

Effective for affiliations on or after January 1, 2006, the payment on the unfunded actuarial liability due to affiliation for prior service is amortized as a fixed level dollar payment. No adjustment is made to the employer contribution rate for these payments.

Annual Payment					
Year Affiliated	Unfunded Actuarial Liability on Jan 1 Following Affiliation	Due January 1 to Amortize Unfunded Liability	Final Payment Year		
2006 2006 2006	\$4,158 \$18,382 \$3,950	\$356 \$1,574 \$338	2032 2032 2032		
	Affiliated	YearLiability on Jan 1AffiliatedFollowing Affiliation2006\$4,1582006\$18,382	Unfunded ActuarialDue January 1 to AmortizeYearLiability on Jan 1to AmortizeAffiliatedFollowing AffiliationUnfunded Liability2006\$4,158\$3562006\$18,382\$1,574		



TABLE 12 KP&F EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION RATES FOR FISCAL YEARS COMMENCING IN CALENDAR YEARS 2009 AND 2010



TABLE 12 (cont.) KP&F EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION RATES FOR FISCAL YEARS COMMENCING IN CALENDAR YEARS 2009 AND 2010

Employer	Total Rate for Fiscal Year Commencing in 2009	Recommended Total Rate for Fiscal Year Commencing in 2010
City of Junction City	13.51 %	12.86 %
City of Lawrence	13.51	12.86
City of Leavenworth	14.69	14.17
City of Leawood	14.20	13.49
City of Lenexa	13.64	12.98
City of Manhattan	16.14	13.38
City of Merriam	13.51	12.86
City of McPherson	13.51	12.86
City of Mission	13.51	12.86
City of Newton EMTs	15.70	14.88
City of Newton	13.51	12.86
City of Olathe	13.58	12.93
City of Ottawa	13.51	12.86
City of Parsons	13.51	12.86
City of Pittsburg	16.30	15.57
City of Salina	17.24	16.05
City of Shawnee	14.13	13.99
City of Topeka	13.51	12.86
City of Wellington	16.75	16.32
City of Westwood	13.51	12.86
City of Winfield	17.33	16.70
Board of Regents Campus Police	13.38	12.72
Kansas Bureau of Investigation	13.38	12.72
Kansas Highway Patrol	13.38	12.72
Cowley County Sheriff's Dept	13.51	12.86
City of Gardner Public Safety Officers	13.51	12.86
City of Liberal Police & Firemen	13.51	12.86
City of Oswego	13.51	12.86
Leavenworth County	13.51	12.86
Pottawatomie County	13.51	12.86
City of Roeland Park	13.51	12.86
City of Edwardsville Police	16.27	15.22
City of Garden City	13.51	12.86
City of Lake Quivira	13.51	12.86
City of Paola	13.51	12.86
City of Winfield (EMS)	21.16	21.35
Miami County	13.51	12.86



TABLE 12 (cont.) KP&F EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION RATES FOR FISCAL YEARS COMMENCING IN CALENDAR YEARS 2009 AND 2010

	Total Rate for Fiscal Year	Recommended Total Rate for Fiscal Year
Employer	Commencing in 2009	Commencing in 2010
Atchinson County	13.51 %	12.86 %
City of Park City	13.51	12.86
Dickinson County	13.51	12.86
Leavenworth County (EMS)	13.51	12.86
City of Basehor	13.51	12.86
City of Edwardsville Firemen	18.70	17.67
City of Marion	13.51	12.86
City of Overbrook	13.51	12.86
Leavenworth County Fire District #1	13.51	12.86
Shawnee Heights Fire District	13.51	12.86
City of Lansing	13.51	12.86
State Fire Marshall	13.38	12.72
Seward County	13.51	12.86
City of Hays	13.51	12.86
Ellis County	13.51	12.86
City of Baldwin City	13.51	12.86
McPherson County	13.51	12.86
City of Spring Hill	13.51	12.86
City of Andover	13.51	12.86
Kearny County	13.51	12.86
Neosho County	13.51	12.86
Clark County	13.51	12.86
City of Wakefield	13.51	12.86



TABLE 13A KP&F EMPLOYER ADDITIONAL CONTRIBUTION RATES PRIOR SERVICE LIABILITY FOR FISCAL YEARS BEGINNING IN 2010

Employer	1/1/2008 Unfunded Prior Service Liability	Payment on Unfunded Liability*
Douglas County Law Enforcement	\$1,546,846	\$181,138
Ford County	0	0
Franklin County Sheriff's Dept	0	0
Gray County Sheriff's Dept.	0	0
Harvey County Sheriff's Dept.	0	0
Johnson County Fire Dept.	0	0
Johnson County Fire No. 1	0	0
Johnson County Fire No. 2	0	0
Johnson County Park Commission	0	0
Johnson County Sheriff's Dept.	292,715	67,758
Labette County Sheriff's Dept.	183,948	16,582
Reno County Sheriff's Dept.	0	0
Riley County Law Enforcement	0	0
Sedgwick County Fire No. 1	0	0
Sedgwick County Sheriff's Dept.	335,699	54,352
Sedgwick County EMT's	117,288	31,177
Shawnee County Sheriff's Dept.	1,250,497	154,845
Sumner County Sheriff's Dept.	84,268	11,639
Unified Gov't of Wyandotte County	0	0
Unified Gov't of Wyandotte Co KCK	0	0
City of Abilene	0	0
City of Arkansas City	0	0
City of Atchison	0	0
City of Bonner Springs	0	0
City of Chanute	0	0
City of Cimarron	0	0
City of Coffeyville	649,904	122,214
City of Concordia	66,200 0	12,471 0
City of Derby City of Dodge City	1,980,924	215,432
City of Emporia	1,900,924	215,452
City of Erie	0	0
City of Eudora	0	0
City of Fairway	0	0
City of Fort Scott	389,802	73,266
City of Herington	14,562	3,014
City of Hutchinson	0	0
City of Junction City	0	0
City of Lawrence	0	0
City of Leavenworth	44,610	24,838
,	,	_ ,,



TABLE 13A (cont.) KP&F EMPLOYER ADDITIONAL CONTRIBUTION RATES PRIOR SERVICE LIABILITY FOR FISCAL YEARS BEGINNING IN 2010

Employer	1/1/2008 Unfunded Prior Service Liability	Payment on Unfunded Liability*
City of Leawood	\$329,556	\$47,701
City of Lenexa	54,258	14,445
City of Manhattan	18,249	18,965
City of Merriam	0	0
City of McPherson	0	0
City of Mission	0	0
City of Newton EMTs	61,678	7,898
City of Newton	0	0
City of Olathe	43,381	13,718
City of Ottawa	0	0
City of Parsons	0	0
City of Pittsburg	539,466	101,429
City of Salina	1,289,547	242,452
City of Shawnee	109,885	20,681
City of Topeka	0	0
City of Wellington	300,210	56,430
City of Westwood	0	0
City of Winfield	568,231	86,672
Board of Regents Campus Police	0	0
Kansas Bureau of Investigation	0	0
Kansas Highway Patrol	0	0
Cowley County Sheriff's Dept	0	0
City of Gardner Public Safety Officers	0	0
City of Liberal Police & Firemen	0	0
City of Oswego	0	0
Leavenworth County	0	0
Pottawatomie County	0	0
City of Roeland Park	0	0
City of Edwardsville Police	230,690	18,952
City of Garden City	0	0
City of Lake Quivira	0	0
City of Paola	0	0
City of Winfield (EMS)	430,902	39,655
Miami County	0	0
Atchinson County	0	0
City of Park City	0	0
Dickinson County	0	0
Leavenworth County (EMS)	0	0
City of Basehor	0 426 480	0
City of Edwardsville Firemen	426,480	37,963



TABLE 13A (cont.) KP&F EMPLOYER ADDITIONAL CONTRIBUTION RATES PRIOR SERVICE LIABILITY FOR FISCAL YEARS BEGINNING IN 2010

Employer	1/1/2008 Unfunded Prior Service Liability	Payment on Unfunded Liability*
City of Marion	\$0	\$0
City of Overbrook	0	0
Leavenworth County Fire District #1	0	0
Shawnee Heights Fire District	0	0
City of Lansing	0	0
State Fire Marshall	0	0
Seward County	0	0
City of Hays	0	0
Ellis County	0	0
City of Spring Hill	0	0
City of Andover	0	0
Kearny County	0	0
Neosho County	0	0
Clark County	0	0
City of Wakefield	0	0
Total	\$ 11,359,796	\$ 1,675,686

* Payments are based on a remaining 40-year amortization periods, except for Harvey County Sheriff's Department (20 years) and Sedgwick County EMTs (30 years). Payments are assumed to made throughout the year.



TABLE 13B KP&F EMPLOYER ADDITIONAL CONTRIBUTION RATES PRIOR SERVICE LIABILITY - AFFILIATION AFTER 1/1/06 FOR FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING IN 2010

Effective for affiliations on or after January 1, 2006, the payment on the unfunded actuarial liability due to affiliation for prior service is amortized as a fixed level dollar payment. No adjustment is made to the employer contribution rate for these payments.

			Annual Payment		
Employer	Year Affiliated	Unfunded Actuarial Liability on Jan 1 Following Affiliation	Due January 1 to Amortize Unfunded Liability	Final Payment Year	
City of Baldwin City McPherson County	2007 2007	\$8,765 \$457	\$760 \$63	2032 2017	



TABLE 14 KP&F EMPLOYER ADDITIONAL CONTRIBUTION RATES FOR FISCAL YEARS BEGINNING IN 2010

Employer	Number of Employees	Total Estimated 2010 Payroll	Projected 1/1/2008 Excess Benefit Liability	Payment on Excess Benefit Liability*	Payment on Unfunded Liability (Table 13)	Total Payment Amount	As Percent of Payroll
Douglas County Law Enforcement	88	\$6,545,181	\$0	\$0	\$181,138	\$181,138	2.77 %
Ford County	49	2,294,504	0	0	0	0	0.00
Franklin County Sheriff's Dept	49	2,513,260	0	0	0	0	0.00
Gray County Sheriff's Dept.	10	454,319	0	0	0	0	0.00
Harvey County Sheriff's Dept.	23	1,082,692	0	0	0	0	0.00
Johnson County Fire Dept.	164	11,341,787	0	0	0	0	0.00
Johnson County Fire No. 1	18	991,172	0	0	0	0	0.00
Johnson County Fire No. 2	67	5,071,099	0	0	0	0	0.00
Johnson County Park Commission	19	1,003,224	0	0	0	0	0.00
Johnson County Sheriff's Dept.	507	36,615,225	0	0	67,758	67,758	0.19
Labette County Sheriff's Dept.	16	663,210	0	0	16,582	16,582	2.50
Reno County Sheriff's Dept.	65	3,324,072	0	0	0	0	0.00
Riley County Law Enforcement	100	5,768,029	0	0	0	0	0.00
Sedgwick County Fire No. 1	129	8,250,088	0	0	0	0	0.00
Sedgwick County Sheriff's Dept.	270	16,155,034	698	145	54,352	54,497	0.34
Sedgwick County EMT's	139	8,074,143	0	0	31,177	31,177	0.39
Shawnee County Sheriff's Dept.	107	5,925,405	0	0	154,845	154,845	2.61
Sumner County Sheriff's Dept.	21	803,762	0	0	11,639	11,639	1.45
Unified Gov't of Wyandotte County	834	3,884,658	0	0	0	0	0.00
Unified Gov't of Wyandotte Co KCK	0	53,665,832	5,021,098	1,197,350	0	1,197,350	2.23
City of Abilene	22	949,490	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Arkansas City	48	2,576,791	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Atchison	39	1,801,493	57,565	15,571	0	15,571	0.86
City of Bonner Springs	24	1,342,431	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Chanute	36	1,917,363	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Cimarron	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Coffeyville	46	2,425,926	0	0	122,214	122,214	5.04
City of Concordia	8	348,856	0	0	12,471	12,471	3.57
City of Derby	46	2,487,357	0	0	0	0	0.00



TABLE 14 (cont.) KP&F EMPLOYER ADDITIONAL CONTRIBUTION RATES FOR FISCAL YEARS BEGINNING IN 2010

		Total	Projected 1/1/2008	Dourmont on	Dourmont on		
	Number	Estimated	Excess	Payment on Excess	Payment on Unfunded	Total	
	of	2010	Benefit	Benefit	Liability	Payment	As Percent
Employer	Employees	Payroll	Liability	Liability*	(Table 13)	Amount	of Payroll
City of Dodge City	75	\$3,708,136	\$0	\$0	\$215,432	\$215,432	5.81 %
City of Emporia	95	4,893,373	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Erie	2	89,380	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Eudora	10	633,767	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Fairway	9	684,990	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Fort Scott	31	1,305,624	0	0	73,266	73,266	5.61
City of Herington	8	330,070	0	0	3,014	3,014	0.91
City of Hutchinson	156	9,327,374	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Junction City	98	5,209,096	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Lawrence	269	21,310,439	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Leavenworth	117	6,090,427	213,832	54,647	24,838	79,485	1.31
City of Leawood	111	7,512,144	0	0	47,701	47,701	0.63
City of Lenexa	172	11,970,073	0	0	14,445	14,445	0.12
City of Manhattan	67	3,648,020	0	0	18,965	18,965	0.52
City of Merriam	49	3,214,344	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of McPherson	44	2,180,170	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Mission	29	1,729,151	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Newton EMTs	6	391,519	0	0	7,898	7,898	2.02
City of Newton	67	3,796,547	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Olathe	281	20,668,205	0	0	13,718	13,718	0.07
City of Ottawa	45	2,667,484	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Parsons	44	1,888,616	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Pittsburg	73	3,749,605	0	0	101,429	101,429	2.71
City of Salina	164	9,926,327	266,391	74,383	242,452	316,835	3.19
City of Shawnee	143	11,144,111	391,558	104,777	20,681	125,458	1.13
City of Topeka	513	34,064,839	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Wellington	31	1,630,487	0	0	56,430	56,430	3.46
City of Westwood	7	539,584	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Winfield	40	2,256,178	0	0	86,672	86,672	3.84



TABLE 14 (cont.) KP&F EMPLOYER ADDITIONAL CONTRIBUTION RATES FOR FISCAL YEARS BEGINNING IN 2010

Employer	Number of Employees	Total Estimated 2010 Payroll	Projected 1/1/2008 Excess Benefit Liability	Payment on Excess Benefit Liability*	Payment on Unfunded Liability (Table 13)	Total Payment Amount	As Percent of Payroll
Board of Regents Campus Police	127	\$6,789,450	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.00 %
Kansas Bureau of Investigation	88	6,377,082	0	0	0	0	0.00
Kansas Highway Patrol	526	36,719,874	0	0	0	0	0.00
Cowley County Sheriff's Dept	27	1,067,851	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Gardner Public Safety Officers	37	2,118,738	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Liberal Police & Firemen	51	2,368,157	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Oswego	5	192,162	0	0	0	0	0.00
Leavenworth County	47	2,482,974	0	0	0	0	0.00
Pottawatomie County	25	1,129,196	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Roeland Park	15	890,442	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Edwardsville Police	15	802,552	0	0	18,952	18,952	2.36
City of Garden City	85	4,120,400	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Lake Quivira	3	150,320	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Paola	16	821,429	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Winfield (EMS)	9	467,317	0	0	39,655	39,655	8.49
Miami County	46	2,485,853	0	0	0	0	0.00
Atchinson County	11	422,733	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Park City	18	866,003	0	0	0	0	0.00
Dickinson County	15	704,388	0	0	0	0	0.00
Leavenworth County (EMS)	35	1,519,528	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Basehor	10	397,840	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Edwardsville Firemen	15	789,159	0	0	37,963	37,963	4.81
City of Marion	5	160,327	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Overbrook	2	74,107	0	0	0	0	0.00
Leavenworth County Fire District #1	4	187,453	0	0	0	0	0.00
Shawnee Heights Fire District	10	622,527	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Lansing	16	725,309	0	0	0	0	0.00
State Fire Marshall	10	578,181	0	0	0	0	0.00
Seward County	20	1,048,701	0	0	0	0	0.00



TABLE 14 (cont.) **KP&F EMPLOYER ADDITIONAL CONTRIBUTION RATES** FOR FISCAL YEARS BEGINNING IN 2010

			Projected				
Employer	Number of Employees	Total Estimated 2010 Payroll	1/1/2008 Excess Benefit Liability	Payment on Excess Benefit Liability*	Payment on Unfunded Liability (Table 13)	Total Payment Amount	As Percent of Payroll
City of Hays	54	\$2,638,317	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	0.00 %
Ellis County	42	2,268,006	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Baldwin City	9	488,161	0	0	**	**	0.00
McPherson County	1	24,187	0	0	**	**	0.00
City of Spring Hill	10	469,099	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Andover	28	1,364,459	0	0	0	0	0.00
Kearny County	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Neosho County	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Clark County	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
City of Wakefield	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.00
Total	7,137 \$	449,168,760 \$	5,951,143 \$	1,446,873 \$	1,675,686 \$	3,122,559	

* Payments are based on paying off the liability in 2014.
** See Table 13b for fixed dollar amortization schedule.



SECTION 6

ACCOUNTING AND OTHER INFORMATION

Historically, Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 5, "Disclosure of Pension Information by Public Employee Retirement Systems and State and Local Government Employers", required the disclosure of the funded status of the Plan on an annual basis using the pension benefit obligation (PBO).

In an effort to enhance the understandability and usefulness of the pension information that is included in the financial reports of pension plans for state and local governments, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 25 - Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans. This Statement, along with GASB Statement No. 27, supersedes GASB Statement No. 5.

GASB Statement No. 25, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 1996, establishes financial reporting standards for defined benefit pension plans. In addition to two required statements regarding plan assets, the statement requires two schedules and accompanying notes disclosing information relative to the funded status of the plan and historical contribution patterns.

- The Schedule of Funding Progress provides information about whether the financial strength of the Plan is improving or deteriorating over time.
- The Schedule of Employer Contributions provides historical information about the annual required contribution (ARC) and the percentage of the ARC that was actually contributed.

In addition to information required by GASB, we also provide an exhibit of the anticipated cash flows from the System.



TABLE 15KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEMACCOUNTING INFORMATION FOR GASB 25

Schedule of Funding Progress

(\$ in thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percent of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
12/31/2002	\$9,784,862	\$12,613,599	\$2,828,736	78%	\$4,865,903 ⁽¹⁾	58%
12/31/2003	10,853,462	14,439,546 ⁽²⁾	3,586,084	75%	4,978,132	72%
12/31/2004	10,971,427	15,714,092	4,742,666	70%	5,102,016	93%
12/31/2005	11,339,293	16,491,762	5,152,469	69%	5,270,351	98%
12/31/2006	12,189,197	17,552,791	5,363,593	69%	5,599,193	96%
12/31/2007	13,433,115	18,984,915	5,551,800	71%	5,949,228	93%

⁽¹⁾ Beginning with the 12/31/02 actuarial valuation, the unfunded liability of the TIAA group was eliminated. Therefore, covered payroll no longer includes the salaries of the non-KPERS unclassified employees of the Board of Regents institutions previously included.

⁽²⁾ Beginning with the 12/31/03 actuarial valuation, the actuarial cost method was changed to the Entry Age Normal (EAN) method.



TABLE 15 (cont.)KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEMACCOUNTING INFORMATION FOR GASB 25

	KPERS System	KP& F System	Judges System
Valuation Date	12/31/07	12/31/07	12/31/07
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percent Closed	Level Percent Closed	Level Percent Closed
Remaining Amortization Period	25 years	25 years	25 years
Asset Valuation Method	Difference between actual ret five-year period.	urn and expected return on mark	et value recognized evenly over
Actuarial Assumptions: Investment Rate of Return Projected Salary Increases	8.0% 4.0% - 12.0%	8.0% 4.0% - 12.5%	8.0% 4.5%
Cost of Living Adjustment	None	None	None



TABLE 16 KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM **ACCOUNTING INFORMATION FOR GASB 25**

Schedule of Employer Contributions For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30

Year	Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed
2003	\$282,329,785	78.9%
2004	338,879,960	69.4%
2005	381,791,085	68.6%
2006	471,424,006	63.4%
2007	531,292,151	63.9%
2008	613,221,030 *	63.6% *

*Due to timing of the actuarial valuation versus the System's fiscal year, the actual number is not yet available. The number shown is an estimate.

The numbers shown in this exhibit are provided by KPERS. Milliman has relied on the accuracy of the numbers as provided and has not verified them.



TABLE 17 KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM PROJECTED BENEFIT PAYMENTS

Year	State	School	Local	Total KPERS	KP&F	Judges	Total
2008	\$182,692,000	\$485,075,000	\$125,885,000	\$793,652,000	\$102,444,00 0	\$7,313,000	\$903,409,000
2009	196,263,000	529,537,000	138,648,000	864,448,000	109,658,000	8,217,000	982,323,000
2010	208,711,000	574,561,000	150,246,000	933,518,000	117,000,000	9,039,000	1,059,557,000
2011	221,801,000	621,330,000	163,142,000	1,006,273,000	124,503,000	9,726,000	1,140,502,000
2012	235,705,000	669,281,000	177,668,000	1,082,654,000	132,317,000	10,414,000	1,225,385,000
2013	250,946,000	719,395,000	194,406,000	1,164,747,000	140,267,000	11,151,000	1,316,165,000
2014	266,689,000	769,977,000	212,798,000	1,249,464,000	148,656,000	12,050,000	1,410,170,000
2015	282,662,000	820,889,000	232,304,000	1,335,855,000	157,535,000	13,039,000	1,506,429,000
2016	299,391,000	872,004,000	253,259,000	1,424,654,000	167,108,000	14,007,000	1,605,769,000
2017	316,120,000	923,497,000	275,407,000	1,515,024,000	177,250,000	14,991,000	1,707,265,000
2018	332,774,000	974,591,000	298,325,000	1,605,690,000	187,699,000	16,025,000	1,809,414,000
2019	348,933,000	1,024,300,000	321,748,000	1,694,981,000	198,691,000	16,923,000	1,910,595,000
2020	364,024,000	1,073,164,000	344,934,000	1,782,122,000	209,851,000	17,547,000	2,009,520,000
2021	378,756,000	1,120,568,000	368,142,000	1,867,466,000	221,299,000	18,153,000	2,106,918,000
2022	392,403,000	1,166,560,000	391,626,000	1,950,589,000	232,961,000	18,801,000	2,202,351,000
2023	404,935,000	1,211,321,000	414,201,000	2,030,457,000	244,432,000	19,247,000	2,294,136,000
2024	416,205,000	1,255,117,000	436,045,000	2,107,367,000	256,371,000	19,591,000	2,383,329,000
2025	426,454,000	1,297,335,000	457,472,000	2,181,261,000	268,438,000	19,924,000	2,469,623,000
2026	435,526,000	1,338,119,000	478,362,000	2,252,007,000	280,399,000	20,060,000	2,552,466,000
2027	442,518,000	1,377,031,000	497,622,000	2,317,171,000	292,474,000	20,018,000	2,629,663,000
2028	447,800,000	1,414,245,000	515,566,000	2,377,611,000	303,809,000	19,908,000	2,701,328,000
2029	451,551,000	1,450,056,000	531,999,000	2,433,606,000	314,431,000	19,750,000	2,767,787,000
2030	453,800,000	1,484,076,000	547,110,000	2,484,986,000	324,477,000	19,524,000	2,828,987,000
2031	455,033,000	1,516,666,000	561,207,000	2,532,906,000	333,871,000	19,163,000	2,885,940,000
2032	455,039,000	1,547,664,000	574,481,000	2,577,184,000	342,433,000	18,796,000	2,938,413,000
Note: Coop f	owo ovoludo rofund	novouto to ourron	t nonvocted inactiv	ios and assume future re	tiroon aloot the norma	form of novmont	

Note: Cash flows exclude refund payouts to current nonvested inactives and assume future retirees elect the normal form of payment.



APPENDIX A HISTORICAL SUMMARY OF MEMBERS

The following tables display selected historical data for KPERS, KP&F and Judges as available.

KPERS

				Active N	lembers						
Valu	ation		Number								
Date	Total			Entry		Annual	Pay	Deferred			Act/Ret
December 31	Count	Number	Age	Age	Service	Pay (\$)	Increase	Disabled*	Inactives	Retired	Ratio
2000	222,968	137,086	44.2	34.1	10.1	30,307	N/A		34,667	51,215	2.68
2001	229,185	139,253	44.4	34.2	10.2	31,279	3.2%		37,175	52,757	2.64
2002	234,023	140,498	44.7	34.3	10.4	31,634	1.1%		39,420	54,105	2.60
2003	237,123	141,401	45.0	34.4	10.6	32,111	1.5%	2,933	37,280	55,509	2.55
2004	238,375	140,779	45.3	34.4	10.8	32,937	2.6%	3,004	37,191	57,401	2.45
2005	241,684	142,047	45.3	34.4	10.9	33,724	2.4%	3,099	37,015	59,523	2.39
2006	245,555	144,227	45.4	34.6	10.8	35,284	4.6%	3,007	36,513	61,808	2.33
2007	249,624	146,406	45.5	34.7	10.8	36,924	4.6%	2,911	37,140	63,167	2.32

*Prior to 2003, deferred disabled members were included in the Inactives count.

	Active Members										
Valua	ation	Average						Number			
Date	Total			Entry		Annual	Pay	Deferred			Act/Ret
December 31	Count	Number	Age	Age	Service	Pay (\$)	Increase	Disabled*	Inactives	Retired	Ratio
2000	10,083	6,258	38.1	27.7	10.4	44,511	N/A		794	3,031	2.06
2001	10,471	6,405	38.3	27.7	10.6	46,483	4.4%		855	3,211	1.99
2002	10,847	6,548	38.4	27.8	10.6	47,580	2.4%		961	3,338	1.96
2003	11,007	6,464	38.8	27.9	11.0	49,017	3.0%	0	1,087	3,456	1.87
2004	11,528	6,721	38.9	28.0	11.0	51,014	4.1%	187	1,062	3,558	1.89
2005	11,719	6,772	38.9	27.9	11.0	52,222	2.4%	194	1,099	3,654	1.85
2006	12,070	6,965	39.0	28.1	11.0	53,939	3.3%	186	1,134	3,785	1.84
2007	12,210	7,137	39.1	28.1	11.0	56,068	3.9%	175	1,143	3,755	1.90

KP&F

*Prior to 2003, deferred disabled members were included in the Inactives count.



APPENDIX A HISTORICAL SUMMARY OF MEMBERS (continued)

JUDGES

	Active Members									
Valua	ation	Average							Number	
Date	Total			Entry		Annual	Pay			Act/Ret
December 31	Count	Number	Age	Age	Service	Pay (\$)	Increase	Inactives	Retired	Ratio
2000	411	247	54.2	43.5	10.8	84,794		14	150	1.65
2001	417	252	54.4	43.9	10.5	85,625	1.0%	18	147	1.71
2002	417	248	55.0	43.9	11.1	86,116	0.6%	15	154	1.64
2003	424	250	55.1	43.8	11.3	86,770	0.8%	15	159	1.56
2004	435	251	55.5	43.9	11.6	88,761	2.3%	18	166	1.51
2005	444	254	55.7	44.1	11.6	90,585	2.1%	19	171	1.47
2006	447	257	56.2	44.2	11.9	96,743	6.8%	18	172	1.49
2007	455	261	56.6	44.8	11.8	101,732	5.2%	14	180	1.45



APPENDIX A SUMMARY OF DATA FILE RECONCILIATION

The following table reconciles the data Milliman received from KPERS to the final membership counts used in the valuation.

Records on the in-pay data file Removed deaths prior to 12/31/07 Records used in the valuation	80,467 (13,365) 67,102
Records on the not-in-pay data file	211,576
Records removed because the member has received all benefits or is in a non-benefiting group	(16,389)
Records used in the valuation	195,187

These records are allocated as follows:

	State	School	Local	KP&F	Judges
Active members Vested inactive members Nonvested inactive members Total Not-in pay	24,024 3,159 <u>2,866</u> 30,049	86,468 6,116 <u>17,537</u> 110,121	35,914 3,259 <u>7,114</u> 46,287	7,137 307 <u>1,011</u> 8,455	261 14 0 275
Retirees and beneficiaries	14,994	35,412	12,761	3,755	180
TOTAL	45,043	145,533	59,048	12,210	455

KPERS is in the process of implementing a new computer information system. The in-pay data supplied for the 12/31/07 valuation was first produced using the new system. The not-in-pay data was first provided from the new system for the 12/31/06 valuation. While we did not audit the data, we did a limited review for reasonableness and did not find anything that appeared to have a material impact.



APPENDIX A SUMMARY OF MEMBERSHIP DATA

KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM ACTIVE MEMBER DATA

	12/31/2007	12/31/2006
State/School		
Number Average Current Age Average Service Average Pay	110,492 45.43 11.02 \$36,615	108,547 45.35 11.08 \$34,976
State		
Number Average Current Age Average Service Average Pay	24,024 47.41 12.87 \$38,951	23,840 47.38 12.93 \$36,482
School		
Number Average Current Age Average Service Average Pay	86,468 44.87 10.51 \$35,966	84,707 44.78 10.56 \$34,553
Local		
Number Average Current Age Average Service Average Pay	35,914 45.77 10.23 \$37,874	35,680 45.60 10.08 \$36,219
KPERS Total		
Number Average Current Age Average Service Average Pay	146,406 45.51 10.83 \$36,924	144,227 45.41 10.83 \$35,284



APPENDIX A SUMMARY OF MEMBERSHIP DATA

KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM ACTIVE MEMBER DATA

KP&F	12/31/2007	12/31/2006
Number	7,137	6,965
Tier I	584	618
Tier II	6,553	6,347
Average Current Age	39.10	39.00
Average Service	10.96	10.92
Average Pay	\$56,068	\$53,939
Judges		
Number	261	257
Average Current Age	56.64	56.15
Average Service	11.85	11.94
Average Pay	\$101,732	\$96,743
System Total		
Number	153,804	151,449
Average Current Age	45.23	45.14
Average Service	10.83	10.84
Average Pay	\$37,922	\$36,246



SUMMARY OF MEMBERSHIP DATA

	12/31/2007	12/31/2006
State inactive vested inactive nonvested deferred disabled	2,133 2,866 1,026	2,093 2,824 1,080
School inactive vested inactive nonvested deferred disabled	5,025 17,537 1,091	4,945 17,158 1,122
Local inactive vested inactive nonvested deferred disabled	2,465 7,114 794	2,391 7,102 805
KPERS Total inactive vested inactive nonvested deferred disabled	9,623 27,517 2,911	9,429 27,084 3,007
KP&F inactive vested inactive nonvested deferred disabled	132 1,011 175	139 995 186
Judges inactive vested inactive nonvested deferred disabled	14 0 0	18 0 0
System Total inactive vested inactive nonvested deferred disabled	9,769 28,528 3,086	9,586 28,079 3,193

KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM INACTIVE MEMBER DATA



APPENDIX A SUMMARY OF MEMBERSHIP DATA

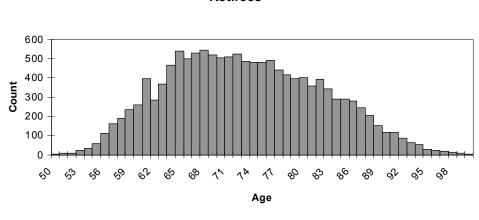
State	12/31/2007	12/31/2006
Number Average Benefit Average Age	14,994 \$11,200 72.67	14,937 \$10,851 72.85
School		
Number Average Benefit Average Age	35,412 \$12,539 71.96	34,389 \$12,129 72.24
Local		
Number Average Benefit Average Age	12,761 \$8,528 72.87	12,482 \$8,204 73.21
KPERS Total		
Number Average Benefit Average Age	63,167 \$11,411 72.31	61,808 \$11,027 72.59
KP&F		
Number Average Benefit Average Age	3,755 \$24,560 63.10	3,785 \$23,096 62.50
Judges		
Number Average Benefit Average Age	180 \$33,850 73.60	172 \$32,249 73.50
System Total		
Number Average Benefit Average Age	67,102 \$12,207 71.80	65,765 \$11,777 72.01

KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM RETIREE AND BENEFICIARY MEMBER DATA



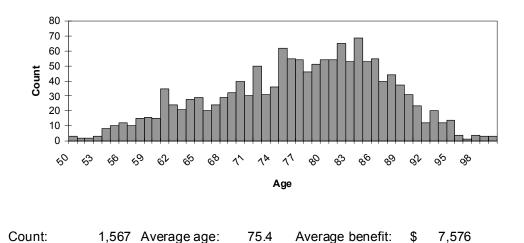
as of December 31, 2007

STATE



Retirees

Count: 13,427 Average age: 73 Average benefit: \$ 11,624

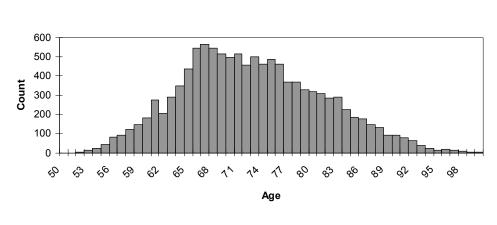


Beneficiaries

Number of certain only beneficiaries not graphed: 91

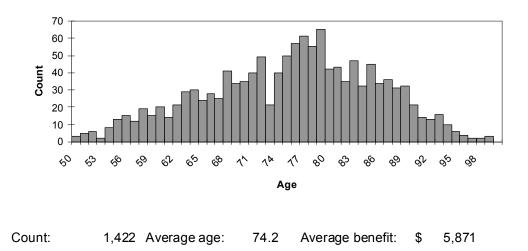
as of December 31, 2007

LOCAL



Retirees

Count: 11,339 Average age: 72.7 Average benefit: \$ 8,862



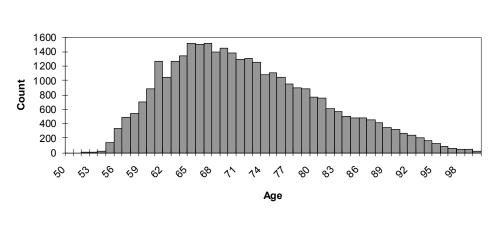
Beneficiaries

Number of certain only beneficiaries not graphed: 93



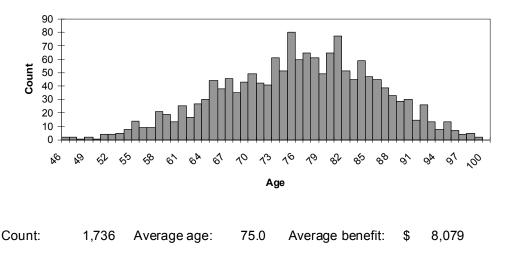
as of December 31, 2007

SCHOOL



Retirees

Count: 33,676 Average age: 71.8 Average benefit: \$ 12,769



Beneficiaries

Number of certain only beneficiaries not graphed: 141

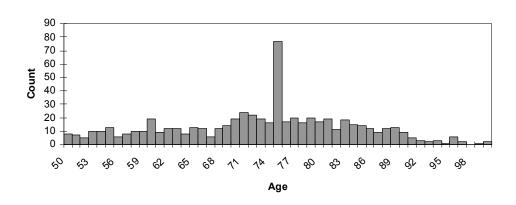


as of December 31, 2007

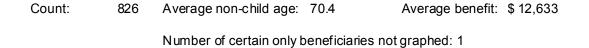
KP&F



Count: 2,929 Average age: 63.5 Average benefit: \$ 27,924



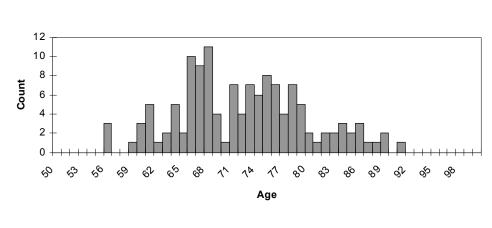
Beneficiaries



L Milliman

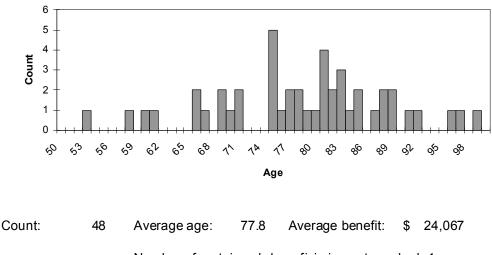
as of December 31, 2007

JUDGES



Retirees

Count: 132 Average age: 72.1 Average benefit: \$ 37,407



Beneficiaries

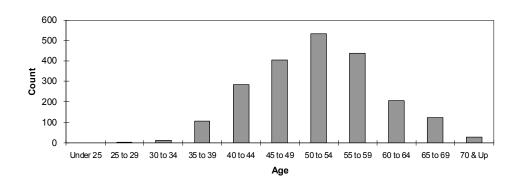
Number of certain only beneficiaries not graphed: 1



as of December 31, 2007

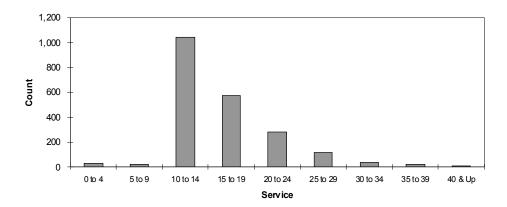
STATE

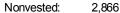
					Ser	vice				
Age	0 to 4	5 to 9	10 to 14	15 to 19	20 to 24	25 to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39	40 & Up	Total
Under 25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25 to 29	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
30 to 34	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	11
35 to 39	0	0	94	12	0	0	0	0	0	106
40 to 44	0	0	191	78	15	0	0	0	0	284
45 to 49	0	0	206	133	51	13	0	0	0	403
50 to 54	2	3	258	143	81	31	15	0	0	533
55 to 59	0	0	186	119	82	38	12	2	0	439
60 to 64	0	1	68	61	34	20	5	14	3	206
65 to 69	16	15	20	25	21	12	5	4	5	123
70 & Up	12	5	5	3	0	1	1	0	0	27
Total	30	24	1,040	574	284	115	38	20	8	2,133



Age Distribution





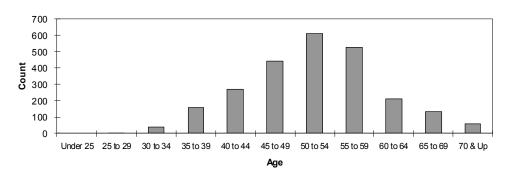




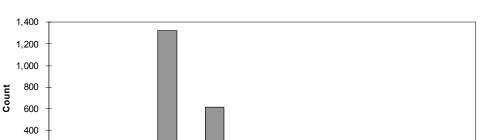
as of December 31, 2007

LOCAL

					Ser	vice				
Age	0 to 4	5 to 9	10 to 14	15 to 19	20 to 24	25 to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39	40 & Up	Total
Under 25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25 to 29	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
30 to 34	0	0	38	0	0	0	0	0	0	38
35 to 39	0	0	144	15	0	0	0	0	0	159
40 to 44	0	1	195	63	10	0	0	0	0	269
45 to 49	0	1	270	123	44	8	0	0	0	446
50 to 54	4	2	293	175	81	44	14	0	0	613
55 to 59	3	1	247	159	58	39	15	5	1	528
60 to 64	0	0	110	54	24	12	8	5	0	213
65 to 69	46	17	23	19	18	7	5	1	0	136
70 & Up	36	13	5	4	3	0	1	0	0	62
Total	89	35	1,326	612	238	110	43	11	1	2,465



Age Distribution



Service Distribution

Nonvested: 7,114



200 0

0 to 4

5 to 9

10 to 14

15 to 19

This work product was prepared solely for KPERS for the purposes described herein and may not be appropriate to use for other purposes. Milliman does not intend to benefit and assumes no duty or liability to other parties who receive this work.

20 to 24

Service

25 to 29

30 to 34

35 to 39

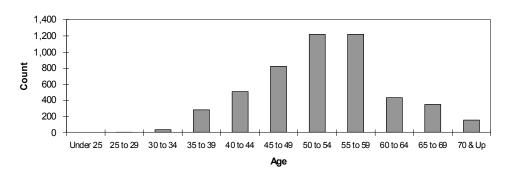
40 & Up

as of December 31, 2007

SCHOOL

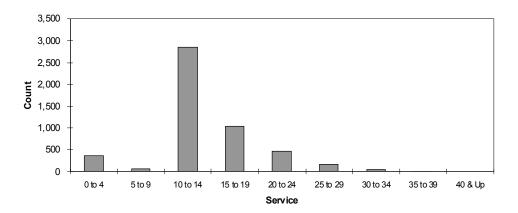
.

					Ser	vice				
Age	0 to 4	5 to 9	10 to 14	15 to 19	20 to 24	25 to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39	40 & Up	Total
Under 25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
25 to 29	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
30 to 34	0	0	36	0	0	0	0	0	0	36
35 to 39	0	0	261	18	2	0	0	0	0	281
40 to 44	0	0	405	90	10	1	0	0	0	506
45 to 49	0	0	531	195	80	12	1	0	0	819
50 to 54	18	0	689	291	147	70	10	0	0	1,225
55 to 59	0	2	657	322	159	65	10	4	0	1,219
60 to 64	13	0	232	115	51	12	9	2	0	434
65 to 69	214	42	37	18	16	12	7	2	1	349
70 & Up	113	30	9	2	1	0	0	0	0	155
Total	358	74	2,858	1,051	466	172	37	8	1	5,025



Age Distribution





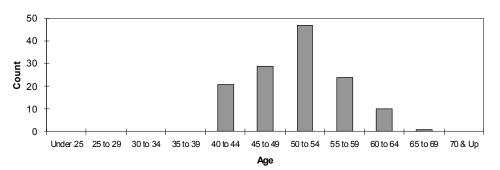
Nonvested: 17,537



as of December 31, 2007

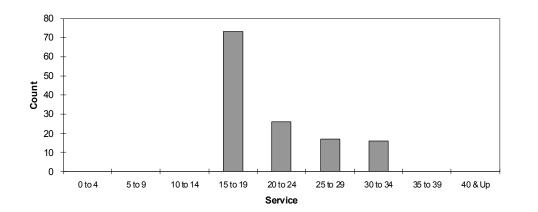
KP&F

		Service									
Age	0 to 4	5 to 9	10 to 14	15 to 19	20 to 24	25 to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39	40 & Up	Total	
Under 25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
25 to 29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
30 to 34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
35 to 39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
40 to 44	0	0	0	18	2	1	0	0	0	21	
45 to 49	0	0	0	18	10	1	0	0	0	29	
50 to 54	0	0	0	18	9	12	8	0	0	47	
55 to 59	0	0	0	11	4	3	6	0	0	24	
60 to 64	0	0	0	8	0	0	2	0	0	10	
65 to 69	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	
70 & Up	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	0	0	0	73	26	17	16	0	0	132	



Service Distribution

Age Distribution



Nonvested:



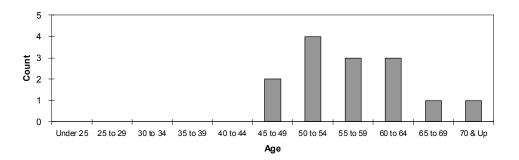
1,011

as of December 31, 2007

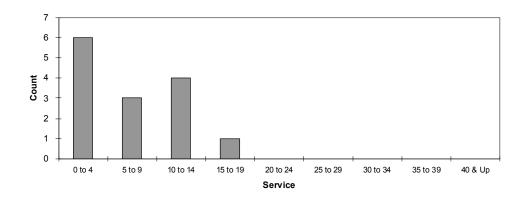
JUDGES

		Service									
Age	0 to 4	5 to 9	10 to 14	15 to 19	20 to 24	25 to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39	40 & Up	Total	
Under 25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
25 to 29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
30 to 34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
35 to 39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
40 to 44	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
45 to 49	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	
50 to 54	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	
55 to 59	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	
60 to 64	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	
65 to 69	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
70 & Up	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
Total	6	3	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	14	

Age Distribution



Service Distribution



Nonvested:

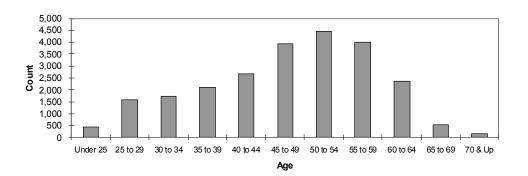


0

as of December 31, 2007

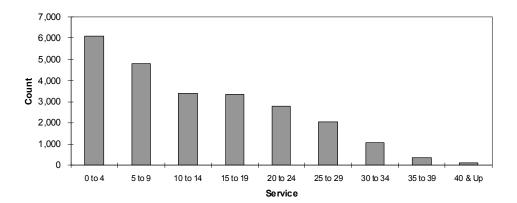
STATE

	Service									
Age	0 to 4	5 to 9	10 to 14	15 to 19	20 to 24	25 to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39	40 & Up	Total
Under 25	433	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	438
25 to 29	1,268	330	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,602
30 to 34	882	719	117	1	0	0	0	0	0	1,719
35 to 39	711	698	528	165	7	0	0	0	0	2,109
40 to 44	630	590	543	581	315	17	0	0	0	2,676
45 to 49	689	717	567	695	743	484	52	0	0	3,947
50 to 54	618	711	593	701	673	732	414	23	0	4,465
55 to 59	526	544	563	662	630	511	386	168	15	4,005
60 to 64	262	354	342	441	326	230	176	154	75	2,360
65 to 69	53	97	89	88	81	60	31	18	24	541
70 & Up	29	24	23	23	27	17	4	6	9	162
Total	6,101	4,789	3,369	3,357	2,802	2,051	1,063	369	123	24,024



Age Distribution

Service Distribution



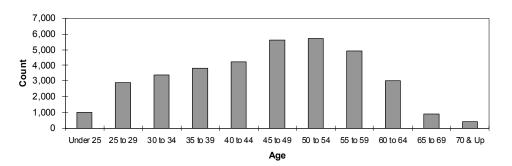


as of December 31, 2007

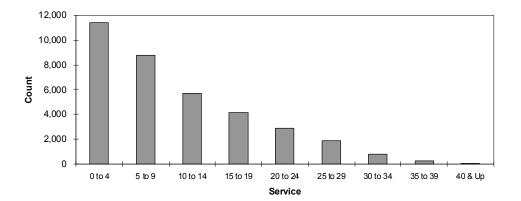
LOCAL

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	Service									
Age	0 to 4	5 to 9	10 to 14	15 to 19	20 to 24	25 to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39	40 & Up	Total
Under 25	1,007	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,027
25 to 29	2,268	632	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	2,912
30 to 34	1,642	1,371	346	2	0	0	0	0	0	3,361
35 to 39	1,371	1,272	901	265	13	0	0	0	0	3,822
40 to 44	1,181	1,155	898	678	313	20	0	0	0	4,245
45 to 49	1,226	1,243	1,050	864	715	463	38	0	0	5,599
50 to 54	1,088	1,188	961	905	674	617	296	13	0	5,742
55 to 59	872	940	807	801	628	466	292	108	6	4,920
60 to 64	507	605	520	455	412	224	148	99	26	2,996
65 to 69	125	198	165	155	104	63	30	20	13	873
70 & Up	88	127	60	55	35	20	15	4	13	417
Total	11,375	8,751	5,720	4,180	2,894	1,873	819	244	58	35,914



Age Distribution



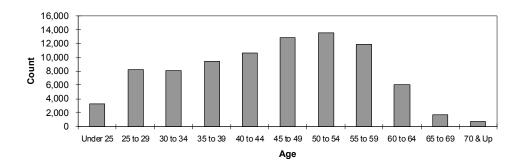
Service Distribution



as of December 31, 2007

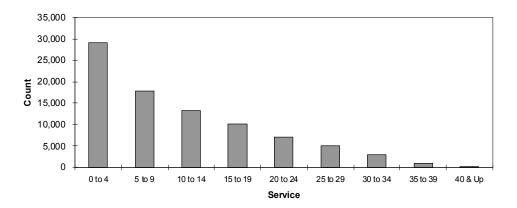
SCHOOL

	Service									
Age	0 to 4	5 to 9	10 to 14	15 to 19	20 to 24	25 to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39	40 & Up	Total
Under 25	3,201	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3,226
25 to 29	6,470	1,754	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	8,239
30 to 34	3,527	3,532	1,091	7	0	0	0	0	0	8,157
35 to 39	3,584	2,252	2,740	879	5	0	0	0	0	9,460
40 to 44	3,483	2,383	1,826	2,139	801	14	0	0	0	10,646
45 to 49	3,150	2,708	2,300	1,715	1,961	975	20	0	0	12,829
50 to 54	2,389	2,237	2,346	2,116	1,430	1,983	1,116	7	0	13,624
55 to 59	1,645	1,548	1,758	2,046	1,678	1,349	1,322	550	1	11,897
60 to 64	938	883	867	994	922	587	349	418	57	6,015
65 to 69	424	357	265	193	148	92	70	49	57	1,655
70 & Up	242	181	124	70	38	25	13	7	20	720
Total	29,053	17,860	13,332	10,159	6,983	5,025	2,890	1,031	135	86,468



Age Distribution

Prior Service Distribution

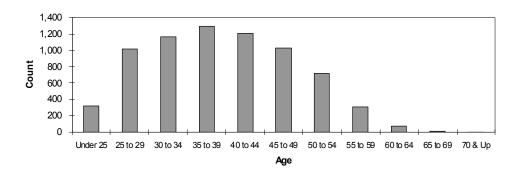




as of December 31, 2007

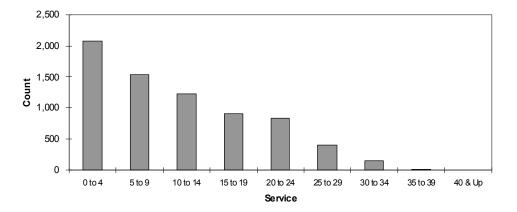
KP&F

		Service								
Age	0 to 4	5 to 9	10 to 14	15 to 19	20 to 24	25 to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39	40 & Up	Total
Under 25	318	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	319
25 to 29	786	235	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,021
30 to 34	420	556	189	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,165
35 to 39	250	398	514	120	6	0	0	0	0	1,288
40 to 44	135	175	308	375	213	5	0	0	0	1,211
45 to 49	77	81	122	226	381	132	4	0	0	1,023
50 to 54	52	52	52	102	174	202	84	0	0	718
55 to 59	31	17	35	64	57	47	50	2	0	303
60 to 64	9	12	8	13	9	10	8	4	0	73
65 to 69	3	2	2	2	1	1	0	2	0	13
70 & Up	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Total	2,081	1,530	1,232	902	841	397	146	8	0	7,137



Age Distribution





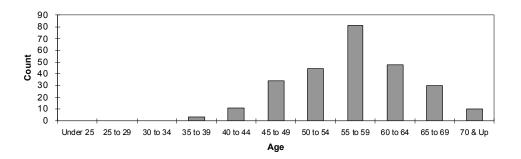


as of December 31, 2007

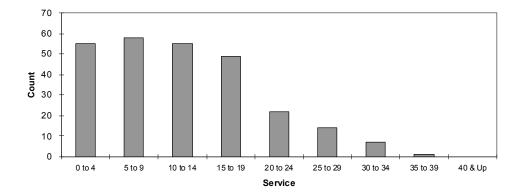
JUDGES

		Service									
Age	0 to 4	5 to 9	10 to 14	15 to 19	20 to 24	25 to 29	30 to 34	35 to 39	40 & Up	Total	
Under 25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
25 to 29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
30 to 34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
35 to 39	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	
40 to 44	9	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	
45 to 49	17	14	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	34	
50 to 54	10	13	9	11	1	0	0	0	0	44	
55 to 59	11	19	17	19	9	4	2	0	0	81	
60 to 64	3	6	14	13	4	6	2	0	0	48	
65 to 69	3	4	8	4	6	3	2	0	0	30	
70 & Up	0	1	3	1	2	1	1	1	0	10	
Total	55	58	55	49	22	14	7	1	0	261	

Age Distribution



Service Distribution





APPENDIX B

SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

Plan Membership

The Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (the Retirement System, or, the System), is an umbrella organization administering three statewide retirement systems: the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS), the Kansas Police and Firemen's Retirement System (KP & F), and the Kansas Retirement System for Judges. All three systems are defined benefit, contributory plans that cover substantially all public employees in Kansas. The Kansas Retirement System for Judges is a single employer plan, while the other two are cost-sharing, multiple employer plans. Participation by the State of Kansas is mandatory, whereas participation by local political subdivisions is optional but irrevocable once elected. Benefit payments are also provided for a certain group of legislative employees.

Employee Membership

Membership is mandatory for all employees in covered positions, except elected officials. A covered position for non-school employees is one that is covered by Social Security, is not seasonal or temporary, and requires at least 1,000 hours of work per year. School employees become KPERS members on their date of employment. School employees who work at least 630 hours per year or 3.5 hours per day for at least 180 days are eligible for membership. Non-school employees become KPERS members after one year of continuous employment. Those who retire under the provisions of the Retirement System may not become contributing members again.

KANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM Summary of Provisions *

Normal Retirement

Eligibility – Eligibility is (a) Age 65, or (b) age 62 with ten years of credited service, or (c) any age when combined age and years of credited service equal 85 "points". Age is determined by the member's last birthday and is not rounded up.

Benefits – Benefits are based on the member's years of credited service, Final Average Salary (FAS), and a statutory multiplier. For those who were hired prior to July 1, 1993, Final Average Salary equals the greater of either: a four-year Final Average Salary, including add-ons, such as sick and annual leave; or a three-year Final Average Salary, excluding add-ons, such as sick and annual leave. For those who are hired on or after July 1, 1993, Final Average Salary equals the average of the three highest years of service, excluding add-ons, such as sick and annual leave.

Prior Service Credit – Prior service credit is 0.75% or 1% of Final Average Salary per year [School employees receive 0.75% Final Average Salary for each year of prior service that is not credited under the former Kansas School Retirement System (KSRS)].

Participating Service Credit – Participating service credit is 1.75% of Final Average Salary.

* Does not reflect the benefit provisions for employees hired on/after July 1, 2009. These provisions were not used in this valuation.



Early Retirement

Eligibility – Eligibility is age 55 and ten years of credited service.

Benefit – The normal retirement benefit is reduced 0.2% per month for each month between the ages of 60 and 62, plus 0.6% for each month between the ages of 55 and 60.

Vesting Requirements

Eligibility – A member must have ten years of credited service. Should the vested member terminate employment, the member must leave accumulated contributions on deposit with the Retirement System to be eligible for future benefits. If a vested member terminates employment and withdraws accumulated contributions, the member forfeits all rights and privileges under the Retirement System.

Benefit – Retirement benefits are payable when the vested member reaches normal retirement age, or reduced benefits are payable when the vested member reaches a specified early retirement age.

Other Benefits

Withdrawal Benefit – Members who terminate employment may withdraw contributions with interest after the last day on the employer's payroll. Withdrawing contributions forfeits all membership rights and benefits, which a member may have accrued prior to withdrawing their contributions from the Retirement System. Former members, who return to covered employment within five years after terminating employment, will not have lost any membership rights or privileges if they *haven't* withdrawn contributions. The Retirement Act provides for withdrawal of contributions 30 days after employment terminates, but it does not allow members to borrow from contributions.

Disability Benefit – Members receiving disability benefits under the KPERS Death and Disability Benefits Program continue to receive service credit under KPERS. If a disabled member retires after receiving disability benefits for at least five years immediately preceding retirement, the member's Final Average Salary is adjusted by the actuarial salary increase assumption rates in existence during the member's period of disability prior to July 1, 1993, 5% per year to July, 1998 and the change in CPI-U less 1%, not to exceed 4% after July, 1998.

Death Benefits - Pre-retirement death (non-service connected) – The member's accumulated contributions plus interest are paid in a lump sum to the designated beneficiary. In lieu of receiving the member's accumulated contributions, the surviving spouse of a member who is eligible to retire at death may elect to receive benefits under any survivor option. The spouse must be the member's sole designated beneficiary to exercise this option. If the member had at least 10 years of credited service, but had not reached retirement age, the spouse may elect to leave the member's contributions on deposit with the System and receive a monthly benefit to begin on the date the member would have been eligible to retire.

Service-connected accidental death – The member's accumulated contributions plus interest, plus lump sum amount of \$50,000, plus annual benefit based on 50% of Final Average Salary; reduced by Workers' Compensation benefits and subject to a minimum benefit of \$100 a month; are payable to a spouse, minor children, or dependent parents, for life, or until the youngest child reaches age 18 (or up to age 23 if they are full-time students), in this order of preference. The monthly accidental death benefit is in lieu of any joint/survivor benefit for which the surviving spouse would have been eligible.



Post-retirement death – A lump sum amount of \$4,000 is payable to the member's beneficiary. If the member has selected a retirement option, benefits are paid to the joint annuitant or the designated beneficiary. Under joint and survivor retirement options, if the joint annuitant predeceases the retired member, the reduced option benefit is increased to the amount the retired member would have received if no retirement option had been elected. Benefits payable to a joint annuitant cease at the joint annuitant's death. If a member does not select an option, the designated beneficiary receives the excess, if any, of the member's accumulated contributions plus interest over total benefits paid to date of death.

Member Contributions

Member contributions are 4% of compensation. Interest is credited to members' contribution accounts on June 30 each year, based on account balance as of the preceding December 31. Those who became members prior to July 1, 1993, have interest credited to their accounts at the rate of 8% per year. Those who become members on and after July 1, 1993, have interest credited to their accounts at the rate of 4% per year.

Employer Contributions

Rates are certified by the Board of Trustees, based on the results of annual actuarial valuations.

Board of Regents Plan Members (TIAA and equivalents)

Board of Regents plan members (TIAA and equivalents) do not make contributions to KPERS. They receive prior service benefits for service before 1962; the benefit is 1% of Final Average Salary for each year of credited prior service. Service after 1961 is counted for purposes of determining eligibility for vesting.

Correctional Members

Correctional employees, as certified to the Board of Trustees by the Secretary of Corrections, are defined in K.S.A. 74-4914a: (a) correctional officers, (b) certain directors and deputy directors of correctional institutions, (c) correctional power plan operators, (d) correctional industries employees, (e) correctional food service employees, and (f) correctional maintenance employees.

For groups (a) and (b) with at least three consecutive years of credited service, in such positions immediately preceding retirement, normal retirement age is 55 or Rule of 85 and early retirement requirements are age 50 with ten years of credited service. For groups (c), (d), (e), and (f) with at least three consecutive years of service in such positions immediately preceding retirement, normal retirement age is 60 or Rule of 85 and early retirement requirements are 55 with ten years of credited service.

KANSAS POLICE & FIREMEN'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Normal Retirement

Tier I* – age 55 and 20 years of service or 32 years of service (regardless of age). **Tier II**** – age 50 and 25 years of service, or age 55 and 20 years of service, or age 60 and 15 years of service.

Benefits – Benefits are based on the member's Final Average Salary. For those who were hired prior to July 1, 1993, Final Average Salary equals the average of the highest three of the last five years of credited participating service, including add-ons, such as sick and annual leave. For those who are hired on or after July 1, 1993, Final Average Salary equals the average of the highest three of the last five years of participating service, excluding add-ons, such as sick and annual leave. Benefits are based on a member's years of credited service and a multiplier of 2.5% of Final Average Salary for each year of credited service, to a maximum of 80% of Final Average Salary.



Local Plan – For members covered by local plan provisions on the employer's entry date, normal retirement is at age 50 with 22 years of credited service.

Early Retirement

Eligibility – Members must be at least age 50 and have 20 years of credited service.

Benefit – Normal retirement benefits are reduced 0.4% per month under age 55.

Vesting Requirements

Eligibility – **Tier I** *: The member must have 20 years of service credit; if terminating employment, the member must leave contributions on deposit with the Retirement System to be eligible for future benefits. Unreduced benefits are payable at age 55 or reduced benefits are payable as early as age 50.

Eligibility – **Tier II****: The member must have 15 years of service credit to be considered vested. If terminating employment, the member must leave contributions on deposit with the Retirement System to be eligible for future benefits. A vested member may draw unreduced benefits as early as age 50 with 25 years of credited service, age 55 with 20 years of credited service, or age 60 with 15 years of credited service. A reduced benefit is available at age 50 with 20 years of credited service.

Other Benefits

Withdrawal Benefits – Members who terminate employment before retirement may withdraw contributions with interest after the last day on the employer's payroll. Withdrawal of contributions forfeits all membership rights and benefits, which a member may have accrued prior to withdrawing accumulated contributions from the Retirement System. Former members, who return to covered employment within five years after terminating employment, will not have lost any membership rights or privileges if they haven't withdrawn contributions.

Disability Benefits

Tier I*: Service-connected disability – There are no age or service requirements to be eligible for this benefit. There is an annual benefit of 50% of Final Average Salary, plus 10% of Final Average Salary for each dependent child under age 18 (or up to age 23 for full-time students), to a maximum of 75% of Final Average Salary. If dependent benefits aren't payable, the benefit is 50% of Final Average Salary or 2.5% for each year of credited service up to a maximum of 80% of Final Average Salary. Upon the death of a member after two years from the proximate cause of death which is the original service-connected disability, the same benefits are payable. Upon the death of a member after 2 years from a cause different than the disability for which the member is receiving service-connected disability benefits, the surviving spouse receives a lump sum payment of 50% of Final Average Salary. Additionally, a pension benefit of one-half the member's benefit is payable to either the spouse or to the dependent children.

Tier I*: Non-Service-connected disability – An annual benefit of 2.5% times years of credited service times Final Average Salary with a minimum of 25% of FAS and a maximum of 80% of FAS.

Tier II:** There is no distinction between service-connected and non-service-connected disability benefits. Annual benefit of 50% of Final Average Salary. Service Credit is granted during the period of disability. Disability benefits convert to age and service retirement at the earliest date the member is eligible for full retirement benefits. If the member is disabled for at least five years immediately preceding retirement, the member's Final Average Salary is adjusted during the period of Disability.



Death Benefits (Tier I* and Tier II**)

Active Member Service Connected Death – There is no age or service requirement. An annual benefit of 50% of Final Average Salary is payable to the spouse, plus 10% of Final Average Salary for each dependent child under age 18 [or up to age 23 if full time student(s)], to a maximum of 75% of Final Average Salary Active Member.

Active Member Non-Service Connected Death – A lump sum of 100% of Final Average Salary is payable to the spouse and a pension of 2.5% of Final Average Salary per year of credited service (to a maximum of 50%) is payable to the spouse. If there is no spouse, the monthly benefit is paid to the dependent children (age 18 or 23 if a full time student). If there is <u>no</u> surviving spouse or eligible children, the beneficiary will receive a lump sum payment of 100% of the member's current annual pay inclusive of the member's accumulated contributions.

Inactive Member Death – If an inactive member is eligible for retirement when death occurs, and the inactive member's spouse is the sole beneficiary, the spouse may elect to receive benefits as a joint annuitant under any option in lieu of a refund of the member's accumulated contributions.

Post-Retirement Death – There is a lump sum amount of \$4,000 payable, less any death benefit payable under local plan provisions. If the member has selected a retirement option, benefits are paid to the joint annuitant or the designated beneficiary. Under joint and survivor options, if the joint annuitant predeceases the retired member, the benefit is increased to the amount the retired member would have received if no option had been selected. Benefits payable to the joint annuitant cease when the joint annuitant dies. If no option is selected, the designated beneficiary receives the excess, if any, of the member's accumulated contributions over total benefits paid to the date of death. The surviving spouse of a transfer member (who was covered by local plan on the employer's entry date, who dies after retirement, and who has not elected a retirement benefit option) receives a lump sum payment of 50% of Final Average Salary. Additionally, a pension benefit of three-fourths of the member's benefit is payable either to the spouse or dependent children.

Classifications

*Tier I – Members have Tier I coverage if they were employed prior to July 1, 1989, and they did not elect

coverage under Tier II.

**Tier II – Members have Tier II coverage if they were employed July 1, 1989, or later. This also includes

members employed before July 1, 1989 who elected Tier II coverage.

Some KP&F members are considered either Tier I or Tier II Transfer or Brazelton members.

Transfer Member – member who is a former member of a local plan who elected to participate in KP&F. Former Kansas Highway Patrol and former Kansas Bureau of Investigation members are included in this group.

Brazelton member – member who participated in a class action lawsuit, whose contribution is lower, and whose benefits are offset by Social Security.

Member Contributions

Member contributions are 7% of compensation. For members with 32 years of credited service, the contribution rate is reduced to 2% of compensation.

Brazelton members contribute .008% with a Social Security offset. Benefits payable to these members are reduced by one-half of original Social Security benefits accruing from employment with the participating employer.



Employer Contributions

Individual rates are certified by the Board of Trustees for each participating employer based on the results of annual actuarial valuations.

KANSAS JUDGES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Normal Retirement

Eligibility – (a) Age 65, or (b) age 62 with ten years of credited service, or (c) any age when combined age and years of credited service equals 85 "points". Age is determined by the member's last birthday and is not rounded up.

Benefit – the benefit is based on the member's Final Average Salary, which is the average of the three highest years of service under any retirement system administered by KPERS. The basic formula for those who were members prior to July 1, 1987, is 5% of Final Average Salary for each year of service up to ten years, plus 3.5% for each year of service greater than ten, to a maximum of 70% of Final Average Salary. For those who became members on or after July 1, 1987, the formula is 3.5% for each year, to a maximum benefit of 70% of Final Average Salary.

Early Retirement

Eligibility – A member must be age 55 and have ten years of credited service to take early retirement.

Benefit – The retirement benefit is reduced to 0.2% per month for each month between the ages of 60 and 62, plus 0.6% per month for each month between the ages of 55 and 60.

Vesting Requirements

Eligibility – There is no minimum service requirement; however, if terminating employment, the member must leave contributions on deposit with the Retirement System in order to be eligible for future benefits. Eligible judges who have service credited under KPERS have vested benefits under both KPERS and the Retirement System for Judges when the combined total credited service equals ten years.

Benefit – Normal benefit accrued at termination is payable at age 62 or in reduced amount at age 55, provided the member has ten years of service credit. Otherwise, benefits are not payable until age 65.

Other Benefits

Disability Benefits – These benefits are payable if a member is defined as totally and permanently disabled as certified by the Supreme Court. The disability benefit, payable until age 65, is 3.5% of Final Average Salary for each year of service (minimum of 25% and maximum of 70% of Final Average Salary). Benefits are recalculated when the member reaches retirement age based on participating service credit for the period of disability. If a judge is disabled for at least five years immediately preceding retirement, the judge's Final Average Salary is adjusted.

Withdrawal Benefit – Members who terminate employment may withdraw contributions with interest, but forfeit any right to a future benefit.

Pre-retirement Death – A refund of the member's accumulated contributions is payable. In lieu of receiving the member's accumulated contributions, the surviving spouse of a member who is eligible to retire at death, may elect to receive benefits under any survivor benefit option. If the member had at least 10 years of credited service, but hadn't reached retirement age at the time of death, the spouse



may elect a monthly benefit to begin on the date the member first would have been eligible to retire as long as the member's contributions aren't withdrawn.

Post-retirement Death – A lump sum death benefit of \$4,000 is payable to the member's beneficiary. If the member had selected an option with survivor benefits, those benefits are paid to the joint annuitant or to the member's designated beneficiary. Under retirement options with survivor benefits, if the joint annuitant predeceases the retired member, the retirement benefit is increased to the amount the retired member would have received if no survivor benefits had been elected. Benefits payable to a joint annuitant cease when the joint annuitant dies. If no option was chosen by the retired member, the member's designated beneficiary receives the excess, if any, of the member's accumulated contributions over the total benefits paid to the date of the retired member's death.

Member Contributions

Judges contributions are 6% of compensation. Upon reaching the maximum retirement benefit level of 70% of Final Average Salary, the contribution rate is reduced to 2%.

Employer Contributions

Rates are certified by the Board of Trustees, based on the results of annual actuarial valuations.



APPENDIX C

ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

KPERS

Rate of Investment Return

Implicit Inflation Rate

Rates of Mortality: Post-retirement 8.0%

3.25%

The RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant table was first adjusted by an age setback or set forward. Rates were further adjusted to fit actual experience.

Starting Table

School Males: RP-2000 M Healthy -2 School Females: RP-2000 F Healthy -2 State Males: RP-2000 M Healthy +2 State Females: RP-2000 F Healthy +0 Local Males: RP-2000 M Healthy +2 Local Females: RP-2000 F Healthy -1

Sample Rates	
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	Sch	lool	St	ate	Local		
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
50	0.513%	0.183%	0.547%	0.218%	0.587%	0.204%	
55	0.549%	0.226%	0.625%	0.328%	0.670%	0.278%	
60	0.662%	0.384%	0.962%	0.577%	1.031%	0.481%	
65	1.051%	0.664%	1.597%	0.964%	1.712%	0.817%	
70	1.747%	1.074%	2.646%	1.557%	2.837%	1.318%	
75	2.917%	1.792%	4.550%	2.614%	4.878%	2.215%	
80	5.278%	3.643%	7.037%	4.567%	7.545%	4.171%	
85	9.331%	6.751%	11.292%	7.977%	12.108%	7.508%	
90	15.661%	11.589%	17.978%	13.563%	19.278%	12.869%	
95	24.301%	18.407%	24.888%	20.034%	26.687%	19.742%	
100	32.791%	24.186%	30.850%	24.459%	33.080%	24.990%	

Pre-retirement

School Males: 70 % of RP-2000 M Employees -2 School Females: 70% of RP-2000 F Employees -2 State Males: 70% of RP-2000 M Employees +2 State Females: 70% of RP-2000 F Employees +0 Local Males: 90% of RP-2000 M Employees +2 Local Females: 90% of RP-2000 F Employees -1

RP-2000 Disabled Life Table with same age adjustments as used for Retiree Mortality.

Disabled Life Mortality

C Milliman

Rates of Salary Increase

Years of Service	Rate of Increase*						
	<u>School</u>	<u>State</u>	Local				
1	12.00%	10.50%	10.50%				
5	6.55%	5.60%	6.20%				
10	5.10%	4.90%	5.20%				
15	4.60%	4.40%	4.80%				
20	4.10%	4.10%	4.60%				
25	4.00%	4.00%	4.10%				
30	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%				
			mption of 4.0% 5% productivity)				
(composed	01 5.25% 111		5% productivity)				

Rates of Termination

	Sch	ool	St	ate	Local		
Duration	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
0	21.00%	23.00%	17.00%	19.00%	20.00%	23.00%	
1	18.00%	18.00%	14.50%	15.00%	16.00%	20.00%	
2	14.00%	13.00%	12.00%	11.00%	13.20%	17.00%	
3	10.00%	11.00%	10.00%	10.00%	11.00%	14.00%	
4	8.00%	9.00%	8.00%	9.00%	9.60%	11.50%	
5	6.50%	7.25%	7.00%	8.00%	8.30%	9.00%	
6	5.50%	6.25%	6.00%	7.00%	7.10%	7.50%	
7	5.00%	5.50%	5.20%	6.00%	6.00%	6.50%	
8	4.50%	4.90%	4.60%	5.00%	5.00%	5.75%	
9	4.00%	4.30%	4.10%	4.60%	4.40%	5.00%	
10	3.60%	3.90%	3.90%	4.30%	3.80%	4.25%	
11	3.20%	3.50%	3.70%	4.00%	3.50%	3.75%	
12	2.90%	3.10%	3.50%	3.70%	3.30%	3.40%	
13	2.60%	2.80%	3.30%	3.50%	3.10%	3.20%	
14	2.40%	2.50%	3.10%	3.30%	2.90%	3.00%	
15	2.20%	2.30%	2.90%	3.10%	2.70%	2.80%	
16	2.00%	2.10%	2.70%	2.90%	2.50%	2.60%	
17	1.80%	1.90%	2.50%	2.70%	2.30%	2.40%	
18	1.60%	1.70%	2.30%	2.50%	2.10%	2.20%	
19	1.50%	1.50%	2.10%	2.30%	1.90%	2.00%	
20	1.40%	1.30%	1.90%	2.10%	1.80%	1.80%	
21	1.30%	1.20%	1.70%	1.90%	1.70%	1.60%	
22	1.20%	1.10%	1.50%	1.70%	1.60%	1.40%	
23	1.10%	1.00%	1.30%	1.50%	1.50%	1.20%	
24	1.00%	0.90%	1.10%	1.40%	1.40%	1.00%	
25	0.90%	0.80%	0.90%	1.30%	1.30%	0.90%	
26	0.80%	0.70%	0.70%	1.20%	1.20%	0.70%	
27	0.70%	0.60%	0.60%	1.10%	1.10%	0.60%	
28	0.60%	0.50%	0.50%	1.00%	1.00%	0.50%	
29	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.90%	0.50%	
30	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.80%	0.50%	
30+	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	



Retirement Rates

School

State

	Rule of 85		
	1st Year	After 1st Year	
<u>Age</u>	With 85 Points	With 85 Points	
53	20%	18%	
55	20%	18%	
57	22%	18%	
59	25%	23%	
61	30%	30%	

Early Retirement		Normal Retir	Normal Retirement	
<u>Age</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Rate</u>	
55	5%	62	30%	
56	5%	63	25%	
57	8%	64	35%	
58	8%	65	35%	
59	12%	66-71	25%	
60	15%	72-74	20%	
61	22%	75	100%	

	Rule	Rule of 85		
	1st Year	After 1st Year		
<u>Age</u>	With 85 Points	With 85 Points		
53	10%	15%		
55	15%	15%		
57	15%	12%		
59	15%	12%		
61	30%	25%		

Early Retirement		Normal Retirement	
<u>Age</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Rate</u>
55	5%	62	30%
56	5%	63	20%
57	5%	64	30%
58	5%	65	35%
59	8%	66-67	25%
60	8%	68-74	20%
61	20%	75	100%



Local

	Rule of 85			
	1st Year	After 1st Year		
<u>Age</u>	With 85 Points	With 85 Points		
53	11%	10%		
55	13%	10%		
57	13%	10%		
59	15%	12%		
61	25%	25%		

Early Retirement		Normal Retirement	
<u>Age</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Rate</u>
55	5%	62	25%
56	5%	63	20%
57	5%	64	30%
58	5%	65	35%
59	5%	66	25%
60	5%	67-74	20%
61	15%	75	100%

- Inactive vested members Age 62.
- For correctional employees with an age 55 normal retirement date -

<u>Age</u>	<u>Rate</u>
55	10%
58	10%
60	10%
62	45%
65	100%

- For correctional employees with an age 60 normal retirement date Age 62.
- For TIAA employees Age 66.

Rates of Disability

<u>Age</u>	School	<u>State</u>	<u>Local</u>
25	.025%	.036%	.030%
30	.028%	.102%	.065%
35	.034%	.161%	.097%
40	.058%	.244%	.143%
45	.110%	.376%	.209%
50	.213%	.511%	.363%
55	.362%	.720%	.600%
60	.680%	.920%	.850%

Indexation of Final Average Salary for Disabled Members: 2.5% per year



Probability of Vested Members Leaving Contributions With System

<u>Age</u>	<u>School</u>	<u>State</u>	Local
25	80%	65%	60%
30	80%	65%	60%
35	80%	65%	60%
40	80%	65%	60%
45	82%	75%	64%
50	87%	85%	74%
55	100%	100%	100%

Marriage Assumption: 70% of all members are assumed married with male spouse assumed 3 years older than female.

KP&F

	8.0%	
Rate of Investment Return		
Implicit Inflation Assumption	3.25%	
Rates of Mortality: Post-retirement	RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Table	
Pre-retirement	90% of RP-2000 Employee Table* *70% of preretirement deaths assumed to be service related.	
Disabled Life Mortality	RP-2000 Disabled Life Table	
Rates of Salary Increase	Years of Service 1 5 10 15 20 25 *Includes general wage increation 4.0% (composed of 3.25% in productivity)	



Rates of Termination

Tier I:	3% for ages less the	3% for ages less than 41; 0% thereafter		
	Years of <u>Service</u>			
		Rate		
Tier II:	1	13.0%		
	5	6.0%		
	10	2.5%		
	15	1.0%		
	20	1.0%		
	25	0.0%		

Retirement Rates

Tier I:	: Early Retirement		Normal Re	etirement
	<u>Age</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Age</u>	<u>Rate</u>
	50	5%	55	40%
	51	5%	56	30%
	52	5%	57	25%
	53	10%	58	40%
	54	30%	59	35%
			60	55%
			61	20%
			62	100%
Tier II:	Early Retir	ement	Normal Re	etirement
	<u>Age</u>	Rate	Age	<u>Rate</u>
	50	10%	50	25%
	51	10%	53	25%
	52	10%	55	25%
	53	15%	58	20%
	54	25%	60	20%
	-		61	40%

Inactive Vested: Assumed to retire at later of (i) eligibility for unreduced benefits or (ii) age 55.



62

63

35%

100%

Rates of Disability	Age	Rate*
-	22	.06%
	27	.07%
	32	.15%
	37	.35%
	42	.56%
	47	.76%
	52	.96%
	57	1.00%
	*90% assumed to be serv	vice-connected under KP & F Tier I.

Marriage Assumption: 80% of all members assumed married with male spouse assumed to be three years older than female.

Judges 8.0% Rate of Investment Return **Implicit Inflation Assumption** 3.25% **Rates of Mortality:** Post-retirement RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Table, set back two years 70% of RP-2000 Employee Table, set back two Pre-retirement years 4.5% **Rates of Salary Increase Rates of Termination** None assumed **Disabled Life Mortality** RP-2000 Disabled Life Table, set back two years **Rates of Disability** None assumed Age 64 or current age, if greater **Retirement Age**

Marriage Assumption: 70% of all members are assumed married with male spouse assumed 3 years older than female.



TECHNICAL VALUATION PROCEDURES

Data Procedures

In-pay members:

If a birth date is not available, the member is assumed to have retired at 62. If a retirement date is also not available, the member is assumed to be 75.

If a beneficiary birth date is needed but not supplied, males are assumed to be 3 years older than females.

Not in-pay members:

If a birth date is not available, it is assigned according to the following schedule:

<u>System</u>	Active member age at hire	Inactive member age at valuation
KPERS	34.7	50
KP&F	27.5	49
Judges	43.4	54

If gender is not provided, it is assigned randomly with a 40% probability of being male and 60% probability of being female.

Salaries for first year members are annualized assuming they were hired in the middle of the month of membership

Other Valuation Procedures

No actuarial accrued liability in excess of the unclaimed member contribution balance is held for nonvested, inactive members. A reserve is also held for accounts that have been forfeited but could be reclaimed in the future.

Benefits above the projected IRC Section 415 limit for active participants are assumed to be immaterial for the valuation.

The compensation limitation under IRC Section 401(a)(17) is considered in this valuation. On a projected basis, the impact of this limitation is insignificant.

Salary increases are assumed to occur mid-year.

Decrements are assumed to occur mid-year, except that immediate retirement is assumed for those who are at above the age at which retirement rates are 100%. Standard adjustments are made for multiple decrements. Withdrawal does not operate once early or unreduced retirement eligibility is met.



Actuarial Methods

1. Funding Method

Under the EAN cost method, the actuarial present value of each member's projected benefits allocates on a level basis over the member's compensation between the entry age of the member and the assumed exit ages. The portion of the actuarial present value allocated to the valuation year is called the normal cost. The actuarial present value of benefits allocated to prior years of service is called the actuarial liability. The unfunded actuarial liability represents the difference between the actuarial liability and the actuarial value of assets as of the valuation date. The unfunded actuarial liability is calculated each year and reflects experience gains/losses.

There are several components of the unfunded actuarial liability which are amortized over different periods. The increase in the unfunded actuarial liability resulting from the 1998 COLA is amortized over 15 years. The increase in the unfunded actuarial liability for Local employers resulting from 2003 legislation which made the 13th check for pre-July 2, 1987 retirees a permanent benefit is funded over a 10 year period beginning in 2005. The remainder of the unfunded actuarial liability is amortized over a period originally set at 40 years beginning July 1, 1993.

The UAL is amortized as a level percentage of payroll for all groups except Judges, who use a level dollar payment. The payroll growth assumption is 4% so the annual amortization payments will increase 4% each year. As a result, if total payroll grows 4% per year, as assumed, the amortization payment will remain level as a percentage of total current payroll.

2. Asset Valuation Method

For actuarial purposes, assets are valued using an asset smoothing method. The difference between the actual return and the expected return (based on the actuarial assumed rate of return) on the market value of assets is calculated each year and recognized equally over a five year period.



APPENDIX D

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Actuarial Accrued Liability	The difference between the actuarial present value of system benefits and the actuarial value of future normal costs. Also referred to as "accrued liability" or "actuarial liability".
Actuarial Assumptions	Estimates of future experience with respect to rates of mortality, disability, turnover, retirement, rate or rates of investment income and salary increases. Decrement assumptions (rates of mortality, disability, turnover and retirement) are generally based on past experience, often modified for projected changes in conditions. Economic assumptions (salary increases and investment income) consist of an underlying rate in an inflation-free environment plus a provision for a long-term average rate of inflation.
Accrued Service	Service credited under the system which was rendered before the date of the actuarial valuation.
Actuarial Equivalent	A single amount or series of amounts of equal actuarial value to another single amount or series of amounts, computed on the basis of appropriate assumptions.
Actuarial Cost Method	A mathematical budgeting procedure for allocating the dollar amount of the actuarial present value of retirement system benefit between future normal cost and actuarial accrued liability. Sometimes referred to as the "actuarial funding method".
Experience Gain (Loss)	The difference between actual experience and actuarial assumptions anticipated experience during the period between two actuarial valuation dates.
Actuarial Present Value	The amount of funds currently required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. It is determined by discounting future payments at predetermined rates of interest and by probabilities of payment.
Amortization	Paying off an interest-discounted amount with periodic payments of interest and principal, as opposed to paying off with lump sum payment.
Normal Cost	The actuarial present value of retirement system benefits allocated to the current year by the actuarial cost method.



APPENDIX D (continued)

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability The difference b

The difference between actuarial accrued liability and the valuation assets. Sometimes referred to as "unfunded actuarial liability" or "unfunded accrued liability".

Most retirement systems have unfunded actuarial accrued liability. They arise each time new benefits are added and each time an actuarial loss is realized.

The existence of unfunded actuarial accrued liability is not in itself bad, any more than a mortgage on a house is bad. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability does not represent a debt that is payable today. What is important is the ability to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability and the trend in its amount (after due allowance for devaluation of the dollar).

