## Employees' Retirement <br> System of Georgia <br> Comprehensive Annual <br> Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018
A component unit of the State of Georgia

## Building a Bridge to a More Comfortable Retirement



Talmadge Memorial Bridge - Savannah

## 2018

ERSGA
Employees' Retirement System of Georgia

## Our Mission

Our mission is to be the guardian of the State of Georgia's retirement plans and promote a dignified retirement for the members, retirees, and their beneficiaries.

Our vision is to demonstrate an unwavering commitment to delivering accurate and timely retirement benefits utilizing a knowledgeable staff and state-of-the-art technology to best serve the retirement needs of current and future members.

## Our Values

## Our Core Values are:

Integrity
Customer Service
Operational Excellence
Continuous Improvement and Innovation

ERSGA
Employees' Retirement System of Georgia

Employees' Retirement System of Georgia

## Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018 Prepared by the Financial Services Division

## Building a Bridge to a More Comfortable Retirement



Watson Mill Bridge - Comer

## James A. Potvin Executive Director

A component unit of the State of Georgia
ERSGA
Employees' Retirement
System of Georgia

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## Introductory Section

## Building a Bridge to a More Comfortable Retirement



Suspension Bridge over Tallulah Gorge - Rabun County

## Boards of Trustees

Employees' Retirement System, Legislative Retirement System, Georgia Defined Contribution Plan, and Georgia Military Pension Fund


Lonice Barrett Chair


Eli P. Niepoky Vice-Chair


Harold Reheis


Frank F. Thach, Jr.


Steven N. McCoy

## Public School Employees Retirement System*



Michael Lowe


Richard Taylor

Greg S. Griffin


Shawn Ryan


State Employees' Assurance Department**


Georgia Judicial Retirement System*

*The PSERS and GJRS boards are comprised of the members of the ERS board and additional members shown under each plan.
**SEAD - ERS Board Members Greg S. Griffin, Steven N. McCoy, Lonice Barrett, and Shawn Ryan serve in addition to the two members shown above.

# Letter of Transmittal 



Two Northside 75
Atlanta, GA 30318

December 21, 2018

I am pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the retirement systems and programs administered by the Employees' Retirement System of Georgia (the System) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The management of the System is responsible for the accuracy, completeness, and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures. It is to the best of our knowledge and belief that the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the System.

## Profile of the System

The System was established in 1949 by an Act of the Georgia General Assembly to provide benefits for all State employees. Plans administered by the System include the Employees' Retirement System (ERS), the Legislative Retirement System (LRS) established in 1979, the Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS) established in 1969, the Georgia Defined Contribution Plan (GDCP) established in 1992, the Georgia Judicial Retirement System (GJRS) established in 1998, and the Georgia Military Pension Fund (GMPF) established in 2002. In addition, the System is responsible for administering a Group Term Life Insurance Plan (SEAD), the 457 Plan established in 1974, and the 401(k) Plan established in 1994. A summary of each plan can be found on pages 30 through 39 of this report. The investments of all plans are pooled together into one fund except for the three defined contribution (DC) plans, which are maintained individually.

The ERS, LRS, GDCP, GMPF, 401(k), and 457 plans are governed by a 7-member Board of Trustees (Board) made up of 3 ex-officio members, 1 governor-appointed member, and 3 Board-appointed members. PSERS has the same Board as ERS with 2 additional governorappointed members. GJRS has the same Board as ERS with 3 additional governor-appointed members.

As of June 30, 2018, the System's defined benefit (DB) plans served a total of 110,007 active members and 71,072 retirees/beneficiaries from 698 employers around the state. There were 65,874 participants in the

401(k) plan with a total investment balance of \$992 million. The 457 plan had 12,882 participants with a total investment balance of $\$ 623$ million. There are 475 participating employers from around the state in the 457 and 401(k) plans.

## Legislation

In the 2018 session, two Acts were passed by the General Assembly and signed by the Governor, which impact the System:

Act 303 allows certain law enforcement members of ERS with at least ten years of service to purchase up to five years of certain non-vested local government law enforcement service, provided such members are not eligible to receive a present or future benefit from the local government, beginning July 1, 2018. Members must pay full actuarial cost for the service.

Act 301 is the FY 2019 Appropriations Act and provides funding for an increase in the PSERS multiplier from $\$ 15.00$ per year of service to $\$ 15.25$ per year of service, beginning July 1, 2018.

## Summary of Financial Information

The management of the System is charged with the responsibility of maintaining a sound system of internal accounting controls. The objectives of such a system are to provide management with reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorizations, and that they are recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that first, the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and second, the evaluation of the cost and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Even though there are inherent limitations in any system of internal control, the management of the System makes every effort to ensure that through systematic reporting and internal reviews, error or fraud

## Letter of Transmittal

would be quickly detected and corrected.
Please refer to the Management's Discussion and Analysis starting on page 15 of this report for an overview of the financial status of the System, including a summary of the System's Fiduciary Net Position, Changes in Fiduciary Net Position, and Asset Allocations.

For fiscal year 2018, the pooled investment fund generated a return of $9.2 \%$. The fund continues to invest in a mix of high-quality bonds and stocks which allows the System to participate in rising markets while controlling the downside risks. This has proven to be a successful strategy for other markets and for the System. For further information on investments of the pooled fund, please refer to the Investment Section on pages 89 through 94 of this report.

The objective of the System's pension trust funds is to meet long-term benefit promises through contributions that remain approximately level as a percent of member payroll over time while maintaining an actuarially sound system. Historical information relating to the progress in meeting this objective is presented on pages 125 and 126. The latest actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2017 showed the funded ratio of two of the five defined benefit plans increasing. The following table shows the change in funding percentage for each of the pension systems:

|  | FY2016 | FY2017 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| ERS | $74.7 \%$ | $74.7 \%$ |
| PSERS | $84.4 \%$ | $83.6 \%$ |
| LRS | $126.0 \%$ | $128.2 \%$ |
| GJRS | $111.1 \%$ | $107.9 \%$ |
| GMPF | $48.2 \%$ | $50.6 \%$ |

Further information regarding the funding condition of the pension plans can be found in the Actuarial Section of this report, beginning on page 96 .

## Excellence in Financial Reporting

For the eighth consecutive year, the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Employees' Retirement System of Georgia for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily
readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

## Initiatives

## Funding Policies

At a series of special meetings, the Boards of the various defined benefit systems approved a change to their respective funding policies. For the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation, the assumed investment rate of return and discount rate were $7.5 \%$. Effective with the June 30, 2017 valuation, the return assumption / discount rate will be reduced by $0.10 \%$ (10 basis points) from the immediate prior actuarial valuation, provided the actual rate of return for the fiscal year ending with the current valuation date exceeds the assumed rate of return from the immediate prior actuarial valuation. The reductions will continue until the rate of return assumption reaches 7.0\%.

The actual rate of return for FY 2017 was 12.4\%; therefore, for the June 30, 2017 valuation, the rate of return / discount rate was reduced to $7.4 \%$. Similarly, the actual rate of return for FY 2018 was $9.2 \%$; therefore, the June 30, 2018 valuations will use a new assumption of $7.3 \%$.

## Communications

In early 2018, ERS hired our first dedicated Communications Director, with a goal of expanding our outreach and more effectively broadcasting our most important messaging around the state.

The first project we subsequently completed was the launch of a new version of our external website, ers.ga.gov. Besides being more aesthetically pleasing than the prior version, the new website has a much more intuitive organization, features new content, and resides on a platform that is much easier to update and maintain. We will continue to work over the next year to enhance our member education tools and materials on the new site.

ERS is also beginning to focus more on working with our employers to reach their employees with information earlier and more frequently. This is

## Letter of Transmittal

especially important early in their careers with the state, as our members need to take an active role in managing their defined contribution accounts in order to maximize their retirement savings.

Finally, ERS is working on the creation of a Branding Guide, which will help us to present a consistent look externally via our various communication platforms. As a spinoff to that project, we are also beginning a comprehensive review of our forms, handbooks, and standard letters for consistency and clarity.

## Information Technology

Behind the scenes, our Applications Development team supported the rollout of the new external website by completing a comprehensive redesign and relaunch of the member portal desktop in the secure area of the website. Though it is not yet apparent to the user that any change occurred (other than some topical changes), the new desktop was a preliminary project that will pave the way for future enhancements to the functionality available through the member portal. The team also enhanced our customer service tools by integrating our CRM module, which had previously been a standalone application, into our PARIS pension administration system. This allows all Member Services staff (not just the Customer Care Group) to access complete call history information for our membership.

## Other Initiatives

Effective January 2018, the Peach State Reserves 401(k) and 457 plans began accepting Roth contributions for the first time. We also enhanced our operational effectiveness by automating calculations related to anti-pension spiking restrictions that were
legislated several years ago, as well as calculations for members who transfer from the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia into the current ERS benefits tier, known as GSEPS. Finally, we improved our regression testing process for system enhancements by creating a special website for our Quality Assurance group to utilize.

## Acknowledgements

This report reflects the combined effort of our staff under the Board's leadership. Copies of this report, along with other valuable plan information, can be downloaded from the System's website.

I would like to express my sincere thanks to the Boards of Trustees for their leadership and support. Many thanks are also extended to the offices of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, members of the House and Senate Retirement Committees and their staff, members of the House and Senate, and the department officials whose support and assistance have helped ERS accomplish its mission over the years.

Respectfully submitted,
1manab

James A. Potvin, Executive Director Employees' Retirement System of Georgia

Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of <br> Achievement <br> for Excellence <br> in Financial <br> Reporting 

Presented to

# Employees' Retirement System of Georgia 

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2017

Chuitophen P. Movill
Executive Director/CEO

Public Pension Coordinating Council
Recognition Award for Funding 2018

Presented to

## Employees' Retirement System of Georgia

In recognition of meeting professional standards for plan funding as set forth in the Public Pension Standards.

Presented by the Public Pension Coordinating Council, a confederation of
National Association of State Retirement Administrators (NASRA)
National Conference on Public Employee Retirement Systems (NCPERS)
National Council on Teacher Retirement (NCTR)

## Administrative Staff and Organization



James A. Potvin Executive Director


Angie Surface Deputy Director


Charles W. Cary, Jr. CIO - Investment Services


Laura L. Lanier Controller


Chris Hackett Director Information Technology


Nicole Paisant Director Human Resources


Susan Anderson Chief Operating Officer


Carolyn Kaplan Director
Financial Mgmt Quality Assurance


Kelly Moody Director
Legislative Affairs


Danielle Jordan Director Communications

## Consulting Services

Cavanaugh Macdonald Consulting, LLC - Actuary
KPMG LLP - Auditor
JPMorgan Chase Bank, N. A. - Defined Contribution Custodian
Alight Solutions - Defined Contribution
Consultant and Administrator

## Medical Advisors

Harold E. Sours, M.D., Atlanta, GA
G. Lee Cross, M.D., Atlanta, GA

Douglas Smith, M.D., Smyrna, GA
William H. Biggers, M.D., Atlanta, GA
Pedro F. Garcia, M.D., Atlanta, GA
H. Rudolph Warren, M.D., Dunwoody, GA

Quinton Pirkle, M.D., Atlanta, GA
Marvin Bittinger, M.D., Gainesville, GA Joseph S. Wilkes, M.D., Sandy Springs, GA

## Investment Advisors*

Albritton Capital Management
Baillie Gifford Overseas Limited
Barrow, Hanley, Mewhinney \& Strauss
Cooke \& Bieler
Fisher Investments
Mondrian Investment Partners Limited
Sands Capital Management

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## Organizational Chart



## Financial Section

## Building a Bridge to a More Comfortable Retirement



Rail Bridge over Chattahoochee River - Metro Atlanta

ERSGA

# Independent Auditors' Report 

The Board of Trustees
Employees' Retirement System of Georgia:

## Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the fiduciary activities and the proprietary activity of the Employees' Retirement System of Georgia (the System), a component unit of the State of Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the System's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes
evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the fiduciary activities and proprietary activity of the System as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

## Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in note 3(h) to the basic financial statements, the System adopted, in 2018, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

## Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information
U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedules of employers' and nonemployers' contributions - defined benefit plans, schedules of employers' and nonemployers' net pension/OPEB liability and related ratios - defined benefit plans, schedules of changes in employers' and nonemployers' net pension/OPEB liability - defined benefit plans, schedule of investment returns, schedules of the System's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability, and schedules of the System's contributions to OPEB plans on pages $15-22$ and 68-80, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential
part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the System's basic financial statements. The Survivors Benefit Fund statement of changes in assets and liabilities and schedule of administrative expenses contributions and expenses are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Survivors Benefit Fund statement of changes in assets and liabilities and schedules of administrative expenses - contributions and expenses and investment expenses are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures
in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Survivors Benefit Fund statement of changes in assets and liabilities and the schedules of administrative expenses - contributions and expenses and investment expeses are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory, Investment, Actuarial, and Statistical sections have not be subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opion or provide an assurance on them.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 5, 2018 on our consideration of the System's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the System's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the System's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

## KPMG LLP

Atlanta, GA
October 5, 2018 except for the Introductory, Investment, Actuarial, and Statistical sections and the Schedule of Investment Expenses, which are as of December 21, 2018.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

June 30, 2018

This section provides a discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Employees' Retirement System of Georgia (the System) for the year ended June 30, 2018. The discussion and analysis of the System's financial performance is within the context of the accompanying basic financial statements, notes to the financial statements, required supplementary schedules, and additional information following this section.

The System is responsible for administering a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for various employer agencies of Georgia, along with six other defined benefit pension plans, a defined benefit OPEB plan, three defined contribution plans, and an agency fund, which comprise the fiduciary funds. The System is also responsible for administering an enterprise fund, which comprises the proprietary fund.

The defined benefit pension plans include:

- Employees' Retirement System (ERS)
- Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS)
- Legislative Retirement System (LRS)
- Georgia Judicial Retirement System (GJRS)
- Georgia Military Pension Fund (GMPF)
- Superior Court Judges Retirement Fund (SCJRF)
- District Attorneys Retirement Fund (DARF)

The defined benefit OPEB plan consists of the State Employees' Assurance Department Retired and Vested Inactive Members Trust Fund (SEAD-OPEB).

The defined contribution retirement plans include:

- Georgia Defined Contribution Plan (GDCP)
- State of Georgia Employees' Qualified Trust Deferred Compensation Plan (401(k) Plan)
- State of Georgia Employees' Deferred Compensation Plan (457 Plan)

The agency fund consists of the Survivors Benefit Fund (SBF).
The enterprise fund consists of the State Employees' Assurance Department Active Members Fund (SEAD-Active).

## Overview of Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The System administers two categories of funds: fiduciary funds and a proprietary fund. Information related to the financial statements of the funds is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the System. The primary focus of the System's fiduciary funds is the accumulation of resources for and the payment of pension and OPEB benefits. The System maintains four types of fiduciary funds: (1) defined benefit pension trust funds which are used to report resources held in trust for pensions for retirees and beneficiaries covered by ERS, PSERS, LRS, GJRS, GMPF, SCJRF, and DARF (2) a defined benefit OPEB trust fund which is used to report resources held in trust for other postemployment benefits of retirees and beneficiaries of SEAD-OPEB (3) defined contribution pension trust funds which are used to accumulate contributions and earnings in the accounts of participants covered by GDCP, the 401 (k) Plan, and the 457 Plan, and (4) an agency fund which is used to report resources held by the SBF in a custodial capacity for other plans.

Proprietary funds, which include enterprise and internal services funds, are used to account for the System's activities that are similar to private-sector businesses. The System maintains one proprietary fund, an enterprise fund. The primary focus of the System's enterprise fund is the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, group term life insurance benefits for active members of ERS, LRS, and GJRS covered by SEAD-Active.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

The basic financial statements comprise statements for both fiduciary and proprietary funds. The fiduciary fund financial statements include (1) Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position (2) Defined Benefit Plans - Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position (3) Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position, and (4) Defined Benefit Plans - Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The proprietary fund financial statements include (1) Statement of Net Position (2) Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position and (3) Statement of Cash Flows.

In addition, the System presents six types of required supplementary schedules, which provide historical trend information about the plan. Four of the schedules are presented from the perspective of the System reporting as the plan and included (1) Schedules of Employers' and Nonemployers' Contributions (2) Schedules of Employers' and Nonemployers' Net Pension/OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (3) Schedules of Changes in Employers' and Nonemployers' Net Pension/OPEB Liability and (4) Schedule of Investment Returns. Two of the schedules are presented from the perspective of the System reporting as the employer for its employees who participate in the State Employees' Assurance Department Retired and Vested Inactive Members Trust Fund (SEAD-OPEB) and the Georgia State Employees Postemployment Benefit Fund (State OPEB Fund) and include the (5) Schedules of the System's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability and (6) Schedules of the System's Contributions to OPEB Plans. The System also includes in this report additional information to supplement the financial statements.

The System prepares its financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). These statements provide information about the System's overall financial status.

## Financial Highlights

The highlights of the fiduciary funds of the System are as follows:

- The net position of the fiduciary funds increased by $\$ 760.0$ million, or $4.4 \%$, from $\$ 17.1$ billion at June 30 , 2017 to $\$ 17.9$ billion at June 30, 2018. The increase in net position from 2017 to 2018 was primarily due to strong equity returns.
- For the year ended June 30, 2018, the total additions to net position were $\$ 2.4$ billion compared to $\$ 2.8$ billion for the year ended June 30, 2017. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the additions consisted of employer, nonemployer contributing entities (nonemployer), and member contributions totaling $\$ 924.6$ million, insurance premiums of $\$ 3.6$ million, net investment income of $\$ 1.5$ billion, and participant fees of $\$ 1.7$ million.
- Net investment income of $\$ 1.5$ billion in 2018 (comprising interest and dividend income, the change in fair value of investments, and other, reduced by investment expenses) represents a decrease of $\$ 391.6$ million, or $20.6 \%$, compared to the net investment income of $\$ 1.9$ billion for the year ended June 30, 2017. The change in net investment income was primarily due to equity returns moderating somewhat in 2018 compared to 2017.
- The total deductions from net position were $\$ 1.7$ billion for the year ended June 30, 2018 and $\$ 1.6$ billion for 2017. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the deductions consisted of benefit payments of $\$ 1.6$ billion, refunds of $\$ 18.5$ million, death benefits related to SEAD-OPEB of $\$ 36.2$ million, and administrative expenses of $\$ 16.3$ million.

The highlights of the proprietary fund of the System are as follows:

- The net position of the proprietary fund increased by $\$ 21.9$ million to $\$ 289.2$ million at June 30, 2018 compared to $\$ 267.3$ million at June 30, 2017. The increase in net position from 2017 to 2018 was primarily due to strong equity returns.
- For the year ended June 30, 2018, total operating loss was $\$ 2.5$ million compared to $\$ 3.5$ million for the year ended June 30, 2017. The decrease relates primarily to the decrease in the number of active members who received death benefits during the year.
- Investment income allocated from the pooled investment fund of $\$ 24.4$ million in 2018 represents a decrease of $\$ 5.4$ million, or $18.0 \%$, compared to investment income allocated from the pooled investment fund of $\$ 29.8$ million for the year ended June 30, 2017. The change in investment income allocated from the pooled investment fund was primarily due to equity returns moderating somewhat in 2018 compared to 2017.


## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

## Description of the Financial Statements

## Fiduciary Funds

The Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position is the statement of financial position presenting information that includes the fiduciary funds' assets and liabilities, with the balance representing the Net Position Restricted for Pensions and OPEB. The investments of the funds in this statement are presented at fair value. This statement is presented on page 23.

The Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position reports how the fiduciary funds' net position changed during the fiscal year. The additions include contributions to the retirement plans from employers, nonemployers, and members; group term life insurance premiums; participant fees; and net investment income, which includes interest and dividends and the net increase in the fair value of investments, net of investment expenses. The deductions include benefit payments, life insurance death benefit payments, refunds of member contributions and interest, and administrative expenses. This statement is presented on page 25.

The Defined Benefit Plans' Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and the Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position present the financial position and changes in financial position for each of the defined benefit plans administered by the System. These statements are on pages 24 and 26 , respectively.

## Proprietary Funds

The Statement of Net Position is the statement of financial position presenting information that includes the assets and liabilities, with the balance representing the net position. This statement is presented on page 27.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Principal operating revenues result from insurance premiums from members, while operating expenses result from death benefit payments and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. This statement is presented on page 28.

The Statement of Cash Flows provides relevant information about cash receipts and cash payments during the year. When used in conjunction with related disclosures and information in the other financial statements, the statement provides relevant information about the plan's ability to generate future net cash flows, the plan's ability to meet its obligations as they come due, and presents the reasons for differences between operating income and associated cash receipts and payments. This statement is presented on page 29.

Notes to Financial Statements are presented to provide the information necessary for a full understanding of the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 30.

Required Supplementary Information begins on page 68. The required schedules are discussed as follows:

- The Schedule of Employers' and Nonemployers' Contributions presents historical trend information for the last 10 consecutive fiscal years about the required contributions and the percent of required contributions actually contributed.
- The Schedule of Employers' and Nonemployers' Net Pension/OPEB Liability and Related Ratios presents the components of the net pension/OPEB liability as of the fiscal year end and the fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension/OPEB liability as of that date. This trend information will be accumulated to display a 10-year presentation.
- The Schedule of Changes in Employers' and Nonemployers' Net Pension/OPEB Liability presents total net pension/OPEB liability and is measured as total pension/OPEB liability less the amount of the fiduciary net position. This trend information will be accumulated to display a 10-year presentation.
- The Schedule of Investment Returns presents historical trend information about the annual money-weighted rate of return on plan investments, net of plan investment expense. This trend information will be accumulated to display a 10-year presentation.


## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

## Required Supplementary Information (continued)

- The Schedule of the System's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability presents historical trend information about the System's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) for its employees who participate in the SEAD-OPEB plan and the State OPEB Fund. This trend information will be accumulated to display a 10-year presentation.
- The Schedule of the System's Contributions to OPEB Plans presents historical trend information about the System's contributions for its employees who participate in the SEAD-OPEB plan and the State OPEB Fund. This trend information will be accumulated to display a 10-year presentation.

Three of the required schedules above, the Schedules of Employers' and Nonemployers' Contributions, the Schedules of Employers' and Nonemployers' Net Pension/OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, and the Schedules of Changes in Employers' and Nonemployers' Net Pension/OPEB Liability are applicable to five of the defined benefit pension plans (ERS, PSERS, LRS, GJRS, and GMPF) and the defined benefit OPEB plan (SEAD-OPEB).

Notes to Required Supplementary Information are presented to provide the information necessary for a full understanding of the supplementary schedules. The notes to required supplementary information begin on page 81.

Additional information is presented, beginning on page 85, and includes the Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities for the Survivors Benefit Fund which presents additions to and deductions from the fund, the Schedule of Administrative Expenses - Contributions and Expenses which presents the expenses incurred in the administration of the plans and funds, and the contributions from each plan and fund to provide for these expenses, and the Schedule of Investment Expenses which presents the investment advisor, custodial, and miscellaneous fees.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

## Financial Analysis of the System

A summary of the System's net position of the fiduciary funds at June 30, 2018 is as follows (dollars in thousands):

|  | Net position |  |  | Amount change | Percentage change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2018 | 2017 |  |  |
| Assets: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash, cash equivalents, and receivables | \$ | 366,532 | 330,585 | 35,947 | 10.9 \% |
| Investments |  | 18,000,993 | 17,253,626 | 747,367 | 4.3 |
| Capital assets, net |  | 6,738 | 6,904 | (166) | (2.4) |
| Net OPEB asset |  | 501 | 372 | 129 | 34.7 |
| Total assets |  | 18,374,764 | 17,591,487 | 783,277 | 4.5 |
| Deferred outflows of resources |  | 938 | 926 | 12 | 1.3 |
| Liabilities: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Due to brokers, accounts payable, and insurance premiums payable |  | 30,882 | 41,428 | $(10,546)$ | (25.5) |
| Due to other funds/plans and participating systems |  | 437,628 | 403,237 | 34,391 | 8.5 |
| Net OPEB liability |  | 7,571 | 8,792 | $(1,221)$ | (13.9) |
| Total liabilities |  | 476,081 | 453,457 | 22,624 | 5.0 |
| Deferred inflows of resources |  | 701 | - | 701 | 100.0 |
| Net position, as restated (Note 3(h)) | \$ | 17,898,920 | 17,138,956 | 759,964 | 4.4 |

A summary of the System's net position of the proprietary fund at June 30, 2018 is as follows (dollars in thousands):

|  | Net position |  |  | Amount change | Percentage change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 018 | 2017 |  |  |
| Assets: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash, cash equivalents, and receivables | \$ | 162 | 127 | 35 | 27.6 \% |
| Investments |  | 289,087 | 267,194 | 21,893 | 8.2 |
| Total assets |  | 289,249 | 267,321 | 21,928 | 8.2 |
| Liabilities: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts payable and other |  | 42 | 35 | 7 | 20.0 |
| Net position | \$ | 289,207 | 267,286 | 21,921 | 8.2 |

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

The following table presents the investment allocation at June 30, 2018 and 2017:

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ | 2017 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Asset allocation at June 30 (in percentages): |  |  |
| Equities: | $46.3 \%$ | $47.8 \%$ |
| Domestic | 15.6 | 16.1 |
| International | 1.2 | 0.8 |
| Private equity |  |  |
| Domestic obligations: | 18.8 | 14.6 |
| U.S. Treasuries | 8.2 | 10.9 |
| Corporate and other bonds | - | 0.5 |
| International obligations: | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| Governments | 8.8 | 8.2 |
| Corporates |  |  |
| Commingled funds |  |  |

Asset allocation at June 30 (in thousands):
Equities:

| Domestic | \$ | 8,332,421 | \$ | 8,249,643 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| International |  | 2,807,854 |  | 2,780,668 |
| Private equity |  | 221,904 |  | 134,213 |
| Domestic obligations: |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. Treasuries |  | 3,374,310 |  | 2,516,114 |
| Corporate and other bonds |  | 1,475,432 |  | 1,882,175 |
| International obligations: |  |  |  |  |
| Governments |  | - |  | 76,935 |
| Corporates |  | 190,353 |  | 192,589 |
| Mutual funds |  | 7,228 |  | 5,601 |
| Commingled funds |  | 1,591,491 |  | 1,415,688 |
|  | \$ | 18,000,993 | \$ | 17,253,626 |

The total investment portfolio increased by $\$ 747.4$ million, or $4.3 \%$, from 2017 , which is primarily due to strong equity market returns.

Investment performance is calculated using a time-weighted rate of return using the Daily Valuation Method. The time-weighted rate of return for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 was $9.2 \%$ with a $13.4 \%$ return for equities, a $18.5 \%$ return for private equity (inception date of October 3, 2013), and a ( 0.5 ) \% return for fixed income. The five-year annualized rate of return at June 30, 2018 was $8.7 \%$, with an $11.6 \%$ return for equities and a $1.8 \%$ return for fixed income.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

A money-weighted return is weighted by the amount of dollars in the fund at the beginning and end of the performance period. A money-weighted return is highly influenced by the timing of cash flows into and out of the fund and is a better measure of an entity or person who controls the cash flows into or out of the fund. The nondiscretionary cash flows for the plan, primarily contributions and benefit payments, have a considerable impact on the money-weighted returns of the portfolio. The money-weighted rate of return for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 was 0.6\%, compared to 2.9\% for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

A summary of the changes in the System's net position of the fiduciary funds for the year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows (dollars in thousands):

|  | Changes in net position |  |  | Amount change | Percentage change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 2018 | 2017 |  |  |
| Additions: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employer contributions | \$ | 690,516 | 657,190 | 33,326 | 5.1 \% |
| Nonemployer contributions |  | 43,982 | 40,960 | 3,022 | 7.4 |
| Member contributions |  | 190,091 | 170,608 | 19,483 | 11.4 |
| Participant fees |  | 1,744 | 1,584 | 160 | 10.1 |
| Insurance premiums |  | 3,599 | 3,793 | (194) | (5.1) |
| Net investment income |  | 1,509,803 | 1,901,409 | $(391,606)$ | (20.6) |
| Other |  | 15 | 15 | - | - |
| Total additions |  | 2,439,750 | 2,775,559 | $(335,809)$ | (12.1) |
| Deductions: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Benefit payments |  | 1,608,691 | 1,574,118 | 34,573 | 2.2 |
| Refunds |  | 18,538 | 21,849 | $(3,311)$ | (15.2) |
| Death benefits |  | 36,249 | 36,058 | 191 | 0.5 |
| Administrative expenses |  | 16,308 | 16,487 | (179) | (1.1) |
| Total deductions |  | 1,679,786 | 1,648,512 | 31,274 | 1.9 |
| Net increase (decrease) in net position | \$ | 759,964 | 1,127,047 | $(367,083)$ | (32.6) |

Additions - The System accumulates resources needed to fund benefit payments through contributions and returns on invested funds. In fiscal year 2018, total contributions increased $\$ 55.8$ million, or $6.4 \%$, primarily because of an increase in the number of active members coupled with modest overall salary increases. Net investment income decreased by $\$ 391.6$ million, or $20.6 \%$, due primarily to equity returns moderating somewhat in fiscal year 2018 compared to 2017.

Deductions - For fiscal year 2018, total deductions increased $\$ 31.3$ million, or $1.9 \%$, primarily because of an increase of $\$ 34.6$ million, or $2.2 \%$, in benefit payments. Pension benefit payments increased due to an increase in the number of retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits in 2018 in addition to cost of living adjustments of $1.5 \%$ for LRS members and $2 \%$ for JRS members, and a one-time benefit payment of $3 \%$ for ERS members. Refunds decreased by $\$ 3.3$ million, or $15.2 \%$, which was primarily due to a decrease in the number of refunds processed during 2018.

## Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

A summary of the changes in the System's net position of the proprietary fund for the year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows (dollars in thousands):

|  | Changes in net position |  |  | Amount change | Percentage change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2018 |  | 2017 |  |  |
| Operating revenue: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insurance premiums | \$ | 540 | 599 | (59) | (9.8) \% |
| Total operating revenue |  | 540 | 599 | (59) | (9.8) |
| Operating expenses: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Death benefits |  | 2,972 | 4,019 | $(1,047)$ | (26.1) |
| Administrative expenses |  | 76 | 64 | 12 | 18.8 |
| Total operating expenses |  | 3,048 | 4,083 | $(1,035)$ | (25.3) |
| Total operating loss |  | $(2,508)$ | $(3,484)$ | 976 | (28.0) |
| Nonoperating revenue: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Allocation of investment income from pooled investment fund, net |  | 24,429 | 29,785 | $(5,356)$ | (18.0) |
| Change in net position | \$ | 21,921 | 26,301 | $(4,380)$ | (16.7) |

Operating and nonoperating revenue - The proprietary fund accumulates resources needed to fund death benefit payments through premiums earned and returns on invested funds. In fiscal year 2018, total premiums earned decreased $\$ 59.0$ thousand, or $9.8 \%$, primarily due to a decrease in the number of participating members allowed in the plan. Effective January 1, 2009, the plan was closed to new members. Allocation of investment income from the pooled investment fund, net of related expenses, decreased by $\$ 5.3$ million, or $18 \%$, primarily due to equity returns moderating somewhat in fiscal year 2018 compared to 2017.

Operating expenses - For fiscal year 2018, death benefits decreased by $\$ 1.0$ million, or $26.1 \%$, which was primarily due to a decrease in the number of death claims processed during 2018. Administrative expenses increased by $\$ 12.0$ thousand over the prior year, or $18.8 \%$, primarily due to increased contractual services costs.

## Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the System's finances for all those with interest in the System's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Employees' Retirement System of Georgia, Two Northside 75, Suite 300, Atlanta, GA 30318.

## Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

June 30, 2018
(In thousands)


## Defined Benefit Plans - Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

June 30, 2018
(In thousands)


## Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Year ended June 30, 2018 (In thousands)

|  |  |  |  | Defined Contribution Plans |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Defined Benefit Plans | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pooled } \\ & \text { Investment } \\ & \text { Fund } \end{aligned}$ | Georgia Defined Contribution Plan | $\begin{gathered} \text { 401(k) } \\ \text { Plan } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 457 \\ & \text { Plan } \end{aligned}$ | Total |
| Additions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contributions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employer | \$ | 647,340 | - | - | 43,176 | - | 690,516 |
| Nonemployer |  | 43,982 | - | - | - | - | 43,982 |
| Member |  | 44,525 | - | 14,585 | 110,848 | 20,133 | 190,091 |
| Participant fees |  | - | - | - | 1,744 | - | 1,744 |
| Insurance premiums |  | 3,599 | - | - | - | - | 3,599 |
| Administrative expense allotment |  | 15 | - | - | - | - | 15 |
| Investment income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments |  | - | 1,097,281 | $(2,403)$ | 75,052 | 46,811 | 1,216,741 |
| Interest and dividends |  | - | 348,489 | 2,105 | 8 | - | 350,602 |
| Other |  | - | - | - | 578 | 520 | 1,098 |
| Less investment expenses |  | $(9,691)$ | $(8,347)$ | (58) | $(2,967)$ | (583) | $(21,646)$ |
| Allocation of investment income |  | 1,400,431 | $(1,437,423)$ | - | - | - | $(36,992)$ |
| Net investment income (loss) |  | 1,390,740 | - | (356) | 72,671 | 46,748 | 1,509,803 |
| Total additions |  | 2,130,201 | - | 14,229 | 228,439 | 66,881 | 2,439,750 |
| Deductions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Benefit payments |  | 1,503,898 | - | - | 64,103 | 40,690 | 1,608,691 |
| Refunds of member contributions and interest |  | 8,458 | - | 10,080 | - | - | 18,538 |
| Death benefits |  | 36,249 | - | - | - | - | 36,249 |
| Administrative expenses |  | 11,375 | - | 852 | 3,639 | 442 | 16,308 |
| Total deductions |  | 1,559,980 | - | 10,932 | 67,742 | 41,132 | 1,679,786 |
| Net increase in net position |  | 570,221 | - | 3,297 | 160,697 | 25,749 | 759,964 |
| Net position restricted for pensions and OPEB: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beginning of year, as restated (Note 3(h)) |  | 15,575,072 | - | 111,274 | 854,997 | 597,613 | 17,138,956 |
| End of year | \$ | 16,145,293 | - | 114,571 | 1,015,694 | 623,362 | 17,898,920 |
| See accompanying notes to financial statements. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Defined Benefit Plans - Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Year ended June 30, 2018
(In thousands)

|  | Defined Benefit Pension Plans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Defined <br> Benefit <br> OPEB Plan <br> State <br> Employees' <br> Assurance <br> Department <br> OPEB |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Employees' Retirement System |  | Public <br> School Employees Retirement System | Legislative Retirement System | $\begin{gathered} \text { Georgia } \\ \text { Judicial } \\ \text { Retirement } \\ \text { System } \end{gathered}$ | Georgia Military Pension Fund | Superior Court Judges Retirement Fund | District Attorneys Retirement Fund |  | Defined Benefit Plans Total |
| Additions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contributions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employer | \$ | 639,302 | - | - | 4,725 | 2,377 | 890 | 46 | - | 647,340 |
| Nonemployer |  | 12,865 | 29,276 | - | 1,841 | - | - | - | - | 43,982 |
| Member |  | 37,130 | 2,162 | 323 | 4,910 | - | - | - | - | 44,525 |
| Participant fees |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Insurance premiums |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3,599 | 3,599 |
| Administrative expense allotment |  | 10 | - | - | - | - | 2 | 3 | - | 15 |
| Investment income: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Interest and dividends |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Less investment expenses |  | $(8,518)$ | (387) | (15) | (187) | (6) | - | - | (578) | $(9,691)$ |
| Allocation of investment income |  | 1,174,531 | 78,805 | 2,977 | 40,064 | 1,934 | - | - | 102,120 | 1,400,431 |
| Net investment income |  | 1,166,013 | 78,418 | 2,962 | 39,877 | 1,928 | - | - | 101,542 | 1,390,740 |
| Total additions |  | 1,855,320 | 109,856 | 3,285 | 51,353 | 4,305 | 892 | 49 | 105,141 | 2,130,201 |
| Deductions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Benefit payments |  | 1,413,298 | 61,820 | 1,772 | 24,934 | 1,138 | 890 | 46 | - | 1,503,898 |
| Refunds of member contributions and interest |  | 7,585 | 701 | 22 | 150 | - | - | - | - | 8,458 |
| Death benefits |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 36,249 | 36,249 |
| Administrative expenses |  | 8,056 | 1,331 | 283 | 794 | 225 | 2 | 3 | 681 | 11,375 |
| Total deductions |  | 1,428,939 | 63,852 | 2,077 | 25,878 | 1,363 | 892 | 49 | 36,930 | 1,559,980 |
| Net increase in net position |  | 426,381 | 46,004 | 1,208 | 25,475 | 2,942 | - | - | 68,211 | 570,221 |
| Net position restricted for pensions and OPEB: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beginning of year, as restated (Note 3(h)) |  | 13,090,805 | 868,134 | 32,981 | 441,182 | 20,711 | 6 | 2 | 1,121,251 | 15,575,072 |
| End of year | \$ | 13,517,186 | 914,138 | 34,189 | 466,657 | 23,653 | 6 | 2 | 1,189,462 | 16,145,293 |

## Statement of Net Position -

State Employees' Assurance Department Active Members Fund

June 30, 2018
(In thousands)

| Assets |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 90 |
| Receivables: |  |  |
| Unremitted insurance premiums |  | 72 |
| Investments - at fair value: |  |  |
| Equity share of pooled investment fund |  | 289,087 |
| Total assets |  | 289,249 |
| Liabilities |  |  |
| Accounts payable and other |  | 42 |
| Total liabilities |  | 42 |
| Total net position | \$ | 289,207 |
| See accompanying notes to financial statements. |  |  |

## Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position State Employees' Assurance Department Active Members Fund

Year ended June 30, 2018
(In thousands)

| Operating revenue: |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Insurance premiums | \$ | 540 |
| Total operating revenue |  | 540 |
| Operating expenses: |  |  |
| Death benefits |  | 2,972 |
| Administrative expenses |  | 76 |
| Total operating expenses |  | 3,048 |
| Total operating loss |  | $(2,508)$ |
| Nonoperating revenues (expenses): |  |  |
| Allocation of investment income from pooled investment fund |  | 24,493 |
| Investment expenses |  | (64) |
| Total nonoperating revenues |  | 24,429 |
| Change in net position |  | 21,921 |
| Total net position: |  |  |
| Beginning of year |  | 267,286 |
| End of year | \$ | 289,207 |

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

## Statement of Cash Flows - <br> State Employees' Assurance Department Active Members Fund

Year ended June 30, 2018
(In thousands)

| Cash flows from operating activities: |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Insurance premiums received | \$ | 540 |
| Death benefits paid |  | $(2,972)$ |
| Administrative fees paid |  | (69) |
| Net cash used in operating activities |  | $(2,501)$ |
| Cash flows from investing activities: |  |  |
| Withdrawals from pooled investment fund |  | 2,600 |
| Investment expenses paid |  | (64) |
| Net cash provided by investing activities |  | 2,536 |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents |  | 35 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year |  | 55 |
| Cash and cash equivalents, end of year | \$ | 90 |
| Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities: |  |  |
| Operating loss | \$ | $(2,508)$ |
| Changes in assets and liabilities: |  |  |
| Accounts payable and other |  | 7 |
| Net cash used in operating activities | \$ | $(2,501)$ |

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

## (1) General

The accompanying basic financial statements of the Employees' Retirement System of Georgia, including all plans and funds administered by the Employees' Retirement System of Georgia (collectively, the System), comprises the Employees' Retirement System of Georgia (ERS), Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS), Legislative Retirement System (LRS), Georgia Judicial Retirement System (GJRS), Georgia Military Pension Fund (GMPF), Superior Court Judges Retirement Fund (SCJRF), District Attorneys Retirement Fund (DARF), State Employees' Assurance Department Retired and Vested Inactive Members Trust Fund (SEAD-OPEB), Georgia Defined Contribution Plan (GDCP), State of Georgia Employees' Qualified Trust Deferred Compensation Plan (401(k) Plan), State of Georgia Employees' Deferred Compensation Plan (457 Plan), Survivors Benefit Fund (SBF), and State Employees' Assurance Department Active Members Fund (SEAD-Active). All significant transactions among the various systems, departments, and funds have been eliminated. The Boards of Trustees, comprising active and retired members, ex officio state employees, and appointees by the Governor, are ultimately responsible for the administration of the System.

## (2) Authorizing Legislation and Plan Descriptions

Each plan and fund, including benefit and contribution provisions, was established and can be amended by state law. The following summarizes authorizing legislation and the plan description of each retirement fund:
(a) ERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly during the 1949 Legislative Session for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for employees of the State of Georgia and its political subdivisions. ERS is directed by a Board of Trustees (ERS Board) and has the powers and privileges of a corporation. There were 419 employers and 1 nonemployer contributing entity participating in the plan during 2018.

ERS Membership as of June 30, 2018

Total: 169,601


## Benefits

The ERS Plan supports three benefit tiers: Old Plan, New Plan, and Georgia State Employees' Pension and Savings Plan (GSEPS). Employees under the Old Plan started membership prior to July 1, 1982 and are subject to plan provisions in effect prior to July 1, 1982. Members hired on or after July 1, 1982 but prior to January 1, 2009 are New Plan members subject to modified plan provisions. Effective January 1, 2009, new state employees and rehired state employees who did not retain membership rights under the Old or New Plans are members of GSEPS. ERS members hired prior to January 1, 2009 also have the option to irrevocably change their membership to GSEPS.

Under the Old Plan, the New Plan, and GSEPS, a member may retire and receive normal retirement benefits after completion of 10 years of creditable service and attainment of age 60 or 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age. Additionally, there are some provisions allowing for early retirement after 25 years of creditable service for members under age 60.

Retirement benefits paid to members are based upon the monthly average of the member's highest 24 consecutive calendar months, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service, multiplied by the applicable benefit factor. Annually, postretirement cost-of-living adjustments may also be made to members'

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018
benefits, provided the members were hired prior to July 1, 2009. The normal retirement pension is payable monthly for life; however, options are available for distribution of the member's monthly pension, at reduced rates, to a designated beneficiary upon the member's death. Death and disability benefits are also available through ERS.

## Contributions and Vesting

Member contributions under the Old Plan are $4 \%$ of annual compensation, up to $\$ 4,200$, plus $6 \%$ of annual compensation in excess of $\$ 4,200$. Under the Old Plan, the state pays member contributions in excess of $1.25 \%$ of annual compensation. Under the Old Plan, these state contributions are included in the members' accounts for refund purposes and are used in the computation of the members' earnable compensation for the purpose of computing retirement benefits. Member contributions under the New Plan and GSEPS are $1.25 \%$ of annual compensation. The state is required to contribute at a specified percentage of active member payrolls, determined annually by actuarial valuation. The state contributions are not at any time refundable to the member or his/her beneficiary.

Pursuant to The Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) 47-2-292, the employer contributions for local tax commissioners and their employees who took office or were employed prior to July 1, 2012 are funded by the State of Georgia on behalf of the local county employer. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. 47-2-290, the employer contribution for certain State Court employees is funded by the state on behalf of the local county employer.

Employer and nonemployer contributions as a percentage of covered payroll required for fiscal year 2018 were based on the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation for the Old Plan, New Plan, and GSEPS, as follows:

|  | Old Plan | New Plan | GSEPS |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employer and nonemployer: |  |  |  |
| Normal | $1.24 \%$ |  | $5.99 \%$ |
| Employer paid for member | 4.75 |  | $2.96 \%$ |
| Accrued liability | 18.70 |  | 18.70 |
| Total | $\underline{24.69 \%}$ | $24.69 \%$ | -2.70 |

Members become vested after 10 years of membership service. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contributions, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.
(b) PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1969 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia. The ERS Board, plus two additional trustees, administers PSERS (PSERS Board). There were 184 employers and 1 nonemployer contributing entity participating in the plan during 2018.

PSERS Membership as of June 30, 2018

Total: 101,801

- Inactive members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits
- Inactive members entitled to benefits but not yet receiving benefits
- Active plan members



## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

## Benefits

A member may retire and elect to receive normal monthly retirement benefits after completion of 10 years of creditable service and attainment of age 65. A member may choose to receive reduced benefits after age 60 and upon completion of 10 years of service.

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly benefit of $\$ 15.00$, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death and disability benefits are also available through PSERS. Additionally, PSERS may make periodic cost-of-living adjustments to the monthly benefits.

## Contributions and Vesting

Individuals who became members prior to July 1, 2012 contribute $\$ 4$ per month for nine months each fiscal year. Individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2012 contribute $\$ 10$ per month for nine months each fiscal year. The State of Georgia, although not the employer of PSERS members, is required by statute to make employer contributions actuarially determined and approved and certified by the PSERS Board.

Employer contributions required for the year ended June 30, 2018 were $\$ 780.92$ per active member and were based on the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation.

Members become vested after 10 years of creditable service. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contributions, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.
(c) LRS is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly from 1967-1971, and later reestablished in 1979, for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for all members of the Georgia General Assembly. LRS is administered by the ERS Board. There was one employer in the plan for 2018.

LRS Membership as of June 30, 2018

Total: 647

- Inactive members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits
- Inactive members entitled to benefits but not yet receiving benefits
- Active plan members



## Benefits

A member's normal retirement is after eight years of creditable service and attainment of age 65 , or eight years of membership service (four legislative terms) and attainment of age 62. A member may retire early and elect to receive a monthly retirement benefit after completion of eight years of membership service and attainment of age 60; however, the retirement benefit is reduced by $5 \%$ for each year the member is under age 62

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly service retirement allowance of $\$ 36$, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death benefits are also available through the plan.

## Contributions and Vesting

Member contributions are $8.5 \%$ of annual salary. The state pays member contributions in excess of $4.75 \%$ of annual compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and approved and certified by the ERS Board.

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

There were no employer contributions required for the year ended June 30, 2018 based on the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation.

Members become vested after eight years of creditable service. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member.

However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contributions, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.
(d) GJRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1998 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for judges and solicitors generals of the state courts and juvenile court judges in Georgia, and their survivors and other beneficiaries, superior court judges of the State of Georgia, and district attorneys of the State of Georgia.

The GJRS was also created to serve the members and beneficiaries of the Trial Judges and Solicitors Retirement Fund, the Superior Court Judges Retirement System, and the District Attorneys Retirement System (collectively, the Predecessor Retirement Systems). As of June 30, 1998, any person who was an active, inactive, or retired member or beneficiary of the Predecessor Retirement Systems was transferred to GJRS in the same status effective July 1, 1998. All assets of the Predecessor Retirement Systems were transferred to GJRS as of July 1, 1998. The ERS Board and three additional trustees administer GJRS (GJRS Board). There were 93 employers and 1 nonemployer contributing entity participating in the plan during 2018.

## GJRS Membership as of June 30, 2018

Total: 946

- Inactive members and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits
- Inactive members entitled to benefits but not yet receiving benefits
- Active plan members



## Benefits

The normal retirement for GJRS is age 60, with 16 years of creditable service; however, a member may retire at age 60 with a minimum of 10 years of creditable service.

Annual retirement benefits paid to members are computed as $662 / 3 \%$ of state-paid salary at retirement for district attorneys and superior court judges and $662 / 3 \%$ of the average over 24 consecutive months for trial judges and solicitors, plus $1 \%$ for each year of credited service over 16 years, not to exceed 24 years. Early retirement benefits paid to members are computed as the pro rata portion of the normal retirement benefit, based on service not to exceed 16 years. Death, disability, and spousal benefits are also available.

## Contributions and Vesting

Members are required to contribute $7.5 \%$ of their annual salary. Those who became members prior to July 1, 2012 must also contribute an additional $2.5 \%$ of their annual salary if spousal benefit is elected. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and approved and certified by the GJRS Board.

Pursuant to O.C.G.A. 47-23-81, the employer contributions for state court judges and solicitors are funded by the State of Georgia on behalf of the local county employers and pursuant to O.C.G.A. 47-23-82, the employer contributions for juvenile court judges are funded by the state on behalf of local county employers.

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

Employer and nonemployer contributions required for fiscal year 2018 were based on the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation, as follows:

| Employer and nonemployer: |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Normal | $13.71 \%$ <br> Accrued liability <br> Total |
|  | $(6.54)$ |

Members become vested after 10 years of creditable service. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contributions, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.
(e) GMPF is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan established on July 1, 2002 by the Georgia General Assembly for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for members of the Georgia National Guard (the National Guard). The ERS Board administers the GMPF.

## Membership

As of June 30, 2018, GMPF had 1,076 retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits. Active and inactive plan member information is maintained by one employer, the Georgia Department of Defense.

## Benefits

A member becomes eligible for benefits upon attainment of age 60, with 20 or more years of creditable service (including at least 15 years of service as a member of the National Guard), having served at least 10 consecutive years as a member of the National Guard immediately prior to discharge, and having received an honorable discharge from the National Guard.

The retirement allowance is payable for life in the amount of $\$ 50$ per month, plus $\$ 5$ per month for each year of creditable service in excess of 20 years. The maximum benefit is $\$ 100$ per month.

## Contributions and Vesting

Employer contributions are actuarially determined and approved and certified by the ERS Board. There are no member contributions required.

Employer contributions required for the year ended June 30, 2018 were $\$ 172.85$ per active member and were based on the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation.

A member becomes vested after 20 years of creditable service (including at least 15 years of service as a member of the National Guard), having served at least 10 consecutive years as a member of the National Guard immediately prior to discharge, and having received an honorable discharge from the National Guard.
(f) SCJRF is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1945 for the purpose of providing retirement benefits to the superior court judges of the State of Georgia. SCJRF is directed by its own Board of Trustees (SCJRF Board). The ERS Board and SCJRF Board entered into a contract for ERS to administer the plan effective July 1, 1995.

## Membership

As of June 30, 2018, SCJRF had 12 retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and no active members. No new members are allowed into SCJRF.

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

## Benefits

The normal retirement for SCJRF is age 68, with 19 years of creditable service, with a benefit of two-thirds the salary paid to superior court judges. A member may also retire at age 65, with a minimum of 10 years of creditable service, with a benefit of one-half the salary paid to superior court judges. Death, disability, and spousal benefits are also available.

## Contributions and Vesting

Employer contributions are not actuarially determined, but are provided on an as-needed basis to fund current benefits.
(g) DARF is a multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1949 for the purpose of providing retirement benefits to the district attorneys of the state of Georgia. DARF is directed by its own Board of Trustees (DARF Board). The ERS Board and DARF Board entered into a contract for ERS to administer the plan effective July 1, 1995.

## Membership

As of June 30, 2018, DARF had four retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and no active members. No new members are allowed into DARF.

## Benefits

Persons appointed as district attorney emeritus shall receive an annual benefit of $\$ 15,000$, or one-half of the state salary received by such person as a district attorney for the calendar year immediately prior to the person's retirement, whichever is greater.

## Contributions and Vesting

Employer contributions are not actuarially determined, but are provided on an as-needed basis to fund current benefits.
(h) SEAD-OPEB is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan created in 2007 by the Georgia General Assembly to amend Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., relating to retirement, so as to establish a fund for the provision of term life insurance to retired and vested inactive members of ERS, LRS, and GJRS. Effective July 1, 2009, no newly hired members of any Georgia public retirement system are eligible for term life insurance under SEAD. The SEAD-OPEB trust fund accumulates the premiums received from the aforementioned retirement systems, including interest earned on deposits and investments of such payments from retired and vested inactive members. There were 459 employers and 1 nonemployer contributing entity participating in the plan during 2018.

SEAD Membership as of June 30, 2018

Total: 69,633

- Retirees and beneficiaries
- Terminated employees
- Active plan members


Employee contribution rates as a percentage of member's salaries were appropriated for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 as follows: ERS Old Plan - 0.45\% and ERS New Plan, LRS, and GJRS - $0.23 \%$. ERS Old Plan members were hired prior to July 1, 1982 and New Plan members were hired on or after July 1, 1982, but prior to January 1, 2009.

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

Georgia law provides that employee contributions to the plan shall be in an amount established by the Board of Trustees (SEAD Board) not to exceed one-half of $1 \%$ of the member's earnable compensation. There were no employer contributions required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

According to the policy terms covering the lives of members, insurance coverage is provided on a monthly, renewable term basis, and no return premiums or cash value are earned. The net position represents the excess accumulation of investment income and premiums over benefit payments and expenses, and is held as a reserve for payment of death benefits under existing policies.

The amount of insurance for a retiree with creditable service prior to April 1, 1964 is the full amount of insurance under SEAD-Active in effect on the date of retirement. The amount of insurance for a service retiree with no creditable service prior to April 1, 1964 is $70 \%$ of the amount of insurance under SEAD-Active at age 60 or at termination, if earlier. Life insurance proceeds are paid in a lump sum to the beneficiary upon death of the retiree.

Administrative costs for the plan are determined based on the plan's share of overhead costs to accumulate and invest funds, actuarial services, and to process benefit payments to beneficiaries. Administrative fees are financed from the assets of the plan.
(i) GDCP is a defined contribution plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in July 1992 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for state employees who are not members of a public retirement or pension system and do not participate in Social Security. GDCP is administered by the ERS Board. There were 75 employers participating in the plan during 2018. There were 121,878 members as of June 30, 2018.

## Benefits

A member may retire and elect to receive periodic payments after attainment of age 65. The payments will be based upon mortality tables and interest assumptions adopted by the ERS Board. If a terminated member has less than $\$ 5,000$ credited to his/her account, the ERS Board has the option of requiring a lump-sum distribution to the member. Upon the death of a member, a lump-sum distribution equaling the amount credited to his/her account will be paid to the member's designated beneficiary.

## Contributions and Vesting

Members are required to contribute $7.5 \%$ of their annual salary and vest immediately in the plan upon contribution. There are no employer contributions. Earnings will be credited to each member's account as adopted by the ERS Board. Upon termination of employment, the amount of the member's account is refundable upon request by the member.
(j) The 401(k) Plan was established by the State of Georgia Employee Benefit Plan Council in accordance with Georgia Law 1985, as amended, O.C.G.A, Sections 45-18-50 through 45-18-58, and Section $401(\mathrm{k})$ of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). On October 1, 1994, activity commenced when the 401(k) Plan became available to employees of the State of Georgia Community Service Boards (CSBs). On December 1, 1998, the 401(k) Plan became available to employees of the Georgia Lottery Corporation (GLC). On July 1, 2005, the Plan became available to employees of Fayette County Board of Education; on July 1, 2006, the Plan became available to employees of Walton County Board of Education; on January 1, 2010, the Plan became available to employees of Henry County Board of Education; and on July 1, 2017, the Plan became available to employees of the Baldwin County Board of Education.

Effective July 1, 1998, the State of Georgia Employee's Deferred Compensation Group Trust (the Master Trust) was formed for the State of Georgia Deferred Compensation Program to serve as the funding medium for the 401(k) Plan. At that time, the 401(k) Plan began operating on an employee elective deferral basis for all state employees working at least 1,000 hours in a 12-month period. All assets of the 401(k) Plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. The assets of the 401(k) Plan and the 457 Plan are commingled in the Master Trust with the respective trusts owning units of the Master Trust. Participant contributions are invested according to the participant's investment election. If the participant

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018
does not make an election, investments are automatically defaulted to a Lifecycle Fund based on the participant's date of birth.

Effective July 1, 2005 (HB275), ERS became the trustee of the 401(k) Plan. Alight Solutions and JPMorgan Chase hold, administer, and invest the assets of the Master Trust.

## Contributions and Vesting

Participating CSBs, the GLC, and Walton and Henry County Boards of Education offer employer contributions, some matching, some automatic, and some a combination of both, to eligible employees at various rates (limited to a maximum of $\$ 270,000$ base salary in calendar year 2017 and $\$ 275,000$ in calendar year 2018). As of January 1, 2009, individual participants may defer up to $80 \%$ of eligible compensation, or up to limits prescribed by the IRC (whichever is less).

Effective January 1, 2009, in accordance with O.C.G.A. 47-2-350 through 47-2-360, newly hired state employees, as well as rehired state employees who did not maintain eligibility for the ERS Old Plan or New Plan, are members of GSEPS. From January 1, 2009 to June 30, 2014, the GSEPS tier included automatic enrollment in the $401(\mathrm{k})$ Plan at a contribution rate of $1 \%$ of salary. Effective July 1, 2014, in accordance with HB764, the employee contribution rate for automatic enrollment increased from $1 \%$ to $5 \%$. The state matches $100 \%$ of the employee's initial $1 \%$ contribution and $50 \%$ of contributions above $1 \%$ and up to $5 \%$. Therefore, the state will match $3 \%$ of salary when an employee contributes at least $5 \%$ to the $401(\mathrm{k})$ Plan. Employee contributions greater than 5\% of salary do not receive any additional matching funds. Plan participants who are not employees of the GLC, a CSB, Walton and Henry County Boards of Education, or who are not GSEPS eligible do not receive any employer contributions in their 401(k) Plan.

All employer contributions are subject to a vesting schedule, which determines eligibility to receive all or a portion of the employer contribution balance at the time of any distribution from the account after separation from all state service. Vesting is determined based on the following schedule:

| Less than 1 year | $-\%$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| 1 | 20 |
| 2 | 40 |
| 3 | 60 |
| 4 | 80 |
| 5 or more years | 100 |

For CSB/GLC participants whose services terminated prior to January 1, 2010 but after December 31, 2001, the following vesting schedule applies:

| Less than 2 years | $-\%$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| 2 | 20 |
| 3 | 40 |
| 4 | 60 |
| 5 | 80 |
| 6 or more years | 100 |

For CSB/GLC participants whose services terminated prior to January 1, 2002, the following vesting schedule applies:

| Less than 3 years | $-\%$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| 3 | 20 |
| 4 | 40 |
| 5 | 60 |
| 6 | 80 |
| 7 or more years | 100 |

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

Employee contributions and earnings thereon are 100\% vested at all times. The 401(k) Plan also allows participants to roll over amounts from other qualified plans to their respective account in the 401(k) Plan on approval by the $401(\mathrm{k})$ plan administrator. Such rollovers are $100 \%$ vested at the time of transfer.

## Participation

As of June 30, 2018, the 401 (k) Plan had 65,874 participants with a balance. A total of 470 employers transmitted contributions to the plan during 2018.

## Distributions

The participant may receive the value of his or her vested accounts upon attaining age 59.5, qualifying financial hardship, or 30 days after retirement or other termination of service (employer contribution balances are only eligible for distribution upon separation from service). Upon the death of a participant, his or her beneficiary shall be entitled to the vested value of his or her accounts. Employees who die while actively employed and eligible for $401(\mathrm{k})$ Plan employer matching contributions become fully vested in employer contributions upon death. Distributions are made in installments or in a lump sum.
(k) The 457 Plan was established by the State Personnel Board in accordance with Georgia Law 1974, page 198 as amended, O.C.G.A., Sections 45-18-30 through 45-18-36, and Section 457 of the IRC. The 457 Plan is available to employees of the State of Georgia and county health departments and permits such employees to defer a portion of their annual salary until future years. Employee contributions and earnings thereon are $100 \%$ vested at all times.

Effective July 1, 1998, the Master Trust was formed for the State of Georgia Deferred Compensation Program to serve as the funding medium for the 457 Plan. All assets of the 457 Plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. The assets of the 457 Plan and the 401(k) Plan are commingled in the Master Trust with the respective trusts owning units of the Master Trust. Participant contributions are invested according to the participant's investment election. If the participant does not make an election, investments are automatically defaulted to a Lifecycle Fund based on the participant's date of birth.

Effective July 1, 2005 (HB275), ERS became the trustee of the 457 Plan. Alight Solutions and JPMorgan Chase hold, administer, and invest the assets of the Master Trust.

## Participation

As of June 30, 2018, the 457 Plan had 12,882 participants with a balance. A total of 306 employers transmitted contributions to the plan during 2018.

## Distributions

The balance in the employee's account in the 457 Plan is not available to the employee until age 70.5 , termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency, as defined in the 457 Plan. Upon the death of a participant, his or her beneficiary shall be entitled to the vested value of his or her accounts. Distributions are made in installments or in a lump sum.
(I) SBF was established under O.C.G.A. 47-2-128(c)(3) within the ERS trust solely for maintaining group term life insurance coverage for members of the plan. All assets of SBF are therefore limited to the payment of benefits and expenses for such coverage and cannot be used to pay pension benefits of ERS. SBF is shown on the financial statements separately as an agency fund to reflect ERS's custodial responsibility and to account for assets held for distribution to SEAD-Active and SEAD-OPEB. SBF may only be used to pay benefits or expenses of SEAD-OPEB or SEAD-Active with authorization by the ERS Board. An actuarial valuation is not prepared, as there are no funding requirements.

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018
(m) SEAD-Active is a cost-sharing multiple-employer life insurance plan created in 2007 by the Georgia General Assembly to amend Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., relating to retirement, so as to establish a fund for the provision of term life insurance to active members of ERS, LRS, and GJRS. Effective July 1, 2009, no newly hired members of any Georgia public retirement system are eligible for term life insurance under SEAD. The SEAD-Active fund accumulates the premiums received from the aforementioned retirement systems, including interest earned on deposits and investments of such payments from active members. There were 459 employers and 1 nonemployer contributing entity participating in the plan during 2018. As of June 30, 2018, there were 26,032 active plan members in SEAD-Active.

Employee contribution rates as a percentage of member's salaries were appropriated for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 as follows: ERS Old Plan $-0.05 \%$ and ERS New Plan, LRS, and GJRS - 0.02\%. ERS Old Plan members were hired prior to July 1, 1982 and new plan members were hired on or after July 1, 1982, but prior to January 1, 2009.

Georgia law provides that employee contributions to the plan shall be in an amount established by the SEAD Board not to exceed one-half of $1 \%$ of the member's earnable compensation. There were no employer contributions required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

According to the policy terms covering the lives of members, insurance coverage is provided on a monthly, renewable term basis, and no return premiums or cash value are earned. The net position represents the excess accumulation of investment income and premiums over benefit payments and expenses, and is held as a reserve for payment of death benefits under existing policies.

The amount of insurance coverage is equal to 18 times monthly earnable compensation frozen at age 60. For members with no creditable service prior to April 1, 1964, the amount decreases from age 60 by a half of $1 \%$ per month until age 65 , at which point the member will be covered for $70 \%$ of the age 60 coverage. Life insurance proceeds are paid in lump sum to the beneficiary upon death of the member.

Administrative costs for the plan are determined based on the plan's share of overhead costs to accumulate and invest funds, actuarial services, and to process benefit payments to beneficiaries. Administrative fees are financed from the assets of the plan.

## (3) Significant Accounting Policies and System Asset Matters

## (a) Basis of Accounting

The System's financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governmental organizations. The System follows the reporting requirements established by GASB.

Fiduciary funds include the defined benefit plans and defined contribution plans, which are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions to the defined benefit pension plans and OPEB plan are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan. Contributions to the deferred compensation plans are recognized as received. The SBF is an agency fund and is custodial in nature and does not measure the results of operations. Assets and liabilities are recorded using the accrual basis of accounting. The proprietary fund comprises the SEAD-Active plan. This fund is accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and uses the accrual basis of accounting. The principal operating revenues are derived from insurance premiums. Operating expenses include the cost of claims and related expenses.

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

## (b) Reporting Entity

The System is a component unit of the State of Georgia; however, it is accountable for its own fiscal matters and presentation of its separate financial statements. The System has considered potential component units under GASB Statements No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units, No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity's Omnibus - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 34, and No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units, and determined there were no component units of the System.
(c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents, reported at cost, include cash on deposit at banks and cash on deposit with the investment custodian.

## (d) Investments

Investments are reported at fair value, and in some cases, net asset value (NAV) as a practical expedient to fair value. Equity securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Investments in private investment companies are valued utilizing the NAVs provided by the underlying private investment companies as a practical expedient. The Pooled Investment Fund (the Fund) applies the practical expedient to its investments in private investment companies on an investment by investment basis, and consistent with the Fund's entire position in a particular investment, unless it is probable that the Fund will sell a portion of an investment at an amount different from the NAV of the investment. Private equity fair value is measured using the valuation of the underlying companies as reported by the general partner. These investments, in the form of limited partnerships, reflect values and related performance on a quarter-lag basis due to the nature of the investments and the time it takes to value them. The estimated fair value of investments without readily determinable market values could differ significantly if a ready market for these assets existed. Fixed income securities are valued based primarily on quoted market prices provided by independent pricing sources. Global foreign exchange holdings are translated using a third-party vendor. Investment income is recognized as earned by the System. There are no investments in, loans to, or leases with parties related to the System.

The System utilizes various investment instruments. Investment securities, in general, are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit, foreign currency, and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the financial statements.

The System's policy with regard to the allocation of invested assets is established on a cost basis in compliance with Georgia statute. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension and OPEB plans. The following was the System's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2018:

| Asset class | Target allocation |
| :--- | :---: |
| Fixed income | $25 \%-45 \%$ |
| Equities | $55 \%-75 \%$ |
| Alternative investments | $0 \%-5 \%$ |
| Cash and cash equivalents | - |
| Total | $100 \%$ |

Approximately $18.8 \%$ of the investments held in trust for pension and OPEB benefits are invested in debt securities of the U.S. government. The System has no investments in any one organization, other than those issued by the U.S. government and its instrumentalities, that represent $5 \%$ or more of the System's net position restricted for pensions and OPEB.

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was $0.6 \%$. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

## (e) Capital Assets

Capital assets, including software development costs, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and reside in ERS. The capitalization thresholds are $\$ 100,000$ for buildings and building improvements and $\$ 5,000$ for equipment and vehicles. Depreciation on capital assets is computed using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of 5 to 40 years. Depreciation expense is included in administrative expenses. Maintenance and repairs are charged to administrative expenses when incurred. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the costs and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is reflected in the combining statement of changes in fiduciary net position in the period of disposal.

## (f) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of net position and changes therein. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## (g) New Accounting Pronouncements

Pronouncements effective for the 2018 financial statements:

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. The Statement addressed accounting and financial reporting for defined benefit OPEB plans that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers. See note 3(h) for the impact to the System.

In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 81, Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements, effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. There are no applicable reporting requirements for the System related to this statement.

In March 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. This Statement addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. A variety of topics are addressed, including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement, and OPEB. The implementation of Statement No. 85 did not impact the amounts recorded or disclosures presented in the System's financial statements.

In May 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt. There are no applicable reporting requirements for the System related to this Statement.

## Pronouncements issued, but not yet effective:

In November 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. The System does not anticipate this statement to impact its financial statements and related reporting.

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The System is in the process of evaluating the impact of this pronouncement on its financial statements.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases, effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, which provides guidance for lease contracts for nonfinancial assets - including vehicles, heavy equipment, and buildings - but excludes nonexchange transactions, including donated assets, and leases of intangible assets (such as patents and software licenses). The System is in the process of evaluating the impact of this pronouncement on its financial statements.

In April 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018. The purpose is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The System is in the process of evaluating the impact of this pronouncement on its financial statements.

In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Costs Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, which establishes guidance designed to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period. It also simplifies accounting for interest costs incurred before the end of a construction period. The System is in the process of evaluating the impact of this pronouncement on its financial statements.

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

## (h) Change in Accounting Principle

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. This Statement established new financial reporting standards for state and local governmental employers that participate in other postemployment benefit plans that are administered through a trust or similar arrangement. This Statement established standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses. As a result, the System has restated beginning net position by approximately $\$ 7.5$ million. A summary of the changes to beginning net position is as follows (dollars in thousands):

| Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position: Defined Benefit Plans |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net Position - beginning of year as previously reported | \$ | 15,582,566 |
| Recording of SEAD-OPEB net OPEB asset |  | 372 |
| Recording of State OPEB Fund net OPEB liability |  | $(8,792)$ |
| Recording of contributions made subsequently |  | 926 |
| Net position - beginning of year, as restated | \$ | 15,575,072 |
| Defined Benefit Plans - Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position: Employees' Retirement System |  |  |
| Net Position - beginning of year as previously reported | \$ | 13,098,299 |
| Recording of SEAD-OPEB net OPEB asset |  | 372 |
| Recording of State OPEB Fund net OPEB liability |  | $(8,792)$ |
| Recording of contributions made subsequently |  | 926 |
| Net position - beginning of year, as restated | \$ | 13,090,805 |

## Notes to Financial Statements

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## (4) Investment Program

The System maintains sufficient cash to meet its immediate liquidity needs. Cash not immediately needed is invested as directed by the ERS Board. All investments are held by agent custodial banks in the name of the System. State statutes and the System's investment policy authorize the System to invest in a variety of shortterm and long-term securities as follows:

## (a) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event a depository institution or counterparty fails, the System would not be able to recover the value of its deposits or investments. The System does not have a formal policy relating to custodial credit risk. The carrying amount of the System's deposits totaled $\$ 276.6$ million at June 30, 2018 with actual bank balances of $\$ 280.3$ million. The System's bank balances of $\$ 260.0$ million are fully insured through the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, an independent agency of the U.S. government. The remaining bank deposits of $\$ 20.3$ million are uninsured and uncollateralized. The System's noncash investments are held in the System's name and are not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Short term securities authorized but not currently used are as follows:

- Repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements, whereby the System and a broker exchange cash for direct obligations of the U.S. government or obligations unconditionally guaranteed by agencies of the U.S. government or U.S. corporations. The System or broker promises to repay the cash received, plus interest, at a specific date in the future in exchange for the same securities.
- U.S. Treasury obligations
- Commercial paper, with a maturity of 180 days or less. Commercial paper is an unsecured promissory note issued primarily by corporations for a specific amount and maturing on a specific day. The System considers for investment only commercial paper of the highest quality, rated P-I and/or A-I by national credit rating agencies.
- Master notes, an overnight security administered by a custodian bank and an obligation of a corporation whose commercial paper is rated $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{I}$ and/or A-I by national credit rating agencies.

Investments in commercial paper or master notes are limited to no more than $\$ 500$ million in any one name.

## (b) Investments

Fixed income investments, managed by the Division of Investment Services (the Division), are authorized in the following instruments:

- U.S. and foreign government obligations. At June 30, 2018, the System held U.S. Treasury bonds of approximately $\$ 3.4$ billion.
- Obligations unconditionally guaranteed by agencies of the U.S. government. At June 30, 2018, the System did not hold agency bonds.
- U.S. and foreign corporate obligations. At June 30, 2018, the System held U.S. corporate bonds of approximately $\$ 1.5$ billion and international corporate bonds of approximately $\$ 190$ million.
- Private placements are authorized under the same general restrictions applicable to corporate bonds. At June 30, 2018, the System did not hold private placements.


## Notes to Financial Statements

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Mortgage investments are authorized to the extent that they are secured by first mortgages on improved real property located in the state of Georgia.

Equity securities are also authorized (in statutes) for investment as a complement to the System's fixed income portfolio and as a long-term inflation hedge. By statute, no more than $75 \%$ of the total invested assets on a historical cost basis may be placed in equities. Equity holdings in any one corporation may not exceed $5 \%$ of the outstanding equity of the issuing corporation. The equity portfolio is managed by the Division, in conjunction with independent advisers. Buy/sell decisions are based on securities meeting rating criteria established by the ERS Board, in-house research considering such matters as yield, growth, and sales statistics, and analysis of independent market research. Equity trades are approved and executed by the Division's staff. Common stocks eligible for investment are approved by the Investment Committee of the ERS Board before being placed on an approved list.

Equity investments are authorized in the following instruments:

- Domestic equities are those securities considered by O.C.G.A. to be domiciled in the United States. At June 30, 2018, the System held domestic equities of approximately $\$ 8.3$ billion.
- International equities, including American Depository Receipts (ADR), are not considered by the O.C.G.A. to be domiciled in the United States. At June 30, 2018, the System held international equities of approximately $\$ 1.1$ billion and ADRs of approximately $\$ 1.7$ billion, excluding the $401(\mathrm{k})$ and 457 plans.
- Alternative investments are authorized (in statutes) to provide portfolio diversification and to enhance the risk-adjusted rate of return for the retirement fund that benefits the members of the System. By statute, the allocation to alternative investments shall not, in the aggregate, exceed $5 \%$ of the System's plan assets at any time. Further, in any calendar year, new commitments to alternative investments shall not, in the aggregate exceed $1.0 \%$ of the System's plan assets until the first occurrence that $4.5 \%$ of the assets have been invested, at which time there shall be no limit on the percentage of commitments that may be made in any calendar year, subject to compliance with other provisions of the statute. At June 30, 2018, the System held private equity investments of approximately $\$ 221.9$ million.

The Master Trust invests in various mutual funds, common collective trust funds, and separate accounts, as selected by participants. Each participant is allowed to select and invest contributions into investment options that own one or more commingled funds, as authorized by the ERS Board. Participants may also contribute to a self-directed brokerage account that offers investments in various mutual funds and equities. At June 30, 2018, the deferred compensation plans held commingled funds of approximately $\$ 1.6$ billion, mutual funds of approximately $\$ 7.2$ million, domestic equities of approximately $\$ 14.8$ million, and international equities of approximately $\$ 1.4$ million.

Substantially all of the investments of ERS, PSERS, LRS, GJRS, GMPF, SEAD-OPEB, SBF, and SEADActive are pooled into one common investment fund. Units in the pooled common investment fund are allocated to the respective plans based upon the cost of assets contributed, and additional units are allocated to the participating plans based on the market value of the pooled common investment fund at the date of contribution. Net income of the pooled common investment fund is allocated monthly to the participating plans, based upon the number of units outstanding during the month.

## Notes to Financial Statements

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The units and fair value of each plan's equity in the pooled common investment fund at June 30, 2018 were as follows (dollars in thousands):

|  | Fair value |  | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employees' Retirement System | \$ | 13,468,340 | 2,722,454 |
| Public School Employees Retirement System |  | 914,957 | 184,947 |
| Legislative Retirement System |  | 34,216 | 6,916 |
| Georgia Judicial Retirement System |  | 466,307 | 94,258 |
| Georgia Military Pension Fund |  | 23,715 | 4,794 |
| State Employees' Assurance Department - OPEB |  | 1,189,173 | 240,376 |
| Survivors Benefit Fund |  | 148,450 | 30,007 |
| Total defined benefit plans |  | 16,245,158 | 3,283,752 |
| State Employees' Assurance Department - Active |  | 289,087 | 58,435 |
| Total in pooled investment funds | \$ | 16,534,245 | 3,342,187 |

Fair Value Measurements. The System categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the inputs used in valuation and gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets and requires that observable inputs be used in the valuations when available. The disclosure of fair value estimates in the hierarchy is based on whether the significant inputs into the valuations are observable. In determining the level of the hierarchy in which the estimate is disclosed, the highest level, Level 1 , is given to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets and the lowest level, Level 3, to unobservable inputs.

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:
Level 1 - Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets that the System has the ability to access.

Level 2 - Valuations based on quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active, and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable.

Level 3 - Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

The System also has investments held through limited partnerships for which fair value is estimated using the NAV reported by the general partner as a practical expedient to fair value. Such investments have not been categorized within the fair value hierarchy.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The System's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each investment. The table on the following page shows the fair value leveling of the System's investments (in thousands).

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

| Investments by fair value level | Fair value measures using |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1) | Significant other observable inputs (Level 2) | Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) |  |  |
| Equities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic | \$ | 8,332,421 | - | - |  | 8,332,421 |
| International |  | 2,788,248 | 19,606 | - |  | 2,807,854 |
| Obligations: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. Treasuries |  | 3,374,310 | - | - |  | 3,374,310 |
| Corporate bonds |  | - | 1,475,432 | - |  | 1,475,432 |
| International: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corporate bonds |  | - | 190,353 | - |  | 190,353 |
| Mutual funds |  | 7,228 | - | - |  | 7,228 |
| Commingled funds |  | 80,811 | 1,510,680 | - |  | 1,591,491 |
| Total investments by fair value level | \$ | 14,583,018 | 3,196,071 | - |  | 17,779,089 |
| Investments measured at NAV* |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Private equity funds |  |  |  |  |  | 221,904 |
| Total investments |  |  |  |  | \$ | 18,000,993 |

*Certain investments that are measured at fair value using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient have not been categorized in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the combining statement of fiduciary net position.

Equity securities classified in Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Equity securities in Level 2 are valued using prices quoted for similar instruments in active markets. Equity securities classified in Level 3, if any, are valued using third-party valuations not currently observable in the market.

Debt securities classified in Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active markets. Debt securities classified in Level 2 are valued using either a bid evaluation or a matrix pricing technique. Bid evaluations may include market quotations, yields, maturities, call features, and ratings. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. These securities have nonproprietary information that was readily available to market participants, from multiple independent sources, which are known to be actively involved in the market.

Mutual funds and commingled funds classified in Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those investment types. Commingled funds classified in Level 2 are valued using observable underlying inputs that are market corroborated.

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

Unfunded commitments, redemption frequency, and redemption notice period relative to the System's alternative investments for which the System utilized NAV or its equivalent relative to the determination of fair value at June 30, 2018 are as follows (in thousands):
$\left.\begin{array}{|lccccc|}\hline & & & \begin{array}{c}\text { Redemption } \\ \text { Investments } \\ \text { measured at } \\ \text { NAV }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Unfunded } \\ \text { commitments }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { (if currently } \\ \text { eligible) }\end{array}\end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Redemption } \\ \text { notice period }\end{array}\right]$

Investments in privately held limited partnerships are valued using the NAV provided by the general partner as of March 31 of each fiscal year, adjusted by the System for cash flows through June 30. The quarterly values of the partnership investments provided from the general partner are reviewed by the System to determine if any adjustments are necessary. The types of partnership strategies held include growth equity, leveraged buyouts, and mezzanine debt. Two of the 15 partnerships held are secondary investments and are in or nearing the wind up phase of the fund. The remaining investments typically have an approximate life of $8-10$ years. These investments are considered illiquid since the nature of these private investments prohibits redemption with the fund; instead, distributions are received from the general partner through liquidation of the underlying assets of the fund. The System currently has no plans to sell any of the investments prior to their liquidation resulting in these assets being carried at the NAV estimated by the general partner and adjusted for second quarter cash flows by the System.

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the System. O.C.G.A. 47-20-84 limits investments to investment grade securities.

It is the System's investment policy to require that the bond portfolio be of high quality and chosen with respect to maturity ranges, coupon levels, refunding characteristics, and marketability. The System's policy is to require that new purchases of bonds be restricted to high-grade bonds rated no lower than "A" by any nationally recognized statistical rating organization. If a bond is subsequently downgraded to a rating below "A," it is placed on a watch list. Obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality. The quality ratings of investments in fixed income securities as described by Standard \& Poor's and by Moody's Investors Service, which are nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, at June 30, 2018 are shown in the chart on the following page (in thousands):

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

| Quality Ratings of Fixed Income Investments Held at June 30, 2018 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Investment type | Standard \& Poor's/ Moody's quality rating | June 30, 2018 fair value |  |
| Domestic obligations: |  |  |  |
| U.S. Treasuries |  | \$ | 3,374,310 |
| Corporates | AAA/Aaa |  | 166,156 |
|  | AA/Aaa |  | 188,755 |
|  | AA/Aa |  | 151,695 |
|  | A/Aa |  | 96,524 |
|  | AA/A |  | 146,034 |
|  | A/A |  | 726,268 |
| Total corporates |  |  | 1,475,432 |
| International obligations: |  |  |  |
| Corporates | A/Aa |  | 95,951 |
|  | A/A |  | 94,402 |
| Total corporates |  |  | 190,353 |
| Total fixed income investments |  | \$ | 5,040,095 |

Mutual funds, commingled funds, and various equities of the deferred compensation plans are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit risk rating.

Concentration of Credit Risk: Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issue. At June 30, 2018, the System did not have debt or equity investments in any one organization, other than those issued or guaranteed by the U.S. government or its agencies, which represented greater than $5 \%$ of plan net position.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. While the System has no formal interest rate risk policy, active management of the bond portfolio incorporates interest rate risk to generate improved returns. This risk is managed within the portfolio using the effective duration method. This method is widely used in the management of fixed income portfolios and quantifies to a much greater degree the sensitivity to interest rate changes when analyzing a bond portfolio with call options, prepayment provisions, and any other cash flows. Effective duration makes assumptions regarding the most likely timing and amounts of variable cash flows and is best utilized to gauge the effect of a change in interest rates on the fair value of a portfolio. It is believed that the reporting of effective duration found in the table on the following page quantifies to the fullest extent possible the interest rate risk of the System's fixed income assets (amounts in thousands).

| Effective Duration of Fixed Income Assets |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fixed income type |  | ir value $\text { e 30, } 2018$ | Percent of all fixed income assets | Effective duration (years) |
| Domestic obligations: |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. Treasuries | \$ | 3,374,310 | 66.9\% | 5.7 |
| Corporates |  | 1,475,432 | 29.3 | 3.8 |
| International obligations: |  |  |  |  |
| Corporates |  | 190,353 | 3.8 | 0.8 |
| Total | \$ | 5,040,095 | 100.0\% | 4.9 |

Foreign Currency Risk: Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will impact the fair value of an investment. The System's currency risk exposures, or exchange rate risks, primarily reside within the System's international equity investment holdings. The System's foreign exchange risk management policy is to minimize risk and protect the investments from negative impact by hedging foreign currency exposures with foreign exchange instruments when market conditions and circumstances are deemed appropriate. As of June 30, 2018, the System's exposure to foreign currency risk in U.S. dollars, excluding the $401(\mathrm{k})$ and 457 plans, is highlighted in the table on the following page (amounts in thousands):

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

| International Investment Securities at Fair Value as of June 30, 2018 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Currency | Cash/cash equivalents | Equities | Fixed income | Total |
| Australian dollar \$ | \$ | 46,103 | - | 46,103 |
| Brazilian real | - | 10,568 | - | 10,568 |
| British pound | - | 109,708 | - | 109,708 |
| Canadian dollar | - | 38,679 | - | 38,679 |
| Czech krone | - | 1,062 | - | 1,062 |
| Danish krone | - | 17,110 | - | 17,110 |
| Euro | 36 | 299,571 | - | 299,607 |
| Hong Kong dollar | - | 53,522 | - | 53,522 |
| Indian rupee | - | 53,318 | - | 53,318 |
| Indonesian rupiah | - | 5,537 | - | 5,537 |
| Israeli shekel | - | 1,816 | - | 1,816 |
| Japanese yen | 16 | 193,230 | - | 193,246 |
| Malaysian ringgit | - | 14,653 | - | 14,653 |
| Mexican peso | - | 5,847 | - | 5,847 |
| New Taiwan dollar | - | 29,990 | - | 29,990 |
| Norwegian krone | - | 2,355 | - | 2,355 |
| Philippine peso | - | 4,220 | - | 4,220 |
| Polish zloty | - | 2,841 | - | 2,841 |
| Singapore dollar | - | 23,992 | - | 23,992 |
| South African rand | - | 38,495 | - | 38,495 |
| South Korean won | - | 69,474 | - | 69,474 |
| Swedish krona | - | 31,062 | - | 31,062 |
| Swiss franc | - | 31,121 | - | 31,121 |
| Thailand baht | - | 19,606 | - | 19,606 |
| Total holdings subject to foreign currency risk | 52 | 1,103,880 | - | 1,103,932 |
| Investment securities payable in U.S. dollars | - | 1,702,552 | 190,353 | 1,892,905 |
| Total international investment securities - at fair value | 52 | 2,806,432 | 190,353 | 2,996,837 |

## (5) Securities Lending Program

State statutes and ERS Board policies permit the System to lend its securities to broker-dealers with a simultaneous agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future. The System is presently involved in a securities lending program with major brokerage firms. The System lends equity and fixed income securities for varying terms and receives a fee based on the loaned securities' value. The System reports the gross loan fee income earned as investment income on the combining statement of changes in fiduciary net position. During a loan, the System continues to receive dividends and interest as the owner of the loaned securities. The brokerage firms pledge collateral securities consisting of U.S. government and agency securities, mortgage backed securities issued by a U.S. government agency, corporate bonds, and equities. The collateral value must be equal to at least $102 \%$ to $109 \%$ of the loaned securities' value, depending on the type of collateral security.

Securities loaned totaled approximately $\$ 4.0$ billion at fair value at June 30, 2018. The collateral value was equal to 105\% of the loaned securities' value at June 30, 2018. The System's lending collateral was held in the System's name by the tri-party custodian.

## Notes to Financial Statements

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Loaned securities are included in the accompanying combining statement of fiduciary net position since the System maintains ownership. The related collateral securities are not recorded as assets on the System's combining statement of fiduciary net position, and a corresponding liability is not recorded, since the System is deemed not to have the ability to pledge or trade the collateral securities. The System is deemed not to have the ability to pledge or sell the collateral securities, since the System's lending contracts do not address whether the lender can pledge or sell the collateral securities without a borrower default, the System has not previously demonstrated that ability, and there are no indications of the System's ability to pledge or sell the collateral securities.

## (6) Capital Assets

The following is a summary of capital assets and depreciation information as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018:
$\left.\begin{array}{|lrrrrrr|}\hline & \begin{array}{c}\text { Balance at } \\ \text { June 30, 2017 }\end{array} & \text { Additions } & & & \begin{array}{c}\text { Balance at } \\ \text { Disposals }\end{array} \\ \text { June 30, 2018 }\end{array}\right]$

## (7) Commitments

As of June 30, 2018, the System had committed to fund certain private equity partnerships for a total capital commitment of approximately $\$ 427.8$ million. Of this amount, approximately $\$ 213.9$ million remained unfunded and is not recorded on the System's combining statement of fiduciary net position.

## (8) Net Pension Liability of Employers and Nonemployers - ERS

The components of the net pension liability of the participating employers and nonemployers at June 30, 2018 were as follows (dollars in thousands):

| Total pension liability <br> Plan fiduciary net position <br> Employers' and nonemployers' net pension liability | $17,628,219$ <br> $13,517,186$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability | $\$$$4,111,033$ | $76.68 \%$ |

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

```
Inflation
Salary increases
Investment rate of return
```

```
2.75%
3.25-7.00%, including inflation
7.30%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
```

Postretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB and set forward two years for both males and females for service retirements and dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB and set back seven years for males and set forward three years for females was used for death after disability retirement. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB . There is a margin for future mortality improvement in the tables used by the plan.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2014, with the exception of the investment rate of return. Subsequent to the June 30, 2017 measurement date, the ERS Board adopted a new funding policy. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from $7.50 \%$ to $7.40 \%$ for the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation. In addition, based on the ERS Board's new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was further reduced by $0.10 \%$ from $7.40 \%$ to $7.30 \%$ as of the June 30,2018 measurement date. Therefore, an assumption change from $7.50 \%$ to $7.30 \%$ is reflected in the calculation of the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| Asset class | Target allocation | Long-term expected real rate of return* |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Fixed income | $30.00 \%$ | $(0.50) \%$ |
| Domestic large equities | 37.20 | 9.00 |
| Domestic mid equities | 3.40 | 12.00 |
| Domestic small equities | 1.40 | 13.50 |
| International developed market equities | 17.80 | 8.00 |
| International emerging market equities | 5.20 | 12.00 |
| Alternatives | 5.00 | 10.50 |
| Total | $\underline{100.00 \%}$ |  |
|  |  |  |

* Rates shown are net of inflation

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was $7.30 \%$. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## Notes to Financial Statements

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Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of $7.30 \%$, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.30\%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.30\%) than the current rate (dollars in thousands):

|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1\% } \\ \text { Decrease } \\ \text { (6.30\%) } \end{gathered}$ | Current discount rate (7.30\%) | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1\% } \\ \text { Increase } \\ \text { (8.30\%) } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employers' and nonemployers' net pension liability | \$ | 5,847,341 | 4,111,033 | 2,631,654 |

Actuarial valuation date: June 30, 2017 is the actuarial valuation date upon which the total pension liability is based. An expected total pension liability is determined as of June 30, 2018 using standard roll-forward techniques. The roll-forward calculation adds the annual normal cost (also called service cost), subtracts the actual benefit payments and refunds for the plan year, and then applies the expected investment rate of return for the year.

## (9) Net Pension Liability of Employers and Nonemployers - PSERS

The components of the net pension liability of the participating employers and nonemployers at June 30, 2018 were as follows (dollars in thousands):

| Total pension liability | $\$$$1,072,165$ <br> 914,138 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Plan fiduciary net position | $\$$158,027 |
| Employers' and nonemployers' net pension liability |  |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability |  |

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Salary increases
Investment rate of return
Cost-of-living adjustment

## n/a

$7.30 \%$, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation $1.5 \%$ semi-annually

Postretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Blue-Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward three years for males and two years for females) for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward five years for both males and females) was used for death after disability retirement. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB . There is a margin for future mortality improvement in the tables used by the plan.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2014, with the exception of the investment rate of return. Subsequent to the June 30, 2017 measurement date, the PSERS Board adopted a new funding policy. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from $7.50 \%$ to $7.40 \%$ for the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation. In addition, based on the PSERS Board's new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was further reduced by $0.10 \%$ from $7.40 \%$ to $7.30 \%$ as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date. Therefore, an assumption change from $7.50 \%$ to $7.30 \%$ is reflected in the calculation of the total pension liability.

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| Asset class | Target allocation | Long-term expected real rate of return* |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Fixed income | $30.00 \%$ | $(0.50) \%$ |
| Domestic large equities | 37.20 | 9.00 |
| Domestic mid equities | 3.40 | 12.00 |
| Domestic small equities | 1.40 | 13.50 |
| International developed market equities | 17.80 | 8.00 |
| International emerging market equities | 5.20 | 12.00 |
| Alternatives | 5.00 | 10.50 |
| Total | $\underline{100.00 \%}$ |  |

* Rates shown are net of inflation.

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was $7.30 \%$. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of $7.30 \%$, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.30\%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.30\%) than the current rate (dollars in thousands):

|  |  | $\begin{array}{c}\text { Current } \\ \text { discount } \\ \text { rate }\end{array}$ |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | \(\left.\begin{array}{c}1\% <br>

Increase <br>
Decrease <br>
(6.30 \%)\end{array}\right)\)

Actuarial valuation date: June 30, 2017 is the actuarial valuation date upon which the total pension liability is based. An expected total pension liability is determined as of June 30, 2018 using standard roll-forward techniques. The roll-forward calculation adds the annual normal cost (also called service cost), subtracts the actual benefit payments and refunds for the plan year, and then applies the expected investment rate of return for the year.

## (10) Net Pension Liability of Employer - LRS

The components of the net pension liability (asset) of the participating employer at June 30, 2018 were as follows (dollars in thousands):

| Total pension liability | \$ | 26,304 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Plan fiduciary net position |  | 34,189 |
| Employer's net pension asset | \$ | $(7,885)$ |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability |  | 129.98\% |

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| Inflation | $2.75 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Salary increases | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Investment rate of return | $7.30 \%$, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation |
| Cost-of-living adjustment | 1.5\% semi-annually |

Postretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward two years for both males and females) for the period after service retirement. The RP-2000 Employee Mortality table projected to 2025 using projection scale BB was used for deaths in active service.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2014, with the exception of the investment rate of return. Subsequent to the June 30, 2017 measurement date, the ERS Board adopted a new funding policy. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from $7.50 \%$ to $7.40 \%$ for the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation. In addition, based on the ERS Board's new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was further reduced by $0.10 \%$ from $7.40 \%$ to $7.30 \%$ as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date. Therefore, an assumption change from $7.50 \%$ to $7.30 \%$ is reflected in the calculation of the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| Asset class | Target allocation | Long-term expected real rate of return* |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fixed income | $30.00 \%$ | $(0.50) \%$ |  |  |  |
| Domestic large equities | 37.20 | 9.00 |  |  |  |
| Domestic mid equities | 3.40 | 12.00 |  |  |  |
| Domestic small equities | 1.40 | 13.50 |  |  |  |
| International developed market equities | 17.80 | 8.00 |  |  |  |
| International emerging market equities | 5.20 | 12.00 |  |  |  |
| Alternatives | 5.00 | 10.50 |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

* Rates shown are net of inflation.

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was $7.30 \%$. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The table on the following page presents the net pension liability (asset), calculated using the discount rate of $7.30 \%$, as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.30\%) or 1-percentage-point higher ( $8.30 \%$ ) than the current rate (dollars in thousands):

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1 \% \\ \text { Decrease } \\ \text { (6.30\%) } \end{gathered}$ | Current discount rate (7.30\%) | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1\% } \\ \text { Increase } \\ \text { (8.30\%) } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employers' and nonemployers' net pension liability (asset) | \$ | $(5,420)$ | $(7,885)$ | $(9,971)$ |

Actuarial valuation date: June 30, 2017 is the actuarial valuation date upon which the total pension liability is based. An expected total pension liability is determined as of June 30, 2018 using standard roll-forward techniques. The roll-forward calculation adds the annual normal cost (also called service cost), subtracts the actual benefit payments and refunds for the plan year, and then applies the expected investment rate of return for the year.

## (11) Net Pension Liability of Employers and Nonemployers - GJRS

The components of the net pension liability (asset) of the participating employers and nonemployers at June 30, 2018 were as follows (dollars in thousands):

| Total pension liability | $\$$ | 428,624 <br> 466,657 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Plan fiduciary net position |  | $(38,033)$ <br> Employers' and nonemployers' net pension asset <br> Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability |

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

```
Inflation
Salary increases
Investment rate of return
```

2.75\%
4.50\%, including inflation
$7.30 \%$, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for both males and females for the period after retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. For the period after disability retirement, the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set back seven years for males and set forward three years for females is used. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2014, with the exception of the investment rate of return. Subsequent to the June 30, 2017 measurement date, the GJRS Board adopted a new funding policy. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from $7.50 \%$ to $7.40 \%$ for the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation. In addition, based on the GJRS Board's new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was further reduced by $0.10 \%$ from $7.40 \%$ to $7.30 \%$ as of the June 30,2018 measurement date. Therefore, an assumption change from $7.50 \%$ to $7.30 \%$ is reflected in the calculation of the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table on the following page:

## Notes to Financial Statements

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| Asset Class | Target allocation | Long-term expected real rate of return* |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Fixed income | $30.00 \%$ | $(0.50) \%$ |
| Domestic large equities | 37.20 | 9.00 |
| Domestic mid equities | 3.40 | 12.00 |
| Domestic small equities | 1.40 | 13.50 |
| International developed market equities | 17.80 | 8.00 |
| International emerging market equities | 5.20 | 12.00 |
| Alternatives | 5.00 | 10.50 |
| Total | $\underline{100.00 \%}$ |  |

* Rates shown are net of inflation.

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was $7.30 \%$. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following table presents the net pension liability (asset), calculated using the discount rate of $7.30 \%$, as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.30\%) or 1-percentage-point higher ( $8.30 \%$ ) than the current rate (dollars in thousands):
$\left.\begin{array}{|lccc|}\hline & & \begin{array}{c}\text { 1\% } \\ \text { Decrease } \\ \text { (6.30\%) }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Current } \\ \text { discount } \\ \text { rate } \\ \mathbf{( 7 . 3 0 \% )}\end{array}\end{array} \begin{array}{c}\text { Increase } \\ \text { (8.30\%) }\end{array}\right]$

Actuarial valuation date: June 30, 2017 is the actuarial valuation date upon which the total pension liability is based. An expected total pension liability is determined as of June 30, 2018 using standard roll-forward techniques. The roll-forward calculation adds the annual normal cost (also called service cost), subtracts the actual benefit payments and refunds for the plan year, and then applies the expected investment rate of return for the year.

## (12) Net Pension Liability of Employer - GMPF

The components of the net pension liability of the participating employer at June 30, 2018 were as follows (dollars in thousands):

| Total pension liability | $\$$ | 43,204 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Plan fiduciary net position |  | 23,653 |
| Employers' net pension liability | $\$$ | 19,551 |
|  |  |  |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability |  |  |

## Notes to Financial Statements

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Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| Inflation | $2.75 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Salary increases | n/a |
| Investment rate of return | $7.30 \%$, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation |

Postretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward two years for both males and females) for the period after service retirement. The RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 using projection scale BB was used for deaths in active service.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2014, with the exception of the investment rate of return. Subsequent to the June 30, 2017 measurement date, the ERS Board adopted a new funding policy. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from $7.50 \%$ to $7.40 \%$ for the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation. In addition, based on the ERS Board's new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was further reduced by $0.10 \%$ from $7.40 \%$ to $7.30 \%$ as of the June 30,2018 measurement date. Therefore, an assumption change from $7.50 \%$ to $7.30 \%$ is reflected in the calculation of the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Target allocation | Long-term expected real rate of return* |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fixed income | $30.00 \%$ | $(0.50) \%$ |  |  |  |
| Domestic large equities | 37.20 | 9.00 |  |  |  |
| Domestic mid equities | 3.40 | 12.00 |  |  |  |
| Domestic small equities | 1.40 | 13.50 |  |  |  |
| International developed market equities | 17.80 | 8.00 |  |  |  |
| International emerging market equities | 5.20 | 12.00 |  |  |  |
| Alternatives | 5.00 | 10.50 |  |  |  |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

* Rates shown are net of inflation.

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was $7.30 \%$. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The table on the following page presents the net pension liability (asset), calculated using the discount rate of $7.30 \%$, as well as what the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 -percentage-point lower ( $6.30 \%$ ) or 1-percentage-point higher ( $8.30 \%$ ) than the current rate (dollars in thousands):

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

|  |  | Current <br> Decrease <br> (6.30\%) |  |  | discount <br> rate <br> $\mathbf{( 7 . 3 0 \% )}$ | Increase <br> (8.30\%) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employers' net pension liability | $\$$ | 25,766 | 19,551 |  |  |  |

Actuarial valuation date: June 30, 2017 is the actuarial valuation date upon which the total pension liability is based. An expected total pension liability is determined as of June 30, 2018 using standard roll-forward techniques. The roll-forward calculation adds the annual normal cost (also called service cost), subtracts the actual benefit payments and refunds for the plan year, and then applies the expected investment rate of return for the year.

## (13) Net OPEB Liability of Employers - SEAD-OPEB

The components of the net OPEB liability (asset) of the participating employers at June 30, 2018 were as follows (dollars in thousands):

| Total OPEB liability | $\$$ | 918,816 <br> $1,189,462$ |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Plan fiduciary net position | $\$$ | $(270,646)$ |
|  | Employers' net OPEB asset |  |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability |  | $129.46 \%$ |

Actuarial assumptions: The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| Inflation | $2.75 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Salary increases: |  |
| ERS | $3.25 \%-7.00 \%$ |
| GJRS | $4.50 \%$ |
| LRS | n/a |
| Investment rate of return | $7.30 \%$, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation |
| Healthcare cost trend rate | n/a |

Postretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB and set forward two years for both males and females for service retirements and dependent beneficiaries. There is a margin for future mortality improvement in the tables used by the plan.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2014, with the exception of the investment rate of return. Subsequent to the June 30, 2017 measurement date, the SEAD Board adopted a new funding policy. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from $7.50 \%$ to $7.40 \%$ for the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation. In addition, based on the SEAD Board's new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was further reduced by $0.10 \%$ from $7.40 \%$ to $7.30 \%$ as of the June 30,2018 measurement date. Therefore, an assumption change from $7.50 \%$ to $7.30 \%$ is reflected in the calculation of the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table on the following page:

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

| Asset Class | Target allocation | Long-term expected real rate of return* |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Fixed income | $30.00 \%$ | $(0.50) \%$ |
| Domestic large equities | 37.20 | 9.00 |
| Domestic mid equities | 3.40 | 12.00 |
| Domestic small equities | 1.40 | 13.50 |
| International developed market equities | 17.80 | 8.00 |
| International emerging market equities | 5.20 | 12.00 |
| Alternatives | 5.00 | 10.50 |
| Total | $\underline{100.00 \%}$ |  |

* Rates shown are net of inflation.

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was $7.30 \%$. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following table presents the net OPEB asset, calculated using the discount rate of $7.30 \%$, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.30\%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.30\%) than the current rate (dollars in thousands):

|  |  |  | Current |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1\% <br> Decrease <br> discount | rate <br> $(6.30 \%)$ | | Increase |
| :---: |
|  |
|  |
| Employers' net OPEB asset |

Actuarial valuation date: June 30, 2017 is the actuarial valuation date upon which the total OPEB liability is based. An expected total OPEB liability is determined as of June 30, 2018 using standard roll-forward techniques. The roll-forward calculation adds the annual normal cost (also called service cost), subtracts the actual benefit payments and refunds for the plan year, and then applies the expected investment rate of return for the year.

## (14) System Employees' Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Certain of the System's employees are members of the State Employees' Assurance Department Retired and Vested Inactive Members Trust Fund and the Georgia State Employees Postretirement Benefit Fund. The notes to the financial statements that follow and required supplementary information on pages 79 and 80 are presented from the perspective of the System as an employer.

## General Information about the State Employees' Assurance Department Retired and Vested Inactive Members Trust Fund (SEAD-OPEB)

Plan description: SEAD-OPEB was created in 2007 by the Georgia General Assembly to amend Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., relating to retirement, so as to establish a fund for the provision of term life insurance to retired and vested inactive members of ERS, LRS, and GJRS. The plan is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit

## Notes to Financial Statements

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other postemployment benefit plan as defined in GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than OPEB Plans. The SEAD-OPEB trust fund accumulates the premiums received from the aforementioned retirement plans, including interest earned on deposits and investments of such payments.

Benefits provided: The amount of insurance for a retiree with creditable service prior to April 1, 1964 is the full amount of insurance in effect on the date of retirement. The amount of insurance for a service retiree with no creditable service prior to April 1, 1964 is $70 \%$ of the amount of insurance in effect at age 60 or at termination, if earlier. Life insurance proceeds are paid in a lump sum to the beneficiary upon death of the retiree.

Contributions: Georgia law provides that employee contributions to the plan shall be in an amount established by the SEAD Board not to exceed one-half of $1 \%$ of the member's earnable compensation. There were no employer contributions required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

## OPEB Liabilities and OPEB Expense related to SEAD-OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the System reported an asset of $\$ 501$ thousand for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total OPEB asset used to calculate the net OPEB asset was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. An expected total OPEB asset as of June 30, 2017 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The System's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset was based on actual member salaries reported to the SEAD-OPEB plan during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. At June 30, 2017, the employer's proportionate share was $0.192864 \%$, which was an increase of $0.003037 \%$ from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2016. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the employer recognized a reduction of OPEB expense of \$48 thousand.

Actuarial assumptions: The total SEAD-OPEB asset as of June 30, 2017 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

| Inflation | $2.75 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Salary increase: | $3.25-7.00 \%$, including inflation |
| Investment rate of return | $7.50 \%$, net of SEAD-OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation |
| Healthcare cost trend rate | n/a |

Postretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB and set forward 2 years for both males and females for service retirements and dependent beneficiaries. There is a margin for future mortality improvement in the tables used by the plan.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on SEAD-OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of plan investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table on the following page:

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| Asset Class | Target allocation | Long-term expected real rate of return* |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Fixed income | $30.00 \%$ | $(0.50) \%$ |
| Domestic large equities | 37.20 | 9.00 |
| Domestic mid equities | 3.40 | 12.00 |
| Domestic small equities | 1.40 | 13.50 |
| International developed market equities | 17.80 | 8.00 |
| International emerging market equities | 5.20 | 12.00 |
| Alternatives | 5.00 | 10.50 |
| Total | $\underline{100.00 \%}$ |  |

* Rates shown are net of inflation.

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total SEAD-OPEB liability was $7.50 \%$. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employers and State of Georgia contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the SEAD-OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on SEAD-OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total SEAD-OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the System's proportionate share of the net SEAD-OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the System's proportionate share of the net SEAD-OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of $7.50 \%$, as well as what the System's proportionate share of the net SEAD-OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50\%) or 1-percentage-point higher ( $8.50 \%$ ) than the current rate (dollars in thousands):
$\left.\begin{array}{|lccc|}\hline & & \begin{array}{c}\text { Current }\end{array} \\ \text { discount } \\ \text { rate }\end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c}\text { 1\% } \\ \text { Decrease } \\ (6.50 \%)\end{array}\right)$

SEAD-OPEB plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the SEAD-OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is presented in the Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position on page 24 and the Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Postion on page 26.

## General Information about the Georgia State Employees Postemployment Benefit Fund (State OPEB Fund)

Plan description: The State OPEB Fund provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents due under the group health plan for employees of State organizations (including technical colleges) and other entities authorized by law to contract with the Department of Community Health (DCH) for inclusion in the plan.

Benefits provided: Retiree medical eligibility is attained when an employee retires and is immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity from ERS, LRS, GJRS, Teachers Retirement System (TRS) or PSERS. If elected, dependent coverage starts on the same day as retiree coverage. Medicare-eligible retirees are offered Standard and Premium Medicare Advantage plan options. Non-Medicare-eligible retiree plan options include Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA), Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP). The State OPEB Fund also pays for administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the State OPEB Fund is permitted.

Contributions: As established by the DCH Board of Trustees, the State OPEB Fund is substantially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis; that is, annual cost of providing benefits will be financed in the same year as claims occur.

## Notes to Financial Statements

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Contributions to the State OPEB Fund from the System were $\$ 926$ thousand for the year ended June 30, 2018. Active employees are not required to contribute to the State OPEB Fund.

## OPEB Liabilities and OPEB Expense related to State OPEB Fund

At June 30, 2018, the System reported a liability of approximately $\$ 7.6$ million for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The System's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability was actuarially determined based on employer contributions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. At June 30, 2017, the System's proportionate share was $0.185830 \%$, which was a decrease of $0.002001 \%$ from its proportionate share measured as of June 30, 2016. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the System's recognized OPEB expense was $\$ 292.1$ thousand.

Actuarial assumptions: The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017:

| Inflation | $2.75 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Salary increase: | $3.25-7.00 \%$, including inflation |
| Investment rate of return | $7.50 \%$, net of State OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation |
|  |  |
| Healthcare trend rate: | $7.75 \%$ |
| Pre-Medicare Eligible | $5.75 \%$ |
| Medicare Eligible |  |
| Ultimate trend rate: | $5.00 \%$ |
| Pre-Medicare Eligible | $5.00 \%$ |
| Medicare Eligible | 2022 |
| Year of Ultimate trend rate |  |

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale BB. The RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward 2 years or both males and females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set back 7 years for males and set forward 3 years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension systems, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2014.

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

Additionally, there was a change that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date. The methodology used to determine employee and retiree participation in the State OPEB Fund is based on their current or last employer payroll location. Current and former employees of State organizations (including technical colleges, community service boards and public health departments) are allocated to the State OPEB Fund irrespective of retirement system affiliation.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018
investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| Asset Class | Target allocation | Long-term expected real rate of return |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Local Government Investment Pool | $100 \%$ | $3.88 \%$ |

Discount rate: The discount rate has changed since the prior measurement date from $3.09 \%$ to $3.60 \%$. In order to measure the total OPEB liability for the State OPEB Fund, a single equivalent interest rate of $3.60 \%$ was used as the discount rate. This is comprised mainly of the yield or index rate for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA or higher (3.56\% per the Bond Buyers Index). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from members and from the employer will be made at the current level as averaged over the last five years, adjusted for annual projected changes in headcount. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2115. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make OPEB payments for inactive employees through year 2029. Therefore, the calculated discount rate of $3.60 \%$ was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the System's proportionate share of the net State OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the System's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of $3.60 \%$, as well as what the System's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.60\%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.60\%) than the current discount rate (dollars in thousands):

|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 1 \% \\ \text { Decrease } \\ (2.60 \%) \end{gathered}$ | Current discount rate (3.60\%) | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1\% } \\ \text { Increase } \\ \text { (4.60\%) } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| System's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability | \$ | 9,054 | 7,571 | 6,387 |

Sensitivity of the System's proportionate share of the net State OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: The following presents the System's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the System's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates (dollars in thousands):
$\left.\begin{array}{|lcccc|}\hline & & \begin{array}{c}\text { Current }\end{array} \\ \hline \text { System's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability } & \$ & 6,258 & 7,571 & \begin{array}{c}\text { discount } \\ \text { rate }\end{array} \\ \text { Increase }\end{array}\right]$

State OPEB plan fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the State OPEB Benefit plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which is publicly available at https:// sao.georgia.gov/comprehensive-annual-financial-reports.

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

## Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources for SEAD-OPEB and State OPEB Fund

At June 30, 2018, the System reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to SEAD-OPEB and the State OPEB Fund from the following sources (dollars in thousands):


SEAD-OPEB amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to SEAD-OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows (dollars in thousands):

| Year ended June 30: |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| 2019 | $\$(21)$ |
| 2020 | $(21)$ |
| 2021 | $(20)$ |
| 2022 | $(19)$ |
| 2023 | - |
| Thereafter | - |

## Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

State OPEB Fund employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date of $\$ 905,444$ are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to SEAD-OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows (dollars in thousands):

| Year ended June 30: |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| 2019 | $\$(179)$ |
| 2020 | $(179)$ |
| 2021 | $(179)$ |
| 2022 | $(50)$ |
| 2023 | - |
| Thereafter | - |

## Required Supplementary Information (UNAUDITED)

## Schedules of Employers' and Nonemployers' Contributions - Defined Benefit Plans

Year ended June 30, 2018
(In thousands)

|  | Year ended | Actuarially determined contribution <br> (a) |  | Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution (b) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Contribution } \\ & \text { deficiency } \\ & \text { (excess) } \\ & \text { (a-b) } \end{aligned}$ | Covered payroll (c) | Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll (b/c) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employees' Retirement System ${ }^{1}$ | 6/30/2009 | \$ | 282,103 | 281,206 | 897 | 2,674,155 | 10.5 \% |
|  | 6/30/2010 |  | 263,064 | 263,064 | - | 2,571,042 | 10.2 |
|  | 6/30/2011 |  | 261,132 | 261,132 | - | 2,486,780 | 10.5 |
|  | 6/30/2012 |  | 273,623 | 274,034 | (411) | 2,414,884 | 11.3 |
|  | 6/30/2013 |  | 358,376 | 358,992 | (616) | 2,335,773 | 15.4 |
|  | 6/30/2014 |  | 428,982 | 429,752 | (770) | 2,335,773 | 18.4 |
|  | 6/30/2015 |  | 517,220 | 518,163 | (943) | 2,353,225 | 22.0 |
|  | 6/30/2016 |  | 595,124 | 595,566 | (442) | 2,390,457 | 24.9 |
|  | 6/30/2017 |  | 624,623 | 625,281 | (658) | 2,565,918 | 24.4 |
|  | 6/30/2018 |  | 650,073 | 652,167 | $(2,094)$ | 2,635,896 | 24.7 |
| Public School Employees Retirement System ${ }^{2}$ | 6/30/2009 |  | 5,529 | 5,529 | - | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2010 |  | 5,530 | 5,530 | - | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2011 |  | 7,509 | 7,509 | - | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2012 |  | 15,884 | 15,884 | - | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2013 |  | 24,829 | 24,829 | - | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2014 |  | 27,160 | 27,160 | - | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2015 |  | 28,461 | 28,461 | - | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2016 |  | 28,580 | 28,580 | - | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2017 |  | 26,277 | 26,277 | - | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2018 |  | 29,276 | 29,276 | - | n/a | n/a |
| Legislative Retirement System ${ }^{3}$ | 6/30/2009 |  | - | 71 | (71) | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2010 |  | - | 75 | (75) | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2011 |  | - | 75 | (75) | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2012 |  | - | 76 | (76) | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2013 |  | - | 128 | (128) | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2014 |  | - | 45 | (45) | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2015 |  | - | - | - | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2016 |  | - | - | - | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2017 |  | - | - | - | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2018 |  | - | - | - | n/a | n/a |

## Required Supplementary Information (UNAUDITED)

## Schedules of Employers' and Nonemployers' Contributions - Defined Benefit Plans

Year ended June 30, 2018
(In thousands)

|  | Year Ended | Actuarially determined contribution (a) | Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined (b) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Contribution } \\ \text { defficiency } \\ \text { (excess) } \\ (\text { a-b) }) \end{gathered}$ | Covered payroll (c) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Contributions } \\ & \text { as a percentage } \\ & \text { of covered } \\ & \text { payroll } \\ & \text { (b/c) } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Georgia Judicial Retirement System | 6/30/2009 | 1,703 | 1,703 | - | 52,803 | 3.2 \% |
|  | 6/30/2010 | 2,600 | 2,600 | - | 51,293 | 5.1 |
|  | 6/30/2011 | 1,932 | 1,932 | - | 52,331 | 3.7 |
|  | 6/30/2012 | 2,083 | 2,083 | - | 51,898 | 4.0 |
|  | 6/30/2013 | 2,279 | 2,279 | - | 52,807 | 4.3 |
|  | 6/30/2014 | 2,375 | 2,375 | - | 54,787 | 4.3 |
|  | 6/30/2015 | 4,261 | 4,261 | - | 54,272 | 7.9 |
|  | 6/30/2016 | 7,623 | 7,623 | - | 57,401 | 13.3 |
|  | 6/30/2017 | 6,684 | 6,684 | - | 59,695 | 11.2 |
|  | 6/30/2018 | 6,566 | 6,566 | - | 60,572 | 10.8 |
| Georgia Military Pension | 6/30/2009 | 1,323 | 1,323 | - | n/a | n/a |
| Fund ${ }^{4}$ | 6/30/2010 | 1,434 | 1,434 | - | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2011 | 1,282 | 1,282 | - | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2012 | 1,521 | 1,521 | - | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2013 | 1,703 | 1,703 | - | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2014 | 1,892 | 1,892 | - | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2015 | 1,893 | 1,893 | - | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2016 | 1,990 | 1,990 | - | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2017 | 2,018 | 2,018 | - | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2018 | 2,377 | 2,377 | - | n/a | n/a |
| State Employees' Assurance Department Retired and Vested Inactive Members Trust Fund | 6/30/2009 | - | - | - | n/a | n/a |
|  | $6 / 30 / 2010$ $6 / 30 / 2011$ | - | - | - | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/3/3/2012 | 12,724 | 12,724 | - | 2,085,902 | 1.0 |
|  | 6/30/2013 | 5,009 | 5,009 | - | 1,855,185 | - |
|  | 6/30/2014 | - | - | - | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2015 | - | - | - | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2016 | - | - | - | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2017 | - | - | - | n/a | n/a |
|  | 6/30/2018 | - | - | - | n/a | n/a |

This data, except for annual covered payroll, was provided by the System's actuary.

[^1]
## Required Supplementary Information (UNAUDITED)

Schedules of Employers' and Nonemployers' Net Pension/OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Defined Benefit Plans
(In thousands)

|  | June 30, 2018 |  |  | June 30, 2017 |  | June 30, 2016 |  | June 30, 2015 |  | June 30, 2014 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employees' Retirement System: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total pension liability | \$ | 17,628,219 |  | 17,159,634 |  | 17,103,987 |  | 17,019,362 |  | 17,042,149 |  |
| Plan fiduciary net position |  | 13,517,186 |  | 13,098,299 |  | 12,373,567 |  | 12,967,964 |  | 13,291,531 |  |
| Employers' and nonemployers' net pension liability | \$ | 4,111,033 |  | 4,061,335 |  | 4,730,420 |  | 4,051,398 |  | 3,750,618 |  |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability |  | 76.68 | \% | 76.33 | \% | 72.34 | \% | 76.20 | \% | 77.99 | \% |
| Covered payroll | \$ | 2,635,896 |  | 2,565,918 |  | 2,390,457 |  | 2,353,225 |  | 2,335,773 |  |
| Employers' and nonemployers' net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll |  | 155.96 | \% | 158.28 | \% | 197.89 | \% | 172.16 | \% | 160.57 | \% |
| Public School Employees Retirement System: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total pension liability | \$ | 1,072,165 |  | 1,013,163 |  | 992,292 |  | 946,200 |  | 930,745 |  |
| Plan fiduciary net position |  | 914,138 |  | 868,134 |  | 803,775 |  | 823,150 |  | 821,733 |  |
| Employers' and nonemployers' net pension liability | \$ | 158,027 |  | 145,029 |  | 188,517 |  | 123,050 |  | 109,012 |  |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability |  | 85.26 | \% | 85.69 | \% | 81.00 | \% | 87.00 | \% | 88.29 | \% |
| Covered payroll |  | n/a |  | n/a |  | n/a |  | n/a |  | n/a |  |
| Employers' and nonemployers' net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll |  | n/a |  | n/a |  | n/a |  | n/a |  | n/a |  |
| Legislative Retirement System: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total pension liability | \$ | 26,304 |  | 25,898 |  | 26,142 |  | 25,271 |  | 25,216 |  |
| Plan fiduciary net position |  | 34,189 |  | 32,981 |  | 30,975 |  | 32,359 |  | 32,794 |  |
| Employer's net pension asset | \$ | $(7,885)$ |  | $(7,083)$ |  | $(4,833)$ |  | $(7,088)$ |  | $(7,578)$ |  |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability |  | 129.98 | \% | 127.35 | \% | 118.49 | \% | 128.05 | \% | 130.05 | \% |
| Covered payroll |  | n/a |  | n/a |  | n/a |  | n/a |  | n/a |  |
| Employer's net pension asset as a percentage of covered payroll |  | n/a |  | n/a |  | n/a |  | n/a |  | n/a |  |
| Georgia Judicial Retirement System: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total pension liability | \$ | 428,624 |  | 394,736 |  | 368,669 |  | 357,081 |  | 350,443 |  |
| Plan fiduciary net position |  | 466,657 |  | 441,182 |  | 403,011 |  | 404,852 |  | 400,790 |  |
| Employers' and nonemployers' net pension asset | \$ | $(38,033)$ |  | $(46,446)$ |  | $(34,342)$ |  | $(47,771)$ |  | $(50,347)$ |  |
|  |  | 108.87 | \% | 111.77 | \% | 109.32 | \% | 113.38 | \% | 114.37 | \% |
| Covered payroll | \$ | 60,572 |  | 59,695 |  | 57,401 |  | 54,272 |  | 54,787 |  |
| Employers' and nonemployers' net pension asset as a percentage of covered payroll |  | (62.79) | \% | (77.81) | \% | (59.83) | \% | (88.02) | \% | (91.90) | \% |

Required Supplementary Information (UNAUDITED)
Schedules of Employers' and Nonemployers' Net Pension/OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Defined Benefit Plans
(In thousands)


[^2]
## Required Supplementary Information (UNAUDITED)

## Schedules of Changes in Employers' and Nonemployers' Net Pension/OPEB Liability Defined Benefit Plans

(In thousands)

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

[^3]
## Required Supplementary Information (UNAUDITED)

Schedules of Changes in Employers' and Nonemployers' Net Pension/OPEB Liability Defined Benefit Plans
(In thousands)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| June 30, 2018 | June 30, 2017 |  |  |  |  |


| \$ | 13,180 | 12,788 | 11,952 | 12,088 | 11,049 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 73,643 | 72,157 | 68,776 | 67,652 | 66,143 |
|  | 17,289 | - | - |  | - |
|  | $(3,943)$ | $(3,665)$ | $(9,483)$ | $(6,858)$ | - |
|  | 21,354 | - | 33,215 | - | - |
|  | $(61,820)$ | $(59,378)$ | $(57,903)$ | $(56,972)$ | $(56,189)$ |
|  | (701) | $(1,031)$ | (465) | (455) | (514) |
|  | 59,002 | 20,871 | 46,092 | 15,455 | 20,489 |
|  | 1,013,163 | 992,292 | 946,200 | 930,745 | 910,256 |
|  | 1,072,165 | 1,013,163 | 992,292 | 946,200 | 930,745 |
|  | 29,276 | 26,277 | 28,580 | 28,461 | 27,160 |
|  | 2,162 | 2,084 | 1,925 | 1,800 | 1,659 |
|  | 78,418 | 97,715 | 9,809 | 30,129 | 123,799 |
|  | $(61,820)$ | $(59,378)$ | $(57,903)$ | $(56,972)$ | $(56,189)$ |
|  | $(1,331)$ | $(1,308)$ | $(1,321)$ | $(1,545)$ | $(1,450)$ |
|  | (701) | $(1,031)$ | (465) | (456) | (514) |
|  | 46,004 | 64,359 | $(19,375)$ | 1,417 | 94,465 |
|  | 868,134 | 803,775 | 823,150 | 821,733 | 727,268 |
|  | 914,138 | 868,134 | 803,775 | 823,150 | 821,733 |
| \$ | 158,027 | 145,029 | 188,517 | 123,050 | 109,012 |

Public School Employees Retirement System

 Total pension liability-beginning
Total pension liability-end (a)
Plan fiduciary net position:
Contributions-nonemployer
Contributions-member
Net investment income
Net investment income
Benefit payments
Administrative exp
Administrative expense
Refunds of contributions
Net change in plan fiduciary net position
Plan fiduciary net position-beginning
Plan fiduciary net position-end (b)

[^4]See accompanying notes to required supplementary schedule and accompanying independent auditors' report.

## Required Supplementary Information (UNAUDITED)

Schedules of Changes in Employers' and Nonemployers' Net Pension/OPEB Liability Defined Benefit Plans
(In thousands)

|  |  | June 30, 2018 | June 30, 2017 | June 30, 2016 | June 30, 2015 | June 30, 2014 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Legislative Retirement System: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total pension liability: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Service cost | \$ | 359 | 357 | 331 | 338 | 344 |
| Interest |  | 1,875 | 1,892 | 1,829 | 1,824 | 1,799 |
| Benefit changes |  | - | - | - | - | - |
| Differences between expected and actual experience |  | (481) | (655) | (465) | (325) | - |
| Changes of assumptions |  | 447 | - | 938 | - | - |
| Benefit payments |  | $(1,772)$ | $(1,763)$ | $(1,724)$ | $(1,756)$ | $(1,801)$ |
| Refunds of contributions |  | (22) | (75) | (38) | (26) | (30) |
| Net change in total pension liability |  | 406 | (244) | 871 | 55 | 312 |
| Total pension liability-beginning |  | 25,898 | 26,142 | 25,271 | 25,216 | 24,904 |
| Total pension liability-end (a) |  | 26,304 | 25,898 | 26,142 | 25,271 | 25,216 |
| Plan fiduciary net position: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contributions-employer |  | - | - | - | - | 45 |
| Contributions-member |  | 323 | 327 | 328 | 327 | 282 |
| Net investment income |  | 2,962 | 3,741 | 363 | 1,189 | 4,969 |
| Benefit payments |  | $(1,772)$ | $(1,763)$ | $(1,724)$ | $(1,756)$ | $(1,801)$ |
| Administrative expense |  | (283) | (224) | (313) | (169) | (152) |
| Refunds of contributions |  | (22) | (75) | (38) | (26) | (30) |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position |  | 1,208 | 2,006 | $(1,384)$ | (435) | 3,313 |
| Plan fiduciary net position-beginning |  | 32,981 | 30,975 | 32,359 | 32,794 | 29,481 |
| Plan fiduciary net position-end (b) |  | 34,189 | 32,981 | 30,975 | 32,359 | 32,794 |
| Net pension asset-end (a)-(b) | \$ | $(7,885)$ | $(7,083)$ | $(4,833)$ | $(7,088)$ | $(7,578)$ |

[^5]
## Required Supplementary Information (UNAUDITED)

Schedules of Changes in Employers' and Nonemployers' Net Pension/OPEB Liability Defined Benefit Plans
(In thousands)

|  | June 30, 2018 |  | June 30, 2017 | June 30, 2016 | June 30, 2015 | June 30, 2014 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Georgia Judicial Retirement System: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total pension liability: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Service cost | \$ | 13,019 | 12,514 | 12,713 | 7,751 | 7,584 |
| Interest |  | 28,666 | 26,826 | 26,058 | 25,566 | 24,530 |
| Benefit changes |  | 3,442 | 3,419 | - | - | - |
| Differences between expected and actual experience |  | 6,379 | 5,258 | $(3,603)$ | $(7,542)$ | - |
| Changes of assumptions |  | 7,466 | - | $(4,308)$ | - | - |
| Benefit payments |  | $(24,934)$ | $(21,784)$ | $(19,011)$ | $(18,365)$ | $(17,441)$ |
| Refunds of contributions |  | (150) | (166) | (261) | (772) | (22) |
| Net change in total pension liability |  | 33,888 | 26,067 | 11,588 | 6,638 | 14,651 |
| Total pension liability-beginning |  | 394,736 | 368,669 | 357,081 | 350,443 | 335,792 |
| Total pension liability-end (a) |  | 428,624 | 394,736 | 368,669 | 357,081 | 350,443 |
| Plan fiduciary net position: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contributions-employer |  | 4,725 | 4,081 | 4,754 | 2,696 | 1,373 |
| Contributions-nonemployer |  | 1,841 | 2,603 | 2,869 | 1,564 | 1,002 |
| Contributions-member |  | 4,910 | 4,906 | 5,507 | 5,061 | 4,731 |
| Net investment income |  | 39,877 | 49,259 | 5,055 | 14,697 | 60,012 |
| Benefit payments |  | $(24,934)$ | $(21,784)$ | $(19,011)$ | $(18,365)$ | $(17,441)$ |
| Administrative expense |  | (794) | (728) | (754) | (819) | (754) |
| Refunds of contributions |  | (150) | (166) | (261) | (772) | (22) |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position |  | 25,475 | 38,171 | $(1,841)$ | 4,062 | 48,901 |
| Plan fiduciary net position-beginning |  | 441,182 | 403,011 | 404,852 | 400,790 | 351,889 |
| Plan fiduciary net position-end (b) |  | 466,657 | 441,182 | 403,011 | 404,852 | 400,790 |
| Net pension asset-end (a)-(b) | \$ | $(38,033)$ | $(46,446)$ | $(34,342)$ | $(47,771)$ | $(50,347)$ |

Schedules above are intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.
See accompanying notes to required supplementary schedule and accompanying independent auditors' report.

## Required Supplementary Information (UNAUDITED)

Schedules of Changes in Employers' and Nonemployers' Net Pension/OPEB Liability Defined Benefit Plans
(In thousands)

|  |  | June 30, 2018 | June 30, 2017 | June 30, 2016 | June 30, 2015 | June 30, 2014 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Georgia Military Pension Fund: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total pension liability: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Service cost | \$ | 84 | 89 | 73 | 73 | 73 |
| Interest |  | 2,964 | 2,732 | 2,465 | 2,330 | 2,223 |
| Benefit changes |  | - | , | - | - | - |
| Differences between expected and actual experience |  | 116 | 1,356 | 950 | 326 | - |
| Changes of assumptions |  | 1,093 | - | 1,082 | - | - |
| Benefit payments |  | $(1,138)$ | $(1,042)$ | (963) | (897) | (841) |
| Refunds of contributions |  | - | - | - | - | - |
| Net change in total pension liability |  | 3,119 | 3,135 | 3,607 | 1,832 | 1,455 |
| Total pension liability-beginning |  | 40,085 | 36,950 | 33,343 | 31,511 | 30,056 |
| Total pension liability-end (a) |  | 43,204 | 40,085 | 36,950 | 33,343 | 31,511 |
| Plan fiduciary net position: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contributions-employer |  | 2,377 | 2,018 | 1,990 | 1,893 | 1,892 |
| Contributions-member |  | - | - | - | - | - |
| Net investment income |  | 1,928 | 2,262 | 240 | 585 | 2,179 |
| Benefit payments |  | $(1,138)$ | $(1,042)$ | (963) | (896) | (841) |
| Administrative expense |  | (225) | (244) | (262) | (121) | (110) |
| Refunds of contributions |  |  | - | - | - | (10) |
| Other |  | - | - | - | - | - |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position |  | 2,942 | 2,994 | 1,005 | 1,461 | 3,120 |
| Plan fiduciary net position-beginning |  | 20,711 | 17,717 | 16,712 | 15,251 | 12,131 |
| Plan fiduciary net position-end (b) |  | 23,653 | 20,711 | 17,717 | 16,712 | 15,251 |
| Net pension liability-end (a)-(b) | \$ | 19,551 | 19,374 | 19,233 | 16,631 | 16,260 |

[^6]See accompanying notes to required supplementary schedule and accompanying independent auditors' report.

Schedules of Changes in Employers' and Nonemployers' Net Pension/OPEB Liability Defined Benefit Plans
(In thousands)

|  | June 30, 2018 |  | June 30, 2017 | June 30, 2016 | June 30, 2015 | June 30, 2014 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State Employees' Assurance Department Retired and Vested Inactive Members Trust Fund: <br> Total OPEB liability: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Service cost | \$ | 3,695 | 3,959 | - | - | - |
| Interest |  | 63,242 | 61,076 | - | - | - |
| Benefit changes |  | - | - | - | - | - |
| Differences between expected and actual experience |  | 4,697 | - | - | - | - |
| Changes of assumptions |  | 22,085 | - | - | - | - |
| Benefit payments |  | $(36,249)$ | $(36,058)$ | - | - | - |
| Refunds of contributions |  | - | - | - | - | - |
| Net change in total OPEB liability |  | 57,470 | 28,977 | - | - | - |
| Total OPEB liability-beginning |  | 861,346 | 832,369 | - | - | - |
| Total OPEB liability-end |  | 918,816 | 861,346 | - | - | - |
| Plan fiduciary net position: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contributions - employer |  | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| Insurance premiums - member |  | 3,599 | 3,793 | - | - | - |
| Net investment income |  | 101,542 | 125,550 | - | - | - |
| Benefit payments |  | $(36,249)$ | $(36,058)$ | - | - | - |
| Administrative expense |  | (681) | (576) | - | - | - |
| Refunds of contributions |  | - | - | - | - | - |
| Other |  | - | - | - | - | - |
| Net change in plan fiduciary net position |  | 68,211 | 92,710 | - | - | - |
| Plan fiduciary net position-beginning |  | 1,121,251 | 1,028,541 | - | - | - |
| Plan fiduciary net position-end (b) |  | 1,189,462 | 1,121,251 | - | - | - |
| Net OPEB asset-end (a)-(b) | \$ | $(270,646)$ | $(259,905)$ | - | - | - |

[^7]
## Required Supplementary Information (UNAUDITED)

## Schedule of Investment Returns

Year ended June 30, 2018

|  | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Pooled Investment Fund: <br> Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expense | $0.6 \%$ | $2.9 \%$ | $(7.2) \%$ | $(5.3) \%$ |

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. See accompanying notes to required supplementary schedule and accompanying independent auditors' report.

## Required Supplementary Information (UNAUDITED)

## Schedules of the System's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

Year ended June 30, 2018
(In thousands)

|  | June 30, 2018 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SEAD-OPEB: |  |  |
| System's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) |  | 0.192864 \% |
| System's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) | \$ | (501) |
| System's covered payroll |  | 2,769 |
| System's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll |  | (18.09) \% |
| Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability |  | 130.17 \% |
| State OPEB Fund: |  |  |
| System's proportion of the net OPEB liability |  | 0.185830 \% |
| System's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability | \$ | 7,571 |
| System's covered payroll |  | 5,293 |
| System's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll |  | 143.04 \% |
| System's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability |  | 17.34 \% |

Schedules above are intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.
See accompanying notes to required supplementary schedules and accompanying independent auditors' report.

## Required Supplementary Information (UNAUDITED)

## Schedules of the System's Contributions to OPEB Plans

Year ended June 30, 2018
(In thousands)

|  | June 30, 2018 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SEAD-OPEB: |  |  |
| Contractually required contribution* | \$ | - |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution |  | - |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) | \$ | - |
| System's covered payroll | \$ | 2,769 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll |  | - \% |
| State OPEB Fund: |  |  |
| Contractually required contribution | \$ | 905 |
| Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution |  | 905 |
| Contribution deficiency (excess) |  | - |
| System's covered payroll |  | 5,293 |
| Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll |  | 17.10 \% |

*Employer contributions are not currently required for the SEAD-OPEB plan.
Schedules above are intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.
See accompanying notes to required supplementary schedules and accompanying independent auditors' report.

## Notes to Required Supplementary Information (UNAUDITED)

## Required Supplementary Information Schedules for the System as the Plan:

## (1) Schedule of Employers' and Nonemployers' Contributions - Defined Benefit Plans

This schedule presents the required contributions and the percent of required contributions actually contributed.
(2) Schedule of Employers' and Nonemployers' Net Pension/OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Defined Benefit Plans

The components of the net pension/OPEB liability as of the fiscal year end and the fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension/OPEB liability as of that date are presented in this schedule. This trend information will be accumulated to display a 10-year presentation.
(3) Schedule of Changes in Employers' and Nonemployers' Net Pension/OPEB Liability Defined Benefit Plans

Net pension/OPEB liability, which is measured as total pension/OPEB liability less the amount of the fiduciary net position, is presented in this schedule. This trend information will be accumulated to display a 10-year presentation.
(4) Schedule of Investment Returns

This schedule presents historical trend information about the annual money-weighted rate of return on plan investments, net of plan investment expense. This trend information will be accumulated to display a 10-year presentation.
(5) Individual Plan Information

This note provides information about changes of benefit terms, changes of assumptions, and methods and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.

## (a) Employees' Retirement System

## Changes of benefit terms -

- A new benefit tier was added for members joining the System on and after July 1, 2009.
- A one-time 3\% payment was granted to certain retirees and beneficiaries effective July 2016.
- A one-time 3\% payment was granted to certain retirees and beneficiaries effective July 2017.

Changes of assumptions - Subsequent to the June 30, 2017 measurement date, the ERS Board adopted a new funding policy. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from $7.50 \%$ to $7.40 \%$ for the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation. In addition, based on the ERS Board's new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced by $0.10 \%$ from $7.40 \%$ to $7.30 \%$ as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date. Therefore, an assumption change from $7.50 \%$ to $7.30 \%$ is reflected in the calculation of the total pension liability.

## (b) Public School Employees' Retirement System

Changes of benefit terms - The member contribution rate was increased from $\$ 4$ to $\$ 10$ per month for members joining the System on or after July 1, 2012. The monthly benefit accrual rate was increased from $\$ 14.75$ to $\$ 15.00$ per year of creditable service effective July 1, 2017.

Changes of assumptions - Subsequent to the June 30, 2017 measurement date, the PSERS Board adopted a new funding policy. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from $7.50 \%$ to $7.40 \%$ for the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation. In addition, based on the PSERS Board's new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced by $0.10 \%$ from $7.40 \%$ to $7.30 \%$ as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date. Therefore, an assumption change from $7.50 \%$ to $7.30 \%$ is reflected in the calculation of the total pension liability.

## Notes to Required Supplementary Information (UNAUDITED)

## (c) Legislative Retirement System

Changes of benefit terms - none
Changes of assumptions - Subsequent to the June 30, 2017 measurement date, the ERS Board adopted a new funding policy. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from $7.50 \%$ to $7.40 \%$ for the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation. In addition, based on the ERS Board's new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced by $0.10 \%$ from $7.40 \%$ to $7.30 \%$ as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date. Therefore, an assumption change from $7.50 \%$ to $7.30 \%$ is reflected in the calculation of the total pension liability.

## (d) Georgia JudicialRetirement System

Changes of benefit terms - Spouses' benefits were changed for members joining the System on and after July 1, 2012. A 2\% cost-of-living adjustment was granted to certain retired members and beneficiaries effective July 1, 2018.

Changes of assumptions - Subsequent to the June 30, 2017 measurement date, the GJRS Board adopted a new funding policy. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from $7.50 \%$ to $7.40 \%$ for the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation. In addition, based on the GJRS Board's new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was further reduced by $0.10 \%$ from $7.40 \%$ to $7.30 \%$ as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date. Therefore, an assumption change from $7.50 \%$ to $7.30 \%$ is reflected in the calculation of the total pension liability.

## (e) Georgia Military Pension Fund

Changes of benefit terms - none

Changes of assumptions - Subsequent to the June 30, 2017 measurement date, the ERS Board adopted a new funding policy. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from $7.50 \%$ to $7.40 \%$ for the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation. In addition, based on the ERS Board's new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced by $0.10 \%$ from $7.40 \%$ to $7.30 \%$ as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date. Therefore, an assumption change from $7.50 \%$ to $7.30 \%$ is reflected in the calculation of the total pension liability.

## (f) State Employees' Assurance Department Retired and Vested Inactive Members Trust Fund (SEAD-OPEB) as a plan

Changes of benefit terms - none
Changes of assumptions - Subsequent to the June 30, 2017 measurement date, the SEAD Board adopted a new funding policy. Because of this new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced from $7.50 \%$ to $7.40 \%$ for the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation. In addition, based on the SEAD Board's new funding policy, the assumed investment rate of return was reduced by $0.10 \%$ from $7.40 \%$ to $7.30 \%$ as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date. Therefore, an assumption change from $7.50 \%$ to $7.30 \%$ is reflected in the calculation of the total pension liability.

## Notes to Required Supplementary Information (UNAUDITED)

June 30, 2018

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rates reported in the schedules of employer and nonemployer contributions calculated as of June 30, three years prior to the end of the first calendar year in which contributions are reported:


## Notes to Required Supplementary Information (UNAUDITED) <br> June 30, 2018

## Required Supplementary Information Schedules for the System as a participating employer:

## (1) Schedules of the System's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability

The information in this schedule presents historical information related to the OPEB liability that is recognized by the System in the current period financial statements. This trend information will be accumulated to display a 10-year presentation.
(2) Schedules of the System's Contributions to OPEB Plans

This schedule presents the required contributions and the percent of required contributions actually contributed.
(3) Individual Plan Information

This note provides information about changes of benefit terms, changes of assumptions, and methods and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions.
(a) SEAD-OPEB

Changes of benefit terms - none
Changes of assumptions - On December 17, 2015, the SEAD Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the Plan. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases.
(b) State OPEB Fund

Changes of benefit terms - In the June 30, 2010 actuarial valuation, there was a change of benefit terms to require Medicare-eligible recipients to enroll in a Medicare Advantage plan to receive the State subsidy.

Changes of assumptions - In the revised June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation, there was a change relating to employee allocation. Employees were previously allocated based on their Retirement System membership, and currently employees are allocated based on their current employer payroll location.

In the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation, decremental and underlying inflation assumptions were changed to reflect the Retirement Systems' experience studies.

In the June 30, 2012 actuarial valuation, a data audit was performed and data collection procedures and assumptions were changed.

## Additional Information

## Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities - Survivors Benefit Fund

Year ended June 30, 2018
(In thousands)

|  | Balance at June 30, 2017 |  | Additions | Deductions | Balance at June 30, 2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Assets: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ | 92 | - | 1 | 91 |
| Equity in pooled investment fund |  | 135,951 | 12,499 | - | 148,450 |
| Total assets |  | 136,043 | 12,499 | 1 | 148,541 |
| Liablities: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Due to other funds/plans |  | 136,043 | 12,499 | (1) | 148,541 |
| Total liabilities | \$ | 136,043 | 12,499 | (1) | 148,541 |

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

## Additional Information

## Schedule of Administrative Expenses - Contributions and Expenses

Year ended June 30, 2018
(In thousands)

|  | 2018 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Contributions from fiduciary funds: |  |  |
| Employees' Retirement System |  | 8,056 |
| Public School Employees Retirement System |  | 1,331 |
| Legislative Retirement System |  | 283 |
| Georgia Judicial Retirement System |  | 794 |
| Georgia Military Pension Fund |  | 225 |
| Superior Court Judges Retirement Fund |  | 2 |
| District Attorneys Retirement Fund |  | 3 |
| Georgia Defined Contribution Plan |  | 852 |
| 401(k) Plan |  | 3,639 |
| 457 Plan |  | 442 |
| State Employees' Assurance Department - OPEB | \$ | 681 |
| Total fiduciary funds |  | 16,308 |
| Contributions from proprietary fund: |  |  |
| State Employees' Assurance Department Active Members Fund |  | 76 |
| Total contributions |  | 16,384 |
| Expenses: |  |  |
| Personal services: |  |  |
| Salaries and fringes |  | 5,391 |
| Retirement contributions |  | 1,268 |
| FICA |  | 389 |
| Health insurance |  | 1,036 |
| Miscellaneous |  | 55 |
|  |  | 8,139 |
| Communications: |  |  |
| Postage |  | 270 |
| Publications and printing |  | 14 |
| Telecommunications |  | 62 |
| Travel |  | 21 |
|  |  | 367 |
| Professional services: |  |  |
| Accounting services |  | 746 |
| Computer services |  | 961 |
| Contracts |  | 3,529 |
| Actuarial services |  | 289 |
| Medical services |  | 152 |
| Audit fees |  | 439 |
| Legal services |  | 36 |
|  |  | 6,152 |
| Management fees: |  |  |
| Building maintenance |  | 617 |
| Other services and charges: |  |  |
| Temporary services |  | 650 |
| Supplies and materials |  | 43 |
| Repairs and maintenance |  | 26 |
| Courier services |  | 3 |
| Depreciation |  | 309 |
| Miscellaneous |  | 76 |
| Office equipment |  | 2 |
|  |  | 1,109 |
| Total expenses |  | 16,384 |
| Net income | \$ | - |

## Additional Information

## Schedule of Investment Expenses

Year ended June 30, 2018 (with comparative amounts for the year ended June 30, 2017)

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ |  |  |
| Investment advisory and custodial fees | $\$$ | $8,100,789$ | $\$$ |
| Miscellaneous | $6,753,247$ |  |  |
| Total investment expenses | $\$ 12,609,529$ | $21,710,318$ | $\$$ |

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

## Investment Section

## Building a Bridge to a More Comfortable Retirement



Butt Memorial Bridge - Augusta

ERSGA
Employees' Retirement System of Georgia

## Investment Overview

Annual economic growth as measured by Real GDP rose by $2.9 \%$ and the rate of growth strengthened on the back of tax cuts. Broadly speaking, international economies were slowing down at the end of the fiscal year due to a number of issues ranging from Brexit to potential trade wars to a stronger dollar. All in all though, it was a good year for equities with the U.S. stock market up in the midteens and foreign markets up over $7 \%$.

We continually emphasize that the pension plan has a long-term investment horizon and that short-term concerns should not drive the investment decisions. The System invests primarily in a mix of liquid, high quality bonds and stocks. In addition, the System continues to build its private markets program in a disciplined manner. These types of investments further diversify the portfolio and allow the System to participate in rising markets while moderating the risks on the downside. A high quality balanced fund has proven to be a successful strategy in a variety of markets over long periods of time.

As in previous years, the bias to quality was a primary goal and was successfully met. "Conservation of Capital" and "Conservatism" remain the guiding principles for investment decisions. The Board of Trustees continues to use a diversified portfolio to accomplish these objectives.

There were very few weak spots in the U.S. economy during the fiscal year. Nonfarm Payroll growth averaged over 200,000 new jobs per month. You have to go back almost five decades to find initial unemployment claims this low, despite there being over twice as many people employed today than in the late 1960s. Central banks in aggregate are still providing accommodation, but that is largely due to Japan. The U.S. is tightening and the European Central Bank is indicating that it will end their version of QE in the foreseeable future. As expected, this is causing pain for emerging markets and some weaker developed markets.

Studies undertaken to evaluate the investment returns of pension funds over very long-time horizons indicate that the asset allocation decision has the largest impact on the fund's returns. Although the returns for the various asset categories vary from year to year, over the long term, equities typically outperform fixed income and cash by a very wide margin. For that reason, the System has generally maintained a significant equity exposure with the remainder of the fund invested in fixed income securities designed to generate income and preserve capital.

Returns for one, three, five, ten and twenty year periods are presented in this section. Longer time periods, such as the twenty year period, allow for a more valid evaluation of returns, both in absolute terms and relative to an asset class index, by reducing emphasis on the short-term volatility of markets. The Daily Valuation Method, a time-weighted rate of return, was used to calculate returns in a manner consistent with the CFA Institute's objectives as stated in its publication "Global Investment Performance Standards Handbook," third edition.

The return for the S\&P 500 was $14.4 \%$. The S\&P MidCap 400 and the S\&P SmallCap 600 indexes had returns of $13.5 \%$ and $20.5 \%$, respectively. Generally speaking, the more defensive and interest sensitive sectors underperformed the market while growth stocks continued their outperformance relative to value stocks.

International markets also had strong returns. The MSCI EAFE Index returned 6.8\% and the MSCI Emerging Market Index had a return of $8.2 \%$. The dollar was down marginally for the fiscal year.

Interest rates increased across the maturity spectrum for the second year in a row. The yield curve also flattened as short-term rates rose faster than long-term yields. The total return on the 10-year Treasury Note was (2.7\%) and the 30-year Treasury Bond had a (0.1\%) return. The return on short-term Treasury bills was 1.3\%.

We look at two fixed income indexes to measure the bond market's performance. The Bloomberg Barclays Government / Credit Index had a return of (0.6\%). It is a broad index containing corporate and government sponsored bonds as well as Treasuries. The Citigroup Treasury / Sponsored / AAA/AA had a return of (0.6\%) and is a broad index containing higher rated corporate bonds as well as Treasuries and Government securities. The spread between corporate bonds and Treasury bonds widened during the year leading to generally better performance in Treasuries.

In summary, the investment status of the System is excellent. The high quality of the System's investments is in keeping with the continued policy of "Conservatism" and "Conservation of Capital."

Prepared by the Division of Investment Services

## Pooled Investment Fund

As of June 30, 2018 (dollar amounts in thousands)

| Employees' Retirement System (ERS) | $13,468,340$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS) | 914,957 |
| Legislative Retirement System (LRS) | 34,216 |
| Georgia Judicial Retirement System (GJRS) | 466,307 |
| State Employees' Assurance Department (SEAD) - Active | 289,087 |
| State Employees' Assurance Department (SEAD) - OPEB | $1,189,173$ |
| Survivors Benefit Fund (SBF) | 148,450 |
| Georgia Military Pension Fund (GMPF) | 23,715 |
| Total | $\$(16,534,245$ |

## Rates of Return





|  | Equities | S\&P 1500 | MSCI ACWI <br> ex US | Fixed Income | Barclay's <br> Govt/Credit | 1 Month <br> T-Bills | Total Portfolio |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

Note: Time-weighted rates of return are calculated using the Daily Valuation Method based on market rates of return.

## Asset Allocation at Fair Value



## Investment Summary

Asset Allocation as of June 30 (in percentages)

|  | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Equities | 61.9\% | 63.9 | 62.3 | 65.3 | 67.2 | 68.1 |
| Fixed Income | 28.1 | 27.1 | 29.5 | 27.2 | 25.6 | 25.0 |
| Mutual and Commingled Funds | 8.8 | 8.2 | 7.6 | 7.2 | 7.1 | 6.9 |
| Private Equity | 1.2 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.1 | - |
| Total | 100\% | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

Asset Allocation as of June 30 (in millions)

|  | 2018 |  | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Equities | \$ | 11,140 | 11,030 | 10,005 | 10,915 | 11,372 | 10,374 |
| Fixed Income |  | 5,040 | 4,668 | 4,733 | 4,543 | 4,314 | 3,811 |
| Mutual and Commingled Funds |  | 1,599 | 1,421 | 1,226 | 1,204 | 1,209 | 1,057 |
| Private Equity |  | 222 | 134 | 94 | 52 | 22 | - |
| Total | \$ | 18,001 | 17,253 | 16,058 | 16,714 | 16,917 | 15,242 |

## Schedule of Fees and Commissions

Year ended June 30, 2018

| Investment Advisors' Fees: |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| U.S. Equity | $\$$ |
| International Equity | $3,224,045$ |
| Fixed Income | $4,321,890$ |
| Investment Commissions: |  |
| U.S. Equity |  |
| International Equity |  |
| Transaction Fees: |  |
| Miscellaneous:* |  |
|  |  |
| Total Fees and Commissions | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 3 0 7 , 6 5 5}$ |
|  |  |

*Includes capitalized fees not included in total investment expenses shown on page 87.

## Twenty Largest Equity Holdings ${ }^{\dagger}$

As of June 30, 2018

| Shares | Company | Fair Value |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,148,546 | Apple Inc. | \$ | 212,607,350 |
| 118,951 | Amazon.Com Inc. |  | 202,192,910 |
| 170,351 | Alphabet Inc. |  | 191,334,873 |
| 1,870,034 | Microsoft Corp. |  | 184,404,053 |
| 677,570 | Facebook Inc. |  | 131,665,402 |
| 934,008 | JPMorgan Chase \& Co. |  | 97,323,634 |
| 1,150,413 | Exxon Mobil Corp. |  | 95,173,667 |
| 696,080 | Visa Inc. |  | 92,195,796 |
| 463,180 | Berkshire Hathaway Inc. |  | 86,452,547 |
| 434,200 | Alibaba Group Holding Ltd. |  | 80,557,126 |
| 660,090 | Johnson \& Johnson |  | 80,095,321 |
| 196,890 | Netflix Inc. |  | 77,068,653 |
| 301,969 | UnitedHealth Group |  | 74,085,074 |
| 1,285,443 | Wells Fargo \& Co. |  | 71,264,960 |
| 2,408,710 | Bank of America Corp. |  | 67,901,535 |
| 507,789 | Chevron Corp. |  | 64,199,763 |
| 1,262,257 | Verizon Communications Inc. |  | 63,504,150 |
| 1,737,194 | Pfizer Inc. |  | 63,025,398 |
| 1,227,824 | Intel Corp. |  | 61,035,131 |
| 309,852 | The Home Depot Inc. |  | 60,452,125 |
|  | Top 20 Equities | \$ | 2,056,539,468 |
|  | Remaining Equities |  | 9,083,734,529 |
|  | Total Equities | \$ | 11,140,273,997 |

${ }^{\dagger}$ A complete listing is available upon written request, subject to restrictions of O.C.G.A. Section 47-1-14.

## Top 10 Fixed Income Holdings*

As of June 30, 2018

*A complete listing is available upon written request, subject to restrictions of O.C.G.A. Section 47-1-14.

## Actuarial Section

## Building a Bridge to a More Comfortable Retirement



Skyline Park - Columbus

ERSGA
Employees' Retirement System of Georgia

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3550 Busbee Pkwy, Suite 250
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www.CavMacConsulting.com

April 19, 2018
Board of Trustees
Employees' Retirement System of Georgia
Two Northside 75, Suite 300
Atlanta, GA 30318

Attn: Mr. James Potvin, Executive Director
Members of the Board:

Section 47-2-26 of the law governing the operation of the Employees' Retirement System of Georgia provides that the actuary shall make annual valuations of the contingent assets and liabilities of the Retirement System on the basis of regular interest and the tables last adopted by the Board of Trustees. We have submitted the report giving the results of the actuarial valuation of the System prepared as of June 30, 2017. The report indicates that annual employer contributions at the rate of 19.91\% of compensation for Old Plan Members, 24.66\% of compensation for New Plan Members, and 21.64\% of compensation for GSEPS Members for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 are sufficient to support the benefits of the System.

In preparing the valuation, the actuary relied on data provided by the System. While not verifying data at the source, the actuary performed tests for consistency and reasonableness. Our firm, as actuary, is responsible for all of the actuarial trend data in the financial section of the annual report and the supporting schedules in the actuarial section of the annual report.

In our opinion, the valuation is complete and accurate, and the methodology and assumptions are reasonable as a basis for the valuation. The valuation takes into account the effect of all amendments to the System enacted through the 2017 session of the General Assembly. The valuation reflects the one-time 3\% payment to certain retirees and beneficiaries effective July 2017. Since the previous valuation, the Board has amended the funding policy to change the long-term assumed rate of return assumption. Effective with the June 30, 2017 valuation, the assumed rate of return will be reduced by 0.10\% (10 basis points) from the immediate prior actuarial valuation, as long as the actual rate of return for the fiscal year ending with the current valuation date exceeds the assumed rate of return from the immediate prior actuarial valuation. The assumed rate of return may not decrease below $7.00 \%$ net of
investment expenses. Since the actual rate of return for the year ending June 30, 2017 was greater than $7.50 \%$, the assumed rate of return used in the current valuation was decreased from $7.50 \%$ to $7.40 \%$.

The System is funded on an actuarial reserve basis. The actuarial assumptions recommended by the actuary and adopted by the Board are in the aggregate reasonably related to the experience under the System and to reasonable expectations of anticipated experience under the System. The assumptions and methods used for financial reporting purposes meet the parameters set by Actuarial Standards of Practice (ASOPs). The funding objective of the plan is that contribution rates over time will remain level as a percent of payroll. The valuation method used is the entry age normal cost method. The normal contribution rate to cover current cost has been determined as a level percent of payroll. Gains and losses are reflected in the total unfunded accrued liability which is being amortized on a level dollar basis in accordance with the funding policy adopted by the Board.

The Plan and the employers are required to comply with the financial reporting requirements of GASB Statements No. 67 and 68. The necessary disclosure information is provided in separate supplemental reports.

We have provided the following information and supporting schedules for the Actuarial Section of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report:

- Summary of Actuarial Assumptions
- Schedule of Active Members
- Schedule of Funding Progress
- Schedule of Retirees Added to and Removed from Rolls
- Analysis of Change in Unfunded Accrued Liability
- Solvency Test Results

The System is being funded in conformity with the minimum funding standard set forth in Code Section 47-20-10 of the Public Retirement Systems Standards Law and the funding policy adopted by the Board. In our opinion the System is operating on an actuarially sound basis. Assuming that contributions to the System are made by the employer from year to year in the future at the rates recommended on the basis of the successive valuations, the continued sufficiency of the retirement fund to provide the benefits called for under the System may be safely anticipated.

This is to certify that the independent consulting actuary is a member of the American Academy of Actuaries and has experience in performing valuations for public retirement systems, that the valuation was prepared in accordance with principles of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board, and that the actuarial calculations were performed by qualified actuaries in accordance with accepted actuarial procedures, based on the current provisions of the System and on actuarial assumptions that are internally consistent and reasonably
based on the actual experience of the System.
Future actuarial results may differ significantly from the current results presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Since the potential impact of such factors is outside the scope of a normal annual actuarial valuation, an analysis of the range of results is not presented herein.

The actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of determining the recommended funding amounts for the System. Use of these computations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may not be appropriate.

Sincerely yours,


Edward J. Koebel, EA, FCA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary


Cavanaugh Macdonald
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3550 Busbee Pkwy, Suite 250 Kennesaw, GA 30144
Phone (678) 388-1700 • Fax (678) 388-1730
www.CavMacConsulting.com
April 19, 2018

Board of Trustees
Georgia Public School Employees Retirement System
Two Northside 75, Suite 300
Atlanta, GA 30318

Attn: Mr. James Potvin, Executive Director
Members of the Board:

Section 47-4-60 of the law governing the operation of the Georgia Public School Employees Retirement System provides that the employer contribution shall be actuarially determined and approved by the Board of Trustees. We have submitted the report giving the results of the actuarial valuation of the System prepared as of June 30, 2017. Based on a monthly benefit accrual rate of $\$ 15.00$, which is effective July 1, 2017, the valuation indicates that annual employer contributions of $\$ 29,296,000$ or $\$ 825.03$ per active member for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 are sufficient to support the benefits of the System.

Since the previous valuation, the monthly benefit rate has been increased from $\$ 14.75$ to $\$ 15.00$ per year of creditable service with an effective date of July 1, 2017. In addition, the results of the valuation reflect that the Board granted a $2 \%$ cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) on July 1, 2017 to certain retired members and beneficiaries rather than the $1.50 \%$ anticipated cost-of-living adjustments to retired members on July 1, 2017 and on January 1, 2018.

Since the previous valuation, the Board has amended the funding policy to change the long-term assumed rate of return assumption. Effective with the June 30, 2017 valuation, the assumed rate of return will be reduced by $0.10 \%$ ( 10 basis points) from the immediate prior actuarial valuation, as long as the actual rate of return for the fiscal year ending with the current valuation date exceeds the assumed rate of return from the immediate prior actuarial valuation. The assumed rate of return may not decrease below $7.00 \%$ net of investment expenses. Since the actual rate of return for the year ending June 30, 2017 was greater than $7.50 \%$, the assumed rate of return used in the current valuation was decreased from 7.50\% to 7.40\%.

In preparing the valuation, the actuary relied on data provided by the System. While not verifying data at the source, the actuary performed tests for consistency and reasonableness. Our firm, as actuary, is responsible for all of the actuarial trend data in the financial section of the annual report and the supporting schedules in the actuarial section of the annual report.

In our opinion, the valuation is complete and accurate, and the methodology and assumptions are reasonable as a basis for the valuation. The valuation takes into account the effect of all amendments to the System enacted through the 2017 session of the General Assembly.

The System is funded on an actuarial reserve basis. The actuarial assumptions recommended by the actuary and adopted by the Board are in the aggregate reasonably related to the experience under the System and to reasonable expectations of anticipated experience under the System. The assumptions and methods used for financial reporting purposes meet the parameters set by Actuarial Standards of Practice (ASOPs). The funding objective of the plan is that contribution rates over time will remain level as a dollar per active member. The valuation method used is the entry age normal cost method. The normal contribution rate to cover current cost has been determined as a dollar per active member. Gains and losses are reflected in the total unfunded accrued liability which is being amortized as a level dollar per active member in accordance with the funding policy adopted by the Board.

The Plan and the employers are required to comply with the financial reporting requirements of GASB Statements No. 67 and 68. The necessary disclosure information is provided in separate supplemental reports.

We have provided the following information and supporting schedules for the Actuarial Section of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report:

- Summary of Actuarial Assumptions
- Schedule of Active Members
- Schedule of Funding Progress
- Schedule of Retirees Added to and Removed from Rolls
- Analysis of Change in Unfunded Accrued Liability
- Solvency Test Results

The System is currently being funded in conformity with the minimum funding standard set forth in Code Section 47-20-10 of the Public Retirement Systems Standards Law and the funding policy adopted by the Board. In our opinion the System is currently operating on an actuarially sound basis. Assuming that contributions to the System are made by the employer from year to year in the future at the rates recommended on the basis of the successive actuarial valuations, the continued sufficiency of the retirement fund to provide the benefits called for under the System may be safely anticipated.

This is to certify that the independent consulting actuary is a member of the American Academy of Actuaries and has experience in performing valuations for public retirement systems, that the valuation was prepared in accordance with principles of practice prescribed by
the Actuarial Standards Board, and that the actuarial calculations were performed by qualified actuaries in accordance with accepted actuarial procedures, based on the current provisions of the System and on actuarial assumptions that are internally consistent and reasonably based on the actual experience of the System.

Future actuarial results may differ significantly from the current results presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Since the potential impact of such factors is outside the scope of a normal annual actuarial valuation, an analysis of the range of results is not presented herein.

The actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of determining the recommended funding amounts for the System. Use of these computations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may not be appropriate.

Sincerely yours,


Edward J. Koebel, EA, FCA, MAAA Principal and Consulting Actuary


Principal and Managing Director


## GJRS

Cavanaugh Macdonald
CONSULTING, LLC
The experience and dedication you deserve

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Kennesaw, GA 30144
Phone (678) 388-1700 • Fax (678) 388-1730
www.CavMacConsulting.com

April 19, 2018
Board of Trustees
Georgia Judicial Retirement System
Two Northside 75, Suite 300
Atlanta, GA 30318
Attn: Mr. James Potvin, Executive Director
Members of the Board:

Section 47-23-21 of the law governing the operation of the Georgia Judicial Retirement System provides that the actuary shall make annual valuations of the contingent assets and liabilities of the Retirement System on the basis of regular interest and the tables last adopted by the Board of Trustees. We have submitted the report giving the results of the actuarial valuation of the System prepared as of June 30, 2017. The report indicates that annual employer contributions at the rate of 9.13\% of compensation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 are sufficient to support the benefits of the System.

The results of the valuation reflect the $2 \%$ cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) granted to certain retirees and beneficiaries effective July 1, 2017.

Since the previous valuation, the Board has amended the funding policy to change the long-term assumed rate of return assumption. Effective with the June 30, 2017 valuation, the assumed rate of return will be reduced by $0.10 \%$ ( 10 basis points) from the immediate prior actuarial valuation, as long as the actual rate of return for the fiscal year ending with the current valuation date exceeds the assumed rate of return from the immediate prior actuarial valuation. The assumed rate of return may not decrease below $7.00 \%$ net of investment expenses. Since the actual rate of return for the year ending June 30,2017 was greater than $7.50 \%$, the assumed rate of return used in the current valuation was decreased from $7.50 \%$ to $7.40 \%$.

In preparing the valuation, the actuary relied on data provided by the System. While not verifying data at the source, the actuary performed tests for consistency and reasonableness. Our firm, as actuary, is responsible for all of the actuarial trend data in the financial section of the annual report and the supporting schedules in the actuarial section of the annual report.

In our opinion, the valuation is complete and accurate, and the methodology and assumptions are reasonable as a basis for the valuation. The valuation takes into account the effect of all amendments to the System enacted through the 2017 session of the General Assembly.

The System is funded on an actuarial reserve basis. The actuarial assumptions recommended by the actuary and adopted by the Board are in the aggregate reasonably related to the experience under the System and to reasonable expectations of anticipated experience under the System. The assumptions and methods used for financial reporting purposes meet the parameters set by Actuarial Standards of Practice (ASOPs). The funding objective of the plan is that contribution rates over time will remain level as a percent of payroll. The valuation method used is the entry age normal cost method. The normal contribution rate to cover current cost has been determined as a level percent of payroll. Gains and losses are reflected in the total unfunded accrued liability which is negative and being amortized as a level percent of payroll in accordance with the funding policy adopted by the Board.

The Plan and the employers are required to comply with the financial reporting requirements of GASB Statements No. 67 and 68. The necessary disclosure information is provided in separate supplemental reports.

We have provided the following information and supporting schedules for the Actuarial Section of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report:

- Summary of Actuarial Assumptions
- Schedule of Active Members
- Schedule of Funding Progress
- Schedule of Retirees Added to and Removed from Rolls
- Analysis of Change in Unfunded Accrued Liability
- Solvency Test Results

The System is being funded in conformity with the minimum funding standard set forth in Code Section 47-20-10 of the Public Retirement Systems Standards Law and the funding policy adopted by the Board. In our opinion the System is operating on an actuarially sound basis. Assuming that contributions to the System are made by the employer from year to year in the future at the rates recommended on the basis of the successive actuarial valuations, the continued sufficiency of the retirement fund to provide the benefits called for under the System may be safely anticipated.

This is to certify that the independent consulting actuary is a member of the American Academy of Actuaries and has experience in performing valuations for public retirement systems, that the valuation was prepared in accordance with principles of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board, and that the actuarial calculations were performed by qualified actuaries in accordance with accepted actuarial procedures, based on the current provisions of the retirement system and on actuarial assumptions that are internally consistent and reasonably based on the actual experience of the System.

Future actuarial results may differ significantly from the current results presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Since the potential impact of such factors is outside the scope of a normal annual actuarial valuation, an analysis of the range of results is not presented herein.

The actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of determining the recommended funding amounts for the System. Use of these computations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may not be appropriate.

Sincerely yours,


Edward J. Koebel, EA, FCA, MAAA Principal and Consulting Actuary


Cathy Turcot
Principal and Managing Director


## LRS

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Kennesaw, GA 30144
Phone (678) 388-1700 • Fax (678) 388-1730
www.CavMacConsulting.com

April 19, 2018

Board of Trustees
Legislative Retirement System of Georgia
Two Northside 75, Suite 300
Atlanta, GA 30318

Attn: Mr. James Potvin, Executive Director
Members of the Board:

Section 47-6-22 of the law governing the operation of the Georgia Legislative Retirement System provides that the actuary shall make periodic valuations of the contingent assets and liabilities of the Retirement System on the basis of regular interest and the tables last adopted by the Board of Trustees. We have submitted the report giving the results of the actuarial valuation of the System prepared as of June 30, 2017. The report indicates that no annual employer contributions for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 are required to support the benefits of the System.

The results of the valuation reflect that the Board did not grant the anticipated cost-of-living increases (COLAs) to retired members on July 1, 2017 and on January 1, 2018. In addition, the results of the valuation reflect the one-time payment to certain retirees and beneficiaries effective July 2017. Since the previous valuation, the Board has amended the funding policy to change the long-term assumed rate of return assumption. Effective with the June 30, 2017 valuation, the assumed rate of return will be reduced by 0.10\% (10 basis points) from the immediate prior actuarial valuation, as long as the actual rate of return for the fiscal year ending with the current valuation date exceeds the assumed rate of return from the immediate prior actuarial valuation. The assumed rate of return may not decrease below 7.00\% net of investment expenses. Since the actual rate of return for the year ending June 30, 2017 was greater than $7.50 \%$, the assumed rate of return used in the current valuation was decreased from $7.50 \%$ to $7.40 \%$.

In preparing the valuation, the actuary relied on data provided by the System. While not verifying data at the source, the actuary performed tests for consistency and reasonableness. Our firm, as actuary, is responsible for all of the actuarial trend data in the financial section of the annual report and the supporting schedules in the actuarial section of the annual report.

In our opinion, the valuation is complete and accurate, and the methodology and assumptions are reasonable as a basis for the valuation. The valuation takes into account the effect of all amendments to the System enacted through the 2017 session of the General Assembly.

The System is funded on an actuarial reserve basis. The actuarial assumptions recommended by the actuary and adopted by the Board are in the aggregate reasonably related to the experience under the System and to reasonable expectations of anticipated experience under the System. The assumptions and methods used for financial reporting purposes meet the parameters set by Actuarial Standards of Practice (ASOPs). The funding objective of the plan is that contribution rates over time will remain level as a dollar per active member. The valuation method used is the entry age normal cost method. The normal contribution rate to cover current cost has been determined as a level dollar per active member. Gains and losses are reflected in the total unfunded accrued liability which is negative and being amortized as a level dollar per active member in accordance with the funding policy adopted by the Board.

The Plan and the employers are required to comply with the financial reporting requirements of GASB Statements No. 67 and 68. The necessary disclosure information is provided in separate supplemental reports.

We have provided the following information and supporting schedules for the Actuarial Section of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report:

- Summary of Actuarial Assumptions
- Schedule of Active Members
- Schedule of Funding Progress
- Schedule of Retirees Added to and Removed from Rolls
- Analysis of Change in Unfunded Accrued Liability
- Solvency Test Results

The System is being funded in conformity with the minimum funding standard set forth in Code Section 47-20-10 of the Public Retirement Systems Standards Law and the funding policy adopted by the Board. In our opinion the System is operating on an actuarially sound basis. Assuming that contributions to the System are made by the employer from year to year in the future at the rates recommended on the basis of the successive actuarial valuations, the continued sufficiency of the retirement fund to provide the benefits called for under the System may be safely anticipated.

This is to certify that the independent consulting actuary is a member of the American Academy of Actuaries and has experience in performing valuations for public retirement systems, that the valuation was prepared in accordance with principles of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board, and that the actuarial calculations were performed by qualified actuaries in accordance with accepted actuarial procedures, based on the current provisions of the retirement system and on actuarial assumptions that are internally consistent and reasonably based on the actual experience of the System.

Future actuarial results may differ significantly from the current results presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Since the potential impact of such factors is outside the scope of a normal annual actuarial valuation, an analysis of the range of results is not presented herein.

The actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of determining the recommended funding amounts for the System. Use of these computations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may not be appropriate.


Edward J. Koebel, EA, FCA, MAAA Principal and Consulting Actuary


April 19, 2018

Board of Trustees
Georgia Military Pension Fund
Two Northside 75, Suite 300
Atlanta, GA 30318
Attn: Mr. James Potvin, Executive Director
Members of the Board:

Section 47-24-22 of the law governing the operation of the Georgia Military Pension Fund provides that the actuary shall make periodic valuations of the contingent assets and liabilities of the Pension Fund on the basis of regular interest and the tables last adopted by the Board of Trustees. We have submitted the report giving the results of the actuarial valuation of the Fund prepared as of June 30, 2017. The report indicates that annual employer contributions of $\$ 2,611,590$ or $\$ 200.32$ per active member for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 are sufficient to support the benefits of the Fund.

Since the previous valuation, the Board has amended the funding policy to change the long-term assumed rate of return assumption. Effective with the June 30, 2017 valuation, the assumed rate of return will be reduced by $0.10 \%$ (10 basis points) from the immediate prior actuarial valuation, as long as the actual rate of return for the fiscal year ending with the current valuation date exceeds the assumed rate of return from the immediate prior actuarial valuation. The assumed rate of return may not decrease below $7.00 \%$ net of investment expenses. Since the actual rate of return for the year ending June 30, 2017 was greater than $7.50 \%$, the assumed rate of return used in the current valuation was decreased from $7.50 \%$ to $7.40 \%$.

In preparing the valuation, the actuary relied on data provided by the Fund. While not verifying data at the source, the actuary performed tests for consistency and reasonableness. Our firm, as actuary, is responsible for all of the actuarial trend data in the financial section of the annual report and the supporting schedules in the actuarial section of the annual report.

In our opinion, the valuation is complete and accurate, and the methodology and assumptions are reasonable as a basis for the valuation. The valuation takes into account the effect of all amendments to the Fund enacted through the 2017 session of the General Assembly.

The Fund is funded on an actuarial reserve basis. The actuarial assumptions recommended by the actuary and adopted by the Board are in the aggregate reasonably related to the experience under the Fund and to reasonable expectations of anticipated experience under the Fund. The assumptions and methods used for financial reporting purposes meet the parameters set by Actuarial Standards of Practice (ASOPs). The funding objective of the plan is that contribution rates over time will remain level as a dollar per active member. The valuation method used is the entry age normal cost method. The normal contribution rate to cover current cost has been determined as a dollar per active member. Gains and losses are reflected in the total unfunded accrued liability which is being amortized as a level dollar per active member in accordance with the funding policy adopted by the Board.

The Plan and the employers are required to comply with the financial reporting requirements of GASB Statements No. 67 and 68. The necessary disclosure information is provided in separate supplemental reports.

We have provided the following information and supporting schedules for the Actuarial Section of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report:

- Summary of Actuarial Assumptions
- Schedule of Active Members
- Schedule of Funding Progress
- Schedule of Retirees Added to and Removed from Rolls
- Analysis of Change in Unfunded Accrued Liability
- Solvency Test Results

The Fund is being funded in conformity with the minimum funding standard set forth in Code Section 47-20-10 of the Public Retirement Systems Standards Law and the funding policy adopted by the Board. In our opinion the Fund is operating on an actuarially sound basis.

Assuming that contributions to the Fund are made by the employer from year to year in the future at the rates recommended on the basis of the successive actuarial valuations, the continued sufficiency of the retirement fund to provide the benefits called for under the Fund may be safely anticipated.

This is to certify that the independent consulting actuary is a member of the American Academy of Actuaries and has experience in performing valuations for public retirement systems, that the valuation was prepared in accordance with principles of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board, and that the actuarial calculations were performed by qualified actuaries in accordance with accepted actuarial procedures, based on the current provisions of the retirement system and on actuarial assumptions that are internally consistent and reasonably based on the actual experience of the Fund.
factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Since the potential impact of such factors is outside the scope of a normal annual actuarial valuation, an analysis of the range of results is not presented herein.

The actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of determining the recommended funding amounts for the System. Use of these computations for purposes other than meeting these requirements may not be appropriate.

Future actuarial results may differ significantly from the current results presented in this report due to such

Sincerely yours,


Edward J. Koebel, EA, FCA, MAAA
Principal and Consulting Actuary


SEAD Post-Retirement (SEAD-OPEB)

## Cavanaugh Macdonald

consulting. llc
The experience emod dedicurtion you deesn

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www.CavMacConsulting.com

April 19, 2018
Board of Trustees
Employees' Retirement System of Georgia
Two Northside 75, Suite 300
Atlanta, GA 30318
Attn: Mr. James Potvin, Executive Director
Members of the Board:

Chapters 47-2 and 47-19 of the Code of Georgia which govern the operation of the Georgia Employees' Group Term Life Insurance Plan provide that the actuary shall make periodic valuations of the contingent assets and liabilities of the Insurance Plan on the basis of regular interest and the tables last adopted by the Board of Trustees. In this report, we have determined liabilities for life insurance benefits payable upon death after retirement (Post-Retirement).

We have determined the liabilities for life insurance benefits payable upon death after retirement. We have submitted the report giving the results of the valuation of the Plan prepared as of June 30, 2017. The report indicates, for post-retirement benefits, there is no employer annual required contribution for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

Since the previous valuation, the Board has amended the funding policy to change the long-term assumed rate of return assumption. Effective with the June 30, 2017 valuation, the assumed rate of return will be reduced by $0.10 \%$ (10 basis points) from the immediate prior actuarial valuation, as long as the actual rate of return for the fiscal year ending with the current valuation date exceeds the assumed rate of return from the immediate prior actuarial valuation. The assumed rate of return may not decrease below $7.00 \%$ net of investment expenses. Since the actual rate of return for the year ending June 30,2017 was greater than $7.50 \%$, the assumed rate of return used in the current valuation was decreased from $7.50 \%$ to $7.40 \%$. Gains and losses are reflected in the unfunded accrued liability. The actuarial assumptions used are in the aggregate reasonably related to the experience under the Plan and to reasonable expectations of anticipated experience under the Plan. In our opinion, the Plan is operating on an actuarially sound basis and the
sufficiency of the funds to provide the benefits called for by the Plan may be safely anticipated assuming future actuarially determined contributions (ADC) are contributed when due.

The Plan and the employers are required to comply with the financial reporting requirements of GASB Statements No. 74 and 75. The necessary disclosure information is provided in separate supplemental reports.

This is to certify that the independent consulting actuary is a member of the American Academy of Actuaries and has experience in performing valuations for public retirement systems, that the valuation was prepared in accordance with principles of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board, and that the actuarial calculations were performed by qualified actuaries in accordance with accepted actuarial procedures, based on the current provisions of the retirement system and on actuarial assumptions that are internally consistent and reasonably based on the actual experience of the Plan.

Future actuarial results may differ significantly from the current results presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Since the potential impact of such factors is outside the scope of a normal annual actuarial valuation, an analysis of the range of results is not presented herein.

The actuarial computations presented in this report are for purposes of determining the recommended funding amounts for the System. Use of these computations
for purposes other than meeting these requirements may not be appropriate.

Sincerely yours,


Edward J. Koebel, EA, FCA, MAAA Principal and Consulting Actuary



## Summary of Plan Provisions

ERS - Please see Notes to Financial Statements, (2)(a), pages 30-31.
PSERS - Please see Notes to Financial Statements, (2)(b), page 31-32.
LRS - Please see Notes to Financial Statements, (2)(c), pages 32-33.
GJRS - Please see Notes to Financial Statements, (2)(d), pages 33-34.
GMPF - Please see Notes to Financial Statements, (2)(e), page 34.
SEAD-OPEB - Please see Notes to Financial Statements, (2)(h), pages 35-36.
The following Boards are responsible for establishing and maintaining the funding policies of the various defined benefit pension plans administered by the System:

- Board of Trustees of the Employees' Retirement System: ERS, LRS, and GMPF
- Board of Trustees of the Public School Employees Retirement System: PSERS
- Board of Trustees of the Georgia Judicial Retirement System: GJRS

The following Board is responsible for establishing and maintaining the funding policy of the defined benefit postemployment life insurance plan administered by the System:

- Board of Directors of the State Employees' Assurance Department: SEAD-OPEB

ERS, PSERS, LRS, GJRS, and GMPF are all subject to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25 (GASB 67). All of the plans covered under GASB 67 use the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method for both funding and financial reporting purposes. This continues a long-standing practice for all of those plans and provides a point of consistency between the funding provisions and the GASB 67 requirements.

SEAD-OPEB is subject to the provisions of GASB 74. SEAD-OPEB uses the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method for both funding and financial reporting purposes.

For all of the plans covered under GASB 67, the GASB 67 reports prepared as of June 30, 2018 were largely based on the data, assumptions, and results of the annual funding valuations as of June 30, 2017. The Total Pension Liability (TPL) for each plan, determined using the Entry Age Normal method, was then rolled forward to the June 30, 2018 measurement date. The Net Pension Liability for each plan is equal to the rolled forward TPL less the plan's net position as of June 30, 2018.

For the plan covered under GASB 74, the GASB 74 report prepared as of June 30, 2018 was largely based on the data, assumptions, and results of the annual funding valuation as of June 30, 2017. The Total OPEB Liability (TOL) for the plan, determined using the Entry Age Normal method, was then rolled forward to the June 30, 2018 measurement date. The Net OPEB Liability for the plan is equal to the rolled forward TOL less the plan's net position as of June 30, 2018.

For the funding valuations as of June 30, 2017, the Actuarial Value of Assets is calculated using a five-year smoothing methodology, whereby excesses and shortfalls of actual investment income over or under the expected investment return will be recognized over the succeeding five-year periods.

For the life insurance plan's funding valuation as of June 30, 2017, the Actuarial Value of Assets is equal to the Fair Value of Assets as of June 30, 2017.

## Summary of Plan Provisions

For the funding valuations, each plan covered under GASB 67 utilizes a $7.40 \%$ assumed rate of return and a $7.40 \%$ discount rate for the calculation of the respective plans' liabilities. The Single Equivalent Interest Rate required under GASB 67 has been determined to be $7.30 \%$ by the plans' actuaries.

The plan covered under GASB 74 utilizes a $7.40 \%$ assumed rate of return and a $7.40 \%$ discount rate for the calculation of the plan's liabilities. The Single Equivalent Interest Rate required under GASB 74 has been determined to be $7.30 \%$ by the plan's actuaries.

## Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

The laws governing the Employees' Retirement System and the plans it administers require an actuary to perform an annual valuation of the soundness of the plans. In addition, the actuary must perform at least once every five years an actuarial investigation of the mortality, service, and compensation experience of the members and beneficiaries of the System. The latest valuation was performed as of June 30, 2017 based on actuarial assumptions approved by the Board during the last experience study on December 17, 2015.

The more pertinent facts and significant assumptions underlying the computations included in the June 30, 2017 reports are as follows:

|  | ERS | PSERS | GJRS | LRS | GMPF |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Valuation Date <br> Actuarial Cost Method | June 30, 2017 Entry age | June 30, 2017 Entry age | June 30, 2017 Entry age | June 30, 2017 Entry age | June 30, 2017 Entry age |
| Amortization Method | Level dollar, closed | Level dollar, closed | Level percent of pay, closed | Level dollar, open Infinite | Level dollar, closed |
| Amortization Period | 16.5 years | 21.2 years | 16.1 years |  | 16.5 years |

Actuarial Asset Valuation Method

Investment Rate of Return Inflation Rate Projected Salary Increases COLA

|  | SEAD-OPEB |
| :--- | :---: |
| Valuation Date | June 30, 2017 |
| Actuarial Cost Method | Entry age |
|  |  |
| Amortization Method | Level dollar, open |
|  |  |
| Amortization Period | Infinite |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Actuarial Asset | Market Value |
| Valuation Method |  |
|  |  |
| Investment Rate of Return | $7.40 \%$ |
| Inflation Rate | $2.75 \%$ |
| Projected Salary Increases | $3.25-7.00 \%$ |
| ERS | $4.50 \%$ |
| GJRS | $0.00 \%$ |
| LRS | n/a |

## Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Rates of Withdrawal Prior to Retirement (Withdrawal, Death, Disability)

## ERS

Representative values of the assumed annual rates of separation other than retirement for non-law enforcement officers are as follows. Special rates of separation apply to law enforcement officers.

|  | Annual Rates of <br> Death |  | Annual Rates of <br> Disability |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Age | Men | Women | Men | Women |
| 20 | $.0320 \%$ | $.0177 \%$ | $.05 \%$ | $.02 \%$ |
| 25 | .0349 | .0192 | .05 | .02 |
| 30 | .0412 | .0245 | .05 | .02 |
| 35 | .0717 | .0441 | .05 | .02 |
| 40 | .1001 | .0655 | .25 | .10 |
| 45 | .1399 | .1043 | .48 | .25 |
| 50 | .1983 | .1555 | .70 | .45 |
| 55 | .2810 | .2228 | 1.05 | .73 |
| 60 | .4092 | .3058 | - | - |
| 65 | .5600 | .4304 | - | - |


| Annual Rates of Withdrawal Years of Service |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0-4 |  | 5-9 |  | 10 \& over |  |
| Age | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women |
| 20 | 35.00 \% | 30.00 \% | - \% | - \% | - \% | - \% |
| 25 | 27.50 | 25.00 | 15.00 | 17.50 | - | - |
| 30 | 23.00 | 21.50 | 11.50 | 12.50 | 7.50 | 8.25 |
| 35 | 21.50 | 19.50 | 10.00 | 10.50 | 6.00 | 6.00 |
| 40 | 19.50 | 18.25 | 9.50 | 9.50 | 4.75 | 5.00 |
| 45 | 18.60 | 16.50 | 9.00 | 8.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| 50 | 16.60 | 15.00 | 7.25 | 7.25 | 4.25 | 4.25 |
| 55 | 14.50 | 14.00 | 7.00 | 7.00 | 4.75 | 4.50 |
| 60 | 14.00 | 14.50 | 6.00 | 6.25 | - | - |
| 65 | 15.00 | 17.00 | 10.00 | 11.00 | - | - |

## Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Rates of Withdrawal Prior to Retirement (Withdrawal, Death, Disability)
PSERS

|  | Annual Rates of <br> Death |  | Annual <br> Rates of <br> Disability |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Age | Men | Women | Both |
| 20 | $.0320 \%$ | $.0177 \%$ | $-\%$ |
| 25 | .0349 | .0192 | - |
| 30 | .0412 | .0245 | - |
| 35 | .0717 | .0441 | .0025 |
| 40 | .1001 | .0655 | .0110 |
| 45 | .1399 | .1043 | .0370 |
| 50 | .1983 | .1555 | .0865 |
| 55 | .2810 | .2228 | .2250 |
| 60 | .4092 | .3058 | .3500 |
| 65 | .5600 | .4304 | - |


| Annual Rates of Withdrawal Years of Service |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0-4 |  | 5-9 |  | 10 \& over |  |
| Age | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women |
| 20 | 37.00 \% | 32.00 \% | - \% | - \% | - \% | - \% |
| 25 | 28.00 | 28.00 | 17.00 | 18.00 | - | - |
| 30 | 25.00 | 23.00 | 15.00 | 15.00 | 12.00 | 10.00 |
| 35 | 23.00 | 19.00 | 13.00 | 13.00 | 9.00 | 10.00 |
| 40 | 21.00 | 17.00 | 12.00 | 12.00 | 7.50 | 8.00 |
| 45 | 19.00 | 15.50 | 11.00 | 10.00 | 6.50 | 7.00 |
| 50 | 17.00 | 14.00 | 9.00 | 8.50 | 6.50 | 6.00 |
| 55 | 15.00 | 12.00 | 9.00 | 8.00 | 6.00 | 5.50 |
| 60 | 12.00 | 11.00 | 7.50 | 7.50 | - | - |

## Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Rates of Withdrawal Prior to Retirement (Withdrawal, Death, Disability)


| LRS |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual Rates of |  |  |  |
|  |  | Withdrawal |  |  |
|  | Age | Both | Men | Women |
|  | 20 | 8.0 \% | . 032 \% | . 018 \% |
|  | 25 | 8.0 | . 035 | . 019 |
|  | 30 | 8.0 | . 041 | . 025 |
|  | 35 | 8.0 | . 072 | . 044 |
|  | 40 | 8.0 | . 100 | . 066 |
|  | 45 | 8.5 | . 140 | . 104 |
|  | 50 | 8.5 | . 198 | . 156 |
|  | 55 | 9.0 | . 281 | . 223 |
|  | 60 | 9.0 | . 409 | . 306 |
|  | 65 | 9.0 | . 560 | . 430 |


| GMPF |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Age | Rates of Death |  |
| Rates of |  | Men | Women |
| Service | 25 | .0349\% | .0192\% |
| 2 or less | 30 | . 0412 | . 0245 |
| 3-7 | 35 | . 0717 | . 0441 |
| 8-9 | 40 | . 1001 | . 0655 |
| 10-14 | 45 | . 1339 | . 1043 |
| 15-19 | 50 | . 1983 | . 1555 |
| 20 or more | 55 | . 2810 | . 2228 |
|  | 60 | . 4092 | . 3058 |

## Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Rates of Withdrawal Prior to Retirement (Withdrawal, Death, Disability)

## SEAD-OPEB

|  | All Groups <br> Annual Rates of <br> Death |  | ERS <br> Annual Rates <br> of Disability |  | GJRS <br> Annual Rates <br> of Disability |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | ---: | :---: |
| Age | Men | Women | Men | Women | Both |
| 20 | $.0320 \%$ | $.0177 \%$ | $.05 \%$ | $.02 \%$ | $.03 \%$ |
| 25 | .0349 | .0192 | .05 | .02 | .03 |
| 30 | .0412 | .0245 | .05 | .02 | .05 |
| 35 | .0717 | .0441 | .05 | .02 | .08 |
| 40 | .1001 | .0655 | .25 | .10 | .10 |
| 45 | .1399 | .1043 | .48 | .25 | .18 |
| 50 | .1983 | .1555 | .70 | .45 | .25 |
| 55 | .2810 | .2228 | 1.05 | .73 | .45 |
| 60 | .4092 | .3058 | - | - | .73 |
| 65 | .5600 | .4304 | - | - | 1.18 |


| Age | ERS <br> Annual Rates of Withdrawal Years of Service |  |  |  |  |  | LRS <br> Annual Rates of Withdrawal <br> Both | GJRS <br> Annual Rates of Withdrawal <br> Both |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 0-4 |  | 5-9 |  | 10 \& over |  |  |  |
|  | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women |  |  |
| 20 | 35.00 \% | 30.00 \% | - \% | - \% | - \% | - \% | 8.00 \% | 4.00 \% |
| 25 | 27.50 | 25.00 | 15.00 | 17.50 | - | - | 8.00 | 4.00 |
| 30 | 23.00 | 21.50 | 11.50 | 12.50 | 7.50 | 8.25 | 8.00 | 4.00 |
| 35 | 21.50 | 19.50 | 10.00 | 10.50 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 8.00 | 4.00 |
| 40 | 19.50 | 18.25 | 9.50 | 9.50 | 4.75 | 5.00 | 8.00 | 6.00 |
| 45 | 18.60 | 16.50 | 9.00 | 8.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 8.50 | 4.00 |
| 50 | 16.60 | 15.00 | 7.25 | 7.25 | 4.25 | 4.25 | 8.50 | 3.00 |
| 55 | 14.50 | 14.00 | 7.00 | 7.00 | 4.75 | 4.50 | 9.00 | 2.50 |
| 60 | 14.00 | 14.50 | 6.00 | 6.25 | - | - | 9.00 | 2.50 |
| 65 | 15.00 | 17.00 | 10.00 | 11.00 | - | - | 9.00 | 2.50 |

## Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

## Annual Rates of Retirement

## ERS

| Old Plan |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Early Retirement |  | Age 60 or 30 years |  | 34 years |  | More than 34 years |  |
| Age | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women |
| 50 | 2.0 \% | 2.0 \% | 7.5 \% | 6.0 \% | 100.0 \% | 100.0 \% | 90.0 \% | 100.0 \% |
| 52 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 7.5 | 6.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 90.0 | 100.0 |
| 55 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 7.5 | 10.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 75.0 | 90.0 |
| 57 | 3.5 | 5.0 | 10.5 | 10.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 70.0 | 70.0 |
| 60 | - | - | 15.0 | 20.0 | 97.5 | 95.0 | 40.0 | 55.0 |
| 62 | - | - | 32.0 | 40.0 | 97.5 | 95.0 | 40.0 | 65.0 |
| 65 | - | - | 35.0 | 40.0 | 35.0 | 40.0 | 35.0 | 40.0 |
| 67 | - | - | 35.0 | 35.0 | 35.0 | 35.0 | 35.0 | 35.0 |
| 70 | - | - | 35.0 | 35.0 | 35.0 | 35.0 | 35.0 | 35.0 |
| 75 | - | - | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |


| New Plan and GSEPS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Early Retirement |  |  |  |  | Normal Retirement |
| Age | Men | Women | Men* | Women** |  |  |
| 50 | $7.0 \%$ | $4.5 \%$ | $70.0 \%$ | $50.0 \%$ |  |  |
| 52 | 7.0 | 4.5 | 70.0 | 45.0 |  |  |
| 55 | 7.0 | 6.5 | 60.0 | 50.0 |  |  |
| 57 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 50.0 | 40.0 |  |  |
| 60 | - | - | 25.0 | 30.0 |  |  |
| 62 | - | - | 40.0 | 40.0 |  |  |
| 65 | - | - | 32.0 | 35.0 |  |  |
| 67 | - | - | 32.0 | 32.0 |  |  |
| 70 | - | - | 30.0 | 30.0 |  |  |
| 75 | - | - | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |  |

*An additional $10 \%$ of active male New Plan and GSEPS members less than age 55 and $20 \%$ between ages $55-59$, inclusive, are expected to retire in the year in which they attain 30 years of service.
${ }^{* *}$ An additional $20 \%$ of active female New Plan and GSEPS members less than age 60 are expected to retire in the year in which they attain 30 years of service.

## Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

## Annual Rates of Retirement

## PSERS

| Age | Annual Rate of Retirement | Age | Annual Rate of Retirement |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 60 | $13.0 \%$ | 68 | $23.0 \%$ |
| 61 | 13.0 | 69 | 26.0 |
| 62 | 22.0 | 70 | 27.0 |
| 63 | 17.5 | 71 | 27.0 |
| 64 | 17.0 | 72 | 27.0 |
| 65 | 28.0 | 73 | 27.0 |
| 66 | 27.0 | 74 | 27.0 |
| 67 | 23.0 | $75 \&$ over | 100.0 |

## GJRS

| Age | Annual Rate of Retirement |
| :--- | :---: |
| 60 | $15.0 \%$ |
| 61 | 10.0 |
| 62 | 12.0 |
| $63-64$ | 10.0 |
| $65-69$ | 15.0 |
| $70-74$ | 25.0 |
| 75 | 100.0 |

LRS

| Age | Annual Rate of Retirment | Age | Annual Rate of Retirement |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 60 | $10.0 \%$ | 66 | $12.0 \%$ |
| 61 | 10.0 | 67 | 15.0 |
| 62 | 15.0 | 68 | 12.0 |
| 63 | 10.0 | 69 | 12.0 |
| 64 | 10.0 | $70-74$ | 20.0 |
| 65 | 12.0 | 75 | 100.0 |

## GMPF

| Age | Annual Rate of Retirement |
| :--- | :---: |
| 60 | $75.0 \%$ |
| 61 | 60.0 |
| 62 | 70.0 |
| 63 | 60.0 |
| 64 | 60.0 |
| 65 \& over | 100.0 |

## Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

## Annual Rates of Retirement

## SEAD-OPEB

## ERS Members

| Old Plan |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Early Retirement |  | Age 60 or 30 years |  | 34 years |  | More than 34 years |  |
| Age | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women | Men | Women |
| 50 | 2.0 \% | 2.0 \% | 7.5 \% | 6.0 \% | 100.0 \% | 100.0 \% | 90.0 \% | 100.0 \% |
| 52 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 7.5 | 6.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 90.0 | 100.0 |
| 55 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 7.5 | 10.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 75.0 | 90.0 |
| 57 | 3.5 | 5.0 | 10.5 | 10.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 70.0 | 70.0 |
| 60 | - | - | 15.0 | 20.0 | 97.5 | 95.0 | 40.0 | 55.0 |
| 62 | - | - | 32.0 | 40.0 | 97.5 | 95.0 | 40.0 | 65.0 |
| 65 | - | - | 35.0 | 40.0 | 35.0 | 40.0 | 35.0 | 40.0 |
| 67 | - | - | 35.0 | 35.0 | 35.0 | 35.0 | 35.0 | 35.0 |
| 70 | - | - | 35.0 | 35.0 | 35.0 | 35.0 | 35.0 | 35.0 |
| 75 | - | - | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |


| New Plan and GSEPS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Early Retirement |  |  |  |  | Normal Retirement |  |
| Age | Men | Women | Men* | Women** |  |  |  |
| 50 | $7.0 \%$ | $4.5 \%$ | $70.0 \%$ | $50.0 \%$ |  |  |  |
| 52 | 7.0 | 4.5 | 70.0 | 45.0 |  |  |  |
| 55 | 7.0 | 6.5 | 60.0 | 50.0 |  |  |  |
| 57 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 50.0 | 40.0 |  |  |  |
| 60 | - | - | 25.0 | 30.0 |  |  |  |
| 62 | - | - | 40.0 | 40.0 |  |  |  |
| 65 | - | - | 32.0 | 35.0 |  |  |  |
| 67 | - | - | 32.0 | 32.0 |  |  |  |
| 70 | - | - | 30.0 | 30.0 |  |  |  |
| 75 | - | - | 100.0 | 100.0 |  |  |  |

*An additional $10 \%$ of active male New Plan and GSEPS members less than age 55 and $20 \%$ between ages $55-59$, inclusive, are expected to retire in the year in which they attain 30 years of service.
${ }^{* *}$ An additional $20 \%$ of active female New Plan and GSEPS members less than age 60 are expected to retire in the year in which they attain 30 years of service.

## LRS Members

| Age | Annual Rate of Retirement | Age | Annual Rate of Retirement |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 60 | $10.0 \%$ | 67 | $15.0 \%$ |
| 61 | 10.0 | $68-69$ | 12.0 |
| 62 | 15.0 | $70-74$ | 20.0 |
| $63-64$ | 10.0 | 75 | 100.0 |
| $65-66$ | 12.0 |  |  |

## Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

## Annual Rates of Retirement

| SEAD-OPEB |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GJRS Members |  |  |
|  | Age | Annual Rates of Retirement |
|  | 60 | 15.0 \% |
|  | 61 | 10.0 |
|  | 62 | 12.0 |
|  | 63-64 | 10.0 |
|  | 65-66 | 15.0 |
|  | 67 | 15.0 |
|  | 68-69 | 15.0 |
|  | 70-74 | 25.0 |
|  | 75 | 100.0 |

## Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

## Annual Rates of Death After Retirement

For all plans except PSERS, the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward two years for both males and females) is used for the period after retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table (projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and and set back seven years for males and set forward three years for females) is used for the period after disability retirement. For PSERS, the RP-2000 Blue-Collar Mortality Table (projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward three years for males and two years for females) is used for the period after service retirement and for beneficiaries of deceased members. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table (projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward five years for both males and females) is used for the period after disability retirement. For all plans, there is a margin for future mortality improvement in the tables.

## ERS

| Age | Men | Women | Age | Men | Women |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 40 | $0.1127 \%$ | $0.0790 \%$ | 65 | $1.1300 \%$ | $0.8994 \%$ |
| 45 | 0.1609 | 0.1230 | 70 | 1.8697 | 1.5281 |
| 50 | 0.2474 | 0.1872 | 75 | 3.2147 | 2.5220 |
| 55 | 0.4246 | 0.2918 | 80 | 5.5160 | 4.1628 |
| 60 | 0.6985 | 0.4923 | 85 | 9.5631 | 7.1239 |

## PSERS

| Age | Men | Women | Age | Men | Women |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 40 | $0.1476 \%$ | $0.0995 \%$ | 65 | $1.4859 \%$ | $0.9774 \%$ |
| 45 | 0.1974 | 0.1484 | 70 | 2.4262 | 1.7054 |
| 50 | 0.3057 | 0.2084 | 75 | 3.9830 | 2.7288 |
| 55 | 0.5644 | 0.2844 | 80 | 6.5238 | 4.4542 |
| 60 | 0.9575 | 0.5014 | 85 | 10.9551 | 7.5727 |


| GJRS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Age | Men | Women | Age | Men | Women |
|  | 40 | 0.1127 \% | 0.0790 \% | 65 | 1.1300 \% | 0.8994 \% |
|  | 45 | 0.1609 | 0.1230 | 70 | 1.8697 | 1.5281 |
|  | 50 | 0.2474 | 0.1872 | 75 | 3.2147 | 2.5220 |
|  | 55 | 0.4246 | 0.2918 | 80 | 5.5160 | 4.1628 |
|  | 60 | 0.6985 | 0.4923 | 85 | 9.5631 | 7.1239 |

## Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Annual Rates of Death After Retirement

| LRS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Age | Men | Women | Age | Men | Women |
|  | 40 | 0.1127 \% | 0.0790 \% | 65 | 1.1300 \% | 0.8994 \% |
|  | 45 | 0.1609 | 0.1230 | 70 | 1.8697 | 1.5281 |
|  | 50 | 0.2474 | 0.1872 | 75 | 3.2147 | 2.5220 |
|  | 55 | 0.4246 | 0.2918 | 80 | 5.5160 | 4.1628 |
|  | 60 | 0.6985 | 0.4923 | 85 | 9.5631 | 7.1239 |

## GMPF

| Age | Men | Women | Age | Men | Women |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 40 | $0.1127 \%$ | $0.0790 \%$ | 65 | $1.1300 \%$ | $0.8994 \%$ |
| 45 | 0.1609 | 0.1230 | 70 | 1.8697 | 1.5281 |
| 50 | 0.2474 | 0.1872 | 75 | 3.2147 | 2.5220 |
| 55 | 0.4246 | 0.2918 | 80 | 5.5160 | 4.1628 |
| 60 | 0.6985 | 0.4923 | 85 | 9.5631 | 7.1239 |

## SEAD-OPEB

| Age | Men | Women | Age | Men | Women |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 40 | $0.1127 \%$ | $0.0790 \%$ | 65 | $1.1300 \%$ | $0.8994 \%$ |
| 45 | 0.1609 | 0.1230 | 70 | 1.8697 | 1.5281 |
| 50 | 0.2474 | 0.1872 | 75 | 3.2147 | 2.5220 |
| 55 | 0.4246 | 0.2918 | 80 | 5.5160 | 4.1628 |
| 60 | 0.6985 | 0.4923 | 85 | 9.5631 | 7.1239 |

## Active Members

## ERS

| Year | Active Members | Annual Payroll <br> (in thousands) | Average Pay | Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2008 | 75,293 | $\$ 2,809,199$ | $\$ 37,310$ | $3.0 \%$ |
| 2009 | 71,272 | $2,674,155$ | 37,520 | 0.6 |
| 2010 | 68,566 | $2,571,042$ | 37,497 | $(0.1)$ |
| 2011 | 66,081 | $2,486,780$ | 37,632 | 0.4 |
| 2012 | 63,942 | $2,414,884$ | 37,767 | 0.4 |
| 2013 | 61,550 | $2,335,773$ | 37,949 | 0.5 |
| 2014 | 60,486 | $2,315,625$ | 38,284 | 0.9 |
| 2015 | 60,416 | $2,352,920$ | 38,945 | 1.7 |
| 2016 | 59,766 | $2,384,358$ | 39,895 | 2.4 |
| 2017 | 60,906 | $2,546,492$ | 41,810 | 4.8 |

## PSERS

PSERS is not a compensation based plan.

| Year | Active Members |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2008 | 40,121 |
| 2009 | 40,581 |
| 2010 | 39,962 |
| 2011 | 39,249 |
| 2012 | 38,654 |
| 2013 | 37,361 |
| 2014 | 36,096 |
| 2015 | 35,477 |
| 2016 | 34,866 |
| 2017 | 35,509 |

## GJRS

| Year | Active Members | Annual Payroll <br> (in thousands) | Average Pay | Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2008 | 482 | $\$$ | 51,102 | $\$ 106,021$ |
| 2009 | 502 | 52,083 | 103,751 | $(2.1)$ |
| 2010 | 495 | 51,293 | 103,622 | $(0.1)$ |
| 2011 | 507 | 52,331 | 103,216 | $(0.4)$ |
| 2012 | 503 | 51,898 | 103,177 | $(0.0)$ |
| 2013 | 506 | 52,807 | 104,362 | 1.1 |
| 2014 | 513 | 53,628 | 104,539 | 0.2 |
| 2015 | 516 | 54,272 | 105,178 | 0.6 |
| 2016 | 526 | 57,401 | 109,128 | 3.8 |
| 2017 | 527 | 59,695 | 113,273 | 3.8 |

## Active Members

| LRS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LRS is not a compensation based plan. | Year | Active Members |
|  | 2008 | 218 |
|  | 2009 | 218 |
|  | 2010 | 216 |
|  | 2011 | 218 |
|  | 2012 | 220 |
|  | 2013 | 223 |
|  | 2014 | 222 |
|  | 2015 | 218 |
|  | 2016 | 224 |
|  | 2017 | 222 |


| GMPF |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GMPF is not a compensation based plan. | Year | Active Members |
|  | 2008 | 11,623 |
|  | 2009 | 12,019 |
|  | 2010 | 13,032 |
|  | 2011 | 13,776 |
|  | 2012 | 13,526 |
|  | 2013 | 13,573 |
|  | 2014 | 13,469 |
|  | 2015 | 13,754 |
|  | 2016 | 13,850 |
|  | 2017 | 13,037 |

## SEAD-OPEB

| Year | Active Members |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2008 | 75,859 |
| 2009 | 69,745 |
| 2010 | 62,305 |
| 2011 | 55,516 |
| 2012 | 49,261 |
| 2013 | 43,512 |
| 2014 | 39,101 |
| 2015 | 35,189 |
| 2016 | 32,076 |
| 2017 | 29,024 |

Note: Payroll data on page 121 for fiscal year 2017 will not equal that which is presented in the Financial section in the Schedules of Employers' and Nonemployers' Contributions on pages 68-69. Valuation data at that time was a snapshot of the valuation date, annualized for new hires, but does not include those who terminated during the year.

## Member and Employer Contribution Rates

## ERS

|  |  | Employer Rates |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Member | Old Plan* | New Plan | GSEPS |
| 2009 | $1.25 \%$ | $10.41 \%$ | $10.41 \%$ | $6.54 \%$ |
| 2010 | $1.25 \%$ | $10.41 \%$ | $10.41 \%$ | $6.54 \%$ |
| 2011 | $1.25 \%$ | $10.41 \%$ | $10.41 \%$ | $6.54 \%$ |
| 2012 | $1.25 \%$ | $11.63 \%$ | $11.63 \%$ | $7.42 \%$ |
| 2013 | $1.25 \%$ | $14.90 \%$ | $14.90 \%$ | $11.54 \%$ |
| 2014 | $1.25 \%$ | $18.46 \%$ | $18.46 \%$ | $15.18 \%$ |
| 2015 | $1.25 \%$ | $21.96 \%$ | $21.96 \%$ | $18.87 \%$ |
| 2016 | $1.25 \%$ | $24.72 \%$ | $24.72 \%$ | $21.69 \%$ |
| 2017 | $1.25 \%$ | $24.69 \%$ | $24.69 \%$ | $21.69 \%$ |
| 2018 | $1.25 \%$ | $24.69 \%$ | $24.69 \%$ | $21.66 \%$ |

* Old Plan rate includes an employer pick-up of employee contributions.


## PSERS

| Year | Pre 7/1/12 <br> Member | Post 7/1/12 <br> Member | Employer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| 2009 | $\$ 36$ per year |  | $\$$ |
| 2010 | $\$ 36$ per year |  | $5,680,000$ |
| 2011 | $\$ 36$ per year |  | $5,529,000$ |
| 2012 | $\$ 36$ per year |  | $7,509,000$ |
| 2013 | $\$ 36$ per year |  | $15,884,000$ |
| 2014 | $\$ 36$ per year | $\$ 90$ per year | $24,829,000$ |
| 2015 | $\$ 36$ per year | $\$ 90$ per year | $27,160,000$ |
| 2016 | $\$ 36$ per year | $\$ 90$ per year | $28,461,000$ |
| 2017 | $\$ 36$ per year | $\$ 90$ per year | $28,580,000$ |
| 2018 | $\$ 36$ per year | $\$ 90$ per year | $26,277,000$ |
|  |  |  | $29,276,000$ |


| GJRS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Year | Member | Employer |
|  | 2009 | 7.50\% | 3.85\% |
|  | 2010 | 7.50\% | 3.85\% |
|  | 2011 | 7.50\% | 3.85\% |
|  | 2012 | 7.50\% | 3.90\% |
|  | 2013 | 7.50\% | 3.90\% |
|  | 2014 | 7.50\% | 4.23\% |
|  | 2015 | 7.50\% | 6.98\% |
|  | 2016 | 7.50\% | 12.19\% |
|  | 2017 | 7.50\% | 10.48\% |
|  | 2018 | 7.50\% | 7.17\% |

## Member and Employer Contribution Rates

| LRS |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Year | Member | Employer |  |
|  | 2009 | 8.50\% | \$ | 71,000 |
|  | 2010 | 8.50\% |  | 75,000 |
|  | 2011 | 8.50\% |  | 75,000 |
|  | 2012 | 8.50\% |  | 75,000 |
|  | 2013 | 8.50\% |  | 128,000 |
|  | 2014 | 8.50\% |  | 45,000 |
|  | 2015 | 8.50\% |  | 0 |
|  | 2016 | 8.50\% |  | 0 |
|  | 2017 | 8.50\% |  | 0 |
|  | 2018 | 8.50\% |  | 0 |

## GMPF

| Year | Member | Employer |
| :---: | :---: | ---: |
| 2009 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\$$ |
| 2010 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |  |
| 2011 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $1,434,000$ |
| 2012 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $1,282,000$ |
| 2013 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $1,521,000$ |
| 2014 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $1,703,000$ |
| 2015 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $1,892,000$ |
| 2016 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $1,893,369$ |
| 2017 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $1,989,530$ |
| 2018 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $2,017,875$ |
|  |  | $2,377,312$ |

## SEAD-OPEB

| Year | Member - Old Plan | Member - New Plan, <br> LRS, GJRS | Employer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| 2009 | $0.45 \%$ | $0.23 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| 2010 | $0.45 \%$ | $0.23 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| 2011 | $0.45 \%$ | $0.23 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| 2012 | $0.45 \%$ | $0.23 \%$ | $0.61 \%$ |
| 2013 | $0.45 \%$ | $0.23 \%$ | $0.27 \%$ |
| 2014 | $0.45 \%$ | $0.23 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| 2015 | $0.45 \%$ | $0.23 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| 2016 | $0.45 \%$ | $0.23 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| 2017 | $0.45 \%$ | $0.23 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| 2018 | $0.45 \%$ | $0.23 \%$ | $0 \%$ |



| Public School Employees Retirement | $6 / 30 / 2008$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| System $^{1}$ | $6 / 30 / 2009$ |
|  | $6 / 30 / 2010$ |

770,950
823,232
875,396
885,927
895,324
910,256
924,365
967,409
988,883
$1,035,935$


791,855
769,618
737,406
719,601
710,915
727,268
765,450
805,277
834,554
865,786


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| :---: | :---: |
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|  |  |

## Schedules of Funding Progress - Defined Benefit Plans

(Dollar amounts in thousands)


This data, except for annual covered payroll, was provided by the System's actuary.
${ }^{1}$ No statistics regarding covered payroll are available. Contributions are not based on members' salaries, but are simply $\$ 4.00$ per month, per member for nine months each fiscal year if ${ }^{2}$ No statistics regarding covered payroll are available. Active and inactive plan member information is maintained by the Georgia Department of Defense.

Note: Payroll data on pages $125-126$ for fiscal year 2017 will not equal that which is presented in the Financial section in the Schedules of Employers' and Nonemployers' Contributions on
pages $68-69$. Valuation data at that time was a snapshot of the valuation date, annualized for new hires, but does not include those who terminated during the year.

## Schedule of Retirees Added to and Removed from Rolls



## PSERS

| Year Ended | Added to Rolls |  |  | Removed from Rolls |  |  | Roll End of Year |  |  | \% Increase in Annual Allowance | Average Annual Allowances |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Annual Allowances (in thousands) |  | Number |  | Annual owances ousands) | Number |  | Annual Allowances thousands) |  |  |  |
| 2008 | 899 | \$ | 4,514 | 605 | \$ | 2,371 | 13,487 | \$ | 48,805 | 4.6 \% | \$ | 3,619 |
| 2009 | 886 |  | 5,290 | 575 |  | 2,260 | 13,798 |  | 51,835 | 6.2 |  | 3,757 |
| 2010 | 1,001 |  | 4,494 | 642 |  | 2,666 | 14,157 |  | 53,663 | 3.5 |  | 3,791 |
| 2011 | 1,174 |  | 3,168 | 731 |  | 3,072 | 14,600 |  | 53,759 | 0.2 |  | 3,682 |
| 2012 | 1,133 |  | 3,192 | 684 |  | 2,834 | 15,049 |  | 54,117 | 0.7 |  | 3,596 |
| 2013 | 1,298 |  | 3,803 | 650 |  | 2,738 | 15,697 |  | 55,182 | 2.0 |  | 3,515 |
| 2014 | 1,345 |  | 3,749 | 647 |  | 2,604 | 16,395 |  | 56,327 | 2.1 |  | 3,436 |
| 2015 | 1,247 |  | 3,482 | 690 |  | 2,679 | 16,952 |  | 57,130 | 1.4 |  | 3,370 |
| 2016 | 1,363 |  | 3,927 | 763 |  | 2,890 | 17,552 |  | 58,167 | 1.8 |  | 3,314 |
| 2017 | 1,253 |  | 4,322 | 756 |  | 2,927 | 18,049 |  | 59,562 | 2.4 |  | 3,300 |

## GJRS

| Year Ended | Added to Rolls |  |  | Removed from Rolls |  |  | Roll End of Year |  |  | \% Increase in Annual Allowance | Average Annual Allowances |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number |  | Annual lowances thousands) | Number |  | nnual wances ousands) | Number |  | Annual lowances housands) |  |  |  |
| 2008 | 14 | \$ | 902 | 7 | \$ | 410 | 178 | \$ | 9,965 | 5.2 \% | \$ | 55,983 |
| 2009 | 29 |  | 2,238 | 6 |  | 191 | 201 |  | 12,012 | 20.5 |  | 59,761 |
| 2010 | 16 |  | 933 | 10 |  | 508 | 207 |  | 12,437 | 3.5 |  | 60,082 |
| 2011 | 15 |  | 1,168 | 2 |  | 105 | 220 |  | 13,500 | 8.5 |  | 61,364 |
| 2012 | 22 |  | 1,732 | 8 |  | 405 | 234 |  | 14,827 | 9.8 |  | 63,363 |
| 2013 | 42 |  | 2,763 | 13 |  | 629 | 263 |  | 16,961 | 14.4 |  | 64,490 |
| 2014 | 23 |  | 1,175 | 9 |  | 326 | 277 |  | 17,810 | 5.0 |  | 64,296 |
| 2015 | 21 |  | 1,416 | 11 |  | 561 | 287 |  | 18,665 | 4.8 |  | 65,035 |
| 2016 | 13 |  | 919 | 5 |  | 269 | 295 |  | 19,315 | 3.5 |  | 65,475 |
| 2017 | 62 |  | 5,304 | 10 |  | 771 | 347 |  | 23,848 | 23.5 |  | 68,726 |

## Schedule of Retirees Added to and Removed from Rolls

| LRS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Added to Rolls    Removed from Rolls  Roll End of Year <br> Annual       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 2008 \\ & 2009 \\ & 2010 \\ & 2011 \\ & 2012 \\ & 2013 \\ & 2014 \\ & 2015 \\ & 2016 \\ & 2017 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 13 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 18 \\ 10 \\ 32 \\ 6 \\ 13 \\ 9 \\ 13 \end{array}$ | $\$$ 130 <br> 117  <br> 106  <br> 104  <br> 66  <br>  200 <br> 30  <br> 87  <br>  58 <br>  80 | $\begin{array}{r} 11 \\ 7 \\ 3 \\ 10 \\ 11 \\ 15 \\ 7 \\ 12 \\ 13 \\ 6 \end{array}$ | $\$$ 100 <br> 54  <br> 36  <br> 86  <br>  82 <br>  140 <br> 61  <br>  112 <br> 111  <br>  74 | 226 229 236 244 243 260 259 260 256 263 | $\$$ 1,639 <br> 1,702  <br>  1,772 <br>  1,790 <br>  1,774 <br>  1,834 <br> 1,803  <br>  1,778 <br>  1,725 <br>  1,731 | $\begin{gathered} 1.9 \\ 3.8 \\ 4.1 \\ 1.0 \\ (0.9) \\ 3.4 \\ (1.7) \\ (1.4) \\ (3.0) \\ 0.3 \end{gathered}$ | \$ 7,252 7,432 7,508 7,336 7,300 7,054 6,961 6,838 6,738 6,582 |
| GMPF |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  Added to Rolls Removed from Rolls Roll End of Year  <br> Year Ended Annual  Annual  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 2008 \\ & 2009 \\ & 2010 \\ & 2011 \\ & 2012 \\ & 2013 \\ & 2014 \\ & 2015 \\ & 2016 \\ & 2017 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 71 \\ & 85 \\ & 92 \\ & 94 \\ & 95 \\ & 83 \\ & 62 \\ & 54 \\ & 79 \\ & 83 \end{aligned}$ | $\$$ 76 <br> 91  <br>  100 <br> 101  <br>  106 <br>  87 <br>  68 <br>  55 <br>  82 <br>  90 | $\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 6 \\ 9 \\ 11 \end{array}$ | \$2 <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> 4 <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & 304 \\ & 386 \\ & 477 \\ & 568 \\ & 660 \\ & 738 \\ & 795 \\ & 843 \\ & 913 \\ & 985 \end{aligned}$ | $\$$ 334 <br> 421  <br> 520  <br> 617  <br> 720  <br>  802 <br> 864  <br> 914  <br>  987 <br>  1,066 | $\begin{aligned} & 28.5 \% \\ & 26.0 \\ & 23.5 \\ & 18.7 \\ & 16.7 \\ & 11.4 \\ & 7.7 \\ & 5.8 \\ & 8.0 \\ & 8.0 \end{aligned}$ | \$1,099 <br> 1,091 <br> 1,090 <br>  <br> 1,086 <br> 1,091 <br> 1,087 <br> 1,087 <br> 1,084 <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> 1,081 |

SEAD-OPEB is a post-employment life insurance plan which does not have annuity payments.


|  | 2017 |  | 2016 |  | 2015 |  | 2014 |  | 2013 |  | 2012 |  | 2011 |  | 2010 |  | 2009 |  | 2008 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Amount of Increase (Decrease) (in thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| GJRS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest (7.50) added to previous UAL | \$ | $(3,125.4)$ | \$ | $(3,457.6)$ | \$ | $(2,259.9)$ | \$ | $(1,207.3)$ | \$ | $(1,977.2)$ | \$ | $(2,774.8)$ | \$ | $(2,891.5)$ | \$ | (2,636.2) | \$ | $(3,360.0)$ | \$ | $(3,585.9)$ |
| Accrued liability contribution |  | 1,245.0 |  | (746.2) |  | 3,754.1 |  | 5,803.3 |  | 5,187.8 |  | 4,710.8 |  | 4,079.8 |  | 4,592.1 |  | 3,596.2 |  | 4,498.3 |
| Experience: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Valuation asset growth |  | $(1,538.9)$ |  | 562.3 |  | $(5,855.8)$ |  | $(6,807.0)$ |  | 4,949.6 |  | 8,638.5 |  | 9,404.0 |  | 16,228.0 |  | 13,941.0 |  | 3,164.0 |
| Pensioners' mortality |  | (339.7) |  | 1,530.2 |  | 639.6 |  | 2,138.5 |  | 533.8 |  | 376.9 |  | 2,076.8 |  | 560.9 |  | 1,102.3 |  | 409.3 |
| Turnover and retirements |  | 2,307.0 |  | 872.4 |  | (370.0) |  | $(5,962.8)$ |  | 3,941.4 |  | 2,080.7 |  | (276.3) |  | 2,290.6 |  | 1,982.9 |  | 1,243.3 |
| New entrants |  | 2,353.1 |  | 1,190.9 |  | 1,539.1 |  | 1,272.3 |  | 3,138.0 |  | 442.3 |  | 750.1 |  | 0.0 |  | 967.2 |  | 354.2 |
| Salary increases |  | 187.7 |  | 209.7 |  | $(8,848.5)$ |  | $(10,382.5)$ |  | $(4,620.6)$ |  | $(4,536.5)$ |  | 1,265.9 |  | $(10,213.5)$ |  | $(10,561.2)$ |  | $(3,432.4)$ |
| Method changes |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | $(6,827.0)$ |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |
| Amendments (COLAs) |  | 3,345.4 |  | 3,179.6 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | (870.0) |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | $(2,359.4)$ |  | 1,265.0 |
| Assumption changes |  | 3,615.6 |  | 0.0 |  | $(5,030.9)$ |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | $(14,826.5)$ |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |
| Data changes |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 579.1 |  | 4,581.2 |  | 0.0 |
| Programming modification |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 4,606.4 |  | 1,648.9 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |
| Misc. changes |  | 1,402.0 |  | 1,086.9 |  | 464.1 |  | 1,110.1 |  | 1,333.8 |  | 917.5 |  | $(12,852.1)$ |  | 21.3 |  | (240.6) |  | (903.4) |
| Total | \$ | 9,451.8 | \$ | 4,428.2 | \$ | $(15,968.2)$ | \$ | $(14,035.4)$ | \$ | 10,266.0 | \$ | 10,634.3 | \$ | 1,556.7 | \$ | $(3,404.2)$ | \$ | 9,649.6 | \$ | 3,102.3 |
| Amount of Increase (Decrease) (in thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LRS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest (7.50) added to previous UAL | \$ | (497.8) | \$ | (445.9) | \$ | (421.9) | \$ | (343.3) | \$ | (301.8) | \$ | (302.5) | \$ | (343.4) | \$ | (508.5) | \$ | (468.9) | \$ | (426.9) |
| Accrued liability contribution |  | 250.3 |  | 338.3 |  | 173.4 |  | 161.9 |  | (62.4) |  | 33.9 |  | 107.1 |  | (32.5) |  | (21.1) |  | (26.3) |
| Experience: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Valuation asset growth |  | (129.2) |  | 24.1 |  | (491.6) |  | (576.5) |  | 513.9 |  | 829.0 |  | 906.2 |  | 1,534.0 |  | 1,307.4 |  | 241.7 |
| Pensioners' mortality |  | 245.9 |  | (66.1) |  | (50.8) |  | 323.8 |  | (29.6) |  | 19.1 |  | (18.7) |  | 339.2 |  | 240.7 |  | (2.2) |
| Turnover and retirements |  | (257.7) |  | (198.9) |  | (10.1) |  | (347.5) |  | 17.4 |  | (84.3) |  | 254.5 |  | 105.1 |  | (5.7) |  | (429.8) |
| New entrants |  | 99.2 |  | 26.8 |  | 35.1 |  | 135.2 |  | 144.5 |  | 16.9 |  | 74.0 |  | 98.8 |  | 0.0 |  | 35.9 |
| Method changes |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | (418.0) |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |
| Amendments |  | 50.4 |  | 51.5 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | (488.1) |  | (549.7) |  | (481.8) |  | (465.3) |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |
| No COLAs |  | (458.3) |  | (418.2) |  | (452.6) |  | (470.8) |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |
| Assumption changes |  | 223.7 |  | 0.0 |  | 852.3 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 975.2 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |
| Data changes |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 114.8 |  | $(1,529.1)$ |  | 0.0 |
| Misc. changes |  | (127.9) |  | (4.7) |  | 46.2 |  | 69.9 |  | 71.1 |  | 46.4 |  | 46.9 |  | 41.6 |  | (51.7) |  | 47.4 |
| Total | \$ | (601.5) | \$ | (693.1) | \$ | (320.0) | \$ | $(1,047.3)$ | \$ | (553.1) | \$ | 8.8 | \$ | 544.9 | \$ | 2,202.4 | \$ | (528.4) | \$ | (560.2) |


|  | 2017 |  | 2016 |  | 2015 |  | 2014 |  | 2013 |  | 2012 |  | 2011 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Amount of Increase (Decrease) (in thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| GMPF* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest (7.50) added to previous UAL | \$ | 1,484.8 | \$ | 1,407.5 | \$ | 1,316.3 | \$ | 1,344.3 | \$ | 1,360.8 | \$ | 1,354.9 | \$ | 1,216.1 |
| Accrued liability contribution |  | (1,747.5) |  | $(1,698.6)$ |  | (1,765.6) |  | (1,775.3) |  | $(1,661.5)$ |  | (1,502.4) |  | $(1,173.3)$ |
| Experience: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Valuation asset growth |  | (50.0) |  | 59.0 |  | (203.0) |  | (247.0) |  | 39.3 |  | 107.0 |  | 113.8 |
| Pensioners' mortality |  | (109.2) |  | 119.3 |  | 126.1 |  | 88.8 |  | 80.2 |  | 68.3 |  | 58.5 |
| Turnover and retirements |  | 11.0 |  | 233.3 |  | 120.5 |  | (87.9) |  | 186.4 |  | 17.9 |  | 205.4 |
| New entrants |  | 138.9 |  | 165.1 |  | 236.9 |  | 142.6 |  | 137.8 |  | 127.1 |  | 1,469.6 |
| Method changes |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | (393.0) |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |
| Assumption changes |  | 537.6 |  | 0.0 |  | 985.8 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |
| Expense Deficit |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 0.0 |  | 37.0 |
| Misc. changes |  | 64.2 |  | 744.4 |  | 398.7 |  | 161.1 |  | 30.6 |  | (93.6) |  | (77.0) |
| Total | \$ | 329.8 | \$ | 1,030.0 | \$ | 1,215.7 | \$ | (373.4) | \$ | (219.4) | \$ | 79.2 | \$ | 1,850.1 |

*Note: Data prior to 2011 is not available for GMPF.
SEAD-OPEB: Data is not available.

## Solvency Test Results

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

| ERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actuarial <br> Valuation as of $6 / 30$ |  | Actua <br> Active Member ntributions <br> (1) | ial | Accrued Liab <br> etirants \& neficiaries <br> (2) | Act | ve Member mployer ed Portion) (3) | Valuation Assets |  | Portion of Aggregate Accrued Liabilities Covered by Assets |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 2008 \\ & 2009 \\ & 2010 \\ & 2011 \\ & 2012 \\ & 2013 \\ & 2014 \\ & 2015 \\ & 2016 \\ & 2017 \end{aligned}$ | \$ | $\begin{aligned} & 616,177 \\ & 589,012 \\ & 551,607 \\ & 503,867 \\ & 460,861 \\ & 405,841 \\ & 385,058 \\ & 367,462 \\ & 368,281 \\ & 368,935 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 9,756,529 \\ 10,034,939 \\ 10,652,040 \\ 11,058,344 \\ 11,420,011 \\ 11,935,364 \\ 12,108,737 \\ 12,520,321 \\ 12,592,980 \\ 12,729,977 \end{array}$ | \$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,308,151 \\ & 5,254,071 \\ & 5,091,705 \\ & 5,094,694 \\ & 4,897,050 \\ & 4,641,244 \\ & 4,498,168 \\ & 4,211,744 \\ & 4,238,427 \\ & 4,415,986 \end{aligned}$ | \$ | $14,017,346$ $13,613,606$ $13,046,193$ $12,667,557$ $12,260,595$ $12,129,803$ $12,376,120$ $12,675,649$ $12,854,518$ $13,088,185$ | $\begin{aligned} & 100.0 \% \\ & 100.0 \% \\ & 100.0 \% \\ & 100.0 \% \\ & 100.0 \% \\ & 100.0 \% \\ & 100.0 \% \\ & 100.0 \% \\ & 100.0 \% \\ & 100.0 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100.0 \% \\ 100.0 \% \\ 100.0 \% \\ 1000 \% \\ 100.0 \% \\ 98.2 \% \\ 99.0 \% \\ 98.3 \% \\ 99.2 \% \\ 99.9 \% \end{array}$ | 68.7\% <br> 56.9\% <br> 36.2\% <br> 21.7\% <br> 7.8\% <br> 0.0\% <br> 0.0\% <br> 0.0\% <br> 0.0\% <br> 0.0\% |

## PSERS

## Actuarial Accrued Liability for:

| Actuarial Valuation as of $6 / 30$ | Active Member Contributions <br> (1) |  | Retirants \& Beneficiaries <br> (2) |  | Active Member (Employer Funded Portion) <br> (3) |  | Valuation Assets |  | Portion of Aggregate Accrued Liabilities Covered by Assets |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | (1) | (2) |  |  | (3) |
| 2008 | \$ | 15,285 |  |  | \$ | 469,601 |  |  | \$ | 286,064 | \$ | 791,855 | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |
| 2009 |  | 15,862 |  | 506,659 |  | 300,711 |  | 769,618 | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 82.2\% |
| 2010 |  | 16,361 |  | 528,808 |  | 330,227 |  | 737,406 | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 58.2\% |
| 2011 |  | 16,627 |  | 532,509 |  | 336,790 |  | 719,601 | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 50.6\% |
| 2012 |  | 16,917 |  | 537,284 |  | 341,123 |  | 710,915 | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 45.9\% |
| 2013 |  | 17,016 |  | 549,796 |  | 343,444 |  | 727,268 | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 46.7\% |
| 2014 |  | 16,995 |  | 566,344 |  | 341,026 |  | 765,450 | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 53.4\% |
| 2015 |  | 17,196 |  | 585,471 |  | 364,742 |  | 805,277 | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 55.5\% |
| 2016 |  | 17,413 |  | 609,807 |  | 361,663 |  | 834,554 | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 57.3\% |
| 2017 |  | 18,077 |  | 640,197 |  | 377,661 |  | 865,786 | 100.0\% | 100.0\% | 54.9\% |



## Solvency Test Results

(Dollar amounts in thousands)


## GMPF



## SEAD-OPEB

| Actuarial Valuation as of $6 / 30$ | Actuarial Accrued Liability for: |  |  | Valuation Assets | Portion of Aggregate Accrued Liabilities Covered by Assets |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Active Member Contributions | Retirants \& Beneficiaries | Active Member (Employer Funded Portion) <br> (3) |  |  |  |  |
|  | (1) | (2) |  |  | (1) | (2) | (3) |
| 2008 | \$ 0 | \$ 486,569 | \$ 213,315 | \$ 737,114 | n/a | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |
| 2009 | 0 | 524,718 | 208,953 | 628,199 | n/a | 100.0\% | 49.5\% |
| 2010 | 0 | 516,633 | 174,368 | 680,449 | n/a | 100.0\% | 93.9\% |
| 2011 | 0 | 503,327 | 175,093 | 807,893 | n/a | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |
| 2012 | 0 | 528,165 | 176,452 | 818,284 | n/a | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |
| 2013 | 0 | 586,228 | 168,558 | 907,831 | n/a | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |
| 2014 | 0 | 621,502 | 166,518 | 1,037,901 | n/a | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |
| 2015 | 0 | 621,426 | 148,321 | 1,046,559 | n/a | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |
| 2016 | 0 | 652,291 | 180,078 | 1,028,541 | n/a | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |
| 2017 | 0 | 693,118 | 183,468 | 1,121,251 | n/a | 100.0\% | 100.0\% |

## Statistical Section

## Building a Bridge to a More Comfortable Retirement



Sidney Lanier Bridge - Brunswick

ERSGA

## Introduction

The objective of the statistical section is to provide a historical perspective, context and relevant details to assist readers in evaluating the condition of the plans. All nonaccounting data is taken from ERSGA's internal sources except for information which is derived from the actuarial valuations. FY2010 was the first year ERSGA added this information in their Annual Financial Report. Therefore, historical detail may not be complete for some schedules. Statistical information is not presented for SCJRF and DARF as both plans are immaterial, have no active members, and are closed to new members.

## Fiduciary Funds

## Financial Trends

The following schedules have been included to help the reader understand how the System's financial position has changed over the past 10 years:

Additions by Source
Deductions by Type
Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

## Operational Trends

The following schedules have been included to help the readers understand how the System's financial report relates to the services provided by the System and the activities it performs:

Retiree Information
Withdrawal (Refund) Data
New Retiree Elections
Statistical Data as of June 30, 2018

## Proprietary Fund

Schedule of Revenue and Expenses
10-year Schedule of Membership

Additions by Source - Contribution/Investment Income (in thousands)

|  |  | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employee Contributions | \$ | 43,978 | 42,052 | 39,480 | 36,561 | 38,955 | 32,423 | 33,713 | 31,961 | 35,863 | 37,130 |
| Employer Contributions |  | 281,206 | 263,064 | 261,132 | 274,034 | 358,992 | 418,807 | 505,668 | 583,082 | 613,201 | 639,302 |
| Nonemployer Contributions |  | - | - | - | - | - | 10,945 | 12,495 | 12,484 | 12,080 | 12,865 |
| Net Investment Income (Loss) |  | $(1,726,302)$ | 1,176,741 | 2,269,270 | 231,782 | 1,495,849 | 2,021,748 | 474,147 | 141,292 | 1,475,626 | 1,166,013 |
| Other |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Total Additions to (Deductions from) Fiduciary Net Position | \$ | $(1,401,118)$ | 1,481,857 | 2,569,882 | 542,377 | 1,893,796 | 2,483,923 | 1,026,033 | 768,829 | 2,136,780 | 1,855,320 |
| PSERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employee Contributions | \$ | 1,472 | 1,483 | 1,451 | 1,426 | 1,538 | 1,659 | 1,800 | 1,925 | 2,084 | 2,162 |
| Employer Contributions |  | 5,096 | 5,530 | 7,509 | 15,884 | 24,829 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nonemployer Contributions |  | - | - | - | - | - | 27,160 | 28,461 | 28,580 | 26,277 | 29,276 |
| Net Investment Income (Loss) |  | $(97,156)$ | 66,404 | 128,096 | 13,554 | 88,067 | 123,799 | 30,129 | 9,809 | 97,715 | 78,418 |
| Other |  | 588 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total Additions to (Deductions from) Fiduciary Net Position | \$ | $(90,000)$ | 73,417 | 137,056 | 30,864 | 114,434 | 152,618 | 60,390 | 40,314 | 126,076 | 109,856 |
| GJRS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employee Contributions | \$ | 4,612 | 5,018 | 4,721 | 4,904 | 4,408 | 4,731 | 5,061 | 5,507 | 4,906 | 4,910 |
| Employer Contributions |  | 1,703 | 3,369 | 1,163 | 2,083 | 2,279 | 1,373 | 2,696 | 4,754 | 4,081 | 4,725 |
| Nonemployer Contributions |  | - | - | - | - | - | 1,002 | 1,564 | 2,869 | 2,603 | 1,841 |
| Net Investment Income (Loss) |  | $(38,164)$ | 27,378 | 57,330 | 6,571 | 42,104 | 60,012 | 14,697 | 5,055 | 49,259 | 39,877 |
| Other |  | 175 | 175 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total Additions to (Deductions from) Fiduciary Net Position | \$ | $(31,674)$ | 35,940 | 63,214 | 13,558 | 48,791 | 67,118 | 24,018 | 18,185 | 60,849 | 51,353 |
| LRS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employee Contributions | \$ | 320 | 318 | 320 | 323 | 373 | 282 | 327 | 328 | 327 | 323 |
| Employer Contributions |  | 71 | 75 | 75 | 76 | 128 | 45 | - | - | - | - |
| Nonemployer Contributions |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Net Investment Income (Loss) |  | $(3,772)$ | 2,610 | 5,194 | 550 | 3,573 | 4,969 | 1,189 | 363 | 3,741 | 2,962 |
| Other |  | 110 | 110 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total Additions to (Deductions from) Fiduciary Net Position | \$ | $(3,271)$ | 3,113 | 5,589 | 949 | 4,074 | 5,296 | 1,516 | 691 | 4,068 | 3,285 |

Additions by Source - Contribution/Investment Income (in thousands)

|  |  | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GMPF |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employee Contributions | \$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Employer Contributions |  | 1,323 | 1,434 | 1,282 | 1,521 | 1,703 | 1,892 | 1,893 | 1,990 | 2,018 | 2,377 |
| Nonemployer Contributions |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Net Investment Income (Loss) |  | (657) | 565 | 1,465 | 221 | 1,374 | 2,179 | 585 | 240 | 2,262 | 1,928 |
| Other |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total Additions to (Deductions from) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fiduciary Net Position | \$ | 666 | 1,999 | 2,747 | 1,742 | 3,077 | 4,071 | 2,478 | 2,230 | 4,280 | 4,305 |
| SEAD - OPEB |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employee Contributions | \$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |  |
| Employer Contributions |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | - |
| Insurance Premiums |  | 7,551 | 6,755 | 6,437 | 5,532 | 5,075 | 4,502 | 4,187 | 3,931 | 3,793 | 3,599 |
| Net Investment Income (Loss) |  | $(96,424)$ | 69,340 | 144,270 | 17,193 | 108,148 | 154,868 | 37,876 | 12,559 | 125,550 | 101,542 |
| Other |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total Additions to (Deductions from) Fiduciary Net Position | \$ | $(88,873)$ | 76,095 | 150,707 | 22,725 | 113,223 | 159,370 | 42,063 | 16,490 | 129,344 | 105,141 |
| Defined Contribution Plan - GDCP |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employee Contributions | \$ | 15,608 | 16,002 | 17,656 | 17,171 | 16,676 | 16,290 | 15,655 | 14,708 | 14,921 | 14,585 |
| Employer Contributions |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nonemployer Contributions |  |  | 1039 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | ) |
| Net Investment Income (Loss) |  | $(5,294)$ | 10,319 | 775 | 652 | 137 | 1,368 | 1,326 | 5,591 | $(1,056)$ | (356) |
| Other |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total Additions to (Deductions from) Fiduciary Net Position | \$ | 10,314 | 26,321 | 18,431 | 17,823 | 16,813 | 17,658 | 16,981 | 20,299 | 13,865 | 14,229 |

Additions by Source - Contribution/Investment Income (in thousands)

|  |  | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Defined Contribution Plan - 401(k) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employee Contributions | \$ | 33,432 | 33,899 | 38,006 | 40,331 | 44,428 | 53,724 | 64,870 | 79,422 | 93,608 | 110,848 |
| Employer Contributions |  | 6,939 | 15,664 | 25,442 | 4,355 | 18,279 | 21,513 | 25,615 | 29,982 | 36,761 | 43,176 |
| Nonemployer Contributions |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Net Investment Income (Loss) |  | $(50,330)$ | 25,283 | 59,581 | 3,112 | 52,835 | 78,583 | 17,665 | 5,281 | 88,771 | 72,671 |
| Other |  | 750 | 385 | 446 | 800 | 948 | 1,122 | - | 1,429 | 1,584 | 1,744 |
| Total Additions to (Deductions from) Fiduciary Net Position | \$ | $(9,209)$ | 75,231 | 123,475 | 48,598 | 116,490 | 154,942 | 109,448 | 116,114 | 220,724 | 228,439 |
| Defined Contribution Plan - 457 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employee Contributions | \$ | 24,087 | 21,171 | 20,108 | 19,551 | 18,753 | 17,623 | 17,445 | 17,413 | 18,899 | 20,133 |
| Employer Contributions |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nonemployer Contributions |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Net Investment Income (Loss) |  | $(70,066)$ | 35,806 | 70,963 | 7,785 | 55,737 | 73,746 | 18,991 | 7,855 | 59,541 | 46,748 |
| Other |  | 626 | 468 | 339 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total Additions to (Deductions from) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fiduciary Net Position | \$ | $(45,353)$ | 57,445 | 91,410 | 27,336 | 74,490 | 91,369 | 36,436 | 25,268 | 78,440 | 66,881 |

Deductions by Type (in thousands)

| ERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Benefit Payments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fiscal Year |  | Service | Partial Lump-Sum Option | Disability | Survivor <br> Benefits |  | Benefit yments | Net <br> Administrative Expenses | Refunds |  | Total ductions from duciary Position |
| 2009 | \$ | 889,669 | 22,011 | 135,743 | 69,735 | \$ | 1,117,158 | 16,809 | 6,597 | \$ | 1,140,564 |
| 2010 |  | 878,482 | 23,480 | 146,031 | 82,676 |  | 1,130,669 | 14,505 | 6,483 |  | 1,151,657 |
| 2011 |  | 921,136 | 30,946 | 140,849 | 75,891 |  | 1,168,822 | 14,431 | 7,515 |  | 1,190,768 |
| 2012 |  | 964,485 | 31,963 | 143,317 | 76,973 |  | 1,216,738 | 12,051 | 7,767 |  | 1,236,556 |
| 2013 |  | 1,007,816 | 35,933 | 145,152 | 80,300 |  | 1,269,201 | 12,889 | 7,390 |  | 1,289,480 |
| 2014 |  | 1,051,993 | 24,567 | 146,245 | 83,193 |  | 1,305,998 | 7,440 | 8,757 |  | 1,322,195 |
| 2015 |  | 1,076,676 | 24,391 | 147,418 | 85,794 |  | 1,334,278 | 7,872 | 7,450 |  | 1,349,600 |
| 2016 |  | 1,092,909 | 19,154 | 147,706 | 87,843 |  | 1,347,633 | 8,506 | 7,087 |  | 1,363,226 |
| 2017 |  | 1,130,996 | 19,765 | 151,772 | 91,750 |  | 1,394,283 | 8,732 | 9,033 |  | 1,412,048 |
| 2018 |  | 1,146,226 | 21,624 | 152,469 | 92,979 |  | 1,413,298 | 8,056 | 7,585 |  | 1,428,939 |

PSERS

| Fiscal Year | Service |  | Benefit Payments |  |  |  |  | Refunds | Total <br> Deductions from Fiduciary Net Position |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Disability | Survivor Benefits | Total Benefit Payments |  | Net <br> Administrative Expenses |  |  |  |
| 2009 | \$ | 45,159 | 5,232 | 1,806 | \$ | 52,197 | 588 | 261 | \$ | 53,046 |
| 2010 |  | 45,741 | 5,402 | 2,052 |  | 53,195 | 1,956 | 251 |  | 55,402 |
| 2011 |  | 46,548 | 5,369 | 2,063 |  | 53,980 | 2,046 | 267 |  | 56,293 |
| 2012 |  | 46,911 | 5,369 | 1,903 |  | 54,183 | 2,040 | 349 |  | 56,572 |
| 2013 |  | 47,805 | 5,328 | 1,908 |  | 55,041 | 2,021 | 492 |  | 57,554 |
| 2014 |  | 48,911 | 5,280 | 1,998 |  | 56,189 | 1,450 | 514 |  | 58,153 |
| 2015 |  | 49,704 | 5,227 | 2,041 |  | 56,972 | 1,545 | 456 |  | 58,973 |
| 2016 |  | 50,572 | 5,172 | 2,160 |  | 57,903 | 1,321 | 465 |  | 59,689 |
| 2017 |  | 52,012 | 5,117 | 2,249 |  | 59,378 | 1,308 | 1,031 |  | 61,717 |
| 2018 |  | 54,257 | 5,114 | 2,449 |  | 61,820 | 1,331 | 701 |  | 63,852 |



## Deductions by Type (in thousands)

| LRS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Benefit Payments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fiscal Year | Service |  | Survivor <br> Benefits | Total Benefit Payments |  | Net <br> Administrative Expenses | Refunds | Total Deductions from Fiduciary Net Position |  |
| 2009 | \$ | 1,265 | 425 | \$ | 1,690 | 110 | 49 | \$ | 1,849 |
| 2010 |  | 1,308 | 436 |  | 1,744 | 120 | 47 |  | 1,911 |
| 2011 |  | 1,309 | 452 |  | 1,761 | 131 | 60 |  | 1,952 |
| 2012 |  | 1,364 | 446 |  | 1,810 | 110 | 74 |  | 1,994 |
| 2013 |  | 1,376 | 448 |  | 1,824 | 119 | 88 |  | 2,031 |
| 2014 |  | 1,336 | 465 |  | 1,801 | 152 | 30 |  | 1,983 |
| 2015 |  | 1,315 | 441 |  | 1,756 | 169 | 26 |  | 1,951 |
| 2016 |  | 1,294 | 429 |  | 1,724 | 313 | 38 |  | 2,075 |
| 2017 |  | 1,323 | 440 |  | 1,763 | 224 | 75 |  | 2,062 |
| 2018 |  | 1,347 | 425 |  | 1,772 | 283 | 22 |  | 2,077 |


| GMPF |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Benefit Payments |  |  |  | Net Administrative Expenses | Total Deductions from Fiduciary Net Position |  |
| Fiscal Year | Service* |  | Total Benefit Payments |  |  |  |  |
| 2009 | \$ | 382 | \$ | 382 | - | \$ | 382 |
| 2010 |  | 489 |  | 489 | 43 |  | 532 |
| 2011 |  | 579 |  | 579 | 37 |  | 616 |
| 2012 |  | 678 |  | 678 | 34 |  | 712 |
| 2013 |  | 772 |  | 772 | 31 |  | 803 |
| 2014 |  | 841 |  | 841 | 110 |  | 951 |
| 2015 |  | 896 |  | 896 | 121 |  | 1,017 |
| 2016 |  | 963 |  | 963 | 262 |  | 1,225 |
| 2017 |  | 1,042 |  | 1,042 | 244 |  | 1,286 |
| 2018 |  | 1,138 |  | 1,138 | 225 |  | 1,363 |

*The only type of retirement in GMPF is a service retirement.

| SEAD-OPEB |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Benefit Payments |  |  |  | Net <br> Administrative Expenses | Total <br> Deductions from Fiduciary Net Position |  |
| Fiscal Year | Death Benefits** |  | Total Benefit Payments |  |  |  |  |
| 2009 | \$ | 19,839 | \$ | 19,839 | 203 | \$ | 20,042 |
| 2010 |  | 23,642 |  | 23,642 | 203 |  | 23,845 |
| 2011 |  | 23,060 |  | 23,060 | 203 |  | 23,263 |
| 2012 |  | 24,855 |  | 24,855 | 203 |  | 25,058 |
| 2013 |  | 28,482 |  | 28,482 | 203 |  | 28,685 |
| 2014 |  | 28,891 |  | 28,891 | 414 |  | 29,305 |
| 2015 |  | 32,979 |  | 32,979 | 428 |  | 33,407 |
| 2016 |  | 33,911 |  | 33,911 | 599 |  | 34,510 |
| 2017 |  | 36,058 |  | 36,058 | 576 |  | 36,634 |
| 2018 |  | 36,249 |  | 36,249 | 681 |  | 36,930 |

[^8]
## Deductions by Type (in thousands)

| Defined Contribution Plan - GDCP |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Benefit Payments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fiscal Year |  | Periodic Payments |  |  | Net Administrative Expenses | Refunds |  | tions <br> m <br> iary <br> ition |
| 2009 | \$ | 9 | \$ | 9 | 310 | 10,377 | \$ | 10,696 |
| 2010 |  | 9 |  | 9 | 1,110 | 10,613 |  | 11,732 |
| 2011 |  | 9 |  | 9 | 1,180 | 11,390 |  | 12,579 |
| 2012 |  | 11 |  | 11 | 1,138 | 12,749 |  | 13,898 |
| 2013 |  | 9 |  | 9 | 1,160 | 14,415 |  | 15,584 |
| 2014 |  | 9 |  | 9 | 991 | 17,721 |  | 18,721 |
| 2015 |  | - |  | - | 990 | 22,340 |  | 23,330 |
| 2016 |  | - |  | 35 | 766 | 11,911 |  | 12,712 |
| 2017 |  | - |  | - | 785 | 11,544 |  | 12,329 |
| 2018 |  | - |  | - | 852 | 10,080 |  | 10,932 |


| Defined Contribution Plan - 401(k) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Benefit Payments |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fiscal Year |  | Distributions |  | enefit ents | Net Administrative Expenses |  | tions <br> m <br> ary <br> sition |
| 2009 | \$ | 21,105 | \$ | 21,105 | 1,028 | \$ | 22,133 |
| 2010 |  | 23,618 |  | 23,618 | 829 |  | 24,447 |
| 2011 |  | 42,457 |  | 42,457 | 2,054 |  | 44,511 |
| 2012 |  | 36,986 |  | 36,986 | 2,111 |  | 39,097 |
| 2013 |  | 57,351 |  | 57,351 | 2,457 |  | 59,808 |
| 2014 |  | 43,133 |  | 43,133 | 2,300 |  | 45,433 |
| 2015 |  | 95,428 |  | 95,428 | 2,755 |  | 98,183 |
| 2016 |  | 46,508 |  | 46,508 | 2,832 |  | 49,340 |
| 2017 |  | 55,866 |  | 55,866 | 3,096 |  | 58,962 |
| 2018 |  | 64,103 |  | 64,103 | 3,639 |  | 67,742 |


| Defined Contribution Plan - 457 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Benefit Payments |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fiscal Year |  | Distributions |  | enefit ents | Net Administrative Expenses |  | ions <br> ary <br> ition |
| 2009 | \$ | 37,257 | \$ | 37,257 | 1,769 | \$ | 39,026 |
| 2010 |  | 37,014 |  | 37,014 | 2,115 |  | 39,129 |
| 2011 |  | 44,773 |  | 44,773 | 1,064 |  | 45,837 |
| 2012 |  | 41,835 |  | 41,835 | 910 |  | 42,745 |
| 2013 |  | 63,388 |  | 63,388 | 996 |  | 64,384 |
| 2014 |  | 45,807 |  | 45,807 | 812 |  | 46,619 |
| 2015 |  | 50,479 |  | 50,479 | 866 |  | 51,345 |
| 2016 |  | 43,288 |  | 43,288 | 820 |  | 44,108 |
| 2017 |  | 38,872 |  | 38,872 | 789 |  | 39,661 |
| 2018 |  | 40,690 |  | 40,690 | 442 |  | 41,132 |


|  |  | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Additions | \$ | $(1,401,118)$ | 1,481,857 | 2,569,882 | 542,377 | 1,893,796 | 2,483,923 | 1,026,033 | 768,829 | 2,136,780 | 1,855,320 |
| Total Deductions |  | 1,140,564 | 1,151,657 | 1,190,768 | 1,236,556 | 1,289,480 | 1,322,195 | 1,349,600 | 1,363,226 | 1,412,048 | 1,428,939 |
| Transfer In (Out) |  | - | - | - | $(12,724)$ | $(5,009)$ | - | - | - | - | - |
| Changes in Fiduciary Net Position |  | $(2,541,682)$ | 330,200 | 1,379,114 | $(706,903)$ | 599,307 | 1,161,728 | $(323,567)$ | $(594,397)$ | 724,732 | 426,381 |
| PSERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Additions |  | $(90,000)$ | 73,417 | 137,056 | 30,864 | 114,434 | 152,618 | 60,390 | 40,314 | 126,076 | 109,856 |
| Total Deductions |  | 53,046 | 55,402 | 56,293 | 56,572 | 57,554 | 58,153 | 58,973 | 59,689 | 61,717 | 63,852 |
| Transfer In (Out) |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Changes in Fiduciary Net Position |  | $(143,046)$ | 18,015 | 80,763 | $(25,708)$ | 56,880 | 94,465 | 1,417 | $(19,375)$ | 64,359 | 46,004 |
| GJRS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Additions |  | $(31,674)$ | 35,940 | 63,214 | 13,558 | 48,791 | 67,118 | 24,018 | 18,185 | 60,849 | 51,353 |
| Total Deductions |  | 11,549 | 12,774 | 13,561 | 14,872 | 16,668 | 18,217 | 19,956 | 20,026 | 22,678 | 25,878 |
| Transfer In (Out) |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Changes in Fiduciary Net Position |  | $(43,223)$ | 23,166 | 49,653 | $(1,314)$ | 32,123 | 48,901 | 4,062 | $(1,841)$ | 38,171 | 25,475 |
| LRS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Additions |  | $(3,271)$ | 3,113 | 5,589 | 949 | 4,074 | 5,296 | 1,516 | 691 | 4,068 | 3,285 |
| Total Deductions |  | 1,849 | 1,911 | 1,952 | 1,994 | 2,031 | 1,983 | 1,951 | 2,075 | 2,062 | 2,077 |
| Transfer In (Out) |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Changes in Fiduciary Net Position |  | $(5,120)$ | 1,202 | 3,637 | $(1,045)$ | 2,043 | 3,313 | (435) | $(1,384)$ | 2,006 | 1,208 |
| GMPF |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Additions |  | 666 | 1,999 | 2,747 | 1,742 | 3,077 | 4,071 | 2,478 | 2,230 | 4,280 | 4,305 |
| Total Deductions |  | 382 | 532 | 616 | 712 | 803 | 951 | 1,017 | 1,225 | 1,286 | 1,363 |
| Transfer In (Out) |  | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Changes in Fiduciary Net Position |  | 284 | 1,467 | 2,131 | 1,030 | 2,274 | 3,120 | 1,461 | 1,005 | 2,994 | 2,942 |


|  | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SEAD - OPEB |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Additions \$ | $(88,873)$ | 76,095 | 150,707 | 22,725 | 113,223 | 159,370 | 42,063 | 16,490 | 129,344 | 105,141 |
| Total Deductions | 20,042 | 23,845 | 23,263 | 25,058 | 28,685 | 29,305 | 33,407 | 34,510 | 36,634 | 36,930 |
| Transfer In (Out) | - | - | - | 12,724 | 5,009 | 5 | 2 | 2 | - | - |
| Changes in Fiduciary Net Position | $(108,915)$ | 52,250 | 127,444 | 10,391 | 89,547 | 130,070 | 8,658 | $(18,018)$ | 92,710 | 68,211 |
| Defined Contribution Plan - GDCP |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Additions | 10,314 | 26,321 | 18,431 | 17,823 | 16,813 | 17,658 | 16,981 | 20,299 | 13,865 | 14,229 |
| Total Deductions | 10,696 | 11,732 | 12,579 | 13,898 | 15,584 | 18,721 | 23,330 | 12,712 | 12,329 | 10,932 |
| Transfer In (Out) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Changes in Fiduciary Net Position | (382) | 14,589 | 5,852 | 3,925 | 1,229 | $(1,063)$ | $(6,349)$ | 7,587 | 1,536 | 3,297 |
| Defined Contribution Plan - 401(k) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Additions | $(9,209)$ | 75,231 | 123,475 | 48,598 | 116,490 | 154,942 | 109,448 | 116,114 | 220,724 | 228,439 |
| Total Deductions | 22,133 | 24,447 | 44,511 | 39,097 | 59,808 | 45,433 | 98,183 | 49,340 | 58,962 | 67,742 |
| Transfer In (Out) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Changes in Fiduciary Net Position | $(31,342)$ | 50,784 | 78,964 | 9,501 | 56,682 | 109,509 | 11,265 | 66,774 | 161,762 | 160,697 |
| Defined Contribution Plan - 457 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Additions | $(45,353)$ | 57,445 | 91,410 | 27,336 | 74,490 | 91,369 | 36,436 | 25,268 | 78,440 | 66,881 |
| Total Deductions | 39,026 | 39,129 | 45,837 | 42,745 | 64,384 | 46,619 | 51,345 | 44,108 | 39,661 | 41,132 |
| Transfer In (Out) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Changes in Fiduciary Net Position | $(84,379)$ | 18,316 | 45,573 | $(15,409)$ | 10,106 | 44,750 | $(14,909)$ | $(18,840)$ | 38,779 | 25,749 |

Number of Retirees






## Average Monthly Payments to Retirees







## Annual Benefit








Note: The GMPF Plan does not have a refund feature.

## Average Monthly Benefit Payment for New Retirees - ERS

|  | Years of Credited Service |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 10-15 | 16-20 | 21-25 | 26-30 | Over 30 | Total |
| 2009 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$717.65 | \$1,059.22 | \$1,458.18 | \$1,910.75 | \$3,627.21 | \$2,272.58 |
| Average Final Average Salary | \$3,109.07 | \$3,179.28 | \$3,483.90 | \$3,875.27 | \$4,548.96 | \$3,891.02 |
| Number of Retirees | 344 | 320 | 301 | 324 | 949 | 2,238 |
| 2010 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$694.23 | \$1,086.00 | \$1,502.32 | \$1,849.65 | \$3,653.29 | \$2,247.01 |
| Average Final Average Salary | \$3,023.45 | \$3,345.36 | \$3,555.21 | \$3,802.65 | \$4,588.73 | \$3,900.93 |
| Number of Retirees | 391 | 324 | 332 | 375 | 981 | 2,403 |
| 2011 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$734.74 | \$1,107.16 | \$1,504.51 | \$1,995.24 | \$3,575.54 | \$2,143.95 |
| Average Final Average Salary | \$3,228.07 | \$3,205.88 | \$3,478.73 | \$3,762.88 | \$4,532.07 | \$3,825.88 |
| Number of Retirees | 437 | 322 | 389 | 461 | 885 | 2,494 |
| 2012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$729.60 | \$1,247.16 | \$1,624.82 | \$2,125.35 | \$3,708.26 | \$2,109.84 |
| Average Final Average Salary | \$3,040.00 | \$3,275.37 | \$3,388.85 | \$3,807.26 | \$4,702.47 | \$3,775.94 |
| Number of Retirees | 518 | 385 | 414 | 486 | 776 | 2,578 |
| 2013 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$836.73 | \$1,183.19 | \$1,650.14 | \$2,120.33 | \$3,487.96 | \$2,088.46 |
| Average Final Average Salary | \$3,391.36 | \$3,339.84 | \$3,411.24 | \$3,765.16 | \$4,659.17 | \$3,855.98 |
| Number of Retirees | 684 | 453 | 466 | 780 | 1,033 | 3,416 |
| 2014 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$769.91 | \$1,232.07 | \$1,527.47 | \$2,057.32 | \$3,242.25 | \$1,870.02 |
| Average Final Average Salary | \$3,309.44 | \$3,337.66 | \$3,263.54 | \$3,718.37 | \$4,486.34 | \$3,699.86 |
| Number of Retirees | 483 | 306 | 311 | 477 | 542 | 2,119 |
| 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$750.98 | \$1,224.00 | \$1,620.88 | \$2,068.82 | \$3,074.69 | \$1,837.97 |
| Average Final Average Salary | \$3,269.25 | \$3,443.88 | \$3,547.63 | \$3,750.99 | \$4,536.68 | \$3,760.27 |
| Number of Retirees | 524 | 316 | 341 | 623 | 561 | 2,365 |
| 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$759.54 | \$1,224.52 | \$1,760.28 | \$2,171.75 | \$2,996.81 | \$1,783.98 |
| Average Final Average Salary | \$3,189.20 | \$3,376.84 | \$3,657.08 | \$3,935.01 | \$4,618.83 | \$3,764.34 |
| Number of Retirees | 559 | 340 | 330 | 530 | 466 | 2,225 |
| 2017 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$796.76 | \$1,204.27 | \$1,786.30 | \$2,109.53 | \$2,870.19 | \$1,732.36 |
| Average Final Average Salary | \$3,479.90 | \$3,405.67 | \$3,850.73 | \$3,813.78 | \$4,595.25 | \$3,829.66 |
| Number of Retirees | 551 | 395 | 359 | 453 | 470 | 2,228 |
| 2018 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$794.94 | \$1,318.26 | \$1,679.64 | \$2,302.80 | \$2,879.55 | \$1,791.49 |
| Average Final Average Salary | \$3,505.83 | \$3,674.56 | \$3,707.56 | \$4,154.11 | \$4,638.01 | \$3,950.06 |
| Number of Retirees | 570 | 389 | 306 | 525 | 476 | 2,266 |

## Average Monthly Benefit Payment for New Retirees - PSERS

|  | Years of Credited Service |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 10-15 | 16-20 | 21-25 | 26-30 | Over 30 | Total |
| 2009 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$156.52 | \$224.92 | \$289.93 | \$357.58 | \$460.04 | \$242.89 |
| Number of Retirees | 391 | 200 | 157 | 91 | 90 | 929 |
| 2010 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$157.66 | \$224.92 | \$300.93 | \$359.24 | \$464.07 | \$243.41 |
| Number of Retirees | 448 | 200 | 162 | 76 | 105 | 1,001 |
| 2011 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$158.67 | \$227.68 | \$297.01 | \$374.01 | \$479.42 | \$245.04 |
| Number of Retirees | 463 | 200 | 126 | 79 | 114 | 982 |
| 2012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$159.25 | \$236.46 | \$303.66 | \$362.36 | \$476.51 | \$238.59 |
| Number of Retirees | 480 | 182 | 136 | 74 | 87 | 958 |
| 2013 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$159.34 | \$232.10 | \$300.66 | \$360.75 | \$478.49 | \$245.72 |
| Number of Retirees | 580 | 255 | 175 | 113 | 133 | 1,256 |
| 2014 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$154.20 | \$227.41 | \$297.58 | \$345.98 | \$437.20 | \$233.71 |
| Number of Retirees | 603 | 268 | 147 | 121 | 131 | 1,270 |
| 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$155.20 | \$225.02 | \$290.82 | \$360.11 | \$471.12 | \$233.25 |
| Number of Retirees | 568 | 254 | 166 | 105 | 99 | 1,192 |
| 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$160.28 | \$232.09 | \$298.45 | \$358.11 | \$489.48 | \$242.18 |
| Number of Retirees | 529 | 273 | 454 | 103 | 103 | 1,162 |
| 2017 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$153.93 | \$226.90 | \$286.35 | \$348.16 | \$437.62 | \$228.12 |
| Number of Retirees | 515 | 230 | 126 | 78 | 104 | 1,053 |
| 2018 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$156.77 | \$228.48 | \$293.26 | \$363.46 | \$480.15 | \$238.68 |
| Number of Retirees | 508 | 241 | 148 | 91 | 102 | 1,090 |

Note: PSERS is not a final average pay plan.

Average Monthly Benefit Payment for New Retirees - GJRS

|  | Years of Credited Service |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 10-15 | 16-20 | 21-25 | 26-30 | Over 30 | Total |
| 2009 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$4,874.28 | \$5,883.17 | \$7,366.55 | \$6,630.61 | \$7,639.64 | \$6,478.85 |
| Average Final Average Salary | \$9,519.58 | \$8,825.88 | \$10,071.58 | \$8,881.08 | \$10,232.57 | \$9,506.14 |
| Number of Retirees | 8 | 5 | 7 | 5 | 2 | 27 |
| 2010 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$6,337.43 | \$4,563.90 | \$7,643.86 | \$6,422.80 | 0 | \$6,242.00 |
| Average Final Average Salary | \$10,490.01 | \$7,018.08 | \$10,490.01 | \$8,602.74 | 0 | \$9,150.21 |
| Number of Retirees | 1 | 5 | 2 | 4 | 0 | 12 |
| 2011 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$4,632.24 | \$10,170.24 | \$9,799.81 | \$8,428.40 | 0 | \$7,614.02 |
| Average Final Average Salary | \$9,211.23 | \$14,910.13 | \$13,052.66 | \$11,264.63 | 0 | \$11,505.85 |
| Number of Retirees | 4 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 0 | 11 |
| 2012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$4,204.95 | \$6,610.26 | \$7,565.84 | \$8,791.96 | \$7,831.84 | \$6,915.64 |
| Average Final Average Salary | \$7,788.39 | \$9,887.17 | \$10,361.29 | \$11,714.95 | \$10,490.01 | \$10,035.77 |
| Number of Retirees | 5 | 4 | 4 | 7 | 1 | 20 |
| 2013 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$5,179.20 | \$5,844.29 | \$6,170.52 | \$7,954.14 | \$6,169.77 | \$6,132.24 |
| Average Final Average Salary | \$9,271.48 | \$8,344.35 | \$8,370.72 | \$10,624.52 | \$8,864.27 | \$9,010.27 |
| Number of Retirees | 8 | 7 | 7 | 5 | 7 | 34 |
| 2014 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$2,989.92 | \$4,468.12 | \$6,496.50 | 0 | \$2,703.82 | \$4,470.15 |
| Average Final Average Salary | \$6,265.39 | \$7,772.95 | \$8,998.48 | 0 | \$4,289.57 | \$7,166.46 |
| Number of Retirees | 6 | 2 | 7 | 0 | 3 | 18 |
| 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$4,010.30 | \$6,317.44 | \$7,051.15 | \$7,589.28 | \$2,406.28 | \$6,267.69 |
| Average Final Average Salary | \$6,937.39 | \$9,141.51 | \$9,751.01 | \$10,165.12 | \$3,222.98 | \$8,905.45 |
| Number of Retirees | 2 | 5 | 7 | 2 | 1 | 17 |
| 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | 0 | \$6,534.36 | \$8,121.58 | 0 | \$8,635.31 | \$7,120.51 |
| Average Final Average Salary | 0 | \$9,655.37 | \$11,204.04 | 0 | \$11,566.18 | \$10,211.83 |
| Number of Retirees | 0 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 9 |
| 2017 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$4,519.89 | \$6,690.09 | \$8,737.31 | \$5,895.46 | \$8,026.56 | \$6,964.60 |
| Average Final Average Salary | \$9,049.84 | \$9,833.21 | \$12,013.62 | \$7,896.41 | \$10,750.81 | \$10,232.13 |
| Number of Retirees | 10 | 18 | 13 | 4 | 10 | 55 |
| 2018 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$6,056.07 | \$7,565.45 | \$7,700.44 | \$7,979.26 | 0 | \$7,403.36 |
| Average Final Average Salary | \$11,385.55 | \$11,096.74 | \$10,618.33 | \$10,687.46 | 0 | \$10,902.57 |
| Number of Retirees | 3 | 5 | 7 | 2 | 0 | 17 |

Average Monthly Benefit Payment for New Retirees - LRS

|  | Years of Credited Service |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 8-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25-29 | Over 29 | Total |
| 2009 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$425.39 | \$650.99 | 0 | \$921.00 | \$1,203.00 | \$800.10 |
| Number of Retirees | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 8 |
| 2010 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$372.93 | \$558.00 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \$465.47 |
| Number of Retirees | 8 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 9 |
| 2011 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$341.79 | \$589.12 | 0 | \$843.26 | \$934.73 | \$456.99 |
| Number of Retirees | 12 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 16 |
| 2012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$363.66 | \$549.08 | 0 | 0 | \$1,286.43 | \$548.46 |
| Number of Retirees | 4 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 7 |
| 2013 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$308.15 | \$568.93 | \$670.94 | 0 | \$1,166.93 | \$497.03 |
| Number of Retirees | 14 | 4 | 2 | 0 | 3 | 23 |
| 2014 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$289.25 | \$480.21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \$336.99 |
| Number of Retirees | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| 2015 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$341.03 | \$382.95 | \$642.84 | 0 | \$1,228.50 | \$588.51 |
| Number of Retirees | 5 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 11 |
| 2016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$322.51 | \$524.09 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \$380.11 |
| Number of Retirees | 5 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| 2017 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$362.52 | \$557.02 | \$740.79 | 0 | 0 | \$484.34 |
| Number of Retirees | 6 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 11 |
| 2018 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$323.56 | \$476.35 | \$719.16 | 0 | 0 | \$418.44 |
| Number of Retirees | 5 | 3 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 9 |

Note: LRS is not a final average pay plan.

Average Monthly Benefit Payment for New Retirees - GMPF

|  | Years of Credited Service |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 20-25 | 26-30 | Over 30 | Total |
| 2009 |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$59.50 | \$87.63 | \$100.00 | \$88.64 |
| Number of Retirees | 20 | 19 | 53 | 92 |
| 2010 |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$63.82 | \$85.83 | \$100.00 | \$90.44 |
| Number of Retirees | 17 | 18 | 56 | 91 |
| 2011 |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$63.16 | \$91.47 | \$100.00 | \$90.40 |
| Number of Retirees | 19 | 17 | 52 | 88 |
| 2012 |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$61.54 | \$90.33 | \$100.00 | \$92.83 |
| Number of Retirees | 13 | 15 | 63 | 90 |
| 2013 |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$59.44 | \$89.55 | \$100.00 | \$88.29 |
| Number of Retirees | 18 | 22 | 42 | 82 |
| 2014 |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$61.11 | \$90.53 | \$100.00 | \$91.02 |
| Number of Retirees | 9 | 19 | 31 | 59 |
| 2015 |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$62.07 | \$94.10 | \$100.00 | \$86.99 |
| Number of Retirees | 15 | 16 | 20 | 51 |
| 2016 |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$66.30 | \$89.29 | \$100.00 | \$85.07 |
| Number of Retirees | 27 | 14 | 30 | 71 |
| 2017 |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$65.00 | \$89.05 | \$100.00 | \$91.09 |
| Number of Retirees | 11 | 21 | 37 | 69 |
| 2018 |  |  |  |  |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$61.00 | \$87.39 | \$100.00 | \$91.17 |
| Number of Retirees | 10 | 23 | 44 | 77 |

Note: GMPF is not a final average pay plan.

## Retired Members by Retirement Type

## ERS

June 30, 2018

| Amount of Monthly Benefit | Retirement Type |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Service | Disability | Survivor |
| $\$ 1-500$ | 3,811 | 262 | 341 |
| $501-1,000$ | 8,249 | 1,043 | 330 |
| $1,001-1,500$ | 6,736 | 1,159 | 235 |
| $1,501-2,000$ | 5,233 | 944 | 166 |
| $2,001-2,500$ | 4,123 | 779 | 110 |
| $2,501-3,000$ | 3,312 | 596 | 71 |
| $3,001-3,500$ | 2,592 | 429 | 53 |
| $3,501-4,000$ | 2,144 | 318 | 41 |
| $4,001-4,500$ | 1,696 | 232 | 24 |
| $4,501-5,000$ | 1,504 | 179 | 12 |
| $5,001-5,500$ | 1,178 | 123 | 8 |
| $5,501-6,000$ | 797 | 69 | 8 |
| over 6,000 | 1,850 | 95 | 11 |
|  |  |  |  |
| Totals | 43,225 | 6,228 | 1,410 |

## PSERS

June 30, 2018

| Amount of Monthly Benefit | Retirement Type |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Service | Disability | Survivor |
| $\$ \quad 1-100$ | 87 | 6 | 231 |
| $101-200$ | 6,103 | 36 | 157 |
| $201-300$ | 5,029 | 274 | 50 |
| $301-400$ | 2,714 | 382 | 6 |
| $401-500$ | 1,641 | 289 | 1 |
| over 500 | 1,288 | 198 | - |
| Totals | 16,862 | 1,185 | 445 |

## Retired Members by Retirement Type

## GJRS

June 30, 2018

| Amount of Monthly Benefit | Retirement Type |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Service | Disability | Survivor |
| $\$ 1-1,000$ | 12 | - | 1 |
| $1,001-2,000$ | 21 | - | 6 |
| $2,001-3,000$ | 30 | - | 1 |
| $3,001-4,000$ | 37 | - | 1 |
| $4,001-5,000$ | 26 | 2 | 1 |
| $5,001-6,000$ | 15 | - | - |
| $6,001-7,000$ | 35 | - | - |
| $7,001-8,000$ | 72 | - | - |
| over 8,000 | 98 | - | - |
| Totals |  |  |  |
|  | 346 | 2 | 10 |

## LRS

June 30, 2018

| Amount of Monthly Benefit | Retirement Type |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Service | Disability | Survivor |
| $\$ \quad 1-250$ | 21 | - | - |
| $251-500$ | 119 | - | 6 |
| $501-750$ | 70 | - | - |
| $751-1,000$ | 32 | - | - |
| over 1,000 | 19 | - | - |
| Totals |  |  |  |
|  | 261 | 0 | 6 |

## GMPF

June 30, 2018

| Amount of Monthly Benefit | Retirement Type <br> Service |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 1-49$ | - |
| $50-100$ | 1,076 |
| over 100 | - |
| Totals | 1,076 |

## Retired Members by Optional Form of Benefit

## ERS

June 30, 2018

| Amount of Monthly Benefit | Form of Benefit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Maximum Plan | Option 1 | Option 2 | Option 3 | Option 4 | Option 5A | Option 5B |  |
| $\$$ | $1-500$ | 1,318 | 399 | 1,241 | 415 | 825 | 154 | 62 |
| $501-1,000$ | 4,158 | 1,195 | 1,890 | 646 | 1,131 | 389 | 213 |  |
| $1,001-1,500$ | 3,354 | 1,086 | 1,376 | 639 | 1,006 | 431 | 238 |  |
| $1,501-2,000$ | 2,607 | 981 | 918 | 570 | 679 | 303 | 285 |  |
| $2,001-2,500$ | 2,044 | 726 | 627 | 462 | 583 | 313 | 257 |  |
| $2,501-3,000$ | 1,584 | 546 | 463 | 346 | 646 | 173 | 221 |  |
| $3,001-3,500$ | 1,097 | 389 | 323 | 310 | 635 | 153 | 167 |  |
| $3,501-4,000$ | 847 | 266 | 264 | 210 | 661 | 113 | 142 |  |
| $4,001-4,500$ | 612 | 197 | 170 | 179 | 629 | 56 | 109 |  |
| $4,501-5,000$ | 482 | 121 | 135 | 181 | 639 | 52 | 85 |  |
| over 5,000 | 930 | 273 | 305 | 440 | 1,927 | 95 | 169 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Totals | 19,033 | 6,179 | 7,712 | 4,398 | 9,361 | 2,232 | 1,948 |  |

Maximum Plan Single life annuity
Option 1 Reduced single life annuity with a guarantee of the remainder of the annuity savings fund account (contributions and interest), if any, to be paid upon the retiree's death
Option $2100 \%$ joint and survivor annuity with a popup option upon divorce
Option $3 \quad 50 \%$ joint and survivor annuity with a popup option upon divorce
Option 4 Various options, including a specified monthly amount payable to a beneficiary upon the retiree's death, several period certain annuities of varying length, and a five-year accelerated benefit

Option 5A 100\% joint and survivor annuity with a popup option upon divorce or the death of the beneficiary before the retiree

Option 5B 50\% joint and survivor annuity with a popup option upon divorce or the death of the beneficiary before the retiree

## Retired Members by Optional Form of Benefit

## PSERS

June 30, 2018

| Amount of Monthly Benefit |  | Form of Benefit |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Maximum Plan | Option AA | Option AB | Option AC | Option AD | Option B |
| \$ | 1-100 | 1 | 41 | 247 | 7 | 14 | 14 |
|  | 101-200 | 4,323 | 1,116 | 370 | 10 | 122 | 355 |
|  | 201-300 | 4,378 | 527 | 193 | 5 | 53 | 197 |
|  | 301-400 | 2,607 | 316 | 71 | 9 | 18 | 81 |
|  | 401-500 | 1,720 | 127 | 42 | 3 | 7 | 32 |
|  | over 500 | 1,382 | 54 | 24 | 4 | - | 22 |
| Totals |  | 14,411 | 2,181 | 947 | 38 | 214 | 701 |


| Maximum Plan | Single life annuity |
| :--- | :--- |
| Option AA | $100 \%$ joint and survivor annuity |
| Option AB | $50 \%$ joint and survivor annuity |
| Option AC | Joint and survivor annuity with a specified monthly amount payable to a beneficiary |
| Option AD | Joint and survivor annuity with the amount payable to a beneficiary limited by the age difference <br> between the retiree and the beneficiary |
| Option B | Annuity for a guaranteed period of time (5,10,15, or 20 years). If retiree outlives guarantee period, <br> there is no benefit due after retiree's death |

## Retired Members by Optional Form of Benefit

## GJRS <br> June 30, 2018

| Amount of Monthly Benefit |  | Form of Benefit |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Maximum Plan | Spousal Coverage | Option 1 | Option 2 | Option 3 | Option 4A | Option 4B | Option 4C |
| \$ | 1-1,000 | - | 13 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 1,001-2,000 | 2 | 25 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 2,001-3,000 | 3 | 28 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 3,001-4,000 | 2 | 36 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 4,001-5,000 | 5 | 24 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 5,001-6,000 | 7 | 7 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 6,001-7,000 | 7 | 28 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | 7,001-8,000 | 21 | 51 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | over 8,000 | 18 | 80 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
|  | Totals | 65 | 292 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |


| Maximum Plan | Single life annuity |
| :---: | :---: |
| Spousal Coverage* | Indicates the member paid additional contributions to provide a $50 \%$ joint and survivor annuity at retirement |
| Option 1** | 100\% joint and survivor annuity |
| Option 2** | $66 \frac{2}{3} \%$ joint and survivor annuity |
| Option 3** | 50\% joint and survivor annuity |
| Option 4A** | $100 \%$ joint and survivor annuity with a popup option upon death of beneficiary before the retiree |
| Option 4B** | $662 / 3 \%$ joint and survivor annuity with a popup option upon death of beneficiary before the retiree |
| Option 4C** | $50 \%$ joint and survivor annuity with a popup option upon death of beneficiary before the retiree |

*Only available if membership start date prior to July 1, 2012
**Only available if membership start date on or after July 1, 2012

## Retired Members by Optional Form of Benefit

LRS
June 30, 2018

| Amount of Monthly Benefit | Form of Benefit |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Maximum Plan | Option B1 | Option B2 |  |
| $\$ \quad 1-250$ | - | 17 | 4 |  |
|  | $251-500$ | 44 | 71 | 10 |
| $501-750$ | 38 | 20 | 12 |  |
| $751-1,000$ | 8 | 21 | 3 |  |
| over 1,000 | 6 | 10 | 3 |  |
| Totals |  |  |  |  |

Maximum Plan Single life annuity
Option B1 100\% joint and survivor annuity
Option B2 $50 \%$ joint and survivor annuity

## GMPF and SEAD-OPEB

June 30, 2018
The GMPF Plan provides a benefit only in one form, a life annuity. All 1,076 current retirees, therefore, have this same form of benefit. The SEAD-OPEB plan provides only a lump sum death benefit to a member's beneficiary(ies).

## Top Participatory Employers FY10

|  | Member Count | \% of total plan |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| ERS |  |  |
| Department of Corrections | 12,527 | $18.2 \%$ |
| Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Disability | 6,869 | $10.0 \%$ |
| Department of Transportation | 4,846 | $7.1 \%$ |
| Department of Labor | 3,867 | $5.7 \%$ |
| Department of Juvenile Justice | 3,679 | $5.4 \%$ |
| Department of Natural Resources | 2,079 | $3.0 \%$ |
| Department of Human Resources | 1,942 | $2.8 \%$ |
| Department of Driver Services | 1,674 | $2.4 \%$ |
| Department of Community Health | 1,351 | $2.0 \%$ |
| Department of Revenue | 1,154 | $1.7 \%$ |
|  |  |  |
| Total Top Employers | 39,988 | $58.3 \%$ |
| Total ERS Member Count | 68,567 |  |
| PSERS |  |  |
| Gwinnett County Schools | 3,931 |  |
| Cobb County Schools | 2,471 | $9.8 \%$ |
| Dekalb County Schools | 2,234 | $6.2 \%$ |
| Clayton County Schools | 1,382 | $5.6 \%$ |
| Muscogee County Schools | 970 | $3.4 \%$ |
| Henry County Schools | 909 | $2.4 \%$ |
| Cherokee County Schools | $9.3 \%$ |  |
| Forsyth County Schools | 902 | $2.3 \%$ |
| Richmond County Schools | 894 | $2.2 \%$ |
| Paulding County Schools | 877 | $2.2 \%$ |
| Total Top Employers | 715 | $1.8 \%$ |
| Total PSERS Member Count |  |  |
| GJRS | 15,285 | $38.2 \%$ |
| Council of Superior Court Judges | 39,962 |  |
| Council of State Court Judges |  |  |
| Prosecuting Attorney's Council | 203 | $41.0 \%$ |
| Council of Juvenile Judges | 108 | $21.8 \%$ |
| Total Top Employers | 71 | $19.4 \%$ |
| Total GJRS Member Count | $47.4 \%$ |  |
|  | 495 |  |

Data from 9 years prior is unavailable. FY10 data is the first available.
Data for SEAD-OPEB is not available.

## Top Participatory Employers FY18

|  | Member Count | \% of total plan |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ERS |  |  |
| Department of Corrections | 9,583 | 15.86\% |
| Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Disabilities | 4,198 | 6.95\% |
| Department of Transportation | 3,873 | 6.41\% |
| Department of Human Services | 3,465 | 5.74\% |
| Department of Juvenile Justice | 3,249 | 5.38\% |
| Department of Community Supervision | 2,090 | 3.46\% |
| Department of Public Safety | 1,847 | 3.06\% |
| Department of Natural Resources | 1,732 | 2.87\% |
| Department of Labor | 1,069 | 1.77\% |
| Department of Revenue | 1,038 | 1.72\% |
| Total Top Employers | 32,144 | 53.21\% |
| Total ERS Member Count | 60,406 |  |
| PSERS |  |  |
| Gwinnett County Schools | 3,429 | 9.81\% |
| Cobb County Schools | 2,210 | 6.32\% |
| Dekalb County Schools | 2,202 | 6.30\% |
| Clayton County Schools | 1,293 | 3.70\% |
| Chatham County Schools | 970 | 2.77\% |
| Forsyth County Schools | 932 | 2.67\% |
| Richmond County Schools | 820 | 2.35\% |
| Houston County Schools | 776 | 2.22\% |
| Muscogee County Schools | 731 | 2.09\% |
| Cherokee County Schools | 714 | 2.04\% |
| Total Top Employers | 14,077 | 40.27\% |
| Total PSERS Member Count | 34,956 |  |
| GJRS |  |  |
| Council of Superior Courts | 210 | 39.85\% |
| Council of State Court Judges | 127 | 24.10\% |
| Council of Juvenile Courts | 73 | 13.85\% |
| Solicitor General | 60 | 11.39\% |
| Total Top Employers | 470 | 89.18\% |
| Total GJRS Member Count | 527 |  |
| SEAD-OPEB |  |  |
| Department of Corrections | 3,792 | 14.57\% |
| Department of Transportation | 2,269 | 8.72\% |
| Department of Human Services | 1,646 | 6.32\% |
| Department of Behavioral Health and Developmental Disabilities | 1,366 | 5.25\% |
| Department of Juvenile Justice | 1,048 | 4.03\% |
| Department of Natural Resources | 971 | 3.73\% |
| Department of Community Supervision | 932 | 3.58\% |
| Department of Public Safety | 872 | 3.35\% |
| Department of Labor | 681 | 2.62\% |
| Department of Community Health | 426 | 1.64\% |
| Total Top Employers | 14,003 | 53.79\% |
| Total Active Member Count | 26,032 |  |

## Schedule of Revenue and Expenses State Employees' Assurance Department Active Members Fund

Year ended June 30, 2018
(In thousands)

|  | 2018 |  | 2017 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating revenue: |  |  |  |
| Insurance premiums | \$ | 540 | 599 |
| Total operating revenue |  | 540 | 599 |
| Operating expenses: |  |  |  |
| Death benefits |  | 2,972 | 4,019 |
| Administrative expenes |  | 76 | 64 |
| Total operating expenses |  | 3,048 | 4,083 |
| Total operating loss |  | $(2,508)$ | $(3,484)$ |
| Nonoperating revenues (expenses): |  |  |  |
| Allocation of investment income from pooled investment fund |  | 24,493 | 29,847 |
| Investment expenses |  | (64) | (62) |
| Total nonoperating revenues |  | 24,429 | 29,785 |
| Change in net position |  | 21,921 | 26,301 |
| Total net position: |  |  |  |
| Beginning of year |  | 267,286 | 240,985 |
| End of year | \$ | 289,207 | 267,286 |

In fiscal year 2017, the System adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 74 and revised its accounting methodology with regard to the presentation of SEAD-Active, and began reporting it as a proprietary fund. In previous years it was reported as a fiduciary fund. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

## Schedule of Membership -

State Employees' Assurance Department Active Members Fund

| Fiscal Year | Covered Lives |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2009 | 69,745 |
| 2010 | 62,305 |
| 2011 | 55,412 |
| 2012 | 49,212 |
| 2013 | 43,127 |
| 2014 | 38,711 |
| 2015 | 35,142 |
| 2016 | 31,869 |
| 2017 | 28,873 |
| 2018 | 26,032 |


|  |  | $\stackrel{\circ}{\sim}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \bar{\infty} \\ & \infty \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \infty \\ \stackrel{\leftrightarrow}{6} \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{z}{<}$ | $$ | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\circ}{\mathbb{*}} \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\stackrel{\square}{\otimes}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 으 } \\ & \text { 흩 } \\ & \text { N } \\ & \text { O } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | K |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \underset{\sim}{\underset{\sim}{2}} \\ & \underset{\sim}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\infty}{\infty}$ | $\stackrel{\text { No}}{ }$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\stackrel{ }{\sim}$ | + |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{0}{\circ} \\ & \sim \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\underset{\sim}{\mathbb{N}}$ |  | $\bar{\sigma}$ | $\stackrel{\infty}{\sim}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ® } \\ & \stackrel{+}{\infty} \\ & \stackrel{\circ}{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { © } \\ & \underset{\text { O}}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { © } \\ & \text { ¿ } \end{aligned}$ | ¢ | - |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \underset{\Xi}{E} \\ \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\omega} \\ \stackrel{\omega}{\omega} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \underset{\sim}{\Psi} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \text { ¢ } \\ & \text { W } \\ & \text { n } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \stackrel{y}{c} \\ & \underset{\sim}{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\sim}{\square}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{4}{\stackrel{1}{3}} \\ & \underset{\sim}{3} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\stackrel{u}{\alpha}}{\stackrel{u}{4}}$ | $\underset{\sim}{\underset{\sim}{山}}$ | $\sum_{0}^{\mathrm{L}}$ |


[^0]:    *See page 92 in the Investment Section for a summary of fees paid to Investment Advisors.

[^1]:    month, for nine months, each fiscal year if hired prior to July 1, 2012 and $\$ 10$ per month, per member, for nine months, if hired after July 1,
    ${ }^{3}$ The Georgia General Assembly made contributions in some years that were not required.
    ${ }^{4}$ No statistics regarding covered payroll are available. Active and inactive plan member information is maintained by the Georgia Department of Defense.

    See accompanying notes to required supplementary schedules and accompanying independent auditors' report.

[^2]:    Schedules above are intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.
    See accompanying notes to required supplementary schedule and accompanying independent auditors' report.

[^3]:    The System is a participating employer in the Georgia State Employees Postemployment Benefit Fund and the State Employees' Assurance Department Retired and
    Vested Inactive Members Trust Fund. Pursuant to the requirements of GASB Statement No. 75, the fiscal year 2018 beginning Fiduciary Net Position was restated by $\$ 7,494,507$. The restatement of net position was made for reporting purposes to reflect the impact of recording the initial deferred outflows of resources, net OPEB liability, and net OPEB asset. For actuarial purposes, this adjustment is being recognized in fiscal year 2018 and beginning fiduciary net position was not restated. Schedules above are intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

    See accompanying notes to required supplementary schedule and accompanying independent auditors' report.

[^4]:    Schedules above are intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

[^5]:    Schedules above are intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available
    See accompanying notes to required supplementary schedule and accompanying independent auditors' report.

[^6]:    Schedules above are intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

[^7]:    Schedules above are intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.
    See accompanying notes to required supplementary schedules and accompanying independent auditors' report.

[^8]:    **The only type of benefit in SEAD-OPEB is a death benefit.

