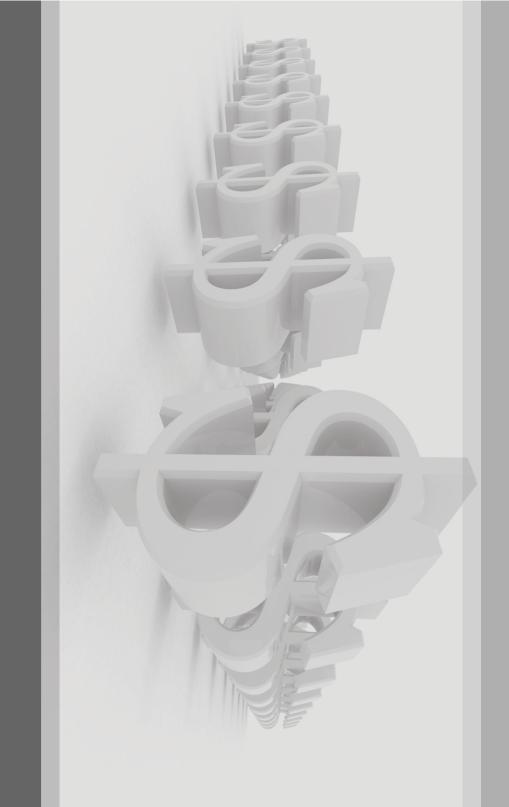
A component unit of the State of Georgia





Employees' Retirement System of Georgia

Fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 **Comprehensive Annual Financial Report**

Our Mission

of the members, retirees and beneficiaries. Our mission is to be guardian of the retirement plans on behalf of the State of Georgia for the ultimate benefit

customers and to protect the retirement system for all of our current and future members. country, utilizing state-of-the-art technology, and knowledgeable, customer-focused staff to best serve Our vision is to use our passion for excellence to become the "Best Managed" retirement system in the

Our Values

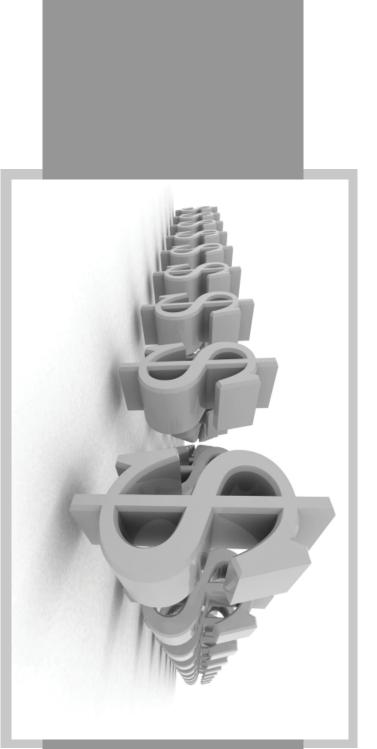
Our Core Values are:

Quality execution Accurate results Continuous improvement Knowledgeable and customer focused staff Sound and secure investment of funds



Financial Report Comprehensive Annual

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010







Pamela L. Pharris Executive Director

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Boards of Trustees

Employees' Retirement System, Georgia Defined Contribution Plan, Legislative Retirement System, and Georgia Military Pension Fund.

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Public School Employees Retirement System*



J. Sammons Pearson



Ned J. Winsor

State Employees Assurance Department**





Michael Thurmond

Georgia Judicial Retirement System*



William D. Ray

*The PSERS and GJRS boards are comprised of the members of the ERS board and additional members shown under each plan.







Samuel B. Kellett

Karlton Van Banke



H. Phillip Bell



Two Northside 75 Atlanta, GA 30318

Letter of Transmittal

December 30, 2010

I am pleased to present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 of all plans administered by Employees' Retirement System of Georgia (the System). The management for the System is responsible for the accuracy, completeness and fairness of the presentation including all disclosures. It is to the best of our knowledge and belief that the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the System.

Profile of the System

established in 1969, the Georgia Defined Contribution Plan the Legislative Retirement System (LRS) established in 1979, defined contribution plans which are maintained individually. plans are pooled together into one fund except for the three found on pages 23 through 31 of this report. The assets of all Plan which began in 1994. plan (SEAD), the 457 Plan established in 1974, and the 4o1(k)Board of Trustees is responsible for a group term life insurance Pension Fund (GMPF) established in 2002. In addition, the System (GJRS) established in 1998, and the Georgia Military (GDCP) established in 1992, the Georgia Judicial Retirement the Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS) the System include the Employees' Retirement System (ERS), benefits for all State employees in 1949. Plans administered by Employees' Retirement System was established to provide A summary of each plan can be

The ERS, LRS, GDCP, GMPF, 401(k) and 457 plans are administered by a 7 member Board made up of 3 ex-officio members, 1 Governor appointed member, and 3 Board appointed members. PSERS has the same Board as ERS with 2 additional Governor appointed members. GJRS has the same Board as ERS with 3 additional Governor appointed members.

As of June 30, 2010, the System's defined benefit plans and GDCP served a total of 125,742 active members and 53,469 retirees/beneficiaries from 914 employers around the state. There were 29,324 participants in the 401(k) plan with a total account balance of \$355 million. The 457 plan had 14,446 participants with a balance of \$503 million. There are 738 participating employers from around the state in the 457 and 401(k) plans.

Legislation

In the 2010 Session, ERS sponsored legislation to assist in maintaining the security and soundness of all the plans we administer, while striving to protect the members, retirees and beneficiaries in these plans. Acts 450, 455 and 457 moved us in the direction of our goal.

by Act 455. This Act also requires employers to report to ERS contractor rules for rehired retirees was included in statute exceed the last working salary. The definition of independent Workers' compensation benefits plus pension disability cannot money in disability retirement than as an active employee. on disability due to workers' compensation from making more compensation income. This prevents a member who retires in the calculation of earnings limitation includes workers' when they rehire a retiree. examinations to be conducted at the retiree's place of residence benefits under age 60 by removing the ability for the medical examinations Act 450 revised language relating to the handling of medical Additionally, the bill provides that earnable compensation for persons that are receiving disability

We presented legislation to keep our plans in compliance with Federal law which was signed into law as Act 457. It is anticipated that similar legislation will be presented each year to maintain our Federal compliance.

Summary of Financial Information

Please refer to the Management's Discussion and Analysis starting on page 11 of this report for an overview of the financial status of the System, including a summary of the System Net Assets, Changes in Net Assets, and Asset Allocations.

In FY2010, the pooled fund generated a return of 10.99% a marked improvement from the prior two year's market decline. The fund continues to invest in a mix of high quality bonds and stocks which allows the System to participate in rising markets while controlling the downside risks. This has proven to be a successful strategy for other markets and for our System. For further information on investments of the pooled fund, please refer to pages 46 through 50 of this report.

The objective of ERS pension trust funds is to meet longterm benefit promises through contributions that remain approximately level as a percent of member payroll over time while maintaining an actuarially sound system. Historical information relating to the progress in meeting this objective is presented on page 39. The latest actuarial valuations conducted as of June 30, 2009 show the funded ratio of most systems decreasing except for the two smaller funds LRS and GMPF. The decrease is primarily due to unfavorable investment experience. The following table shows the change in funding percentage for each of the pension systems:

	GMDE	GJRS	LRS	PSERS	ERS	
<u> </u>	27 8%	116.7%	125.6%	102.7%	89.4%	FY2008
	30 ZW	112.4%	128.8%	93.5%	85.7%	FY2009

In 2010, the actuary will conduct a five year experience study on all systems. Further information regarding the funding condition of the pension plans can be found in the Actuarial Section of this report.

Initiatives

Our focus continues to be on several keys areas: Enhanced Customer Service, Succession Planning/Growth and Technology Enhancements/Business Continuity.

Customer Service

ERS continues to move in the direction of increased resources for our members whether that be online activities, additional/ new educational classes or timely pushed communications Our current focus for online tools is around the refund application and retirement processes. With these processes online, it will allow for quicker processing for all members. The administration of our defined contribution plans is moving to the GaBreeze system which already allows our members to manage their flexible benefits.

Earlier this year, the website was upgraded to include an online version of our Workshop for Retirement Application Processing (WRAP). This provides members another opportunity to gather information about the retirement process versus traveling to a meeting. These online workshops will be expanded to include similar courses for all of our systems and additional educational pieces for active members. For some of the plans, communication has always been via mail or the call center. A focus will be placed on developing educational meetings with these members at locations throughout the state as we do for ERS members.

Succession Planning

Succession and Growth Development strategies were developed this year in our Member Services division. In order to push forward with these strategies, pension classes were developed by our most experienced employees to be utilized in cross-training of all employees in this division. In addition, a knowledgebase has been created as a way to capture our institutional knowledge and is accessible by all employees in the agency. This allows us to expand on the experience our current employees possess and move them forward in higher roles.

Technology Enhancements and Business Continuity

ERS has taken on significant technology challenges this year and successfully completed several high visibility initiatives. In our development area, we established a process by which our rehired retirees are tracked in the system, created files for use by GaBreeze to include in the total compensation statements for active members, and implemented SharePoint. In our operations area, the vast amount of time spent this year has been on upgrading and improving our network infrastructure, as well as ensuring operational resiliency with the build-out of our disaster recovery facility. In the upcoming year, our telephone system will be upgraded to allow for all of our systems to work together in supporting our members.

Acknowlegements

This report reflects the combined effort of our staff under the Board's leadership. Copies of this report, along with other valuable plan information, can be downloaded from the System's website.

I would like to express my sincere thanks to the Boards of Trustees for their leadership and support. Many thanks are also extended to the offices of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, members of the House and Senate Retirement Committees and their staff, members of the House and Senate, and the department officials whose support and assistance have helped ERS accomplish its mission over the years.

Respectfully submitted,

Samela H. Sharris

Pamela L. Pharris, Executive Director Employees' Retirement System of Georgia

Administrative Staff and Organization



Pamela L. Pharris Executive Director



Chris Hackett Director Information Technology



Nicole Paisant Director Human Resources



Susan Anderson Director Member Services



Charles W. Cary, Jr. CIO - Investment Services

Jim Potvin Deputy Director



Gregory J. Rooks Controller



Megan Schaum Director Peach State Reserves

Financial Management

Carlton Lenoir Director

Consulting Services

Cavanaugh Macdonald Consulting, LLC - Actuary KPMG LLP - Auditor State Street Bank and Trust Company - Defined Contribution Custodian AON Hewitt - Defined Contribution Consultant ING LLC - Defined Contribution Administrator

Investment Advisors

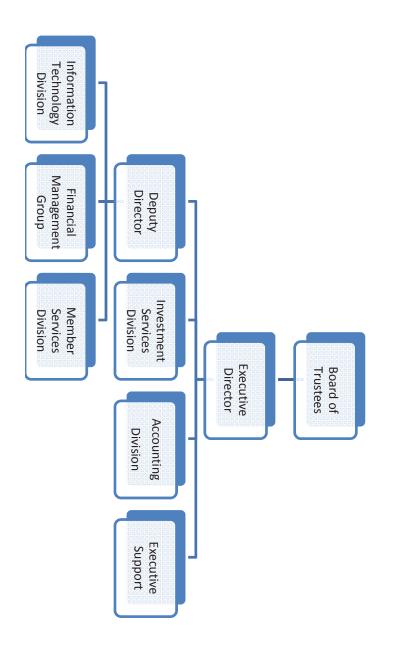
Albritton Capital Management Mondrian Investment Partners Limited Philadelphia International Advisors Cramer Rosenthal McGlynn Munder Capital Management Barrow, Hanley, Mewhinney & Strauss Cooke & Bieler

Medical Advisors

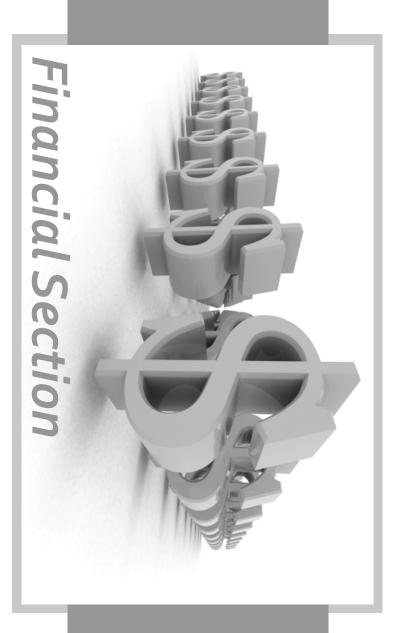
Harold E. Sours, M.D., Atlanta GA Benjamin B. Okel, M.D., Decatur, GA Ira H. Slade, M.D., Griffin, GA Douglas Smith, M.D., Smyrna, GA Richard Tyler, M.D., Atlanta, GA William H. Biggers, M.D., Atlanta, GA Jeffrey T. Nugent, M.D., Atlanta, GA Pedro F. Garcia, M.D., Atlanta, GA Shel Sharpe, M.D., Rome, GA

PENN Capital Management Montag & Caldwell, Inc. RidgeWorth Capital Management Sands Capital Management Fisher Investments Mesirow Financial Investment Management

Organizational Chart









KPMG LLP Suite 2000 303 Peachtree Street, NE Atlanta, GA 30308-3210

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Trustees Employees' Retirement System of Georgia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Employees' Retirement System of Georgia (the System), a component unit of the State of Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010 as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the System's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. The prior year summarized comparative information has been derived from the System's June 30, 2009 financial statements and, in our report dated September 30, 2009, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements.

examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts reasonable basis for our opinion. statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial accounting principles used and significant estimates made and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes of the System's internal control over financial reporting. for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal about whether the financial statements are free of material plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we the standards applicable to financial audits contained in generally accepted in the United States of America and We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the System's net assets as of June 30, 2010 and the changes in net assets for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 28, 2010 on our consideration of the System's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis, the schedules of funding progress, and schedules of employer contributions on pages 11 through 16 and pages 39 through 40, respectively, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information, and express no opinion on it.

of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us in the audit investment, actuarial, and statistical sections have not been are fairly stated, in all material repects in relation to the basic schedules of administrative expenses and investment expenses are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The and investment expenses, investment, actuarial and statistical introductory section, schedules of administrative opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory, audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and no opinion on them. Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an expenses

KPMG FP

December 30, 2010

10

June 30, 2010

information following this section. the accompanying basic financial statements, notes to the financial statements, required supplementary schedules, and additional System) for the year ended June 30, 2010. The discussion and analysis of the System's financial performance is within the context of This section provides a discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Employees' Retirement System of Georgia (the

agencies of Georgia, along with eight other defined benefit pension plans and three defined contribution plans. The System is responsible for administering a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for various employer

The defined benefit pension plans include:

- Employees' Retirement System (ERS)
- Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS)
- Legislative Retirement System (LRS)
- Georgia Judicial Retirement System (GJRS)
- Georgia Military Pension Fund (GMPF)
- State Employees' Assurance Department Active Members Trust Fund (SEAD-Active)
- State Employees' Assurance Department Retired and Vested Inactive Members Trust Fund (SEAD-OPEB)
- Superior Court Judges Retirement Fund (SCJRF)
- District Attorneys Retirement Fund (DARF)

The defined contribution retirement plans include:

- Georgia Defined Contribution Plan (GDCP)
- 401(k) Deferred Compensation Plan (401(k))
- 457 Deferred Compensation Plan (457)

Financial Highlights

The following highlights are discussed in more detail later in this analysis:

- The net assets of the System increased by \$521 million, or 4.0%, from \$13.2 billion at June 30, 2009 to \$13.7 billion at June 30, 2010. The increase was primarily due to the increase in the bond and equities markets in 2010.
- of employer and member contributions totaling \$422 million, insurance premiums of \$8.4 million, net investment loss of \$2.1 For the year ended June 30, 2010, the total additions to net assets were an increase of \$1.8 billion compared to a decrease billion, participant fees of \$1.4 million, and other income of \$0.9 million. participant fees of \$0.9 million, and other income of \$0.3 million. For the year ended June 30, 2009, the additions consisted and member contributions totaling \$410 million, insurance premiums of \$7.6 million, net investment income of \$1.4 billion, of \$1.7 billion for the year ended June 30, 2009. For the year ended June 30, 2010, the additions consisted of employer
- and equities markets in 2010. investments, and other, reduced by investment expenses) represents a \$3.5 billion increase, compared to the net investment Net investment income of \$1.4 billion in 2010 (comprised of interest and dividend income, the change in fair value of loss of \$2.1 billion for the year ended June 30, 2009. The net investment income is due primarily to the increase in the bond
- The total deductions were \$1.3 billion and \$1.3 billion for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2010, respectively. For the year \$28 million, and administrative expenses of \$21 million. For the year ended June 30, 2009, the deductions consisted of benefit payments of \$1.2 billion, refunds of \$18 million, death benefits of \$26 million, and administrative expenses of \$21 million. ended June 30, 2010, the deductions consisted of benefit payments of \$1.3 billion, refunds of \$18 million, death benefits of
- billion in 2010. This increase was the result of increases in the number of retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits across Benefit payments paid to retirees and beneficiaries increased by \$18.1 million, or 1.5% from \$1.24 billion in 2009 to \$1.26 all plans

Overview of the Financial Statements

additional information to supplement the financial statements. statements of net assets and changes in net assets, and (3) notes to the financial statements. The System also includes in this report The basic financial statements include (1) the combined statement of net assets and changes in net assets, (2) the combining

contributions. In addition, the System presents two types of required supplementary schedules, which provide historical trend information about the plans' funding. The two types of schedules include (1) a schedule of funding progress and (2) a schedule of employer of employer

accounting principles. These statements provide information about the System's overall financial status The System prepares its financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted

Description of the Financial Statements

in this statement are presented at fair value. This statement is presented on page 17. assets and liabilities, with the balance representing the Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits. The investments of the System The Combined Statement of Net Assets is the statement of financial position presenting information that includes all of the System's

page 18. benefit payments, refunds of member contributions and interest, and administrative expenses. This statement is presented on and dividends and the net increase in the fair value of investments. The deductions include benefit payments, life insurance death employers and members, group life insurance premiums, participant fees, and net investment income, which includes interest and deductions to net assets are summarized in this statement. The additions include contributions to the retirement plans from The Combined Statement of Changes in Net Assets reports how the System's net assets changed during the fiscal year. The additions

invests funds from each of the participating plans and funds. These statements begin on page 19. change in financial position for each of the funds administered by the System, including the Pooled Investment Fund that holds and The Combining Statement of Net Assets and the Combining Statement of Changes in Net Assets present the financial position and

statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 23. Notes to the Financial Statements are presented to provide the information necessary for a full understanding of the financial

to actuarially determined requirements for the years presented. The required supplementary schedules begin on page 39 historical trend information about the annual required contributions of employers and percentage of such contributions in relation in accumulating sufficient assets to fund benefit payments as they become due. The Schedule of Employer Contributions presents about the actuarially determined funded status of the plans from a long-term, ongoing plan perspective, and the progress made defined benefit plans: ERS, PSERS, LRS, GJRS, and GMPF. The Schedule of Funding Progress presents historical trend information There are two Required Supplementary Schedules included in this report. These required schedules are applicable to five of the

supplementary schedules. The notes to required supplementary schedules begin on page 41. Notes to Required Supplementary Schedules are presented to provide the information necessary for a full understanding of the

Expenses presents more detailed information on investment expenses. these plans and funds, and the contributions from each plan and fund to provide for these expenses. The Schedule of Investment Schedule of Investment Expenses. The Administrative Expenses Schedule presents the expenses incurred in the administration of Additional information is presented, beginning on page 43. This section includes the Administrative Expenses Schedule and the

Financial Analysis of the System

A summary of the System's net assets at June 30, 2010 and 2009 is as follows:

	Z	Net Assets (in thousands)	thousands)	^	
		2010	2009	Change	Change
Assets:					
Cash and receivables	₩	89,833	137,999	(48,166)	(34.9)%
Investments		13,620,392	13,103,879	516,513	3.9
Capital assets, net		6,789	9,791	(3,002)	(30.7)
Total assets		13,717,014	13,251,669	465,345	3.5
Liabilities: Due to brokers and accounts payable		38,437	94,537	(56,100)	(59.3)
Net assets	φ	13,678,577	13,157,132	521,445	4.0 %

The following table presents the investment allocation at June 30, 2010 and 2009:

	Short-term securities	Mutual and common collective trust funds and separate accounts	Corporates	Governments	International obligations:	Corporate and other bonds	U.S. Agencies	U.S. Treasuries	Domestic obligations:	Equities	Asset allocation at June 30 (in thousands):	Short-term securities	Mutual and common collective trust funds and separate accounts	Corporates	Governments	International obligations:	Corporate and other bonds	U.S. Agencies	U.S. Treasuries	Domestic obligations:	Equities	Asset allocation at June 30 (in percentages):		
¢ 13 620 302	377,116	867,117	88,327	195,900		1,302,714	244,955	2,673,779		\$ 7,870,484		2.8	6.4	0.6	1.4		9.6	1.8	19.6		57.8%		2010	
13 103 879	235,623	798,581	I	I		1,901,645	256,591	3,054,228		6,857,211		1.8	6.1	I	I		14.5	2.0	23.3		52.3%		2009	

in 2010. The total investment portfolio increased by \$517 million from 2009, which is due to the increase in the bond and equities markets

on equities and a 5.9% return on fixed income investments. The investment rate of return in fiscal year ended June 30, 2010 was 11.0% with a 13.8% return on equities and an 8.7% return on fixed income investments. The five-year annualized rate of return on investments at June 30, 2010 was 2.6%, with a (0.2%) return

A summary of the changes in the System's net assets for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 is as follows:

(117.5)%	3,507,870	(2,986,425)	\$ 521,445	Net increase (decrease) in net assets
1.5	20,258	1,307,993	1,328,251	Total deductions
0.6	136	21,044	21,180	Administrative expenses
7.5	1,984	26,475	28,459	Death benefits
(0.1)	(14)	17,547	17,533	Refunds
1.5	18,152	1,242,927	1,261,079	Benefit payments
				Deductions
(210.2)	3,528,128	(1,678,432)	1,849,696	Total additions
(67.7)	(611)	903	292	Other
(167.8)	3,541,501	(2,111,007)	1,430,494	Net investment income (loss)
(9.2)	(776)	8,431	7,655	Insurance premiums
(38.0)	(523)	1,376	853	Participant fees
(2.9)	(3,566)	123,509	119,943	Member contributions
(2.6)%	(7,897)	298,356	\$ 290,459	Employer contributions
				Additions
Percentage Change	Amount Change	2009	2010	
		et Assets ands)	Changes in Net Assets (in thousands)	

to ERS for a group of local tax commissioners are statutorily paid by the Department of Revenue (DOR) with state appropriations. These DOR contributions were not appropriated and will not be received in fiscal year 2011 and accordingly at June 30, 2010 contributions receivable was reduced \$5.7 million. Net investment income increased by \$3.5 billion, due to the increase in the bond funds. In fiscal year 2010, total contributions decreased 2.7%, reflecting a contribution percentage that remained unchanged along and equities markets in 2010. with a decrease in the number of active contributing members and a reduction in contributions receivable. Employer contributions Additions – The System accumulates resources needed to fund benefit payments through contributions and returns on invested

Refunds decreased 0.1%, which was primarily due to a decrease in the number of refunds processed during 2010. Death benefits was due to an increase of approximately 3% in the number of retirees receiving benefit payments across all defined benefit plans. services. expenses increased 0.6% over the prior year, primarily due to increases in the employer portion of health insurance and contractual increased 7.5%, which was primarily due to an increase in the number of death claims processed during 2010. Administrative Deductions - For fiscal year 2010, total deductions increased 1.5%, primarily because of a 1.5% increase in benefit payments. This

Funding Status

actuarial accrued liabilities. The higher this ratio, the better position the System is in with regards to its funding requirements. The for the five applicable defined benefit retirement plans were as follows: funding ratio, which is presented on the schedule of funding progress, indicates the ratio of the actuarial value of assets and the The schedules of funding progress and employer contributions provide information regarding how the plans are performing and funded from an actuarial perspective. The information is based upon actuarial valuations conducted by certified actuaries. The June 30, 2009 and 2008 actuarial valuations, the latest valuations available, indicate the actuarial value of assets and funding ratios

GMPF	GJRS	LRS	PSERS	ERS		
6,413	317,624	30,303	769,618	\$ 13,613,606	June 30, 2009	Actuarial value of plan assets (in thousands)
5,269	313,315	30,706	791,855	14,017,346	June 30, 2009 June 30, 2008	e of plan assets Jsands)
30.5	112.4	128.8	93.5	85.7%	June 30, 2009 June 30, 2008	Funding ratio
27.6	116.7	125.6	102.7	89.4%	June 30, 2008	g ratio

In management's opinion, the System continues to operate on an actuarially sound basis, as evidenced by the funding ratios. A time in accordance with contribution amounts recommended by the actuary. satisfy the obligations of the plans. GMPF is a relatively new plan that was established in 2002 and is being increasingly funded over funding ratio over 100% indicates the plans, from an actuarial perspective, have more assets available than will be necessary to

Requests for Infomation

finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Employees' Retirement System of Georgia, Two Northside 75, Suite 300, Atlanta, GA 30318. This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the System's finances for all those with interest in the System's

Combined Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2010 (with comparative totals as of June 30, 2009) (In thousands)

ASSETS CASH RECEIVABLES: Employer and member contributions Interest and dividends Due from brokers for securities sold Other Total receivables	2010 \$ 8,623 20,521 48,332 11,081 1,276 81,210	2009 6,858 27,277 56,471 45,433 1,960 131,141
Total receivables	81,210	131,141
INVESTMENTS - AT FAIR VALUE: Short-term	377,116	235,623
Domestic obligations: U.S. Treasuries	2,673,779	3,054,228
U.S. Agencies	244,955	256,591
Corporate and other bonds International obligations:	1,302,714	1,901,645
Governments	195,900	I
Corporates	88,327	1
Common stocks	7,870,484	6,857,211
Mutual funds, common collective trust funds, and separate accounts	867,117	798,581
Total investments	13,620,392	13,103,879
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	6,789	9,791
Total assets	13,717,014	13,251,669
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and other	21,934	66,649
Due to brokers for securities purchased	16,503	27,888
Total liabilities	38,437	94,537
NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS	\$ 13,678,577	13,157,132

Combined Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Year ended June 30, 2010 (with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2009) (In thousands)

Net increase (decrease) in net assets NET ASSETS HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS -		Administrative expenses	Refunds of member contributions and interest Death benefite		Total additions1,	Net investment income (loss) 1,	Less investment expenses	Total investment income (loss) 1,		Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments 1,	Investment income (loss)	Administrative expense allotment	Insurance premiums	Participant fees	Member		ADDITIONS: Contributions:	G OF YEAR
	1 60	21 2	17,533	1,261,079	1,849,696	1,430,494	(9,547)	1,440,041	1,701	1,084,565		292	7,655	853	119,943	290,459		13,157,132
521,445	1,328,251	28,459 21,180	533	79	0	-	2					10	•			-		

				Defin	ed Contribition Pl	ans		
Assets	Defi Ben Pla	efit	Pooled Investment Fund	Georgia Defined Contribution Plan	401(k) Plan	457 Plan	Eliminations	Total
Cash	\$	8,135	1	441	23	23		8,623
Receivables:								
Employer and member contributions		17,529	_	898	1,529	565	_	20,521
Interest and dividends		_	48,211	120	1	_	_	48,332
Due from brokers for securities sold		_	11,081	_	_	_	_	11,081
Other		883	_	_	174	219	_	1,276
Unremitted insurance premiums		1,188					(1,188)	
Total receivables		19,600	59,292	1,018	1,704	784	(1,188)	81,210
Investments - at fair value:								
Short-term		_	306,257	70,859	_	_	_	377,116
Domestic obligations:								
U.S. Treasuries		_	2,661,276	12,503	_	_	_	2,673,779
U.S. Agencies		_	230,646	14,309	_	_	_	244,955
Corporate and other bonds		_	1,302,714	_	_	_	_	1,302,714
International obligations:								
Governments		_	195,900	_	_	_	_	195,900
Corporates		_	88,327	_	_	_	_	88,327
Common stocks		_	7,870,484	_	_	_	_	7,870,484
Mutul funds, common collective								
trust funds, and separate accounts		_	_	_	358,990	508,127	_	867,117
Equity in pooled investment fund	12	2,696,959					(12,696,959)	
Total investments	12	2,696,959	12,655,604	97,671	358,990	508,127	(12,696,959)	13,620,392
Capital assets, net		6,789	—	_	_	_	_	6,789
Total assets	12	2,731,483	12,714,897	99,130	360,717	508,934	(12,698,147)	13,717,014
Liabilities								
Accounts payable and other		18,378	1,435	573	177	1,371	_	21.934
Due to brokers for securities purchased		_	16,503	_	_	_	_	16,503
Insurance premiums payable		1,188	_	_	_	_	(1,188)	_
Due to participating systems			12,696,959				(12,696,959)	
Total liabilities		19,566	12,714,897	573	177	1,371	(12,698,147)	38,437
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits	\$ 12	2,711,917	_	98,557	360,540	507,563	_	13,678,577

June 30, 2010 (In thousands)

Defined Benefit Plans - Combining Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2010 (In thousands)

				Defi	ined Benefit Plan	s				
Assets	Employees' Retirement System	Public School Employees Retirement System	Legislative Retirement System	Georgia Judicial Retirement System	State Employees' Assurance Department Active	State Employees' Assurance Department OPEB	Georgia Military Pension Fund	Superior Court Judges Retirement Fund	District Attorneys Retirement Fund	Defined Benefit Plans Total
Cash	\$ 7,602	45	28	223	87	43	86	20	1	8,135
Receivables:										
Employer and member contributions	16,580	2	34	913	_	_	_	_	_	17,529
Interest and dividends	-	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	_
Due from brokers for securities sold	-	-	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	_
Other	882	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	1	883
Unremitted insurance premiums					132	1,056				1,188
Total receivables	17,462	2	34	913	132	1,056			1	19,600
Investments - at fair value:										
Short-term	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Domestic obligations:										
U.S. Treasuries	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
U.S. Agencies	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Corporate and other bonds	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
International obligations:										
Governments	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Corporates	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Common stocks	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mutul funds, common collective										
trust funds, and separate accounts	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Equity in pooled investment fund	10,942,725	616,219	24,810	270,556	155,913	679,350	6,635	751	_	12,696,959
Total investments	10,942,725	616,219	24,810	270,556	155,913	679,350	6,635	751		12,696,959
Capital assets, net	6,789	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	6,789
Total assets	10,974,578	616,266	24,872	271,692	156,132	680,449	6,721	771	2	12,731,483
Liabilities										
Accounts payable and other	17,114	933	23	248			25	35		18,378
Due to brokers for securities purchased	17,114	933		248	_	_	25	35	_	
Insurance premiums payable	1,168	_	3	 17	_	_	_	_	_	1,188
Due to participating systems										
Total liabilities	18,282	933	26	265	_	_	25	35	_	19,566
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits	\$ 10,956,296	615,333	24,846	271,427	156,132	680,449	6,696	736	2	12,711,917

			Define	d Contribution Pla	ans	
	Defined Benefit Plans	Pooled Investment Fund	Georgia Defined Contribution Plan	401(k) Plan	457 Plan	Total
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits - beginning of year	\$ 12,274,161	_	83,968	309,756	489,247	13,157,132
Additions:						
Contributions						
Employer	274,795	_	_	15,664	—	290,459
Member	48,871	—	16,002	33,899	21,171	119,943
Participant fees	—	—	—	385	468	853
Insurance premiums	7,655	—	—	—	—	7,655
Administrative expense allotment	292	_	_	_	_	292
Investments income (loss):						
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	_	1,023,038	32	25,485	36,010	1,084,565
Interest and dividends	_	352,912	818	31	14	353,775
Other	_	_	_	707	994	1,701
Less investment expenses	(1,343)	(6,003)	(49)	(940)	(1,212)	(9,547)
Allocation of investment income	1,360,429	(1,369,947)	9,518			_
Net investment income	1,359,086		10,319	25,283	35,806	1,430,494
Total additions	1,690,699		26,321	75,231	57,445	1,849,696
Deductions:						
Benefit payment	1,200,438	_	9	23,618	37,014	1,261,079
Refunds of member contributions and interest	6,920	_	10,613			17,533
Death benefits	28,459	_		_	_	28,459
Administrative expenses	17,126	_	1,110	829	2,115	21,180
Total deductions	1,252,943		11,732	24,447	39,129	1,328,251
Net increase (decrease) in net assets	437,756		14,589	50,784	18,316	521,445
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits - end of year	\$ 12,711,917		98,557	360,540	507,563	13,678,577

Financial Section

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Year Ended June 30, 2010 (In thousands)

Defined Benefit Plans - Combining Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Year Ended June 30, 2010 (In thousands)

				Defir	ned Benefit Plans					
	Employees' Retirement System	Public School Employees Retirement System	Legislative Retirement System	Georgia Judicial Retirement System	State Employees' Assurance Department Active	State Employees' Assurance Department OPEB	Georgia Military Pension Fund	Superior Court Judges Retirement Fund	District Attorneys Retirement Fund	Defined Benefit Plans Total
Net assets held in trust for pension										
benefits - beginning of year	\$ 10,626,096	597,318	23,644	248,261	144,161	628,199	5,229	1,251	2	12,274,161
Additions:										
Contributions										
Employer	263,064	5,530	75	3,369	_	-	1,434	1,243	80	274,795
Member	42,052	1,483	318	5,018	_	-	-	-	-	48,871
Participant fees	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
Insurance premiums	-	-	—	—	900	6,755	—	—	-	7,655
Administrative expense allotment	-	_	110	175	—	-	_	6	1	292
Investment income (loss):										
Net increase (decrease) in fair value										
of investments	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	_
Interest and dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Less investment expenses	(1,343)	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	(1,343)
Allocation of investment income	1,178,084	66,404	2,610	27,378	15,910	69,340	565	138		1,360,429
Net investment income	1,176,741	66,404	2,610	27,378	15,910	69,340	565	138		1,359,086
Total additions	1,481,857	73,417	3,113	35,940	16,810	76,095	1,999	1,387	81	1,690,699
Deductions:										
Benefit payments	1,130,669	53,195	1,744	12,365	_	_	489	1,896	80	1,200,438
Refunds of member contributions										
and interest	6,483	251	47	139	_	_	_	_	_	6,920
Death benefits	_	_	_	_	4,817	23,642	_	_	_	28,459
Administrative expenses	14,505	1,956	120	270	22	203	43	6	1	17,126
Total deductions	1,151,657	55,402	1,911	12,774	4,839	23,845	532	1,902	81	1,252,943
Net increase (decrease) in net assets	330,200	18,015	1,202	23,166	11,971	52,250	1,467	(515)		437,756
Net assets held in trust for pension										
benefits - end of year	\$ 10,956,296	615,333	24,846	271,427	156,132	680,449	6,696	736	2	12,711,917

June 30, 2010

(1) General

Department Active Members Trust Fund (SEAD-Active), State Employees' Assurance Department Retired and Vested Inactive Members Trust Fund (SEAD-OPEB), Superior Court Judges Retirement Fund (SCJRF), District Attorneys Retirement and funds have been eliminated. Deferred Compensation Plan (457 Plan). All significant accounts and transactions among the various systems, departments, Fund (DARF), Georgia Defined Contribution Plan (GDCP), 401(k) Deferred Compensation Plan (401(k) Plan), and the 457 (LRS), Georgia Judicial Retirement System (GJRS), Georgia Military Pension Fund (GMPF), State Employees' Assurance Retirement System of Georgia (ERS), Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS), Legislative Retirement System administered by the Employees' Retirement System of Georgia (collectively, the System), is comprised of the Employees' The accompanying basic financial statements of the Employees' Retirement System of Georgia, including all plans and funds

criteria, the System has not included any other entities in its reporting entity. as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units. Based on these the criteria set forth by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity is made by applying In evaluating how to define the System for financial reporting purposes, the management of the System has considered all

the System. members, ex-officio state employees, and appointees by the Governor, are ultimately responsible for the administration of fiscal matters and presentation of its separate financial statements. The Board of Trustees, comprised of active and retired Although the System is a component unit of the State of Georgia's financial reporting entity, it is accountable for its own

(2) Authorizing Legislation and Plan Descriptions

following summarizes authorizing legislation and the plan description of each retirement fund: Each plan and fund, including benefit and contribution provisions, was established and can be amended by state law. The

(a) ERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly during the 1949 Legislative Session for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for employees of the State corporation. of Georgia and its political subdivisions. ERS is directed by a Board of Trustees and has the powers and privileges of a

Membership

As of June 30, 2010, participation in ERS is as follows:

741

Employers

Benefits

Savings Plan (GSEPS). ERS members hired prior to January 1, 2009 also have the option to irrevocably change their who did not maintain eligibility for the "old" or "new" plan, are members of the Georgia State Employees' Pension and employment that started prior to July 1, 1982 is an "old plan" member subject to the plan provisions in effect prior to membership to the GSEPS plan. modified plan provisions. Effective January 1, 2009, newly hired state employees, as well as rehired state employees July 1, 1982. Members hired on or after July 1, 1982 but prior to January 1, 2009 are "new plan" members, subject to the Unless the employee elects otherwise, an employee who currently maintains membership with ERS based upon state

under age 6o. completion of 10 years of creditable service and attainment of age 60 or 30 years of creditable service regardless of age. Under the old plan, the new plan, and GSEPS, a member may retire and receive normal retirement benefits after Additionally, there are some provisions allowing for early retirement after 25 years of creditable service for members

member's death. Death and disability benefits are also available through ERS available for distribution of the member's monthly pension, at reduced rates, to a designated beneficiary upon the were hired prior to July 1, 2009. The normal retirement pension is payable monthly for life; however, options are calendar months, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service, multiplied by the applicable benefit factor. Annually, postretirement cost-of-living adjustments may also be made to members' benefits, provided the members Retirement benefits paid to members are based upon the monthly average of the member's highest 24 consecutive

Contributions and Vesting

in excess of \$4, 200. Under the old plan, the state pays member contributions in excess of 1.25% of annual compensation. are not at any time refundable to the member or his/her beneficiary. a specified percentage of active member payrolls, determined annually by actuarial valuation. The state contributions contributions under the new plan and GSEPS are 1.25% of annual compensation. The state is required to contribute at the computation of the members' earnable compensation for the purpose of computing retirement benefits. Member Under the old plan, these state contributions are included in the members' accounts for refund purposes and are used in Member contributions under the old plan are 4% of annual compensation, up to \$4, 200 plus 6% of annual compensation

and new plans and were set by the Board of Trustees on September 18, 2008 for GSEPS as follows: Employer contributions required for fiscal year 2010 were based on the June 30, 2007 actuarial valuation for the old plan

	Old plan	New plan	GSEPS
mplover:			
inihinken:			
Normal	2.08%	6.83%	2.96%
Employer paid for member	4.75	I	I
Accrued liability	3.58	3.58	3.58
Total	10.41%	10.41%	6.54%

ш

member terminates and withdraws his/her member contributions, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits. contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested Members become vested after ten years of membership service. Upon termination of employment, member

upon the actuarial valuation at June 30, 2009, on the assumption that the total payroll of active members will increase by 3.75% each year. The employer contributions are projected to liquidate the unfunded actuarial accrued liability within 30 years, based

covered by ERS whose benefits are otherwise limited by IRC \S_{415} . Revenue Code (IRC §415) as a portion of ERS. The purpose of the SRBP is to provide retirement benefits to employees SRBP was established as a qualified governmental excess benefit plan in accordance with Section 415 of the Internal On November 20, 1997, the ERS Board of Trustees created the Supplemental Retirement Benefit Plan of ERS (SRBP).

whenever their benefits under ERS exceed the limitation on benefits imposed by IRC §415 Beginning January 1, 1998, all members and retired former members in ERS are eligible to participate in this plan

combined statements of net assets as of June 30, 2010. statements of changes in net assets for the year ended June 30, 2010. Cash of \$12,750 under the SRBP is included in the contributions of \$1,870,000 and benefit payments of \$1,866,177 under the SRBP are included in the combined There were 124 members eligible to participate in this portion of ERS for the year ended June 30, 2010. Employer

(b) PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1969 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia. The ERS Board of Trustees, plus two additional trustees, administers PSERS

Membership

As of June 30, 2010, participation in PSERS is as follows:

Employers	Total	Active plan members	Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving benefits	Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits
195	122,908	39,962	68,951	13,995

Benefits

completion of ten years of service. creditable service and attainment of age 65. A member may choose to receive reduced benefits after age 60 and upon A member may retire and elect to receive normal monthly retirement benefits after completion of ten years of

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly benefit of \$14.75, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death and disability benefits are also available through PSERS. Additionally, PSERS makes periodic cost-ofliving adjustments to the monthly benefits.

Contributions and Vesting

Members contribute \$4 per month for nine months each fiscal year. The State of Georgia, although not the employer certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees. of PSERS members, is required by statute to make employer contributions actuarially determined and approved and

the June 30, 2007 actuarial valuation. Employer contributions required for the year ended June 30, 2010 were \$141.46 per active member and were based on

terminates and withdraws his/her member contribution, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member Members become vested after ten years of creditable service. Upon termination of employment, member contributions

<u></u> LRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1979 for by the ERS Board of Trustees the purpose of providing retirement allowances for all members of the Georgia General Assembly. LRS is administered

As of June 30, 2010, participation in LRS is as follows: Membership Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits Active plan members Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving benefits Total 575 216 124 235

Employers

Benefits

membership service (four legislative terms) and attainment of age 62. A member may retire early and elect to receive a the retirement benefit is reduced by 5% for each year the member is under age 62. monthly retirement benefit after completion of eight years of membership service and attainment of age 60; however, A member's normal retirement is after eight years of creditable service and attainment of age 65, or eight years of

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly service retirement allowance of \$36, multiplied by the number of the plan years of creditable service, reduced by age reduction factors, if applicable. Death benefits are also available through

Contributions and Vesting

Member contributions are 8.5% of annual salary. The state pays member contributions in excess of 4.75% of annual compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and approved and certified by the ERS Board of Trustees

valuation. There were no employer contributions required for the year ended June 30, 2010 based on the June 30, 2007 actuarial

contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. Members become vested after eight years of creditable service. Upon termination of employment, member

forfeits all rights to retirement benefits. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contributions, the member

(d) 1998. All assets of the Predecessor Retirement Systems were transferred to GJRS as of July 1, 1998. The ERS Board of The GJRS is a system created to serve the members and beneficiaries of the Trial Judges and Solicitors Retirement Trustees and three additional trustees administer GJRS. or beneficiary of the Predecessor Retirement Systems was transferred to GJRS in the same status effective July 1, Predecessor Retirement Systems). As of June 30, 1998, any person who was an active, inactive, or retired member Fund, the Superior Court Judges Retirement System, and the District Attorneys Retirement System (collectively, the

GJRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly district attorneys of the state of Georgia. court judges in Georgia, and their survivors and other beneficiaries, superior court judges of the state of Georgia, and for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for judges and solicitors generals of the state courts and juvenile

Membership

As of June 30, 2010, participation in GJRS is as follows:

Employers	Total	Active plan members	Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet receiving benefits	Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits
96	756	495	55	206

Benefits

with a minimum of 10 years of creditable service The normal retirement for GJRS is age 60, with 16 years of creditable service; however, a member may retire at age 60

to members are computed as the pro rata portion of the normal retirement benefit, based on service not to exceed 16 solicitors, plus 1% for each year of credited service over 16 years, not to exceed 24 years. Early retirement benefits paid years. Death, disability, and spousal benefits are also available. attorneys and superior court judges and 66.66% of the average over 24 consecutive months for trial judges and Annual retirement benefits paid to members are computed as 66.66% of state paid salary at retirement for district

Contributions and Vesting

benefit is elected. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and approved and certified by the GJRS Board of Members are required to contribute 7.5% of their annual salary plus an additional 2.5% of their annual salary if spousal Trustees.

Employer contributions required for fiscal year 2010 were based on the June 30, 2007 actuarial valuation as follows:

Total	Accrued liability	Normal	Employer:
3.85 %	(8.20)	12.05 %	

terminates and withdraws his/her member contributions, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member Members become vested after ten years of creditable service. Upon termination of employment, member contributions

year. the actuarial valuation at June 30, 2009, assuming that the amount of accrued liability payment increases 3.75% each The employer contributions are projected to liquidate the actuarial accrued funding excess within 10 years, based upon

e The GMPF is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan established on July 1, 2002 by the Georgia General Guard (National Guard). The ERS Board of Trustees administers the GMPF. Assembly for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for members of the Georgia National

Membership

member information is maintained by one employer, the Georgia Department of Defense As of June 30, 2010, GMPF had 480 retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits. Active and inactive plan

Benefits

the National Guard as a member of the National Guard immediately prior to discharge, and having received an honorable discharge from (including at least 15 years of service as a member of the National Guard), having served at least 10 consecutive years A member becomes eligible for benefits upon attainment of age 60, with 20 or more years of creditable service

creditable service in excess of 20 years. The maximum benefit is \$100 per month The retirement allowance is payable for life in the amount of \$50 per month, plus \$5 per month for each year of

Contributions and Vesting

no member contributions required. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and approved and certified by the ERS Board of Trustees. There are

the June 30, 2007 actuarial valuation. Employer contributions required for the year ended June 30, 2010 were \$119.30 per active member and were based on

discharge, and having received an honorable discharge from the National Guard. National Guard), having served at least 10 consecutive years as a member of the National Guard immediately prior to A member becomes vested after 20 years of creditable service (including at least 15 years of service as a member of the

upon the actuarial valuation at June 30, 2009. The employer contributions are projected to liquidate the unfunded actuarial accrued liability within 20 years, based

G retirement systems, including interest earned on deposits and investments of such payments from active members. life insurance. The SEAD-Active trust fund accumulates in the fund the premiums received from the aforementioned ERS, LRS, GJRS, and SCJRF. Effective January 1, 2009, members of ERS under the GSEPS plan are not eligible for term SEAD-Active was created in 2007 by the Georgia General Assembly to amend Title 47 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to retirement, so as to establish a fund for the provision of term life insurance to active members of

members were hired on or after July 1, 1982, but prior to January 1, 2009. required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. Old plan members were hired prior to July 1, 1982, and new plan respectively, were appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010. There were no employer contribution rates Employee contribution rates of 0.05% and 0.02% of members' salaries for old plan members and new plan members,

benefits under existing policies. investment income and premiums over benefit payments and expenses and are held as a reserve for payment of death term basis, and no return premiums or cash value are earned. The net assets represent the excess accumulation of According to the policy terms covering the lives of members, insurance coverage is provided on a monthly, renewable

(g) payments from retired and vested inactive members. received from the aforementioned retirement systems, including interest earned on deposits and investments of such inactive members of ERS, LRS, GJRS, and SCJRF. The SEAD-OPEB trust fund accumulates in the fund the premiums SEAD-OPEB was created in 2007 by the Georgia General Assembly to amend Title 47 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, relating to retirement, so as to establish a fund for the provision of term life insurance to retired and vested

respectively, were appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2010. There were no employer contribution rates Employee contribution rates of 0.45% and 0.23% of members' salaries for old plan members and new plan members, members were hired on or after July 1, 1982. required for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. Old plan members were hired prior to July 1, 1982, and new plan

benefits under existing policies. investment income and premiums over benefit payments and expenses and are held as a reserve for payment of death term basis, and no return premiums or cash value are earned. The net assets represent the excess accumulation of According to the policy terms covering the lives of members, insurance coverage is provided on a monthly, renewable

(f)SCJRF is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1945 for the effective July 1, 1995. own Board of Trustees. The Boards of Trustees for ERS and SCJRF entered into a contract for ERS to administer the plan purpose of providing retirement benefits to the superior court judges of the state of Georgia. SCJRF is directed by its

Membership

new members are allowed into SCJRF. As of June 30, 2010, SCJRF had 27 retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and no active members. No

Benefits

a benefit of one-half the salary paid to superior court judges. Death, disability, and spousal benefits are also available. paid to superior court judges. A member may also retire at age 65, with a minimum of 10 years of creditable service, with The normal retirement for SCJRF is age 68, with 19 years of creditable service, with a benefit of two-thirds the salary

Contributions and Vesting

Employer contributions are not actuarially determined, but are provided on an as-needed basis to fund current benefits

Ð DARF is a defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1949 for the purpose of providing Boards of Trustees for ERS and DARF entered into a contract for ERS to administer the plan effective July 1, 1995. retirement benefits to the district attorneys of the state of Georgia. DARF is directed by its own Board of Trustees. The

Membership

members are allowed into DARF As of June 30, 2010, DARF had 7 retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and no active members. No new

Benefits

Persons appointed as district attorney emeritus shall receive an annual benefit of \$15,000, or one-half of the state salary received by such person as a district attorney for the calendar year immediately prior to the person's retirement, whichever is greater.

Contributions and Vesting

Employer contributions are not actuarially determined, but are provided on an as-needed basis to fund current benefits.

S and do not participate in Social Security. GDCP is administered by the ERS Board of Trustees. providing retirement allowances for state employees who are not members of a public retirement or pension system GDCP is a defined contribution plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in July 1992 for the purpose of

Membership

As of June 30, 2010, participation in GDCP is as follows:

	iaries currently receiving benefits es entitled to benefits but not yet receiving benefits s	
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I

Benefits

than \$5,000 credited to his/her account, the ERS Board of Trustees has the option of requiring a lump-sum distribution will be paid to the member's designated beneficiary. to the member. Upon the death of a member, a lump-sum distribution equaling the amount credited to his/her account upon mortality tables and interest assumptions adopted by the ERS Board of Trustees. If a terminated member has less A member may retire and elect to receive periodic payments after attainment of age 65. The payments will be based

Contributions

amount of the member's account is refundable upon request by the member. credited to each member's account as adopted by the ERS Board of Trustees. Upon termination of employment, the Members are required to contribute 7.5% of their annual salary. There are no employer contributions. Earnings will be

Ŕ available to employees of the Georgia Lottery Corporation (GLC). On July 1, 2005, the Plan became available to employees of the State of Georgia Community Service Boards (CSBs). On December 1, 1998, the 401(k) Plan became Education County Board of Education; and on January 1, 2010 the Plan became available to employees of Henry County Board of employees of Fayette County Board of Education; on July 1, 2006, the Plan became available to employees of Walton the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). On October 1, 1994, activity commenced when the 401(k) Plan became available to Georgia Law 1985, as amended, Official Code of Georgia, Sections 45-18-50 through 45-18-58, and Section 401(k) of The 401(k) Plan was established by the State of Georgia Employee Benefit Plan Council (the Council) in accordance with

at least 1,000 hours in a 12-month period. All assets of the 401(k) Plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of that time, the 401(k) Plan began operating on an employee elective deferral basis for all state employees working make an election, investments are automatically defaulted to a Lifecycle fund based on the participant's date of birth. Compensation 457 Plan are commingled in the Master Trust with the respective trusts owning units of the Master Trust. Participant contributions are invested according to the participant's investment election. If the participant does not the participants and their beneficiaries. The assets of the 401(k) Plan and the State of Georgia Employees' Deferred for the State of Georgia Deferred Compensation Program to serve as the funding medium for the 401(k) Plan. At Effective July 1, 1998, the State of Georgia Employee's Deferred Compensation Group Trust (Master Trust) was formed

Company hold, administer, and invest the assets of the Master Trust Effective July 1, 2005 (HB275), ERS became the trustee of the 401(k) Plan. ING LLC and State Street Bank and Trust

Contributions and Vesting

eligible employees of up to 7.5% of base salary (limited to a maximum of \$245,000 base salary for 2009 and 2010) as prescribed by the IRC (whichever is less). participation. As of January 1, 2009 individual participants may defer up to 80% of eligible compensation, or up to limits either a contribution matching employee elective contributions or an automatic contribution regardless of employee Participating CSBs, the GLC and Walton and Henry County Boards of Education offer employer contributions to

CSB, or GSEPS plans do not receive any employer contributions in their 401(k) plan. match 50% of the additional 4% of salary. Therefore, the state will match 3% against the employee's 5% total savings of the employee's initial 1% contribution. Employees can elect to contribute up to an additional 4% and the state will at a contribution rate of 1% of salary, along with a matching contribution from the state. The state will match 100% State Employees' Pension and Savings Plan (GSEPS). The GSEPS plan includes automatic enrollment in the 401(k) plan as rehired state employees who did not maintain eligibility for the ERS "old" or "new" plan, are members of the Georgia Effective January 1, 2009, in accordance with O.C.G.A. 47-2-350 through 47-2-360, newly hired state employees, as well Contributions greater than 5% do not receive any matching funds. Employees who are not participants of the GLC,

service. Vesting is determined based on the following schedule: All employer contributions are subject to a vesting schedule, which determines eligibility to receive all or a portion of the employer contribution balance at the time of any distribution from the account after separation from all state

5 or more years	4	З	2	1	Less than 1 year
100	80	60	40	20	%

vesting schedule applies: For CSB/GLC participants whose services terminated prior to January 1, 2010 but after December 31, 2001, the following

с	4	З	2	Less than 2 years
80	60	40	20	%

For CSB/GLC participants whose services terminated prior to January 1, 2002, the following vesting schedule applies:

100

6 or more years

7 or more years	6	ч	4	ω	Less than 3 years
100	80	60	40	20	%

Plan Administrator. Such rollovers are 100% vested at the time of transfer. roll over amounts from other qualified plans to their respective account in the 401(k) Plan on approval by the 401(k) Employee contributions and earnings thereon are 100% vested at all times. The 401(k) Plan also allows participants to

Distributions

separation from service). Upon the death of a participant, his or her beneficiary shall be entitled to the vested value of The participant may receive the value of their vested accounts upon attaining age 59.5, qualifying financial hardship, or retirement or other termination of service (employer contribution balances are only eligible for distribution upon his or her accounts. Distributions are made in installments or in a lump sum.

9 vested at all times to defer a portion of their annual salary until future years. Employee contributions and earnings thereon are 100% 457 Plan is available to employees of the State of Georgia and county health departments and permits such employees Official Code of Georgia, Sections 45-18-30 through 45-18-36, and Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). The The 457 Plan was established by the State Personnel Board in accordance with Georgia laws 1974, page 198 as amended

to a Lifecycle fund based on the participant's date of birth. of the 457 Plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. The assets of the for the State of Georgia Deferred Compensation Program to serve as the funding medium for the 457 Plan. All assets participant's investment election. If the participant does not make an election, investments are automatically defaulted with the respective trusts owning units of the Master Trust. Participant contributions are invested according to the 457 Plan and the State of Georgia Employees' Deferred Compensation 401(k) Plan are commingled in the Master Trust Effective July 1, 1998, the State of Georgia Employee's Deferred Compensation Group Trust (Master Trust) was formed

Effective July 1, 2005 (HB275), ERS became the trustee of the 457 Plan. ING LLC and State Street Bank and Trust Company hold, administer, and invest the assets of the Master Trust

Distributions

death, or unforeseeable emergency as defined in the 457 Plan. The balance in the employee's account in the 457 Plan is not available to the employee until termination, retirement,

3 Significant Accounting Policies and System Asset Matters

(a) Basis of Accounting

benefits and refund payments are recognized as deductions when due and payable. employers and members are recognized as additions in the period in which the members provide services. Retirement The System's basic financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions from the

(b) Investments

System. is recognized as earned by the System. There are no investments in, loans to, or leases with parties related to the Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Investment income Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value.

The System utilizes various investment instruments. Investment securities, in general, are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit, and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the financial statements. securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and

(c) Capital Assets

of changes in net assets in the period of disposal. accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is reflected in the statements to administrative expenses when incurred. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the costs and related to forty years. Depreciation expense is included in administrative expenses. Maintenance and repairs are charged capitalization thresholds are \$100,000 for buildings and building improvements and \$5,000 for equipment and vehicles. Depreciation on capital assets is computed using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of five Capital assets, including software development costs, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The

(d) Use of Estimates

management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of net assets and changes therein. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires

(4) Investment Program

either short-term or long-term investment securities as directed by the Board of Trustees. All investments are held by agent custodial banks in the name of the System. The System maintains sufficient cash to meet its immediate liquidity needs. Cash not immediately needed is invested in

Cash

Fiduciary accounts, such as those of the System, are granted \$250,000 of insurance coverage per participant in the System. Temporary cash on hand not committed for a specific purpose is invested overnight. Cash balances are fully insured through the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, an agency of the U.S. Government.

Investments

securities as follows: State statutes and the System's investment policy authorize the System to invest in a variety of short-term and long-term

(a) Short-Term

Short-term investments are authorized in the following instruments:

- obligations of the U.S. Government or obligations unconditionally guaranteed by agencies of the U.S. Government Repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements, whereby the System and a broker exchange cash for direct or U.S. corporations. The System or broker promises to repay the cash received, plus interest, at a specific date in the future in exchange for the same securities. The System held repurchase agreements of \$377,116,000 at June 30
- U.S. Treasury obligations

Other short-term securities authorized, but not currently used, are as follows:

- Commercial paper, with a maturity of 180 days or less. Commercial paper is an unsecured promissory note issued primarily by corporations for a specific amount and maturing on a specific day. The System considers for investment only commercial paper of the highest quality, rated P-1 and/or A-1 by national credit rating agencies.
- Master notes, an overnight security administered by a custodian bank and an obligation of a corporation whose commercial paper is rated P-1 and/or A-1 by national credit rating agencies.

Investments in commercial paper or master notes are limited to no more than \$500 million in any one name.

(b) Long-Term

Fixed income investments are authorized in the following instruments:

- U.S. and foreign government obligations. At June 30, 2010, the System held U.S. Treasury bonds of \$2,673,778,920 and international government bonds of \$195,899,890.
- Obligations unconditionally guaranteed by agencies of the U.S. Government. At June 30, 2010, the System held agency bonds of \$244,955,380.
- Corporate bonds with at least an "A" rating by a national rating agency. At June 30, 2010, the System held U.S corporate bonds of \$1,302,714,400 and international corporate bonds of \$88,326,750
- Private placements are authorized under the same general restrictions applicable to corporate bonds

located in the state of Georgia. Mortgage investments are authorized to the extent that they are secured by first mortgages on improved real property

cost basis may be placed in equities. Equity holdings in any one corporation may not exceed 5% of the outstanding equity of the issuing corporation. The equity portfolio is managed by the Division of Investment Services (the Division), approved list. The System held common stocks totaling \$7,870,483,513 at June 30, 2010. eligible for investment are approved by the Investment Committee of the Board of Trustees before being placed on an of independent market research. Equity trades are approved and executed by the Division's staff. Common stocks by the Board of Trustees, in-house research considering such things as yield, growth, and sales statistics, and analysis in conjunction with independent advisors. Buy/sell decisions are based on securities meeting rating criteria established portfolio and as a long-term inflation hedge. By statute, no more than 65% of the total invested assets on a historical Equity securities are also authorized (in statutes) for investment as a complement to the System's fixed-income

value of participant balances. by the Board of Trustees. Mutual funds, common collective trust funds, and separate accounts are reported at the fair and invest contributions into 3 mutual funds, 7 common collective trust funds, and 4 separate accounts, as authorized common collective trust funds, and separate accounts, as selected by participants. Each participant is allowed to select The State of Georgia Employee's Deferred Compensation Group Trust (Master Trust) invests in various mutual funds,

is allocated monthly to the participating plans, based upon the number of units outstanding during the month the pooled common investment fund at the date of contribution. Net income of the pooled common investment fund cost of assets contributed, and additional units are allocated to the participating plans, based on the market value of investment fund. Units in the pooled common investment fund are allocated to the respective plans, based upon the Substantially all of the investments of ERS, PSERS, LRS, SCJRF, GJRS, GMPF, and SEAD are pooled into one common

(dollars in thousands): The units and fair value of each plan's equity in the pooled common investment fund at June 30, 2010 were as follows

	Fair value	e Units
Employees' Retirement System	\$ 10,942,725	,725 4,712,638
Public School Employees Retirement System	616,219	,219 265,383
Legislative Retirement System	24	24,810 10,685
Georgia Judicial Retirement System	270,556	,556 116,519
State Employees' Assurance Department - Active	155	155,913 67,146
State Employees' Assurance Department - OPEB	679,350	,350 292,572
Georgia Military Pension Fund	6	6,635 2,857
Superior Court Judges Retirement Fund		751 323
	\$ 12.696.959	.959 5.468.123

Employees' Retirement System. State law limits investments to investment grade securities. Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the

in the following chart. by Moody's Investors Service, which are nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, at June 30, 2010 is shown rating organization. The quality ratings of investments in fixed income securities as described by Standard & Poor's and purchases of bonds be restricted to high grade bonds rated no lower than "A" by any nationally recognized statistical maturity ranges, coupon levels, refunding characteristics and marketability. The System's policy is to require that new It is the System's investment policy to require that the bond portfolio be of high quality and chosen with respect to

Total Fixed Income Investments	Corporates	Total Governments	International obligations: Governments	Total Corporates	Domestic obligations: U.S. Treasuries U.S. Agencies Corporates	Investment Type
	AA/Aaa		AAA/Aaa AA/Aa		AAA/Aaa AAA/Aaa AA/Aa AA/Aa AA/A AA/A	Standard & Poor's/ Moody's Quality Rating
\$ 4,505,675,340	88,326,750	195,899,890	95,426,370 100,473,520	1,302,714,400	 \$ 2,673,778,920 244,955,380 63,056,880 846,828,750 282,956,070 109,872,700 	June 30,2010 Fair Value

Quality Ratings of Fixed Income Investments Held at June 30, 2010

The investment policy requires that repurchase agreements be limited to the purchase of U.S. Treasury or Agency obligations or corporate bonds rated no lower than "A" by any nationally recognized statistical rating organization \$377,116,000. with a market value in excess of funds advanced. As of June 30, 2010, the System held repurchase agreements of

are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit risk rating. Mutual funds, common collective trust funds, and separate accounts investments of the deferred compensation plans

one organization, other than those issued or guaranteed by the U. S. Government or its agencies, which represented greater than 5% of plan net assets. government's investment in a single issue. On June 30, 2010, the System did not have debt or equity investments in any Concentration of Credit Risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be attributed to the magnitude of a

incorporates interest rate risk to generate improved returns. This risk is managed within the portfolio using the the fullest extent possible the interest rate risk of the System's fixed income assets fair value of a portfolio. It is believed that the reporting of effective duration found in the following table quantifies to timing and amounts of variable cash flows and is best utilized to gauge the effect of a change in interest rates on the prepayment provisions, and any other cash flows. Effective duration makes assumptions regarding the most likely to a much greater degree the sensitivity to interest rate changes when analyzing a bond portfolio with call options, effective duration method. This method is widely used in the management of fixed income portfolios and quantifies an investment. While the System has no formal interest rate risk policy, active management of the bond portfolio Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of

	and reporting engreened by second type	by Jeconicy Type	
Fixed Income and Repurchase	Market Value	Percent of All Fixed Income Assets and	Effective Duration (Yeare)
Domestic obligations:			
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 2,673,778,920	54.8%	6.0
U.S. Agencies	244,955,380	5.0	2.0
Corporates	1,302,714,400	26.7	4.3
International Obligations:			
Governments	195,889,890	4.0	4.3
Corporates	88,326,750	1.8	3.0
Repurchase Agreements	377,116,000	7.7	_*
Total	\$ 4,882,791,340	100.0 %	4.8*

Effective Duration of Fixed Income Assets and Repurchase Agreements by Security Type

*Total Effective Duration (Years) does not include Repurchase Agreements

Mutual funds, common collective trust funds, and separate investments of the deferred compensation plans are not considered to have interest rate risk and do not require disclosure of interest rate risk.

(5) Investment Lending Program

agreement to return the collateral for the same securities in the future. The System is presently involved in a securities State statutes and Board of Trustees policies permit the System to lend its securities to broker-dealers with a simultaneous receives a fee based on the loaned securities' value. lending program with major brokerage firms. The System lends equity and fixed income securities for varying terms and

loaned securities' value, depending on the type of collateral security. by a U.S. Government agency, and corporate bonds. The collateral value must be equal to at least 102% to 115% of the firms pledge collateral securities consisting of U.S. Government and agency securities, mortgage-backed securities issued During a loan, the System continues to receive dividends and interest as the owner of the loaned securities. The brokerage

Securities loaned totaled \$3,537,760,045 at fair value at June 30, 2010. The collateral value was equal to 105.7% of the loaned securities' value at June 30, 2010. The System's lending collateral was held in the System's name by the tri-party custodian.

and a corresponding liability is not recorded, since the System is deemed not to have the ability to pledge or trade the ownership. The related collateral securities are not recorded as assets on the System's combined statements of net assets, sell the collateral securities. the System has not previously demonstrated that ability, and there are no indications of the System's ability to pledge or collateral securities. The System is deemed not to have the ability to pledge or sell the collateral securities, since the System's lending contracts do not address whether the lender can pledge or sell the collateral securities without a borrower default, Loaned securities are included in the accompanying combined statement of net assets since the System maintains

(6) Operating Leases

under operating leases in excess of one year as of June 30, 2010. expense totaled \$22,228 during 2010. The following is a schedule by years of future minimum rental payments required The System leases copier machines and mailing equipment under long-term, noncancelable operating lease agreements. The leases expire at various dates through 2013 and provide for renewal options ranging from one year to five years. Lease

Fiscal Year ending June 30:

(7) Capital Assets

The following is a summary of capital assets and depreciation information as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010:

Capital assets, net		Computer software	Vehicles	Equipment	Building	Accumulated depreciation for:		Computer software	Vehicles	Equipment	Building	Land	Capital assets:	
\$ 9,790,501	(9,675,694)	(8,575,953)	(4,633)	(745,108)	(350,000)		19,466,195	14,344,610	13,381	1,363,979	2,800,000	\$ 944,225		Balance at June 30, 2009
(3,001,675)	(3,153,791)	(2,868,921)	(1,911)	(212,959)	(70,000)		152,116			152,116				Additions
I														Disposals
6,788,826	(12,829,485)	(11,444,874)	(6,544)	(958,067)	(420,000)		19,618,311	14,344,610	13,381	1,516,095	2,800,000	944,225		Balance at June 30, 2010

During fiscal year 2010, the System did not experience any capital asset impairment loss with respect to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 42, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries.

(8) Commitments and Contingencies

Employees' Retirement System of Georgia

for reconsideration. Because of this final decision against TRS, ERS has conceded liability on the breach of contract claim. 19, 2009, the Court of Appeals issued a final ruling against TRS in favor of the plaintiffs and also denied the parties' motions against the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS) under class action, by the same attorneys, in 2004. On February System of Georgia (ERS) seeking additional benefits retroactive to the time of their retirement dates for a class of those ERS did not use updated mortality tables in the calculation of their benefits. These claims were identical to those brought retirees who elected survivorship options and who retired during the preceding twenty-year period. Plaintiffs alleged that In January 2007, multiple retirees filed a civil action in Fulton County Superior Court against the Employees' Retirement

final payments. At June 30, 2010, there is no remaining liability related to this action. At June 30, 2009 management estimated a liability of approximately \$43 million based on the final judgment and estimated

The System is subject to legal actions in the ordinary course of its business. In the opinion of management, the System has adequate legal defenses with respect to such actions and their final outcome will not have a material adverse effect upon the financial status of the System.

Public School Employees Retirement System

ees who elected survivorship options and who retired during the preceding twenty-year period. The case asserts the same liability on the breach of contract claim. claims as were asserted against the TRS and ERS above. Because of the final decision against TRS, PSERS has conceded Retirement (PSERS) seeking additional benefits retroactive to the time of their retirement dates for a class of those retir-On August 7, 2008, multiple retirees filed a civil action in Fulton County Superior Court against Public School Employees

attorneys' fees. At June 30, 2010 there is no remaining liability related to this action. At June 30, 2009, management estimated a liability of approximately \$856,000 related to retroactive benefits and related

(9) Funded Status and Funding Progress

thousands): The funded status of each plan as of June 30, 2009, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows (dollar amounts in

ERS PSERS ¹ LRS GJRS GMPF ²	
\$ 13,613,606 769,618 30,303 317,624 6,413	Actuarial value of plan assets (a)
15,878,022 823,232 23,523 282,474 21,021	Actuarial accrued liability (AAL) entry age (b)
2,264,416 53,614 (6,780) (35,150) 14,608	Unfunded AAL/(funding excess) (b-a)
85.7% 93.5 128.8 112.4 30.5	Funding ratio (a/b)
\$ 2,674,155 N/A 3,780 52,083 N/A	Annual covered payroll (c)
84.7 % N/A (179.4) (67.5) N/A	Unfunded AAL/(fund- ing excess) as percentage of covered payroll [(b-a)/c]

member per month for nine months each fiscal year. 1 No statistics regarding covered payroll are available. Contributions are not based upon members' salaries, but are simply \$4.00 per

2 No statistics regarding covered payroll are available. Active and inactive plan member information is maintained by the Georgia Department of Defense.

or decreasing over time relative to the AALs for benefits. financial statements, present multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial values of plans assets are increasing The schedules of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information (RSI) following the notes to the

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Actuarial assumptions Investment rate of return ¹ Projected salary increases ¹ Postretirement cost-of-living adjustment	Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method	Valuation date Actuarial cost method Amortization method		Actuarial assumptions Investment rate of return ¹ Projected salary increases ¹ Postretirement cost-of-living adjustment	Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method	Valuation date Actuarial cost method Amortization method
7.50% 6.00% None	10 years 7-year smoothed market	June 30, 2009 Entry age Level percent of pay, open	GJRS	7.50% 5.45-9.25% None	pay, open 30 years 7-year smoothed market	ERS June 30, 2009 Entry age Level percent of
7.50% N/A None				7.50% N/A 3.00% annually	open 30 years 7-year smoothed market	PSERS June 30, 2009 Entry age Level dollar,
	20 years 7-year smoothed market	June 30, 2009 Entry age Level dollar, open	GMPF	7.50% N/A 3.00% annually	open N/A 7-year smoothed market	LRS June 30, 2009 Entry age Level dollar,

1 Includes inflation rate of 3.75% in 2010.

rial accrued ility (AAL) ntry age	Unfunded AAL/ (funding excess)	Funding ratio	Annual covered payroll	Unfunded AAL/ (funding excess) as percentage of covered payroll	Schedules of Funding Progress (In thousands)
(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	[(b-a)/c]	P
13,106,648	309,259	97.6%	\$ 2,445,619	12.6 %	5
13,512,773	378,301	97.2	2,514,430	15.0	ŭ
14,242,845	781,713	94.5	2,630,167	29.7	Ire
14,885,179	1,041,490	93.0	2,680,972	38.8	ŝ
15,680,857	1,663,511	89.4	2,809,199	59.2	Ń.
15,878,022	2,264,416	85.7	2,674,155	84.7	
666,883	(76,932)	111.5	N/A	N/A	
671,040	(82,727)	112.3	N/A	N/A	
691,651	(74,626)	110.8	N/A	N/A	
746,078	(39,382)	105.3	N/A	N/A	
770,950	(20,905)	102.7	N/A	N/A	
823,232	53,614	93.5	N/A	N/A	
22,023	(5,869)	126.6	3,402	(172.5)	
23,531	(4,931)	121.0	3,586	(137.5)	
23,407	(5,765)	124.6	3,602	(160.0)	
24,357	(5,692)	123.4	3,688	(154.3)	
24,454	(6,252)	125.6	3,778	(165.5)	
23,523	(6,780)	128.8	3,780	(179.4)	
196,502	(53,811)	127.4	40,908	(131.5)	
213,060	(51,864)	124.3	42,916	(120.9)	
229,837	(49,727)	121.6	45,308	(109.8)	
249,278	(47,812)	119.2	48,621	(98.3)	
268,516	(44,799)	116.7	51,102	(87.7)	
282,474	(35,150)	112.4	52,083	(67.5)	
12,343	11,093	10.1	N/A	N/A	
14,454	12,278	15.1	N/A	N/A	
17,625	14,525	17.6	N/A	N/A	
19,887	15,722	20.9	N/A	N/A	
19,124	13,855	27.6	N/A	N/A	

	Actuarial valuation date	Actuarial value of plan assets (a)	Actuarial accrued liablility (AAL) entry age (b)	Unfunded AAL/ (funding excess) (b-a)	Funding ratio (a/b)	Annual covered payroll (c)	Unfunded AAL/ (funding excess) as percentage of covered payroll [(b-a)/c]
Employees' Retirement System	6/30/2004	\$ 12,797,389	13,106,648	309,259	97.6%	\$ 2,445,619	12.6 %
	6/30/2005	13,134,472	13,512,773	378,301	97.2	2,514,430	15.0
	6/30/2006	13,461,132	14,242,845	781,713	94.5	2,630,167	29.7
	6/30/2007	13,843,689	14,885,179	1,041,490	93.0	2,680,972	38.8
	6/30/2008	14,017,346	15,680,857	1,663,511	89.4	2,809,199	59.2
	6/30/2009	13,613,606	15,878,022	2,264,416	85.7	2,674,155	84.7
Public School Employees Retirement System ¹	6/30/2004	743,815	666,883	(76,932)	111.5	N/A	N/A
., , ,	6/30/2005	753,767	671,040	(82,727)	112.3	N/A	N/A
	6/30/2006	766,277	691,651	(74,626)	110.8	N/A	N/A
	6/30/2007	785,460	746,078	(39,382)	105.3	N/A	N/A
	6/30/2008	791,855	770,950	(20,905)	102.7	N/A	N/A
	6/30/2009	769,618	823,232	53,614	93.5	N/A	N/A
Legislative Retirement System	6/30/2004	27,892	22,023	(5,869)	126.6	3,402	(172.5)
- <u>-</u>	6/30/2005	28,462	23,531	(4,931)	121.0	3,586	(137.5)
	6/30/2006	29,172	23,407	(5,765)	124.6	3,602	(160.0)
	6/30/2007	30.049	24,357	(5,692)	123.4	3,688	(154.3)
	6/30/2008	30,706	24,454	(6,252)	125.6	3,778	(165.5)
	6/30/2009	30,303	23,523	(6,780)	128.8	3,780	(179.4)
Georgia Judicial Retirement System	6/30/2004	250,313	196.502	(53,811)	127.4	40,908	(131.5)
g , ,	6/30/2005	264,924	213,060	(51,864)	124.3	42,916	(120.9)
	6/30/2006	279.564	229.837	(49,727)	121.6	45,308	(109.8)
	6/30/2007	297,090	249,278	(47,812)	119.2	48,621	(98.3)
	6/30/2008	313,315	268,516	(44,799)	116.7	51,102	(87.7)
	6/30/2009	317,624	282,474	(35,150)	112.4	52,083	(67.5)
Georgia Military Pension Fund ²	6/30/2004	1,250	12,343	11,093	10.1	N/A	N/A
	6/30/2005	2,176	14,454	12,278	15.1	N/A	N/A
	6/30/2006	3,100	17,625	14,525	17.6	N/A	N/A
	6/30/2007	4,165	19,887	15,722	20.9	N/A	N/A
	6/30/2008	5,269	19,124	13,855	27.6	N/A	N/A
	6/30/2009	6.413	21,021	14,608	30.5	N/A	N/A

This data, except for annual covered payroll, was provided by the System's actuary.

¹ No statistics regarding covered payroll are available. Contributions are not based upon members' salaries, but are simply \$4.00 per member per month for nine months each fiscal year.

² No statistics regarding covered payroll are available. Active and inactive plan member information is maintained by the Georgia Department of Defense.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary schedules and accompanying independent auditors' report.

Financial Section

Financial Section

Required Supplementary Schedules (UNAUDITED)

Schedules of Employer Contributions (In thousands)

Georgia Military Pension Fund	Georgia Judicial Retirement System	Legislative Retirement System	Public School Employees Retirement System	Employees' Retirement System
2004 2005 2006 2008 2008	2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009	2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009	2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009	Year ended June 30 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2008 2009
617 891 1,005 1,103 1,323	1,558 1,594 1,683 1,778 2,395 1,703	11111	833 3,634 6,484 2,866 5,529	State annual required contribution \$ 245,388 243,074 258,482 270,141 286,256 281,206
100 100 100 100	100 100	N/A N/A N/A N/A	100 100 100	Percentage contributed 100 % 100 100 100 100 100 100

This data was provided by the System's actuary.

See accompanying notes to required supplementary schedules and accompanying independent auditors' report.

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Notes to Required Supplementary Schedules

June 30, 2010

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Schedule of Funding Progress The actuarial value of assets recognizes a portion of the difference between the fair value of assets and the expected actuarial value of assets, based on the assumed valuation rate of return. The amount recognized each year is 1/7th of the difference between fair value and expected actuarial value.

2 Schedule of Employer Contributions

The required employer contributions and percent of those contributions actually made are presented in the schedule.

ω **Actuarial Assumptions**

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information from the actuarial valuations for the most recent two- year period is as follows:

3% annually	3% annually	Post-retirement cost-of-living adjustment
N/A	N/A	Projected salary increases
7.50%	7.50%	Investment rate of return ¹
		Actuarial assumptions:
7-year smoothed market	7-year smoothed market	Asset valuation method
10 years	30 years	Funding Excess
		Remaining amortization period of the
Level dollar, open	Level dollar, open	Amortization method
Entry age	Entry age	Actuarial cost method
June 30, 2008	June 30, 2009	Valuation date
		Public School Employees Retirement System:
None	None	Post-retirement cost-of-living adjustment
5.45-9.25%	5.45-9.25%	Projected salary increases ¹
7.50%	7.50%	Investment rate of return ¹
		Actuarial assumptions:
7-year smoothed market	7-year smoothed market	Asset valuation method
26 years	30 years	Unfunded actuarial accrued liability
		Remaining amortization period of the
Level percent of pay, open	Level percent of pay, open	Amortization method
Entry age	Entry age	Actuarial cost method
June 30, 2008	June 30, 2009	Valuation date
		Employees' Retirement System:

ч Includes inflation rate of 3.75% in 2009 and 3.75% in 2010.

Notes to Required Supplementary Schedules

Projected salary increases Post-retirement cost-of-living adjustment	Investment rate of return ¹	Actuarial assumptions:	Asset valuation method	Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	Remaining amortization period of the	Amortization method	Actuarial cost method	Valuation date	Georgia Military Pension Fund:	Post-retirement cost-of-living adjustment	Projected salary increases ¹	Investment rate of return ¹	Actuarial assumptions:	Asset valuation method	Funding Excess	Remaining amortization period of the	Amortization method	Actuarial cost method	Valuation date	Georgia Judicial Retirement System:	Post-retirement cost-of-living adjustment	Projected salary increases	Investment rate of return ¹	Actuarial assumptions:	Asset valuation method	Funding Excess	Remaining amortization period of the	Amortization method	Actuarial cost method	Valuation date	Legislative Retirement System:
N/A None	7.50%		7-year smoothed market	20 years		Level dollar, open	Entry age	June 30, 2009		None	6.00%	7.50%		7-year smoothed market	10 years		Level percent of pay, open	Entry age	June 30, 2009		3% annually	N/A	7.50%		7-year smoothed market	N/A		Level dollar, open	Entry age	June 30, 2009	
N/A None	7.50%		7-year smoothed market	30 years		Level dollar, open	Entry age	June 30, 2008		None	6.00%	7.50%		7-year smoothed market	14 years		Level percent of pay, open	Entry age	June 30, 2008		3% annually	N/A	7.50%		7-year smoothed market	N/A		Level dollar, open	Entry age	June 30, 2008	

1 Includes inflation rate of 3.75% in 2009 and 3.75% in 2010.

Financial Section

Additional Information

Administrave Expenses Schedule - Contributions and Expenses Year ended June 30 2010, with comparative amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2009 (In thousands)

Net income	Total expenses		Office equipment	Miscellaneous	Courier services	Repairs and maintenance	Supplies and materials	Temporary services	Other services and charges:	Management fees: Building maintenance			Legal services	Medical services	Actuarial services	Contracts	Computer services	Professional Services: Accounting and investment services		Travel	Telecommunications	Publications and printing	Postage	Communications.		Miscellaneous	Health insurance	FICA	Patirement contributions	Calarian and warpen	Expenses:	Total contributions	District Attorneys Retirement Fund	Superior Court Judges Retirement Fund	Georgia Military Pension Fund	457 Plan	Georgia Defined Contribution Plan	State Employees' Assurance Department - OPEB	State Employees' Assurance Department - Active	Georgia Judicial Retirement System	Legislative Retirement System	Employees' Retirement System	Contributions:		
\$ •	21,180	3,454	4	2, - 24 48	3 154	41	71	125		636	9,031		74	164	324	2,528	1,547	5,044	264	15	78	25	146		6,995	35	1,043	358	514	л 04л		21,180	_	O	43	2.115	1,11U 820	203	22	270	1,200	s 14,505 1 056		2010	
	21,044	3,901	4	ری 49	3 1 2 5	41	147	521		636	9,780	0 700	131	1153	482	2,538	1,565	4,802	315	15	86	47	167		6,406	33	621	354	511	4 887		21,044	6	24		1,769	1 028	203	22	175	110	16,809 588		2009	

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

Additional Information

Schedule of Investment Expenses Year Ended June 30, 2010, with comparative amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	2010	2009
Investment Advisory and Custodial Fees	\$ \$ 6,005,549 4,931,856	4,931,856
Miscellaneous	3,541,749 4,502,969	4,502,969
Total Investment Expenses	\$ \$ 9,547,298 9,434,825	9,434,825
independent auditors' report		

See accompanying independent auditors' report.





Investment Overview

While the past year was less eventful than the prior year and returns were positive, the sovereign debt crisis emanating from Greece demonstrated that stock markets are still vulnerable to periods of bad news. There are undoubtedly large problems that need to be resolved, but many parts of the world economy are correcting the prior excesses. So as we cycle between episodes of good news and bad news, the financial markets will likely continue to fluctuate.

This pattern is not a new phenomenon and it is easy to get caught up in the latest headlines, but as a pension plan it is more important to stay focused on the long-term. The System continues to invest in a mix of liquid, high quality bonds and stocks. These types of investments allow the System to participate in rising markets while moderating the risks on the downside. A high quality balanced fund has proven to be a successful strategy in a variety of markets over a long period of time.

As in previous years, the bias to quality was a primary goal and was successfully met. "Conservation of Capital" and "Conservatism" continue to be the principal guides in investment decisions. The Board of Trustees continues to use a diversified portfolio to accomplish these objectives.

The economy rebounded during the past fiscal year, although the pace of growth was slowing towards the end of the period. The improvement in housing will likely continue to be slow and uneven as excess inventory and more foreclosures dampen housing starts and prices. Growth in employment, or rather the lack thereof, remains the largest single factor plaguing the economy. The unemployment rate does not appear to be increasing, but neither is it decreasing and remains mired at year agolevels of 9.5%. The real bright spot has been corporate profits, which rose 38%, as companies slashed costs and benefitted from a rebound in business and consumer spending.

Studies undertaken to evaluate the investment returns of pension funds over very long time horizons indicate that the asset allocation decision has the most impact on the fund's returns. Although the returns for the various asset categories vary from year to year, over the long term equities usually outperform fixed income and cash by a very wide margin. For that reason, the System has generally maintained a maximum equity exposure with the remainder of the fund in fixed income securities designed to generate income and preserve capital.

Returns for one, three, five, ten and twenty year periods are presented in this section. The longer time periods, such as the twenty-year period, allow for more valid evaluation of returns, both in absolute terms and relative to an asset class index, by reducing emphasis on the short-term volatility of markets. The Daily Valuation Method was used to calculate rates of return which is in accordance with the CFA Institute's objectives as stated in its publication "Global Investment Performance Standards Handbook," second edition.

Equity markets rebounded nicely during the fiscal year. The return for the S&P 500 Index was 14.4%. The Dow Jones Industrial Average Index rose 18.9%. Among individual companies, returns varied depending upon the company's size, industry, and exposure to global markets. The MSCI EAFE Index returned 5.9% and the MSCI Emerging Market Index returned 23.2%.

In a change from last year, large and small capitalization domestic stocks underperformed. The S&P 400 Mid Capitalization Index outperformed both the S&P 500 and S&P 600 with a return of 24.9%. The S&P 600 Small Capitalization Index rose 23.6%, well above its ten-year average return of 5.6%, and also above the S&P 500's 14.4%.

These overall returns can be explained primarily by massive central bank and fiscal stimulus, which led to economic growth and rapidly increasing corporate profits. The improved foreign returns can be attributed to many of the same reasons and also the strong emerging market economies providing some offset to the more debt laden, slower growing economies of Europe and Japan.

Returns for the fixed income markets were above average this year. Yields on long-term Treasury bonds began the period at 4.3% and ended at the low of the year of 3.9%, after rapidly falling from a high of 4.8% in early April. Overall the ten-year U.S. Treasury note returned 8.3% and the thirty-year U.S. Treasury bond returned 11.3%. Short-term Treasury bills only returned 0.1%.

Our primary benchmark, the Barclays Government/Credit Index rose 9.6%. It is a shorter maturity index containing higher yielding corporate bonds as well as Treasuries. Higher quality bonds underperformed lower quality bonds as evidenced by the 8.9% return for AAA & AA rated bonds versus 18.3% for BBB rated bonds.

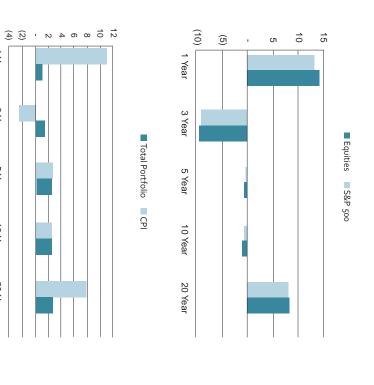
In summary, the investment status of the System is excellent. The high quality of the System's investments is in keeping with the continued policy of "Conservatism" and "Conservation of Capital."

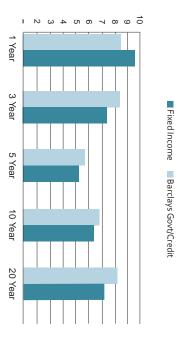
Prepared by the Division of Investment Services

Pooled Investment Fund As of June 30, 2010

001 JCC C10 01
10,942,723,100
616,218,860
24,810,454
270,556,084
155,912,770
679,349,836
6,634,963
750,957
12,696,959,032

Rates of Return





Note: Rates of return are calculated using the Daily Valuation Method based on market rates of return.

1 Year

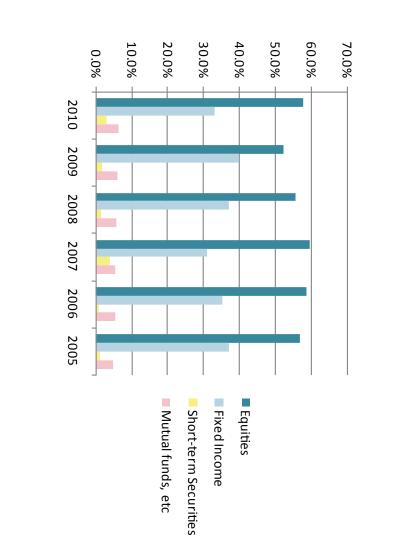
3 Year

5 Year

10 Year

20 Year

Asset Allocation at Fair Value



Investment Summary

Asset Allocation as of June 30 (in percentages)

	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006 2005	2005
Equities	57.8%	52.3	55.6	59.5	58.6	56.8
Fixed Income	33.0	39.8	37.2	31.0	35.3 37.2	37.2
Short-Term Securities	2.8	1.8	1.5	4.0	0.8	1.1
Mutual and Common Collective Trust Funds and Separate Accounts	6.4	6.1	5.7	5.5	5.3	4.9
Total -	100%	100	100	100	100	100

Asset Allocation as of June 30 (in millions)

15,481	15,802 15,481	17,334	16,106	13,104	\$ 13,620 13,104 16,106 17,334	Total
756	843	953	915	799	867	Mutual and Common Collective Trust Funds and Separate Accounts
170	121	700	244	236	377	Short-Term Securities
5,769	5,585	5,374	6,000	5,212	4,506	Fixed Income
8,786	9,253	10,307	8,947	6,857	\$ 7,870	Equities
2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	

Schedule of Fees and Commissions

Total Fees and Commissions	Miscellaneous:*	SEC Fees:	International Equity	U.S. Equity	Investment Commissions:	Fixed Income	International Equity	U.S. Equity	Investment Advisors' Fees:*	
\$								\$		
14,092,900	3,934,702	42,393	1,873,324	2,629,885			1,798,126	3,814,470		

*Amount included in total investment expenses shown on page 44.

Twenty Largest Equity Holdings +

As of June 30, 2010

	870,186	697,300	3,999,956	1,159,545	2,790,854	1,293,814	2,582,819	140,520	2,526,243	4,635,770	1,605,291	4,855,406	1,931,388	1,046,519	1,205,888	591,461	1,337,860	3,499,894	2,263,506	527,548	Shares
Top 20 Equities Remaining Equities	PepsiCo Inc.	Berkshire Hathaway Inc.	Pfizer Inc.	Coca Cola Co.	Cisco Systems Inc.	Wal-Mart Stores Inc.	AT&T Inc.	Google Inc.	Wells Fargo & Co.	General Electric Co.	Hewlett-Packard Co.	Bank of America Corp.	JPMorgan Chase & Co.	Chevron Corp.	Procter & Gamble Co.	International Business Machines Corp.	Johnson & Johnson	Microsoft Corp.	Exxon Mobil Corp.	Apple Inc.	Company
\$																				\$	
1,449,706,419 6,420,777,094	53,037,837	55,567,837	57,039,373	58,116,395	59,473,099	62,193,639	62,478,392	62,524,374	64,671,821	66,847,803	69,476,994	69,772,184	70,708,115	71,016,779	72,329,162	73,033,604	79,014,012	80,532,561	129,178,290	132,694,148	Fair Value

[†]A complete listing is available upon written request, subject to restrictions of O.C.G.A Section 47-1-14.

Total Equities

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7,870,483,513

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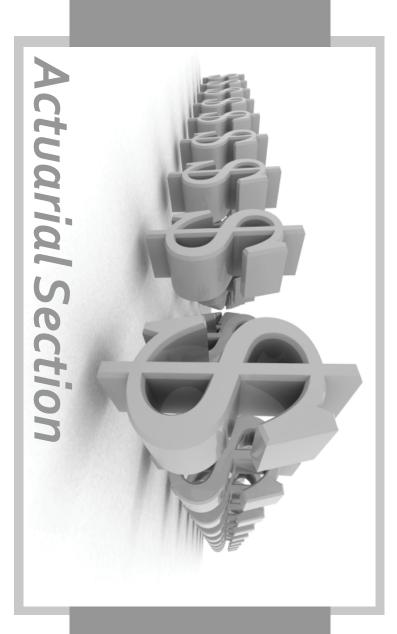
Fixed Income Holdings* As of June 30, 2010

4,505,675,340	÷	4,252,000,000	curities \$	ion Fixed Income Se	Total ERS and Defined Contribution Fixed Income Securities
4,478,863,800 26,811,540	\$	4,226,000,000 26,000,000	н. Народина На Народина Народина Народина Народина Народина Народина Народина Народина Народина Народина Народина Народина Народина Народина Народина Народина Народина На На На Народина На На На На На На На На На На На На На	ne Securities	ERS Fixed Income Securities Defined Contribution Fixed Income Securities
58,902,660		54,000,000	4.650	2012	3M COMPANY
63,056,880		54,000,000	5.550	2017	JOHNSON AND JOHNSON
70,893,240		66,000,000	3.875	2012	US TREAS. NOTE
88,326,750		87,000,000	2.100	2013	ROYAL BANK OF CANADA
93,690,300		87,000,000	5.125	2012	BERKSHIRE HATHAWAY FIN CORP
95,426,370		93,000,000	2.875	2015	EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK
100,473,520		98,000,000	2.950	2015	ONTARIO (PROVINCE OF)
100,766,400		105,000,000	5.550	2026	GENERAL ELECTRIC CAP CORP
102,389,400		90,000,000	4.500	2017	US TREAS. NOTE
107,154,930		97,000,000	4.500	2036	US TREAS. BOND
109,872,700		98,000,000	5.550	2014	VERIZON WIRELESS
118,815,450		109,000,000	5.400	2013	GENERAL ELECTRIC CAP CORP
124,430,040		109,000,000	5.125	2019	UNITED PARCEL SERVICE
126,549,060		121,000,000	3.125	2017	US TREAS. NOTE
134,537,000		131,000,000	4.000	2011	WELLS FARGO & COMPANY
140,036,380		131,000,000	3.500	2018	US TREAS. NOTE
148,419,070		131,000,000	5.350	2015	PFIZER INC
172,492,630		167,000,000	2.375	2014	US TREAS. NOTE
172,696,920		164,000,000	5.550	2020	GENERAL ELECTRIC CAP CORP
177,526,980		174,000,000	4.110	2011	GENERAL ELECTRIC CAP CORP
230,646,510		229,000,000	1.125	2012	FHLMC
233,496,460		194,000,000	5.250	2028	US TREAS. BOND
237,273,360		232,000,000	1.750	2013	US TREAS. NOTE
238,490,560		224,000,000	3.125	2013	US TREAS. NOTE
248,568,000		240,000,000	3.375	2019	US TREAS. NOTE
298,887,280		284,000,000	2.750	2013	US TREAS. NOTE
304,377,850		287,000,000	3.250	2016	US TREAS. NOTE
380,667,100	\$	370,000,000	2.625 \$	2016	US TREAS. NOTE
Fair Value		Par Value	Interest Rate	Year of Maturity	Issuer

*A complete listing is available upon written request, subject to restrictions of O.C.G.A Section 47-1-14.

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Cavanaugh Macdonald

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April 15, 2010

Board of Trustees Employees' Retirement System of Georgia Two Northside 75, Suite 300 Atlanta, GA 30318-7778

Attention: Ms. Pamela Pharris, Executive Director

Members of the Board

Section 47-2-26 of the law governing the operation of the Employees' Retirement System of Georgia provides that the actuary shall make annual valuations of the contingent assets and liabilities of the Retirement System on the basis of regular interest and the tables last adopted by the Board of Trustees. We have submitted the report giving the results of the actuarial valuation of the System prepared as of June 30, 2009. The report indicates that annual employer contributions at the rate of 6.88% of compensation for Old Plan Members, 11.63% of compensation for New Plan Members, and 7.42% for GSEPS Members for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012 are sufficient to support the benefits of the System.

In preparing the valuation, the actuary relied on data provided by the System. While not verifying data at the source, the actuary performed tests for consistency and reasonableness. Our firm, as actuary, is responsible for all of the actuarial trend data in the financial section of the annual report and the supporting schedules in the actuarial section of the annual report.

In our opinion, the valuation is complete and accurate, and the methodology and assumptions are reasonable as a basis for the valuation. The valuation takes into account the effect of all amendments to the System enacted through the 2009 session of the General Assembly, as well as the one-time bonus payment to retired members and beneficiaries made in October 2009.

The System is funded on an actuarial reserve basis. The actuarial assumptions recommended by the actuary and adopted by the Board are in the aggregate reasonably related to the experience under the System and to reasonable expectations of anticipated experience under the System. The assumptions and methods used for funding purposes meet the parameters set for the disclosures presented in the financial section by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) StatementNos. 25 and 27. The funding objective of the plan is that contribution rates over time will remain level as a percent of payroll. The valuation method used is the entry age normal

cost method. The normal contribution rate to cover current cost has been determined as a level percent of payroll. Gains and losses are reflected in the unfunded accrued liability which is being amortized as a level percent of payroll within a 30-year period.

The System is being funded in conformity with the minimum funding standard set forth in Code Section 47-20-10 of the Public Retirement Systems Standards Law. In our opinion the System is operating on an actuarially sound basis. Assuming that contributions to the System are made by the employer from year to year in the future at the rates recommended on the basis of the successive valuations, the continued sufficiency of the retirement fund to provide the benefits called for under the System may be safely anticipated.

This is to certify that the independent consulting actuary is a member of the American Academy of Actuaries and has experience in performing valuations for public retirement systems, that the valuation was prepared in accordance with principles of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board, and that the actuarial calculations were performed by qualified actuaries in accordance with accepted actuarial procedures, based on the current provisions of the System and on actuarial assumptions that are internally consistent and reasonably based on the actual experience of the System.

Future actuarial results may differ significantly from the current results presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Since the potential impact of such factors is outside the scope of a normal annual actuarial valuation, an analysis of the range of results is not presented herein.

Edward A. Macdonald, ASA, FCA MAAA President EAM:bdm

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Cathy Turcot Principal and Managing Director

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Actuarial Section

3550 Busbee Pkwy, Suite 250 Kennesaw, GA Phone (678) 388-1700 • Fax (678) 388-1730 www.CavMacConsulting.com

June 24, 2010

Board of Trustees Employees' Retirement System of Georgia Two Northside 75, Suite 300 Atlanta, GA 30318-7778

Attention: Ms. Pamela Pharris, Executive Director

Members of the Board:

Section 47-4-60 of the law governing the operation of the Georgia Public School Employees' Retirement System provides that the employer contribution shall be actuarially determined and approved by the Board of Trustees. We have submitted the report giving the results of the actuarial valuation of the System prepared as of June 30, 2009. Based on a monthly benefit accrual rate of \$14.75 effective July 1, 2008, the valuation indicates that annual employer contributions of \$15,884,000 or \$391.42 per active member for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012 are sufficient to support the benefits of the System.

In preparing the valuation, the actuary relied on data provided by the System. While not verifying data at the source, the actuary performed tests for consistency and reasonableness. Our firm, as actuary, is responsible for all of the actuarial trend data in the financial section of the annual report and the supporting schedules in the actuarial section of the annual report.

In our opinion, the valuation is complete and accurate, and the methodology and assumptions are reasonable as a basis for the valuation. The valuation takes into account the effect of all amendments to the System enacted through the zoog session of the General Assembly.

The System is funded on an actuarial reserve basis. The actuarial assumptions recommended by the actuary and adopted by the Board are in the aggregate reasonably related to the experience under the System and to reasonable expectations of anticipated experience under the System. The assumptions and methods used for funding purposes meet the parameters set for the disclosures presented in the financial section by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Nos. 25 and 27. The funding objective of the plan is that contribution rates over time will remain level as a dollar per active member. The valuation method used is the entry age normal cost method. The normal contribution rate to cover current cost has been determined as a dollar per active member. Gains and losses are reflected in the unfunded accrued liability which is being amortized as a level dollar per active member within a 30-year period.

The System is currently being funded in conformity with the minimum funding standard set forth in Code Section 47-20-10 of the Public Retirement Systems Standards Law. In our opinion the System is currently operating on an actuarially sound basis. However, it is our understanding that the legislature has appropriated an amount less than the annual required contribution (ARC) for fiscal year ending June 30, 2011. At that time, the System will not be funded in conformity with the minimum funding standards and will not be operating on an actuarial sound basis. Assuming that contributions to the System are made by the employer from year to year in the future at the rates recommended on the basis of the successive actuarial valuations, the continued sufficiency of the retirement fund to provide the benefits called for under the System may be safely anticipated.

This is to certify that the independent consulting actuary is a member of the American Academy of Actuaries and has experience in performing valuations for public retirement systems, that the valuation was prepared in accordance with principles of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board, and that the actuarial calculations were performed by qualified actuaries in accordance with accepted actuarial procedures, based on the current provisions of the retirement system and on actuarial assumptions that are internally consistent and reasonably based on the actual experience of the System.

Future actuarial results may differ significantly from the current results presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural

demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Since the potential impact of such factors is outside the scope of a normal annual actuarial valuation, an analysis of the range of results is not presented herein.

Edward A. Macdonald, ASA, FCA MAAA President EAM:mjn

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Cathy Turcot Principal and Managing Director

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Cavanaugh Macdonald

www.CavMacConsulting.com Phone (678) 388-1700 • Fax (678) 388-1730 Kennesaw, GA 3550 Busbee Pkwy, Suite 250

June 24, 2010

Atlanta, GA 30318-7778 Two Northside 75, Suite 300 Employees' Retirement System of Georgia Board of Trustees

Attention: Ms. Pamela Pharris, Executive Director

Members of the Board

sufficient to support the benefits of the System. 3.90% of compensation for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012 are report indicates that annual employer contributions at the rate of actuarial valuation of the System prepared as of June 30, 2009. The of Trustees. We have submitted the report giving the results of the the basis of regular interest and the tables last adopted by the Board of the contingent assets and liabilities of the Retirement System on Section 47-23-21 of the law governs the operation of the Georgia Judicial Retirement System. The actuary makes annual valuations

section of the annual report. of the annual report and the supporting schedules in the actuarial responsible for all of the actuarial trend data in the financial section tests for consistency and reasonableness. Our firm, as actuary, is System. While not verifying data at the source, the actuary performed In preparing the valuation, the actuary relied on data provided by the

members and beneficiaries made in October 2009. General Assembly as well as the one-time bonus payment to retired amendments to the System enacted through the 2009 session of the the valuation. The valuation takes into account the effect of all methodology and In our opinion, the valuation is complete and accurate, and the assumptions are reasonable as ച basis for

been determined as a level percent of payroll. Gains and losses are method. The normal contribution rate to cover current cost has payroll. The valuation method used is the entry age normal cost is that contribution rates over time will remain level as a percent of (GASB) Statement Nos. 25 and 27. The funding objective of the plan the financial section by Governmental Accounting Standards Board purposes meet the parameters set for the disclosures presented in under the System. The assumptions and methods used for funding System and to reasonable expectations of anticipated experience are in the aggregate reasonably related to the experience under the assumptions recommended by the actuary and adopted by the Board The System is funded on an actuarial reserve basis. The actuarial

> amortized as a level percent of payroll within a 10-year period. reflected in the unfunded accrued liability which is negative and being

called for under the System may be safely anticipated are made by the employer from year to year in the future at the rates actuarially sound basis. Assuming that contributions to the System Systems Standards Law. In our opinion the System is operating on an standard set forth in Code Section 47-20-10 of the Public Retirement continued sufficiency of the retirement fund to provide the benefits recommended on the basis of the successive actuarial valuations, the The System is being funded in conformity with the minimum funding

consistent and reasonably based on the actual experience of the System. retirement system and on actuarial assumptions that are internally accepted actuarial procedures, based on the current provisions of the calculations were performed by qualified actuaries in accordance with valuation was prepared in accordance with principles of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board, and that the actuarial in performing valuations for public retirement systems, member of the American Academy of Actuaries and has experience This is to certify that the independent consulting actuary is that the

of the range of results is not presented herein. results presented in this report due to such factors as the following: is outside the scope of a normal annual actuarial valuation, an analysis requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or provisions or applicable law. Since the potential impact of such factors Future actuarial results may differ significantly from the current

President EAM/CT:dmw Edward A. Macdonald, ASA, FCA MAAA

Cathy Turcot lucot

Principal and Managing Director

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3550 Busbee Pkwy, Suite 250 Kennesaw, GA Phone (678) 388-1700 • Fax (678) 388-1730 www.CavMacConsulting.com

April 15, 2010

Board of Trustees Employees' Retirement System of Georgia Two Northside 75, Suite 300 Atlanta, GA 30318-7778

Attention: Ms. Pamela Pharris, Executive Director

Members of the Board:

Section 47-6-22 of the law governing the operation of the Georgia Legislative Retirement System provides that the actuary shall make periodic valuations of the contingent assets and liabilities of the Retirement System on the basis of regular interest and the tables last adopted by the Board of Trustees. We have submitted the report giving the results of the actuarial valuation of the System prepared as of June 30, 2009. The report indicates that no annual employer contributions for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012 are required to support the benefits of the System.

In preparing the valuation, the actuary relied on data provided by the System. While not verifying data at the source, the actuary performed tests for consistency and reasonableness. Our firm, as actuary, is responsible for all of the actuarial trend data in the financial section of the annual report and the supporting schedules in the actuarial section of the annual report.

In our opinion, the valuation is complete and accurate, and the methodology and assumptions are reasonable as a basis for the valuation. The valuation takes into account the effect of all amendments to the System enacted through the zoog session of the General Assembly.

The System is funded on an actuarial reserve basis. The actuarial assumptions recommended by the actuary and adopted by the Board are in the aggregate reasonably related to the experience under the System and to reasonable expectations of anticipated experience under the System. The assumptions and methods used for funding purposes meet the parameters set for the disclosures presented in the financial section by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Nos. 25 and 27. The funding objective of the plan is that contribution rates over time will remain level as a dollar per active member. The valuation method used is the entry age normal cost method. The normal contribution rate to cover current cost has been determined as a level dollar per active member. Gains and losses are reflected in the unfunded accrued liability which is negative and being amortized as a level dollar per active member.

The System is being funded in conformity with the minimum funding standard set forth in Code Section 47-20-10 of the Public Retirement Systems Standards Law. In our opinion the System is operating on an actuarially sound basis. Assuming that contributions to the System are made by the employer from year to year in the future at the rates recommended on the basis of the successive actuarial valuations, the continued sufficiency of the retirement fund to provide the benefits called for under the System may be safely anticipated.

This is to certify that the independent consulting actuary is a member of the American Academy of Actuaries and has experience in performing valuations for public retirement systems, that the valuation was prepared in accordance with principles of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board, and that the actuarial calculations were performed by qualified actuaries in accordance with accepted actuarial procedures, based on the current provisions of the retirement system and on actuarial assumptions that are internally consistent and reasonably based on the actual experience of the System.

Future actuarial results may differ significantly from the current results presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Since the potential impact of such factors is outside the scope of a normal annual actuarial valuation, an analysis of the range of results is not presented herein.

Edward A. Macdonald, ASA, FCA MAAA President EAM/CT:dmw

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Cathy Turcot Principal and Managing Director

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Cavanaugh Macdonald

www.CavMacConsulting.com Phone (678) 388-1700 • Fax (678) 388-1730 Kennesaw, GA 3550 Busbee Pkwy, Suite 250

August 19, 2010

Atlanta, GA 30318-7778 Two Northside 75, Suite 300 Employees' Retirement System of Georgia Board of Trustees

Attention: Ms. Pamela Pharris, Executive Director

Members of the Board

sufficient to support the benefits of the Fund \$126.57 per active member for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012 are report indicates that annual employer contributions of \$1,521,245 or the actuarial valuation of the Fund prepared as of June 30, 2009. The Board of Trustees. We have submitted the report giving the results of on the basis of regular interest and the tables last adopted by the valuations of the contingent assets and liabilities of the Pension Fund Military Pension Fund provides that the actuary shall make periodic Section 47-24-22 of the law governing the operation of the Georgia

section of the annual report. of the annual report and the supporting schedules in the actuarial responsible for all of the actuarial trend data in the financial section tests for consistency and reasonableness. Our firm, as actuary, is Fund. While not verifying data at the source, the actuary performed In preparing the valuation, the actuary relied on data provided by the

General Assembly. amendments to the Fund enacted through the 2009 session of the methodology and assumptions are reasonable as a basis for the valuation. The valuation takes into account the effect of all In our opinion, the valuation is complete and accurate, and the

amortized as a level dollar per active member within a 20-year period losses are reflected in the unfunded accrued liability which is being has been determined as a level dollar per active member. Gains and cost method. The normal contribution rate to cover current cost active member. The valuation method used is the entry age normal contribution rates over time will remain level as a percent dollar per Statement Nos. 25 and 27. The funding objective of the plan is that section by Governmental Accounting Standards meet the parameters set for the disclosures presented in the financial the Fund. The assumptions and methods used for funding purposes Fund and to reasonable expectations of anticipated experience under are in the aggregate reasonably related to the experience under the assumptions recommended by the actuary and adopted by the Board The Fund is funded on an actuarial reserve basis. The actuarial Board (GASB)

> called for under the Fund may be safely anticipated continued sufficiency of the retirement fund to provide the benefits made by the employer from year to year in the future at the rates actuarially sound basis. Assuming that contributions to the Fund are standard set forth in Code Section 47-20-10 of the Public Retirement recommended on the basis of the successive actuarial valuations, the Systems Standards Law. In our opinion the Fund is operating on an The Fund is being funded in conformity with the minimum funding

consistent and reasonably based on the actual experience of the Fund accepted actuarial procedures, based on the current provisions of the retirement system and on actuarial assumptions that are internally calculations were performed by qualified actuaries in accordance with valuation was prepared in accordance with principles of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board, and that the actuarial is performing valuations for public retirement systems, member of the American Academy of Actuaries and has experience This is to certify that the independent consulting actuary is that the

of the range of results is not presented herein. requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic results presented in this report due to such factors as the following: is outside the scope of a normal annual actuarial valuation, an analysis plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or Future actuarial results may differ significantly from the current provisions or applicable law. Since the potential impact of such factors

EAM:mjn President Edward A. Macdonald, ASA, FCA MAAA

Cathy Turcot lucot

Principal and Managing Director

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SEAD Pre-Retirement



www.CavMacConsulting.com Phone (678) 388-1700 • Fax (678) 388-1730 Kennesaw, GA 3550 Busbee Pkwy, Suite 250

April 15, 2010

Atlanta, GA 30318-7778 Two Northside 75, Suite 300 Employees' Retirement System of Georgia Board of Trustees

Attention: Ms. Pamela Pharris, Executive Director

Members of the Board

payable upon death in active service (Pre-Retirement). In this report, we have determined liabilities for life insurance benefits regular interest and the tables last adopted by the Board of Trustees. contingent assets and liabilities of the Insurance Plan on the basis of Plan provide that the actuary shall make periodic valuations of the operation of the Georgia Employees' Group Term Life Insurance Chapters 47-2 and 47-19 of the Code of Georgia which govern the

for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012 for pre-retirement benefits. retirement benefits of the Plan. No employer contribution is required the Judicial Retirement System are sufficient to support the premembers of the Legislative Retirement System and members of Plan members, and 0.02% of active payroll for New Plan members, employee contributions at the rate of 0.05% of active payroll for Old of the Plan prepared as of June 30, 2009. The report indicates that We have submitted the report giving the results of the valuation

cost method with projected benefits. Gains and losses are reflected in the unfunded accrued liability. The actuarial assumptions used are the Plan may be safely anticipated. and the sufficiency of the funds to provide the benefits called for by Plan. In our opinion, the Plan is operating on an actuarially sound basis and to reasonable expectations of anticipated experience under the in the aggregate reasonably related to the experience under the Plan The funding method used for this valuation is the unit credit actuarial

consistent and reasonably based on the actual experience of the Plan retirement system and on actuarial assumptions that are internally accepted actuarial procedures, based on the current provisions of the calculations were performed by qualified actuaries in accordance with prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board, and that the actuarial valuation was prepared in accordance with principles of practice in performing valuations for public retirement systems, member of the American Academy of Actuaries and has experience This is to certify that the independent consulting actuary is a that the

> of the range of results is not presented herein. requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic results presented in this report due to such factors as the following: is outside the scope of a normal annual actuarial valuation, an analysis provisions or applicable law. Since the potential impact of such factors plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or Future actuarial results may differ significantly from the current

EAM/CT:mjn President Edward A. Macdonald, ASA, FCA MAAA

Cathy Turcot lucot

Principal and Managing Director

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SEAD Post-Retirement

Cavanaugh Macdonald

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April 15, 2010

Board of Trustees Employees' Retirement System of Georgia Two Northside 75, Suite 300 Atlanta, GA 30318-7778

Attention: Ms. Pamela Pharris, Executive Director

Members of the Board:

Chapters 47-2 and 47-19 of the Code of Georgia which govern the operation of the Georgia Employees' Group Term Life Insurance Plan provide that the actuary shall make periodic valuations of the contingent assets and liabilities of the Insurance Plan on the basis of regular interest and the tables last adopted by the Board of Trustees. In this report, we have determined liabilities for life insurance benefits payable upon death after retirement (Post-Retirement).

In accordance with GASB 43 and 45, we have determined the liabilities for life insurance benefits payable upon death after retirement. We have submitted the report giving the results of the valuation of the Plan prepared as of June 30, 2009. The report indicates, for postretirement benefits, the employer annual required contribution for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012 based on a 30-year amortization period of the unfunded accrued liability is 0.61% of covered payroll.

The funding method used for this valuation is the unit credit actuarial cost method with projected benefits. Gains and losses are reflected in the unfunded accrued liability. The actuarial assumptions used are in the aggregate reasonably related to the experience under the Plan and to reasonable expectations of anticipated experience under the Plan. In our opinion, the Plan is operating on an actuarially sound basis and the sufficiency of the funds to provide the benefits called for by the Plan may be safely anticipated assuming future annual required contributions (ARC) are contributed when due.

This is to certify that the independent consulting actuary is a member of the American Academy of Actuaries and has experience in performing valuations for public retirement systems, that the valuation was prepared in accordance with principles of practice prescribed by the Actuarial Standards Board, and that the actuarial calculations were performed by qualified actuaries in accordance with accepted actuarial procedures, based on the current provisions of the retirement system and on actuarial assumptions that are internally consistent and reasonably based on the actual experience of the Plan.

Future actuarial results may differ significantly from the current results presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. Since the potential impact of such factors is outside the scope of a normal annual actuarial valuation, an analysis of the range of results is not presented herein.

Edward A. Macdonald, ASA, FCA MAAA President EAM/CT:mjn

Principal and Managing Director Cathy Turcot Iucot

study on April 20, 2006. The GMPF's last experience study was approved by the Board on February 19, 2009 valuation was performed as of June 30, 2009 based on actuarial assumptions approved by the Board during the last experience valuation of the soundness of the system. In addition, the actuary must perform at least once every five years an actuarial investigation of the mortality, service and compensation experience of the members and beneficiaries of the System. The latest The laws governing the Employees' Retirement System and the plans it administers requires an actuary to perform an annual

as follows: The more pertinent facts and significant assumptions underlying the computations included in the June 30, 2009 reports are

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Investment Rate of Return Inflation Rate Projected Salary Increases COLA	Actuarial Asset Valuation Method	Amortization Method Amortization Period	Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method	
7.50% 1 3.75% 5.45-9.25% 1 None	Based on the total fair value the expected investment retr seven years.	Level percent of pay, open 30 years	June 30, 2009 Entry age	ERS
7.50% ² 3.75% n/a 3.0% Annually	income of investment Jrn smoothed over 7 y	Level dollar, open 30 years	June 30, 2009 Entry age	PSERS
7.50% ² 3.75% 6.00% ² None	Based on the total fair value income of investments with the excess or shortfall of actual investment income over or under the expected investment return smoothed over 7 years. One-seventh of the excess or shortfall is recognized each year for seven years.	Level percent of pay, open 10 years	June 30, 2009 Entry age	GJRS
7.50% ² 3.75% n/a 3.0% Annually	f actual investment in ss or shortfall is recog	Level dollar, open N/A	June 30, 2009 Entry age	LRS
7.50% ² 3.75% n/a 0%	come over or under nized each year for	Level dollar, open 20 years	June 30, 2009 Entry age	GMPF

¹Adopted by the Board on 10/11/2005 ²Adopted by the Board on 6/16/2005

Rates of Withdrawal Prior to Retirement (Withdrawal, Death, Disability)

ERS

follows. Special rates of separation apply to law enforcement officers. Representative values of the assumed annual rates of separation other than retirement for non-law enforcement officers are as

Age 25 30 40	Annual De .06 % .07 .08 .09 .13	Annual Rates of Death Men Women .06 % .03 % .07 .03 .07 .03 .08 .04 .09 .06 .13 .08		nual Rates of Disability % .05 % .05 .05 .05 .14
35	.09	.06	.10	
40	.13	.08	.35	
45	.19	11	.77	
50	.32	.17	1.30	
55	.56	.29	2.00	1.20
60	1.02	.58	I	
65	1.80	1.08	Ι	
69	2.60	1.50		

																							PSERS														
55 50	45	40	35	30	25	20	Age																	65	60	55	50	45	40	35	30	25	20	Age			
19.50 16.00	21.00	24.00	27.00	28.00	31.00	36.00 %	Men	0-4			65	60	55	50	45	40	35	30	25	20	Age			16.00	13.00	13.00	14.00	17.00	20.00	22.00	22.00	24.00	30.00 %	Men	ọ		
16.00 13.00	17.50	19.00	20.00	24.00	28.00	36.00 %	Women	.4	Annual Ye		2.17	1.29	.71	.40	.23	.15	.10	.08	.08	.06 %	e Men	Ar		20.00	15.00	15.00	16.00	16.00	17.00	20.00	22.00	24.00	28.00 %	Women	0-4	Y	Annua
11.00 9.00	12.50	14.00	15.00	16.00	19.00	— %	Men	5-9	Annual Rates of Withdrawal Years of Service		1.08	.58	.29	.17	11	.08	.06	.04	.03	.03 %	1 Women	Annual Rates of Death		10.00	5.00	5.00	6.00	7.00	8.00	8.00	9.00	11.00	— %	Men	5-9	Years of Service	Annual Rates of Withdrawal
9.50 8.00	11.00	12.50	14.00	16.00	18.00	— %	Women	9	hdrawal ce	- - -	I	.70	.45	.17	.07	.02	.01	I	Ι	I	en Both	Annual Rate of Disability		11.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	7.00	8.00	9.00	11.00	11.00	— %	Women	9	ce	hdrawal
6.00	7.00	8.00	9.00	13.00	I	- %	Men	10 & over												- %	th	l Rate ability		4.50	4.50	4.00	3.50	3.00	4.00	5.00	6.00		- %	Men	10 &		
7.00 6.00	8.00	9.00	10.00	11.00	I	— %	Women	over																5.00	5.00	5.00	3.50	3.50	4.00	6.00	8.00	I	— %	Women	10 & over		

Actuarial Section

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Virtinitywal Touristore Disklitt Age Barh Men Vormen Barh 20 13.0 0.06 0.09 1.4 30 13.0 0.09 0.09 1.4 40 13.0 0.09 0.09 2.1 51 13.0 0.01 0.02 3.1 52 13.0 0.02 0.2 1.1 53 13.0 0.02 1.0 3.1 54 3.0 1.05 2.2 1.8 55 3.0 1.05 2.2 1.8 66 3.0 1.05 2.9 2.9 56 3.0 1.05 2.9 2.9 57 10.0 1.05 2.9 2.9 58 10.0 1.05 3.0 1.1 59 10.0 1.05 3.0 1.1 50 10.0 1.93 2.9 1.1 50 1.05 <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>								
Irawal Death Disability th Men Women Both 0% .056 % .029 % .1 % 0% .066 % .029 % .1 % 0 .084 .040 .2 0 .125 .082 .4 .125 .082 .4 .1015 .568 .292 .1 1.0015 .583 2.9 .1 0 .1015 .583 2.9 1.015 .084 .040 .2 0 .056 % .029 % .4 .073 1.076 4.7 .084 .040 .2 .084 .040 .2 .084 .040 .2 .084 .040 .2 .1.101 .7 .3 .1.25 .082 .4 .1.11 .7 .1 .1.25 .18 .2.9 .1.303 1.076	85	60						
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Irawal Death Disability th Men Women Both 0% .056 % .029 % .1 % 0% .056 % .029 % .1 % 0 .084 .040 .2 0 .125 .082 .4 .190 .111 .7 .321 1.015 .558 .292 1.8 1.015 .583 2.9 1.0 0 .073 .030 .1 0 .056 % .029 % .4 .125 .082 .4 .1803 1.076 4.7 .073 .030 .1 .073 .030 .1 .084 .040 .2 .084 .040 .2 .084 .040 .2 .1015 .583 .1 .125 .082 .4 .1015 .583 .2.9 .1.015 .583	.07 %	25			Rates		Service	
Withdrawal Death Both Men Women 13.0 % .056 % .029 % 13.0 % .056 % .029 % 13.0 % .084 .040 13.0 % .089 .055 13.0 % .089 .055 13.0 % .125 .082 13.0 % .125 .082 13.0 % .125 .082 13.0 % .125 .082 3.0 .125 .082 .173 3.0 .1015 .583 .292 3.0 .1015 .583 .292 3.0 .0 .0 .1015 .583 .029 % 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 .0 .084 .040 .040 10.0 .0 .084 .040 .040 10.0 .0 .125 .082 .082 10.0 .0 .125 .082 .040 10.0 .0 .125 .082 .040 10.0 .0 .321 .111 .173	tes of Death				ervice	wal from Active S	Rates of Withdra	
Withdrawal $Death$ Both Men Women 13.0 % .056 % .029 % 13.0 % .056 % .029 % 13.0 % .084 .040 13.0 % .089 .055 13.0 % .089 .040 13.0 % .089 .040 13.0 % .125 .082 13.0 % .125 .082 13.0 % .125 .082 3.0 % .111 .030 3.0 % 1.015 .583 3.0 % 1.015 .583 3.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 % .082 .040 10.0 % .125 .082 10.0 % .125 .082 10.0 % </th <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>GMPF</th>								GMPF
Withdrawal Death Both Men Women 13.0 % .056 % .029 % 13.0 % .068 % .029 % 13.0 % .082 % .030 13.0 % .082 % .040 13.0 % .029 % .030 13.0 % .029 % .030 13.0 % .082 .040 13.0 % .125 .082 13.0 % .125 .082 13.0 % .125 .082 3.0 % 1.015 .583 3.0 % 1.015 .583 3.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 % .082 .040 10.0 % .082 .040 10.0 % .125 .082 1		I	1.076	1.803	10.0	65		
Withdrawal Death Men Women 13.0 % .056 % .029 % 13.0 % .067 % .029 % 13.0 % .073 .030 13.0 % .084 .040 13.0 % .089 .055 13.0 % .089 .055 13.0 % .089 .055 13.0 % .125 .082 13.0 % .125 .082 3.0 .125 .082 .173 3.0 .1015 .583 .292 3.0 .100 % .1015 .583 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 % .055 .040 10.0 % .055 .040 10.0 % .040 .040 10.0 % .125 .082 10.0 % .125 .082		2.9	.583	1.015	10.0	60		
Withdrawal Death Both Men Women 13.0 % .056 % .029 % 13.0 % .067 % .029 % 13.0 % .084 .040 13.0 % .082 .082 13.0 % .125 .082 13.0 % .125 .082 13.0 % .125 .082 13.0 % .125 .082 3.0 .125 .082 .111 3.0 .1015 .583 .292 3.0 1.015 .583 .292 3.0 1.026 % .029 % .029 % 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 % .058 .040 10.0 % .058 .055 10.0 % .082 .055 10.0 % .089 .055 10.0 % .125 .082 <td< td=""><th></th><td>1.8</td><td>.292</td><td>.558</td><td>10.0</td><td>55</td><td></td><td></td></td<>		1.8	.292	.558	10.0	55		
Withdrawal Death Both Men Women 13.0 % .056 % .029 % 13.0 % .056 % .029 % 13.0 % .084 .040 13.0 % .089 .055 13.0 % .089 .055 13.0 % .125 .082 13.0 % .125 .082 4.5 % .190 .111 3.0 % 1.015 .583 3.0 % 1.076 .292 3.0 % 1.076 .084 Withdrawal Death .029 % 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 % .084 .040 10.0 % .084 .040 10.0 % .082 .082 10.0 % .125 .082 10.0 %		1.0	.173	.321	10.0	50		
Withdrawal Death Both Men Women 13.0 % .056 % .029 % 13.0 % .073 .030 13.0 % .084 .040 13.0 .089 .055 13.0 .125 .082 13.0 .125 .082 13.0 .125 .082 3.0 .125 .082 3.0 .125 .583 3.0 1.015 .583 3.0 1.803 1.076 Mohr Nen Death Both Men Women 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 .056 % .029 % 10.0 .056 % .029 % 10.0 .058 .040 10.0 .058 .040 10.0 .089 .055 10.0 .089 .055 10.0 .089 .055 10.0 .125 .082		.7	.111	.190	10.0	45		
Withdrawal Death Both Men Women 13.0 $.056$ $.029$ $.030$ 13.0 $.073$ $.030$ $.130$ $.084$ $.040$ 13.0 $.084$ $.040$ $.130$ $.082$ $.082$ 13.0 $.125$ $.082$ $.082$ $.040$ 13.0 $.125$ $.082$ $.082$ 4.5 $.190$ $.111$ $.082$ 3.0 $.558$ $.292$ $.173$ 3.0 1.015 $.583$ $.292$ 3.0 1.015 $.583$ $.292$ 3.0 1.015 $.583$ $.292$ $.029$ $.076$ $.029$ $.029$ Withdrawal Death Women $.029$ 10.0 $.056$ $.029$ $.029$ 10.0 $.084$ $.040$ $.040$ 10.0 $.084$ $.040$ $.055$.4	.082	.125	10.0	40		
Withdrawal Death Both Men Women 13.0 % .056 % .029 % 13.0 % .073 .030 13.0 % .084 .040 13.0 % .089 .055 13.0 % .125 .082 13.0 % .125 .082 13.0 % .125 .082 3.0 % .125 .082 3.0 % .1015 .583 3.0 % 1.015 .583 3.0 % 1.076 Withdrawal Death Both Men Women 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 % .056 % .030 10.0 % .073 .030 10.0 % .084 .040		ω	.055	.089	10.0	35		
Withdrawal Death Both Men Women 13.0 .056 % .029 % 13.0 .073 .030 13.0 .084 .040 13.0 .089 .055 13.0 .125 .082 13.0 .125 .082 13.0 .125 .082 13.0 .125 .082 3.0 .125 .082 3.0 .1015 .583 3.0 1.803 1.076 3.0 1.803 1.076 Withdrawal Death Both Men Women 10.0 % .056 % .029 % 10.0 .073 .030		.2	.040	.084	10.0	30		
Withdrawal Death Both Men Women 13.0 % .056 % .029 % 13.0 % .056 % .029 % 13.0 % .084 .040 13.0 % .089 .055 13.0 % .125 .082 13.0 % .125 .082 13.0 % .321 .111 3.0 % .558 .292 3.0 % 1.015 .583 3.0 % 1.076 .583 3.0 % 1.076 .583 3.0 % 1.076 .583 3.0 % 1.076 .583 3.0 % 1.076 .583 3.0 % 1.076 .583 3.0 % 1.076 .583 3.0 % .029 % .029 %		<u>.</u>	.030	.073	10.0	25		
Withdrawal Death Both Men Women 13.0 % .056 % .029 % 13.0 % .073 .030 13.0 % .084 .040 13.0 .089 .055 13.0 .125 .082 13.0 .125 .082 4.5 .190 .111 3.0 .321 .173 3.0 1.015 .583 3.0 1.803 1.076 Withdrawal Death Both Men Women		.1 %	.029 %	.056 %	10.0 %	20		
Withdrawal Death Both Men Women 13.0 % .056 % .029 % 13.0 % .056 % .029 % 13.0 % .084 .040 13.0 % .089 .055 13.0 % .125 .082 13.0 % .321 .111 3.0 % .558 .292 3.0 % 1.015 .583 3.0 % 1.803 1.076 Withdrawal Death Death		Both	Women	Men	Both	Age		
Withdrawal Death Both Men Women 13.0 .056 .029 .030 13.0 .084 .040 .030 13.0 .089 .055 .040 13.0 .125 .082 .111 3.0 .321 .173 .323 3.0 1.015 .583 .292 3.0 1.803 1.076 .4nnual Rates of		Disability	eath	D€	Withdrawal			
Withdrawal Death Both Men Women 13.0 .056 .029 % 13.0 .073 .030 .13.0 .040 13.0 .084 .040 .040 .125 .082 13.0 .125 .082 .111 .3.0 .321 .173 3.0 1.015 .583 .292 .3.0 1.803 1.076			Rates of	Annual				
Withdrawal Death Both Men Women 13.0 % .056 % .029 % 13.0 % .056 % .029 % 13.0 % .073 .030 13.0 % .084 .040 13.0 .089 .055 13.0 .125 .082 13.0 .125 .082 4.5 .190 .111 3.0 .321 .173 3.0 1.015 .583 3.0 1.803 1.076								LRS
WithdrawalDeathBothMenWomen13.0 %.056 %.029 %13.0 %.056 %.029 %13.0.073.03013.0.084.04013.0.089.05513.0.125.0824.5.190.1113.0.321.1733.01.015.583		4.7	1.076	1.803	3.0	65		
WithdrawalDeathBothMenWomen13.0 %.056 %.029 %13.0.056 %.029 %13.0.073.03013.0.084.04013.0.089.05513.0.125.0824.5.190.1113.0.321.1733.0.558.292		2.9	.583	1.015	3.0	60		
Withdrawal Death Both Men Women 13.0 .056 .029 % 13.0 .073 .030 .030 13.0 .084 .040 .040 13.0 .125 .082 .042 13.0 .321 .173 .173		1.8	.292	.558	3.0	55		
Withdrawal Death Both Men Women 13.0 % .056 % .029 % 13.0 .073 .030 13.0 .084 .040 13.0 .089 .055 13.0 .125 .082 4.5 .190 .111		1.0	.173	.321	3.0	50		
Withdrawal Death Both Men Women 13.0 % .056 % .029 % 13.0 .073 .030 13.0 .084 .040 13.0 .089 .055 13.0 .125 .082		.7	. 111	.190	4.5	45		
Withdrawal Death Both Men Women 13.0 % .056 % .029 % 13.0 .073 .030 13.0 .084 .040 13.0 .089 .055		.4	.082	.125	13.0	40		
Withdrawal Death Both Men Women 13.0 % .056 % .029 % 13.0 .073 .030 13.0 .084 .040		ن	.055	.089	13.0	35		
Withdrawal Death Both Men Women 13.0 % .056 % .029 % 13.0 .073 .030		Ś	.040	.084	13.0	30		
Withdrawal Death Both Men Women 13.0 % .056 % .029 %		<u>.</u>	.030	.073	13.0	25		
Withdrawal Death Both Men Women		.1 %	.029 %	.056 %	13.0 %	20		
Death		Both	Women	Men	Both	Age		
		Disability	eath	De	Withdrawal			
Annual Rates of			Rates of	Annual				

Actuarial Section

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EKU						
		Old Plan 1			New Plan and GS	and GSEPS ²
	Age 65 or mor	Age 65 or more than 34 years	Age 6o c	Age 6o or 3o years		
Age	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
50	50 %	50 %	9.0 %	7.5 %	10 %	10 %
55	50	50	11.0	11.5	10	10
60	50	50	22.0	24.0	15	20
62	50	50	43.0	44.0	38	36
64	50	50	27.0	30.0	29	30
65	4	45	I		43	38
67	26	28	I	I	27	34
70	100	100	I	I	100	100
is also assumed that 95% of 'e members under age 55, 7. re under early reduced retire	[:] active Old Plan 5% of male men ement.	members will retire du nbers ages 55 and over,	ring the year in w ; 3.0% of female i	/hich they attair members under	1 34 years of service. In age 55 and 8.0% of fen	¹ It is also assumed that 95% of active Old Plan members will retire during the year in which they attain 34 years of service. In addition, it is assumed that 3.5% of male members under age 55, 7.5% of male members ages 55 and over, 3.0% of female members under age 55 and 8.0% of female members ages 55 and over will retire under early reduced retirement.
² An additional 10% of active New Plan and GSEPS members less than age 65 are expected to retire in the year in which they attain 30 it is assumed that 6.0% of male members under age 55, 6.5% of male members ages 55 and over, 5.0% of female members under a members ages 55 and over, 5.0% of female members under a members ages 55 and over will retire under early reduced retirement.	ew Plan and GSE e members unde retire under earl	PS members less than ar age 55, 6.5% of male y reduced retirement.	age 65 are expec e members ages	ted to retire in tl 55 and over, 5.c	he year in which they at 9% of female members	tain 30 years of service. In addition, under age 55 and 10.0% of female
PSERS	appiy to law e	inforcement office	Š			
	A	Age Annual Rate	Rate	Age	Annual Rate	
	0	60 17 %	6	68	25 %	
	0	61 17		69	25	
	0	62 26		70	28	
	0	63 18		71	28	
	0	64 21		72	28	
	0	65 32		73	28	
	0	66 25		74	28	
	0	67 25	75	& over	100	
GJRS						
		Age Ar	Annual Rates of Retirement*	Retirement*		
		60	25 %	0,		
		61-64	10			
		65-69	12			
		70	50			
		71-74	20			
		75	100			

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LRS					
	Age	Age Annual Rate	Age	Annual Rate	
	60 - 69	10 %	73	25 %	
	70	35	74	40	
	71	15	75	100	
	72	15			
GMPF					
	Age		Annual Rates of Retirement	irement	
	60		60.0 %		
	61		33.3		
	62		33.3		

Annual Rates of Death After Retirement

63 64

65 & over

33.3 33.3 100.0

forward 5 years for males is used for the period after disability retirement. used for the period after service retirement and for beneficiaries of deceased members. The RP-2000 Disability Mortality Table set retirement. For PSERS, the 1994 Group Annuity Table set forward four years for males and set forward two years for females is For all plans except PSERS, the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table rated forward two years is used for the period after retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward three years is used for the period after disability

.146 % .083 % 65 2.173 %	.083 % 65 2.173 %	Age Men Women Age Men	60 1.015 .583 85 11.567 8.402	.558 .292 80 7.553	45 .190 .111 70 2.848 1.651 50 .321 .173 75 4.517 2.837	.125 % .082 % 65 1.803 %	Men Women Age	ERS
			8.402	4.915	1.651 2.837			

55 60

.709 1.294

.292 .583

85 85

8.961 13.945

4.915 8.402

Actuarial Section	

GJRS						
	Age	Men	Women	Age	Men	Women
	40	.125 %	.082 %	65	1.803 %	1.076 %
	45	.190	. 111	70	2.848	1.651
	50	.321	.173	75	4.517	2.837
	55	.558	.292	80	7.553	4.915
	60	1.015	.583	85	11.567	8.402
LRS						
	Age	Men	Women	Age	Men	Women
	40	.125 %	.082 %	65	1.803 %	1.076 %
	45	.190	.111	70	2.848	1.651
	50	.321	.173	75	4.517	2.837
	55	.558	.292	80	7.553	4.915
	60	1.015	.583	85 5	11.567	8.402
GMPF						
	Age	Men	Women	Age	Men	Women
	40	.125 %	.082 %	65	1.803 %	1.076 %
	45	.190	.111	70	2.848	1.651
	50	.321	.173	75	4.517	2.837

60 55

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85 85

7.553 11.567

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Active Members						
ERS						
	Year	Active Members	Annual Payroll (in thousands)	Average Pay	Change	
	2004 2005	72,106 72.716	\$ 2,445,619 2.514.430	\$ 33,917 34.579	(0.2) % 2.0	
	2006	74,089	2,630,167	35,500	2.7	
	2007	73,985 75.293	2,680,972 2,809,199	36,237 37.310	301	
	2009	71,272	2,674,155	37,520	0.6	
PSERS						
		Year	Active Members	ers		
		2004 2005 2006	35,943 36,704 37 587			
		2007 2007 2008 2009				
PSERS is not a compensation based plan.	n based plai					
GJRS						
	Year	Active Members	Annual Payroll (in thousands)	Average Pay	Change	
	2004	451	\$ 40,908	\$ 90,705	(0.8) % 11	
	2006	400 478	45,308	91,701 94,787	6 3 - 5 4 -	
	2007 2008 2009	482 502	48,02 - 51,102 52,083	101,294 106,021 103,751	(2.1)	
LRS						
		Year	Active Members	ers		
		2004				
		2006 2007 2008 2009	218 218 218			
LRS is not a compensation based plan.	ased plan.					

GMPF is not a compensation based plan.

2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2008

8,573 8,870 10,320 12,017 11,623 12,019

Year

Active Members

GMPF

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Member and Employer Contribution Rates

ERS	

		Ę	Employer Rates	
Year	Member	Old Plan*	New Plan	GSEPS**
2004	1.25%	10.41%	10.41%	n/a
2005	1.25%	10.41%	10.41%	n/a
2006	1.25%	10.41%	10.41%	n/a
2007	1.25%	10.41%	10.41%	n/a
2008	1.25%	10.41%	10.41%	n/a
2009	1.25%	10.41%	10.41%	6.54%
2010	1.25%	10.41%	10.41%	6.54%

* Old Plan Rate includes an employer pick-up of employee contributions. ** GSEPS Plan began on January 1, 2009

PSERS

	Year	Member	Employer
	2004	\$ 36 a vear	\$ 833 000
	2005	\$ 36 a year	833,000
	2006	\$ 36 a year	3,634,000
	2007	\$ 36 a year	6,484,000
	2008	\$ 36 a year	2,866,000
	2009	\$ 36 a year	5,680,000
	2010	\$ 36 a year	5,529,000
GJRS			
	Year	Member	Employer
	2004	7.50%	3.85%
	2005	7.50%	3.85%
	2006	7.50%	3.85%
	2007	7.50%	3.85%
	2008	7.50%	3.85%
	2009	7.50%	3.85%
	2010	7.50%	3.85%
	Year	Member	Employer
	2004	8.50%	\$ 52,000

		GMPF							
2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010	Year		2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
ハ'a ハ'a ハ'a ハ'a	Member		8.50%	8.50%	8.50%	8.50%	8.50%	8.50%	8.50%
\$ 617,000 891,000 1,005,000 1,103,000 1,323,000 1,434,000	Employer		75,000	71,000	73,000	62,000	54,000	54,000	\$ 52,000

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Analysis of Change in Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL)

		2009		2008 Amou	2007 2006 Amount of Increase (Decrease) (in Millions)	2006 Jecrease) (ir	Millions)	2005	2004
ERS Interest (7.50) added to	\$	124.8	\$	78.1 \$	58.6	\$	28.4	23.2	
Interest (7.50) added to previous UAL	÷	124.0	¥			¥		23.2	5.2 Not provided by Actuary
Accrued liability contribution		(99.7)		(86.3)	(35.3)		7.4	7.0	.0
Experience: Valuation asset growth		609.1		129.3	(59.5)		140.2	102.4	4
Pensioners' mortality		107.2		51.3	51.0		50.1 28 1	(24.2)	1.2)
New entrants		16.7		22.9	35.7		20: I 34.4	39.4	
Salary increases		(296.9)		(22.7)	(33.2)		(84.2)	(109.2)	0.2)
Amendments (COLAs)		(358.6)		188.8	5.9		(09.0) 245.2	(225.8	5.8
Assumption changes		0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0	(168.5)	3.5)
Data changes		270.5		0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
Misc. changes		86.4		157.6	120.9		22.8	0.0	0.0
Total	Ф	600.9	÷	622.0 \$	3 259.8	\$	403.4 \$	69.0	9.0
				Amour	Amount of Increase (Decrease) (in Thousands	crease) (in T	Thousand	s)	
Interest (7.50) added to previous UAL	÷	(1,567.9)	÷	(2,953.7) \$	3 (5,596.9)	\$ (6,	(6,204.6) \$	(5,769.9)	9) Not provided by Actuary
Accrued liability contribution		5,026.0		7,267.0	4,729.2	Q	6,961.2	9,691.0	.0
Experience:						1			,
Pensioners' mortality		34,013.0 973.7		0,023.0 420.3	(320.5)		1,146.2	(3,354.4)	i.4)
Turnover and retirements New entrants		6,201.3		3,381.4 4 021 0	1,053.3 3.556.9	4 (1	(1,717.5) 4,151.6	4,608.5 4,121.2	2,5
Salary increases		0.0		0.0	0.0	ò	0.0	0.0	0.0
Method changes Amendments (COLAs)		0.0		0.0	0.0 36,404.3	(3,	(3,594.0) 0.0	(1,559.2) 23,008.5	9.2) 3.5
Assumption changes		0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0	(41,797.1)	. <u>-</u>]
Lawsuit Data changes		2,168.0 24.199.5		0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0 0
Allotment for expenses		433.0		0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	⇔	74,519.0	\$	18,477.2 \$	35,243.2	\$	8,101.9 \$	(5,795.4)	5.4)
				Amour	Amount of Increase (Decrease) (in Thousands)	crease) (in T	Thousand	s)	
GJRS									
Interest (7.50) added to previous UAL	\$	(3,360.0)	÷	(3,585.9) \$	3 (3,729.5)	\$ (3,	(3,889.8) \$	(4,035.8)	5.8) Not provided by Actuary
Accrued liability contribution		3,596.2		4,498.3	3,953.2	6	6,928.7	6,330.0	1.0
Experience: Valuation asset growth		13,941.0		3,164.0	(1,026.0)	ω	3,464.0	2,648.0	1.0
Pensioners' mortality		1,102.3		409.3	(154.4)	ـ	709.7	(950.0)).0)
New entrants		1,982.9 967.2		1,243.3 354.2	(1,614.7) 659.5	_	1,649.8 322.6	(2,694.5) 1,638.0	1.5) 3.0
Salary increases		(10,561.2)		(3,432.4)	369.8	(3	(3,293.9)	(5,002.0)	0)
Method changes Amendments (COLAs)		0.0 (2,359.4)		0.0 1,265.0	0.0 24.1	(1	(1,738.0) 2,383.8	1,702.3 5,036.8	00 63
Assumption changes		0.0		0.0	0.0		0.0	(2,725,8) 0 0	5,8) 0
Data changes		4,581.2		0.0	о.0	2	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total	\$	9,649.6	\$	3,012.3 \$		\$	2,136.4 \$	1,947.0	.0

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	2009	2008	2007	20	2006	2005	2004
		Am	Amount of Increase (Decrease) (in Thousands)	e (Decrease) ((in Thousands)		
LRS							
Interest (7.50) added to \$ previous UAL	(468.9) \$	\$ (426.9) \$		(432.3) \$	(369.8)	(\$440.1)	Not provided by Actuary
Accrued liability contribution	(21.1)	(26.3)	(3	(31.1)	(43.1)	43.1	
Experience:		1)))	
Pensioners' mortality	240.7	(2.2)	11	9.4	(412.7)	172.6	
Turnover and retirements	(5.7)	(429.8)	42	423.8	(154.7)	350.0	
New entrants	0.0	35.9		0.0	0.0	158.5	
Salary increases	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	
Method changes	0.0	0.0		0.0	(142.0)	291.1	
Amendments (COLAs)	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	1.491.7	
Assumption changes	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	(1,337.6)	
Lawsuit	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	
Data changes	(1,529.1)	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	
Misc. changes	(51.7)	47.4	14	7.9	0.0	0.0	

Note: Beginning with the 2011 report, the actuarial section will include Solvency test results and Change in Payroll results. This information has not been gathered in the past years, but is now being created for future years.

Total

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(528.4)

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(560.2)

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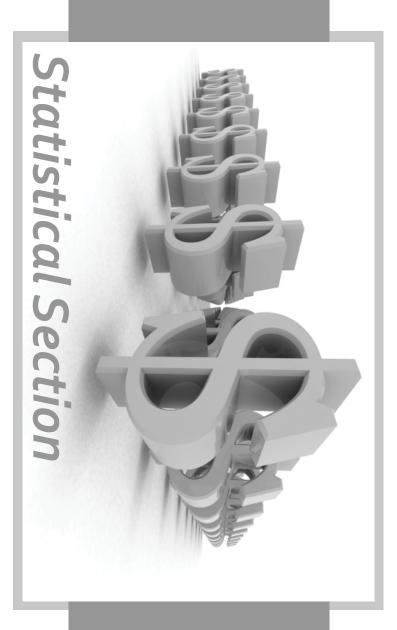
72.7

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(833.3)

\$937.3





Introduction

Therefore, historical detail may not be complete for some schedules. is derived from the actuarial valuations. FY2010 is the first year ERSGA has added this information in their Annual Financial Report. The objective of the statistical section is to provide a historical perspective, context and relevant details to assist readers in evaluating the condition of the plans. All nonaccounting data is taken from ERSGA's internal sources except for information which

Financial Trends

the past 10 years: The following schedules have been included to help the reader understand how the System's financial position has changed over

Additions by Source Deductions by Type Change in Net Assets

Operational Trends

provided by the System and the activities it performs: The following schedules have been included to help the readers understand how the System's financial report relates to the services

Retiree Information Withdrawal (Refund) Data New Retiree Elections Overall Plan Statistics

but will be created for future years. Note: Additional data will be provided beginning with the 2011 report. This information was easily obtained for this years report,

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
ERS										
Employee Contributions Employer Contributions Investment Earnings Other	\$ 55,887 315,505 (795,683) —	57,920 233,229 (488,398) —	55,456 246,172 488,611 —	54,166 245,388 1,115,798 —	49,973 243,074 930,287 —	50,963 258,482 774,724 —	49,250 270,141 1,869,113 90,333	48,324 286,256 (482,679) —	43,978 281,206 (1,726,302) —	42,052 263,064 1,176,741 —
Total Additions to (Deductions from) Plan Net Assets	\$ (424,291)	(197,249)	790,239	1,415,352	1,223,334	1,084,169	2,278,837	(148,099)	(1,401,118)	1,481,857
PSERS										
Employee Contributions Employer Contributions Investment Earnings Other	\$ 1,227 17,030 (49,236) 625	1,275 11,623 (28,953) 625	1,298 3,555 29,649 594	1,317 836 66,149 588	1,352 840 53,970 588	1,380 3,638 44,561 588	1,420 6,490 106,833 588	1,451 2,869 (27,052) 588	1,472 5,096 (97,156) 588	1,483 5,530 66,404 —
Total Additions to (Deductions from) Plan Net Assets	\$ (30,354)	(15,430)	35,096	68,890	56,750	50,167	115,331	(22,144)	(90,000)	73,417
GJRS										
Employee Contributions Employer Contributions Investment Earnings Other	\$ 3,347 1,269 (13,883) 175	3,527 20 (9,128) 175	3,814 373 9,340 175	3,848 1,558 21,315 175	4,779 1,826 18,422 175	4,221 1,683 15,665 175	4,040 1,778 39,324 175	4,698 2,395 (10,702) 175	4,612 1,703 (38,164) 175	5,018 3,369 27,378 175
Total Additions to (Deductions from) Plan Net Assets	\$ (9,092)	(5,406)	13,702	26,896	25,202	21,744	45,317	(3,434)	(31,674)	35,940
LRS										
Employee Contributions Employer Contributions Investment Earnings Other	\$ 250 97 (981) 110	291 70 (1,415) 110	297 43 1,074 110	293 52 2,444 110	302 54 2,034 110	324 54 1,684 110	320 62 4,072 110	320 73 (1,051) 110	320 71 (3,772) 110	318 75 2,610 110
Total Additions to (Deductions from) Plan Net Assets	\$ (524)	(944)	1,524	2,899	2,500	2,172	4,564	(548)	(3,271)	3,113
GMPF*										
Employer Contributions Investment Earnings	\$ 		591 41	617 86	891 103	891 131	1,005 503	1,103 (191)	1,323 (657)	1,434 565
Total Additions to (Deductions from) Plan Net Assets	\$ 		632	703	994	1,022	1,508	912	666	1,999

*Plan began in 2003

Additions by Source - Contribution/Investment Income (in thousands)

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ERS			Benefit Payments	ents				
		Partial				Net		Total Deductions
FiscalYear	Service	Fartian Lump-Sum Option	Disability	Survivor Benefits	Total Benefit A Payments	Administrative Expenses	Refunds	from Plan Assets
2001	\$ 409,024	1	68,414		\$ 518,734	6,950	7,563	\$ 533,247
2002		ı	80,507			7,971	5,430	
2003	497,634	ı	92,433	47,176	637,243	8,509	5,253	651,005
2004	549,545		101,887	50,882	702,314	8,474	5,819	716,607
2005	605,688	6,289	111,902	54,584	778,463	9,587	6,510	794,560
2006	664,891	14,360	120,315	58,294	857,860	10,596	6,978	875,434
2007	721,869	17,821	127,091	61,873	928,654	14,901	6,696	950,251
2008	797,052	24,792	131,709	66,397	1,019,950	18,805	7,815	1,046,570
6002	699,688	22,011	135,743	69,735	1,117,158	16,809	6,597	1,140,564
2010	878,482	23,480	146,031	82,676	1,130,669	14,505	6,483	1,151,657
							Total Deductions	U1
FiscalYear	Service	Disability	Benefits	Payments	Expenses	Refunds	Plan Assets	
2001	\$ 29.061	3,382	1.021	\$ 33,464	. 625		\$ 34,371	
2002		3,642	1,089		625			
2003	31,926	3,913	1,182	37,021	594		37,848	
2004	34,207	4,142	1,297	39,646	588		40,528	
2005	35,278	4,341	1,397	41,016	588		41,891	
2006	37,505	4,534	1,465	43,504	588		44,408	
2007	40,070	4,814	1,580	46,464	588		47,371	
2008	41,607	4,956	1,682	48,245	588		49,141	
2009	45,159	5,232	1,806	52,197	588		53,046	
2010	45,741	5,402	2,052	53,195	1,956		55,402	
GJRS		Benefit	Benefit Payments					
					2		Total	
			Survivor	Total Benefit	Administrative		from	
FiscalYear	Service	Disability	Benefits	Payments	Expenses	Refunds	Plan Assets	
2001	\$ 4,547	44	559	\$ 5,150	175	54	\$ 5,379	9

		Dellelic	bellelit r dylilelits				Total
			Survivor	Total Benefit	Net Administrative		Deductions from
FiscalYear	Service	Disability	Benefits	Payments	Expenses	Refunds	Plan Assets
2001	\$ 4,547	44	559	\$ 5,150	175	54	\$ 5,379
2002	5,172	46	643	5,861	175	120	6,156
2003	5,688	47	748	6,483	175	70	6,728
2004	6,047	48	947	7,042	175	307	7,524
2005	6,827	76	1,069	7,972	175	93	8,240
2006	7,663	103	1,136	8,902	175	379	9,456
2007	7,908	106	1,285	9,299	175	76	9,550
2008	8,259	110	1,498	9,867	175	14	10,056
2009	9,453	112	1,546	11,111	175	263	11,549
2010	10,633	114	1,618	12,365	270	139	12,774

		Total Deductions e from Plan Assets	Net Administrative Expenses	Total Benefit Payments	Service*	Fiscal Year
				Benefit Payments	Benefit l	GMPF**
1,911	47	120	1,744	436	1,308	2010
1,849	49	110	1,690	425	1,265	2009
1,809	65	110	1,634	406	1,228	2008
1,731	33	110	1,588	401	1,187	2007
1,719	18	110	1,591	381	1,210	2006
1,732	69	110	1,553	384	1,169	2005
1,447	14	110	1,323	337	986	2004
1,376	20	110	1,246	326	920	2003
1,366	16	110	1,240	317	923	2002
\$ 1,224	35	110	1,079	281 \$		2001 \$
Plan Assets	Refunds	Expenses	Payments	Benefits	Service	Fiscal Year
Iotal Deductions from		Net Administrative	Total Benefit	Survivor		
-						
			S	Benefit Payments	В	LRS

*The only type of retirement in GMPF is a service retirement **Plan began in 2003.

2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010

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6 49 150 225 303 382 489

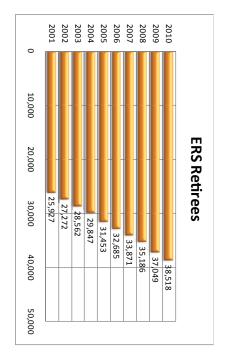
6 49 150 225 303 382 532

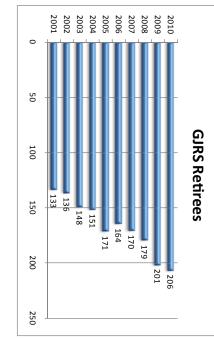
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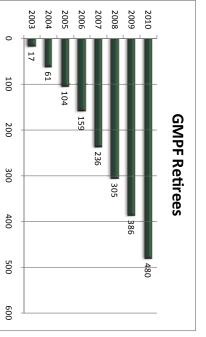
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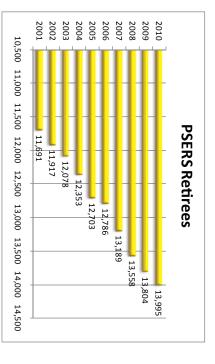
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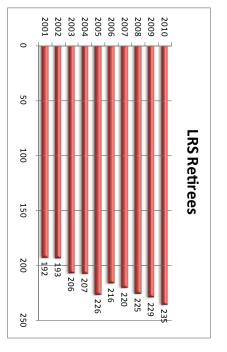
	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
ERS										
Total Additions Total Deductions Changes in Plan Net Assets	\$ (424,291) 533,247 (957,538)	(197,249) 588,003 (785,252)	790,239 651,005 139,234	1,415,352 716,607 698,745	1,223,334 794,560 428,774	1,084,169 875,434 208,735	2,278,837 950,251 1,328,586	(148,099) 1,046,570 (1,194,669)	(1,401,118) 1,140,564 (2,541,682)	1,481,857 1,151,657 330,200
PSERS										
Total Additions Total Deductions Changes in Plan Net Assets	(30,354) 34,371 (65,725)	(15,430) 35,680 (51,110)	35,096 37,848 (2,752)	68,890 40,528 28,362	56,750 41,891 14,859	50,167 44,408 5,759	115,331 47,371 67,960	(22,144) 49,141 (71,285)	(90,000) 53,046 (143,046)	73,417 55,402 18,015
GJRS										
Total Additions Total Deductions Changes in Plan Net Assets	(9,092) 5,379 (14,471)	(5,406) 6,156 (11,562)	13,702 6,728 6,974	26,896 7,524 19,372	25,202 8,240 16,962	21,744 9,456 12,288	45,317 9,550 35,767	(3,434) 10,056 (13,490)	(31,674) 11,549 (43,223)	35,940 12,774 23,166
LRS										
Total Additions Total Deductions Changes in Plan Net Assets	(524) 1,224 (1,748)	(944) 1,366 (2,310)	1,524 1,376 148	2,899 1,447 1,452	2,500 1,732 768	2,172 1,719 453	4,564 1,731 2,833	(548) 1,809 (2,357)	(3,271) 1,849 (5,120)	3,113 1,911 1,202
GMPF										
Total Additions Total Deductions Changes in Plan Net Assets			632 6 626	703 49 654	994 93 901	1,022 150 872	1,508 225 1,283	912 303 609	666 382 284	1,999 532 1,467





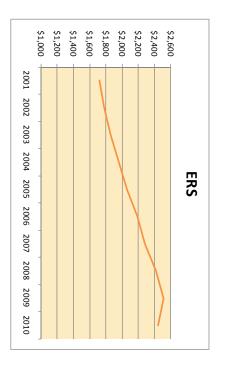


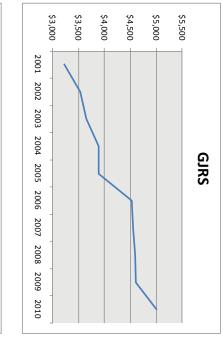


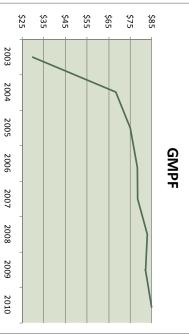


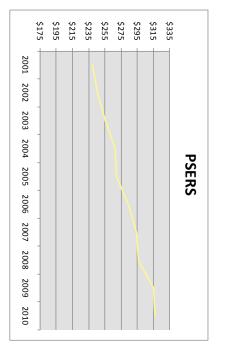
Statistical Section

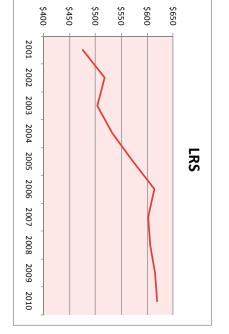
Average Monthly Payments to Retirees

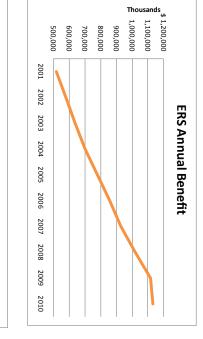


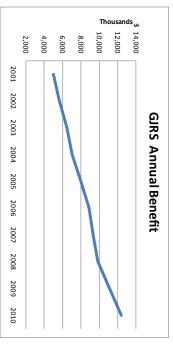


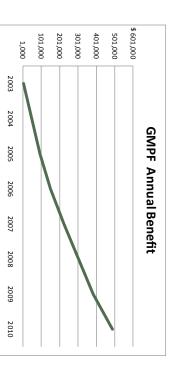


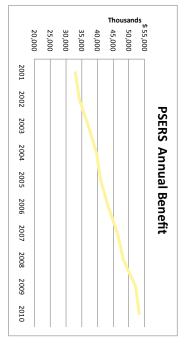


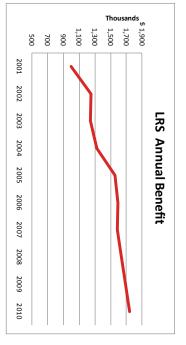






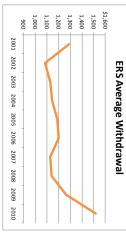


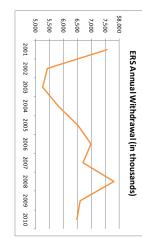


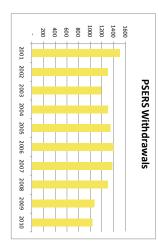


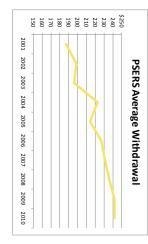
Withdrawal Statistics





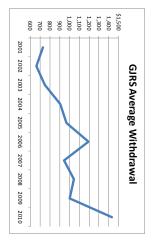






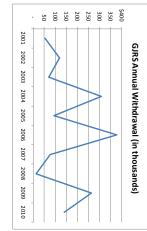
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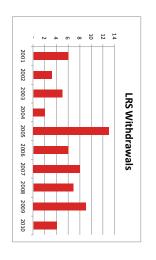
PSERS Annual Withdrawal (in thousands)

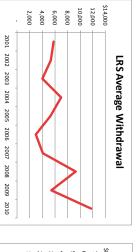


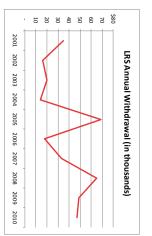
GJRS Withdrawals

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Note: The GMPF Plan does not have a refund feature.

Average Monthly Benefit Payment for New Retirees - ERS

2001	10-15	1 6-20	Years of Credited Service 21-25 26-30	ted Service 26-30	Over 30	Total
Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Retirees	\$556.82 \$2,577.80 286	\$930.29 \$2,771.52 210	\$1,356.00 \$3,084.89 200	\$1,533.98 \$3,171.87 321	\$3,043.12 \$4,015.49 1,077	\$2,099.17 \$3,489.22 2,094
2002 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Retirees	\$651.28 \$2,608.44 300	\$1,008.52 \$2,777.64 262	\$1,472.04 \$3,058.11 212	\$1,778.52 \$3,258.21 290	\$3,265.53 \$4,127.08 933	\$2,170.36 \$3,481.95 1,997
2003 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Retirees	\$673.29 \$2,675.88 299	\$1,099.73 \$3,307.90 233	\$1,570.92 \$3,133.09 234	\$1,756.82 \$7,027.30 261	\$3,444.12 \$ 4,268.39 1,009	\$2,337.32 \$4,147.79 2,036
2004 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Retirees	\$661.26 \$2,729.52 336	\$999.80 \$2,840.39 271	\$1,616.46 \$3,390.17 202	\$1,901.33 \$3,561.77 290	3,486.20 4,404.67 991	2,309.02 3,717.68 2,090
2005 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Retirees	\$704.19 \$2,979.35 309	\$991.76 \$2,858.79 312	\$1,440.14 \$3,219.54 254	\$1,816.69 \$3,553.20 299	\$3,440.48 \$4,321.38 1,091	\$2,291.20 \$3,711.85 2,265
2006 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Retirees	\$632.54 \$2,867.00 281	\$1,022.68 \$2,971.73 299	\$1,347.20 \$3,087.80 219	\$1,789.67 \$3,587.30 298	\$3,458.78 \$4,345.99 1,011	\$2,281.17 \$3,715.95 2,108
2007 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Retirees	\$655.86 \$2,935.70 307	\$961.27 \$3,071.63 303	\$1,317.36 \$3,265.26 247	\$1,789.83 \$3,745.37 292	\$3,423.26 \$4,373.83 1,022	\$2,229.02 \$3,778.07 2,171
2008 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Retirees	\$701.03 \$3,025.39 309	\$1,068.51 \$3,181.44 306	\$1,457.03 \$3,408.23 280	\$1,899.48 \$3,767.28 290	\$3,576.69 \$4,489.73 1,032	\$2,342.60 \$3,873.97 2,217
2009 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Retirees	\$717.65 \$3,109.07 344	\$1,059.22 \$3,179.28 320	\$1,458.18 \$3,483.90 301	\$1,910.75 \$3,875.27 324	\$3,627.21 \$4,548.96 949	\$2,272.58 \$3,891.02 2,238
2010 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Retirees	\$694.23 \$3,023.45 391	\$1,086.00 \$3,345.36 324	\$1,502.32 \$3,555.21 332	\$1,849.65 \$3,802.65 375	\$3,653.29 \$4,588.73 981	\$2,247.01 \$3,900.93 2,403

Average Monthly Benefit Payment for New Retirees - PSERS

2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	
Average Monthly Benefit										
Number of Retirees										
\$157.66	\$156.52	\$149.91	\$143.42	\$137.90	\$140.98	\$138.46	\$137.89	\$139.82	\$136.87	10-15
448	391	362	323	347	322	357	292	256	279	
\$224.92	\$224.92	\$219.81	\$208.47	\$206.87	\$203.00	\$202.25	\$201.29	\$194.45	\$205.29	Y
200	200	199	174	206	197	182	148	168	163	16-20
\$300.93	\$289.93	\$279.58	\$265.12	\$265.04	\$269.23	\$273.64	\$258.92	\$271.54	\$265.82	Years of Credited Service
162	157	116	106	127	131	145	124	136	177	21-25 26-30
\$359.24	\$357.58	\$349.05	\$331.55	\$324.20	\$325.73	\$324.25	\$328.44	\$318.18	\$324.14	ted Service
76	91	99	89	84	113	112	88	113	118	26-30
\$464.07	\$460.04	\$439.31	\$426.70	\$413.20	\$422.95	\$421.35	\$419.56	\$419.65	\$422.14	Over 30
105	90	98	93	115	93	89	97	68	100	
\$243.41	\$242.89	\$238.04	\$229.16	\$226.26	\$229.90	\$225.69	\$229.32	\$229.26	\$237.95	Total
1001	929	874	785	879	856	885	749	741	837	

Note: PSERS is not a final average pay plan.

Average Monthly Benefit Payment for New Retirees - GJRS

\$6,242.00 \$9,150.21 12	000	\$6,422.80 \$8,602.74 4	\$7,643.86 \$10,490.01 2	\$4,563.90 \$7,018.08 5	\$6,337.43 \$10,490.01 1	2010 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Retirees
\$6,478.85 \$9,506.14 27	\$7,639.64 \$10,232.57 2	\$6,630.61 \$8,881.08 5	\$7,366.55 \$10,071.58 7	\$5,883.17 \$8,825.88 5	\$4,874.28 \$9,519.58 8	2009 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Retirees
\$4,863.02 \$7,646.23 8	000	\$4,735.08 \$6,342.20 2	\$7,368.55 \$9,934.33 2	000	\$2,485.43 \$6,662.15 4	2008 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Retirees
\$4,849.90 \$8,359.16 11	000	\$7,603.57 \$10,184.26 1	\$5,338.65 \$7,150.62 3	\$1,821.81 \$8,213.52 3	\$4,635.56 \$7,888.25 4	2007 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Retirees
\$4,333.55 \$6,050.86 2	000	000	\$7,018.67 \$8,421.30 1	000	\$1,648.42 \$3,680.42 1	2006 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Retirees
\$5,792.01 \$8,737.41 23	000	\$5,422.44 \$7,262.55 3	\$6,854.45 \$9,481.56 10	\$5,972.47 \$8,785.09 8	\$4,918.69 \$9,420.45 2	2005 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Retirees
\$5,472.57 \$8,565.79 6	000	\$7,140.57 \$9,564.12 1	\$7,084.78 \$9,564.12 1	\$2,916.48 \$5,997.81 3	\$4,748.43 \$9,137.11 1	2004 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Retirees
\$5,970.60 \$7,921.63 13	\$5,439.24 \$7,285.35 1	\$7,140.57 \$9,564.12 4	\$4,531.83 \$6,376.87 2	\$6,770.75 \$8,460.17 6	000	2003 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Retirees
\$6,474.68 \$8,706.62 7	000	\$6,739.14 \$9,026.44 2	\$6,380.10 \$8,586.58 2	\$6,304.79 \$8,506.83 3	000	2002 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Retirees
\$3,706.97 \$5,461.47 17	\$1,505.22 \$2,016.09 1	\$746.60 \$1,000.00 1	\$5,278.58 \$7,232.43 9	\$6,163.12 \$8,529.42 4	\$4,841.33 \$8,529.42 2	2001 Average Monthly Benefit Average Final Average Salary Number of Retirees
Total	Over 30	ted Service 26-30	Years of Credited Service 21-25 26-30	16-20	10-15	

Average Monthly Benefit Payment for New Retirees - LRS

2010 Average Monthly Benefit Number of Retirees	2009 Average Monthly Benefit Number of Retirees	2008 Average Monthly Benefit Number of Retirees	2007 Average Monthly Benefit Number of Retirees	2006 Average Monthly Benefit Number of Retirees	2005 Average Monthly Benefit Number of Retirees	2004 Average Monthly Benefit Number of Retirees	2003 Average Monthly Benefit Number of Retirees	2002 Average Monthly Benefit Number of Retirees	2001 Average Monthly Benefit Number of Retirees	
\$372.93 8	\$425.39 2	\$324.74 4	\$256.96 5	\$355.63 3	\$358.41 9	\$258.71 6	\$321.39 8	\$297.30 5	\$305.10 6	8 - 14
\$558.00 1	\$650.99 1	\$604.63 4	\$476.39 5	\$517.30 3	\$456.84 2	\$553.70 2	\$459.05 5	\$537.58 1	0 0	۱ 5 - 19
0 0	0 0	\$698.86 2	\$762.02 2	0 0	0 0	0 0	\$625.33 6	0 0	\$558.06 1	Years of Credited Service 20 - 24 25 - 29
0 0	\$921.00 2	0 0	\$939.00 1	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	\$813.89 2	ited Service 25 - 29
0 0	\$1,203.00 3	0 0	\$1,195.52 1	0 0	\$981.11 8	0 0	\$945.96 3	0 0	\$800.44 2	30 & over
\$465.47 9	\$800.10 8	\$542.74 10	\$725.98 14	\$436.47 6	\$598.79 19	\$406.21 8	\$587.93 22	\$417.44 6	\$619.37 9	Total

Note: LRS is not a final average pay plan.

Average Monthly Benefit Payment for New Retirees - GMPF

2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	
Aver	Avera	Aver	Aver	Avera	Aver	Aver	Avera	
Num								
2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	
Average Monthly Benefit								
Number of Retirees								
\$63.82	\$59.50	\$55.63	\$60.83	\$61.25	\$54.00	\$59.44	\$57.50	Y
17	20	8	6	4	5	9	4	20-25
\$85.83	\$87.63	\$83.61	\$83.46	\$85.00	\$83.57	\$81.54	\$90.00	Years of Credited Service
18	19	18	13	13	7	13	4	26 - 30 Over 30
\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	\$100.00	ited Service
56	53	47	54	44	28	23	12	Over 30
\$83.22	\$82.38	\$79.75	\$81.43	\$82.08	\$79.19	\$80.33	\$82.50	Total
91	92	73	73	61	40	45	20	

Note: GMPF is not a final average pay plan.

Statistic
cal Sectio
n

Top Participatory Employers

Member Count % of total plan

201	
	Total JRS Member Count
478	Total top Employers
96	Prosecuting Attorney's Council
7	Council of Juvenile Judges
108	Council of State Court Judges
203	Council of Superior Court Judges
	GJRS
39,962	Total PSERS Member Count
15,285	Total top Employers
715	Paulding County Schools
877	Richmond County Schools
894	Forsyth County Schools
902	Cherokee County Schools
606	Henry County Schools
970	Muscogee County Schools
1,382	Clayton County Schools
2,234	Dekalb County Schools
2,471	Cobb County Schools
3,931	Gwinnett County Schools
	PSERS
68,567	Total ERS Member Count
39,988	Total top Employers
1,351	Department of Community Health
1,674	Department of Driver Services
1,942	Department of Human Resources
1,154	Department of Revenue
2,079	Department of Natural Resources
3,679	Department of Juvenile Justice
3,867	Department of Labor
4,846	Department of Transportation
6,869	Department of Behavoiral Health and Developmental Disability
12,527	Department of Corrections

Data from 9 years prior is unavailable.

System	Net Assets	Employer Contributions	Employee Contributions	Active Members	Retirees	Annual Payment	Average Monthly Benefit
ERS	\$ 11 billion	Old Plan: 10.41% New Plan: 10.41% GSEPS 6.54% (\$263.1 mil)	Old Plan: 6% (with 4.75% pickup) New Plan: 1.25% (\$42.1 mil) GSEPS: 1.25%	Old Plan: (6%) 2,668 New Plan: (94%) 59,060 GSEPS: 6,839 Total: 68,567	Total: 38,518 Service: 30,099 Beneficiary: 2,016 Disability: 5,546 Inv. Sep.: 712 Law. Enf.: 145	\$1.1 billion	\$2403
PSERS	615.3 million	\$5.5 million	\$36 yr (\$1.5 million)	39,962	13,995	\$53.2 million	\$317
GJRS	271.4 million	3.85% (\$3.4 million)	7.5% +2.5% Spousal (\$5 million)	495	206	\$12.4 million	\$5,007
LRS	24.8 million	(\$75 thousand)	8.5% (with 4.75% pickup) (\$318 thousand)	216	235	\$1.7 million	\$633
GDCP	98.5 millon	None	7.5% (\$16 million)	16,502	1	NA	NA
SCJRF	736 thousand	\$1.2 million	None	None	27	\$1.9 million	\$5,864.20
DARF	2 thousand	\$80 thousand	None	None	7	\$80 thousand	\$952
SEAD	836.6 million	None	New Plan: 0.25% Old Plan: 0.50%	No. Insured: 62,191	No. Insured: 33,879	No. of Claims: 947 Amt.Pd: \$28.5 mil	\$30,095
GMPF	6.7 million	\$1.4 million	None	Not maintained By ERS	480	\$489 thousand	\$85

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