

Employees Retirement System of the City of St. Louis

Actuarial Valuation as of October 1, 2014

**Produced by Cheiron** 

Revised April 2015



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#### LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

April 21, 2015

Board of Pension Trustees Employees Retirement System of the City of St. Louis 1114 Market Street, Suite 900 St. Louis, Missouri 63101

Dear Members of the Board:

At your request, we have conducted an actuarial valuation of the Employees Retirement System of the City of St. Louis as of October 1, 2014. The valuation is organized as follows:

- In Section I **Board Summary**, we describe the purpose of an actuarial valuation and summarize the key results found in this valuation.
- The **Main Body** of the report presents details on the System's:
  - o Section II Assets
  - o Section III Liabilities
  - o Section IV Contributions
  - o Section V Accounting Statement Information (GASB)
- In the **Appendices**, we conclude our report with detailed information describing the System's membership (Appendix A), actuarial assumptions and methods employed (Appendix B), and a summary of pertinent plan provisions (Appendix C).

The results of this report rely on future System experience conforming to the underlying assumptions. To the extent that actual System experience deviates from the underlying assumptions, the results will vary accordingly. The actuarial assumptions were adopted by the Board based on recommendations from the prior actuary from an experience study covering plan experience during the period from October 1, 2004 through September 30, 2009. While we consider these assumptions to be reasonable we have not as yet performed our own actuarial experience study on the assumptions.

The purpose of this report is to present the annual actuarial valuation of the Employees Retirement System of the City of St. Louis. This report is for the use of the Board and its auditors in preparing financial reports in accordance with applicable law and accounting requirements.

In preparing our report, we relied without audit, on information supplied by the Employees Retirement System of the City of St. Louis staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, plan provisions, employee data, and financial information. We performed an informal examination of the obvious characteristics of the data for reasonableness and consistency in accordance with Actuarial Standards of Practice #23.





Fax: 703.893.2006

Board of Pension Trustees April 21, 2015 Page ii

To the best of our knowledge, this report and its contents have been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices which are consistent with the Code of Professional Conduct and applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice as set out by the Actuarial Standards Board. Furthermore, as credentialed actuaries, we meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the opinion contained in this report. This report does not address any contractual or legal issues. We are not attorneys and our firm does not provide any legal services or advice.

This actuarial report was prepared solely for the Employees Retirement System of the City of St. Louis for the purposes described herein. This valuation report is not intended to benefit third party, and Cheiron assumes no duty or liability to any such party.

Sincerely, Cheiron

Stephen McElhaney, FSA, FCA, MAAA

Principal Consulting Actuary

Michael J. Noble, FSA, FCA, MAAA

Principal Consulting Actuary



## SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

The primary purpose of the actuarial valuation and this report is to measure, describe and identify as of the valuation date:

- The financial condition of the System,
- Past and expected trends in the financial progress of the System,
- The employers' contributions for Fiscal Year ending 2015, and
- Information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

In the balance of this Board Summary we present (A) the basis upon which this year's valuation was completed, (B) the key findings of this valuation including a summary of all key financial results, (C) comments on GASB 67 and GASB 68, (D) an examination of the historical trends, and (E) the projected financial outlook for the System.

### A. Valuation Basis

This October 1, 2014 valuation represents Cheiron's fifth valuation performed for the Employees Retirement System of the City of St. Louis. This valuation continues to reflect the settlement between the Library, the Board of Trustees and the City of St. Louis dated September 7, 2012 (the "Library Settlement"). The Library, Zoo, Art Museum, Tower Grove Park, Taxicab Commission and Mental Health Board hereinafter the "Lawsuit Beneficiary Employers" have a reduced Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) Amortization rate to reflect the payments received due to the settlement as of the valuation date.

## **B.** Key Findings of this Valuation

The key results of the October 1, 2014 actuarial valuation are as follows:

- The actuarially determined employer contribution rate as a percent of total compensation decreased from 15.17% as of October 1, 2013 to 13.93% as of October 1, 2014.
- The unfunded actuarial liability for the Employees Retirement System (ERS) decreased from \$204 million on October 1, 2013 to \$174 million on October 1, 2014.
- The System's funding ratio, the ratio of actuarial asset value over liabilities increased from 77.1% as of October 1, 2013 to 80.9% as of October 1, 2014.
- The primary factor in the improvement in the System's funded status was an overall experience gain of \$25.2 million.
  - o During the year ended September 30, 2014, the System's assets earned 9.63% on a market value basis, but due to smoothing of prior investment gains and losses, the return on the actuarial asset value was 10.65% (as compared to 8.00% assumed). This resulted in an actuarial gain on investments of \$17.9 million.
  - On the liability side, the System experienced a total gain of \$7.3 million. The largest individual component of this gain is from a \$3.2 million gain due to salary increases



## SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

being less than expected for continuing active participants. There is an additional net gain of \$2.7 million from participants not receiving the expected COLA and \$1.3 million gains from other sources.

### C. GASB Statements Number 67 and 68

This actuarial valuation report reflects the provisions of GASB Statement No. 67 which was approved by GASB in June 2012. Statement No. 67 is effective for the System for its fiscal year ending September 30, 2014.

GASB Statement No. 68 will be effective for the City of St. Louis for its fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. For other employers, the effective date depends upon the particular fiscal year.

With the implementation of GASB Statements No. 67 and No. 68, there is no longer the concept of a GASB Annual Required Contribution (ARC). Any references in prior reports to the ARC have been replaced in this report by the term Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC). The calculation of the ADC is identical to how the ARC was computed in prior years.



## SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

Following is Table I-1 which summarizes all the key results of the valuation with respect to the System's membership, assets and liabilities, and contributions. The results are presented and compared for both the current and prior plan year.

Employees	Table I-1 Retirement System of Summary of Principa	•					
Valuation as of:	as of: October 1, 2013 October 1, 2014 % Change						
Participant Counts							
Active Participants*	5,438	5,436	(0.04%)				
Disabled Participants	187	197	5.35%				
Retirees and Beneficiaries	4,067	4,117	1.23%				
Terminated Vested Participants	2,423	2,440	<u>0.70%</u>				
Total	12,115	12,190	0.62%				
Annual Salaries of Active Members	\$ 224,623,445	\$ 227,039,143	1.08%				
Annual Retirement Allowances for Retired Members and Beneficiaries	\$ 46,104,675	\$ 47,964,357	4.03%				
Assets and Liabilities							
Actuarial Liability (AL)	\$ 889,448,579	\$ 911,979,146	2.53%				
Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	685,397,323	737,967,928	7.67%				
Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL)	\$ 204,051,256	\$ 174,011,218	(14.72%)				
Funded Ratio	77.1%	80.9%	` ,				
Contributions as a Percentage of Payroll	Fiscal Year 2014	Fiscal Year 2015					
Normal Cost Rate	7.38%	7.35%					
City UAL Rate	7.79%	6.58%					
Total City Contribution Rate	15.17%	13.93%					
Reduction in UAL Rate for Lawsuit Beneficiary Employers	0.05%	0.07%					
Total Contribution Rate for Lawsuit Beneficiary Employers	15.12%	13.86%					
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 34,060,798	\$ 31,605,493					

<sup>\*</sup> Includes 440 DROP participants as of October 1, 2013 and 443 DROP participants as of October 1, 2014.



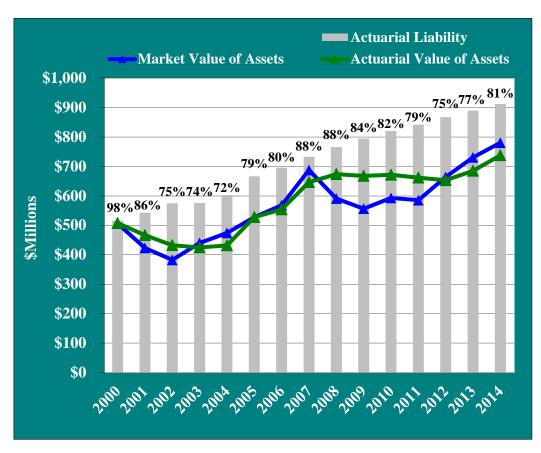
## SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

### **D.** Historical Trends

Despite the fact that for most retirement systems the greatest attention is given to the current valuation results and in particular the size of the current unfunded actuarial liability and the employer's contribution, it is important to remember that each valuation is merely a snapshot in the long-term progress of a pension fund. It is more important to judge a current year's valuation result relative to historical trends, as well as trends expected into the future.

### **Assets and Liabilities**

There was a significant increase in the market value of assets (MVA) from \$730 million to \$780 million, returning 9.63%. With the asset smoothing method in place, the actuarial value of assets has tracked a slightly smoother path through the volatility of the market over recent years. The actuarial value of assets (AVA) increased from 2013 to 2014 returning 10.65% which includes the past three years of substantial investment gains offset by the substantial investment loss for the year ending in 2011.



The above chart compares the actuarial value of assets to the actuarial liabilities and shows the funded ratio, which is a comparison of the Actuarial Value of Assets and Actuarial Liability. This chart shows that the funded ratio had decreased for the four valuations prior to 2013 due to

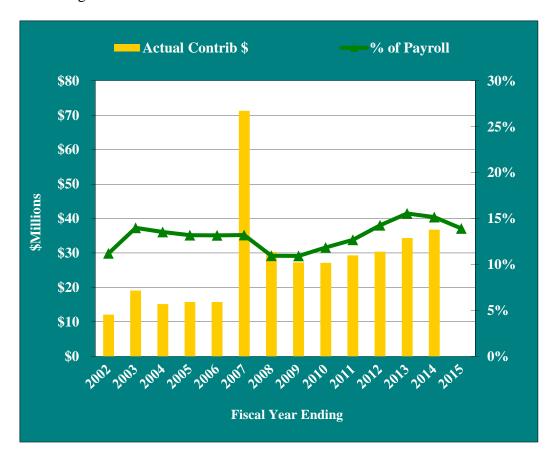


## SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

the delayed recognition of the substantial market losses in 2008 and 2009, but has increased with the market rebounds at the last two valuation dates.

### **Contribution Rates**

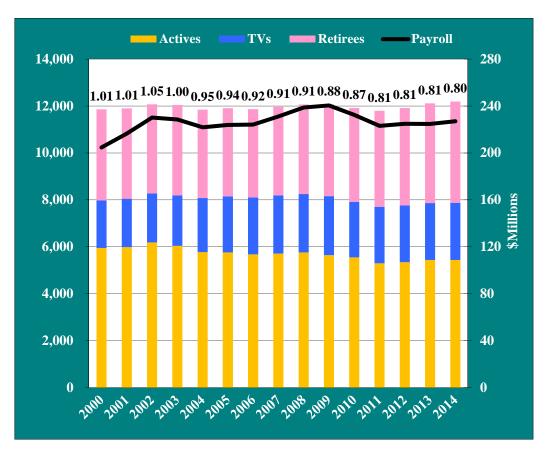
The yellow bars in this graph show the dollar amount of contributions made to the System (depicted on the left hand scale) since Fiscal Year Ending 2002. The green line shows the actuarial contribution rate (combined for all employers) as a percent of payroll (depicted on the right hand scale). Members do not make contributions to the System. The actuarial contribution rate decreased from 15.17% of payroll in 2013 to 13.93% of payroll in 2014 due to net actuarial gains.





## SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

## **Participant Trends**



The above chart provides a measure for the maturity in the System, by comparing the ratio of active members to inactive members (retirees and terminated-vesteds). The active-to-inactive ratio has declined since 2000 from 1.01 actives supporting each inactive member to 0.80 actives supporting each inactive member today.



## SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

## E. Future Expected Financial Trends

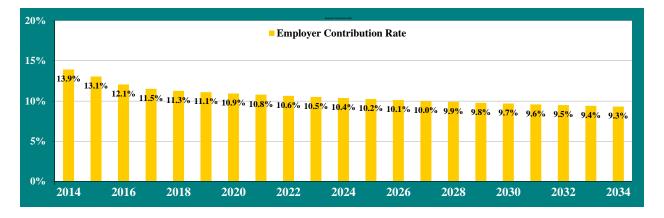
The analysis of projected financial trends is perhaps the most important component of this valuation. In this Section, we present the implications of the October 1, 2014 valuation results in terms of (1) the projected employer contributions, and (2) projected System's funded status (ratio of assets over liabilities). For each projection set, we assume three different future investment return scenarios: baseline returns of 8.00%, optimistic returns of 9.50%, and pessimistic returns of 6.50%. The projections assume there will be no future gains or losses on the liability.

### 1. Contribution Rate Projections

The first set of charts show the employer's projected actuarially determined combined contribution rates (gold bars). The years shown in the charts are plan years beginning October 1<sup>st</sup>.

#### **Baseline returns of 8.00%**

The chart below shows that the actuarially determined contribution rate will slowly decline from 13.9% to a level of 9.3% of pay by 2034. These projections assume that the System earns the assumed investment rate of 8.00% on market value. The expected decrease in contribution is due to the level dollar amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability, which would be expressed as a percentage of an increasing plan payroll.

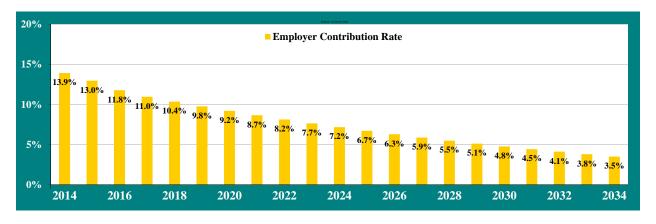




## SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

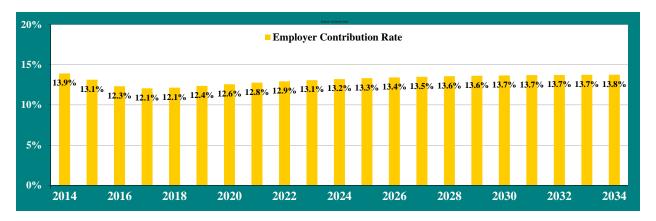
### **Optimistic returns of 9.50%**

If the System earns 1.50% greater than the assumed rate in each year of the projection, the actuarially determined contribution rate will steadily decrease to about 3.5% in 20 years.



#### Pessimistic returns 6.50%

If the System earns 1.50% less than the assumed rate in each year of the projection, the actuarially determined contribution rate decreases to 12.1% in 2017 and then slowly increases back to 13.8% over the remainder of the 20 year period.





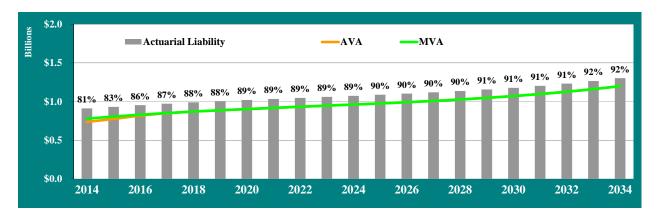
## SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

### 2. Asset and Liability Projections

This next set of projection charts compare the market value of assets (green line) and the actuarial or smoothed value of assets (gold line) to the System's actuarial liabilities (gray bars). In addition at the top of each chart, we show the System's funded ratio (ratio of actuarial value of assets to actuarial liabilities). The projections assume that the actuarially determined contributions, as shown in the previous charts, are made each year. The years shown in the chart signify the valuation date as of October 1<sup>st</sup>.

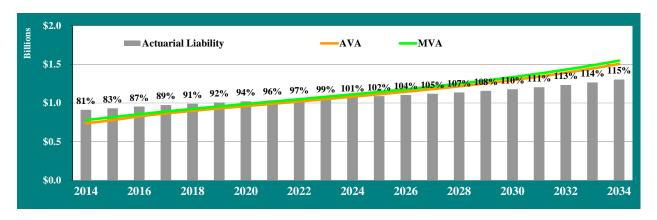
#### Baseline 8.00% return

Assuming that the System earns the assumed investment rate of 8.00%, the funded ratio will steadily increase from 81% to 92% during the 20 year period.



## **Optimistic Returns of 9.50%**

If the System earns 1.50% greater than the assumed rate of return in each year of the projection, the funded ratio is projected to increase to 115% by 2034.

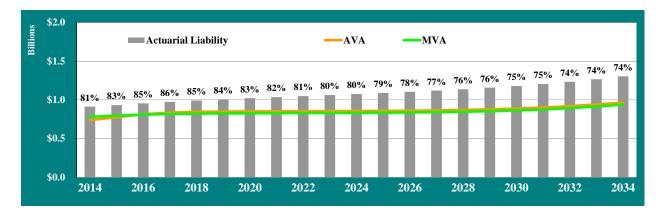




## SECTION I BOARD SUMMARY

### **Pessimistic Returns of 6.50%**

If the System earns 1.50% less than the assumed rate of return in each year of the projection, the funded ratio will initially increase to 86% in 2017 due to delayed recognition of the current asset gains before decreasing to 74% by the end of the 20 year period.





## SECTION II ASSETS

Pension Plan assets play a key role in the financial operation of the System and in the decisions the Trustees may make with respect to future deployment of those assets. The level of assets, the allocation of assets among asset classes, and the methodology used to measure assets will likely impact benefit levels, employer contributions, and the ultimate security of participants' benefits.

In this section, we present detailed information on the System assets including:

- **Disclosure** of the System assets as of October 1, 2013 and October 1, 2014;
- Statement of the **changes** in market values during the year;
- Development of the **Actuarial Value of Assets**;
- An assessment of **investment performance**; and
- A projection of the System's expected **cash flows** for the next ten years.

### **Disclosure**

There are two types of asset values disclosed in this valuation, the market value of assets and the actuarial value of assets. The market value represents a "snap-shot" or "cash-out" value which provides the principal basis for measuring financial performance from one year to the next. Market values, however, can fluctuate widely with corresponding swings in the marketplace. As a result, market values are usually not as suitable for long-range planning as are the actuarial value of assets which reflect smoothing of annual investment returns.

Table II-1 below discloses and compares each asset value as of September 30, 2013 and 2014.

Table II-1 Statement of Assets at Market Value as of September 30,							
Assets	2013	2014	% Change				
Cash	\$ 287,520	\$ 216,667	(24.64%)				
Receivables	2,031,281	988,427	(51.34%)				
Temporary cash investments	9,326,519	8,945,777	(4.08%)				
Bonds	80,424,389	86,576,890	7.65%				
Common stock	238,302,979	262,080,245	9.98%				
Managed international equity funds	180,024,547	186,792,357	3.76%				
Real estate funds	73,539,904	79,852,588	8.58%				
Domestic bond funds	74,875,264	78,424,354	4.74%				
Managed hedge fund of funds	72,375,220	77,331,606	6.85%				
Accounts Payable	(697,410)	(713,277)	2.28%				
Market Value of Assets	\$730,490,213	\$780,495,634	6.85%				



## SECTION II ASSETS

## **Changes in Market Value**

Table II-2 below shows the components of change between the market value of assets as of September 30, 2013 and September 30, 2014.

Table II-2 Changes in Market Values					
Value of Assets – September 30, 2013			\$	730,490,213	
Additions					
Payments from Members	\$	129,164			
Employer Contributions		36,788,260			
Interest and Dividends		9,032,928			
Investment Return		64,508,800			
Total Additions	\$	110,459,152			
<b>Deductions</b>					
Investment Expenses	\$	3,465,701			
Benefit Payments		56,317,073			
Administrative Expenses		670,957			
Total Deductions	\$	60,453,731			
Value of Assets – September 30, 2014			\$	780,495,634	



## SECTION II ASSETS

### **Actuarial Value of Assets**

The next table, Table II-3 shows how the actuarial value of assets is developed. The actuarial value of assets method was initialized at market value as of October 1, 2005.

The actuarial value of assets represents a "smoothed" value developed by the actuary to reduce, or eliminate, erratic results which could develop from short-term fluctuations in the market value of assets. For this System, the actuarial value has been calculated by taking the market value of assets less 80% of the investment gain (loss) during the preceding year, less 60% of the investment gain (loss) during the third preceding year, and less 20% of the investment gain (loss) in the fourth preceding year. The investment gain (loss) is calculated by taking the difference between the expected value of assets based on an expected return of 8.00% and the actual value of assets. If the actuarial value of assets is less than 80% or more than 120% of the market value, an adjustment is made to the actuarial value to bring the value within this corridor. The tables below illustrate the calculation of actuarial value of assets for the October 1, 2014 valuation.

Table II-3				
Development of Actuaria	al Value of Assets			
Market value of assets at September 30, 2013		\$	730,490,213	
Employer Contributions			36,788,260	
Payments from Members			129,164	
Benefit payments			(56,317,073)	
Expected return at 8.00%			57,678,159	
Expected Value at September 30, 2014		\$	768,768,723	
Actual Value at September 30, 2014			780,495,634	
Investment (gain)/ loss		\$	(11,726,911)	
	Total			
	Gain/(Loss)	Exc	cluded Portion	
Exclude 0% of 2010 gain/(loss)	\$ 11,508,109	\$	0	
Exclude 20% of 2011 gain/(loss)	(36,300,413)		(7,260,083)	
Exclude 40% of 2012 gain/(loss)	51,546,305		20,618,522	
Exclude 60% of 2013 gain/(loss)	32,979,563		19,787,738	
Exclude 80% of 2014 gain/(loss)	11,726,911		9,381,529	
Total excluded gain/(loss) for AVA calculation		\$	42,527,706	
Market value of assets at September 30, 2014		\$	780,495,634	
Total gain/(loss) excluded			42,527,706	
Actuarial value of assets at September 30, 2014		\$	737,967,928	



## SECTION II ASSETS

### **Investment Performance**

The market value of assets (MVA) returned 9.63% during plan year ending September 30, 2014, which is greater than the assumed 8.00% return. A return of 10.65% was experienced on the actuarial value of assets (AVA), resulting in a slight actuarial loss for the year. Below, we show additional historical returns.

	Table II-4 Historical Returns	
	MVA	AVA
2007	14.65%	10.17%
2008	-12.76%	5.85%
2009	-3.09%	1.52%
2010	10.11%	3.42%
2011	1.79%	1.25%
2012	16.95%	1.56%
2013	13.04%	7.99%
2014	9.63%	10.65%

## **Projection of System's Future Cash Flows**

Table II-5 Projection of System's Expected Cash Flows					
Year Beginning	<b>D</b>	. 64 D 4	C.	.4. 11. 41	N. C. LEL
October 1,	Ben	efit Payments	Co	ntributions	Net Cash Flow
2014	\$	66,996,744	\$	31,561,378	\$ (35,435,366)
2015		68,273,021		30,698,482	(37,574,539)
2016		72,850,259		29,330,241	(43,520,018)
2017		76,861,702		29,013,383	(47,848,319)
2018		80,099,396		29,351,665	(50,747,731)
2019		83,219,709		29,931,850	(53,287,859)
2020		85,845,831		30,536,288	(55,309,543)
2021		87,988,162		31,165,793	(56,822,369)
2022		89,891,908		31,821,209	(58,070,699)
2023		91,677,250		32,503,408	(59,173,843)

Expected contributions assume contribution rates as shown in the graph on page 7 and that payroll will increase at the actuarially assumed rate of 3.5% per year. Expected benefit payments are projected for the closed group valued at October 1, 2014. Projecting any farther than ten years using a closed-group would not yield reliable predictions due to the omission of new hires.



## SECTION III LIABILITIES

In this section, we present detailed information on the System liabilities including:

- **Disclosure** of the System liabilities as of October 1, 2013 and October 1, 2014, and
- Statement of **changes** in these liabilities during the year.

### **Disclosure**

Several types of liabilities are calculated and presented in this report. Each type is distinguished by the people ultimately using the figures and the purpose for which they are using them.

- **Present Value of All Future Benefits:** Used for measuring all future System obligations, represents the amount of money needed today to fully pay off all benefits of the System both earned as of the valuation date and those to be earned in the future by current plan participants, under the current plan provisions.
- **Actuarial Liability:** Calculated as of valuation date as the present value of benefits allocated to service prior to that date.

Table III-1, which follows, discloses each of these liabilities for the current and prior valuations. With respect to each disclosure, a subtraction of the appropriate value of plan assets yields, for each respective type, a **net surplus** or an **unfunded liability**.

Table III-1						
Liabilities/Net (Surplus)/Unfunded October 1, 2013 October 1, 2014						
Present Value of Future Benefits		,		,		
Active Participant Benefits	\$	535,013,537	\$	538,425,198		
Participants currently receiving payments		421,672,814		438,134,788		
Participants with a deferred vested benefit		54,264,507		56,529,671		
Present Value of Future Benefits (PVB)	\$	1,010,950,858	\$ 1	1,033,089,657		
Actuarial Liability						
Active Participant Benefits	\$	413,511,258	\$	417,314,687		
Participants currently receiving payments		421,672,814		438,134,788		
Participants with a deferred vested benefit		54,264,507		56,529,671		
Actuarial Liability (AL)	\$	889,448,579	\$	911,979,146		
Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	\$	685,397,323	\$	737,967,928		
Net (Surplus)/Unfunded (AL – AVA)	\$	204,051,256	\$	174,011,218		



## SECTION III LIABILITIES

## **Changes in Liabilities**

Each of the Liabilities disclosed in the prior table are expected to change at each valuation. The components of that change, depending upon which liability is analyzed, can include:

- New hires since the last valuation
- Benefits accrued since the last valuation
- System amendments changing benefits
- Passage of time which adds interest to the prior liability
- Benefits paid to retirees since the last valuation
- Participants retiring, terminating, or dying at rates different than expected
- A change in actuarial or investment assumptions
- A change in the actuarial funding method

Unfunded liabilities will change because of all of the above, and also due to changes in plan assets resulting from:

- Employer contributions different than expected
- Investment earnings different than expected
- A change in the method used to measure plan assets

In each valuation, we report on those elements of change which are of particular significance, potentially affecting the long-term financial outlook of the System. Below, we present key changes in liabilities since the last valuation.

In the table that follows, we show the components of change in the actuarial liability between October 1, 2013 and October 1, 2014.

Table III-2	
	Actuarial Liability
Liabilities October 1, 2013	\$ 889,448,579
Liabilities October 1, 2014	911,979,146
Liability Increase (Decrease)	22,530,567
Change Due to:	
Plan Amendments	0
Assumption Changes	0
Experience (Gain)/Loss	(7,265,891)
Benefits Accumulated and Other Sources	29,796,458



## SECTION III LIABILITIES

In addition, we breakdown the change in actuarial liability further by showing the total actuarial (gain)/loss by source, as shown in Table III-3 below.

Table III-3 (Gain)/Loss by Source as of October 1, 2014					
COLA less than expected	\$	(2,705,528)			
Salary increase less than expected for continuing actives		(3,241,602)			
Other sources		(1,318,761)			
Experience (Gain)/Loss	\$	(7,265,891)			



## SECTION IV CONTRIBUTIONS

In the process of evaluating the financial condition of any pension plan, the actuary analyzes the assets and liabilities to determine what level (if any) of contributions is needed to properly maintain the funding status of the System. Typically, the actuarial process will use a funding technique that will result in a pattern of contributions that are both stable and predictable.

For this System, the funding method employed is the **Projected Unit Credit Actuarial Cost Method**. The objective under this method is to allocate the total pension benefit to which each participant is expected to become entitled at retirement to the participant's past and future service. This allocation is accomplished by applying the plan's accrual formula to projected final salary at retirement. The difference between the Projected Unit Credit actuarial liability and the actuarial value of assets is the unfunded actuarial liability.

The unfunded actuarial liability is amortized over a 30-year period as a level dollar amount for all years. The amortization payment is recalculated each year to reflect the entire unfunded actuarial liability as of the valuation date.

Table IV-1 below presents and compares the employer contribution rates for the System for this valuation and the prior one.

Table IV-1 Employer Contribution Rate		
	Fiscal Year Ending 2014	Fiscal Year Ending 2015
Projected Unit Credit Normal Cost Rate	7.38%	7.35%
UAL Amortization Payment for City	7.79%	6.58%
Actuarially Determined Contribution Rate for City	15.17%	13.93%
Reduction in UAL Amortization Payment for Lawsuit		
Beneficiary Employers	0.05%	0.07%
Actuarially Determined Contribution Rate for Lawsuit		
Beneficiary Employers	15.12%	13.86%

The Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL) is reamortized each year over a 30 year period. As of October 1, 2014, the Unfunded Actuarial Liability is \$174,011,218. This results in a total amortization payment of \$14,917,591. The amortization payment as a percent of payroll is different for City Employers and for Lawsuit Beneficiary Employers. This difference is attributable to the settlement between the Library, the Board of Trustees and the City of St. Louis dated April 5, 2010. The Unfunded Actuarial Liability as of October 1, 2013 was \$204,051,256 with a total amortization payment of \$17,492,857 for all employers combined. On the following page, Table IV-2 shows the detailed calculation of the current year UAL amortization rates for the City and Lawsuit Beneficiary Employers.



## **SECTION IV CONTRIBUTIONS**

Table IV-2 Amortization Schedule						
Applicable UAL Amount Period Amount Payroll						
UAL without regard to Library Settlement Unamortized Amounts	\$ 174,303,599	30	\$ 14,942,657	\$ 227,039,143 <sup>1</sup>	6.58%	
from Library Settlement	(292,381)	30	(25,066)	34,667,422 <sup>2</sup>	-0.07%	
Total	\$ 174,011,218		\$ 14,917,591			



Total payroll for all participating employers.
 Payroll for Lawsuit Beneficiary Employers

## SECTION V ACCOUNTING STATEMENT INFORMATION

This section provides accounting and financial disclosure information under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67 for the Plan. GASB No. 25 was replaced by GASB No. 67 effective September 30, 2014 for Plan disclosures. We have prepared the following exhibits.

- Table V-1: Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
- Table V-2: Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability to Changes in Discount Rate
- Table V-3: Schedule of Employer Contributions

For contributing employers, GASB No. 68 will replace GASB No. 27 effective for fiscal years ending June 30, 2015 and later.

#### **Determination of Discount Rate for GASB 67**

We have assumed that employer contributions to the Plan will continue to follow the requirements of City Code. The total employer contribution rate is the sum of the normal cost rate plus an amortization of the Plan's unfunded liability. The normal cost rate is determined under the projected unit credit actuarial cost method while the UAL rate is that necessary to pay down the UAL with an open 30-year amortization with level dollar payments.

For calculations of Total Pension Liability we have used an assumed long-term expected rate of return of 8.09%, which is the valuation assumed rate of 8.0% increased by 0.09% reflecting administrative expenses. The reason for this adjustment is to maintain consistency, since the valuation assumption is net of administrative expenses and the GASB assumption must be prior to reflection of administrative expenses.

The Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is projected, based on the methods outlined in paragraphs 41-43 of GASB 67, to be sufficient to make all projected benefit payments for the current members when due. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments (i.e.,8.09%) was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability (TPL). Additionally, the actuarial methods and assumptions used in developing the TPL, with the exception of the cost method, are the same as those used in developing the actuarial liability for funding purposes. Paragraph 46 of GASB 67 requires the use of the entry age actuarial cost method. As a result, the TPL differs from the actuarial liability calculated for funding purposes and shown in Section III of this report.



## SECTION V ACCOUNTING STATEMENT INFORMATION

### **GFOA Recommended Information**

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) maintains a checklist of items to be included in a public retirement system's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) in order to receive recognition for excellence in financial reporting. Although the Employees Retirement System does not issue a CAFR under GFOA guidelines, we have included certain schedules in this section for possible inclusion within the System's audited financial statements. These schedules are based on the funding actuarial liabilities rather than the GASB liabilities shown in Tables V-1, V-2 and V-3.

- Table V-4: Analysis of Financial Experience
- Table V-5: Solvency Test
- Table V-6: Schedule of Funding Progress



## SECTION V ACCOUNTING STATEMENT INFORMATION

Table V-1							
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related (\$ in millions)	Ratios						
FYE							
	Septeml	oer 30, 2014					
Total Pension Liability	\$ 1	0.501.010					
Service Cost	,	0,591,910					
Interest	7	2,012,146					
Change in Benefits		0					
Change in Assumptions		0					
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	(	3,664,735)					
Benefit Payments	(5	6,317,073)					
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$ 2	2,622,248					
Total Pension Liability – Beginning	\$ 91	2,479,784					
Total Pension Liability – Ending	\$ 93	5,102,032					
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Contributions – Employer	\$ 3	6,788,260					
Contributions – Employees		129,164					
Net Investment Income	7	0,076,027					
Benefit Payments	(5	6,317,073)					
Administrative Expenses		(670,957)					
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 5	0,005,421					
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	\$ 73	0,490,213					
Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Ending	\$ 78	0,495,634					
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 15	4,606,398					
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		83.47%					
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 25	3,501,719					
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll		60.99%					



## SECTION V ACCOUNTING STATEMENT INFORMATION

Table V-2 Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability to Changes in Discount Rate (\$ in millions)							
	1	% Decrease 7.09%	Di	iscount Rate 8.09%	1	% Increase 9.09%	
Total Pension Liability	\$	1,028,648,784	\$	935,102,032	\$	855,046,558	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		780,495,634		780,495,634		780,495,634	
Net Pension Liability	\$	248,153,150	,	\$154,606,398	\$	74,550,924	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability		75.9%		83.5%		91.3%	



## SECTION V ACCOUNTING STATEMENT INFORMATION

Table V-3 Schedule of Employer Contributions (\$ in millions)	
	FYE 2014
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 34,060,798
Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially Determined Contribution	36,788,260
Contribution Deficiency / (Excess)	\$ (2,727,462)
Covered Employee Payroll	\$253,501,719
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	14.51%

### Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date October 1, 2013

Timing Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated based on the actuarial valuation at the

beginning of the plan year.

## Key Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates

Actuarial Cost Method Projected Unit Credit Cost Method

Asset Valuation Method Five year smoothing. See Appendix B for description

Amortization Method Rolling 30-year level dollar amortization of unfunded liability

Discount Rate 8.00% Inflation 3.125%

Salary Increases 3.50% plus merit component based on employee's years of service

Mortality 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table

A complete description of the methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates for the year ending September 30, 2014 can be found in the October 1, 2013 actuarial valuation report.



## SECTION V ACCOUNTING STATEMENT INFORMATION

# Table V-4 ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL EXPERIENCE

Gain and Loss in Unfunded Actuarial Liability During Years Ended September 30 Resulting from Differences Between Assumed Experience and Actual Experience

	Gain (or Loss) for Year ending September 30,					
Type of Activity	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	
Investment Income	\$ (30,170,089)	\$ (44,736,952)	\$ (42,041,794)	\$ (87,586)	\$ 17,899,526	
Combined Liability Experience	12,023,759	12,671,467	7,779,666	8,391,763	7,265,891	
Gain (or Loss) During Year from Financial Experience	\$ (18,146,330)	\$ (32,065,485)	\$ (34,262,128)	\$ 8,304,177	\$ 25,165,417	
Non-Recurring Gain (or Loss) Items	(3,960,992)	0	0	0	0	
Composite Gain (or Loss) During Year	\$ (22,107,322)	\$ (32,065,485)	\$ (34,262,128)	\$ 8,304,177	\$ 25,165,417	

Table V-5 SOLVENCY TEST <sup>1</sup> Aggregate Actuarial Liabilities for									
Active Member Active Employer Actuarial Value Valuation Date Member Retirees & Financed of Reported Portion of Actuarial Liabilities October 1 Contributions Beneficiaries Contributions Assets Covered by Reported Assets									
	(1)	(2)	(3)		(1)	(2)	(3)		
2014	0	\$ 494,664,459	\$ 417,314,687	\$737,967,928	100%	100%	58%		
2013	0	475,937,321	413,511,258	685,397,323	100%	100%	51%		
2012	0	460,581,077	406,310,985	653,001,852	100%	100%	47%		
2011	0	441,520,555	400,242,766	661,932,240	100%	100%	55%		
2010	0	419,717,802	400,951,838	671,608,995	100%	100%	63%		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> We will build to the required 10 years of disclosure information.



## SECTION V ACCOUNTING STATEMENT INFORMATION

	Table V-6								
	Schedule of Funding Progress Unfunded Percentage								
	<b>Actuarial Value</b>	Actuarial	Actuarial			Covered			
Actuarial	of Assets	Liability	Liability	<b>Funded Ratio</b>	Covered	Payroll*			
Valuation Date	(a)	<b>(b)</b>	(b) - (a)	(a) / (b)	Payroll (c)	[(b) - (a)] / (c)			
10/1/2004	\$431,853,406	\$602,795,470	\$170,942,064	71.64%	\$221,768,791	77.08%			
10/1/2005	\$527,733,171	\$666,182,075	\$138,448,904	79.22%	\$223,837,003	61.85%			
10/1/2006	\$554,065,539	\$695,889,716	\$141,824,177	79.62%	\$224,120,314	63.28%			
10/1/2007	\$646,569,478	\$732,576,024	\$86,006,546	88.26%	\$231,029,237	37.23%			
10/1/2008	\$674,016,719	\$765,842,026	\$91,825,307	88.01%	\$238,701,628	38.47%			
10/1/2009	\$667,667,205	\$794,686,379	\$127,019,174	84.02%	\$240,409,390	52.83%			
10/1/2010	\$671,608,995	\$820,669,641	\$149,060,646	81.84%	\$232,451,661	64.13%			
10/1/2011	\$661,932,240	\$841,763,321	\$179,831,081	78.64%	\$223,060,719	80.62%			
10/1/2012	\$653,001,852	\$866,890,445	\$213,888,593	75.33%	\$224,822,252	95.14%			
10/1/2013	\$685,397,323	\$889,448,579	\$204,051,256	77.06%	\$224,623,445	90.84%			
10/1/2014	\$737,967,928	\$911,979,146	\$174,011,218	80.92%	\$227,039,143	76.64%			

<sup>\*</sup>Not less than zero



# APPENDIX A MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

Employees Retirement System of the City of St. Louis									
Table of Plan Coverage October 1, 2013 October 1, 2014 % change									
Active Members in Valuation									
Count		5,438		5,436	0.0%				
Average Age		47.9		48.1	0.4%				
Average Service		12.5		12.4	-0.2%				
Total Payroll	\$	224,623,445	\$	227,039,143	1.1%				
Average Anticipated Payroll	\$	41,306	\$	41,766	1.1%				
Total Active Vested Members		3,859		3,786	-1.9%				
DROP Members in Valuation (includ	ed in A	Active Members)							
Count		440		443	0.7%				
Average Age		60.2		60.8	1.0%				
Average Service		25.8		25.0	-3.2%				
Total DROP Account Balances	\$	20,040,808	\$	19,601,775	-2.2%				
Average DROP Account Balances	\$	45,547	\$	44,248	-2.9%				
Vested Terminated Members		2,423		2,440	0.7%				
Pensioners									
Number in Pay Status									
Retirees		3,612		3,667	1.5%				
Disabled Retirees		<u> 187</u>		<u> 197</u>	5.3%				
Total		3,799		3,864	1.7%				
Average Age		72.61		72.73	0.2%				
Average Monthly Benefit	\$	916	\$	937	2.3%				
Beneficiaries in Pay Status		455		450	-1.1%				



# APPENDIX A MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

Employees Retirement System of the City of St. Louis Inactive Participants by Type and Monthly Benefit Amount							
Monthly			Terminated				
Amount	Total	Retirees	Vested	Disability	Beneficiaries		
Total	6,754	3,667	2,440	197	450		
<b>Under \$500</b>	3,864	1,615	1,985	63	201		
\$500-1,000	1,360	787	368	90	115		
\$1,000-1,500	714	550	66	33	65		
\$1,500-2,000	391	327	16	9	39		
\$2,000-2,500	162	150	1	1	10		
\$2,500-3,000	91	78	2	1	10		
\$3,000-3,500	62	56	2	0	4		
\$3,500-4,000	36	34	0	0	2		
\$4,000-4,500	35	34	0	0	1		
\$4,500-5,000	14	12	0	0	2		
\$5,000 & over	25	24	0	0	1		



# APPENDIX A MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

	Employees Retirement System of the City of St. Louis								
	Status Reconciliation								
	<u>Active</u>	Leave of Absence	<u>DROP</u>	<u>Disabled</u>	Retired	Beneficiary	Terminated <u>Vested</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Participant Count as of October 1, 2013	4,988	10	440	187	3,612	455	2,423	12,115	
New hires	507	1	0	0	0	0	0	508	
Leave of Absence	(9)	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Rehires	6	(3)	0	0	0	0	(3)	0	
Enter DROP	(110)	0	110	0	0	0	0	0	
Return from DROP	53	0	(53)	0	0	0	0	0	
Term Vested	(122)	(1)	(1)	0	0	0	124	0	
Retired	(85)	0	(48)	(1)	214	0	(80)	0	
Disabled	(15)	(1)	(1)	18	0	0	(1)	0	
Deceased (with Beneficiary)	(2)	0	(4)	(7)	(30)	45	(2)	0	
Deceased (without Beneficiary)	(1)	0	0	(1)	(133)	(25)	(2)	(162)	
Term Not Vested	(231)	(1)	0	0	0	0	0	(232)	
Benefits Expired	0	0	0	0	0	(25)	0	(25)	
Status Correction	0	0	0	1	4	0	(19)	(14)	
Net Change	(9)	4	3	10	55	(5)	17	75	
Participant Count as of October 1, 2014	4,979	14	443	197	3,667	450	2,440	12,190	



# APPENDIX B ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

### A. Actuarial Assumptions and Actuarial Cost Method

### 1. Mortality Rates:

Healthy: 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table

Disabled: 1983 Railroad Retirement Board Disabled Life Mortality Table

Mortality improvement: During the period of the last experience study (2005-2009), which was performed by the prior actuary, it was noted that actual rates of mortality were significantly higher than the rates within these tables, and that the mortality rates effectively captured future mortality improvements. We have not independently reviewed this data but this conclusion by the prior actuary appears to be reasonable. This assumption will be reviewed during the next experience study which is currently scheduled for the period 2009-2014.

### 2. Mortality and Disability Rates before Retirement:

	Morta	lity (%)	Disability (%)		
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female	
20	0.05	0.03	0.00	0.00	
25	0.07	0.03	0.00	0.00	
30	0.08	0.04	0.00	0.00	
35	0.09	0.05	0.00	0.00	
40	0.11	0.07	0.11	0.05	
45	0.16	0.10	0.17	0.10	
50	0.26	0.14	0.50	0.24	
55	0.44	0.23	0.62	0.34	
60	0.80	0.44	0.39	0.24	

#### 3. Withdrawal Rates before Retirement:

With Less Than Four Years of Creditable Service			With Four or More Years of Creditable Service			
Creditable Service	Male	Female	Age	Male	Female	
0	22.0	16.0	20	25.00	13.90	
1	16.0	14.0	25	17.20	10.96	
2	12.0	10.0	30	10.80	8.40	
3	10.0	8.0	35	8.44	7.10	
			40	5.90	5.60	
			45	4.30	4.40	
			50	3.60	3.52	
			55	3.10	2.60	



# APPENDIX B ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

#### 4. Retirement Rates:

Age	Retirement Rate (%)	Age	Retirement Rate (%)
55	5.0	63	20.0
56	5.0	64	20.0
57 – 58	8.0	65	25.0
59	10.0	66	25.0
60	10.0	67-69	25.0
61	10.0	70	100.0
62	20.0		

In addition, in the first year that a participant satisfies the requirements under the "Rule of 85," the retirement rate is assumed to be 75% if the age in the first year of eligibility is 55 or less and 60% if the age in the first year of eligibility is older than 55 (100% at age 70). After the first year of eligibility but before age 55, termination rates apply for retirement assumption.

### 5. Retirement Age for Inactive Vested Participants

For members who terminate employment with 30 or more years of creditable service or are eligible for a Rule of 85 pension, immediate commencement of benefits is assumed. All others are assumed to retire at age 61.

### 6. DROP Participants

Participants in the DROP are assumed to remain in the DROP for 5 years. Interest to the DROP account is assumed to be creditable at 6% for those participants who enter the DROP after January 21, 2003. The standard retirement rates are assumed and no specific assumption is made with regard to election of DROP. The liability and normal cost associated with the retirement decrement has been increased by 3% to account for the additional cost associated with the resumption of active participants.

### 7. Unknown Data for Participants

Same as those exhibited by participants with similar known characteristics. For inactive vested participants with unknown benefit amounts, \$250 per month is assumed.

### 8. Rehires

A 0.4% load on active accrued liability and normal cost has been added to reflect the cost of rehires.



# APPENDIX B ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

### 9. Sick Leave

Sick leave may be used to increase either Final Average Compensation, Creditable Service, or both. Starting with the October 1, 2010 valuation, the actual unused credited sick leave hours on file were used in the valuation. Effective in July 2010, the accumulation of unused sick leave hours that can be used for benefit purposes, was frozen.

#### 10. Percent Married

1960 US census varies by sex and age.

	Marri	ed (%)
Age	Male	Female
20-24	56.7	77.3
25-29	77.2	86.2
30-34	85.6	88.7
35-39	88.3	88.2
40-44	89.2	85.9
45-49	88.4	82.5
50-54	86.9	77.1
55-59	84.8	70.0
60-64	82.8	61.4
65-69	79.4	51.3
70+	72.8	39.0

### 11. Age of Spouse

Females (or males) are three years younger (or older) than their spouses.

#### 12. Net Investment Return

8.00% per year, net of investment and administrative expenses.



# APPENDIX B ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

## 13. Salary Increases

Varies by age, ranging from 3.500% to 7.017%.

Age	Salary Increase (%)
20	7.0174
25	6.2040
30	5.1790
35	4.4515
40	3.6589
45	3.5000
50	3.5000
55	3.5000
60	3.5000
65	3.5000
70+	0.0000

## 14. Increases in Social Security Table Wage Base

3.5% per year.

## 15. Cost-of-Living Adjustment

3.125% per year for 8 years and 0% thereafter.

## 16. Increase in Section 415 and Section 401(a)(17) limits

4.5% per year.

## 17. Changes in actuarial assumptions since last valuation

None.



## APPENDIX B ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

#### **B.** Actuarial Methods

#### 1. Actuarial Value of Assets

The market value of assets less unrecognized returns in each of the last five years, but no earlier than October 1, 2005. Initial unrecognized return is equal to the difference between the actual market return and expected market return, and is recognized over a five-year period. The actuarial value is further adjusted, if necessary, to be within 20% of the market value. The actuarial asset value was initialized at the market value as of October 1, 2005.

#### 2. Actuarial Cost Method

The cost method for valuation of liabilities used for this valuation is the Projected Unit Credit method. This is one of a family of valuation methods known as accrued benefit methods. The chief characteristic of accrued benefit methods is that the funding pattern follows the pattern of benefit accrual. Under the Projected Unit Credit Actuarial Cost method, the normal cost is determined as that portion of each participant's projected benefit attributable to service expected to be earned in the upcoming plan year. The actuarial liability, which is determined for each participant as of each valuation date, represents the actuarial present value of the portion of each participant's projected benefit attributable to service earned prior to the valuation date.

One of the significant effects of this funding method is that, depending on the demographics of the population, the Projected Unit Credit method tends to produce lower costs in the early years. There is a possibility that as the population ages the annual cost could increase over time. Given a stable population, however, this method can produce a steady contribution as a percentage of payroll.

### 3. Amortization Method

The basic amortization method is to divide the total UAL of the System by a level dollar 30-year amortization factor. The amortization method is an open method in that the UAL is reamortized at each succeeding year over a new 30-year period.

To reflect the settlement between the Library, the Board of Trustees and the City of St. Louis two Unfunded Accrued Liability Amortization rates are calculated. The Library, Zoo, Art Museum, Tower Grove Park, Taxicab Commission and Mental Health Board collectively called the "Lawsuit Beneficiary Employers" have a reduced UAL Amortization rate to reflect the payments received due to the settlement as of the valuation date. First, the UAL amortization payment is determined for the combined plan (base payment). Second, the value of settlement payments made by the City are set up as gain bases and the Lawsuit Beneficiary Employers have a reduction in the contribution rate determined from the payment on these gain bases and their projected payroll. The



# APPENDIX B ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

City's UAL amortization payment is determined only on the base payment. The Lawsuit Beneficiary Employers' UAL amortization payment is the base payment minus the amortization of the gain bases that result from settlement payments.

4. Changes in Actuarial Methods since last valua
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None.



## APPENDIX C SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

### 1. Plan Year

October 1 through September 30.

### 2. Final Average Compensation

One-half the sum of:

- (a) The total compensation earned during the last two highest consecutive years of Creditable Service prior to termination (subject to the Section 401(a)(17) limit); and
- (b) The balance of sick leave pay as of the date of retirement less sick leave hours paid upon termination and less sick leave hours considered as Creditable Service. Said balance cannot exceed 25% of a member's total sick leave pay as of the date of retirement. The amount of credited sick leave was frozen on July 17, 2010.

### 3. Benefit Compensation Base

Amount of annual compensation with respect to which old age and survivor's insurance benefits would be provided to the member under the Social Security Act in effect on the date the Benefit Compensation Base is determined calculated when the member terminates employment.

#### 4. Normal Retirement

Age Requirement: 65.

Service Requirement: Five years of Creditable Service.

Amount: The product of:

(a) 1.30% of Final Average Compensation up to the Benefit Compensation Base, plus 2.05% of Final Average Compensation in

excess of the Benefit Compensation Base, and

(b) Creditable Service.

Minimum \$200 per month for retirees with 12 or more years of

creditable service.



## APPENDIX C SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

#### 5. Rule of 85 Retirement

Age/Service

Requirement: Sum of Age and Creditable Service at date of termination equals or

exceeds 85.

Amount: The product of:

(a) 1.30% of Final Average Compensation up to the Benefit Compensation Base, plus 2.05% of Final Average Compensation in

excess of the Benefit Compensation Base, and

(b) Creditable Service.

## **6.** Early Retirement

Age/Service

Requirement: Age 60 with five years of Creditable Service; or age 55 with 20 years

of Creditable Service; or any age with 30 years of Creditable

Service.

Amount: Normal retirement amount reduced by 1/3% for each month benefit

begins before age 65.

### 7. Disability

Age Requirement None.

Service Requirement Five years of Creditable Service and an active employee at

disablement.

Amount Normal retirement amount based on Creditable Service and Final

Average Compensation at disability, payable immediately.

### 8. DROP (Deferred Retirement Option Plan)

Members who have achieved eligibility for retirement can continue active employment and defer receipt of their retirement allowance for a period not to exceed five years. During the DROP period, the member's retirement allowance will be paid directly into a separate account.

Service during the DROP period shall not be counted as Creditable Service, nor shall it count toward determination of retirement allowance. A member's DROP account shall not be adjusted for any cost-of-living increases during participation in the DROP. No member



## APPENDIX C SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

returning to non-DROP status shall make any withdrawal from his/her DROP account until after termination of employment.

The account balance is credited with interest annually. In no event does the total account balance exceed the accumulated value of five-years-payments with interest.

The annuity awarded upon full termination and subsequent benefit receipt reflects the unused sick-leave conversion to Creditable Service and/or Final Average compensation. During participation in the DROP, the annual deposit to the account does NOT reflect any conversion of unused sick leave as each participant continues to accrue sick leave hours. The unused credited sick leave hours was frozen as of July 17, 2010.

### 9. Vesting

Age Requirement: None.

Service Requirement: Five years of Creditable Service.

Amount: Normal or early service retirement amount.

### 10. Spouse Pre-Retirement Death Benefit

Age Requirement: None.

Service Requirement: Five years of Creditable and an active employee.

Amount: If married, 100% of the benefit the employee would have received

had he or she retired the day before he or she died and elected the joint and 100% survivor option. If the employee died prior to eligibility for early service retirement, the spouse's benefit is

deferred to the employee's earliest retirement date.

Death benefits may also be payable to members who have terminated employment. The costs of those benefits are paid for by the reduction of the accrued benefit payable to the inactive vested

participant.

#### 11. Post-Retirement Death Benefit

If married, the employee and spouse may elect to have pension benefits paid in the form of a 100% joint and survivor annuity. A member may also elect a ten year certain and life equivalent form of benefit. If any one of these options is elected, the benefit amount



## APPENDIX C SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

otherwise payable is reduced to reflect the coverage. If not elected, benefits are payable for the life of the employee without reduction.

### 12. Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA)

Based on the change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) for the fiscal year, subject to a maximum increase of 3.125% per year (3.0% for retirements between March 21, 1972 and March 26, 1974; none for retirements prior to March 21, 1972), with a cumulative percentage increase (equal to the sum of the annual percentage increases) limited to 25%. If the increase in CPI is less than 1.0%, no adjustment is made. If the change is a decrease, the cost-of-living adjustment shall be zero unless the decrease is 3.125% or more. Adjustments begin on the second January 1 after payments begin.

### 13. Creditable Service

Number of years and completed months of service during which the member receives compensation after April 1, 1960. Creditable Service for employment prior to April 1, 1960 is granted only if the member was an employee of an employer of the System on April 1, 1960. Unused credited sick leave shall be considered as Creditable Service provided the member does not receive payment for the sick leave. The amount of credited sick leave was frozen on July 17, 2010.

### 14. Membership

Immediate upon employment.

#### 15. Section 415 limit

\$210,000, effective January 1, 2015.

### 16. Section 401(a)(17) limit

\$265,000, effective January 1, 2015.

### 17. Changes Since Last Valuation

None.

