Employees Retirement System of the City of St. Louis

Actuarial Valuation and Review as of October 1, 2004

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January 20, 2005

Board of Trustees Employees Retirement System of the City of St. Louis St. Louis, Missouri

Dear Board Members:

Sincerely

We are pleased to submit this Actuarial Valuation and Review as of October 1, 2004. It summarizes the actuarial data used in the valuation, establishes the funding requirements for fiscal 2004 and analyzes the preceding year's experience.

The census information on which our calculations were based was prepared by the Plan and the financial information was provided in the Report of the Secretary. That assistance is gratefully acknowledged. The actuarial calculations were completed under the supervision of Thomas D. Levy, FSA, MAAA, Enrolled Actuary.

This actuarial valuation has been completed in accordance with generally accepted actuarial principles and practices. To the best of our knowledge, the information supplied in this actuarial valuation is complete and accurate.

We look forward to reviewing this report at your next meeting and to answering any questions.

,	
THE SEGAL COMPANY	
<i>By</i> :	
Lall Bachan, ASA, MAAA, EA	Thomas D. Levy, FSA, MAAA, EA
Senior Vice President and Actuary	Senior Vice President and Chief Actuary

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Purpose

This report has been prepared by The Segal Company to present a valuation of the Employees Retirement System of the City of St. Louis as of October 1, 2004. The valuation was performed to determine whether the assets and contributions are sufficient to provide the prescribed benefits. The contribution requirements presented in this report are based on:

- > The benefit provisions of the Pension Plan, as administered by the Board;
- > The characteristics of covered active participants, inactive vested participants, and retired participants and beneficiaries as of October 1, 2004, provided by the Board;
- > The assets of the System as of September 30, 2004, provided in the Report of the Secretary;
- > Economic assumptions regarding future salary increases and investment earnings, as chosen by the Board; and
- > Other actuarial assumptions, regarding employee terminations, retirement, death, etc., as approved by the Board.

Significant Issues in Valuation Year

- > In accordance with the ordinance, the scheduled contribution for the year Plan ended September 30, 2004 was \$30.9 million, or 13.53% of compensation. Actual contributions for the year ended September 30, 2004 totaled \$15.2 million. The failure to make the scheduled contribution has increased the unfunded actuarial accrued liability and the scheduled contribution for future years.
- > The scheduled contribution for the current Plan year (October 1, 2004 through September 30, 2005) is \$29.2 million, or 13.19% of compensation. We suggest that the level of contributions to the Fund be made at the scheduled contribution level, consistent with the Ordinance.
- > On a market value basis, the asset return for the year ended September 30, 2004 was 11.22%. However, for valuation purposes the full value of market fluctuations is not recognized in a single year. Due to the gradual recognition of unfavorable investment performance in prior years, the rate of return on an actuarial basis for the year ended September 30, 2004 was 5.06%.
- > As required by Ordinance #66230, the amortization period of the unfunded liability for calculation of the scheduled contribution was changed from a 20-year closed to a 30-year open period. This change decreased the scheduled contribution by \$4.5 million.

- > The 5.06% actuarial investment return caused an actuarial loss of over \$12 million. This investment loss, combined with the lower than expected contributions in the prior year, largely offset the decrease in scheduled contribution level due to the change in amortization period.
- > If the current year's actuarial value of assets had been 10% lower, the scheduled contribution of \$29.2 million (13.19% of payroll) would have increased by \$3.7 million to a scheduled contribution of \$32.9 million (14.86% of payroll). Conversely, if the actuarial value had been 10% higher, the scheduled contribution of \$30.9 million would have decreased by \$3.7 million to a scheduled contribution of \$25.5 million (11.52% of payroll). Because the actuarial value of assets involves a smoothing method, a 10% change in market value would not be fully reflected immediately in the actuarial value of assets. Rather, that effect would be spread over a period of years. We have shown the full impact immediately so as to indicate the sensitivity of costs to market fluctuations.
- This was the fourth year in which active participants could elect to participate in the DROP. As of October 1, 2004, 403 active members are participating in the DROP, compared to 324 active participants in the third year. It was anticipated that the retirement pattern of active participants may change due to the existence of the DROP. The experience over the past four years indicates that a change in the retirement assumption may be appropriate, and that such change would likely result in an increased scheduled contribution.

SECTION 1: Valuation Summary for the Employees Retirement System of the City of St. Louis

Summary	of Koy	Valuation	Regulte
Summary	OI KEV	vaiuaiioii	17620112

	2004	2003
Contributions for plan year beginning October 1:		
Scheduled	\$29,243,453	\$30,926,604
Actual		15,158,997
Funding elements for plan year beginning October 1:		
Normal cost	\$13,996,731	\$13,976,546
Market value of assets	474,100,258	439,771,027
Actuarial value of assets	431,853,406	424,917,296
Actuarial accrued liability	602,795,470	576,127,904
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	170,942,064	151,210,608
GASB 25/27 for plan year beginning October 1:		
Annual required contributions	\$29,243,453	\$30,926,604
Actual contributions		15,158,997
Percentage contributed		49.02%
Funded ratio	71.64%	73.75%
Covered payroll	\$221,768,791	\$228,550,406
Demographic data for plan year beginning October 1:		
Number of retired participants and beneficiaries	3,763	3,860
Number of vested former participants	2,308	2,150
Number of active participants	5,770	6,035
Total compensation	\$221,768,791	\$228,550,406
Average compensation	38,435	37,871

A. PARTICIPANT DATA

The Actuarial Valuation and Review considers the number and demographic characteristics of covered participants, including active participants, vested terminated participants, retired participants and beneficiaries. This section presents a summary of significant statistical data on these participant groups.

More detailed information for this valuation year and the preceding valuation can be found in Section 3, Exhibits A, B, and C.

A historical perspective of how the participant population has changed over the past ten valuations can be seen in this chart.

CHART 1
Participant Population: 1995 – 2004

Year Ended September 30	Active Participants	Vested Terminated Participants*	Retired Participants and Beneficiaries	Ratio of Non-Actives to Actives	
1995	5,844	1,591	3,931	0.94	
1996	5,913	1,680	3,942	0.95	
1997	5,928	1,728	3,950	0.96	
1998	6,033	1,825	3,925	0.95	
1999	5,947	1,942	3,861	0.98	
2000	5,948	2,025	3,882	0.99	
2001	5,980	980 2,072 3,848		0.99	
2002	6,186	2,092	3,796	0.95	
2003 6,035		2,150	3,860	1.00	
2004	5,770	2,308	3,763	1.05	

^{*}Beginning in 2001, rehires are included in both the active and vested terminated participant counts.

Active Participants

Plan costs are affected by the age, years of credited service and compensation of active participants. In this year's valuation, there were 5,770 active participants (including 403 DROP participants) with an average age of 46.1, average years of credited service of 11.9 years and average compensation of \$38,435. The 6,035 active participants in the prior valuation (including 324 DROP participants) had an average age of 45.4, average service of 11.2 years and average compensation of \$37,871.

Inactive Participants

In this year's valuation, there were 2,308 participants with a vested right to a deferred or immediate vested benefit.

These graphs show a distribution of active participants by age and by years of credited service.

CHART 2
Distribution of Active Participants by Age as of September 30, 2004

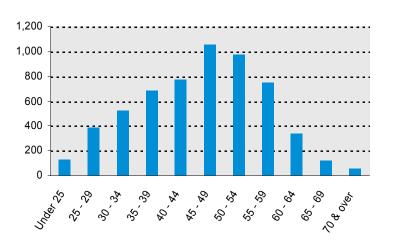
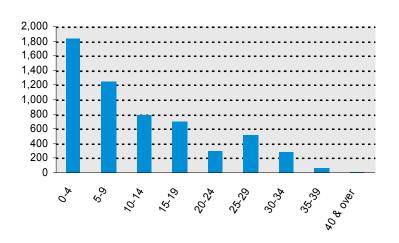


CHART 3
Distribution of Active Participants by Years of Credited
Service as of September 30, 2004



Retired Participants and Beneficiaries

As of September 30, 2004, 3,333 retired participants and 430 beneficiaries (not including DROP participants) were receiving total monthly benefits of \$2,462,150, including the January 1, 2005 cost-of-living adjustment. For comparison, in the previous valuation, there were 3,393 retired participants and 467 beneficiaries receiving monthly benefits of \$2,407,154.

These graphs show a distribution of the current retired participants and beneficiaries based on their monthly amount and age, by type of pension.

■ Beneficiaries
■ Disability
■ Non-disability

CHART 4
Distribution of Retired Participants and Beneficiaries by Type and by Monthly Amount as of September 30, 2004

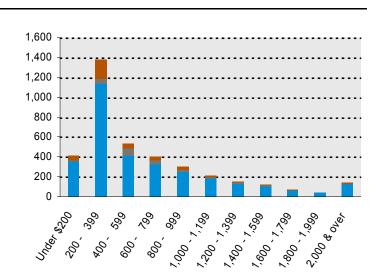
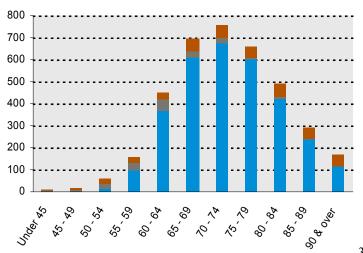


CHART 5

Distribution of Retired Participants and Beneficiaries by Type and by Age as of September 30, 2004



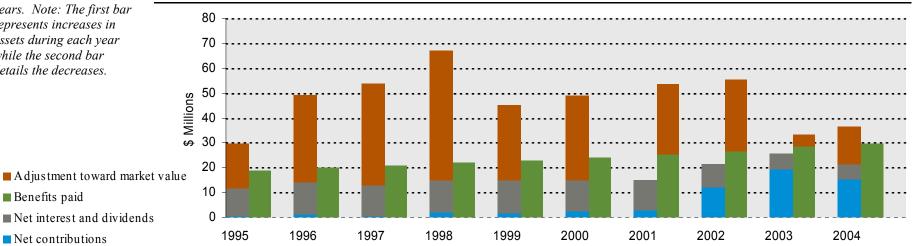
B. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Retirement plan funding anticipates that, over the long term, both net contributions and net investment earnings (less investment fees and administrative expenses) will be needed to cover benefit payments.

Retirement plan assets change as a result of the net impact of these income and expense components. Additional financial information, including a summary of these transactions for the valuation year, is presented in Section 3. Exhibits D and E.

The chart depicts the components of changes in the actuarial value of assets over the last ten years. Note: The first bar represents increases in assets during each year while the second bar details the decreases.

CHART 6 Comparison of Increases and Decreases in the Actuarial Value of Assets for Years Ended September 30, 1995 - 2004



It is desirable to have level and predictable plan costs from one year to the next. For this reason, the Board has approved an asset valuation method that gradually adjusts to market value. Under this valuation method, the full value of market fluctuations is not recognized in a single year and, as a result, the asset value and the plan costs are more stable.

The chart shows the determination of the actuarial value of assets as of the valuation date.

CHART 7 Determination of Actuarial Value of Assets for Year Ended September 30, 2004

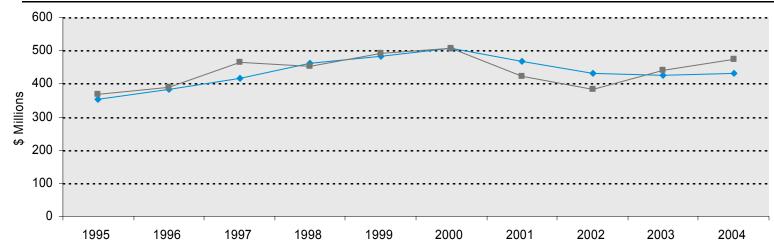
1.	September 30, 2001		
	A. Market value	\$423,434,641	
	B. Book value	432,567,605	
	C. Excess of market value over book value		-\$9,132,964
2.	September 30, 2002		
	A. Market value	\$382,673,108	
	B. Book value	<u>416,508,921</u>	
	C. Excess of market value over book value		-\$33,835,813
3.	September 30, 2003		
	A. Market value	\$439,771,027	
	B. Book value	<u>419,183,653</u>	
	C. Excess of market value over book value		\$20,587,374
4.	September 30, 2004		
	A. Market value	\$474,100,258	
	B. Book value	429,315,138	
	C. Excess of market value over book value		\$44,785,120
5.	Average unrealized gain / (loss) at the four most recent valuation dates		\$5,600,929
6.	Members' savings		\$3,062,661
7.	Actuarial value of assets: $4(B) + 5 - 6$		<u>\$431,853,406</u>
8.	As a percentage of market value		91.1%

Both the actuarial value and market value of assets are representations of the Plan's financial status. The actuarial asset value is significant because the Plan's liabilities are compared to these assets to determine what portion, if any, remains unfunded. Amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability is an important element in determining the contribution requirement.

This chart shows the change in the actuarial value of assets versus the market value over the past ten years.

CHART 8

Actuarial Value of Assets vs. Market Value of Assets as of September 30, 1995 – 2004



C. ACTUARIAL EXPERIENCE

To calculate the required contribution, assumptions are made about future events that affect the amount and timing of benefits to be paid and assets to be accumulated. Each year actual experience is measured against the assumptions. If overall experience is more favorable than anticipated (an actuarial gain), the contribution requirement will decrease from the previous year. On the other hand, the contribution requirement will increase if overall actuarial experience is less favorable than expected (an actuarial loss).

Taking account of experience gains or losses in one year without making a change in assumptions reflects the belief that the single year's experience was a short-term

development and that, over the long term, experience will return to the original assumptions. For contribution requirements to remain stable, assumptions should approximate experience.

If assumptions are changed, the contribution requirement is adjusted to take into account a change in experience anticipated for all future years.

The total loss is \$8,489,118; \$12,272,534 from investments partially offset by a gain of \$3,783,416 from all other sources. The net experience variation from individual sources other than investments was 0.6% of the actuarial accrued liability. A discussion of the major components of the actuarial experience is on the following pages.

This chart provides a summary of the actuarial experience during the past year.

CHART 9 Actuarial Experience for Year Ended September 30, 2004

1.	Net gain/(loss) from investments*	-\$12,272,534
2.	Net gain/(loss) from other experience**	<u>3,783,416</u>
3.	Net experience gain/(loss): $(1) + (2)$	-\$8,489,118

^{*} Details in Chart 10

^{**} Details in Chart 13

Investment Rate of Return

A major component of projected asset growth is the assumed rate of return. The assumed return should represent the expected long-term rate of return, based on the Plan's investment policy. For valuation purposes, the assumed rate of return on the actuarial value of assets is 8.00%. The actual rate of return on an actuarial basis for the 2004 plan year was 5.06%.

Since the actual return for the year was less than the assumed return, the Plan experienced an actuarial loss during the year ended September 30, 2004 with regard to its investments.

This chart shows the gain/(loss) due to investment experience.

CHART 10

Actuarial Value Investment Experience for Year Ended September 30, 2004

Actual return	\$21,152,206
2. Average value of assets	417,809,248
3. Actual rate of return: (1) ÷	5.06%
4. Assumed rate of return	8.00%
5. Expected return: (2) x (4)	\$33,424,740
6. Actuarial gain (loss): (1) –	<u>-\$12,272,534</u>

Because actuarial planning is long term, it is useful to see how the assumed investment rate of return has followed actual experience over time. The chart below shows the rate of return on an actuarial basis compared to the market value investment return for the last ten years, including five-year and ten-year averages.

CHART 11
Investment Return – Actuarial Value vs. Market Value: 1995 - 2004

	Net Interest and Dividend Income		Adjustment Toward Market Value		Actuarial Value Investment Return		Market Value Investment Return	
Year Ended September 30	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
1995	\$11,376,672	3.42%	\$17,834,433	5.36%	\$29,211,105	8.78%	\$60,953,810	19.33%
1996	12,612,414	3.68%	35,129,695	10.24%	47,742,109	13.92%	40,584,533	11.35%
1997	12,535,107	3.38%	41,030,387	11.05%	53,565,494	14.43%	94,185,458	24.88%
1998	13,156,159	3.25%	52,256,042	12.93%	65,412,201	16.18%	8,336,866	1.85%
1999	13,121,400	2.92%	30,043,185	6.69%	43,164,585	9.61%	61,556,347	13.99%
2000	12,386,611	2.63%	33,982,499	7.21%	46,369,110	9.84%	35,686,796	7.43%
2001	12,001,812	2.42%	-27,909,181	-5.63%	-15,907,369	-3.21%	-57,662,700	-11.68%
2002	9,146,847	1.99%	-28,958,738	-6.30%	-19,811,891	-4.31%	-26,532,945	-6.37%
2003	6,567,932	1.53%	-5,042,210	-1.17%	1,525,722	0.36%	66,296,658	17.54%
2004	<u>5,966,120</u>	1.43%	15,186,086	3.63%	21,152,206	5.06%	48,545,327	11.22%
Total	\$108,871,074		\$163,552,198		\$272,423,272		\$331,950,150	
				Five	-year average return	1.47%		3.01%
				Ten	-year average return	6.53%		8.01%

Note: Each year's yield is weighted by the average asset value in that year.

Subsection B described the actuarial asset valuation method that gradually takes into account fluctuations in the market value rate of return. The effect of this is to stabilize the actuarial rate of return, which contributes to leveling pension plan costs.

This chart illustrates how this leveling effect has actually worked over the years 1995 - 2004.

CHART 12

Market and Actuarial Rates of Return for Years Ended September 30, 1995 - 2004



Other Experience

There are other differences between the expected and the actual experience that appear when the new valuation is compared with the projections from the previous valuation. These include:

- > the extent of turnover among the participants,
- > retirement experience (earlier or later than expected),
- > mortality (more or fewer deaths than expected),
- > the number of disability retirements, and
- > salary increases different than assumed.

The net gain from this other experience for the year ended September 30, 2004 amounted to \$3,783,416, which is 0.6% of the actuarial accrued liability.

A brief summary of the demographic gain/(loss) experience of the Plan for the year ended September 30, 2004 is shown in the chart below.

The chart shows elements of the experience gain/(loss) for the most recent year.

CHART 13 Experience Due to Changes in Demographics for Year Ended September 30, 2004

1. Turnover	-\$580,001
2. Retirement (including DROP experience)	-2,221,031
3. Deaths among retired members and beneficiaries	3,044,959
4. Salary increase for continuing actives	3,096,503
5. Miscellaneous	<u>442,986</u>
6. Total	\$3,783,416

D. SCHEDULED CONTRIBUTION

The amount of annual contribution required to fund the Plan is comprised of an employer normal cost payment and a payment on the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. This total amount is then divided by the projected compensation for active members to determine the funding rate. The funding rate is 13.19% of compensation as of October 1, 2004 compared to 13.53% as of October 1, 2003.

Section Two of Ordinance #66230 requires that the unfunded actuarial accrued liability be amortized over 30 years. This period is reset to 30 each year. Prior to passage of this ordinance, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability was required to be completely amortized over 20 years beginning December 29, 1999.

The chart compares this valuation's scheduled contribution with the prior valuation.

CHART 14 Scheduled Contribution

		Year Beginning October 1				
		20	004	2	003	
	_	Amount	% of Compensation	Amount	% of Compensation	
1.	Total normal cost	\$13,996,731	6.31%	\$13,976,546	6.12%	
2.	Actuarial accrued liability	602,795,470		576,127,904		
3.	Actuarial value of assets	431,853,406		424,917,296		
4.	Unfunded actuarial accrued liability: (2) – (3)	\$170,942,064		\$151,210,608		
5.	Payment on unfunded actuarial accrued liability, beginning of year	14,059,579	6.34%	15,694,587	6.87%	
6.	Total scheduled contribution: $(1) + (5)$, adjusted for timing*	<u>\$29,243,453</u>	<u>13.19%</u>	\$30,926,604	<u>13.53%</u>	
7.	Projected compensation	\$221,768,791		\$228,550,406		

^{*}Scheduled contributions are assumed to be paid at the end of every month.

The scheduled contribution as of October 1, 2004 is based on all of the data described in the previous sections, the actuarial assumptions described in Section 4, and the Plan provisions adopted at the time of preparation of the Actuarial Valuation. It includes all changes affecting future costs, adopted benefit changes, actuarial gains and losses and changes in the actuarial assumptions.

This valuation contains a change in the amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability for the calculation of the scheduled contribution. The change is from a fixed 20-year amortization period to a rolling 30-year amortization period. This change decreased the scheduled contribution.

Recently, the Plan has been restated to meet the requirements of a qualified defined benefit plan. This change had no effect on the Plan liabilities.

Reconciliation of Scheduled Contribution

The chart below details the changes in the scheduled contribution from the prior valuation to the current year's valuation.

The chart reconciles the contribution from the prior valuation to the amount determined in this valuation.

CHART 15
Reconciliation of Scheduled Contribution from October 1, 2003 to October 1, 2004

Scheduled Contribution as of October 1, 2003	\$30,926,604
Effect of change in amortization period	-4,452,082
Effect of contributions less than scheduled contribution	1,799,045
Effect of investment loss	1,371,727
Effect of other gains and losses on accrued liability	-422,881
Effect of net other changes	<u>21,040</u>
Total change	<u>-\$1,683,151</u>
Scheduled Contribution as of October 1, 2004	\$29,243,453

E. INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THE GASB

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) reporting information provides standardized information for comparative purposes of governmental pension plans. This information allows a reader of the financial statements to compare the funding status of one governmental plan to another on relatively equal terms.

Critical information to GASB is the historical comparison of the GASB required contribution to the actual contributions. This comparison demonstrates whether a plan is being funded on an actuarially sound basis and in accordance with the GASB funding requirements. Chart 16 below presents a graphical representation of this information for the Plan.

The other critical piece of information regarding the Plan's financial status is the funded ratio. This ratio compares the

actuarial value of assets to the actuarial accrued liabilities of the Plan as calculated under GASB. High ratios indicate a well-funded plan with assets sufficient to pay most benefits. Lower ratios may indicate recent changes to benefit structures, funding of the plan below actuarial requirements, poor asset performance, or a variety of other changes.

Although GASB requires that the actuarial value of assets be used to determine the funded ratio, Chart 17 shows the funded ratio calculated using both the actuarial value of assets and the market value of assets.

The details regarding the calculations of these values and other GASB numbers may be found in Section 4, Exhibits II, III, and IV.

These graphs show key GASB factors.

CHART 16

Required Versus Actual Contributions, Years Ended
September 30

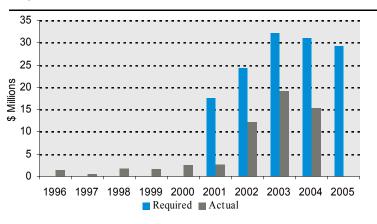
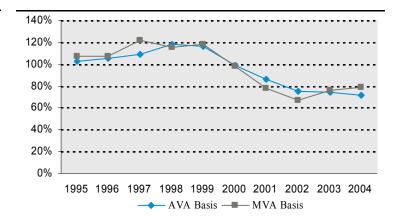


CHART 17
Funded Ratio, Years Ended September 30



SECTION 3: Supplemental Information for the Employees Retirement System of the City of St. Louis

EXHIBIT A

Table of Plan Coverage

	Year Ended	September 30		
Category	2004	2003	Change From Prior Year	
Active participants in valuation:				
Number	5,770	6,035	-4.4%	
Average age	46.1	45.4	N/A	
Average service	11.9	11.2	N/A	
Total compensation	\$221,768,791	\$228,550,406	-3.0%	
Average compensation	\$38,435	\$37,871	1.5%	
Total active vested participants	3,930	3,908	0.6%	
Vested terminated participants	2,308	2,150	7.3%	
Retired participants:				
Number in pay status	3,333	3,393	-1.8%	
Average age	72.8	72.7	N/A	
Average monthly benefit	\$655	\$639	2.5%	
Beneficiaries in pay status	430	467	-7.5%	
DROP participants*				
Number in pay status	403	324	24.4%	
Average age	60.4	60.1	N/A	
Average monthly benefit deposited to account	\$1,453	\$1,468	-1.0%	
Average account balance	\$37,911	\$29,299	29.4%	

^{*} DROP participants also included in active participant statistics

EXHIBIT B
Participants in Active Service as of September 30, 2004
By Age, Years of Credited Service, and Average Compensation

		Years of Credited Service									
Age	Total	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40 & over	
Under 20	4	4									
	22,077	22,077									
20 - 24	121	121									
	24,998	24,998									
25 - 29	388	331	55	2							
	29,167	28,887	30,861	29,055							
30 - 34	520	307	179	32	2						
	31,967	30,399	34,370	34,150	22,763						
35 - 39	684	275	221	131	56	1					
	34,774	31,828	34,304	38,757	41,566	46,514					
40 - 44	774	228	194	150	163	23	16				
	38,116	35,107	35,882	39,698	42,271	43,146	43,696				
45 - 49	1,053	225	249	172	171	104	126	6			
	40,381	33,601	36,549	41,077	44,774	48,001	47,052	36,376			
50 - 54	974	158	169	135	136	84	186	106			
	42,895	35,554	37,536	40,334	44,297	47,800	50,740	46,187			
55 - 59	747	122	108	88	92	37	123	140	37		
	43,568	33,487	35,311	40,934	44,312	47,756	51,791	51,500	43,790		
60 - 64	335	49	52	47	49	33	46	32	18	9	
	41,610	35,153	36,181	39,895	41,326	48,854	48,131	44,703	46,502	37,978	
65 - 69	117	14	20	19	18	19	12	4	6	5	
	38,849	28,039	36,957	39,968	43,387	44,871	40,026	36,095	36,870	34,977	
70 & over	53	6	5	13	9	6	6	2	3	3	
	39,588	27,042	32,750	37,802	30,858	65,478	44,466	33,436	44,651	47,511	
Total	5,770 \$38,435	1,840 \$31,687	1,252 \$35,490	789 \$39,824	696 \$43,253	307 \$47,788	515 \$49,314	290 \$48,158	64 \$43,944	17 \$38,777	

SECTION 3: Supplemental Information for the Employees Retirement System of the City of St. Louis

EXHIBIT C
Summary Statement of Income and Expenses on an Actuarial Value Basis

	Year Ended Sept	ember 30, 2004	Year Ended Sept	ember 30, 2003
Contribution income:				
Employer contributions	\$15,158,997		\$19,115,679	
Member purchase of additional service	176,753		41,935	
Net contribution income		\$15,335,750		\$19,157,614
Investment income:				
Interest, dividends and other income	\$8,631,932		\$9,009,924	
Adjustment toward market value	15,186,086		-5,042,210	
Less investment and administrative fees	<u>-2,665,812</u>		<u>-2,441,992</u>	
Net investment income		21,152,206		1,525,722
Total income available for benefits		\$36,487,956		\$20,683,336
Less benefit payments:				
Retirement payments	-\$28,747,182		-\$27,304,474	
DROP distributions	-785,967		-917,111	
Contribution refunds	-19,909		-81,489	
Pension service transfer payments	-5,726		-62,191	
Member contributions	<u>6,938</u>		<u>8,912</u>	
Net benefit payments		-\$29,551,846		-\$28,356,353
Change in reserve for future benefits		\$6,936,110		-\$7,673,017

SECTION 3: Supplemental Information for the Employees Retirement System of the City of St. Louis

EXHIBIT D

Table of Financial Information

	Year Ended Sept	ember 30, 2004	Year Ended Sept	ember 30, 2003
Cash equivalents		\$413,652		\$649,272
Accounts receivable:				
Accrued interest and dividends	\$1,126,758		\$1,270,546	
Contributions	<u>79,843</u>		<u>57,254</u>	
Total accounts receivable		1,206,601		1,327,800
Investments:				
Debt securities	\$159,171,269		\$162,247,203	
Managed funds	96,593,319		55,473,819	
Common stock and other	217,346,381		220,490,069	
Total investments at market value		473,110,969		438,211,091
Total assets		\$474,731,222		\$440,188,163
Less accounts payable		-\$630,964		-\$417,136
Net assets at market value*		\$474,100,258		\$439,771,027
Net assets at actuarial value*		<u>\$431,853,406</u>		<u>\$424,917,296</u>

^{*} Includes \$16,526,758 DROP account balances in 2004 and \$10,399,709 in 2003.

SECTION 3: Supplemental Information for the Employees Retirement System of the City of St. Louis

EXHIBIT E

Development of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability for Year Ended September 30, 2004

Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at beginning of year		\$151,210,608
2. Normal cost at beginning of year		13,976,546
3. Total contributions		-15,335,750
4. Interest		
(a) For whole year on $(1) + (2)$	\$13,214,972	
(b) For half year on (3)	<u>-613,430</u>	
(c) Total interest		12,601,542
5. Expected unfunded actuarial accrued liability		\$162,452,946
6. Changes due to:		
(a) (Gain)/loss	\$8,489,118	
(b) Assumptions	0	
(c) Funding method	0	
(d) Plan provisions	<u>0</u>	
(e) Total changes		<u>8,489,118</u>
7. Unfunded actuarial accrued liability at end of year		<u>\$170,942,064</u>

SECTION 3: Supplemental Information for the Employees Retirement System of the City of St. Louis

EXHIBIT F

Definitions of Pension Terms

The following list defines certain technical terms for the convenience of the reader:

Assumptions or Actuarial Assumptions:

The estimates on which the cost of the Plan is calculated including:

- (a) <u>Investment return</u> the rate of investment yield that the Plan will earn over the long-term future;
- (b) <u>Mortality rates</u> the death rates of employees and pensioners; life expectancy is based on these rates;
- (c) <u>Retirement rates</u> the rate or probability of retirement at a given age;
- (d) <u>Turnover rates</u> the rates at which employees of various ages are expected to leave employment for reasons other than death, disability, or retirement.

Normal Cost:

The amount of contributions required to fund the benefit allocated to the current year of service.

Actuarial Accrued Liability For Actives:

The equivalent of the accumulated normal costs allocated to the years before the valuation date.

Actuarial Accrued Liability For Pensioners:

The single sum value of lifetime benefits to existing pensioners. This sum takes account of life expectancies appropriate to the ages of the pensioners and the interest that the sum is expected to earn before it is entirely paid out in benefits.

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability:

The extent to which the actuarial accrued liability of the Plan exceeds the assets of the Plan. There is a wide range of approaches to paying off the unfunded actuarial accrued liability, from meeting the interest accrual only to amortizing it over a specific period of time.

SECTION 3: Supplemental Information for the Employees Retirement System of the City of St. Louis

Amortization of the Unfunded

Actuarial Accrued Liability: Payments made over a period of years equal in value to the Plan's unfunded actuarial

accrued liability.

Investment Return: The rate of earnings of the Plan from its investments, including interest, dividends and

capital gain and loss adjustments, computed as a percentage of the average value of the fund. For actuarial purposes, the investment return often reflects a smoothing of the capital gains and losses to avoid significant swings in the value of assets from one

year to the next.

ΕX	HIBIT I		
Su	mmary of Actuarial Valuation Results		
Γh	e valuation was made with respect to the following data supplied to us:		
1.	Retired participants as of the valuation date (including 430 beneficiaries)		3,763
2.	Participants inactive during year ended September 30, 2004 with vested rights		2,308
3.	Participants active during the year ended September 30, 2004 (including 403 DROP participants)		5,770
	Fully vested	3,930	
	Not vested	1,840	
Γh	e actuarial factors as of the valuation date are as follows:		
	Normal cost		\$13,996,731
2.	Actuarial accrued liability		602,795,470
	Retired participants and beneficiaries	\$264,482,410	
	Inactive participants with vested rights	39,934,604	
	Active participants	298,378,456	
	Actuarial value of assets (\$474,100,258 at market value)		431,853,406
١.	Unfunded actuarial accrued liability		\$170,942,064

EXHIBIT I (continued)

Summary of Actuarial Valuation Results

5. Total scheduled contribution as a percentage of projected compensation: $(3) \div (4)$

Th	e determination of the scheduled contribution is as follows:	
1.	Employer normal cost	\$13,996,731
2.	Payment on unfunded actuarial accrued liability	14,059,579
3.	Total scheduled contribution: (1) + (2), adjusted for timing	<u>\$29,243,453</u>
4.	Projected compensation	\$221,768,791

13.19%

^{*}SEGAL

EXHIBIT II

Supplementary Information Required by the GASB – Schedule of Employer Contributions

Plan Year Ended September 30	Annual Required Contributions	Actual Contributions	Percentage Contributed
1999	\$0	\$1,651,025 *	N/A
2000	0	2,535,798 **	N/A
2001	17,492,110	2,768,207	15.8%
2002	24,269,937	12,106,532	49.9%
2003	32,186,050	19,115,679	59.4%
2004	30,926,604	15,158,997	49.0%
2005	29,243,453		

^{*} Does not include \$264,544 adjustment made the following year.

^{**} Does not include -\$2,515,432 adjustment made the following year.

EXHIBIT III

Supplementary Information Required by the GASB – Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b) - (a)	Funded Ratio (a) / (b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll* [(b) - (a) / (c)]
10/01/1999	\$482,750,053	\$415,594,927	-\$67,155,126	116.16%	\$193,273,578	0.00%
10/01/2000	507,655,329	515,673,757	8,018,428	98.45%	204,696,581	3.92%
10/01/2001	466,630,792	542,547,374	75,916,582	86.01%	216,527,124	35.06%
10/01/2002	432,590,313	574,817,702	142,227,389	75.26%	230,184,836	61.79%
10/01/2003	424,917,296	576,127,904	151,210,608	73.75%	228,550,406	66.16%
10/01/2004	431,853,406	602,795,470	170,942,064	71.64%	221,768,791	77.08%

^{*} Not less than zero

ΕYΙ	4IR	IT	IV

Supplementary Information Required by the GASB

Valuation date	October 1, 2004	
Actuarial cost method	Projected Unit Credit Cost Method	
Amortization method Level dollar amount for unfunded liability, open		
Remaining amortization period 30 years as of October 1, 2004		
Asset valuation method	One-quarter of the difference between the book value of assets and the market value of for each of the previous four years is added to the current book value reduced by the an of members' savings	
Actuarial assumptions:		
Investment rate of return	8.00% per year, net of expenses	
Projected salary increases	3.00% per year	
Cost of living adjustments	5.00% per year; maximum cumulative increase of 25%	
Plan membership:		
Retired participants and beneficiaries	3,763	
Terminated participants entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	2,308	
Active participants	<u>5,770</u>	
Total	11,841	

EXHIBIT V

Actuarial Assumptions and Actuarial Cost Method

Mortality Rates:

Healthy: 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table

Disabled: 1983 Railroad Retirement Board Disabled Life Mortality Table

Mortality and Disability Rates before Retirement:

	Mortality	Rate (%)	Disability	bility Rate (%)	
Age	Male	Female	Male	Female	
20	0.05	0.03	0.00	0.00	
25	0.07	0.03	0.00	0.00	
30	0.08	0.04	0.00	0.00	
35	0.09	0.05	0.00	0.00	
40	0.11	0.07	0.20	0.10	
45	0.16	0.10	0.30	0.20	
50	0.26	0.14	0.90	0.50	
55	0.44	0.23	1.10	0.70	
60	0.80	0.44	0.70	0.50	

Withdrawal Rates before Retirement:

Withdrawal Rate (%)

With Less Than Four Years of Creditable Service		With Four or More Years of Creditable Service			
Creditable Service	Male	Female	Age	Male	Female
0	20.0	18.0	20	25.00	13.90
1	13.0	12.2	25	17.80	12.34
2	11.5	11.5	30	10.24	9.14
3	10.5	10.5	35	7.38	6.74
			40	5.74	5.56
			45	4.44	4.78
			50	3.64	3.84
			55	3.16	3.16

Retirement Rates:

Age	Retirement Rate (%)	Age	Retirement Rate (%)
55	6.0	63	15.0
56	3.5	64	20.0
57 - 59	5.0	65	40.0
60	10.0	66	25.0
61	15.0	67 - 69	20.0
62	25.0	70	100.0

In addition, the first year that a participant satisfies the requirements under the "Rule of 85," retirement is assumed to occur at the greater of 10% or the age-related rate in the table above.

Retirement Age for Inactive Vested Participants:

For members who terminate employment with 30 or more years of credited service or are eligible for a Rule of 85 pension, immediate commencement of benefits is assumed. All others are assumed to retire at age 62.

DROP Participants:	Participants in the DROP are assumed to remain in the DROP for 5 years. The standard retirement rates are assumed. Interest for future years is assumed to be credited at 6% for those participants who enter the DROP after January 21, 2003.		
Unknown Data for Participants:	Same as those exhibited by Participants with similar known characteristics. For inactive vested participants with unknown benefit amounts, \$250 per month is assumed.		
Rehires:	A 0.4% load on active accrued liability and normal cost has been added to reflect the cost of rehires.		
Sick Leave:	Sick leave may be used to increase either Final Average Compensation, Credited Service, or both. The valuation assumes:		
	• 100 hours accrued each year		
	• 50% of accrued hours are "banked"		
	• 25% of banked hours are used first to increase Final Average Compensation		
	• The remainder of available banked hours is used to increase Credited Service		
Percent Married:	1960 U.S. census, varies by sex and age		
Age of Spouse:	Females (or males) are three years younger (or older) than their spouses		
Net Investment Return:	8.00% per year, net of expenses		
Salary Increases:	3.0%		
Increase in Social Security Taxable Wage Base:	4.5% per year		
Cost-of-Living Adjustment:	5% per year for 5 years		

SECTION 4: Reporting Information for the Employees Retirement System of the City of St. Louis

Actuarial Value of Assets:	The sum of:
	(a) The book value of assets at the beginning of the year, plus
	(b) 25% of the difference between market value and book value for each of the last four years, less
	(c) The Members' Savings Fund
Actuarial Cost Method:	Projected Unit Credit Actuarial Cost Method.
	The following was changed:
Change in Amortization:	ε

EXHIBIT VI

Summary of Plan Provisions

This exhibit summarizes the major provisions of the Plan included in the valuation. It is not intended to be, nor should it be interpreted as, a complete statement of all plan provisions.

Plan Year:	October 1 through September 30		
Final Average Compensation:	One-half the sum of:		
	(a) The total compensation earned during the last two highest consecutive years of Creditable Service prior to termination; and		
	(b) The balance of sick leave pay as of the date of retirement less sick leave hours paid upon termination and less sick leave hours considered as Creditable Service. Said balance cannot exceed 25% of a member's total sick leave pay as of the date of retirement.		
Benefit Compensation Base:	Amount of annual compensation with respect to which old age and survivor's insurance benefits would be provided under the Social Security Act as revised on December 1, 1973 to become effective in 1974 (old law) calculated when the member terminates employment.		
Normal Retirement:			
Age Requirement	65		
Service Requirement	Five years of service		
Amount	1.30% of Final Average Compensation up to the Benefit Compensation Base plus 2.05% of Final Average Compensation in excess of the Benefit Compensation Base times Credited Service (minimum \$200 per month for retirees with 12 or more years of service)		

Rule of 85 Retirement:	
Age and Service Requirement	Sum of age and creditable service at date of termination equals or exceeds 85
Amount	1.3% of Final Average Compensation plus 0.75% of Final Average Compensation in excess of the Benefit Compensation Base times Creditable Service
Early Service Retirement:	
Age and Service Requirement	Age 60 with five years of service; or age 55 with 20 years of Creditable Service; or any age with 30 years of Creditable Service
Amount	Normal retirement amount reduced by 1/3% for each month benefit begins before ag 65.
Disability:	
Age Requirement	None
Service Requirement	Five years of Creditable Service and a member at disablement
Amount	Normal service retirement amount based on Credited Service and Final Average Compensation at disability, payable immediately

DROP (Deferred Retirement Option Plan):

Members who have achieved eligibility for retirement can continue active employment and defer receipt of their retirement allowance for a period not to exceed five years. During the DROP period, the member's retirement allowance will be paid directly into a separate account.

Service during the DROP period shall not be counted as Creditable Service, nor shall it count toward determination of retirement allowance. A member's DROP account shall not be adjusted for any cost-of-living increases during participation in the DROP. No member returning to non-DROP status shall make any withdrawal from his/her DROP account until after termination of employment.

The account balance is credited with interest annually. In no event does the total account balance exceed the accumulated value of five-years-payments with interest.

The annuity awarded upon full termination and subsequent benefit receipt reflects the unused sick-leave conversion to Credited Service and/or Final Average Compensation. During participation in the DROP, the annual deposit to the account does NOT reflect any conversion of unused sick leave as each participant continues to accrue sick leave hours.

Vesting:

Age Requirement None

Service Requirement Five years of service

Amount Normal or early service retirement amount

Spouse's Pre-Retirement Death Benefit:

Age Requirement None

Service Requirement Five years of Creditable Service and active

Amount 100% of the benefit employee would have received had the employee survived to the

earliest retirement age, retired on the date of death, and elected the Joint and Survivor option. The pension is payable on the day the participant would have been eligible for

an early service retirement benefit.

Note: Other death benefits may be payable to members who have terminated

employment

Post-Retirement Death Benefits:

If married, the employee and spouse may elect to have pension benefits paid in the form of a 100% joint and survivor annuity. A member may also elect a ten year certain and life equivalent form of benefit. If elected, the benefit amount otherwise payable is reduced to reflect the coverage. If not elected, benefits are payable for the life of the employee without reduction.

Cost-of-Living Adjustment:

Based on the change in the Consumer Price Index for the fiscal year, subject to a maximum increase per year of 5.0% (3.0% for retirements between March 21, 1972 and March 26, 1974; none for retirements prior to March 21, 1972), with a cumulative percentage increase (equal to the sum of the annual percentage increases) limited to 25.0%. If the change is less than 1.0%, no adjustment is made. If the change is a decrease, the cost-of-living adjustment shall be zero unless the decrease is 5.0% or more. Adjustments begin on the second January 1 after payments begin.

Creditable Service:

Years of Creditable Service are the number of years and months during which the

participant receives compensation.

Membership:

Immediate upon employment

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